



6 Funding standard account statement for plan year ending

Charges to funding standard account:

- (a) Prior year funding deficiency, if any
(b) Normal cost for plan year
(c) Amortization charges (outstanding balance at beginning of plan year)
(d) Interest on (a), (b) and (c)
(e) Total charge, sum of (a) through (d)

Credits to funding standard account:

- (f) Prior year credit balance, if any
(g) Employer contributions (total from column (b) of item 5)
(h) Amortization credits (outstanding balance at beginning of plan year)
(i) Interest on (f), (g) and (h)
(j) Other (specify)
(k) Total credits, sum of (f) through (j)

Balance:

- (l) Credit balance, excess, if any, of (k) over (e)
(m) Funding deficiency, excess, if any, of (e) over (k)

7 Alternative minimum funding standard account (omit if not used):

- (a) Was the entry age normal cost method used to determine entries in item 6 above?
(b) Normal cost
(c) Excess, if any, of value of accrued benefits over market value of assets
(d) Interest on (b) and (c)
(e) Employer contributions (total from column (b) of item 5)
(f) Interest on (e)
(g) Funding deficiency, excess, if any, of the sum of (b) through (d) over the sum of (e) and (f)

Instructions

Who Must File.—The employer or plan administrator of a defined benefit plan that is subject to the minimum funding standards (see section 412 of the Code and Part 3 of Title I of ERISA) must file this schedule as an attachment to the annual return/report filed for plan years beginning on or after January 1, 1976.

For split-funded plans, the costs and contributions reported on Schedule B should include those relating to both trust funds and insurance carriers.

Specific Instructions

(References are to line items on the form.)

4(a) The valuation for a plan year may be as of any date in the year, including the first and last. Valuations must be performed within the period specified by section 103(d) of ERISA and section 6059(a) of the Code.

4(b) Not applicable to the first plan year to which the minimum funding standards apply.

4(c) Insert amount from item 6(m). However, if an alternative method is elected, and item 7(g) is smaller than item 6(m), enter the amount from item 7(g).

4(d) Amounts in 4(d) should all be of the same date which should be the date of the end of the plan year or date as of which the most recent actuarial valuation was made.

4(d)(i) If the aggregate cost or frozen initial liability method is used, enter "N/A."

4(d)(ii) Determine the value of assets in accordance with section 412(c)(2) of the Code or 302(c)(2) of ERISA.

4(f) This should be as of the same date as 4(d) or, if not, the method of adjustment between the two dates should be indicated in 4(i).

4(h) If the aggregate cost or frozen initial liability method is used, enter "N/A."

4(i) A summary of one page or less of plan provisions will ordinarily be adequate. For the first year for which Schedule B is required to be filed, no change in the actuarial method or assumptions needs to be noted or justified.

5 Show all employer and employee contributions for the plan year made by an employer not later than 2 1/2 months (or such later date allowed under section 412(c)(10) of the Code and section 302(c)(10) of ERISA) after the end of the plan year.

Statement by enrolled actuary.—In lieu of signing the statement, an enrolled actuary may attach a signed statement containing the name, address, enrollment number, telephone number and the actuary's opinion that the assumptions used in preparing Schedule B are in the aggregate reasonably related to the experience of the plan and to reasonable expectations, and represent his or her best estimate of anticipated experience under the plan and to the best of his or her knowledge the report is complete and accurate.

6(b) If no valuation was made for the current year, enter the normal cost calculated in the most recent actuarial valuation, or the estimated cost for the current year based on such valuation.

7(a) If the entry age normal cost method was not used to determine the entries in item 6, the alternative minimum funding standard account may not be used.

7(c) The value of accrued benefits should exclude benefits accrued for the current plan year. The market value of assets should be reduced by the amount of any contributions for the current plan year.