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## Inside this Issue

## Sole Proprietorship Returns, 2007

by Adrian Dungan
For Tax Year 2007, there were about 23.1 million individual income tax returns that reported nonfarm sole proprietorship activity, a 4.7-percent increase since Tax Year 2006. Reported profits for these sole proprietorships were $\$ 280.6$ billion in 2007, representing a decrease of 1.8 percent (in constant dollars) since 2006. Profits also decreased 0.4 percent (in constant dollars) between Tax Years 2005 and 2006. This was the first time that profits (in constant dollars) have decreased for 2 consecutive years since before 1988.

Professional, scientific, and technical services had the largest profits of any sector in 2007, at $\$ 71.6$ billion, representing 25.5 percent of total sole proprietorship profits. The largest sole proprietorship industrial sector, based on business receipts, was construction, which accounted for 17.4 percent of receipts and reported a 2.4-percent decrease in 2007. Finance and insurance showed the largest percentage increase in both receipts and deductions, reporting a 14.1-percent increase in receipts and a 17.3 -percent increase in deductions. Real estate and rental and leasing, which reported the largest decline in profits in 2006 , at 18.5 percent, reported a 17.7 -percent decline in profits in 2007.

## Individual Noncash Contributions, 2006

by Pearson Liddell and Janette Wilson For Tax Year 2006, 24.7 million individual income taxpayers who itemized deductions reported $\$ 52.6$ billion in deductions for noncash charitable contributions. Of these taxpayers, 6.2 million reported $\$ 46.8$ billion in deductions for charitable contributions in excess of $\$ 500$, as shown on Form 8283, Noncash Charitable Contributions. Though filers of this form declined by 5.9 percent between Tax Years 2005 and 2006, the amount of donation contributions increased 14.1 percent, from $\$ 41.1$ billion in Tax Year 2005. For Tax Year 2006, corporate stock donations of $\$ 23.0$ billion, representing 49.1 percent of the total amount donated by taxpayers, increased 40.7 percent, from $\$ 16.3$ billion in Tax Year 2005.

For Tax Year 2006, there were two tax law changes that affected deductions allowed for certain noncash contributions. Beginning on August 18, 2006, donations of clothing and household items were required to
be in "good condition or better" in order for taxpayers to claim a deduction. In previous years, taxpayers were allowed to deduct the fair market value of all clothing and household items, regardless of condition. Restrictions on deductions for façade easements were also added to tax law, and those restrictions also took effect in the summer of 2006.

## S Corporation Returns, 2006

by Heather Duffy Parisi
The number of $S$ corporations increased 5.1 percent to 3.9 million for Tax Year 2006, representing nearly two-thirds of all U.S. corporations. The number of shareholders in S corporations also increased by 5.1 percent, to 6.7 million in 2006. Total net income (less deficit) increased 7.0 percent to $\$ 386.2$ billion. The largest component of total net income (less deficit)- net income (less deficit) from a trade or business-increased $\$ 13.0$ billion to $\$ 295.9$ billion, representing 76.6 percent of total net income (less deficit).

Nearly two-thirds of all S corporations reported positive net income in the total amount of $\$ 457.0$ billion. S corporation total assets increased 11.4 percent from the previous year to $\$ 3.0$ trillion. Slightly fewer $S$ corporations reported rental real estate income for Tax Year 2006, down 2.2 percent to 259.3 thousand since 2005. These companies reported $\$ 6.8$ billion in real estate rental net income (less deficit).

## Foreign-Controlled Domestic Corporations, 2006

by James R. Hobbs
The number of U.S. income tax returns filed by for-eign-controlled domestic corporations (FCDCs) increased by 3.4 percent for 2006 , to 63,951 . FCDCs accounted for only 1.1 percent of all corporation income tax returns filed for the tax year. FCDC assets totaled $\$ 9.7$ trillion, a 5.7 -percent increase from the previous year. By comparison, all corporations reported a total of $\$ 73.1$ trillion in assets for 2006, a 10.0 -percent increase since the previous year. FCDCs accounted for 13.3 percent of total corporate assets for 2006, down from 13.9 percent for the previous year.

FCDCs reported $\$ 3.8$ trillion in total receipts for 2006, a 9.5 -percent increase since 2005. Manufacturers produced $\$ 1.8$ trillion in receipts, while
wholesalers accounted for an additional $\$ 0.8$ trillion. Domestic corporations controlled by persons in the United Kingdom reported total receipts of $\$ 0.9$ trillion, 23.2 percent of the FCDC total.

## Corporate Foreign Tax Credit, 2005

by Melissa Costa
For Tax Year 2005, 5,837 U.S. corporations claimed more than $\$ 84$ billion in foreign tax credits, reducing their U.S. tax on worldwide income by 30.3 percent, from $\$ 278.2$ billion to $\$ 194$ billion. They reported a total of about $\$ 402$ billion in foreign-source taxable income, slightly more than 50 percent of total worldwide income. Due in part to the one-time repatriation tax holiday, foreign-source taxable income for corporations that claimed a foreign tax credit (in constant 2005 dollars) rose 61 percent since 2004, while the foreign tax credit increased 43.9 percent.

Corporations whose primary business was manufacturing accounted for about 68 percent of total foreign-source taxable income of corporations that claimed a foreign tax credit, and those corporations reported 69 percent of the total foreign tax credit. A little more than half of foreign-source taxable income came from Europe, with nearly 40 percent from European Union (EU) countries. The top three EU countries included the United Kingdom, which accounted for 12.5 percent of total taxable income, followed by the Netherlands, with 9.2 percent, and Ireland, with 5.6 percent.

## Sales of Capital Assets Panel Data, Tax Years 1999-2003

by Janette Wilson and Pearson Liddell
Between Tax Years 1999 and 2003, taxpayers in the Sales of Capital Assets (SOCA) panel study realized the highest net capital gains in Tax Year 2000; net gains less losses peaked at $\$ 574.1$ billion, with capital gains of $\$ 929.8$ billion and losses of $\$ 355.7$ billion. The lowest amount of net capital gains less losses reported for the 5 years examined was $\$ 131.9$ billion, reported in Tax Year 2002. The estimates in this article were based on a sample of individual income tax returns filed for Tax Year 1999. These returns were followed between Tax Years 1999 and 2003.

Detailed transaction data show that net gains less losses for corporate stock, passthrough gains or losses, and real estate showed the most significant changes during the 5 -year period. In Tax Years 1999 and 2000, corporate stock sales represented the largest share of net gains less losses realized. In Tax Year 1999, corporate stock represented 42.7 percent of all gains, or $\$ 224.4$ billion, and, in 2000, corporate stock represented 41.2 percent of all gains, or $\$ 236.3$ billion. In Tax Year 2001, passthrough gains or losses represented the largest share in terms of percentage of gains less losses, at 43.2 percent (or $\$ 84.9$ billion) of all gains less losses, while the corporate stock share declined to 15.9 percent, or $\$ 31.3$ billion.

## In the Next lssue

The following topics are tentatively planned for inclusion in the fall 2009 issue of the Statistics of Income Bulletin, scheduled to be published in November 2009:

- Individual income tax returns, Tax Year 2007;
- Foreign trusts, Tax Year 2006;
- Partnership returns, Tax Year 2007;
- Charities and other tax-exempt organizations, Tax Year 2006;
- Private foundations and charitable trusts, Tax Year 2006;
- Tax-exempt governmental and private activity bonds, Calendar Year 2007;
- Transactions of foreign-owned domestic corporations, Tax Year 2006;
- Partnership and sole proprietorship data, Tax Year 2006; and
- Estate tax returns filed for high-wealth decedents, Filing Years 2001-2007.


## Revisions to Prior Issues

Selected Historical and Other Data-Spring 2008 and 2009 lssues
Table 20 ("Federal Excise Taxes Reported to or Collected by the Internal Revenue Service, Alcohol and Tobacco Tax and Trade Bureau, and Customs Service, by Type of Excise Tax") in both the spring 2008 and spring 2009 issues of the SOI Bulletin presented incorrect data in several columns (Fiscal Years 2001-2005). Corrected data are presented below and are also available on SOI's Tax Stats Web site at www.irs.gov/taxstats.

Table 20. Federal Excise Taxes Reported to or Collected by the Internal Revenue Service, Alcohol and Tobacco Tax and Trade Bureau, and Customs Service, by Type of Excise Tax, Fiscal Years

## 2001-2005

[Money amounts are in thousands of dollars]

| Type of excise tax by agency to which tax was reported or paid | Fiscal year |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 2001 | 2002 | 2003 | 2004 | 2005 |
|  | (1) | (2) | (3) | (4) | (5) |
| Total excise tax collections | 68,241,000 | 69,171,000 | 69,490,000 | 71,781,000 | 75,194,000 |
| Excise tax collections or liabilities reported by the Internal Revenue Service [1. <br> Total excise tax collections | 52,418,848 | 52,136,835 | 52,771,160 | 54,807,225 | 57,252,098 |
| Retail excise taxes: |  |  |  |  |  |
| Luxury taxes: |  |  |  |  |  |
| Passenger vehicles (expired, January 1, 2003) | 341,981 | 252,834 | 65,162 | 3,032 | 1503 |
| Boats (repealed, January 1, 1993) | 19 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Aircraft (repealed, January 1, 1993) | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 |
| Jewelry (repealed, January 1, 1993) | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Furs (repealed, January 1, 1993) | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Dyed diesel fuel used in trains: |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total, excluding floor stocks | 167,161 | 147,408 | 162,654 | 127,169 | 93,032 |
| Floor stocks | 0 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 |
| Dyed diesel fuel for certain intercity or local buses | 2,380 | 1,731 | 1,266 | 1,139 | -1,122 |
| Dyed diesel | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A |
| Dyed kerosene | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A |
| Special motor fuels: |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total, excluding floor stocks | 18,404 | 17,570 | 14,226 | 12,990 | 12,724 |
| Floor stocks | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Compressed natural gas | 1,026 | 895 | 1,735 | 1,406 | 1,401 |
| Alcohol fuels [2] | 5,462 | 408 | -9,986 | 7,367 | 2,715 |
| Fuels used commercially on inland waterways | 114,110 | 111,311 | 111,058 | 110,364 | 103,375 |
| Truck, trailer, and semitrailer chassis and bodies, and tractors | 1,573,968 | 1,574,947 | 1,608,208 | 2,235,178 | 3,008,461 |
| Manufacturer's excise taxes: |  |  |  |  |  |
| Gas guzzlers [2] | 78,157 | 79,705 | 126,685 | 140,834 | 163,825 |
| Highway-type tires [2] | 354,769 | 372,800 | 403,892 | 433,116 | 471,066 |
| Tires other than Biasply or Super Single [3] | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A |
| Biasply or Super Single tires [3] | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A |
| Super Single tires for steering [3] | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A |
| Aviation gasoline [4] | 49,687 | 62,574 | 57,953 | 44,611 | 39,357 |
| Gasoline, except for use in gasohol: |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total, excluding floor stocks | 20,619,195 | 20,942,138 | 20,169,608 | 18,232,507 | 23,725,624 |
| Floor stocks | -21 | 2 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Diesel fuel, except for trains and intercity buses: |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total, excluding floor stocks [2] | 8,208,994 | 8,214,559 | 8,581,467 | 9,016,694 | 9,376,555 |
| Floor stocks | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Diesel-water fuel emulsion | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A |
| Kerosene for use in aviation | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A |
| Floor stocks | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A |
| Other exempt fuels | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A |
| Alternative fuel: |  |  |  |  |  |
| Liquid petroleum gas | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A |
| Biodiesel fuel, not used as fuel | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A |
| P series fuel | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A |
| Compressed natural gas | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A |
| Liquefied hydrogen | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A |
| Liquefied fuel derived from coal | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A |
| Liquefied hydrocarbons-biomass | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A |
| Liquefied natural gas | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A |
| Gasoline for use in gasohol by alcohol content: |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total, excluding floor stocks: |  |  |  |  |  |
| 5.7 percent under 7.7 percent | 9 | 77 | 2,320 | 15,436 | 3,601 |
| 7.7 percent under 10 percent | 4,839 | 4,835 | 946 | 503 | 90 |
| 10 percent or more | 243,702 | 302,407 | 358,002 | 306,441 | 73,182 |
| Floor stocks | 1 | -1 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Gasohol by alcohol content: |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total, excluding floor stocks: |  |  |  |  |  |
| 5.7 percent under 7.7 percent | 297,763 | 406,578 | 1,296,991 | 2,363,320 | 608,812 |
| 7.7 percent under 10 percent | 146,196 | 176,148 | 91,017 | 97,098 | 35,462 |
| 10 percent or more | 1,918,995 | 1,932,347 | 2,313,542 | 2,899,287 | 833,017 |
| Floor stocks | -4 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |

# Sole Proprietorship Returns, 2007 

by Adrian Dunganor Tax Year 2007, there were approximately 23.1 million individual income tax returns that reported nonfarm sole proprietorship activity, a 4.7-percent increase from 2006. Profits for these returns grew to a level of $\$ 280.6$ billion in 2007, a 0.9 -percent increase from 2006. However, in constant dollars, total nonfarm sole proprietorship profits decreased for the second consecutive year, by 1.8 percent, after decreasing 0.4 percent in 2006.

Among all industrial sectors, the real estate and rental and leasing sector experienced the most significant downturn in both profits and receipts from Tax Years 2006 to 2007. After profits in the real estate and rental and leasing sector decreased by 18.5 percent in 2006, they slid even further in 2007, dropping another 17.7 percent. ${ }^{1}$ In current dollar terms, these profits fell from $\$ 27.2$ billion reported in 2006 to $\$ 22.3$ billion in 2007. This sector also reported the largest percentage decrease in receipts for 2007, dropping from $\$ 77.2$ billion in 2006 to $\$ 71.0$ billion for 2007, an 8.0-percent decrease. In 2006, this sector had reported the largest percentage decrease in receipts for all sectors, at 6.9 percent.

However, not all industrial sectors reported declines for 2007. The professional, scientific, and technical services sector, representing 25.5 percent of total sole proprietorship profits at $\$ 71.6$ billion, had the largest profits of any sector, increasing 6.8 percent from 2006. Reporting the second largest profits of any sector was the health care and social assistance sector, with 16.4 percent of total profits, at $\$ 46.1$ billion.

For sole proprietorships as a whole, receipts increased 3.6 percent, and deductions increased 4.3 percent. The construction sector reported the largest percentage of total business receipts and deductions among all industrial sectors, with 17.4 percent and

> Adrian Dungan is an economist with the Individual Returns Analysis Section. This article was prepared under the direction of Jeff Hartzok, Chief.
18.7 percent, respectively. This sector reported a 2.4-percent decrease in receipts and a 1.9-percent decrease in deductions. Although not among the larger of the industrial sectors, the finance and insurance sector reported the largest percentage increase in both receipts and deductions, with a 14.1-percent increase in business receipts and a 17.3-percent increase in deductions.

## Returns and Receipts

The number of individual income tax returns reporting nonfarm sole proprietorship activity for 2007 increased 4.7 percent to more than 23.1 million (Figure A). ${ }^{2}$ Professional, scientific, and technical services, the largest sector in terms of number of returns, increased by 10.4 percent to more than 3.2 million returns. This sector also accounted for the largest reported increase in number of returns for any industrial sector.

The construction sector, which was the second largest sector, reported roughly 2.9 million returns, a slight increase of 0.5 percent. The only two sectors to have decreases in the number of returns for 2007. were retail trade (1.2 percent) and wholesale trade (10.1 percent). The latter, however, is the smallest sole proprietorship sector analyzed in this article, with only 0.3 million returns.

Total business receipts (the sum of income from sales and operations and other business income) for all nonfarm sole proprietorship industries increased 3.6 percent, from $\$ 1,278.4$ billion to $\$ 1,324.4$ billion. ${ }^{3}$ The construction sector is the largest sector in terms of business receipts and accounts for 17.4 percent of total business receipts. Its receipts decreased by 2.4 percent in 2007, a change in direction from the 11.9-percent and 6.3-percent increases in 2005 and 2006, respectively.

The retail trade sector, the second largest sector in terms of business receipts, was back up ( 2.2 percent) after a slight drop (1.4 percent) last year. The two industries with the largest percentage increases

[^0]
## Figure A

Nonfarm Sole Proprietorship Returns, Receipts, and Deductions, by Selected Industrial Sectors, Tax Years 2006 and 2007
[Number of returns is in thousands-money amounts are in billions of dollars]

| Industrial sector | Number of returns |  |  | Total business receipts |  |  | Total business deductions [1] |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 2006 | 2007 | Percentage increase | 2006 | 2007 | Percentage increase | 2006 | 2007 | Percentage increase |
|  | (1) | (2) | (3) | (4) | (5) | (6) | (7) | (8) | (9) |
| All nonfarm industries | 22,075.0 | 23,122.7 | 4.7 | 1,278.4 | 1,324.4 | 3.6 | 1,001.1 | 1,044.3 | 4.3 |
| Construction | 2,915.8 | 2,931.1 | 0.5 | 236.4 | 230.8 | -2.4 | 199.0 | 195.2 | -1.9 |
| Specialty trade contractors | 2,287.0 | 2,347.4 | 2.6 | 158.4 | 159.7 | 0.9 | 129.9 | 131.9 | 1.6 |
| Wholesale trade (merchant wholesalers) | 378.5 | 340.4 | -10.1 | 48.5 | 50.4 | 4.0 | 43.7 | 45.6 | 4.6 |
| Retail trade | 2,466.1 | 2,436.3 | -1.2 | 194.6 | 198.9 | 2.2 | 185.7 | 189.5 | 2.0 |
| Transportation and warehousing | 1,084.0 | 1,154.8 | 6.5 | 76.3 | 82.1 | 7.7 | 65.5 | 71.2 | 8.8 |
| Finance and insurance | 688.3 | 726.0 | 5.5 | 82.4 | 94.0 | 14.1 | 62.9 | 73.8 | 17.3 |
| Real estate and rental and leasing | 1,381.3 | 1,393.4 | 0.9 | 77.2 | 71.0 | -8.0 | 50.0 | 48.7 | -2.6 |
| Real estate | 1,318.1 | 1,336.8 | 1.4 | 73.5 | 66.9 | -8.9 | 46.4 | 44.8 | -3.5 |
| Professional, scientific, and technical services | 2,929.7 | 3,234.5 | 10.4 | 156.1 | 169.3 | 8.5 | 89.1 | 97.8 | 9.7 |
| Administrative and support and waste management and remediation services | 2,140.7 | 2,251.0 | 5.2 | 57.2 | 60.3 | 5.4 | 41.1 | 43.9 | 6.8 |
| Health care and social assistance | 1,873.5 | 2,016.4 | 7.6 | 110.4 | 115.5 | 4.6 | 66.0 | 69.5 | 5.3 |
| Child day care services | 715.3 | 797.9 | 11.5 | 10.9 | 12.5 | 13.8 | 7.0 | 7.9 | 12.9 |
| Arts, entertainment, and recreation | 1,238.3 | 1,283.3 | 3.6 | 30.0 | 31.0 | 3.5 | 22.9 | 23.5 | 2.3 |
| Performing arts, spectator sports, and related industries | 1,039.5 | 1,068.0 | 2.7 | 21.7 | 23.9 | 10.5 | 15.7 | 16.5 | 5.5 |
| Other services | 2,281.8 | 2,416.2 | 5.9 | 81.8 | 84.8 | 3.6 | 63.8 | 65.6 | 2.7 |
| Personal and laundry services | 1,401.4 | 1,583.3 | 13.0 | 38.2 | 43.6 | 14.2 | 26.8 | 30.8 | 14.9 |
| All other industries | 2,697.0 | 2,939.2 | 9.0 | 127.5 | 136.2 | 6.8 | 111.3 | 120.1 | 7.9 |

[1] Total business deductions are calculated before subtraction of nonallowable "passive" activity losses and any "passive loss" carryover from prior years.
NOTES: Detail may not add to totals because of rounding. Percentage increases were calculated before rounding
in business receipts were the finance and insurance sector and the professional, scientific, and technical services sector. They grew by 14.1 percent and 8.5 percent, respectively, providing a combined total increase of $\$ 24.8$ billion in business receipts. For all sectors, total business receipts for nonfarm sole proprietorships increased by $\$ 46.0$ billion in 2007, meaning that the two industries achieving the largest gains accounted for 53.9 percent of the aggregate increase.

The third largest increase came from the transportation and warehousing sector with a 7.7 -percent growth in receipts. The real estate and rental and leasing sector, which showed the largest percentage
decrease in receipts for Tax Year 2006 (6.9 percent), once again reported the largest percentage decrease in receipts among all industrial sectors for Tax Year 2007, decreasing 8.0 percent. In constant dollar terms, the percentage increase in total business receipts went up 0.8 percent in 2007, down from the larger 3.9-percent and 1.1-percent increases seen in 2005 and 2006, respectively (Figure B). ${ }^{4}$

## Deductions

Total business deductions (cost of sales and operations plus business expenses, including expenses for home office) in current dollars increased 4.3 percent, from $\$ 1,001.1$ billion for 2006 to $\$ 1,044.3$ billion for

[^1]
## Figure B

Nonfarm Sole Proprietorship Receipts, Deductions, and Profits, Tax Years 1988-2007 [Money amounts are in billions of dollars]

| Tax year | Total business receipts |  |  | Total business deductions [1] |  |  | Net income less deficit (profits) |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Current dollars | Constant dollars [2] |  | Current dollars | Constant dollars [2] |  | Current dollars | Constant dollars [2] |  |
|  |  | Amount | Percentage increase |  | Amount | Percentage increase |  | Amount | Percentage increase |
|  | (1) | (2) | (3) | (4) | (5) | (6) | (7) | (8) | (9) |
| 1988 | 672.0 | 887.8 | [3] | 545.7 | 720.9 | [3] | 126.3 | 166.9 | [3] |
| 1989 | 692.8 | 881.9 | -0.7 | 560.2 | 713.1 | -1.1 | 132.7 | 168.9 | 1.2 |
| 1990 | 730.6 | 895.5 | 1.5 | 589.2 | 722.1 | 1.3 | 141.4 | 173.3 | 2.6 |
| 1991 | 712.6 | 843.9 | -5.8 | 571.2 | 676.4 | -6.3 | 141.5 | 167.6 | -3.3 |
| 1992 | 737.1 | 853.3 | 1.1 | 583.1 | 675.0 | -0.2 | 154.0 | 178.3 | 6.4 |
| 1993 | 757.2 | 856.8 | 0.4 | 600.8 | 679.7 | 0.7 | 156.5 | 177.0 | -0.7 |
| 1994 | 790.6 | 876.0 | 2.2 | 623.8 | 691.2 | 1.7 | 166.8 | 184.8 | 4.4 |
| 1995 | 807.4 | 876.6 | 0.1 | 638.1 | 692.8 | 0.2 | 169.3 | 183.8 | -0.6 |
| 1996 | 843.2 | 898.5 | 2.5 | 666.5 | 710.1 | 2.5 | 176.8 | 188.3 | 2.5 |
| 1997 | 870.4 | 912.2 | 1.5 | 683.9 | 716.7 | 0.9 | 186.6 | 195.6 | 3.9 |
| 1998 | 918.3 | 951.8 | 4.3 | 716.2 | 742.3 | 3.6 | 202.3 | 209.7 | 7.2 |
| 1999 | 969.3 | 990.5 | 4.1 | 761.4 | 778.0 | 4.8 | 207.9 | 212.5 | 1.3 |
| 2000 | 1,021.0 | 1,021.0 | 3.1 | 806.4 | 806.4 | 3.6 | 214.7 | 214.7 | 1.1 |
| 2001 | 1,016.8 | 993.3 | -2.7 | 799.6 | 781.1 | -3.1 | 217.4 | 212.3 | -1.1 |
| 2002 | 1,029.7 | 990.6 | -0.3 | 808.9 | 778.2 | -0.4 | 221.1 | 212.7 | 0.2 |
| 2003 | 1,050.2 | 990.8 | [4] | 820.2 | 773.8 | -0.6 | 230.3 | 217.3 | 2.1 |
| 2004 | 1,139.5 | 1,044.5 | 5.4 | 892.4 | 818.0 | 5.7 | 247.6 | 226.9 | 4.4 |
| 2005 | 1,222.9 | 1,084.7 | 3.9 | 953.4 | 845.7 | 3.4 | 269.9 | 239.4 | 5.5 |
| 2006 | 1,278.4 | 1,096.7 | 1.1 | 1,001.1 | 858.8 | 1.6 | 278.0 | 238.5 | -0.4 |
| 2007 | 1,324.4 | 1,105.4 | 0.8 | 1044.3 | 871.6 | 1.5 | 280.6 | 234.2 | -1.8 |

[1] Total business deductions are calculated before subtraction of nonallowable "passive" activity losses and any "passive loss" carryover from
reflected in net income or deficit. Therefore, total business receipts minus total business deductions may not always equal net income or deficit
[2] Constant dollars are based on the overall implicit price deflator for gross domestic product computed and reported by the U.S. Department of Commerce, Bureau of Economic Analysis, in the Survey of Current Business. The deflator represents the annual average of current-weighted prices, based on $2000=100$.
[3] Not calculated.
[4] Less than 0.05 percent.
NOTE: Percentage increases were calculated before rounding

2007 (Figure A).5, 6 In addition to reporting the largest percentage increase in receipts, the finance and insurance sector also reported the largest percentage increase in total business deductions with 17.3 percent. The largest sector in terms of total business deductions, the construction sector, reported a 1.9-percent decrease in deductions. The real estate and rental and leasing sector was the only other sector to show a percentage decrease in deductions, decreasing 2.6 percent. As shown in Figure B, when accounting for inflation, total business deductions increased 1.5 percent in 2007, the fourth straight year in which total inflation-adjusted business deductions increased.

The cost of sales and operations, which represented 40.5 percent of total 2007 business deductions, increased 3.2 percent from its 2006 level to approximately $\$ 422.7$ billion (Figure C). Total busi-
ness expenses (total business deductions minus the cost of sales and operations) were $\$ 621.7$ billion for 2007, a 5.1-percent increase from the 2006 amount. The main components of total business expenses are highlighted in Figure D. Surpassing salaries and wages (which was the largest expense item for 2006), the largest component was car and truck expenses, accounting for 13.2 percent of the total. For 2007, car and truck expenses totaled $\$ 82.0$ billion, a substantial 8.8-percent increase from 2006.

Closely following car and truck expenses, accounting for 12.8 percent of total business expenses, were salaries and wages which increased 3.0 percent from 2006 to $\$ 79.4$ billion. The next largest components were rent on business property, machinery, and equipment ( 6.9 percent), and depreciation ( 6.4 percent). For 2007, rent on business property, machin-

[^2]
## Figure $C$

Components of Nonfarm Sole Proprietorship Business Deductions, Tax Years 2006 and 2007
[Money amounts are in millions of dollars]

| Business deductions |  |  |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |

[1] Includes returns with Schedule C-EZ, Net Profit from Business, attached. Because only a total is reported for business deductions on Schedule C-EZ, the totals shown in the statistics exceed the sum of the detailed deductions; the detailed deductions are, therefore, slightly understated
[2] Iotal business deductions are betore subtraction of nonallowable "passive" activity losses and any "passive loss" carryover trom the prior years.
[3] Depreciation claimed on Form 8829, Expenses for Business Use of Your Home, is included in "home office business deductions" and excluded from "depreciation" shown above.
NOTES: Detail may not add to totals because of rounding. Percentage increases were calculated before rounding
ery, and equipment expenses increased 6.3 percent to $\$ 43.1$ billion, while depreciation expenses rose 1.6 percent to $\$ 39.6$ billion. Car and truck expenses showed the largest net increase in share of business expenses at 0.4 percentage points, up from 12.8 percent in 2006, while commissions showed the largest net decrease at 0.3 percentage points, down from 2.6 percent for 2006.

Historically, constant dollar depreciation increased every year from 1993 through 2002, with
the exception of 1995, when it decreased 1.9 percent to $\$ 28.5$ billion (Figure E). ${ }^{7}$ In 2003, under the Jobs and Growth Tax Relief Reconciliation Act of 2003, the maximum allowable section 179 deduction (which allows expensing of investment property in the year of purchase instead of depreciating it over time) vaulted from $\$ 24,000$ for 2002 to $\$ 100,000$ for 2003. This change led to constant dollar depreciation increasing by 11.7 percent for 2003, which was the highest growth in depreciation of any year between

[^3]
## Figure D

Nonfarm Sole Proprietorship Total Business Expenses by Type of Expenses, Tax Year 2007 [1]

[1] Total business expenses equal all business deductions minus cost of sales and operations.
[2] Depreciation claimed on Form 8829, Expenses for Business Use of Your Home, is included in "home office business deductions" and excluded from "depreciation" shown above. See footnote 3 below.
[3] Depletion; employee benefit programs; legal and professional services; pension and profit-sharing plans; meals and entertainment; and home office business deductions. Other business deductions also include all Schedule C-EZ, Net Profit from Business, deductions (\$3.7 billion).
NOTES: Percentages are based on an estimated total business expense of $\$ 621.7$ billion. Detail may not add to 100 percent because of rounding.

1988 and 2007. But the initial jump in depreciation was offset in subsequent years by trends of decreased depreciation.

From 2004 through 2007, constant dollar declines of depreciation were witnessed for all 4 years. In 2004, constant dollar depreciation deductions decreased by 0.2 percent, marking the first drop in

9 years. This downward trend was even more evident in 2005, as constant dollar depreciation plummeted 11.8 percent, followed by decreases of 3.5 percent and 1.1 percent in 2006 and 2007 , respectively. During this same 4 -year period, section 179 limits gradually increased for inflation, from $\$ 102,000$ in 2004, to $\$ 105,000$

## Figure $E$

Nonfarm Sole Proprietorship Net Income, Deficit, and Depreciation, Tax Years 1988-2007 [Money amounts are in billions of dollars]

| Tax year | Current dollars |  |  | Constant dollars [1] |  |  | Percentage increase in constant dollars [1] |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Net income | Deficit | Depreciation [2] | Net income | Deficit | Depreciation [2] | Net income | Deficit | Depreciation [2] |
|  | (1) | (2) | (3) | (4) | (5) | (6) | (7) | (8) | (9) |
| 1988 | 145.5 | 19.2 | 26.1 | 192.2 | 25.4 | 34.5 | [3] | [3] | [3] |
| 1989 | 152.4 | 19.7 | 24.5 | 194.0 | 25.1 | 31.2 | 0.9 | -1.1 | -9.6 |
| 1990 | 161.7 | 20.2 | 23.7 | 198.2 | 24.8 | 29.0 | 2.2 | -1.3 | -6.9 |
| 1991 | 162.4 | 20.9 | 23.1 | 192.3 | 24.8 | 27.4 | -3.0 | [4] | -5.8 |
| 1992 | 173.5 | 19.5 | 23.3 | 200.8 | 22.6 | 27.0 | 4.4 | -8.8 | -1.4 |
| 1993 | 177.0 | 20.5 | 25.0 | 200.3 | 23.2 | 28.3 | -0.3 | 2.8 | 4.9 |
| 1994 | 187.8 | 21.0 | 26.2 | 208.1 | 23.3 | 29.0 | 3.9 | 0.3 | 2.6 |
| 1995 | 191.7 | 22.5 | 26.2 | 208.2 | 24.4 | 28.5 | [4] | 4.8 | -1.9 |
| 1996 | 200.1 | 23.4 | 27.4 | 213.2 | 24.9 | 29.2 | 2.4 | 2.1 | 2.4 |
| 1997 | 210.5 | 23.8 | 28.6 | 220.6 | 25.0 | 30.0 | 3.4 | 0.3 | 2.9 |
| 1998 | 226.2 | 23.9 | 29.1 | 234.5 | 24.8 | 30.2 | 6.3 | -0.7 | 0.7 |
| 1999 | 233.4 | 25.5 | 30.6 | 238.5 | 26.0 | 31.3 | 1.7 | 4.9 | 3.7 |
| 2000 | 245.2 | 30.5 | 32.2 | 245.2 | 30.5 | 32.2 | 2.8 | 17.3 | 2.8 |
| 2001 | 250.2 | 32.8 | 33.4 | 244.4 | 32.0 | 32.7 | -0.3 | 5.0 | 1.4 |
| 2002 | 257.3 | 36.2 | 36.6 | 247.5 | 34.8 | 35.3 | 1.3 | 8.7 | 8.0 |
| 2003 | 269.1 | 38.8 | 41.8 | 253.9 | 36.6 | 39.4 | 2.6 | 5.1 | 11.7 |
| 2004 | 290.5 | 42.9 | 42.9 | 266.3 | 39.3 | 39.3 | 4.9 | 7.5 | -0.2 |
| 2005 | 314.8 | 44.8 | 39.1 | 279.2 | 39.8 | 34.7 | 4.9 | 1.1 | -11.8 |
| 2006 | 326.8 | 48.7 | 39.0 | 280.3 | 41.8 | 33.5 | 0.4 | 5.1 | -3.5 |
| 2007 | 335.1 | 54.5 | 39.6 | 279.7 | 45.5 | 33.1 | -0.2 | 8.9 | -1.1 |

[1] Constant dollars are based on the overall implicit price deflator for gross domestic product computed and reported by the U.S. Department of Commerce, Bureau of Economic Analysis, in the
Survey of Current Business. The deflator represents the annual average of current-weighted prices, based on $2000=100$.
[2] Excludes depreciation claimed on Form 8829, Expenses for Business Use of Your Home.
[3] Not calculated.
[4] Less than 0.05 percent.
NOTE: Percentage increases were calculated before rounding.
in 2005 , to $\$ 108,000$ in 2006, finally rising to \$125,000 in 2007.8, 9

Beginning with Tax Year 1992, certain smaller businesses could elect not to itemize depreciation and other business deductions by filing Schedule C-EZ, Net Profit From Business, a simplified version of Schedule C, Profit or Loss From Business (Schedule C and Schedule C-EZ are the source of sole proprietorship statistics). For Tax Year 2007, taxpayers could use Schedule C-EZ if they: had business expenses of $\$ 5,000$ or less; used the cash accounting method; had no inventories; did not report a loss from the business; had only one business as a sole proprietor; had no employees; were not required to
file Form 4562, Depreciation and Amortization, for the business; claimed no deduction for home business expenses; and had no prior-year disallowed passive activity losses from the business. Since taxpayers using Schedule C-EZ did not itemize business deductions, the detailed deductions in Table 2 are slightly understated and do not add to the totals.

Figure F presents the numbers and percentages of nonfarm sole proprietorship returns filed on Schedule C-EZ, by industrial sector. For Tax Year 2007, approximately 4.4 million taxpayers filed Schedule C-EZ, marking a 9.2-percent increase from the number filed for 2006. Of returns filed for 2007 in the administrative and support services sector (the

[^4]
## Figure F

All Nonfarm Sole Proprietorship Returns and Those with Schedule C-EZ, by Selected Industrial Sectors, Tax Year 2007 [ivumber or remurns is in mousanus-money amounts are in mimons or uonars]

| Industrial sector | Number of returns |  |  | Total business receipts |  |  | Total business deductions [1] |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Total | With Schedule C-EZ | $\begin{gathered} \text { Percentage } \\ \text { of } \\ \text { total } \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | Total | On Schedule C-EZ | ```Percentage of total``` | Total | On Schedule C-EZ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Percentage } \\ & \text { of } \\ & \text { total } \end{aligned}$ |
|  | (1) | (2) | (3) | (4) | (5) | (6) | (7) | (8) | (9) |
| All nonfarm industries | 23,122.7 | 4,399.5 | 19.0 | 1,324,403.1 | 31,215.2 | 2.4 | 1,044,343.4 | 3,679.9 | 0.4 |
| Construction | 2,931.1 | 470.8 | 16.1 | 230,835.1 | 3,626.9 | 1.6 | 195,237.8 | 372.2 | 0.2 |
| Wholesale trade (merchant wholesalers) | 340.4 | 41.7 | 12.3 | 50,447.2 | 319.1 | 0.6 | 45,646.3 | 25.1 | 0.1 |
| Retail trade | 2,436.3 | 246.7 | 10.1 | 198,881.1 | 1,225.3 | 0.6 | 189,472.4 | 243.0 | 0.1 |
| Transportation and warehousing | 1,154.8 | 159.4 | 13.8 | 82,138.4 | 1,353.8 | 1.6 | 71,219.2 | 149.5 | 0.2 |
| Finance and insurance | 726.0 | 91.7 | 12.6 | 93,984.4 | 793.1 | 0.8 | 73,827.1 | 99.1 | 0.1 |
| Real estate and rental and leasing | 1,393.4 | 107.6 | 7.7 | 70,954.8 | 1,078.8 | 1.5 | 48,684.6 | 128.0 | 0.3 |
| Professional, scientific, and technical services | 3,234.5 | 534.9 | 16.5 | 169,272.7 | 5,144.9 | 3.0 | 97,752.0 | 532.0 | 0.5 |
| Administrative and support and waste management and remediation services | 2,251.0 | 629.9 | 28.0 | 60,343.2 | 4,108.7 | 6.8 | 43,914.2 | 497.6 | 1.1 |
| Health care and social assistance | 2,016.4 | 526.9 | 26.1 | 115,531.9 | 4,160.0 | 3.6 | 69,484.3 | 368.1 | 0.5 |
| Arts, entertainment, and recreation | 1,283.3 | 262.1 | 20.4 | 31,043.7 | 1,244.2 | 4.0 | 23,451.6 | 235.0 | 1.0 |
| Other services | 2,416.2 | 528.5 | 21.9 | 84,794.5 | 4,065.3 | 4.8 | 65,566.8 | 526.9 | 0.8 |
| All other industries | 2,939.2 | 799.5 | 27.2 | 136,176.1 | 4,095.2 | 3.0 | 120,087.0 | 503.4 | 0.4 |

[1] Total business deductions are calculated before subtraction of nonallowable "passive" activity losses and any "passive loss" carryover from prior years.
NOTES: Certain smaller sole proprietorships could elect not to itemize business deductions by filing Schedule C-EZ, Net Profit From Business. See the text of this article for a full list of the requirements to be eligible to file Schedule C-EZ. Detail may not add to totals because of rounding. Percentages were calculated before rounding.
largest filers of this schedule), taxpayers filed over 0.6 million Schedule C-EZ returns, or 28.0 percent of the total for that sector. ${ }^{10}$ For 2007, business receipts from Schedule C-EZ filers totaled $\$ 31.2$ billion, or 2.4 percent of total business receipts reported. Business deductions reported on Schedule C-EZ returns accounted for only 0.4 percent of total business deductions for all industries, or $\$ 3.7$ billion of the total $\$ 1,044.3$ billion. Despite having the largest concentration of Schedule C-EZ filers, deductions reported on Schedule C-EZ by the administrative and support services sector accounted for only 1.1 percent of that sector's total business deductions.

## Profits and Losses

For 2007, many of the largest principal industrial sectors reported either modestly increased or decreased sole proprietorship profits (net income less deficit). Figure B presents total profits for all industries (in both current and constant dollars) since 1988, while Figure G presents profits by industrial sector for 2006 and $2007 .{ }^{11}$ Total profits increased 0.9 percent, from $\$ 278.0$ billion for 2006 to $\$ 280.6$ billion for 2007.

The professional, scientific, and technical services sector, which had the highest percentage of total profits of all nonfarm sole proprietorships with 25.5
percent, reported the highest dollar increase in profits ( $\$ 4.6$ billion) and the largest percentage increase in profits ( 6.8 percent). A moderately smaller sector, the health care and social assistance sector, reported

## Figure $G$

Nonfarm Sole Proprietorship Profits, by Selected Industrial Sectors, Tax Years 2006 and 2007
[Money amounts are in billions of dollars]

| Industrial sector | Net income less deficit (profits) |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 2006 | 2007 | Percentage increase |
|  | (1) | (2) | (3) |
| All nonfarm industries | 278.0 | 280.6 | 0.9 |
| Construction | 37.6 | 35.7 | -5.1 |
| Specialty trade contractors | 28.7 | 27.9 | -2.9 |
| Wholesale trade (merchant wholesalers) | 4.8 | 4.8 | -0.7 |
| Retail trade | 9.0 | 9.5 | 5.4 |
| Transportation and warehousing | 10.8 | 11.0 | 1.4 |
| Finance and insurance | 19.5 | 20.2 | 3.4 |
| Real estate and rental and leasing | 27.2 | 22.3 | -17.7 |
| Real estate | 27.1 | 22.2 | -18.1 |
| Professional, scientific, and technical services | 67.0 | 71.6 | 6.8 |
| Administrative and support and waste management and remediation services | 16.2 | 16.5 | 1.7 |
| Health care and social assistance | 44.5 | 46.1 | 3.5 |
| Child day care services | 4.0 | 4.6 | 15.2 |
| Arts, entertainment, and recreation | 7.1 | 7.6 | 6.2 |
| Performing arts, spectator sports, and related industries | 6.0 | 7.3 | 22.5 |
| Other services | 18.0 | 19.2 | 6.8 |
| Personal and laundry services | 11.3 | 12.7 | 12.3 |
| All other industries | 16.2 | 16.2 | -0.4 |
| NOTES: Detail may not add to totals because of calculated before rounding. | ng. Perc | ge inc | ases were |

[^5]
## Sole Proprietorship Returns, 2007

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the second largest dollar increase in profits for 2007 at $\$ 1.6$ billion.

Interestingly, the real estate and rental and leasing sector, which reported the largest percentage increase in profits for 2005 (19.4 percent), reported the largest decrease in profits for 2006 with a drop of 18.5 percent. This trend continued through 2007 with another massive decrease of 17.7 percent. The industry has lost 33.0 percent of its profits in the 2 -year period of 2006-2007. The only other sectors to show decreases in net profits for 2007 were the construction and wholesale trade sectors, which reported 5.1-percent and 0.7-percent decreases, respectively.

In constant dollars, total profits decreased 1.8 percent for 2007, marking a larger decline than the 0.4 -percent decrease in 2006 (Figure B). Profits as a percentage of business receipts also decreased for 2007. Figure H displays net income less deficits as a percentage of business receipts for 1988 through 2007. In general, this percentage has increased slightly from a low of 18.8 percent for 1988. Profits as a percentage of business receipts have remained
between 20.7 percent and 22.1 percent over the last 16 years, peaking in 2005. In 2007, this percentage dropped 0.5 percent down to its current 21.2 percent. Figure E presents net income and deficit separately for 1988 through 2007, in current and constant dollars. For 2007, net income (in constant dollars) decreased 0.2 percent, and net deficit (in constant dollars) increased by 8.9 percent.

## Industries

Using receipts as a measure of business size, Figures A and I show that construction was the largest sole proprietorship industrial sector for 2007, with 17.4 percent of all business receipts (the fourth year in a row that this sector was largest). Total receipts for the construction sector, at $\$ 230.8$ billion, were 2.4 percent lower than the $\$ 236.4$ billion reported for 2006, while deductions decreased by 1.9 percent, resulting in a 5.1-percent decrease in profits to $\$ 35.7$ billion (see Figure G).

Besides construction, only one other major sector, the real estate sector, experienced a decline in business receipts for 2007. Despite the decline

## Figure H

Nonfarm Sole Proprietorship Net Income Less Deficit (Profits) as a Percentage of Business Receipts, Tax Years 1988-2007

for both of these sectors, together they still represented 22.8 percent of all nonfarm industry business receipts.

The second largest industrial sector was retail trade, with receipts totaling $\$ 198.9$ billion. This amount was 15.0 percent of all sole proprietorship receipts for 2007, and it represented a 2.2 -percent increase from the 2006 amount. Deductions and profits also increased in this sector by 2.0 percent and 5.4 percent, respectively. Retail trade profits totaled $\$ 9.5$ billion for 2007.

The third largest sector was professional, scientific, and technical services, which accounted for 12.8 percent of sole proprietorship receipts for 2007. Receipts increased 8.5 percent to $\$ 169.3$ billion, and deductions increased 9.7 percent to $\$ 97.8$ billion. Although this sector was just the third largest in terms of business receipts, the professional, scientific, and technical services sector had the largest percentage
of sole proprietorship profits, with 25.5 percent (see Figure J). For 2007, the professional, scientific, and technical services sector's profits went from $\$ 67.0$ billion to $\$ 71.6$ billion, a 6.8 -percent increase from 2006. The sector with the second largest profits was health care and social assistance. These profits rose to $\$ 46.1$ billion for 2007, a 3.5-percent increase from 2006, and represented 16.4 percent of all sole proprietorship profits. This was followed by construction (12.7 percent, as cited above) and real estate and rental and leasing ( 8.0 percent) in terms of overall sole proprietor profits.

Tax Year 2001 is the first year in which data became available on the number of Limited Liability Companies (LLCs) among sole proprietorship returns. LLCs have the limited liability of corporations but may be taxed as sole proprietorships-income and expenses flow through to the owner to be taxed-if they are owned by a single, individual

## Figure I

Nonfarm Sole Proprietorship Total Business Receipts, by Selected Industrial Sectors, Tax Year 2007


NOTES: Percentages are based on estimated total business receipts of $\$ 1.3$ trillion. Detail may not add to 100 percent because of rounding.

Sole Proprietorship Returns, 2007
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member. In 2001, there were approximately 126,000 sole proprietorship returns that indicated status as an LLC (Figure K). This increased by 15.3 percent for 2002, 51.3 percent for 2003, 40.4 percent for 2004, 47.2 percent for 2005 , and 33.2 percent for 2006.

Increases in the actual number of LLCs also help illustrate the trend over the last few years. The count of LLCs increased by approximately 146,000 from 2004-2005, 151, 000 from 2005-2006, and 140,000 from 2006-2007. For Tax Year 2007, the number of these sole proprietorships rose to approximately 750,000, a 23.1-percent increase from 2006. The 2007 level of LLCs among sole proprietorship returns accounts for 3.2 percent of total nonfarm sole proprietorships, with the total number of returns with LLCs having increased nearly sixfold since 2001.

## Summary

Profits for the 23.1 million returns with sole proprietorship activity for Tax Year 2007 grew by 0.9
percent to a level of $\$ 280.6$ billion. In constant dollars, total nonfarm sole proprietorship profits decreased 1.8 percent, after decreasing 0.4 percent in 2006. This was the first time since before 1988 that profits (in constant dollars) have decreased in 2 consecutive years.

The professional, scientific, and technical services sector had the largest profits of any sector at $\$ 71.6$ billion, representing 25.5 percent of total sole proprietorship profits, followed by the health care and social assistance sector at $\$ 46.1$ billion, or 16.4 percent of total profits. For all sole proprietorships, receipts and deductions increased 3.6 percent and 4.3 percent, respectively.

The largest sole proprietorship industrial sector, based on business receipts, was the construction sector, accounting for 17.4 percent of receipts. This sector reported a 2.4 -percent decrease in 2007. The finance and insurance sector showed the largest percentage increase in both receipts and deductions,

## Figure J

Nonfarm Sole Proprietorship Total Business Profits, by Selected Industrial Sectors, Tax Year 2007


NOTES: Percentages are based on estimated total business profits of $\$ 280.6$ billion. Detail may not add to 100 percent because of rounding. "Profits" is a designation for "net income less deficit," shown elsewhere in this article.

## Figure K

Number of Nonfarm Sole Proprietorships Registered as Limited Liability Companies (LLCs), Tax Years 2001-2007

reporting a 14.1-percent increase in receipts and a 17.3-percent increase in deductions. Filings of Schedules C-EZ increased 9.2 percent in 2007, more than double the 4.0 -percent increase for 2006.

The industrial sector experiencing the most significant downturn in both profits and receipts from Tax Years 2006 to 2007 was the real estate and rental and leasing sector. After reporting the largest percentage decline in profits in 2006 at 18.5 percent, the real estate and rental and leasing sector continued this trend by reporting a 17.7 -percent drop in profits for 2007. Likewise, this sector reported the biggest decrease in business receipts for both 2006 and 2007, with declines of 6.9 percent and 8.0 percent, respectively.

## Data Sources and Limitations

The 2007 sole proprietorship estimates are based on a stratified probability sample of unaudited individual income tax returns, Form 1040 (including electronically filed returns), processed by the Internal Revenue Service during Calendar Year 2008. Returns in the sample were stratified based on: (1) the presence or absence of Schedule C, Profit or Loss From Business (Sole Proprietorship), or Schedule C-EZ, Net Profit From Business, and Schedule F, Farm Income and Expenses; (2) the larger of positive income or negative income (i.e., adjusted gross income before statutory adjustments); and (3) tax year.

Sole Proprietorship Returns, 2007

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Returns were selected at rates that ranged from 0.1 percent to 100 percent. The 2007 nonfarm sole proprietorship data are based on a sample of 90,983 returns and a population of $23,516,241$ returns. ${ }^{12}$ The corresponding sample and population for 2006 data were 88,619 and $22,407,707$, respectively.

Since the data in this article are estimates based on a sample of returns filed, they are subject to sampling error. To properly use the statistical data estimates provided, the magnitude of the potential sampling error
must be known. Coefficients of variation (CVs) are used to measure that magnitude. Figure L presents estimated CVs for the number of returns and money amounts for selected items and industrial sectors. Generally, the smaller the CV, the more reliable the estimate is judged to be. SOI Sampling Methodology and Data Limitation in this issue of the Bulletin discusses the reliability of estimates based on samples, and the use of CVs for evaluating the precision of estimates based on samples.

## Figure $L$

Nonfarm Sole Proprietorships: Coefficients of Variation for Selected Items, by Selected Industrial Sectors, Tax Year 2007
[Coefficients of variation are in percentages]

| Industrial sector | Coefficients of variation |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Total business receipts | Total business deductions | Depreciation [1] | Net income | Deficit |
|  | (1) | (2) | (3) | (4) | (5) |
| All nonfarm industries | 0.53 | 0.60 | 1.21 | 0.75 | 1.33 |
| Construction | 1.88 | 1.98 | 3.37 | 2.24 | 4.78 |
| Specialty trade contractors | 2.23 | 2.37 | 3.94 | 2.53 | 6.21 |
| Wholesale trade (merchant wholesalers) | 4.44 | 4.55 | 9.30 | 6.54 | 10.68 |
| Retail trade | 2.04 | 2.03 | 4.01 | 3.45 | 3.69 |
| Transportation and warehousing | 2.59 | 2.66 | 3.99 | 3.46 | 6.01 |
| Finance and insurance | 1.90 | 1.75 | 7.39 | 3.83 | 5.84 |
| Real estate and rental and leasing | 2.57 | 2.81 | 4.68 | 3.15 | 4.30 |
| Real estate | 2.63 | 2.91 | 4.95 | 3.21 | 4.57 |
| Professional, scientific, and technical services | 1.69 | 1.96 | 3.55 | 1.96 | 3.99 |
| Administrative and support and waste management and remediation services | 2.88 | 3.34 | 5.44 | 2.85 | 5.84 |
| Health care and social assistance | 1.86 | 2.01 | 3.96 | 2.23 | 7.63 |
| Child day care services | 4.53 | 5.84 | 14.17 | 4.30 | 13.68 |
| Arts, entertainment, and recreation | 3.20 | 3.15 | 5.28 | 4.43 | 5.09 |
| Performing arts, spectator sports, and related industries | 3.65 | 3.59 | 6.26 | 4.76 | 5.84 |
| Other services | 2.55 | 2.82 | 4.50 | 2.82 | 5.29 |
| Personal and laundry services | 3.05 | 3.39 | 6.11 | 3.52 | 6.91 |
| All other industries | 2.10 | 2.16 | 3.19 | 2.83 | 3.32 |

[1] Excludes depreciation claimed on Form 8829, Expenses for Business Use of Your Home.

[^6]Table 1. Nonfarm Sole Proprietorships: Business Receipts, Selected Deductions, Payroll, and Net Income, by Industrial Sectors, Tax Year 2007
[All figures are estimates based on samples-money amounts are in thousands of dollars]

| Industrial sector | Businesses with and without net income |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Number of returns | Business receipts | Depreciation deduction [1,2] | Rent paid <br> on machinery and equipment [1] | Rent paid on other business property [1] | Interest paid deduction [1,3] | Payroll [1,4] | Net income less deficit |
|  | (1) | (2) | (3) | (4) | (5) | (6) | (7) | (8) |
| All nonfarm industries | 23,122,698 | 1,324,403,080 | 41,085,109 | 9,526,481 | 33,613,237 | 15,017,165 | 113,894,900 | 280,557,010 |
| Agriculture, forestry, hunting, and fishing | 301,280 | 17,747,925 | 1,662,460 | 127,994 | 213,486 | 315,084 | 1,726,477 | 668,372 |
| Animal production (including breeding of cats and dogs) | 53,941 | 1,766,020 | 270,803 | 5,606 | 13,411 | 26,253 | 57,392 | -547,398 |
| Forestry and logging (including forest nurseries, timber tracts) | 51,332 | 5,208,334 | 566,723 | 51,690 | 18,634 | 100,394 | 514,050 | 303,534 |
| Fishing | 63,216 | 2,334,905 | 287,494 | 24,762 | 29,888 | 47,527 | 58,929 | 409,418 |
| Hunting and trapping | 10,480 | 380,277 | 47,407 | * 400 | 19,428 | 13,913 | 43,509 | 20,558 |
| Support activities for agriculture and forestry | 122,312 | 8,058,389 | 490,033 | 45,536 | 132,124 | 126,997 | 1,052,598 | 482,260 |
| Mining | 126,578 | 12,534,266 | 932,584 | 39,597 | 46,426 | 191,470 | 621,265 | 1,624,615 |
| Oil and gas extraction | 104,284 | 9,632,432 | 693,784 | 16,421 | 34,410 | 133,658 | 294,329 | 1,119,626 |
| Coal mining | 408 | 71,712 | * 2,431 | * 178 | * 52 | * 1,420 | * 22,837 | 5,079 |
| Metal ore mining | * 1,028 | * 1,432 | * 465 | * 6 | * 64 | 0 | * 853 | * -3,125 |
| Nonmetallic mineral mining and quarrying | 3,487 | 920,554 | 89,650 | 12,879 | * 1,377 | 36,448 | 98,463 | 59,401 |
| Support activities for mining | 17,371 | 1,908,136 | 146,254 | 10,113 | 10,522 | 19,944 | 204,784 | 443,634 |
| Utilities | 10,131 | 565,214 | 43,026 | 3,422 | * 1,251 | * 2,898 | * 48,030 | 39,999 |
| Construction | 2,931,110 | 230,835,068 | 7,405,931 | 1,430,225 | 1,605,321 | 2,229,835 | 28,245,886 | 35,667,000 |
| Residential building construction | 423,433 | 50,209,133 | 1,031,201 | 204,865 | 227,167 | 638,433 | 5,314,015 | 5,823,813 |
| Nonresidential building construction | 83,005 | 10,828,766 | 259,869 | 103,428 | 63,135 | 122,482 | 1,299,384 | 1,160,688 |
| Heavy and civil engineering construction | 77,303 | 10,069,553 | 551,879 | 82,850 | 43,512 | 311,450 | 778,191 | 827,809 |
| Specialty trade contractors | 2,347,369 | 159,727,616 | 5,562,981 | 1,039,082 | 1,271,506 | 1,157,471 | 20,854,295 | 27,854,691 |
| Manufacturing | 362,390 | 29,248,316 | 1,213,735 | 168,357 | 961,775 | 382,243 | 3,647,550 | 3,031,757 |
| Food manufacturing | 44,984 | 3,864,513 | 112,566 | 25,687 | 85,316 | 55,148 | 363,340 | 73,829 |
| Textile and textile product mills | 7,690 | 407,370 | 15,916 | * 3,174 | 15,815 | * 3,562 | * 70,389 | -15,707 |
| Apparel | 28,809 | 1,287,983 | 39,265 | 4,904 | 63,083 | 4,700 | 189,457 | 86,798 |
| Leather and allied products | * 3,084 | * 46,456 | * 445 | 0 | * 21 | * 9 | * 5,067 | * 13,944 |
| Wood products | 35,852 | 2,692,662 | 148,899 | 25,703 | 48,184 | 37,072 | 355,833 | 269,548 |
| Paper products | * 1,060 | * 47,083 | * 611 | * 518 | * 341 | * 1,089 | * 4,460 | *-3,163 |
| Printing and related support activities | 34,903 | 2,704,692 | 114,102 | 16,086 | 154,754 | 49,923 | 323,061 | 321,191 |
| Petroleum and coal products | 390 | 38,627 | * 3,153 | 0 | * 2 | * 2,407 | * 2,142 | -1,296 |
| Chemical manufacturing | 8,802 | 591,406 | 19,820 | 2,354 | 11,265 | 16,397 | 103,303 | 51,638 |
| Plastics, rubber, clay, refractory, and glass products | 15,217 | 781,386 | 11,072 | * 3,215 | 52,301 | 7,264 | 76,914 | 104,589 |
| Nonmetallic mineral products | 4,392 | 769,424 | 37,771 | * 2,944 | * 9,697 | 7,410 | 106,278 | 66,711 |
| Primary metal industries | 5,141 | 642,314 | 48,738 | * 749 | * 29,924 | * 12,840 | * 115,022 | 133,096 |
| Fabricated metal products | 28,120 | 4,070,630 | 204,476 | 26,072 | 148,710 | 45,089 | 616,886 | 481,095 |
| Machinery | 24,113 | 3,299,982 | 223,568 | 6,415 | 95,576 | 44,372 | 368,142 | 506,170 |
| Computer and electronic products | 9,846 | 165,642 | 9,878 | 0 | * 3,430 | * 612 | * 5,105 | 4,338 |
| Electrical equipment, appliances, and components | 7,097 | 633,672 | 4,399 | * 6,536 | 9,013 | 3,491 | 72,354 | 74,534 |
| Transportation equipment | 8,630 | 952,524 | 18,165 | * 15,357 | 45,949 | 18,982 | 183,614 | 4,100 |
| Furniture and related products | 22,074 | 2,028,453 | 62,683 | 8,524 | 81,827 | 20,372 | 233,490 | 374,546 |
| Medical equipment and supplies | 11,759 | 885,652 | 13,471 | * 1,245 | 18,383 | 8,148 | 34,415 | 140,275 |
| Other miscellaneous manufacturing | 60,426 | 3,337,846 | 124,736 | 18,873 | 88,185 | 43,355 | 418,278 | 345,524 |
| Wholesale trade (merchant wholesalers) | 340,373 | 50,447,175 | 619,130 | 180,906 | 721,017 | 424,760 | 1,838,745 | 4,815,862 |
| Durable goods, including machinery, wood, metals, etc. | 153,562 | 22,090,048 | 348,161 | 122,407 | 378,813 | 211,444 | 949,175 | 1,966,219 |
| Nondurable goods, including food, fiber, chemicals, etc. | 114,362 | 21,346,578 | 221,361 | 38,791 | 245,195 | 181,620 | 678,117 | 1,608,303 |
| Wholesale electronic markets and agents and brokers | 72,449 | 7,010,549 | 49,608 | 19,709 | 97,010 | 31,695 | 211,453 | 1,241,340 |

[^7]Table 1. Nonfarm Sole Proprietorships: Business Receipts, Selected Deductions, Payroll, and Net Income, by Industrial Sectors, Tax Year 2007-Continued
[All tıgures are estımates based on samples-money amounts are in thousands ot dollars]

| Industrial sector | Businesses with and without net income |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Number of returns | Business receipts | Depreciation deduction [1,2] | Rent paid <br> on machinery and equipment [1] | Rent paid on other business property [1] | Interest paid deduction $[1,3]$ | Payroll [1,4] | Net income less deficit |
|  | (1) | (2) | (3) | (4) | (5) | (6) | (7) | (8) |
| Retail trade | 2,436,291 | 198,881,138 | 2,781,246 | 687,456 | 6,140,304 | 2,117,264 | 11,336,292 | 9,493,005 |
| Motor vehicle and parts dealers | 145,975 | 41,039,684 | 371,653 | 36,270 | 564,151 | 462,911 | 1,781,794 | 1,142,983 |
| Furniture and home furnishing stores | 48,991 | 5,179,294 | 63,989 | 32,369 | 318,225 | 72,841 | 431,513 | 292,420 |
| Electronic and appliance stores | 35,679 | 4,053,726 | 90,996 | 20,273 | 149,007 | 62,281 | 408,172 | 160,183 |
| Building material and garden equipment and supplies dealers | 51,802 | 8,805,474 | 187,740 | 28,685 | 102,268 | 147,466 | 854,033 | 663,491 |
| Food and beverage stores | 82,127 | 26,901,682 | 242,563 | 106,478 | 780,588 | 209,733 | 1,789,644 | 833,826 |
| Health and personal care stores | 145,056 | 8,884,316 | 107,100 | 78,512 | 273,327 | 75,292 | 535,297 | 715,129 |
| Gasoline stations | 18,245 | 25,622,478 | 186,311 | 36,983 | 300,219 | 199,481 | 1,101,956 | 183,671 |
| Clothing and accessories stores | 140,659 | 10,622,326 | 160,874 | 85,110 | 919,302 | 115,986 | 717,193 | 488,313 |
| Sporting goods, hobby, book, and music stores | 110,577 | 7,325,799 | 142,166 | 8,302 | 399,846 | 82,060 | 436,105 | 48,541 |
| General merchandise stores | 28,886 | 2,969,973 | 73,156 | 20,644 | 152,046 | 45,245 | 167,108 | 53,049 |
| Miscellaneous store retailers | 570,299 | 33,568,539 | 574,216 | 167,279 | 1,741,870 | 436,145 | 2,312,494 | 2,867,432 |
| Nonstore retailers | 1,057,997 | 23,907,848 | 580,481 | 66,551 | 439,455 | 207,823 | 800,983 | 2,043,966 |
| Transportation and warehousing | 1,154,819 | 82,138,420 | 5,767,718 | 2,211,303 | 539,256 | 1,211,633 | 5,210,337 | 10,963,923 |
| Air and rail transportation | 12,672 | 1,654,862 | 374,397 | 13,005 | 23,055 | 109,656 | 64,926 | -102,235 |
| Water transportation | 6,840 | 541,453 | 98,796 | * 2,948 | 11,741 | 24,791 | 33,741 | 131,405 |
| General freight trucking, local | 241,130 | 20,571,116 | 1,575,578 | 383,866 | 107,866 | 315,549 | 1,809,311 | 2,731,105 |
| General freight trucking, long distance and specialized freight trucking | 401,096 | 42,181,814 | 3,000,386 | 1,063,719 | 174,809 | 558,448 | 2,198,411 | 4,655,023 |
| Urban transit | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Interurban and rural bus transportation | 6,933 | 46,014 | * 3,053 | 0 | 0 | *9 | * 161 | 19,131 |
| Taxi and limousine service | 165,333 | 4,995,671 | 166,756 | 554,426 | 75,891 | 72,160 | 171,307 | 1,293,614 |
| School, employee, and charter bus industry | 19,583 | 884,658 | 56,254 | * 23,293 | 3,715 | 33,676 | 64,580 | 197,161 |
| Other transit and ground passenger transportation | 22,932 | 522,454 | 22,935 | * 610 | * 4,513 | * 5,144 | * 53,621 | 50,994 |
| Pipeline transportation | * 658 | * 75,754 | * 23,006 | 0 | 0 | * 1,181 | * 228 | *-19,872 |
| Scenic and sightseeing transportation | 11,945 | 290,148 | 66,858 | * 7,376 | 16,768 | 10,122 | 13,043 | -28,030 |
| Support activities for transportation (including motor vehicle towing) | 50,663 | 3,469,136 | 254,133 | 68,963 | 51,881 | 44,965 | 385,650 | 411,338 |
| Couriers and messengers | 211,571 | 6,492,314 | 105,803 | 87,947 | 27,044 | 15,771 | 380,019 | 1,559,154 |
| Warehousing and storage facilities | 3,464 | 413,027 | 19,763 | 5,151 | 41,975 | 20,163 | 35,340 | 65,136 |
| Information | 351,710 | 10,208,162 | 391,134 | 114,680 | 260,729 | 95,930 | 678,387 | 2,562,634 |
| Publishing industries (except Internet) | 74,591 | 2,191,455 | 36,955 | 7,277 | 52,075 | 19,526 | 248,215 | 521,802 |
| Motion picture and sound recording | 107,185 | 3,124,813 | 231,978 | 39,651 | 96,848 | 37,262 | 156,812 | 648,122 |
| Broadcasting (except Internet) and telecommunications | 43,023 | 2,184,904 | 63,208 | 47,505 | 58,871 | 27,720 | 157,168 | 377,497 |
| Internet publishing and broadcasting | 9,242 | 238,069 | 6,846 | * 629 | 20,649 | * 682 | * 22,286 | 20,248 |
| Internet service providers, Web search portals, and data processing | 117,669 | 2,468,921 | 52,148 | 19,618 | 32,285 | 10,740 | 93,906 | 994,965 |
| Finance and insurance | 726,002 | 93,984,377 | 996,691 | 252,981 | 1,459,668 | 757,552 | 4,724,618 | 20,173,777 |
| Credit intermediation and related activities | 102,497 | 4,910,013 | 138,877 | 40,286 | 122,407 | 84,112 | 378,278 | 1,054,445 |
| Securities, commodity contracts, and other financial investments | 181,676 | 58,505,410 | 278,246 | 82,269 | 452,478 | 418,220 | 1,747,955 | 6,995,452 |
| Investment bankers and securities dealers | 5,320 | 2,089,698 | 7,009 | 4,383 | 22,260 | 20,399 | 43,438 | 364,208 |
| Securities brokers | 16,657 | 4,050,726 | 25,755 | 18,431 | 40,495 | 21,140 | 162,705 | 857,082 |
| Commodity contracts brokers and dealers | 4,709 | 793,477 | 7,092 | 2,715 | 27,667 | 7,729 | 86,105 | 14,460 |
| Securities and commodity exchanges | 1,409 | 688,440 | 933 | 0 | * 430 | 29,879 | * 2,579 | -57,276 |
| Other financial investment activities (investment advice) | 153,579 | 50,883,069 | 237,457 | 56,741 | 361,625 | 339,072 | 1,453,127 | 5,816,977 |
| Insurance agents, brokers, and related activities | 441,829 | 30,568,954 | 579,567 | 130,426 | 884,783 | 255,220 | 2,598,385 | 12,123,880 |
| Insurance agencies and brokerages | 328,276 | 26,335,688 | 497,399 | 114,645 | 820,280 | 211,590 | 2,440,604 | 10,314,637 |
| Other insurance-related activities | 113,553 | 4,233,266 | 82,169 | 15,781 | 64,503 | 43,630 | 157,781 | 1,809,243 |

[^8]Table 1. Nonfarm Sole Proprietorships: Business Receipts, Selected Deductions, Payroll, and Net Income, by Industrial Sectors, Tax Year 2007-Continued
[All figures are estimates based on samples-money amounts are in thousands of dollars]

| Industrial sector | Businesses with and without net income |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Number of returns | Business receipts | $\begin{array}{\|c\|} \hline \text { Depreciation } \\ \text { deduction } \\ {[1,2]} \end{array}$ | Rent paid on machinery and equipment [1] | Rent paid on other business property [1] | Interest paid deduction $[1,3]$ | Payroll [1,4] | Net income less deficit |
|  | (1) | (2) | (3) | (4) | (5) | (6) | (7) | (8) |
| Real estate and rental and leasing | 1,393,424 | 70,954,832 | 2,862,096 | 516,272 | 1,250,986 | 1,692,992 | 2,388,076 | 22,335,602 |
| Real estate | 1,336,767 | 66,927,293 | 1,805,994 | 460,539 | 1,149,118 | 1,487,742 | 2,019,008 | 22,158,626 |
| Lessors of real estate (including miniwarehouses and self storage) | 39,944 | 1,341,797 | 183,204 | 9,692 | 14,080 | 363,623 | 62,989 | -127,456 |
| Offices of real estate agents, brokers, property managers, and appraisers | 1,056,026 | 49,007,711 | 1,193,908 | 389,439 | 877,832 | 614,867 | 1,291,147 | 19,671,820 |
| Other activities related to real estate | 240,797 | 16,577,785 | 428,882 | 61,408 | 257,206 | 509,252 | 664,872 | 2,614,262 |
| Rental and leasing services | 56,656 | 4,027,538 | 1,056,102 | 55,732 | 101,868 | 205,250 | 369,068 | 176,975 |
| Automotive equipment rental and leasing | 17,698 | 652,711 | 220,005 | 3,796 | 11,467 | 36,100 | 23,115 | 26,582 |
| Consumer electronics and appliances rental | * 10 | * 12,259 | * 6,849 | * 5 | * 70 | * 1,794 | * 1,366 | * -2,023 |
| Formal wear and costume rental | * 79 | * 47,509 | * 2,221 | 0 | * 3,900 | * 268 | * 8,554 | * 2,474 |
| Videotape and disc rental | 3,538 | 544,107 | * 16,806 | * 426 | 42,205 | * 7,084 | * 75,522 | 52,956 |
| General rental centers and other consumer goods rental | 15,820 | 959,760 | 164,767 | 12,873 | 28,799 | 24,445 | 126,814 | 84,761 |
| Commercial and industrial machinery and equipment rental and leasing | 19,512 | 1,811,193 | 645,454 | 38,631 | 15,426 | 135,560 | 133,697 | 12,225 |
| Professional, scientific, and technical services | 3,234,542 | 169,272,699 | 4,301,618 | 916,230 | 3,929,938 | 1,137,409 | 12,758,206 | 71,608,966 |
| Legal services | 363,321 | 38,716,955 | 501,614 | 214,968 | 1,734,106 | 255,263 | 4,253,225 | 16,676,401 |
| Offices of certified public accountants | 46,084 | 4,203,407 | 80,506 | 34,806 | 169,264 | 53,004 | 630,407 | 1,841,417 |
| Other accounting services | 330,229 | 8,210,291 | 238,345 | 51,089 | 260,422 | 109,697 | 842,598 | 3,117,258 |
| Architectural, engineering, and related services | 275,602 | 16,193,715 | 557,303 | 80,045 | 248,713 | 86,955 | 1,919,886 | 5,682,629 |
| Architectural services | 99,885 | 7,741,906 | 255,464 | 44,213 | 149,745 | 42,606 | 1,150,884 | 1,924,217 |
| Engineering services | 97,556 | 5,798,047 | 190,579 | 29,664 | 68,782 | 29,972 | 545,117 | 2,467,909 |
| Drafting, building inspections, and geophysical surveying | 60,757 | 1,696,841 | 70,426 | 1,703 | * 13,918 | 9,175 | 74,195 | 899,800 |
| Surveying and mapping (except geophysical) services | 13,342 | 767,444 | 35,188 | * 4,458 | 12,656 | 3,312 | 126,125 | 331,877 |
| Testing laboratories | 4,062 | 189,477 | * 5,646 | * 7 | * 3,611 | * 1,889 | * 23,565 | 58,826 |
| Specialized design services | 241,885 | 9,336,822 | 240,449 | 39,045 | 193,636 | 74,628 | 459,496 | 2,112,466 |
| Computer systems design services | 254,014 | 9,986,914 | 281,266 | 70,500 | 117,678 | 49,033 | 662,278 | 4,424,493 |
| Other professional, scientific, and technical services | 1,723,407 | 82,624,594 | 2,402,135 | 425,776 | 1,206,119 | 508,829 | 3,990,315 | 37,754,303 |
| Management, scientific, and technical consulting services | 951,886 | 46,147,399 | 1,122,019 | 224,038 | 503,884 | 262,494 | 1,487,592 | 25,573,080 |
| Scientific research and development services | 34,241 | 1,952,860 | 76,001 | 7,204 | 34,015 | 20,803 | 155,479 | 580,242 |
| Advertising and related services | 120,617 | 7,163,497 | 183,550 | 33,691 | 102,311 | 31,200 | 261,565 | 2,039,822 |
| Market research and public opinion polling | 38,676 | 1,133,673 | 15,502 | 3,784 | 17,971 | * 4,938 | 51,557 | 404,539 |
| Other miscellaneous services | 577,987 | 26,227,165 | 1,005,062 | 157,060 | 547,939 | 189,395 | 2,034,122 | 9,156,620 |
| Administrative and support and waste management and remediation services | 2,251,002 | 60,343,203 | 2,510,007 | 574,509 | 735,747 | 536,144 | 6,782,100 | 16,485,611 |
| Administrative and support services | 2,224,802 | 58,044,464 | 2,279,068 | 551,101 | 711,980 | 496,152 | 6,605,914 | 16,239,510 |
| Waste management and remediation services | 26,200 | 2,298,739 | 230,939 | 23,408 | 23,767 | 39,992 | 176,186 | 246,101 |
| Educational services | 596,859 | 9,074,803 | 257,360 | 61,148 | 495,539 | 70,348 | 381,509 | 2,879,254 |

Footnotes at end of table.

Table 1. Nonfarm Sole Proprietorships: Business Receipts, Selected Deductions, Payroll, and Net Income, by Industrial Sectors, Tax Year 2007-Continued
[All figures are estimates based on samples-money amounts are in thousands of dollars]

| Industrial sector | Businesses with and without net income |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Number of returns | Business receipts | Depreciation deduction $[1,2]$ | Rent paid on machinery and equipment [1] | Rent paid on other business property [1] | Interest paid deduction [1,3] | Payroll [1,4] | Net income less deficit |
|  | (1) | (2) | (3) | (4) | (5) | (6) | (7) | (8) |
| Health care and social assistance | 2,016,418 | 115,531,863 | 2,854,845 | 618,363 | 4,996,625 | 1,291,848 | 16,543,623 | 46,056,668 |
| Ambulatory health care services | 997,226 | 95,393,542 | 2,214,124 | 524,328 | 4,459,344 | 866,957 | 14,193,024 | 39,676,719 |
| Offices of physicians (except mental health specialists) | 194,531 | 33,463,588 | 618,214 | 201,483 | 1,359,942 | 199,914 | 4,374,658 | 15,722,884 |
| Offices of physicians, mental health specialists | 31,439 | 2,981,198 | 48,205 | 19,528 | 180,032 | 19,771 | 163,007 | 1,772,180 |
| Offices of dentists | 93,114 | 29,798,435 | 950,066 | 113,182 | 1,160,022 | 377,224 | 6,484,255 | 10,300,714 |
| Offices of chiropractors | 37,789 | 4,655,464 | 108,285 | 41,793 | 420,194 | 71,635 | 520,633 | 1,728,493 |
| Offices of optometrists | 18,985 | 3,345,930 | 80,990 | 33,716 | 179,463 | 24,780 | 563,241 | 921,544 |
| Offices of mental health practitioners and social therapists | 174,713 | 8,392,904 | 146,918 | 30,720 | 593,835 | 23,958 | 585,816 | 4,482,638 |
| Offices of podiatrists | 6,388 | 1,006,518 | 16,668 | 3,518 | 123,725 | 9,052 | 125,890 | 326,184 |
| Outpatient care centers and other miscellaneous health practitioners | 156,836 | 5,023,852 | 130,086 | 30,138 | 259,546 | 50,000 | 300,066 | 2,149,463 |
| Medical and diagnostic laboratories | 31,782 | 1,462,086 | 43,149 | 7,190 | 63,671 | 17,374 | 209,568 | 404,558 |
| Home health care services | 224,827 | 4,238,804 | 55,258 | 33,194 | 92,636 | 66,102 | 716,584 | 1,535,676 |
| Other ambulatory health care services (including ambulance services, blood and organ banks) | 26,822 | 1,024,763 | 16,285 | 9,866 | 26,279 | 7,146 | 149,307 | 332,386 |
| Hospitals | 8,834 | 469,307 | 5,567 | * 1,601 | * 5,585 | * 1,759 | * 69,898 | 253,826 |
| Nursing and residential care facilities | 57,491 | 4,127,048 | 153,476 | 21,373 | 190,345 | 209,900 | 1,085,036 | 371,110 |
| Social assistance | 154,984 | 3,082,088 | 67,590 | 18,262 | 120,899 | 25,149 | 273,805 | 1,171,489 |
| Child day care services | 797,883 | 12,459,877 | 414,088 | 52,799 | 220,452 | 188,083 | 921,860 | 4,583,523 |
| Arts, entertainment, and recreation | 1,283,267 | 31,043,663 | 1,588,587 | 224,842 | 1,139,292 | 331,542 | 1,609,655 | 7,562,358 |
| Performing arts, spectator sports, and related industries | 1,068,030 | 23,926,664 | 1,231,566 | 132,997 | 580,819 | 183,732 | 876,827 | 7,340,857 |
| Museums, historical sites, and similar institutions | 3,401 | 29,469 | * 282 | * 143 | * 225 | * 167 | * 234 | 23,171 |
| Amusement, gambling, and recreation industries | 211,836 | 7,087,530 | 356,739 | 91,702 | 558,248 | 147,644 | 732,593 | 198,330 |
| Accommodation, food services, and drinking places | 411,451 | 47,792,244 | 1,813,463 | 408,024 | 3,258,012 | 1,150,463 | 8,035,918 | 1,239,437 |
| Accommodation | 50,553 | 5,516,079 | 598,140 | 17,076 | 155,042 | 617,328 | 789,234 | -52,004 |
| Travel accommodation (including hotels, motels, and bed and breakfast inns) | 30,966 | 4,503,414 | 505,662 | 13,378 | 146,340 | 502,683 | 686,247 | -36,987 |
| RV (recreational vehicle) parks and recreational camps | 10,702 | 500,436 | 45,992 | 1,364 | 6,229 | 48,294 | 34,995 | 6,860 |
| Rooming and boarding houses | 8,885 | 512,229 | 46,486 | * 2,334 | * 2,474 | 66,351 | 67,992 | -21,877 |
| Food services and drinking places | 360,898 | 42,276,165 | 1,215,323 | 390,948 | 3,102,969 | 533,135 | 7,246,684 | 1,291,441 |
| Other services | 2,416,229 | 84,794,547 | 2,892,189 | 922,868 | 5,758,461 | 1,012,666 | 7,142,197 | 19,243,943 |
| Auto repair and maintenance | 396,524 | 24,233,685 | 989,561 | 229,664 | 905,917 | 395,938 | 2,591,723 | 2,953,965 |
| Automotive mechanical and electrical repair and maintenance | 201,736 | 11,649,833 | 450,056 | 75,341 | 389,114 | 183,876 | 1,097,619 | 1,445,041 |
| Automotive body shops | 94,635 | 7,575,242 | 255,628 | 97,920 | 286,129 | 85,167 | 964,249 | 994,323 |
| Other auto repair and maintenance (including oil change, lubrication, and car washes) | 100,154 | 5,008,610 | 283,877 | 56,403 | 230,675 | 126,895 | 529,855 | 514,601 |
| Miscellaneous repairs | 436,413 | 16,990,817 | 613,349 | 99,824 | 370,432 | 213,203 | 1,242,831 | 3,545,184 |
| Personal and laundry services | 1,583,292 | 43,570,044 | 1,289,279 | 593,380 | 4,482,112 | 403,525 | 3,307,644 | 12,744,795 |
| Religious, grantmaking, civic, professional and similar organizations | 251,516 | 3,521,657 | 51,295 | 8,975 | 19,248 | 11,575 | 25,500 | 1,752,897 |
| Unclassified establishments | 527,305 | 5,483,508 | 139,996 | 58,330 | 80,157 | 53,508 | 150,530 | 2,351,330 |

Footnotes at end of table.

Table 1. Nonfarm Sole Proprietorships: Business Receipts, Selected Deductions, Payroll, and Net Income, by Industrial Sectors, Tax Year 2007-Continued
[All figures are estimates based on samples-money amounts are in thousands of dollars]

| Industrial sector | Businesses with net income |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Number of returns | Business receipts | $\left\|\begin{array}{c} \text { Depreciation } \\ \text { deduction }[1,2] \end{array}\right\|$ | Rent paid on machinery and equipment [1] | Rent paid on other business property [1] | Interest paid deduction [1,3] | Payroll [1,4] | Net income |
|  | (9) | (10) | (11) | (12) | (13) | (14) | (15) | (16) |
| All nonfarm industries | 16,928,788 | 1,108,966,537 | 27,041,714 | 7,211,095 | 25,186,283 | 8,405,107 | 91,674,116 | 335,098,968 |
| Agriculture, forestry, hunting, and fishing | 166,008 | 13,760,063 | 866,618 | 102,737 | 86,920 | 167,968 | 1,460,361 | 2,633,207 |
| Animal production (including breeding of cats and dogs) | 16,462 | 1,125,624 | 81,322 | * 4,144 | 6,650 | 11,207 | 35,521 | 181,712 |
| Forestry and logging (including forest nurseries, timber tracts) | 31,497 | 4,225,932 | 371,471 | 47,166 | 14,024 | 57,294 | 414,246 | 583,592 |
| Fishing | 37,832 | 1,955,315 | 134,381 | 17,879 | 19,550 | 21,972 | 52,898 | 717,764 |
| Hunting and trapping | 4,846 | 238,520 | * 13,250 | * 3 | * 17,484 | * 1,963 | * 40,259 | 60,262 |
| Support activities for agriculture and forestry | 75,371 | 6,214,672 | 266,194 | 33,545 | 29,212 | 75,533 | 917,437 | 1,089,877 |
| Mining | 95,112 | 9,895,176 | 613,709 | 22,442 | 33,414 | 97,849 | 466,770 | 2,811,035 |
| Oil and gas extraction | 78,895 | 7,545,881 | 445,536 | 14,436 | 24,558 | 67,347 | 228,722 | 2,216,323 |
| Coal mining | * 261 | * 62,270 | * 1,716 | * 178 | * 52 | * 220 | * 22,837 | * 5,864 |
| Metal ore mining | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Nonmetallic mineral mining and quarrying | 2,130 | 777,948 | 66,633 | * 2,270 | * 940 | 17,933 | 76,137 | 97,838 |
| Support activities for mining | 13,826 | 1,509,078 | 99,824 | 5,558 | 7,865 | 12,349 | 139,075 | 491,010 |
| Utilities | 8,067 | 406,924 | 16,192 | * 2,316 | * 105 | * 443 | * 9,996 | 100,720 |
| Construction | 2,434,150 | 200,697,261 | 5,698,904 | 1,111,543 | 1,211,961 | 1,314,530 | 23,877,310 | 41,318,313 |
| Residential building construction | 353,370 | 41,215,012 | 813,282 | 130,280 | 171,112 | 305,629 | 4,380,461 | 7,219,827 |
| Nonresidential building construction | 68,416 | 9,120,021 | 197,636 | 55,383 | 37,623 | 82,951 | 1,137,004 | 1,428,246 |
| Heavy and civil engineering construction | 53,045 | 7,152,437 | 366,925 | 67,420 | 26,525 | 113,541 | 501,475 | 1,516,443 |
| Specialty trade contractors | 1,959,319 | 143,209,791 | 4,321,061 | 858,460 | 976,700 | 812,409 | 17,858,370 | 31,153,797 |
| Manufacturing | 217,718 | 23,656,129 | 789,877 | 127,619 | 665,372 | 240,066 | 2,770,941 | 4,461,145 |
| Food manufacturing | 27,381 | 3,153,371 | 58,231 | 12,323 | 61,389 | 27,781 | 249,601 | 344,521 |
| Textile and textile product mills | 5,050 | 352,856 | * 13,373 | * 2,508 | * 11,138 | * 2,879 | * 55,082 | 45,094 |
| Apparel | 16,445 | 1,071,138 | 15,937 | * 4,878 | 49,121 | * 4,522 | 186,791 | 222,020 |
| Leather and allied products | * 3,001 | * 20,120 | * 81 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | * 18,916 |
| Wood products | 22,680 | 2,373,021 | 105,154 | 21,403 | 38,423 | 19,580 | 322,228 | 356,670 |
| Paper products | * 55 | * 2,565 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | * 2,538 |
| Printing and related support activities | 22,192 | 2,047,637 | 75,479 | 15,333 | 112,212 | 31,441 | 247,982 | 440,485 |
| Petroleum and coal products | 349 | 16,857 | * 166 | 0 | 0 | * 66 | * 50 | 2,612 |
| Chemical manufacturing | 4,420 | 392,804 | 10,991 | * 1,460 | * 5,971 | * 8,535 | 63,938 | 93,378 |
| Plastics, rubber, clay, refractory, and glass products | 8,402 | 544,246 | 6,571 | * 3,208 | * 33,722 | * 4,417 | * 43,424 | 137,825 |
| Nonmetallic mineral products | 3,328 | 694,533 | 22,298 | * 2,747 | * 4,484 | 4,324 | * 92,231 | 102,711 |
| Primary metal industries | 3,849 | 641,736 | * 48,142 | * 749 | * 29,780 | * 12,840 | * 115,022 | 136,912 |
| Fabricated metal products | 20,513 | 3,188,039 | 105,350 | 18,493 | 90,801 | 23,815 | 379,382 | 599,544 |
| Machinery | 18,467 | 2,832,280 | 163,244 | 5,961 | 54,983 | 38,294 | 339,853 | 537,083 |
| Computer and electronic products | 3,768 | 155,431 | * 2,161 | 0 | * 3,295 | * 78 | * 4,165 | 49,378 |
| Electrical equipment, appliances, and components | 5,491 | 418,018 | 2,726 | * 1,192 | * 6,814 | * 2,946 | * 29,419 | 99,764 |
| Transportation equipment | 3,603 | 864,534 | 11,463 | * 15,353 | 29,812 | * 16,779 | 157,927 | 98,655 |
| Furniture and related products | 15,754 | 1,788,714 | 56,557 | 8,507 | 73,380 | 14,496 | 186,913 | 421,499 |
| Medical equipment and supplies | 6,889 | 577,383 | 10,211 | * 973 | * 14,694 | * 763 | * 7,297 | 188,539 |
| Other miscellaneous manufacturing | 26,080 | 2,520,847 | 81,742 | 12,530 | 45,353 | 26,509 | 289,635 | 563,000 |
| Wholesale trade (merchant wholesalers) | 225,451 | 43,189,528 | 460,486 | 149,952 | 567,335 | 247,733 | 1,416,214 | 6,009,042 |
| Durable goods, including machinery, wood, metals, etc. | 95,727 | 19,034,920 | 256,951 | 100,322 | 297,654 | 95,608 | 739,791 | 2,492,538 |
| Nondurable goods, including food, fiber, chemicals, etc. | 79,854 | 18,250,589 | 168,936 | 34,497 | 189,187 | 135,758 | 527,211 | 2,094,787 |
| Wholesale electronic markets and agents and brokers | 49,870 | 5,904,019 | 34,599 | 15,133 | 80,494 | 16,367 | 149,212 | 1,421,717 |

[^9]Table 1. Nonfarm Sole Proprietorships: Business Receipts, Selected Deductions, Payroll, and Net Income, by Industrial Sectors, Tax Year 2007-Continued
[All figures are estimates based on samples-money amounts are in thousands of dollars]

| Industrial sector | Businesses with net income |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Number of returns | Business receipts | Depreciation deduction [1,2] | Rent paid on machinery and equipment [1] | Rent paid on other business property [1] | Interest paid deduction $[1,3]$ | Payroll [1,4] | Net income |
|  | (9) | (10) | (11) | (12) | (13) | (14) | (15) | (16) |
| Retail trade | 1,267,199 | 155,918,883 | 1,602,453 | 426,059 | 4,100,576 | 1,198,070 | 8,209,539 | 17,883,396 |
| Motor vehicle and parts dealers | 99,584 | 31,179,343 | 217,359 | 21,760 | 379,878 | 268,025 | 1,176,757 | 1,998,862 |
| Furniture and home furnishing stores | 30,445 | 3,785,404 | 36,996 | 16,313 | 179,745 | 54,545 | 324,841 | 525,237 |
| Electronic and appliance stores | 21,685 | 3,172,697 | 60,473 | 10,876 | 75,644 | 43,570 | 305,042 | 360,288 |
| Building material and garden equipment and supplies dealers | 33,506 | 7,425,178 | 132,886 | 22,113 | 82,775 | 110,206 | 678,571 | 828,515 |
| Food and beverage stores | 57,960 | 22,600,203 | 149,636 | 100,135 | 618,658 | 129,887 | 1,358,307 | 1,326,676 |
| Health and personal care stores | 60,487 | 7,895,494 | 65,076 | 60,257 | 225,477 | 60,559 | 447,085 | 1,170,397 |
| Gasoline stations | 12,283 | 18,274,250 | 116,392 | 22,646 | 224,359 | 102,107 | 769,318 | 400,038 |
| Clothing and accessories stores | 78,459 | 8,458,131 | 75,607 | 40,167 | 640,584 | 64,899 | 513,197 | 1,122,003 |
| Sporting goods, hobby, book, and music stores | 45,880 | 4,839,994 | 61,135 | 2,155 | 200,354 | 30,165 | 240,788 | 577,132 |
| General merchandise stores | 16,748 | 2,473,905 | 25,070 | 18,456 | 120,464 | 26,386 | 118,769 | 263,673 |
| Miscellaneous store retailers | 322,913 | 26,519,335 | 338,988 | 65,567 | 1,051,980 | 218,073 | 1,629,445 | 4,691,208 |
| Nonstore retailers | 487,248 | 19,294,949 | 322,837 | 45,616 | 300,659 | 89,648 | 647,418 | 4,619,366 |
| Transportation and warehousing | 931,017 | 67,266,486 | 3,669,485 | 1,759,229 | 408,006 | 731,878 | 3,791,015 | 13,663,909 |
| Air and rail transportation | 8,987 | 1,059,025 | 27,028 | 2,159 | 8,451 | 10,107 | 21,456 | 333,653 |
| Water transportation | 5,140 | 426,465 | 42,399 | * 2,849 | * 180 | * 5,355 | * 13,192 | 211,584 |
| General freight trucking, local | 192,327 | 16,424,743 | 1,054,436 | 324,804 | 79,201 | 171,501 | 1,235,228 | 3,286,407 |
| General freight trucking, long distance and specialized freight trucking | 322,988 | 34,605,893 | 2,136,025 | 787,511 | 141,820 | 406,304 | 1,658,643 | 5,621,941 |
| Urban transit | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Interurban and rural bus transportation | * 4,963 | * 40,273 | * 2,244 | 0 | 0 | * 9 | * 161 | * 22,773 |
| Taxi and limousine service | 146,455 | 4,524,955 | 114,915 | 499,909 | 63,440 | 62,935 | 107,869 | 1,427,655 |
| School, employee, and charter bus industry | 17,495 | 781,706 | 43,664 | * 23,156 | * 2,643 | 24,242 | * 44,140 | 213,044 |
| Other transit and ground passenger transportation | ** 14,250 | ** 350,459 | ** 12,584 | ** 112 | ** 207 | ** 2,924 | ** 19,757 | ** 109,297 |
| Pipeline transportation | ** | ** | ** | ** | ** | ** | ** | ** |
| Scenic and sightseeing transportation | 5,760 | 141,416 | * 9,224 | * 31 | * 6,721 | * 2,463 | * 93 | 46,401 |
| Support activities for transportation (including motor vehicle towing) | 38,244 | 2,643,274 | 139,831 | 38,609 | 43,942 | 28,792 | 297,760 | 557,750 |
| Couriers and messengers | 171,843 | 5,939,044 | 79,384 | 78,321 | 27,044 | 11,653 | 373,533 | 1,755,951 |
| Warehousing and storage facilities | 2,565 | 329,235 | 7,752 | * 1,769 | 34,357 | 5,594 | 19,183 | 77,452 |
| Information | 233,984 | 8,605,326 | 179,751 | 70,985 | 153,702 | 50,565 | 423,573 | 3,652,581 |
| Publishing industries (except Internet) | 50,942 | 1,752,419 | 24,532 | 5,230 | 28,264 | 11,076 | 149,692 | 716,377 |
| Motion picture and sound recording | 60,910 | 2,590,179 | 100,530 | 19,019 | 64,983 | 20,033 | 109,384 | 1,164,090 |
| Broadcasting (except Internet) and telecommunications | 33,532 | 1,785,661 | 19,967 | 40,133 | 26,672 | 12,994 | 78,895 | 518,816 |
| Internet publishing and broadcasting | 4,161 | 201,167 | 2,533 | * 105 | * 11,260 | * 657 | * 12,283 | 73,592 |
| Internet service providers, Web search portals, and data processing | 84,439 | 2,275,899 | 32,189 | * 6,498 | 22,524 | 5,804 | 73,319 | 1,179,707 |
| Finance and insurance | 495,376 | 61,428,063 | 707,783 | 219,456 | 1,210,651 | 377,601 | 3,890,068 | 22,908,435 |
| Credit intermediation and related activities | 66,452 | 4,261,253 | 70,368 | 28,892 | 68,747 | 44,992 | 262,523 | 1,469,086 |
| Securities, commodity contracts, and other financial investments | 106,244 | 29,496,099 | 170,430 | 69,877 | 362,409 | 149,404 | 1,234,858 | 8,539,428 |
| Investment bankers and securities dealers | 4,312 | 968,598 | 4,958 | * 3,846 | 19,654 | 3,306 | 31,013 | 434,559 |
| Securities brokers | 10,750 | 2,505,716 | 9,481 | 15,178 | 28,933 | 14,607 | 131,196 | 953,823 |
| Commodity contracts brokers and dealers | 2,820 | 666,350 | 1,750 | * 246 | 13,182 | 455 | 15,160 | 189,262 |
| Securities and commodity exchanges | * 14 | * 138,383 | * 269 | 0 | * 353 | * 219 | * 1,629 | * 9,496 |
| Other financial investment activities (investment advice | 88,348 | 25,217,051 | 153,971 | 50,607 | 300,287 | 130,817 | 1,055,860 | 6,952,289 |
| Insurance agents, brokers, and related activities | 322,680 | 27,670,711 | 466,986 | 120,687 | 779,495 | 183,206 | 2,392,688 | 12,899,922 |
| Insurance agencies and brokerages | 241,816 | 23,982,553 | 408,330 | 105,639 | 727,869 | 156,765 | 2,250,563 | 10,928,275 |
| Other insurance-related activities | 80,864 | 3,688,158 | 58,656 | 15,048 | 51,626 | 26,441 | 142,124 | 1,971,647 |

Footnotes at end of table

Table 1. Nonfarm Sole Proprietorships: Business Receipts, Selected Deductions, Payroll, and Net Income, by Industrial Sectors, Tax Year 2007-Continued
[All tigures are estımates based on samples-money amounts are in thousands ot dollars]

| Industrial sector | Businesses with net income |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Number of returns | Business receipts | Depreciation deduction $[1,2]$ | Rent paid <br> on machinery and equipment [1] | Rent paid on other business property [1] | Interest paid deduction $[1,3]$ | Payroll [1,4] | Net income |
| Real estate and rental and leasing | (9) | (10) | (11) | (12) | (13) | (14) | (15) | (16) |
|  | 908,375 | 60,188,057 | 1,480,061 | 383,751 | 835,897 | 582,249 | 1,804,064 | 27,320,942 |
| Real estate | 877,66013,266 | 57,261,965 | 1,059,093 | 356,781 | 779,817 | 511,899 | 1,505,241 | 26,636,164 |
| Lessors of real estate (including miniwarehouses and self storage) |  | 697,851 | 1,059,093 | 4,052 | 6,352 | 68,763 | 23,443 | 276,502 |
| Offices of real estate agents, brokers, property managers, and appraisers | 711,860 | 43,920,550 | 804,148 | 309,666 | 600,634 | 312,539 | 1,037,925 | 22,251,313 |
| Other activities related to real estate | 152,534 | 12,643,564 | 222,923 | 43,063 | 172,831 | 130,597 | 443,873 | 4,108,350 |
| Rental and leasing services | 30,716 | 2,926,092 | 420,968 | 26,970 | 56,080 | 70,350 | 298,823 | 684,778 |
| Automotive equipment rental and leasing | ** 10,201 | ** 434,917 | ** 100,300 | ** 1,273 | ** 275 | ** 21,985 | ** 19,685 | ** 101,075 |
| Consumer electronics and appliances rental | ** | ** | ** | ** | ** | ** | ** | ** |
| Formal wear and costume rental | * 39 | * 47,139 | * 2,022 | 0 | * 3,429 | * 268 | * 8,554 | * 3,727 |
| Videotape and disc rental | 3,247 | 498,508 | * 16,716 | * 407 | * 35,869 | * 7,023 | * 58,655 | 61,572 |
| General rental centers and other consumer goods rental | 7,882 | 741,074 | 57,846 | 10,354 | 8,932 | 8,238 | * 109,860 | 187,528 |
| Commercial and industrial machinery and equipment rental and leasing | 9,347 | 1,204,454 | 244,083 | 14,936 | 7,576 | 32,837 | 102,068 | 330,875 |
| Professional, scientific, and technical services | 2,407,350 | 156,237,690 | 3,212,163 | 722,102 | 3,182,973 | 771,576 | 10,825,849 | 77,705,157 |
| Legal services | 268,297 | 36,949,264 | 429,814 | 195,839 | 1,576,078 | 205,051 | 3,920,040 | 17,450,194 |
| Offices of certified public accountants | 39,361 | 4,068,821 | 66,654 | 18,701 | 160,550 | 49,386 | 573,577 | 1,903,735 |
| Other accounting services | 268,693 | 7,516,589 | 190,978 | 28,412 | 200,814 | 87,343 | 737,727 | 3,445,846 |
| Architectural, engineering, and related services | 213,865 | 14,727,736 | 452,565 | 61,578 | 210,070 | 67,372 | 1,638,696 | 6,055,197 |
| Architectural services | 73,057 | 6,829,921 | 200,846 | 33,543 | 122,709 | 33,949 | 1,010,394 | 2,117,003 |
| Engineering services | 80,074 | 5,416,534 | 152,796 | 22,674 | 62,956 | 22,187 | 444,785 | 2,580,101 |
| Drafting, building inspections, and geophysical surveying | 47,243 | 1,622,533 | 61,239 | 1,023 | * 13,918 | 7,303 | * 66,194 | 955,172 |
| Surveying and mapping (except geophysical) services | 10,780 | 679,883 | 33,195 | * 4,332 | 8,521 | * 3,194 | 94,545 | 334,128 |
| Testing laboratories | 2,711 | 178,865 | * 4,489 | 7 | * 1,965 | * 739 | * 22,776 | 68,793 |
| Specialized design services | 165,742 | 7,903,667 | 149,788 | 22,510 | 92,405 | 25,539 | 358,309 | 2,668,602 |
| Computer systems design services | 191,706 | 9,211,240 | 212,070 | 63,261 | 78,717 | 29,161 | 466,991 | 4,780,921 |
| Other professional, scientific, and technical services | 1,259,685 | 75,860,373 | 1,710,294 | 331,800 | 864,340 | 307,724 | 3,130,508 | 41,400,665 |
| Management, scientific, and technical consulting services | 697,244 | 43,565,512 | 817,882 | 184,480 | 354,683 | 136,403 | 1,122,918 | 27,576,853 |
| Scientific research and development services | 26,842 | 1,412,635 | 35,191 | 7,002 | 22,413 | * 707 | 66,215 | 775,250 |
| Advertising and related services | 90,271 | 6,739,828 | 134,245 | 28,999 | 85,585 | 27,056 | 236,820 | 2,276,899 |
| Market research and public opinion polling | 26,335 | 1,053,548 | 6,284 | * 1,537 | 11,932 | * 375 | 42,712 | 494,610 |
| Other miscellaneous services | 418,993 | 23,088,850 | 716,691 | 109,782 | 389,726 | 143,183 | 1,661,843 | 10,277,052 |
| Administrative and support and waste management and remediation services | 1,787,855 | 52,763,362 | 1,752,019 | 409,781 | 585,247 | 305,984 | 5,466,780 | 19,554,621 |
| Administrative and support services | 1,766,210 | 50,755,416 | 1,580,081 | 390,345 | 563,092 | 276,754 | 5,321,341 | 19,225,753 |
| Waste management and remediation services | 21,645 | 2,007,946 | 171,937 | 19,435 | 22,155 | 29,230 | 145,440 | 328,868 |
| Educational services | 466,677 | 7,042,678 | 140,904 | 30,938 | 352,979 | 44,792 | 268,854 | 3,612,035 |

Footnotes at end of table

Table 1. Nonfarm Sole Proprietorships: Business Receipts, Selected Deductions, Payroll, and Net Income, by Industrial Sectors, Tax Year 2007-Continued
[All figures are estimates based on samples-money amounts are in thousands of dollars]

| Industrial sector | Businesses with net income |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Number of returns | Business receipts | Depreciation deduction [1,2] | Rent paid <br> on machinery and equipment [1] | Rent paid on other business property [1] | Interest paid deduction $[1,3]$ | Payroll [1,4] | Net income |
| Health care and social assistance | (9) | (10) | (11) | (12) | (13) | (14) | (15) | (16) |
|  | 1,677,379 | 107,695,993 | 2,262,347 | 528,516 | 4,399,618 | 939,407 | 14,893,884 | 48,286,449 |
| Ambulatory health care services | 829,480 | 91,188,521 | 1,898,616 | 460,576 | 4,046,344 | 733,914 | 13,333,972 | 41,107,694 |
| Offices of physicians (except mental health specialists) | 160,313 | 31,988,061 | 515,444 | 174,059 | 1,274,790 | 168,478 | 4,052,871 | 16,239,483 |
| Offices of physicians, mental health specialists | 28,775 | 2,923,924 | 42,986 | 19,528 | 172,550 | 16,461 | 153,074 | 1,797,035 |
| Offices of dentists | 84,992 | 29,148,584 | 874,270 | 108,901 | 1,126,332 | 353,616 | 6,321,501 | 10,431,676 |
| Offices of chiropractors | 34,353 | 4,505,208 | 94,661 | 41,600 | 388,324 | 61,313 | 507,247 | 1,745,278 |
| Offices of optometrists | 17,661 | 3,234,129 | 69,016 | 32,704 | 167,600 | 24,528 | 542,131 | 924,445 |
| Offices of mental health practitioners and social therapists | 141,668 | 7,928,102 | 124,787 | 29,441 | 520,958 | 19,028 | 482,225 | 4,617,337 |
| Offices of podiatrists | 4,543 | 958,637 | 16,587 | 2,705 | 88,334 | 9,052 | 125,890 | 352,247 |
| Outpatient care centers and other miscellaneous health practitioners | 119,980 | 4,559,133 | 79,873 | 23,886 | 202,316 | 24,018 | 233,335 | 2,413,599 |
| Medical and diagnostic laboratories | 27,060 | 1,295,056 | 32,741 | 4,217 | 58,828 | 9,954 | 200,565 | 448,923 |
| Home health care services | 186,423 | 3,696,328 | 34,716 | 14,109 | 25,562 | 42,956 | 586,697 | 1,790,438 |
| Other ambulatory health care services (including ambulance services, blood and organ banks) | 23,712 | 951,359 | 13,536 | 9,425 | 20,750 | 4,509 | 128,438 | 347,232 |
| Hospitals | 8,831 | 466,059 | * 3,937 | * 1,601 | * 5,580 | * 1,759 | * 69,301 | 255,650 |
| Nursing and residential care facilities | 46,231 | 2,650,615 | 85,315 | 14,121 | 90,382 | 76,552 | 655,447 | 501,734 |
| Social assistance | 117,669 | 2,762,097 | 44,219 | 16,361 | 107,113 | 18,561 | 219,037 | 1,306,503 |
| Child day care services | 675,168 | 10,628,701 | 230,259 | 35,857 | 150,199 | 108,620 | 616,126 | 5,114,868 |
| Arts, entertainment, and recreation | 783,394 | 24,742,954 | 750,420 | 135,736 | 591,563 | 113,460 | 825,929 | 11,410,732 |
| Performing arts, spectator sports, and related industries | 649,255 | 20,327,153 | 626,350 | 88,421 | 329,385 | 72,964 | 492,875 | 10,275,232 |
| Museums, historical sites, and similar institutions | 2,711 | 28,675 | * 205 | * 1 | * 53 | 0 | * 3 | 25,364 |
| Amusement, gambling, and recreation industries | 131,428 | 4,387,126 | 123,865 | 47,314 | 262,125 | 40,496 | 333,051 | 1,110,136 |
| Accommodation, food services, and drinking places | 263,332 | 34,879,565 | 823,180 | 240,788 | 2,243,084 | 507,408 | 5,418,621 | 3,964,887 |
| Accommodation | 27,192 | 3,121,187 | 185,574 | 8,181 | 73,379 | 232,796 | 354,122 | 611,072 |
| Travel accommodation (including hotels, motels, and bed and breakfast inns) | 16,211 | 2,539,278 | 156,454 | 5,136 | 66,559 | 193,062 | 301,885 | 485,658 |
| RV (recreational vehicle) parks and recreational camps | 7,657 | 277,078 | 10,888 | * 1,241 | * 4,600 | * 15,700 | 27,109 | 59,658 |
| Rooming and boarding houses | 3,325 | 304,831 | 18,231 | * 1,805 | * 2,220 | * 24,035 | * 25,127 | 65,755 |
| Food services and drinking places | 236,140 | 31,758,378 | 637,607 | 232,606 | 2,169,704 | 274,612 | 5,064,499 | 3,353,816 |
| Other services | 1,915,583 | 72,514,673 | 1,883,760 | 722,176 | 4,510,472 | 675,163 | 5,751,236 | 22,828,669 |
| Auto repair and maintenance | 305,856 | 19,928,520 | 606,335 | 195,747 | 647,493 | 239,356 | 2,089,613 | 3,863,109 |
| Automotive mechanical and electrical repair and maintenance | 154,941 | 9,543,976 | 295,196 | 52,514 | 267,576 | 128,859 | 891,388 | 1,891,915 |
| Automotive body shops | 75,412 | 6,440,614 | 171,349 | 93,620 | 218,149 | 65,628 | 802,904 | 1,172,160 |
| Other auto repair and maintenance (including oil change, lubrication, and car washes) | 75,503 | 3,943,930 | 139,790 | 49,613 | 161,768 | 44,869 | 395,321 | 799,034 |
| Miscellaneous repairs | 334,471 | 14,826,271 | 467,964 | 85,555 | 243,813 | 158,103 | 1,103,270 | 4,147,093 |
| Personal and laundry services | 1,275,256 | 37,759,882 | 809,460 | 440,874 | 3,619,166 | 277,703 | 2,558,354 | 14,818,467 |
| Religious, grantmaking, civic, professional and similar organizations | 201,412 | 3,292,324 | 34,159 | * 3,732 | 8,608 | * 8,597 | * 23,717 | 2,072,527 |
| Unclassified establishments | 443,351 | 4,785,400 | 97,443 | 41,237 | 37,802 | 29,768 | 79,396 | 2,901,164 |
| * Estimate should be used with caution because of the small number of sample returns on which it is based. <br> ** Data combined to prevent disclosure of taxpayer information. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| [1] Excludes amounts reported on Schedule C-EZ filed by certain small businesses not required to itemize their business deductions. Therefore, totals shown may be sider understated. <br> [2] Includes depreciation claimed on Form 8829, Expenses for Business Use of Your Home. <br> [3] Interest paid is the sum of mortgage interest and other interest paid on business indebtedness. <br> [4] Payroll is the sum of salaries and wages plus the cost of labor reported as part of cost of sales and operations. <br> NOTE: Detail may not add to totals because of rounding. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

Table 2. Nonfarm Sole Proprietorships: Income Statements, by Industrial Sectors, Tax Year 2007
[All figures are estimates based on samples-money amounts are in thousands of dollars]

| Net income status, item | All nonfarm industries | Agriculture, forestry, hunting, and fishing |  |  |  |  |  | Mining |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Total | Animal production (including breeding of cats and dogs) | Forestry and logging (including forest nurseries, timber tracts) | Fishing | Hunting and trapping | Support activities for agriculture and forestry | Total |
|  | (1) | (2) | (3) | (4) | (5) | (6) | (7) | (8) |
| BUSINESSES WITH AND WITHOUT NET INCOME Number of returns [1] | 23,122,698 | 301,280 | 53,941 | 51,332 | 63,216 | 10,480 | 122,312 | 126,578 |
| Business receipts, total [1] | 1,324,403,080 | 17,747,925 | 1,766,020 | 5,208,334 | 2,334,905 | 380,277 | 8,058,389 | 12,534,266 |
| Income from sales and operations [1] | 1,303,976,701 | 17,405,779 | 1,683,919 | 5,145,938 | 2,248,280 | 373,160 | 7,954,482 | 11,996,371 |
| Other business income | 20,426,379 | 342,146 | 82,100 | 62,397 | 86,625 | 7,118 | 103,906 | 537,894 |
| Business deductions, total [1,2] | 1,044,343,442 | 17,100,026 | 2,318,882 | 4,904,911 | 1,926,292 | 360,266 | 7,589,675 | 10,913,682 |
| Cost of sales and operations, total | 422,684,549 | 5,660,622 | 745,829 | 1,443,401 | 338,159 | 126,261 | 3,006,972 | 2,788,714 |
| Inventory, beginning of year | 44,469,609 | 543,798 | 102,881 | 271,050 | * 7,388 | * 10,974 | 151,504 | 71,876 |
| Cost of labor | 34,514,589 | 341,752 | 26,863 | 123,087 | * 45,689 | * 18,818 | 127,296 | 214,754 |
| Purchases | 264,234,818 | 4,428,553 | 561,119 | 875,450 | * 188,828 | 71,172 | 2,731,985 | 1,161,315 |
| Materials and supplies | 61,519,006 | 207,887 | 48,087 | 59,713 | 47,076 | * 3,823 | 49,189 | 97,919 |
| Other costs | 64,956,668 | 563,263 | 96,320 | 259,159 | 61,271 | * 34,731 | 111,783 | 1,315,366 |
| Inventory, end of year | 47,010,141 | 424,632 | 89,441 | 145,057 | * 12,091 | * 13,258 | 164,784 | 72,516 |
| Advertising expenses | 15,731,012 | 90,979 | 22,515 | 9,699 | 17,437 | 2,815 | 38,513 | 14,966 |
| Car and truck expenses | 82,023,756 | 967,185 | 128,799 | 263,772 | 124,767 | 8,828 | 441,018 | 327,274 |
| Commissions | 14,569,232 | 92,797 | 33,639 | 13,913 | * 4,251 | * 946 | 40,048 | 30,944 |
| Contract labor | 36,674,415 | 624,357 | 29,738 | 310,895 | 48,008 | 3,869 | 231,847 | 135,819 |
| Depletion | 1,021,072 | 87 | * 1 | * 11 | 0 | * 36 | * 39 | 873,111 |
| Depreciation | 39,645,972 | 1,651,315 | 264,644 | 565,566 | 285,152 | 47,407 | 488,546 | 931,200 |
| Employee benefit programs | 2,909,540 | 11,125 | 668 | 4,439 | * 359 | * 15 | 5,644 | 23,142 |
| Insurance | 19,290,556 | 416,028 | 39,450 | 165,584 | 52,283 | 7,104 | 151,606 | 142,881 |
| Legal and professional services | 10,934,377 | 129,634 | 31,698 | 20,592 | 20,430 | 4,262 | 52,651 | 102,745 |
| Meals and entertainment deducted | 7,661,490 | 51,218 | 5,504 | 10,292 | 15,429 | 1,010 | 18,983 | 29,331 |
| Mortgage interest | 6,648,973 | 105,559 | 11,877 | 21,376 | 17,874 | * 4,774 | 49,657 | 34,778 |
| Other interest paid on business indebtedness | 8,368,192 | 209,525 | 14,376 | 79,018 | 29,653 | * 9,139 | 77,340 | 156,692 |
| Office expenses | 13,297,287 | 51,863 | 8,950 | 12,209 | 5,676 | 823 | 24,205 | 46,140 |
| Pension and profit-sharing plans | 1,279,748 | 2,983 | * 242 | 1,653 | * 164 | 0 | 924 | 3,113 |
| Rent paid on machinery and equipment | 9,526,481 | 127,994 | 5,606 | 51,690 | 24,762 | * 400 | 45,536 | 39,597 |
| Rent paid on other business property | 33,613,237 | 213,486 | 13,411 | 18,634 | 29,888 | 19,428 | 132,124 | 46,426 |
| Repairs | 16,170,712 | 747,409 | 37,588 | 353,903 | 115,249 | 20,039 | 220,631 | 205,423 |
| Supplies | 32,325,460 | 595,994 | 129,025 | 85,362 | 149,514 | 9,285 | 222,808 | 115,960 |
| Salaries and wages | 79,380,311 | 1,384,725 | 30,530 | 390,963 | 13,240 | 24,691 | 925,302 | 406,512 |
| Taxes paid | 18,183,185 | 337,412 | 15,866 | 86,689 | 46,846 | 9,191 | 178,819 | 295,731 |
| Travel | 13,134,026 | 141,345 | 31,546 | 12,340 | 39,422 | 2,301 | 55,737 | 53,196 |
| Utilities | 24,856,179 | 229,172 | 35,194 | 50,492 | 26,442 | 13,893 | 103,151 | 94,957 |
| Other business deductions | 119,516,105 | 3,150,505 | 651,228 | 920,331 | 499,039 | 41,904 | 1,038,003 | 3,973,760 |
| Home office business deductions, total | 11,217,628 | 78,411 | 30,325 | 6,178 | 15,457 | 0 | 26,451 | 16,170 |
| Depreciation, Form 8829 [3] | 1,439,137 | 11,145 | 6,159 | 1,157 | 2,342 | 0 | 1,487 | 1,383 |
| Casualty loss, Form 8829 [3] | 99,670 | * 369 | * 48 | * 318 | 0 | 0 | * 3 | 0 |
| Excess-casualty depreciations, Form 8829 [3] | 1,235,717 | 12,441 | * 8,477 | * 1,362 | * 679 | 0 | * 1,922 | 1,542 |
| Net income less deficit [1,2] | 280,557,010 | 668,372 | -547,398 | 303,534 | 409,418 | 20,558 | 482,260 | 1,624,615 |
| Net income [1,2] | 335,098,968 | 2,633,207 | 181,712 | 583,592 | 717,764 | 60,262 | 1,089,877 | 2,811,035 |
| Deficit [2] | -54,541,958 | -1,964,834 | -729,110 | -280,058 | -308,346 | -39,704 | -607,617 | -1,186,420 |

[^10]Table 2. Nonfarm Sole Proprietorships: Income Statements, by Industrial Sectors, Tax Year 2007-Continued
[All figures are estimates based on samples-money amounts are in thousands of dollars]

| Net income status, item | All nonfarm industries | Agriculture, forestry, hunting, and fishing |  |  |  |  |  | Mining |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Total | Animal production (including breeding of cats and dogs) | Forestry and logging (including forest nurseries, timber tracts) | Fishing | Hunting and trapping | Support activities for agriculture and forestry | Total |
|  | (1) | (2) | (3) | (4) | (5) | (6) | (7) | (8) |
| Number of returns [1] | 16,928,788 | 166,008 | 16,462 | 31,497 | 37,832 | 4,846 | 75,371 | 95,112 |
| Business receipts, total [1] | 1,108,966,537 | 13,760,063 | 1,125,624 | 4,225,932 | 1,955,315 | 238,520 | 6,214,672 | 9,895,176 |
| Income from sales and operations [1] | 1,094,000,523 | 13,549,270 | 1,075,927 | 4,186,075 | 1,874,770 | 238,053 | 6,174,445 | 9,487,699 |
| Other business income | 14,966,013 | 210,793 | 49,696 | 39,858 | 80,545 | * 466 | 40,227 | 407,478 |
| Business deductions, total [1,2] | 773,912,492 | 11,126,867 | 943,935 | 3,642,341 | 1,237,539 | 178,257 | 5,124,795 | 7,085,224 |
| Cost of sales and operations, total | 319,391,585 | 4,287,367 | 434,082 | 1,236,964 | 268,685 | * 68,178 | 2,279,457 | 1,976,056 |
| Inventory, beginning of year | 26,022,617 | 350,247 | * 38,077 | 227,786 | * 7,388 | 0 | 76,996 | 42,475 |
| Cost of labor | 28,691,090 | 323,074 | * 24,323 | 116,282 | * 42,951 | * 18,818 | 120,700 | 191,942 |
| Purchases | 197,099,788 | 3,354,954 | 298,231 | 771,718 | * 188,824 | * 43,648 | 2,052,533 | 848,745 |
| Materials and supplies | 49,457,882 | 163,934 | * 35,324 | 37,715 | * 40,465 | * 2,647 | 47,783 | 75,676 |
| Other costs | 45,911,851 | 340,050 | 66,864 | 191,235 | * 1,088 | * 3,065 | 77,798 | 857,228 |
| Inventory, end of year | 27,791,643 | 244,892 | * 28,736 | 107,772 | * 12,031 | 0 | 96,352 | 40,010 |
| Advertising expenses | 11,631,573 | 52,181 | 8,416 | 5,557 | 12,773 | * 1,738 | 23,697 | 11,865 |
| Car and truck expenses | 61,245,094 | 578,730 | 54,587 | 183,055 | 67,897 | * 3,196 | 269,994 | 280,854 |
| Commissions | 10,985,416 | 54,282 | 22,202 | * 12,179 | * 3,564 | 0 | 16,336 | 28,114 |
| Contract labor | 30,022,269 | 377,660 | 16,994 | 184,568 | 41,846 | * 180 | 134,072 | 113,402 |
| Depletion | 772,119 | * 36 | 0 | 0 | 0 | * 1 | * 34 | 661,919 |
| Depreciation | 26,068,072 | 863,777 | 80,961 | 371,105 | 132,724 | * 13,250 | 265,736 | 612,662 |
| Employee benefit programs | 2,302,843 | 8,564 | * 261 | 3,488 | * 134 | 0 | 4,681 | 12,956 |
| Insurance | 14,947,353 | 286,516 | 18,857 | 122,192 | 28,928 | * 1,500 | 115,038 | 110,549 |
| Legal and professional services | 7,792,043 | 62,518 | 6,154 | 9,851 | 14,042 | * 2,608 | 29,863 | 60,606 |
| Meals and entertainment deducted | 6,050,928 | 30,825 | 2,385 | 6,914 | 10,950 | * 319 | 10,257 | 24,826 |
| Mortgage interest | 3,493,736 | 57,503 | * 7,892 | 16,405 | * 3,368 | * 1,932 | 27,905 | 22,975 |
| Other interest paid on business indebtedness | 4,911,372 | 110,465 | 3,314 | 40,888 | 18,604 | * 30 | 47,628 | 74,875 |
| Office expenses | 10,282,730 | 29,751 | 2,749 | 8,632 | 3,764 | * 491 | 14,116 | 33,172 |
| Pension and profit-sharing plans | 1,181,625 | 2,437 | 0 | 1,518 | 0 | 0 | 919 | 2,532 |
| Rent paid on machinery and equipment | 7,211,095 | 102,737 | * 4,144 | 47,166 | 17,879 | * 3 | 33,545 | 22,442 |
| Rent paid on other business property | 25,186,283 | 86,920 | 6,650 | 14,024 | 19,550 | * 17,484 | 29,212 | 33,414 |
| Repairs | 11,481,853 | 448,034 | 14,289 | 239,714 | 62,732 | * 6,306 | 124,994 | 158,694 |
| Supplies | 24,197,292 | 326,266 | 26,486 | 52,271 | 82,243 | * 3,116 | 162,150 | 77,627 |
| Salaries and wages | 62,983,026 | 1,137,287 | * 11,198 | 297,964 | * 9,947 | * 21,441 | 796,737 | 274,828 |
| Taxes paid | 13,684,297 | 219,432 | 6,290 | 54,112 | 28,837 | * 7,032 | 123,160 | 212,765 |
| Travel | 9,736,826 | 73,634 | 4,235 | 9,803 | 25,766 | * 517 | 33,313 | 36,054 |
| Utilities | 18,153,001 | 132,093 | 14,991 | 30,565 | 18,446 | * 3,504 | 64,588 | 78,948 |
| Other business deductions | 78,209,792 | 1,732,854 | 189,724 | 684,184 | 347,894 | * 23,615 | 487,437 | 2,124,124 |
| Home office business deductions, total | 8,392,388 | 39,784 | * 6,659 | 3,741 | 11,329 | 0 | 18,056 | 13,917 |
| Depreciation, Form 8829 [3] | 973,642 | 2,841 | * 360 | 365 | * 1,657 | 0 | 459 | 1,047 |
| Casualty loss, Form 8829 [3] | 60,917 | * 48 | * 48 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Excess-casualty depreciations, Form 8829 [3] | 142,436 | * 642 | * 642 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | * 97 |
| Net income [1,2] | 335,098,968 | 2,633,207 | 181,712 | 583,592 | 717,764 | 60,262 | 1,089,877 | 2,811,035 |
| Returns with Schedule C-EZ: <br> Number of returns | 4,399,494 | 42,647 | 2,064 | 8,087 | 8,802 | * 3,474 | 20,221 | 21,951 |
| Business receipts | 31,215,207 | 210,792 | 4,341 | 28,191 | 45,128 | * 13,187 | 119,945 | 139,542 |
| Business deductions | 3,679,945 | 28,297 | * 634 | * 5,907 | * 6,791 | * 1,845 | 13,119 | 25,101 |
| Net income | 27,535,262 | 182,495 | * 3,706 | 22,284 | 38,336 | * 11,342 | 106,826 | 114,441 |

Footnotes at end of table.

Table 2. Nonfarm Sole Proprietorships: Income Statements, by Industrial Sectors, Tax Year 2007-Continued

| Net income status, item | Mining-continued |  |  |  |  | Utilities | Construction |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Oil and gas extraction | Coal mining | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Metal } \\ & \text { ore } \\ & \text { mining } \end{aligned}$ | Nonmetallic mineral mining and quarrying | Support activities for mining | Total | Total |
|  | (9) | (10) | (11) | (12) | (13) | (14) | (15) |
| BUSINESSES WITH AND WITHOUT NET INCOME <br> Number of returns [1] | 104,284 | 408 | * 1,028 | 3,487 | 17,371 | 10,131 | 2,931,110 |
| Business receipts, total [1] | 9,632,432 | 71,712 | * 1,432 | 920,554 | 1,908,136 | 565,214 | 230,835,068 |
| Income from sales and operations [1] | 9,178,734 | 71,402 | * 1,432 | 919,044 | 1,825,759 | 563,140 | 229,219,635 |
| Other business income | 453,698 | * 310 | 0 | 1,510 | 82,377 | 2,075 | 1,615,433 |
| Business deductions, total [1,2] | 8,516,518 | 66,633 | * 4,558 | 861,486 | 1,464,487 | 523,669 | 195,237,842 |
| Cost of sales and operations, total | 1,805,302 | * 4,370 | * 763 | 458,961 | 519,317 | 222,384 | 99,315,888 |
| Inventory, beginning of year | 49,695 | * 82 | 0 | * 16,036 | * 6,064 | * 447 | 7,901,962 |
| Cost of labor | 138,803 | 0 | * 489 | 59,366 | * 16,096 | * 33,033 | 17,647,456 |
| Purchases | 464,114 | * 3,935 | 0 | 303,065 | 390,202 | * 46,990 | 30,031,679 |
| Materials and supplies | 44,349 | 0 | * 148 | * 19,210 | 34,212 | * 33,557 | 33,173,579 |
| Other costs | 1,154,557 | * 430 | * 127 | 76,472 | 83,780 | * 109,734 | 19,335,209 |
| Inventory, end of year | 46,216 | * 77 | 0 | * 15,187 | * 11,037 | * 1,379 | 8,773,996 |
| Advertising expenses | 5,355 | * 46 | 0 | 7,538 | 2,026 | 1,857 | 1,264,898 |
| Car and truck expenses | 168,215 | * 219 | * 611 | 22,086 | 136,143 | 39,667 | 15,584,086 |
| Commissions | 27,960 | * 35 | 0 | * 2,614 | * 334 | * 2,183 | 752,630 |
| Contract labor | 89,808 | * 18 | 0 | * 1,125 | 44,869 | 62,070 | 15,287,410 |
| Depletion | 852,693 | * 961 | * 130 | 17,708 | 1,619 | * 3,371 | 60,823 |
| Depreciation | 692,659 | * 2,431 | * 465 | 89,594 | 146,051 | 42,091 | 7,264,279 |
| Employee benefit programs | 12,290 | * 1,730 | 0 | * 2,033 | 7,090 | * 50 | 367,121 |
| Insurance | 75,443 | * 4,411 | * 137 | 16,859 | 46,031 | 13,103 | 4,366,712 |
| Legal and professional services | 89,416 | 716 | * 9 | 3,095 | 9,508 | 3,264 | 1,069,848 |
| Meals and entertainment deducted | 15,404 | * 4 | * 5 | 805 | 13,114 | 2,520 | 697,176 |
| Mortgage interest | 22,654 | * 67 | 0 | * 8,274 | * 3,783 | * 333 | 971,130 |
| Other interest paid on business indebtedness | 111,003 | * 1,354 | 0 | 28,174 | 16,161 | * 2,564 | 1,258,704 |
| Office expenses | 33,310 | * 279 | * 15 | 4,183 | 8,353 | 2,978 | 1,203,860 |
| Pension and profit-sharing plans | 2,594 | * 131 | 0 | * 80 | * 308 | * 11 | 73,774 |
| Rent paid on machinery and equipment | 16,421 | * 178 | * 6 | 12,879 | 10,113 | 3,422 | 1,430,225 |
| Rent paid on other business property | 34,410 | * 52 | * 64 | * 1,377 | 10,522 | * 1,251 | 1,605,321 |
| Repairs | 123,203 | * 3,700 | * 48 | 35,415 | 43,056 | 10,413 | 2,066,517 |
| Supplies | 67,450 | * 7,808 | * 12 | 4,021 | 36,669 | 13,945 | 8,118,260 |
| Salaries and wages | 155,525 | * 22,837 | * 364 | 39,097 | 188,688 | * 14,997 | 10,598,430 |
| Taxes paid | 252,232 | * 3,134 | * 171 | 14,910 | 25,285 | 4,438 | 2,294,429 |
| Travel | 34,150 | * 3 | * 17 | * 1,010 | 18,016 | 6,971 | 981,857 |
| Utilities | 62,236 | * 241 | * 26 | 13,863 | 18,592 | 3,908 | 2,593,852 |
| Other business deductions | 3,742,497 | 11,906 | * 1,717 | 75,659 | 141,981 | 60,058 | 14,317,657 |
| Home office business deductions, total | 12,501 | 0 | 0 | * 124 | * 3,545 | * 1,020 | 1,320,751 |
| Depreciation, Form 8829 [3] | 1,125 | 0 | 0 | * 56 | * 202 | * 935 | 141,652 |
| Casualty loss, Form 8829 [3] | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 23,190 |
| Excess-casualty depreciations, Form 8829 [3] | 1,540 | 0 | 0 | * 2 | 0 | * 932 | 85,376 |
| Net income less deficit [1,2] | 1,119,626 | 5,079 | *-3,125 | 59,401 | 443,634 | 39,999 | 35,667,000 |
| Net income [1,2] | 2,216,323 | * 5,864 | 0 | 97,838 | 491,010 | 100,720 | 41,318,313 |
| Deficit [2] | -1,096,697 | * -785 | * -3,125 | -38,436 | -47,376 | -60,722 | -5,651,313 |

Footnotes at end of table.

Sole Proprietorship Returns, 2007

Statistics of Income Bulletin | Summer 2009

Table 2. Nonfarm Sole Proprietorships: Income Statements, by Industrial Sectors, Tax Year 2007-Continued
[All figures are estimates based on samples-money amounts are in thousands of dollars]

| Net income status, item | Mining-continued |  |  |  |  | Utilities | Construction |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Oil and gas extraction | Coal mining | Metal ore mining | Nonmetallic mineral mining and quarrying | Support activities for mining | Total | Total |
|  | (9) | (10) | (11) | (12) | (13) | (14) | (15) |
| Number of returns [1] | 78,895 | * 261 | 0 | 2,130 | 13,826 | 8,067 | 2,434,150 |
| Business receipts, total [1] | 7,545,881 | * 62,270 | 0 | 777,948 | 1,509,078 | 406,924 | 200,697,261 |
| Income from sales and operations [1] | 7,215,533 | * 62,178 | 0 | 777,856 | 1,432,131 | 404,903 | 199,409,333 |
| Other business income | 330,349 | * 92 | 0 | * 92 | 76,946 | * 2,021 | 1,287,928 |
| Business deductions, total [1,2] | 5,330,641 | * 56,405 | 0 | 680,110 | 1,018,067 | 306,234 | 159,383,836 |
| Cost of sales and operations, total | 1,226,673 | * 4,370 | 0 | 415,201 | 329,812 | * 115,884 | 81,910,491 |
| Inventory, beginning of year | 33,330 | * 82 | 0 | * 3,630 | * 5,433 | * 447 | 3,885,876 |
| Cost of labor | 130,446 | 0 | 0 | * 48,148 | * 13,349 | 0 | 15,222,461 |
| Purchases | 335,839 | * 3,935 | 0 | * 287,064 | * 221,908 | * 44,365 | 24,371,648 |
| Materials and supplies | 36,879 | 0 | 0 | * 14,316 | * 24,481 | * 2,523 | 28,268,445 |
| Other costs | 717,077 | * 430 | 0 | * 65,989 | 73,732 | * 68,996 | 14,740,831 |
| Inventory, end of year | 26,898 | * 77 | 0 | * 3,944 | * 9,091 | * 447 | 4,578,770 |
| Advertising expenses | 3,886 | * 46 | 0 | * 6,218 | 1,716 | * 1,466 | 1,000,554 |
| Car and truck expenses | 140,862 | * 171 | 0 | * 21,189 | 118,632 | 33,073 | 12,866,040 |
| Commissions | 25,340 | * 35 | 0 | * 2,566 | * 172 | * 2,183 | 563,724 |
| Contract labor | 78,485 | * 18 | 0 | * 448 | 34,451 | * 55,718 | 13,251,362 |
| Depletion | 651,735 | 0 | 0 | 8,769 | * 1,415 | * 3,371 | 56,796 |
| Depreciation | 444,745 | * 1,716 | 0 | 66,580 | 99,621 | 16,189 | 5,589,410 |
| Employee benefit programs | 5,647 | * 1,730 | 0 | * 1,392 | 4,187 | * 3 | 273,735 |
| Insurance | 58,301 | * 4,411 | 0 | 11,016 | 36,821 | * 4,769 | 3,578,133 |
| Legal and professional services | 51,803 | * 616 | 0 | 1,513 | 6,674 | * 697 | 789,754 |
| Meals and entertainment deducted | 12,038 | * 3 | 0 | * 619 | 12,166 | * 1,769 | 576,054 |
| Mortgage interest | 15,071 | * 67 | 0 | * 4,468 | * 3,370 | * 333 | 481,291 |
| Other interest paid on business indebtedness | 52,277 | * 153 | 0 | * 13,465 | 8,980 | * 110 | 833,239 |
| Office expenses | 24,563 | * 66 | 0 | 2,188 | 6,356 | * 1,500 | 930,453 |
| Pension and profit-sharing plans | 2,018 | * 131 | 0 | * 75 | * 308 | * 5 | 63,753 |
| Rent paid on machinery and equipment | 14,436 | * 178 | 0 | * 2,270 | 5,558 | * 2,316 | 1,111,543 |
| Rent paid on other business property | 24,558 | * 52 | 0 | * 940 | 7,865 | * 105 | 1,211,961 |
| Repairs | 111,073 | * 3,700 | 0 | 20,711 | 23,209 | * 5,138 | 1,612,211 |
| Supplies | 49,378 | * 7,808 | 0 | * 2,469 | 17,972 | 12,387 | 6,715,431 |
| Salaries and wages | 98,276 | * 22,837 | 0 | * 27,989 | 125,726 | * 9,996 | 8,654,849 |
| Taxes paid | 180,730 | * 2,630 | 0 | 10,671 | 18,735 | * 3,846 | 1,839,370 |
| Travel | 18,805 | * 1 | 0 | * 653 | 16,594 | * 2,136 | 791,165 |
| Utilities | 53,769 | * 241 | 0 | 8,860 | 16,078 | 2,986 | 2,051,584 |
| Other business deductions | 1,964,133 | * 5,425 | 0 | 49,735 | 104,831 | 25,224 | 11,183,919 |
| Home office business deductions, total | 10,265 | 0 | 0 | * 106 | * 3,545 | * 230 | 1,077,913 |
| Depreciation, Form 8829 [3] | 791 | 0 | 0 | * 54 | * 202 | * 3 | 109,495 |
| Casualty loss, Form 8829 [3] | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 20,589 |
| Excess-casualty depreciations, Form 8829 [3] | * 97 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 22,768 |
| Net income [1,2] | 2,216,323 | * 5,864 | 0 | 97,838 | 491,010 | 100,720 | 41,318,313 |
| Returns with Schedule C-EZ: Number of returns | 17,284 | 0 | 0 | * 300 | 4,367 | * 3,983 | 470,797 |
| Business receipts | 66,658 | 0 | 0 | * 33,350 | 39,533 | * 21,891 | 3,626,865 |
| Business deductions | 11,789 | 0 | 0 | 0 | * 13,312 | * 4,802 | 372,204 |

Table 2. Nonfarm Sole Proprietorships: Income Statements, by Industrial Sectors, Tax Year 2007-Continued

| Net income status, item | Construction-continued |  |  |  | Manufacturing |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Residential building construction | Nonresidential building construction | Heavy and civil engineering construction | Specialty trade contractors | Total | Food manufacturing | Textile and textile product mills | Apparel |
|  | (16) | (17) | (18) | (19) | (20) | (21) | (22) | (23) |
| BUSINESSES WITH AND WITHOUT NET INCOME Number of returns [1] | 423,433 | 83,005 | 77,303 | 2,347,369 | 362,390 | 44,984 | 7,690 | 28,809 |
| Business receipts, total [1] | 50,209,133 | 10,828,766 | 10,069,553 | 159,727,616 | 29,248,316 | 3,864,513 | 407,370 | 1,287,983 |
| Income from sales and operations [1] | 49,945,594 | 10,738,066 | 9,954,323 | 158,581,651 | 29,063,321 | 3,836,267 | 407,264 | 1,280,405 |
| Other business income | 263,539 | 90,700 | 115,230 | 1,145,964 | 184,994 | 28,246 | * 106 | 7,578 |
| Business deductions, total [1,2] | 44,432,292 | 9,669,315 | 9,244,020 | 131,892,215 | 26,230,644 | 3,791,997 | 423,076 | 1,205,864 |
| Cost of sales and operations, total | 28,259,449 | 6,205,627 | 5,252,838 | 59,597,975 | 14,167,143 | 2,438,758 | 210,860 | 568,938 |
| Inventory, beginning of year | 4,331,173 | 218,026 | 1,648,010 | 1,704,753 | 1,608,491 | 314,741 | * 31,946 | 88,221 |
| Cost of labor | 3,828,925 | 868,808 | 382,226 | 12,567,497 | 1,630,818 | 75,453 | * 37,258 | 128,189 |
| Purchases | 7,764,105 | 1,567,259 | 2,015,934 | 18,684,381 | 7,778,254 | 1,743,801 | * 111,234 | 302,383 |
| Materials and supplies | 9,320,768 | 1,660,525 | 1,349,615 | 20,842,672 | 3,090,152 | 500,931 | * 20,884 | 31,569 |
| Other costs | 7,741,160 | 2,208,738 | 1,867,848 | 7,517,462 | 1,869,448 | 201,463 | * 22,702 | 112,644 |
| Inventory, end of year | 4,726,681 | 317,728 | 2,010,795 | 1,718,791 | 1,810,019 | 397,630 | * 13,163 | 94,068 |
| Advertising expenses | 210,353 | 35,210 | 62,625 | 956,710 | 284,439 | 41,200 | 6,160 | 31,574 |
| Car and truck expenses | 2,230,060 | 471,064 | 354,330 | 12,528,632 | 1,024,633 | 98,146 | 28,038 | 54,902 |
| Commissions | 149,109 | 37,659 | 68,054 | 497,809 | 162,571 | 15,928 | * 6,479 | 4,351 |
| Contract labor | 2,995,191 | 520,982 | 324,941 | 11,446,296 | 466,746 | 16,523 | * 4,116 | 45,522 |
| Depletion | * 3,448 | * 143 | * 614 | 56,617 | 596 | * 75 | 0 | 0 |
| Depreciation | 1,007,430 | 255,248 | 549,950 | 5,451,651 | 1,190,925 | 112,301 | 15,185 | 35,421 |
| Employee benefit programs | 34,448 | 18,674 | 10,921 | 303,078 | 104,160 | 7,387 | * 2,185 | * 7,312 |
| Insurance | 740,853 | 185,893 | 182,539 | 3,257,428 | 368,060 | 36,438 | 9,027 | 9,941 |
| Legal and professional services | 247,801 | 52,855 | 102,099 | 667,094 | 194,980 | 25,397 | 5,347 | 6,440 |
| Meals and entertainment deducted | 97,814 | 29,983 | 40,996 | 528,383 | 88,754 | 6,548 | 729 | 8,688 |
| Mortgage interest | 337,541 | 49,825 | 161,448 | 422,316 | 157,726 | 15,577 | * 67 | * 4 |
| Other interest paid on business indebtedness | 300,892 | 72,656 | 150,002 | 735,155 | 224,517 | 39,571 | * 3,495 | 4,696 |
| Office expenses | 174,419 | 50,731 | 57,056 | 921,653 | 245,077 | 26,964 | 2,071 | 16,096 |
| Pension and profit-sharing plans | 8,355 | 3,431 | 5,409 | 56,579 | 16,626 | 541 | * 2,452 | * 79 |
| Rent paid on machinery and equipment | 204,865 | 103,428 | 82,850 | 1,039,082 | 168,357 | 25,687 | * 3,174 | 4,904 |
| Rent paid on other business property | 227,167 | 63,135 | 43,512 | 1,271,506 | 961,775 | 85,316 | 15,815 | 63,083 |
| Repairs | 248,086 | 77,705 | 196,884 | 1,543,841 | 356,471 | 55,296 | 3,808 | 9,236 |
| Supplies | 1,491,610 | 204,805 | 163,288 | 6,258,557 | 772,723 | 76,295 | 7,349 | 35,600 |
| Salaries and wages | 1,485,090 | 430,576 | 395,965 | 8,286,798 | 2,016,732 | 287,887 | * 33,131 | 61,269 |
| Taxes paid | 361,982 | 107,942 | 138,152 | 1,686,352 | 440,895 | 69,053 | 8,596 | 16,398 |
| Travel | 92,207 | 53,380 | 79,372 | 756,899 | 199,949 | 19,848 | 2,251 | 15,202 |
| Utilities | 405,861 | 122,461 | 100,261 | 1,965,270 | 645,839 | 83,757 | 18,113 | 35,388 |
| Other business deductions | 2,833,914 | 478,331 | 682,618 | 10,322,794 | 1,718,256 | 194,654 | 30,087 | 140,461 |
| Home office business deductions, total | 221,462 | 30,844 | 28,541 | 1,039,904 | 208,248 | * 3,642 | * 734 | 23,315 |
| Depreciation, Form 8829 [3] | 23,771 | 4,622 | 1,929 | 111,330 | 22,810 | * 265 | * 731 | * 3,844 |
| Casualty loss, Form 8829 [3] | * 6,026 | * 2,589 | * 1,734 | 12,842 | * 7,152 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Excess-casualty depreciations, Form 8829 [3] | 7,807 | * 126 | 910 | 76,533 | 20,111 | * 371 | 0 | * 2,248 |
| Net income less deficit [1,2] | 5,823,813 | 1,160,688 | 827,809 | 27,854,691 | 3,031,757 | 73,829 | -15,707 | 86,798 |
| Net income [1,2] | 7,219,827 | 1,428,246 | 1,516,443 | 31,153,797 | 4,461,145 | 344,521 | 45,094 | 222,020 |
| Deficit [2] | -1,396,014 | -267,558 | -688,634 | -3,299,106 | -1,429,387 | -270,692 | -60,800 | -135,222 |

Footnotes at end of table.

Table 2. Nonfarm Sole Proprietorships: Income Statements, by Industrial Sectors, Tax Year 2007-Continued
[All figures are estimates based on samples—money amounts are in thousands of dollars]

| Net income status, item | Construction-continued |  |  |  | Manufacturing |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Residential building construction | Nonresidential building construction | Heavy and civil engineering construction | Specialty trade contractors | Total | Food manufacturing | Textile and textile product mills | Apparel |
|  | (16) | (17) | (18) | (19) | (20) | (21) | (22) | (23) |
| Number of returns [1] | 353,370 | 68,416 | 53,045 | 1,959,319 | 217,718 | 27,381 | 5,050 | 16,445 |
| Business receipts, total [1] | 41,215,012 | 9,120,021 | 7,152,437 | 143,209,791 | 23,656,129 | 3,153,371 | 352,856 | 1,071,138 |
| Income from sales and operations [1] | 41,010,110 | 9,044,825 | 7,118,071 | 142,236,327 | 23,536,337 | 3,134,316 | 352,856 | 1,063,793 |
| Other business income | 204,902 | 75,196 | 34,366 | 973,464 | 119,792 | 19,055 | 0 | * 7,344 |
| Business deductions, total [1,2] | 33,999,954 | 7,691,775 | 5,636,404 | 112,055,703 | 19,195,250 | 2,809,103 | 307,763 | 849,118 |
| Cost of sales and operations, total | 21,781,202 | 5,093,127 | 3,026,982 | 52,009,181 | 10,913,050 | 1,973,522 | * 144,625 | 462,854 |
| Inventory, beginning of year | 2,231,006 | 95,754 | 515,057 | 1,044,059 | 923,060 | 168,743 | * 3,871 | 59,814 |
| Cost of labor | 3,293,848 | 790,635 | 222,834 | 10,915,144 | 1,237,498 | 40,589 | * 32,333 | * 127,940 |
| Purchases | 5,479,795 | 1,086,451 | 1,080,980 | 16,724,423 | 5,977,782 | 1,447,159 | * 82,402 | 230,409 |
| Materials and supplies | 7,577,583 | 1,523,473 | 910,378 | 18,257,011 | 2,432,074 | 415,299 | * 16,912 | 17,632 |
| Other costs | 5,640,778 | 1,785,685 | 1,061,847 | 6,252,521 | 1,373,427 | 111,436 | * 18,977 | * 97,008 |
| Inventory, end of year | 2,441,808 | 188,871 | 764,114 | 1,183,976 | 1,030,790 | 209,705 | * 9,871 | 69,949 |
| Advertising expenses | 152,056 | 31,664 | 35,952 | 780,883 | 159,893 | 11,943 | * 4,982 | 3,388 |
| Car and truck expenses | 1,817,715 | 374,176 | 241,800 | 10,432,349 | 689,316 | 60,723 | * 25,072 | 43,634 |
| Commissions | 107,470 | * 16,698 | 55,039 | 384,518 | 90,053 | 9,525 | * 3,838 | 4,212 |
| Contract labor | 2,411,544 | 415,481 | 259,314 | 10,165,022 | 319,361 | 13,077 | * 2,174 | * 2,287 |
| Depletion | * 30 | * 143 | * 550 | 56,073 | 460 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Depreciation | 795,761 | 193,134 | 365,257 | 4,235,259 | 772,801 | 58,068 | * 12,642 | 12,916 |
| Employee benefit programs | 21,073 | 14,784 | 5,670 | 232,208 | 85,275 | 4,696 | * 2,185 | * 7,170 |
| Insurance | 590,659 | 128,183 | 132,230 | 2,727,060 | 268,714 | 26,078 | * 8,126 | 8,535 |
| Legal and professional services | 148,592 | 37,359 | 51,178 | 552,624 | 112,964 | 15,789 | * 4,373 | 4,194 |
| Meals and entertainment deducted | 77,452 | 25,186 | 30,867 | 442,549 | 57,382 | 3,215 | * 294 | 3,982 |
| Mortgage interest | 130,725 | 39,094 | 39,988 | 271,483 | 96,198 | 9,146 | * 67 | 0 |
| Other interest paid on business indebtedness | 174,904 | 43,857 | 73,553 | 540,926 | 143,867 | 18,634 | * 2,812 | * 4,522 |
| Office expenses | 141,973 | 41,133 | 33,795 | 713,552 | 151,454 | 9,357 | * 1,403 | 12,942 |
| Pension and profit-sharing plans | 7,097 | 3,208 | 3,577 | 49,870 | 14,697 | * 447 | * 2,448 | * 62 |
| Rent paid on machinery and equipment | 130,280 | 55,383 | 67,420 | 858,460 | 127,619 | 12,323 | * 2,508 | * 4,878 |
| Rent paid on other business property | 171,112 | 37,623 | 26,525 | 976,700 | 665,372 | 61,389 | * 11,138 | 49,121 |
| Repairs | 208,905 | 55,458 | 129,504 | 1,218,345 | 279,556 | 42,798 | * 3,394 | 8,833 |
| Supplies | 1,144,919 | 140,277 | 139,725 | 5,290,511 | 560,645 | 32,043 | * 5,745 | 25,763 |
| Salaries and wages | 1,086,613 | 346,370 | 278,641 | 6,943,226 | 1,533,443 | 209,012 | * 22,748 | 58,851 |
| Taxes paid | 253,925 | 86,390 | 89,049 | 1,410,006 | 341,704 | 56,646 | * 5,707 | 13,298 |
| Travel | 77,689 | 43,912 | 47,889 | 621,675 | 112,427 | 5,144 | * 521 | 7,742 |
| Utilities | 319,355 | 71,194 | 61,058 | 1,599,977 | 440,687 | 61,804 | * 15,057 | 27,650 |
| Other business deductions | 2,003,301 | 361,450 | 406,919 | 8,412,248 | 1,082,614 | 101,669 | * 21,365 | 59,184 |
| Home office business deductions, total | 183,313 | 29,764 | 25,167 | 839,669 | 137,344 | * 2,847 | * 734 | * 16,055 |
| Depreciation, Form 8829 [3] | 17,522 | 4,502 | 1,668 | 85,802 | 17,076 | * 163 | * 731 | * 3,020 |
| Casualty loss, Form 8829 [3] | * 6,022 | * 2,589 | * 1,734 | * 10,244 | * 3,319 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Excess-casualty depreciations, Form 8829 [3] | 1,918 | * 7 | 0 | 20,843 | * 2,091 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Net income [1,2] | 7,219,827 | 1,428,246 | 1,516,443 | 31,153,797 | 4,461,145 | 344,521 | 45,094 | 222,020 |
| Returns with Schedule C-EZ: <br> Number of returns | 65,277 | 11,533 | 12,210 | 381,777 | 47,827 | 11,318 | * 1,291 | * 4,270 |
| Business receipts | 535,954 | 100,852 | 108,616 | 2,881,443 | 314,749 | 79,244 | * 5,451 | * 25,674 |
| Business deductions | 62,885 | * 6,727 | 8,756 | 293,836 | 44,446 | * 9,207 | * 3,806 | * 7,045 |
| Net income | 473,069 | 94,125 | 99,859 | 2,587,607 | 270,303 | 70,037 | * 1,645 | * 18,629 |

Footnotes at end of table.

Table 2. Nonfarm Sole Proprietorships: Income Statements, by Industrial Sectors, Tax Year 2007-Continued

| Net income status, item | Manufacturing-continued |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Leather and allied products | Wood products | Paper products | Printing and related support activities | Petroleum and coal products | Chemical manufacturing | Plastics, rubber, clay, refractory, and glass products | Nonmetallic mineral products |
|  | (24) | (25) | (26) | (27) | (28) | (29) | (30) | (31) |
| BUSINESSES WITH AND WITHOUT NET INCOME Number of returns [1] | * 3,084 | 35,852 | * 1,060 | 34,903 | 390 | 8,802 | 15,217 | 4,392 |
| Business receipts, total [1] | * 46,456 | 2,692,662 | * 47,083 | 2,704,692 | 38,627 | 591,406 | 781,386 | 769,424 |
| Income from sales and operations [1] | * 39,488 | 2,661,310 | * 47,083 | 2,700,456 | 36,652 | 586,424 | 780,630 | 766,528 |
| Other business income | * 6,968 | 31,352 | 0 | 4,236 | * 1,975 | 4,983 | * 755 | * 2,896 |
| Business deductions, total [1,2] | * 32,513 | 2,423,114 | * 50,246 | 2,384,531 | 39,923 | 539,768 | 676,816 | 702,713 |
| Cost of sales and operations, total | * 21,382 | 1,357,141 | * 34,729 | 1,113,429 | * 27,221 | 206,167 | 312,945 | 378,633 |
| Inventory, beginning of year | * 32,864 | 195,590 | * 2,019 | 46,738 | * 10,269 | 20,580 | 33,191 | * 21,120 |
| Cost of labor | 0 | 165,123 | 0 | 88,093 | * 1,119 | * 11,521 | * 27,806 | * 20,255 |
| Purchases | * 23,616 | 714,850 | * 32,302 | 610,523 | * 11,504 | * 104,062 | 217,651 | * 193,890 |
| Materials and supplies | 0 | 283,143 | 0 | 222,964 | * 210 | 39,380 | 67,293 | 119,185 |
| Other costs | 0 | 195,205 | * 2,713 | 186,068 | * 4,120 | 54,921 | * 7,369 | * 51,704 |
| Inventory, end of year | * 35,098 | 196,770 | * 2,305 | 40,957 | 0 | 24,297 | 40,364 | * 27,521 |
| Advertising expenses | * 2,140 | 14,580 | * 1 | 51,475 | * 28 | 4,143 | 8,130 | 5,969 |
| Car and truck expenses | * 618 | 86,669 | * 1,187 | 91,297 | * 49 | 17,780 | 44,957 | 14,626 |
| Commissions | 0 | 6,951 | 0 | 12,951 | * 89 | * 4,071 | * 929 | * 102 |
| Contract labor | 0 | 32,772 | * 4 | 19,896 | * 1,237 | * 11,443 | 35,201 | * 6,144 |
| Depletion | 0 | * 22 | 0 | 0 | * 147 | * 13 | 0 | * [4] |
| Depreciation | * 364 | 145,663 | * 611 | 112,611 | * 3,153 | 19,488 | 10,401 | 37,461 |
| Employee benefit programs | * 1 | 15,852 | 0 | 9,076 | * 165 | * 4,990 | * 1,982 | * 3,051 |
| Insurance | * 374 | 27,132 | * 1,330 | 26,289 | * 1,373 | 12,481 | 20,213 | 17,407 |
| Legal and professional services | * 2 | 13,884 | * 314 | 17,256 | * 333 | 7,188 | 3,225 | 6,585 |
| Meals and entertainment deducted | * 40 | 3,387 | * 130 | 7,790 | * 22 | 2,510 | 4,785 | 1,876 |
| Mortgage interest | * 9 | 15,921 | * 1,089 | * 16,747 | * 66 | * 12,812 | * 2,522 | * 3,326 |
| Other interest paid on business indebtedness | 0 | 21,151 | 0 | 33,176 | * 2,340 | 3,585 | * 4,742 | 4,084 |
| Office expenses | * 39 | 23,156 | * 289 | 36,496 | * 283 | 12,163 | 4,477 | 6,654 |
| Pension and profit-sharing plans | 0 | * 1,435 | 0 | * 1,810 | 0 | * 359 | * 271 | * 341 |
| Rent paid on machinery and equipment | 0 | 25,703 | * 518 | 16,086 | 0 | 2,354 | * 3,215 | * 2,944 |
| Rent paid on other business property | * 21 | 48,184 | * 341 | 154,754 | * 2 | 11,265 | 52,301 | * 9,697 |
| Repairs | * 7 | 56,131 | * 358 | 27,451 | * 83 | 7,905 | 8,316 | 14,604 |
| Supplies | * 354 | 51,705 | * 2 | 80,809 | * 6 | 11,792 | 23,107 | 18,331 |
| Salaries and wages | * 5,067 | 190,710 | * 4,460 | 234,967 | * 1,023 | 91,782 | 49,108 | 86,023 |
| Taxes paid | * 4 | 32,655 | * 397 | 51,725 | * 68 | 8,320 | 10,738 | 13,441 |
| Travel | * 184 | 9,272 | * 284 | 11,393 | * 80 | 6,117 | 5,904 | 5,439 |
| Utilities | * 218 | 44,754 | * 331 | 93,661 | * 240 | 34,866 | 16,492 | 8,015 |
| Other business deductions | * 1,550 | 160,619 | * 995 | 151,805 | 1,729 | 40,406 | 43,090 | 55,834 |
| Home office business deductions, total | * 137 | 33,372 | * 2,875 | 10,292 | 0 | * 2,581 | * 9,307 | * 2,128 |
| Depreciation, Form 8829 [3] | * 81 | * 3,236 | 0 | * 1,491 | 0 | * 332 | * 671 | * 310 |
| Casualty loss, Form 8829 [3] | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Excess-casualty depreciations, Form 8829 [3] | 0 | * 1,123 | 0 | * 654 | 0 | * 29 | * 2,216 | 0 |
| Net income less deficit [1,2] | * 13,944 | 269,548 | * -3,163 | 321,191 | -1,296 | 51,638 | 104,589 | 66,711 |
| Net income [1,2] | * 18,916 | 356,670 | * 2,538 | 440,485 | 2,612 | 93,378 | 137,825 | 102,711 |
| Deficit [2] | *-4,973 | -87,121 | * -5,701 | -119,294 | *-3,908 | -41,740 | -33,237 | -36,001 |

Footnotes at end of table.

Table 2. Nonfarm Sole Proprietorships: Income Statements, by Industrial Sectors, Tax Year 2007-Continued
[All figures are estimates based on samples-money amounts are in thousands of dollars]

| Net income status, item | Manufacturing-continued |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Leather and allied products | Wood products | Paper products | Printing and related support activities | Petroleum and coal products | Chemical manufacturing | Plastics, rubber, clay, refractory, and glass products | Nonmetallic mineral products |
|  | (24) | (25) | (26) | (27) | (28) | (29) | (30) | (31) |
| Number of returns [1] | * 3,001 | 22,680 | * 55 | 22,192 | 349 | 4,420 | 8,402 | 3,328 |
| Business receipts, total [1] | * 20,120 | 2,373,021 | * 2,565 | 2,047,637 | 16,857 | 392,804 | 544,246 | 694,533 |
| Income from sales and operations [1] | * 13,437 | 2,356,878 | * 2,565 | 2,046,142 | 16,392 | 388,520 | 544,105 | 691,748 |
| Other business income | * 6,682 | 16,143 | 0 | 1,495 | * 465 | 4,284 | * 140 | * 2,785 |
| Business deductions, total [1,2] | * 1,203 | 2,016,351 | * 27 | 1,607,152 | 14,245 | 299,426 | 406,420 | 591,821 |
| Cost of sales and operations, total | 0 | 1,177,976 | * 15 | 727,142 | * 12,445 | 120,075 | 161,888 | 351,319 |
| Inventory, beginning of year | 0 | 117,861 | 0 | 25,052 | 0 | * 3,440 | 25,364 | * 20,755 |
| Cost of labor | 0 | 149,414 | 0 | * 68,900 | 0 | * 11,521 | * 5,685 | * 15,932 |
| Purchases | 0 | 585,636 | * 15 | 399,291 | * 10,644 | * 40,107 | * 97,807 | * 187,366 |
| Materials and supplies | 0 | 252,693 | 0 | 170,945 | 0 | * 38,922 | * 54,283 | * 107,000 |
| Other costs | 0 | 175,399 | 0 | 85,128 | * 1,801 | * 29,583 | * 3,649 | * 44,033 |
| Inventory, end of year | 0 | 103,026 | 0 | 22,173 | 0 | * 3,498 | * 24,900 | * 23,767 |
| Advertising expenses | 0 | 11,538 | 0 | 34,549 | *9 | * 2,520 | 2,950 | 5,238 |
| Car and truck expenses | * 340 | 65,754 | * 9 | 50,856 | * 40 | 12,817 | 20,804 | * 14,122 |
| Commissions | 0 | * 6,645 | 0 | 8,768 | * 89 | * 4,008 | * 373 | * 86 |
| Contract labor | 0 | * 27,058 | 0 | 17,003 | 0 | * 1,127 | * 33,629 | * 5,049 |
| Depletion | 0 | * 21 | 0 | 0 | * 146 | * 13 | 0 | 0 |
| Depreciation | 0 | 102,371 | 0 | 74,642 | * 166 | 10,660 | 6,321 | 21,988 |
| Employee benefit programs | 0 | 15,382 | 0 | 6,204 | 0 | * 4,905 | * 1,902 | * 2,188 |
| Insurance | 0 | 23,136 | 0 | 18,734 | * 21 | 8,565 | 18,157 | * 16,009 |
| Legal and professional services | 0 | 10,779 | 0 | 7,772 | * 252 | 3,184 | 2,090 | 4,630 |
| Meals and entertainment deducted | * 17 | 2,214 | 0 | 5,324 | *2 | 1,507 | * 2,506 | * 1,818 |
| Mortgage interest | 0 | * 9,264 | 0 | * 15,107 | * 66 | * 5,950 | 0 | * 1,188 |
| Other interest paid on business indebtedness | 0 | 10,317 | 0 | 16,334 | 0 | * 2,585 | * 4,417 | * 3,137 |
| Office expenses | 0 | 9,480 | 0 | 24,261 | * 16 | 5,963 | * 2,689 | 6,040 |
| Pension and profit-sharing plans | 0 | * 1,423 | 0 | * 1,806 | 0 | * 359 | * 257 | 0 |
| Rent paid on machinery and equipment | 0 | 21,403 | 0 | 15,333 | 0 | * 1,460 | * 3,208 | * 2,747 |
| Rent paid on other business property | 0 | 38,423 | 0 | 112,212 | 0 | * 5,971 | * 33,722 | * 4,484 |
| Repairs | 0 | 47,818 | 0 | 19,920 | * 1 | 4,994 | * 2,960 | * 8,430 |
| Supplies | 0 | 42,426 | 0 | 68,880 | * 1 | * 9,149 | 17,100 | * 10,116 |
| Salaries and wages | 0 | 172,814 | 0 | 179,082 | * 50 | * 52,418 | * 37,739 | * 76,299 |
| Taxes paid | 0 | 27,837 | * 2 | 34,116 | * 9 | 4,426 | * 6,420 | 10,861 |
| Travel | * 70 | 4,643 | 0 | 5,672 | * 9 | 2,603 | * 3,113 | * 5,347 |
| Utilities | * 42 | 37,223 | 0 | 56,313 | * 43 | 8,551 | 11,820 | 5,818 |
| Other business deductions | * 597 | 122,237 | 0 | 98,058 | 855 | 23,045 | 23,757 | 32,782 |
| Home office business deductions, total | * 137 | * 23,878 | 0 | 7,773 | 0 | * 2,566 | * 8,140 | * 2,128 |
| Depreciation, Form 8829 [3] | * 81 | * 2,783 | 0 | * 837 | 0 | * 331 | * 250 | * 310 |
| Casualty loss, Form 8829 [3] | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Excess-casualty depreciations, Form 8829 [3] | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | * 27 | 0 | 0 |
| Net income [1,2] | * 18,916 | 356,670 | * 2,538 | 440,485 | 2,612 | 93,378 | 137,825 | 102,711 |
| Returns with Schedule C-EZ: <br> Number of returns | * 999 | * 1,742 | * 6 | * 2,938 | * 47 | * 1,027 | * 1,999 | * 1,285 |
| Business receipts | * 9,694 | * 17,640 | * 1,620 | * 27,297 | * 1,347 | * 3,292 | * 2,319 | * 22,271 |
| Business deductions | 0 | * 4,293 | 0 | * 1,290 | * 186 | * 3,185 | * 458 | 0 |
| Net income | * 9,694 | * 13,347 | * 1,620 | * 26,008 | * 1,161 | * 107 | * 1,862 | * 22,271 |

Footnotes at end of table.

Table 2. Nonfarm Sole Proprietorships: Income Statements, by Industrial Sectors, Tax Year 2007-Continued

| Net income status, item | Manufacturing-continued |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Primary <br> metal industries | Fabricated metal products | Machinery | Computer and electronic products | Electrical equipment, appliances, and components | Transportation equipment | Furniture and related products |
|  | (32) | (33) | (34) | (35) | (36) | (37) | (38) |
| BUSINESSES WITH AND WITHOUT NET INCOME |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Business receipts, total [1] | 642,314 | 4,070,630 | 3,299,982 | 165,642 | 633,672 | 952,524 | 2,028,453 |
| Income from sales and operations [1] | 642,310 | 4,057,557 | 3,248,288 | 160,016 | 630,844 | 949,273 | 2,026,432 |
| Other business income | * 4 | 13,074 | 51,695 | * 5,626 | 2,828 | * 3,251 | 2,020 |
| Business deductions, total [1,2] | 509,219 | 3,589,536 | 2,794,708 | 161,304 | 560,724 | 948,445 | 1,654,089 |
| Cost of sales and operations, total | * 264,369 | 1,938,506 | 1,421,910 | 41,047 | 375,975 | 564,336 | 812,680 |
| Inventory, beginning of year | * 3,948 | 132,914 | 81,479 | * 48,537 | 41,428 | 104,112 | 111,081 |
| Cost of labor | * 69,472 | 348,514 | 179,582 | * 2,669 | * 10,395 | * 144,073 | 108,654 |
| Purchases | * 86,873 | 771,167 | 632,101 | * 33,049 | 259,911 | 347,762 | 447,852 |
| Materials and supplies | * 60,687 | 551,147 | 383,416 | * 2,145 | * 106,687 | * 43,663 | 136,358 |
| Other costs | * 47,317 | 298,621 | 243,381 | * 1,658 | * 4,164 | 47,348 | 120,775 |
| Inventory, end of year | * 3,929 | 163,857 | 98,049 | * 47,010 | 46,612 | 122,622 | 112,039 |
| Advertising expenses | * 1,215 | 22,666 | 12,777 | 5,031 | 3,856 | 6,624 | 16,128 |
| Car and truck expenses | * 6,621 | 138,921 | 111,254 | 25,900 | 10,194 | 63,285 | 78,094 |
| Commissions | * 3,319 | 38,196 | 10,272 | * 34 | * 2,646 | * 364 | 18,795 |
| Contract labor | * 623 | 70,294 | 89,362 | * 5,110 | * 5,782 | * 12,918 | 60,215 |
| Depletion | 0 | * 22 | * 37 | 0 | 0 | * 187 | * 93 |
| Depreciation | 48,738 | 204,443 | 221,857 | 8,582 | 4,018 | 17,939 | 60,917 |
| Employee benefit programs | * 715 | 16,992 | 8,369 | * 63 | * 2,459 | * 1,471 | * 2,581 |
| Insurance | * 18,837 | 58,981 | 49,577 | * 861 | 7,073 | 7,196 | 26,022 |
| Legal and professional services | * 2,090 | 30,047 | 12,187 | * 469 | 2,134 | 5,791 | 15,979 |
| Meals and entertainment deducted | * 1,541 | 10,444 | 10,577 | 3,713 | 2,486 | 4,684 | 6,009 |
| Mortgage interest | 0 | 19,768 | 23,557 | * 555 | * 1,280 | * 15,509 | 10,167 |
| Other interest paid on business indebtedness | * 12,840 | 25,321 | 20,816 | * 57 | 2,211 | 3,473 | 10,206 |
| Office expenses | * 3,284 | 28,397 | 19,480 | 2,033 | 2,859 | 1,234 | 10,446 |
| Pension and profit-sharing plans | 0 | 3,225 | * 4,107 | 0 | * 392 | * 465 | * 451 |
| Rent paid on machinery and equipment | * 749 | 26,072 | 6,415 | 0 | * 6,536 | * 15,357 | 8,524 |
| Rent paid on other business property | * 29,924 | 148,710 | 95,576 | * 3,430 | 9,013 | 45,949 | 81,827 |
| Repairs | * 8,302 | 45,310 | 42,763 | * 1,642 | 1,468 | 22,050 | 16,214 |
| Supplies | * 2,779 | 74,725 | 131,565 | 4,244 | 1,852 | 40,677 | 101,201 |
| Salaries and wages | * 45,550 | 268,372 | 188,560 | * 2,436 | 61,959 | 39,540 | 124,835 |
| Taxes paid | * 7,478 | 67,425 | 42,684 | 1,533 | 4,271 | 6,659 | 28,161 |
| Travel | * 305 | 26,236 | 19,849 | * 2,000 | 6,215 | 10,612 | 10,555 |
| Utilities | 14,498 | 82,724 | 74,551 | 5,606 | 6,536 | 18,879 | 30,226 |
| Other business deductions | 35,172 | 229,653 | 159,868 | 42,094 | 22,958 | 42,334 | 106,653 |
| Home office business deductions, total | 0 | * 14,002 | 15,641 | * 4,862 | * 16,168 | * 911 | * 17,109 |
| Depreciation, Form 8829 [3] | 0 | * 33 | * 1,712 | * 1,297 | * 381 | * 226 | * 1,767 |
| Casualty loss, Form 8829 [3] | 0 | * 3,319 | * 3,833 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Excess-casualty depreciations, Form 8829 [3] | 0 | * 84 | * 5,242 | * 198 | * 381 | * 1,261 | * 270 |
| Net income less deficit [1,2] | 133,096 | 481,095 | 506,170 | 4,338 | 74,534 | 4,100 | 374,546 |
| Net income [1,2] | 136,912 | 599,544 | 537,083 | 49,378 | 99,764 | 98,655 | 421,499 |
| Deficit [2] | *-3,816 | -118,449 | -30,913 | -45,040 | -25,230 | -94,555 | -46,954 |

[^11]Sole Proprietorship Returns, 2007
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Table 2. Nonfarm Sole Proprietorships: Income Statements, by Industrial Sectors, Tax Year 2007-Continued

| Net income status, item | Manufacturing-continued |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Primary <br> metal industries | Fabricated metal products | Machinery | Computer and electronic products | Electrical equipment, appliances, and components | Transportation equipment | Furniture and related products |
|  | (32) | (33) | (34) | (35) | (36) | (37) | (38) |
| businesses with net income Number of returns [1] | 3,849 | 20,513 | 18,467 | 3,768 | 5,491 | 3,603 | 15,754 |
| Business receipts, total [1] | 641,736 | 3,188,039 | 2,832,280 | 155,431 | 418,018 | 864,534 | 1,788,714 |
| Income from sales and operations [1] | 641,732 | 3,183,314 | 2,798,325 | 149,808 | 415,344 | 864,454 | 1,788,080 |
| Other business income | * 4 | 4,725 | 33,955 | * 5,624 | * 2,674 | * 80 | * 634 |
| Business deductions, total [1,2] | 504,824 | 2,588,495 | 2,295,197 | 106,053 | 318,254 | 765,879 | 1,367,215 |
| Cost of sales and operations, total | * 264,369 | 1,528,440 | 1,269,835 | * 37,630 | 243,796 | 505,326 | 621,997 |
| Inventory, beginning of year | * 3,948 | 92,607 | 73,811 | * 3,269 | * 33,728 | * 42,401 | 83,331 |
| Cost of labor | * 69,472 | 192,698 | 170,524 | * 2,601 | * 10,062 | * 128,916 | 70,593 |
| Purchases | * 86,873 | 609,646 | 532,732 | * 32,713 | * 127,917 | * 325,755 | 384,406 |
| Materials and supplies | * 60,687 | 492,621 | 356,830 | * 47 | * 106,648 | * 34,720 | 109,573 |
| Other costs | * 47,317 | 246,496 | 224,547 | * 1,657 | * 3,276 | * 16,338 | 62,797 |
| Inventory, end of year | * 3,929 | 105,627 | 88,608 | * 2,657 | * 37,835 | * 42,805 | 88,703 |
| Advertising expenses | * 1,159 | 19,905 | 10,968 | * 3,146 | * 451 | * 3,695 | 13,511 |
| Car and truck expenses | * 6,621 | 104,469 | 87,255 | * 10,184 | * 5,886 | 31,454 | 68,179 |
| Commissions | * 3,319 | 12,405 | * 10,220 | 0 | * 127 | * 339 | 7,257 |
| Contract labor | * 623 | 59,786 | 40,787 | * 115 | * 3,630 | * 10,735 | 59,868 |
| Depletion | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | * 187 | * 93 |
| Depreciation | * 48,142 | 105,345 | 161,553 | * 963 | 2,726 | 11,463 | 55,060 |
| Employee benefit programs | * 715 | 13,045 | 8,289 | * 28 | * 41 | * 1,266 | * 2,386 |
| Insurance | * 18,666 | 33,068 | 32,147 | * 834 | * 3,427 | 6,551 | 23,344 |
| Legal and professional services | * 2,085 | 10,323 | 10,249 | * 311 | 1,396 | 2,934 | 9,961 |
| Meals and entertainment deducted | * 1,541 | 7,530 | 8,298 | * 734 | 2,214 | 2,025 | 5,559 |
| Mortgage interest | 0 | 6,816 | * 19,583 | * 20 | * 1,280 | * 13,765 | * 6,479 |
| Other interest paid on business indebtedness | * 12,840 | 16,999 | 18,710 | * 57 | * 1,666 | * 3,015 | 8,017 |
| Office expenses | * 2,690 | 23,775 | 13,984 | * 603 | * 1,837 | * 995 | 7,800 |
| Pension and profit-sharing plans | 0 | 2,470 | * 3,963 | 0 | * 392 | * 186 | * 451 |
| Rent paid on machinery and equipment | * 749 | 18,493 | 5,961 | 0 | * 1,192 | * 15,353 | 8,507 |
| Rent paid on other business property | * 29,780 | 90,801 | 54,983 | * 3,295 | * 6,814 | 29,812 | 73,380 |
| Repairs | * 8,302 | 39,357 | 30,988 | * 395 | * 232 | 21,115 | 12,637 |
| Supplies | * 2,118 | 52,079 | 99,406 | * 1,843 | * 217 | 22,383 | 99,722 |
| Salaries and wages | * 45,550 | 186,683 | 169,329 | * 1,565 | * 19,356 | * 29,011 | 116,320 |
| Taxes paid | * 7,438 | 50,272 | 35,755 | * 583 | * 2,196 | 5,858 | 26,473 |
| Travel | * 305 | 12,970 | 17,970 | * 828 | 4,896 | 3,220 | 8,458 |
| Utilities | * 13,504 | 52,861 | 60,007 | * 2,644 | 2,759 | 14,687 | 22,890 |
| Other business deductions | * 34,037 | 127,719 | 108,626 | * 35,556 | 11,246 | 29,904 | 93,394 |
| Home office business deductions, total | 0 | * 12,800 | * 15,237 | * 4,719 | * 93 | * 602 | * 15,471 |
| Depreciation, Form 8829 [3] | 0 | * 5 | * 1,691 | * 1,198 | 0 | 0 | * 1,497 |
| Casualty loss, Form 8829 [3] | 0 | * 3,319 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Excess-casualty depreciations, Form 8829 [3] | 0 | 0 | * 435 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Net income [1,2] | 136,912 | 599,544 | 537,083 | 49,378 | 99,764 | 98,655 | 421,499 |
| Returns with Schedule C-EZ: Number of returns | * 937 | * 1,772 | * 1,661 | * 1,027 | * 3,026 | * 1,139 | * 654 |
| Business receipts | * 1,552 | * 6,948 | * 4,639 | * 2,246 | * 22,324 | * 12,595 | * 8,630 |
| Business deductions | * 271 | * 83 | * 1,095 | 0 | * 386 | 0 | 0 |
| Net income | * 1,281 | * 6,865 | * 3,544 | * 2,246 | * 21,938 | * 12,595 | * 8,630 |

Footnotes at end of table.

Table 2. Nonfarm Sole Proprietorships: Income Statements, by Industrial Sectors, Tax Year 2007-Continued

\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline \multirow[b]{2}{*}{Net income status, item} \& \multirow[b]{2}{*}{Medical equipment and supplies} \& \multirow[b]{2}{*}{Other miscellaneous manufacturing} \& \multicolumn{4}{|c|}{Wholesale trade (merchant wholesalers)} \& \multicolumn{2}{|c|}{Retail trade} <br>
\hline \& \& \& Total \& Durable goods, including machinery, wood, metals, etc. \& Nondurable goods, including food, fiber, chemicals, etc. \& Wholesale electronic markets and agents and brokers \& Total \& Motor vehicle and parts dealers <br>
\hline \multirow[b]{2}{*}{BUSINESSES WITH AND WITHOUT NET INCOME} \& (39) \& \multirow[t]{2}{*}{(40)

60,426} \& (41) \& (42) \& (43) \& (44) \& (45) \& (46) <br>
\hline \& (3) ${ }^{11,759}$ \& \& 340,373 \& 153,562 \& 114,362 \& 72,449 \& 2,436,291 \& (46) <br>
\hline Business receipts, total [1] \& 885,652 \& 3,337,846 \& 50,447,175 \& 22,090,048 \& 21,346,578 \& 7,010,549 \& 198,881,138 \& 41,039,684 <br>
\hline Income from sales and operations [1] \& 884,647 \& 3,321,448 \& 49,977,829 \& 21,791,288 \& 21,293,558 \& 6,892,983 \& 196,490,502 \& 40,708,048 <br>
\hline Other business income \& * 1,004 \& 16,398 \& 469,346 \& 298,760 \& 53,020 \& 117,566 \& 2,390,636 \& 331,636 <br>
\hline Business deductions, total [1,2] \& 745,377 \& 2,996,683 \& 45,646,254 \& 20,129,459 \& 19,746,127 \& 5,770,668 \& 189,472,430 \& 39,908,603 <br>
\hline Cost of sales and operations, total \& 353,042 \& 1,725,074 \& 33,807,186 \& 14,579,142 \& 15,223,108 \& 4,004,936 \& 131,967,253 \& 32,559,687 <br>
\hline Inventory, beginning of year \& * 17,485 \& 270,230 \& 2,871,450 \& 1,804,915 \& 900,797 \& 165,738 \& 22,772,494 \& 5,604,728 <br>
\hline Cost of labor \& * 826 \& 211,816 \& 414,747 \& 263,534 \& 73,118 \& 78,094 \& 2,524,239 \& 615,727 <br>
\hline Purchases \& 57,766 \& 1,075,958 \& 29,696,134 \& 12,688,326 \& 13,701,088 \& 3,306,721 \& 118,950,289 \& 29,952,015 <br>
\hline Materials and supplies \& * 240,480 \& 280,011 \& 1,470,244 \& 750,819 \& 450,490 \& 268,934 \& 6,265,212 \& 1,304,603 <br>
\hline Other costs \& * 58,955 \& 208,319 \& 2,618,914 \& 1,082,351 \& 1,160,836 \& 375,727 \& 4,867,592 \& 922,169 <br>
\hline Inventory, end of year \& 22,471 \& 321,259 \& 3,264,303 \& 2,010,802 \& 1,063,221 \& 190,279 \& 23,412,573 \& 5,839,555 <br>
\hline Advertising expenses \& 22,669 \& 28,070 \& 352,946 \& 176,696 \& 126,844 \& 49,405 \& 2,397,463 \& 349,139 <br>
\hline Car and truck expenses \& 45,180 \& 106,916 \& 1,434,458 \& 614,197 \& 502,427 \& 317,834 \& 6,137,823 \& 559,476 <br>
\hline Commissions \& * 24,244 \& 12,851 \& 617,321 \& 320,829 \& 196,296 \& 100,196 \& 1,145,926 \& 229,175 <br>
\hline Contract labor \& * 33,208 \& 16,377 \& 387,889 \& 164,822 \& 160,302 \& 62,765 \& 1,217,225 \& 200,778 <br>
\hline Depletion \& 0 \& * [4] \& 5,470 \& * 1,543 \& 3,927 \& 0 \& 11,580 \& * 1,535 <br>
\hline Depreciation \& 12,569 \& 119,206 \& 585,657 \& 327,176 \& 212,979 \& 45,502 \& 2,682,887 \& 370,276 <br>
\hline Employee benefit programs \& * 1,273 \& 18,237 \& 93,480 \& 28,970 \& 33,296 \& 31,214 \& 267,277 \& 56,035 <br>
\hline Insurance \& 4,676 \& 32,832 \& 286,218 \& 131,647 \& 124,051 \& 30,520 \& 1,573,633 \& 323,560 <br>
\hline Legal and professional services \& 9,451 \& 30,861 \& 213,791 \& 104,503 \& 83,988 \& 25,300 \& 816,576 \& 97,536 <br>
\hline Meals and entertainment deducted \& 4,072 \& 8,722 \& 190,961 \& 86,414 \& 57,662 \& 46,885 \& 421,352 \& 40,688 <br>
\hline Mortgage interest \& * 3,614 \& 15,136 \& 112,189 \& 42,444 \& 64,222 \& 5,523 \& 947,484 \& 175,813 <br>
\hline Other interest paid on business indebtedness \& 4,534 \& 28,220 \& 312,571 \& 169,000 \& 117,398 \& 26,172 \& 1,169,780 \& 287,097 <br>
\hline Office expenses \& 18,667 \& 29,988 \& 267,375 \& 136,523 \& 80,359 \& 50,493 \& 1,153,338 \& 137,329 <br>
\hline Pension and profit-sharing plans \& * 68 \& * 630 \& 18,546 \& 10,936 \& 6,267 \& 1,343 \& 42,387 \& 5,946 <br>
\hline Rent paid on machinery and equipment \& * 1,245 \& 18,873 \& 180,906 \& 122,407 \& 38,791 \& 19,709 \& 687,456 \& 36,270 <br>
\hline Rent paid on other business property \& 18,383 \& 88,185 \& 721,017 \& 378,813 \& 245,195 \& 97,010 \& 6,140,304 \& 564,151 <br>
\hline Repairs \& 3,859 \& 31,667 \& 242,031 \& 133,036 \& 98,801 \& 10,195 \& 1,283,997 \& 289,379 <br>
\hline Supplies \& 15,556 \& 94,774 \& 558,888 \& 295,739 \& 222,499 \& 40,651 \& 2,809,686 \& 273,985 <br>
\hline Salaries and wages \& 33,589 \& 206,461 \& 1,423,998 \& 685,641 \& 604,999 \& 133,358 \& 8,812,053 \& 1,166,067 <br>
\hline Taxes paid \& 6,631 \& 64,658 \& 329,410 \& 153,420 \& 148,617 \& 27,373 \& 3,002,252 \& 509,128 <br>
\hline Travel \& 18,665 \& 29,539 \& 548,173 \& 244,755 \& 192,683 \& 110,735 \& 1,171,531 \& 94,967 <br>
\hline Utilities \& 15,877 \& 61,104 \& 470,600 \& 222,244 \& 185,371 \& 62,984 \& 3,533,280 \& 365,153 <br>
\hline Other business deductions \& 83,556 \& 174,740 \& 2,240,679 \& 873,111 \& 949,744 \& 417,824 \& 9,081,497 \& 1,167,108 <br>
\hline Home office business deductions, total \& * 8,001 \& 43,172 \& 219,376 \& 112,180 \& 58,837 \& 48,359 \& 755,401 \& 19,365 <br>
\hline Depreciation, Form 8829 [3] \& * 903 \& 5,531 \& 33,473 \& 20,985 \& 8,383 \& 4,106 \& 98,359 \& 1,376 <br>
\hline Casualty loss, Form 8829 [3] \& 0 \& 0 \& * 707 \& * 707 \& 0 \& 0 \& 23,081 \& * 303 <br>
\hline Excess-casualty depreciations, Form 8829 [3] \& * 403 \& * 5,630 \& 25,299 \& 14,682 \& 7,964 \& * 2,652 \& 177,459 \& * 1,752 <br>
\hline Net income less deficit [1,2] \& 140,275 \& 345,524 \& 4,815,862 \& 1,966,219 \& 1,608,303 \& 1,241,340 \& 9,493,005 \& 1,142,983 <br>
\hline Net income [1,2] \& 188,539 \& 563,000 \& 6,009,042 \& 2,492,538 \& 2,094,787 \& 1,421,717 \& 17,883,396 \& 1,998,862 <br>
\hline Deficit [2] \& -48,265 \& -217,476 \& -1,193,180 \& -526,319 \& -486,484 \& -180,377 \& -8,390,390 \& -855,879 <br>
\hline
\end{tabular}

Footnotes at end of table.

Table 2. Nonfarm Sole Proprietorships: Income Statements, by Industrial Sectors, Tax Year 2007-Continued


Footnotes at end of table.

Table 2. Nonfarm Sole Proprietorships: Income Statements, by Industrial Sectors, Tax Year 2007-Continued

| Net income status, item | Retail trade-continued |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Furniture and home furnishing stores | Electronic and appliance stores | Building material and garden equipment and supplies dealers | Food and beverage stores | Health and personal care stores | Gasoline stations | Clothing and accessories stores | Sporting goods, hobby, book, and music stores |
|  | (47) | (48) | (49) | (50) | (51) | (52) | (53) | (54) |
| BUSINESSES WITH AND WITHOUT NET INCOME Number of returns [1] | 48,991 | 35,679 | 51,802 | 82,127 | 145,056 | 18,245 | 140,659 | 110,577 |
| Business receipts, total [1] | 5,179,294 | 4,053,726 | 8,805,474 | 26,901,682 | 8,884,316 | 25,622,478 | 10,622,326 | 7,325,799 |
| Income from sales and operations [1] | 5,090,349 | 4,005,653 | 8,748,575 | 26,419,316 | 8,710,583 | 25,409,140 | 10,491,602 | 7,290,427 |
| Other business income | 88,945 | 48,073 | 56,899 | 482,365 | 173,733 | 213,339 | 130,724 | 35,373 |
| Business deductions, total [1,2] | 4,887,177 | 3,893,542 | 8,142,318 | 26,068,128 | 8,169,627 | 25,438,559 | 10,134,709 | 7,277,859 |
| Cost of sales and operations, total | 2,809,630 | 2,260,074 | 5,487,897 | 19,589,570 | 5,515,778 | 22,360,230 | 5,972,632 | 4,661,497 |
| Inventory, beginning of year | 667,323 | 363,820 | 1,081,797 | 1,955,652 | 801,064 | 599,314 | 2,288,164 | 1,818,127 |
| Cost of labor | 198,432 | 73,766 | 258,901 | 214,002 | * 28,028 | 371,941 | 34,391 | 48,179 |
| Purchases | 2,387,578 | 1,764,154 | 4,355,223 | 17,634,186 | 5,215,261 | 20,836,545 | 5,441,402 | 4,331,732 |
| Materials and supplies | 208,225 | 181,715 | 408,480 | 803,034 | 156,807 | 673,193 | 406,355 | 215,432 |
| Other costs | 73,017 | 221,324 | 405,186 | 716,631 | 98,854 | 449,804 | 184,832 | 159,261 |
| Inventory, end of year | 724,944 | 344,704 | 1,021,690 | 1,733,936 | 784,235 | 570,568 | 2,382,512 | 1,911,235 |
| Advertising expenses | 174,174 | 75,588 | 107,284 | 122,161 | 146,965 | 35,545 | 213,859 | 147,276 |
| Car and truck expenses | 195,227 | 93,147 | 199,709 | 252,072 | 220,334 | 59,325 | 207,236 | 176,795 |
| Commissions | 30,027 | 30,673 | 31,510 | 59,657 | 51,559 | 45,198 | 44,685 | 50,333 |
| Contract labor | 102,955 | 93,945 | 146,742 | 82,107 | 49,328 | 68,156 | 34,304 | 36,109 |
| Depletion | 0 | 0 | 0 | * 405 | * 62 | * 276 | * 3 | * 957 |
| Depreciation | 61,144 | 87,699 | 185,417 | 241,842 | 99,625 | 186,223 | 155,746 | 136,898 |
| Employee benefit programs | 8,773 | 17,732 | 11,671 | 26,211 | 18,713 | 11,775 | 13,053 | 7,656 |
| Insurance | 54,900 | 46,107 | 123,409 | 189,329 | 52,681 | 100,453 | 102,286 | 62,090 |
| Legal and professional services | 24,520 | 20,698 | 38,369 | 86,257 | 50,937 | 40,638 | 66,861 | 40,412 |
| Meals and entertainment deducted | 10,625 | 5,983 | 11,884 | 8,689 | 28,724 | 2,239 | 21,710 | 20,796 |
| Mortgage interest | 45,329 | 20,045 | 74,485 | 106,549 | 31,503 | 116,177 | 35,253 | 29,127 |
| Other interest paid on business indebtedness | 27,512 | 42,236 | 72,981 | 103,184 | 43,789 | 83,304 | 80,733 | 52,933 |
| Office expenses | 26,014 | 34,922 | 47,183 | 53,196 | 65,153 | 16,444 | 95,116 | 54,602 |
| Pension and profit-sharing plans | * 782 | * 572 | 1,722 | 3,785 | 8,436 | 740 | 5,147 | * 1,083 |
| Rent paid on machinery and equipment | 32,369 | 20,273 | 28,685 | 106,478 | 78,512 | 36,983 | 85,110 | 8,302 |
| Rent paid on other business property | 318,225 | 149,007 | 102,268 | 780,588 | 273,327 | 300,219 | 919,302 | 399,846 |
| Repairs | 43,410 | 26,471 | 64,665 | 211,584 | 46,666 | 109,136 | 65,962 | 35,381 |
| Supplies | 71,089 | 89,350 | 110,166 | 300,735 | 176,287 | 54,889 | 155,707 | 88,824 |
| Salaries and wages | 233,082 | 334,406 | 595,132 | 1,575,641 | 507,268 | 730,016 | 682,802 | 387,925 |
| Taxes paid | 111,643 | 107,731 | 158,319 | 424,374 | 92,528 | 279,962 | 248,428 | 142,623 |
| Travel | 35,678 | 13,644 | 18,671 | 32,344 | 62,447 | 2,132 | 68,278 | 64,848 |
| Utilities | 127,296 | 108,963 | 155,115 | 662,712 | 129,397 | 285,129 | 237,114 | 167,348 |
| Other business deductions | 317,727 | 188,627 | 339,951 | 1,029,587 | 375,161 | 509,470 | 568,625 | 451,002 |
| Home office business deductions, total | 20,077 | 23,136 | 27,441 | 8,707 | 37,821 | 3,900 | 41,823 | 47,619 |
| Depreciation, Form 8829 [3] | 2,845 | * 3,297 | 2,323 | * 722 | 7,476 | * 88 | 5,128 | 5,268 |
| Casualty loss, Form 8829 [3] | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | * 15,093 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Excess-casualty depreciations, Form 8829 [3] | * 2,326 | * 4,889 | * 892 | * 1,201 | 20,933 | * 9 | 5,573 | 17,314 |
| Net income less deficit [1,2] | 292,420 | 160,183 | 663,491 | 833,826 | 715,129 | 183,671 | 488,313 | 48,541 |
| Net income [1,2] | 525,237 | 360,288 | 828,515 | 1,326,676 | 1,170,397 | 400,038 | 1,122,003 | 577,132 |
| Deficit [2] | -232,817 | -200,105 | -165,024 | -492,850 | -455,267 | -216,368 | -633,691 | -528,591 |

Footnotes at end of table.

Table 2. Nonfarm Sole Proprietorships: Income Statements, by Industrial Sectors, Tax Year 2007-Continued

| Net income status, item | Retail trade-continued |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Furniture and home furnishing stores | Electronic and appliance stores | Building material and garden equipment and supplies dealers | Food and beverage stores | Health and personal care stores | Gasoline stations | Clothing and accessories stores | Sporting goods, hobby, book, and music stores |
|  | (47) | (48) | (49) | (50) | (51) | (52) | (53) | (54) |
| Number of returns [1] | 30,445 | 21,685 | 33,506 | 57,960 | 60,487 | 12,283 | 78,459 | 45,880 |
| Business receipts, total [1] | 3,785,404 | 3,172,697 | 7,425,178 | 22,600,203 | 7,895,494 | 18,274,250 | 8,458,131 | 4,839,994 |
| Income from sales and operations [1] | 3,736,060 | 3,131,104 | 7,385,784 | 22,156,705 | 7,804,471 | 18,104,077 | 8,383,884 | 4,821,520 |
| Other business income | 49,345 | 41,593 | 39,394 | 443,498 | 91,024 | 170,172 | 74,248 | 18,474 |
| Business deductions, total [1,2] | 3,260,168 | 2,812,408 | 6,596,711 | 21,273,748 | 6,725,098 | 17,874,211 | 7,336,139 | 4,263,329 |
| Cost of sales and operations, total | 1,899,643 | 1,780,188 | 4,546,727 | 16,387,673 | 4,934,454 | 15,820,880 | 4,582,983 | 2,891,642 |
| Inventory, beginning of year | 412,388 | 257,122 | 830,274 | 1,456,587 | 552,816 | 374,897 | 1,477,739 | 1,034,403 |
| Cost of labor | 170,838 | * 71,218 | 197,736 | 158,189 | * 17,119 | 285,794 | 22,629 | * 6,083 |
| Purchases | 1,598,580 | 1,339,190 | 3,600,616 | 14,904,624 | 4,727,352 | 14,698,292 | 4,189,301 | 2,754,085 |
| Materials and supplies | 129,502 | 160,360 | 352,078 | 697,528 | 141,376 | 553,430 | 338,763 | 123,438 |
| Other costs | 56,182 | 217,406 | 358,806 | 590,365 | 82,538 | 283,856 | 122,646 | 98,805 |
| Inventory, end of year | 467,847 | 265,108 | 792,784 | 1,419,620 | 586,748 | 375,390 | 1,568,096 | 1,125,172 |
| Advertising expenses | 105,949 | 51,953 | 82,315 | 92,495 | 71,514 | 20,791 | 128,689 | 58,555 |
| Car and truck expenses | 146,779 | 53,267 | 140,412 | 170,929 | 91,246 | 42,884 | 135,017 | 84,832 |
| Commissions | 14,083 | 10,124 | 29,840 | 38,961 | 50,260 | 27,653 | 19,243 | 45,672 |
| Contract labor | 70,711 | 28,051 | 128,964 | 49,345 | 37,044 | 56,574 | 27,795 | 15,686 |
| Depletion | 0 | 0 | 0 | * 405 | 0 | * 8 | 0 | * 957 |
| Depreciation | 34,376 | 59,017 | 131,008 | 149,484 | 62,067 | 116,313 | 73,285 | 59,313 |
| Employee benefit programs | * 2,086 | 14,091 | 9,928 | 21,813 | 17,475 | 8,872 | 9,481 | 6,361 |
| Insurance | 40,701 | 28,539 | 91,907 | 143,465 | 40,410 | 70,465 | 70,917 | 34,063 |
| Legal and professional services | 16,050 | 12,135 | 31,524 | 58,416 | 39,991 | 25,824 | 39,510 | 22,831 |
| Meals and entertainment deducted | 6,527 | 4,875 | 8,743 | 2,906 | 14,622 | 1,717 | 12,063 | 10,538 |
| Mortgage interest | 36,383 | 11,775 | 56,953 | 66,816 | 26,346 | 54,035 | 17,381 | 10,957 |
| Other interest paid on business indebtedness | 18,163 | 31,795 | 53,253 | 63,071 | 34,214 | 48,072 | 47,517 | 19,207 |
| Office expenses | 17,153 | 16,787 | 33,125 | 37,509 | 40,481 | 11,605 | 58,147 | 31,715 |
| Pension and profit-sharing plans | * 718 | * 572 | 1,722 | 2,667 | 8,337 | * 616 | 4,609 | * 1,083 |
| Rent paid on machinery and equipment | 16,313 | 10,876 | 22,113 | 100,135 | 60,257 | 22,646 | 40,167 | 2,155 |
| Rent paid on other business property | 179,745 | 75,644 | 82,775 | 618,658 | 225,477 | 224,359 | 640,584 | 200,354 |
| Repairs | 27,248 | 22,373 | 42,226 | 162,575 | 29,480 | 73,734 | 42,979 | 13,889 |
| Supplies | 42,491 | 69,726 | 82,008 | 249,936 | 72,632 | 30,657 | 79,127 | 34,090 |
| Salaries and wages | 154,003 | 233,824 | 480,834 | 1,200,118 | 429,966 | 483,523 | 490,568 | 234,705 |
| Taxes paid | 77,381 | 89,792 | 117,706 | 328,326 | 72,256 | 186,210 | 178,677 | 72,256 |
| Travel | 19,644 | 9,054 | 15,119 | 18,982 | 30,708 | 1,026 | 44,352 | 31,094 |
| Utilities | 81,058 | 71,092 | 117,504 | 520,555 | 94,474 | 198,090 | 148,525 | 93,767 |
| Other business deductions | 229,976 | 117,423 | 267,745 | 774,900 | 219,234 | 343,842 | 411,285 | 263,427 |
| Home office business deductions, total | 18,016 | * 6,926 | 20,614 | 3,242 | 15,530 | * 3,815 | 20,305 | 18,604 |
| Depreciation, Form 8829 [3] | * 2,620 | * 1,456 | 1,878 | * 152 | * 3,009 | * 79 | 2,323 | * 1,821 |
| Casualty loss, Form 8829 [3] | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | * 620 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Excess-casualty depreciations, Form 8829 [3] | * 1,777 | * 2,805 | 0 | * 1 | * 2,220 | 0 | * 359 | * 1,494 |
| Net income [1,2] | 525,237 | 360,288 | 828,515 | 1,326,676 | 1,170,397 | 400,038 | 1,122,003 | 577,132 |
| Returns with Schedule C-EZ: <br> Number of returns | * 6,585 | * 2,582 | * 2,279 | 8,534 | 15,008 | 0 | 9,668 | 6,704 |
| Business receipts | * 32,254 | * 5,935 | * 8,935 | 83,248 | 96,306 | 0 | 80,634 | 23,566 |
| Business deductions | * 4,969 | * 2,512 | * 1,643 | * 10,365 | 6,625 | 0 | * 12,932 | * 5,578 |
| Net income | * 27,285 | * 3,422 | * 7,291 | 72,883 | 89,680 | 0 | 67,702 | 17,988 |

[^12]Table 2. Nonfarm Sole Proprietorships: Income Statements, by Industrial Sectors, Tax Year 2007-Continued
[All figures are estimates based on samples—money amounts are in thousands of dollars]

\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline \multirow[b]{2}{*}{Net income status, item} \& \multicolumn{3}{|c|}{Retail trade-continued} \& \multicolumn{5}{|c|}{Transportation and warehousing} <br>
\hline \& General merchandise stores \& Miscellaneous
store
retailers \& Nonstore retailers \& Total \& Air and rail transportation \& Water transportation \& General freight trucking, local \& General
freight
trucking, long-
distance and
specialized
freight
trucking <br>
\hline \multirow[b]{2}{*}{BUSINESSES WITH AND WITHOUT NET INCOME Number of returns [1]} \& (55) \& \multirow[t]{2}{*}{(56)

570,299} \& \multirow[t]{2}{*}{(57)

1,057,997} \& (58) \& (59) \& (60) \& (61) \& (62) <br>
\hline \& 28,886 \& \& \& 1,154,819 \& 12,672 \& 6,840 \& 241,130 \& (62)

401,096 <br>
\hline Business receipts, total [1] \& 2,969,973 \& 33,568,539 \& 23,907,848 \& 82,138,420 \& 1,654,862 \& 541,453 \& 20,571,116 \& 42,181,814 <br>
\hline Income from sales and operations [1] \& 2,949,634 \& 33,230,771 \& 23,436,405 \& 80,716,160 \& 1,526,341 \& 539,014 \& 20,346,882 \& 41,368,293 <br>
\hline Other business income \& 20,339 \& 337,768 \& 471,443 \& 1,422,259 \& 128,521 \& 2,439 \& 224,235 \& 813,520 <br>
\hline Business deductions, total [1,2] \& 2,916,923 \& 30,721,628 \& 21,913,357 \& 71,219,218 \& 1,780,253 \& 410,154 \& 17,840,579 \& 37,526,365 <br>
\hline Cost of sales and operations, total \& 1,858,955 \& 17,892,931 \& 10,998,371 \& 8,366,170 \& 583,302 \& 91,589 \& 2,288,649 \& 3,754,605 <br>
\hline Inventory, beginning of year \& 414,834 \& 5,292,115 \& 1,885,557 \& 203,956 \& 49,178 \& * 238 \& 17,029 \& 75,271 <br>
\hline Cost of labor \& * 3,054 \& 469,265 \& 208,553 \& 2,388,100 \& 19,558 \& * 6,680 \& 841,433 \& 1,083,919 <br>
\hline Purchases \& 1,667,737 \& 15,556,886 \& 9,807,568 \& 1,910,019 \& 119,745 \& * 665 \& 294,117 \& 971,219 <br>
\hline Materials and supplies \& 67,739 \& 1,324,301 \& 515,330 \& 845,693 \& 111,657 \& * 1,337 \& 291,442 \& 161,283 <br>
\hline Other costs \& 156,880 \& 752,551 \& 727,084 \& 3,217,671 \& 351,940 \& * 82,988 \& 876,121 \& 1,495,043 <br>
\hline Inventory, end of year \& 451,289 \& 5,502,185 \& 2,145,720 \& 199,270 \& 68,777 \& * 319 \& 31,493 \& 32,130 <br>
\hline Advertising expenses \& 24,640 \& 498,850 \& 501,981 \& 204,060 \& 2,480 \& 1,696 \& 29,109 \& 56,282 <br>
\hline Car and truck expenses \& 78,419 \& 1,456,040 \& 2,640,044 \& 21,152,787 \& 19,084 \& 5,267 \& 4,908,582 \& 11,991,178 <br>
\hline Commissions \& 5,559 \& 281,853 \& 285,698 \& 920,605 \& 7,570 \& * 1,689 \& 284,781 \& 448,698 <br>
\hline Contract labor \& 17,754 \& 204,507 \& 180,539 \& 3,845,383 \& 22,616 \& 3,921 \& 1,120,603 \& 1,980,249 <br>
\hline Depletion \& * 34 \& 7,965 \& * 343 \& 11,300 \& 249 \& * [4] \& * 2,969 \& * 8,081 <br>
\hline Depreciation \& 73,156 \& 553,558 \& 531,302 \& 5,751,854 \& 373,949 \& 98,790 \& 1,571,254 \& 2,994,201 <br>
\hline Employee benefit programs \& * 5,761 \& 60,830 \& 29,067 \& 83,083 \& 4,375 \& * 3,310 \& 29,511 \& 34,240 <br>
\hline Insurance \& 31,819 \& 340,388 \& 146,611 \& 3,056,181 \& 37,929 \& 10,889 \& 909,861 \& 1,551,239 <br>
\hline Legal and professional services \& 8,757 \& 178,426 \& 163,165 \& 295,448 \& 25,719 \& 10,529 \& 59,449 \& 138,037 <br>
\hline Meals and entertainment deducted \& 3,022 \& 111,241 \& 155,752 \& 1,721,508 \& 17,298 \& 2,719 \& 207,951 \& 1,414,084 <br>
\hline Mortgage interest \& 31,939 \& 196,936 \& 84,327 \& 342,364 \& 50,033 \& * 691 \& 84,933 \& 109,210 <br>
\hline Other interest paid on business indebtedness \& 13,307 \& 239,209 \& 123,496 \& 869,270 \& 59,623 \& 24,100 \& 230,616 \& 449,238 <br>
\hline Office expenses \& 10,422 \& 285,218 \& 327,740 \& 353,665 \& 7,198 \& 3,943 \& 85,630 \& 156,711 <br>
\hline Pension and profit-sharing plans \& * 3 \& 8,415 \& 5,755 \& 6,031 \& 1,804 \& * 28 \& * 1,588 \& 1,671 <br>
\hline Rent paid on machinery and equipment \& 20,644 \& 167,279 \& 66,551 \& 2,211,303 \& 13,005 \& * 2,948 \& 383,866 \& 1,063,719 <br>
\hline Rent paid on other business property \& 152,046 \& 1,741,870 \& 439,455 \& 539,256 \& 23,055 \& 11,741 \& 107,866 \& 174,809 <br>
\hline Repairs \& 14,034 \& 237,223 \& 140,085 \& 4,591,730 \& 79,138 \& 16,014 \& 1,294,596 \& 2,767,200 <br>
\hline Supplies \& 30,138 \& 722,749 \& 735,768 \& 1,237,324 \& 10,846 \& 2,351 \& 327,083 \& 676,078 <br>
\hline Salaries and wages \& 164,054 \& 1,843,229 \& 592,430 \& 2,822,237 \& 45,368 \& 27,060 \& 967,878 \& 1,114,491 <br>
\hline Taxes paid \& 62,770 \& 622,171 \& 242,575 \& 1,275,387 \& 13,305 \& 4,678 \& 373,670 \& 684,691 <br>
\hline Travel \& 16,106 \& 289,523 \& 472,893 \& 685,615 \& 42,157 \& 2,524 \& 150,423 \& 372,153 <br>
\hline Utilities \& 73,301 \& 757,468 \& 464,284 \& 993,959 \& 9,844 \& 2,210 \& 245,979 \& 441,849 <br>
\hline Other business deductions \& 214,661 \& 1,796,711 \& 2,122,866 \& 9,516,004 \& 324,193 \& 81,243 \& 2,080,430 \& 5,004,965 <br>
\hline Home office business deductions, total \& * 5,168 \& 166,494 \& 353,852 \& 217,205 \& 5,383 \& * 182 \& 59,607 \& 93,540 <br>
\hline Depreciation, Form 8829 [3] \& 0 \& 20,658 \& 49,178 \& 15,864 \& * 448 \& * 6 \& 4,324 \& 6,185 <br>
\hline Casualty loss, Form 8829 [3] \& 0 \& * 3,552 \& * 4,133 \& * 3,266 \& 0 \& 0 \& 0 \& * 278 <br>
\hline Excess-casualty depreciations, Form 8829 [3] \& 0 \& 34,095 \& 88,474 \& 6,735 \& * 176 \& 0 \& * 914 \& * 982 <br>
\hline Net income less deficit [1,2] \& 53,049 \& 2,867,432 \& 2,043,966 \& 10,963,923 \& -102,235 \& 131,405 \& 2,731,105 \& 4,655,023 <br>
\hline Net income [1,2] \& 263,673 \& 4,691,208 \& 4,619,366 \& 13,663,909 \& 333,653 \& 211,584 \& 3,286,407 \& 5,621,941 <br>
\hline Deficit [2] \& -210,623 \& -1,823,775 \& -2,575,400 \& -2,699,986 \& -435,889 \& -80,179 \& -555,302 \& -966,918 <br>
\hline
\end{tabular}

Footnotes at end of table.

Table 2. Nonfarm Sole Proprietorships: Income Statements, by Industrial Sectors, Tax Year 2007-Continued

| Net income status, item | Retail trade-continued |  |  | Transportation and warehousing |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | General merchandise stores | Miscellaneous store retailers | Nonstore retailers | Total | Air and rail transportation | Water transportation | General freight trucking, local | General freight trucking, longdistance and specialized freight trucking |
|  | (55) | (56) | (57) | (58) | (59) | (60) | (61) | (62) |
| Number of returns [1] | 16,748 | 322,913 | 487,248 | 931,017 | 8,987 | 5,140 | 192,327 | 322,988 |
| Business receipts, total [1] | 2,473,905 | 26,519,335 | 19,294,949 | 67,266,486 | 1,059,025 | 426,465 | 16,424,743 | 34,605,893 |
| Income from sales and operations [1] | 2,460,478 | 26,295,605 | 19,061,707 | 66,071,411 | 960,592 | 426,395 | 16,271,433 | 33,896,013 |
| Other business income | 13,427 | 223,730 | 233,242 | 1,195,074 | 98,432 | * 69 | 153,310 | 709,880 |
| Business deductions, total [1,2] | 2,210,232 | 21,822,800 | 14,676,578 | 53,606,158 | 726,569 | 214,881 | 13,138,319 | 28,983,526 |
| Cost of sales and operations, total | 1,581,361 | 13,635,329 | 8,279,767 | 6,239,246 | 351,642 | * 81,816 | 1,435,175 | 3,131,982 |
| Inventory, beginning of year | 293,602 | 2,909,843 | 981,605 | 94,341 | * 12,243 | 0 | * 8,202 | 17,162 |
| Cost of labor | * 3,054 | 372,771 | 177,712 | 1,865,940 | * 4,706 | 0 | 549,936 | 931,841 |
| Purchases | 1,415,008 | 11,761,292 | 7,244,333 | 1,691,799 | * 23,434 | * 134 | 282,113 | 925,538 |
| Materials and supplies | * 28,726 | 1,096,533 | 392,388 | 663,619 | * 70,774 | 0 | 237,245 | 89,440 |
| Other costs | * 153,488 | 581,701 | 583,218 | 2,032,357 | * 252,138 | * 81,682 | 380,050 | 1,186,710 |
| Inventory, end of year | 312,517 | 3,086,810 | 1,099,489 | 108,810 | * 11,653 | 0 | * 22,371 | 18,709 |
| Advertising expenses | 16,675 | 331,632 | 334,351 | 155,439 | 767 | * 286 | 24,292 | 44,837 |
| Car and truck expenses | 53,361 | 935,523 | 1,509,839 | 16,354,046 | 4,546 | * 2,569 | 3,726,289 | 9,430,948 |
| Commissions | * 3,565 | 195,564 | 192,567 | 719,002 | 3,552 | 0 | 205,329 | 343,861 |
| Contract labor | * 4,132 | 164,038 | 133,531 | 2,979,578 | 15,715 | * 445 | 934,560 | 1,363,234 |
| Depletion | 0 | 7,822 | * 60 | 8,542 | * 100 | * [4] | * 2,961 | * 5,480 |
| Depreciation | 25,070 | 330,160 | 302,807 | 3,656,712 | 26,646 | 42,393 | 1,050,249 | 2,130,455 |
| Employee benefit programs | * 3,511 | 38,900 | 25,315 | 55,458 | * 2,327 | * 3,030 | 19,906 | 23,503 |
| Insurance | 24,627 | 223,774 | 101,467 | 2,276,873 | 8,068 | * 4,239 | 671,108 | 1,181,767 |
| Legal and professional services | 6,509 | 104,592 | 76,955 | 203,217 | 14,851 | * 1,114 | 41,024 | 106,557 |
| Meals and entertainment deducted | 2,142 | 66,657 | 89,036 | 1,490,271 | 15,910 | * 675 | 166,999 | 1,244,319 |
| Mortgage interest | 21,714 | 105,279 | 28,531 | 218,352 | * 1,835 | * 328 | 64,291 | 81,240 |
| Other interest paid on business indebtedness | 4,671 | 112,793 | 61,118 | 513,527 | 8,272 | * 5,027 | 107,210 | 325,063 |
| Office expenses | 6,444 | 170,911 | 182,771 | 257,004 | 5,982 | * 1,890 | 68,291 | 115,171 |
| Pension and profit-sharing plans | 0 | 7,264 | 4,666 | 3,329 | * 1,668 | 0 | * 70 | 868 |
| Rent paid on machinery and equipment | 18,456 | 65,567 | 45,616 | 1,759,229 | 2,159 | * 2,849 | 324,804 | 787,511 |
| Rent paid on other business property | 120,464 | 1,051,980 | 300,659 | 408,006 | 8,451 | * 180 | 79,201 | 141,820 |
| Repairs | 7,294 | 144,967 | 92,835 | 3,491,366 | 17,705 | * 3,126 | 1,010,295 | 2,143,413 |
| Supplies | 14,056 | 468,379 | 338,658 | 923,427 | 8,136 | * 350 | 242,778 | 514,923 |
| Salaries and wages | 115,715 | 1,256,674 | 469,706 | 1,925,075 | 16,750 | * 13,192 | 685,292 | 726,802 |
| Taxes paid | 47,202 | 389,590 | 158,508 | 946,339 | 4,401 | * 1,549 | 269,827 | 513,959 |
| Travel | 10,060 | 181,437 | 278,620 | 539,599 | 32,420 | * 830 | 136,711 | 283,625 |
| Utilities | 49,529 | 466,569 | 241,922 | 766,067 | 5,880 | * 658 | 190,312 | 346,151 |
| Other business deductions | 70,946 | 1,191,747 | 1,140,412 | 7,374,467 | 163,124 | 48,111 | 1,590,138 | 3,869,510 |
| Home office business deductions, total | * 2,273 | 115,939 | 178,457 | 192,547 | * 4,933 | * 182 | 57,513 | 81,380 |
| Depreciation, Form 8829 [3] | 0 | 8,828 | 20,030 | 12,772 | * 382 | * 6 | 4,188 | 5,569 |
| Casualty loss, Form 8829 [3] | 0 | * 3,552 | * 3,112 | * 3,266 | 0 | 0 | 0 | * 278 |
| Excess-casualty depreciations, Form 8829 [3] | 0 | * 2,669 | 5,012 | * 373 | 0 | 0 | * 373 | 0 |
| Net income [1,2] | 263,673 | 4,691,208 | 4,619,366 | 13,663,909 | 333,653 | 211,584 | 3,286,407 | 5,621,941 |
| Returns with Schedule C-EZ: <br> Number of returns | * 2,143 | 79,965 | 93,521 | 159,361 | * 2,826 | * 1,026 | 30,323 | 34,842 |
| Business receipts | * 7,628 | 352,507 | 382,233 | 1,353,760 | * 46,800 | * 4,621 | 297,904 | 404,845 |
| Business deductions | * 455 | 60,544 | 108,406 | 149,490 | * 730 | * 42 | 33,695 | 45,146 |
| Net income | * 7,173 | 291,963 | 273,827 | 1,204,270 | * 46,071 | * 4,579 | 264,210 | 359,699 |

Footnotes at end of table.

Table 2. Nonfarm Sole Proprietorships: Income Statements, by Industrial Sectors, Tax Year 2007-Continued

| Net income status, item | Transportation and warehousing-continued |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Urban transit | Interurban and rural bus transportation | Taxi and limousine service | School, employee, and charter bus industry | Other transit and ground passenger transportation | Pipeline transportation | Scenic and sightseeing transportation | Support activities for transportation (including motor vehicle towing) |
|  | (63) | (64) | (65) | (66) | (67) | (68) | (69) | (70) |
| BUSINESSES WITH AND WITHOUT NET INCOME Number of returns [1] | 0 | 6,933 | 165,333 | 19,583 | 22,932 | * 658 | 11,945 | 50,663 |
| Business receipts, total [1] | 0 | 46,014 | 4,995,671 | 884,658 | 522,454 | * 75,754 | 290,148 | 3,469,136 |
| Income from sales and operations [1] | 0 | 46,004 | 4,923,111 | 883,863 | 515,216 | * 75,754 | 282,353 | 3,366,603 |
| Other business income | 0 | * 10 | 72,560 | * 795 | * 7,237 | 0 | * 7,795 | 102,533 |
| Business deductions, total [1,2] | 0 | * 26,884 | 3,718,723 | 688,665 | 471,459 | * 95,625 | 320,334 | 3,057,821 |
| Cost of sales and operations, total | 0 | 0 | 71,142 | * 126,016 | * 16,911 | * 13,337 | * 11,594 | 813,173 |
| Inventory, beginning of year | 0 | 0 | * 1,308 | * 9,724 | * 4 | 0 | * 79 | 44,273 |
| Cost of labor | 0 | 0 | * 13,100 | * 7,456 | 0 | * 228 | 0 | * 110,387 |
| Purchases | 0 | 0 | * 2,157 | 0 | * 7,427 | * 18,526 | * 391 | 292,941 |
| Materials and supplies | 0 | 0 | * 2,419 | * 106,929 | * 941 | * 73 | * 1,132 | * 103,943 |
| Other costs | 0 | 0 | * 52,486 | * 8,342 | * 8,614 | 0 | * 10,093 | 308,428 |
| Inventory, end of year | 0 | 0 | * 327 | * 6,435 | * 74 | * 5,489 | * 101 | 46,800 |
| Advertising expenses | 0 | * 331 | 49,776 | 1,688 | 1,609 | 0 | 9,071 | 31,468 |
| Car and truck expenses | 0 | * 4,131 | 805,065 | 85,945 | 139,634 | * 30,068 | 35,211 | 426,723 |
| Commissions | 0 | * 3,150 | 116,655 | * 25,702 | * 173 | * 1,000 | * 2,675 | * 14,243 |
| Contract labor | 0 | 0 | 34,386 | * 18,663 | * 12,798 | 0 | 1,167 | 178,036 |
| Depletion | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | * [4] | 0 | 0 |
| Depreciation | 0 | * 1,562 | 165,299 | 56,243 | 22,935 | * 23,006 | 66,319 | 253,785 |
| Employee benefit programs | 0 | 0 | * 2,004 | * 2,138 | * 1,283 | 0 | * 164 | 5,122 |
| Insurance | 0 | 0 | 234,104 | 37,906 | 21,962 | * 2,540 | 20,679 | 127,501 |
| Legal and professional services | 0 | * 986 | 15,387 | 2,724 | 2,391 | * 1,882 | 2,239 | 13,420 |
| Meals and entertainment deducted | 0 | * 968 | 13,262 | 2,287 | 3,287 | * 248 | 925 | 23,704 |
| Mortgage interest | 0 | 0 | 43,869 | * 13,077 | * 57 | 0 | * 3,129 | 19,660 |
| Other interest paid on business indebtedness | 0 | * 9 | 28,291 | 20,598 | * 5,087 | * 1,181 | 6,993 | 25,304 |
| Office expenses | 0 | * 1,579 | 20,247 | 6,807 | 5,612 | * 40 | 3,542 | 24,990 |
| Pension and profit-sharing plans | 0 | 0 | * 64 | * 34 | * 173 | 0 | * 92 | 561 |
| Rent paid on machinery and equipment | 0 | 0 | 554,426 | * 23,293 | * 610 | 0 | * 7,376 | 68,963 |
| Rent paid on other business property | 0 | 0 | 75,891 | 3,715 | * 4,513 | 0 | 16,768 | 51,881 |
| Repairs | 0 | * 150 | 168,498 | 31,720 | 15,220 | * 13,315 | 19,432 | 106,298 |
| Supplies | 0 | * 690 | 51,591 | 25,441 | 6,250 | * 674 | 17,557 | 58,928 |
| Salaries and wages | 0 | * 161 | 158,207 | 57,124 | * 53,621 | 0 | 13,043 | 275,263 |
| Taxes paid | 0 | * 15 | 74,106 | 12,819 | 5,300 | 0 | 6,421 | 64,454 |
| Travel | 0 | * 222 | 24,145 | 20,266 | * 2,276 | * 232 | 11,907 | 16,709 |
| Utilities | 0 | * 1,677 | 83,793 | 13,174 | 10,587 | * 10 | 5,928 | 76,294 |
| Other business deductions | 0 | * 4,362 | 902,131 | 93,712 | 137,662 | * 8,077 | 54,489 | 372,988 |
| Home office business deductions, total | 0 | * 6,892 | 7,931 | * 537 | * 575 | * 15 | * 2,342 | 3,789 |
| Depreciation, Form 8829 [3] | 0 | * 1,492 | * 1,457 | * 10 | 0 | 0 | * 539 | * 348 |
| Casualty loss, Form 8829 [3] | 0 | * 262 | * 140 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Excess-casualty depreciations, Form 8829 [3] | 0 | * 1,215 | * 1,087 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | * 146 |
| Net income less deficit [1,2] | 0 | 19,131 | 1,293,614 | 197,161 | 50,994 | *-19,872 | -28,030 | 411,338 |
| Net income [1,2] | 0 | * 22,773 | 1,427,655 | 213,044 | 109,296 | * 1 | 46,401 | 557,750 |
| Deficit [2] | 0 | *-3,643 | -134,041 | -15,883 | -58,302 | *-19,873 | -74,432 | -146,412 |

[^13]Table 2. Nonfarm Sole Proprietorships: Income Statements, by Industrial Sectors, Tax Year 2007-Continued

| Net income status, item | Transportation and warehousing-continued |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Urban transit | Interurban and rural bus transportation | Taxi and limousine service | School, employee, and charter bus industry | Other transit and ground passenger transportation | Pipeline transportation | Scenic and sightseeing transportation | Support activities for transportation (including motor vehicle towing) |
|  | (63) | (64) | (65) | (66) | (67) | (68) | (69) | (70) |
| Number of returns [1] | 0 | * 4,963 | 146,455 | 17,495 | ** 14,250 | ** | 5,760 | 38,244 |
| Business receipts, total [1] | 0 | * 40,273 | 4,524,955 | 781,706 | ** 350,459 | ** | 141,416 | 2,643,274 |
| Income from sales and operations [1] | 0 | * 40,263 | 4,451,651 | 781,303 | ** 350,290 | ** | 141,188 | 2,592,666 |
| Other business income | 0 | * 10 | 73,304 | * 402 | ** 169 | ** | * 228 | 50,608 |
| Business deductions, total [1,2] | 0 | * 17,500 | 3,100,014 | 568,662 | ** 241,162 | ** | 95,015 | 2,085,547 |
| Cost of sales and operations, total | 0 | 0 | * 45,092 | * 122,586 | ** 10,551 | ** | * 7,611 | 477,420 |
| Inventory, beginning of year | 0 | 0 | 0 | * 9,694 | ** 4 | ** | 0 | 41,773 |
| Cost of labor | 0 | 0 | * 5,350 | * 7,456 | ** 0 | ** | 0 | * 70,092 |
| Purchases | 0 | 0 | * 324 | 0 | ** 1,067 | ** | 0 | 265,838 |
| Materials and supplies | 0 | 0 | * 2,092 | * 106,929 | ** 941 | ** | 0 | * 91,671 |
| Other costs | 0 | 0 | * 37,326 | * 4,914 | ** 8,614 | ** | * 7,611 | 53,219 |
| Inventory, end of year | 0 | 0 | 0 | * 6,408 | ** 74 | ** | 0 | 45,172 |
| Advertising expenses | 0 | 0 | 36,280 | * 1,253 | ** 172 | ** | * 2,401 | 27,592 |
| Car and truck expenses | 0 | * 2,065 | 647,488 | 68,423 | ** 63,188 | ** | * 12,818 | 280,957 |
| Commissions | 0 | * 2,264 | 110,318 | * 25,581 | ** 5 | ** | * 2,450 | * 12,473 |
| Contract labor | 0 | 0 | 24,191 | * 18,405 | ** 846 | ** | 0 | 170,864 |
| Depletion | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | ** [4] | ** | 0 | 0 |
| Depreciation | 0 | * 1,562 | 114,470 | 43,653 | ** 12,584 | ** | * 8,685 | 139,629 |
| Employee benefit programs | 0 | 0 | * 209 | * 1,762 | ** 579 | ** | * 11 | 3,701 |
| Insurance | 0 | 0 | 200,481 | 27,291 | ** 10,408 | ** | * 5,849 | 78,644 |
| Legal and professional services | 0 | * 460 | 9,473 | 1,951 | ** 392 | ** | * 441 | 7,978 |
| Meals and entertainment deducted | 0 | * 918 | 12,756 | * 1,523 | ** 115 | ** | * 395 | 20,446 |
| Mortgage interest | 0 | 0 | 43,869 | * 10,601 | ** 57 | ** | * 2,463 | 9,639 |
| Other interest paid on business indebtedness | 0 | * 9 | 19,066 | 13,641 | ** 2,868 | ** | 0 | 19,153 |
| Office expenses | 0 | * 1,029 | 10,361 | 6,383 | ** 165 | ** | * 1,776 | 15,564 |
| Pension and profit-sharing plans | 0 | 0 | * 5 | 0 | ** 166 | ** | 0 | * 546 |
| Rent paid on machinery and equipment | 0 | 0 | 499,909 | * 23,156 | ** 112 | ** | * 31 | 38,609 |
| Rent paid on other business property | 0 | 0 | 63,440 | * 2,643 | ** 207 | ** | * 6,721 | 43,942 |
| Repairs | 0 | * 2 | 147,739 | 26,093 | ** 5,298 | ** | * 3,504 | 61,490 |
| Supplies | 0 | * 690 | 35,191 | 23,217 | ** 1,652 | ** | * 7,890 | 39,132 |
| Salaries and wages | 0 | * 161 | 102,519 | * 36,684 | ** 19,757 | ** | * 93 | 227,668 |
| Taxes paid | 0 | * 15 | 61,270 | 10,451 | ** 1,127 | ** | * 2,701 | 52,417 |
| Travel | 0 | 0 | 19,182 | * 17,239 | ** 518 | ** | * 3,880 | 7,610 |
| Utilities | 0 | * 1,036 | 73,131 | 11,378 | ** 2,828 | ** | * 1,829 | 52,521 |
| Other business deductions | 0 | * 2,305 | 800,305 | 67,176 | ** 106,056 | ** | * 19,853 | 289,763 |
| Home office business deductions, total | 0 | * 4,983 | * 4,816 | * 537 | ** 575 | ** | * 2,342 | * 3,223 |
| Depreciation, Form 8829 [3] | 0 | * 682 | * 445 | * 10 | ** 0 | ** | * 539 | * 202 |
| Casualty loss, Form 8829 [3] | 0 | * 262 | * 140 | 0 | ** 0 | ** | 0 | 0 |
| Excess-casualty depreciations, Form 8829 [3] | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | ** 0 | ** | 0 | 0 |
| Net income [1,2] | 0 | * 22,773 | 1,427,655 | 213,044 | ** 109,297 | ** | 46,401 | 557,750 |
| Returns with Schedule C-EZ: <br> Number of returns | 0 | * 999 | 23,962 | * 7,116 | * 3,842 | 0 | * 1,291 | 11,825 |
| Business receipts | 0 | * 300 | 190,507 | * 37,824 | * 7,836 | 0 | * 7,907 | 113,386 |
| Business deductions | 0 | 0 | 18,453 | * 7,035 | * 934 | 0 | * 1,270 | * 4,565 |
| Net income | 0 | * 300 | 172,054 | * 30,788 | * 6,902 | 0 | * 6,637 | 108,821 |

[^14]Table 2. Nonfarm Sole Proprietorships: Income Statements, by Industrial Sectors, Tax Year 2007-Continued
[All figures are estimates based on samples-money amounts are in thousands of dollars]

| Net income status, item | Transportation and warehousing-continued |  | Information |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | Couriers and messengers | Warehousing and storage facilities | Total | Publishing industries (except Internet) | Motion picture and sound recording | Broadcasting (except Internet) and telecommunications | Internet publishing and broadcasting | providers, Web search portals, and data processing |
|  | (71) | (72) | (73) | (74) | (75) | (76) | (77) | (78) |
| BUSINESSES WITH AND WITHOUT NET INCOME Number of returns [1] | 211,571 | 3,464 | 351,710 | 74,591 | 107,185 | 43,023 | 9,242 | 117,669 |
| Business receipts, total [1] | 6,492,314 | 413,027 | 10,208,162 | 2,191,455 | 3,124,813 | 2,184,904 | 238,069 | 2,468,921 |
| Income from sales and operations [1] | 6,432,289 | 410,438 | 10,100,927 | 2,166,158 | 3,124,018 | 2,172,112 | 236,770 | 2,401,869 |
| Other business income | 60,025 | 2,590 | 107,235 | 25,296 | 795 | 12,792 | * 1,299 | 67,052 |
| Business deductions, total [1,2] | 4,934,243 | 348,112 | 7,656,332 | 1,678,545 | 2,476,897 | 1,808,728 | 217,821 | 1,474,340 |
| Cost of sales and operations, total | 544,849 | 51,003 | 1,827,914 | 518,593 | 352,284 | 642,061 | * 11,642 | 303,334 |
| Inventory, beginning of year | * 4,221 | * 2,630 | 226,629 | 112,939 | 60,244 | * 7,592 | * 236 | 45,618 |
| Cost of labor | 298,058 | * 7,281 | 114,926 | * 54,785 | * 3,897 | * 9,536 | * 3,001 | * 43,707 |
| Purchases | * 161,444 | * 41,389 | 1,014,823 | 177,872 | 201,780 | 498,184 | * 4,806 | 132,181 |
| Materials and supplies | 63,970 | * 567 | 163,666 | 59,075 | 28,791 | * 4,231 | * 2,112 | 69,458 |
| Other costs | * 18,749 | * 4,868 | 531,878 | 222,723 | 115,393 | 138,889 | * 1,930 | 52,944 |
| Inventory, end of year | * 1,593 | * 5,731 | 224,009 | 108,799 | 57,820 | * 16,372 | * 443 | 40,574 |
| Advertising expenses | 18,045 | 2,505 | 300,398 | 24,140 | 80,245 | 57,428 | 31,858 | 106,727 |
| Car and truck expenses | 2,694,335 | 7,565 | 615,523 | 139,249 | 192,183 | 132,818 | 3,247 | 148,027 |
| Commissions | * 8,808 | * 5,461 | 118,688 | 16,354 | 21,318 | 30,530 | * 14,629 | 35,856 |
| Contract labor | 426,444 | 46,500 | 333,315 | 34,892 | 117,464 | 108,817 | * 20,639 | 51,502 |
| Depletion | 0 | 0 | * 1,035 | * 16 | * 985 | * 28 | 0 | * 6 |
| Depreciation | 104,788 | 19,722 | 365,258 | 31,645 | 217,648 | 61,833 | 6,443 | 47,689 |
| Employee benefit programs | * 236 | 703 | 30,967 | 11,007 | 10,363 | 5,546 | * 962 | 3,090 |
| Insurance | 95,085 | 6,485 | 65,722 | 18,164 | 23,327 | 13,721 | 1,381 | 9,130 |
| Legal and professional services | 19,383 | 3,303 | 137,869 | 28,661 | 57,365 | 19,770 | 1,877 | 30,197 |
| Meals and entertainment deducted | 34,362 | 413 | 97,875 | 13,685 | 45,924 | 9,990 | 4,551 | 23,725 |
| Mortgage interest | * 5,392 | * 12,313 | 40,957 | 5,536 | 24,016 | * 8,258 | * 3 | * 3,144 |
| Other interest paid on business indebtedness | 10,379 | 7,850 | 54,973 | 13,990 | 13,245 | 19,462 | * 679 | 7,597 |
| Office expenses | 34,207 | 3,159 | 166,973 | 42,092 | 60,329 | 20,701 | 7,216 | 36,635 |
| Pension and profit-sharing plans | * 1 | * 14 | 5,722 | * 3,304 | 843 | * 706 | * 184 | * 686 |
| Rent paid on machinery and equipment | 87,947 | 5,151 | 114,680 | 7,277 | 39,651 | 47,505 | * 629 | 19,618 |
| Rent paid on other business property | 27,044 | 41,975 | 260,729 | 52,075 | 96,848 | 58,871 | 20,649 | 32,285 |
| Repairs | 75,167 | 4,981 | 55,395 | 18,586 | 22,219 | 10,253 | * 463 | 3,874 |
| Supplies | 52,430 | 7,405 | 258,246 | 56,562 | 97,189 | 51,990 | 2,627 | 49,878 |
| Salaries and wages | 81,960 | 28,060 | 563,461 | 193,431 | 152,915 | 147,632 | * 19,285 | 50,199 |
| Taxes paid | 28,494 | 7,435 | 84,348 | 27,092 | 22,003 | 20,056 | 2,235 | 12,962 |
| Travel | 34,797 | 7,804 | 275,456 | 39,119 | 132,671 | 30,680 | 12,601 | 60,384 |
| Utilities | 90,602 | 12,013 | 249,840 | 37,536 | 90,625 | 45,502 | 7,513 | 68,664 |
| Other business deductions | 385,603 | 66,148 | 1,350,522 | 276,807 | 506,313 | 246,005 | 43,336 | 278,061 |
| Home office business deductions, total | 36,267 | * 144 | 235,715 | 49,219 | 87,872 | 13,785 | * 3,172 | 81,667 |
| Depreciation, Form 8829 [3] | 1,015 | * 41 | 25,875 | 5,310 | 14,330 | * 1,375 | * 402 | 4,459 |
| Casualty loss, Form 8829 [3] | * 2,586 | 0 | * 203 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | * 203 |
| Excess-casualty depreciations, Form 8829 [3] | * 2,215 | 0 | 35,231 | * 1,076 | * 31,993 | * 5 | * 4 | * 2,153 |
| Net income less deficit [1,2] | 1,559,154 | 65,136 | 2,562,634 | 521,802 | 648,122 | 377,497 | 20,248 | 994,965 |
| Net income [1,2] | 1,755,951 | 77,452 | 3,652,581 | 716,377 | 1,164,090 | 518,816 | 73,592 | 1,179,707 |
| Deficit [2] | -196,797 | -12,316 | -1,089,947 | -194,575 | -515,968 | -141,318 | -53,344 | -184,742 |

Footnotes at end of table.

Sole Proprietorship Returns, 2007
Statistics of Income Bulletin | Summer 2009

Table 2. Nonfarm Sole Proprietorships: Income Statements, by Industrial Sectors, Tax Year 2007-Continued
[All figures are estimates based on samples-money amounts are in thousands of dollars]

| Net income status, item | Transportation and warehousing-continued |  | Information |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | Couriers and messengers | Warehousing and storage facilities | Total | Publishing industries (except Internet) | Motion picture and sound recording | Broadcasting (except Internet) and telecommunications | Internet publishing and broadcasting | providers, Web search portals, and data processing |
|  | (71) | (72) | (73) | (74) | (75) | (76) | (77) | (78) |
| Number of returns [1] | 171,843 | 2,565 | 233,984 | 50,942 | 60,910 | 33,532 | 4,161 | 84,439 |
| Business receipts, total [1] | 5,939,044 | 329,235 | 8,605,326 | 1,752,419 | 2,590,179 | 1,785,661 | 201,167 | 2,275,899 |
| Income from sales and operations [1] | 5,832,500 | 327,118 | 8,484,274 | 1,718,494 | 2,574,125 | 1,781,116 | 201,161 | 2,209,379 |
| Other business income | 106,545 | * 2,117 | 121,051 | 33,925 | 16,055 | * 4,546 | * 5 | 66,521 |
| Business deductions, total [1,2] | 4,183,093 | 251,872 | 4,952,745 | 1,036,042 | 1,426,089 | 1,266,846 | 127,575 | 1,096,192 |
| Cost of sales and operations, total | 529,053 | * 46,317 | 1,364,584 | 320,830 | 224,967 | 546,624 | * 2,464 | 269,700 |
| Inventory, beginning of year | * 2,977 | * 2,285 | 127,905 | 71,683 | 25,316 | * 1,668 | * 236 | * 29,002 |
| Cost of labor | * 291,573 | * 4,986 | 78,660 | * 22,334 | * 3,897 | * 8,767 | 0 | * 43,662 |
| Purchases | * 154,961 | * 38,390 | 768,953 | 127,431 | 124,615 | * 410,988 | * 1,003 | 104,915 |
| Materials and supplies | 63,970 | * 557 | 131,114 | * 41,230 | * 20,587 | * 73 | * 816 | * 68,408 |
| Other costs | * 16,024 | * 4,069 | 378,472 | 128,997 | 69,943 | 127,153 | * 852 | * 51,526 |
| Inventory, end of year | * 453 | * 3,971 | 120,519 | 70,845 | 19,391 | * 2,025 | * 443 | * 27,815 |
| Advertising expenses | 16,968 | 590 | 227,992 | 13,983 | 51,343 | 42,101 | 29,111 | 91,455 |
| Car and truck expenses | 2,112,318 | 2,437 | 389,360 | 90,089 | 94,884 | 94,177 | * 184 | 110,027 |
| Commissions | * 8,121 | * 5,049 | 74,833 | 10,540 | 13,827 | * 7,607 | * 11,026 | 31,833 |
| Contract labor | 407,864 | 43,454 | 261,041 | 12,548 | 86,170 | 95,315 | * 20,617 | 46,390 |
| Depletion | 0 | 0 | * 33 | 0 | 0 | * 28 | 0 | * 6 |
| Depreciation | 78,650 | 7,737 | 165,672 | 19,504 | 96,734 | 18,597 | 2,133 | 28,705 |
| Employee benefit programs | * 236 | * 194 | 20,820 | 7,731 | 8,642 | * 1,860 | * 557 | * 2,030 |
| Insurance | 84,386 | 4,634 | 42,124 | 13,173 | 11,868 | 8,553 | * 1,336 | 7,194 |
| Legal and professional services | 17,312 | 1,664 | 66,282 | 8,728 | 34,592 | 6,799 | 774 | 15,390 |
| Meals and entertainment deducted | 25,977 | 239 | 60,191 | 5,742 | 28,373 | 7,018 | * 109 | 18,948 |
| Mortgage interest | * 4,029 | 0 | 28,842 | * 4,688 | * 16,524 | * 4,565 | 0 | * 3,065 |
| Other interest paid on business indebtedness | 7,623 | 5,594 | 21,722 | 6,388 | 3,509 | 8,429 | * 657 | * 2,739 |
| Office expenses | 28,044 | 2,347 | 121,770 | 30,250 | 40,860 | 16,576 | * 2,520 | 31,565 |
| Pension and profit-sharing plans | * 1 | * 5 | 4,759 | * 3,196 | 804 | * 531 | * 184 | * 43 |
| Rent paid on machinery and equipment | 78,321 | * 1,769 | 70,985 | 5,230 | 19,019 | 40,133 | * 105 | * 6,498 |
| Rent paid on other business property | 27,044 | 34,357 | 153,702 | 28,264 | 64,983 | 26,672 | * 11,260 | 22,524 |
| Repairs | 68,979 | 3,721 | 40,996 | 16,117 | 15,630 | 5,737 | * 447 | 3,065 |
| Supplies | 44,597 | 4,871 | 171,988 | 46,767 | 53,110 | 37,123 | * 907 | 34,081 |
| Salaries and wages | 81,960 | 14,196 | 344,913 | 127,358 | 105,487 | 70,128 | * 12,283 | 29,657 |
| Taxes paid | 26,499 | 2,122 | 50,868 | 17,634 | 15,809 | 8,327 | * 1,584 | 7,515 |
| Travel | 30,228 | 7,356 | 183,139 | 21,566 | 92,043 | 24,987 | * 1,076 | 43,467 |
| Utilities | 75,723 | 4,620 | 156,575 | 28,538 | 55,280 | 27,619 | 1,276 | 43,862 |
| Other business deductions | 359,568 | 58,557 | 700,283 | 140,419 | 220,240 | 150,995 | 24,734 | 163,896 |
| Home office business deductions, total | 32,022 | * 42 | 184,683 | 37,243 | 60,509 | 11,564 | * 2,232 | 73,134 |
| Depreciation, Form 8829 [3] | * 734 | * 15 | 14,080 | 5,028 | 3,796 | * 1,370 | * 400 | 3,485 |
| Casualty loss, Form 8829 [3] | * 2,586 | 0 | * 203 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | * 203 |
| Excess-casualty depreciations, Form 8829 [3] | 0 | 0 | * 701 | * 687 | 0 | 0 | 0 | * 14 |
| Net income [1,2] | 1,755,951 | 77,452 | 3,652,581 | 716,377 | 1,164,090 | 518,816 | 73,592 | 1,179,707 |
| Returns with Schedule C-EZ: <br> Number of returns | 40,656 | * 654 | 64,163 | 17,710 | 10,538 | 10,136 | 0 | 25,778 |
| Business receipts | 240,871 | * 959 | 431,115 | 113,946 | 75,761 | 67,023 | 0 | 174,385 |
| Business deductions | 37,620 | 0 | 44,752 | 19,515 | 11,051 | * 4,782 | 0 | 9,404 |
| Net income | 203,250 | * 959 | 386,363 | 94,431 | 64,709 | 62,241 | 0 | 164,980 |

Footnotes at end of table

Table 2. Nonfarm Sole Proprietorships: Income Statements, by Industrial Sectors, Tax Year 2007-Continued

\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline \multirow[b]{3}{*}{Net income status, item} \& \multicolumn{8}{|c|}{Finance and insurance} \\
\hline \& \multirow[b]{2}{*}{Total} \& \multirow[b]{2}{*}{Credit intermediation and related activities} \& \multicolumn{6}{|c|}{Securities, commodity contracts, and other financial investments} \\
\hline \& \& \& Total \& Investment bankers and securities dealers \& Securities brokers \& Commodity contracts brokers and dealers \& Securities and commodity exchanges \& Other financial investment activities (investment advice) \\
\hline \multirow[b]{2}{*}{\begin{tabular}{l}
BUSINESSES WITH AND WITHOUT NET INCOME \\
Number of returns [1]
\end{tabular}} \& (79) \& \multirow[t]{2}{*}{(80)

102,497} \& \multirow[t]{2}{*}{(81)

181,676} \& \multirow[t]{2}{*}{(82)

5,320} \& \multirow[t]{2}{*}{(83)

16,657} \& \multirow[t]{2}{*}{(84)

4,709} \& \multirow[t]{2}{*}{(85)

1,409} \& \multirow[t]{2}{*}{(86)

153,579} <br>
\hline \& 726,002 \& \& \& \& \& \& \& <br>
\hline Business receipts, total [1] \& 93,984,377 \& 4,910,013 \& 58,505,410 \& 2,089,698 \& 4,050,726 \& 793,477 \& 688,440 \& 50,883,069 <br>
\hline Income from sales and operations [1] \& 91,208,911 \& 4,794,052 \& 56,616,289 \& 1,715,209 \& 3,816,577 \& 789,466 \& 696,566 \& 49,598,472 <br>
\hline Other business income \& 2,775,466 \& 115,961 \& 1,889,121 \& 374,489 \& 234,149 \& 4,012 \& * -8,126 \& 1,284,598 <br>
\hline Business deductions, total [1,2] \& 73,827,133 \& 3,856,249 \& 51,525,600 \& 1,725,490 \& 3,193,643 \& 779,017 \& 745,715 \& 45,081,734 <br>
\hline Cost of sales and operations, total \& 33,954,191 \& 743,487 \& 32,396,142 \& 1,238,639 \& 1,859,406 \& 400,620 \& * 661,434 \& 28,236,043 <br>
\hline Inventory, beginning of year \& 444,681 \& 98,815 \& 305,800 \& * 16,809 \& * 11,428 \& * 2,405 \& * 515 \& 274,642 <br>
\hline Cost of labor \& 149,300 \& * 25,536 \& 77,915 \& * 2,487 \& * 3,916 \& * 57,026 \& 0 \& 14,486 <br>
\hline Purchases \& 20,964,183 \& 353,884 \& 20,262,300 \& 979,741 \& 1,130,687 \& 343,550 \& * 586,411 \& 17,221,910 <br>
\hline Materials and supplies \& 1,941,691 \& 56,808 \& 1,846,274 \& 0 \& * 17 \& * 29 \& 0 \& 1,846,227 <br>
\hline Other costs \& 10,847,468 \& 323,183 \& 10,106,176 \& * 259,782 \& 726,243 \& 1,925 \& * 75,089 \& 9,043,137 <br>
\hline Inventory, end of year \& 393,133 \& 114,739 \& 202,324 \& * 20,181 \& * 12,886 \& * 4,315 \& * 581 \& 164,360 <br>
\hline Advertising expenses \& 1,170,583 \& 136,917 \& 219,270 \& 4,302 \& 20,053 \& 4,127 \& 0 \& 190,789 <br>
\hline Car and truck expenses \& 2,899,486 \& 344,709 \& 469,959 \& 5,273 \& 53,133 \& 4,425 \& * 838 \& 406,290 <br>
\hline Commissions \& 3,413,442 \& 360,120 \& 965,697 \& 12,061 \& 108,443 \& 59,394 \& * 2,530 \& 783,270 <br>
\hline Contract labor \& 1,082,858 \& 174,079 \& 450,089 \& * 2,364 \& 89,208 \& 32,561 \& * 1,888 \& 324,068 <br>
\hline Depletion \& 2,622 \& * 7 \& 2,133 \& * 3 \& * 93 \& * 179 \& 0 \& 1,858 <br>
\hline Depreciation \& 946,648 \& 129,249 \& 268,233 \& 6,939 \& 24,507 \& 7,059 \& 933 \& 228,795 <br>
\hline Employee benefit programs \& 203,809 \& 5,809 \& 56,321 \& 1,286 \& 12,702 \& * 493 \& * 82 \& 41,758 <br>
\hline Insurance \& 562,423 \& 44,873 \& 120,400 \& 5,377 \& 15,640 \& 1,595 \& * 897 \& 96,892 <br>
\hline Legal and professional services \& 753,489 \& 87,178 \& 363,065 \& 10,981 \& 35,815 \& 6,882 \& 2,172 \& 307,216 <br>
\hline Meals and entertainment deducted \& 537,667 \& 53,639 \& 149,371 \& 3,884 \& 20,914 \& 3,835 \& * 146 \& 120,591 <br>
\hline Mortgage interest \& 200,212 \& 33,111 \& 70,572 \& * 890 \& 776 \& * 258 \& 0 \& 68,647 <br>
\hline Other interest paid on business indebtedness \& 557,340 \& 51,001 \& 347,648 \& 19,509 \& 20,363 \& 7,471 \& 29,879 \& 270,425 <br>
\hline Office expenses \& 1,184,256 \& 99,311 \& 301,990 \& 21,818 \& 27,280 \& 6,211 \& 1,155 \& 245,526 <br>
\hline Pension and profit-sharing plans \& 135,118 \& 2,998 \& 58,100 \& * 2,035 \& 6,102 \& * 295 \& * 403 \& 49,265 <br>
\hline Rent paid on machinery and equipment \& 252,981 \& 40,286 \& 82,269 \& 4,383 \& 18,431 \& 2,715 \& 0 \& 56,741 <br>
\hline Rent paid on other business property \& 1,459,668 \& 122,407 \& 452,478 \& 22,260 \& 40,495 \& 27,667 \& * 430 \& 361,625 <br>
\hline Repairs \& 297,375 \& 27,871 \& 104,158 \& 2,521 \& 10,349 \& 567 \& * [4] \& 90,722 <br>
\hline Supplies \& 598,717 \& 71,855 \& 129,081 \& 2,512 \& 16,368 \& 4,570 \& * 44 \& 105,588 <br>
\hline Salaries and wages \& 4,575,318 \& 352,742 \& 1,670,039 \& 40,951 \& 158,789 \& 29,079 \& * 2,579 \& 1,438,642 <br>
\hline Taxes paid \& 600,986 \& 55,288 \& 183,775 \& 7,844 \& 16,531 \& 5,943 \& * 643 \& 152,814 <br>
\hline Travel \& 847,556 \& 76,216 \& 332,884 \& 15,127 \& 17,530 \& 6,161 \& * 615 \& 293,450 <br>
\hline Utilities \& 1,084,431 \& 123,146 \& 239,497 \& 7,974 \& 35,443 \& 5,703 \& 899 \& 189,477 <br>
\hline Other business deductions \& 15,963,610 \& 609,897 \& 11,967,251 \& 283,812 \& 578,183 \& 160,924 \& 38,008 \& 10,906,324 <br>
\hline Home office business deductions, total \& 443,251 \& 91,412 \& 106,910 \& 2,747 \& 7,064 \& 248 \& * 139 \& 96,712 <br>
\hline Depreciation, Form 8829 [3] \& 50,043 \& 9,628 \& 10,013 \& * 70 \& 1,248 \& * 33 \& 0 \& 8,662 <br>
\hline Casualty loss, Form 8829 [3] \& * 1,185 \& * 1,066 \& * 119 \& 0 \& * 2 \& 0 \& 0 \& * 117 <br>
\hline Excess-casualty depreciations, Form 8829 [3] \& 35,482 \& 5,328 \& 10,375 \& * 146 \& * 756 \& * 9 \& 0 \& 9,464 <br>
\hline Net income less deficit [1,2] \& 20,173,777 \& 1,054,445 \& 6,995,452 \& 364,208 \& 857,082 \& 14,460 \& -57,276 \& 5,816,977 <br>
\hline Net income [1,2] \& 22,908,435 \& 1,469,086 \& 8,539,428 \& 434,559 \& 953,823 \& 189,262 \& * 9,496 \& 6,952,289 <br>
\hline Deficit [2] \& -2,734,659 \& -414,640 \& -1,543,977 \& -70,351 \& -96,740 \& -174,802 \& -66,771 \& -1,135,312 <br>
\hline
\end{tabular}

Footnotes at end of table.

Table 2. Nonfarm Sole Proprietorships: Income Statements, by Industrial Sectors, Tax Year 2007-Continued
[All figures are estimates based on samples-money amounts are in thousands of dollars]

| Net income status, item | Finance and insurance |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Total | Credit intermediation and related activities | Securities, commodity contracts, and other financial investments |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  | Total | Investment bankers and securities dealers | Securities brokers | Commodity contracts brokers and dealers | Securities and commodity exchanges | Other financial investment activities (investment advice) |
|  | (79) | (80) | (81) | (82) | (83) | (84) | (85) | (86) |
| Number of returns [1] | 495,376 | 66,452 | 106,244 | 4,312 | 10,750 | 2,820 | * 14 | 88,348 |
| Business receipts, total [1] | 61,428,063 | 4,261,253 | 29,496,099 | 968,598 | 2,505,716 | 666,350 | * 138,383 | 25,217,051 |
| Income from sales and operations [1] | 59,779,825 | 4,182,573 | 28,569,997 | 792,503 | 2,365,547 | 665,560 | * 138,369 | 24,608,019 |
| Other business income | 1,648,238 | 78,681 | 926,103 | 176,096 | 140,170 | 790 | * 14 | 609,032 |
| Business deductions, total [1,2] | 38,529,452 | 2,792,168 | 20,967,232 | 534,039 | 1,551,894 | 477,088 | * 128,887 | 18,275,323 |
| Cost of sales and operations, total | 14,627,514 | 641,573 | 13,512,189 | * 160,347 | 739,178 | 255,050 | * 122,499 | 12,235,115 |
| Inventory, beginning of year | 227,446 | 95,735 | 93,307 | * 11,117 | * 11,128 | * 169 | 0 | 70,893 |
| Cost of labor | 47,640 | * 16,875 | 18,290 | * 2,487 | * 3,916 | * 1,908 | 0 | * 9,979 |
| Purchases | 8,482,613 | 335,476 | 8,051,363 | * 145,289 | 410,550 | * 252,753 | * 122,499 | 7,120,272 |
| Materials and supplies | 391,357 | * 56,495 | 299,464 | 0 | * 17 | * 14 | 0 | 299,433 |
| Other costs | 5,738,125 | 237,696 | 5,138,241 | * 13,420 | 325,776 | * 216 | 0 | 4,798,829 |
| Inventory, end of year | 259,666 | 100,705 | 88,477 | * 11,966 | * 12,210 | * 11 | 0 | 64,291 |
| Advertising expenses | 1,002,091 | 96,962 | 173,224 | 3,876 | 12,142 | 2,188 | 0 | 155,017 |
| Car and truck expenses | 2,208,214 | 234,495 | 322,965 | 4,960 | 38,541 | 2,934 | * 205 | 276,324 |
| Commissions | 2,489,636 | 277,679 | 594,085 | 11,283 | 85,873 | * 45,500 | 0 | 451,428 |
| Contract labor | 902,134 | 150,739 | 333,618 | * 534 | 72,652 | * 18,860 | * 180 | 241,392 |
| Depletion | 1,812 | * 6 | 1,446 | * 3 | * 27 | * 178 | 0 | 1,238 |
| Depreciation | 673,423 | 62,454 | 165,439 | 4,945 | 8,647 | 1,748 | * 269 | 149,830 |
| Employee benefit programs | 172,078 | 3,397 | 40,064 | * 467 | 7,532 | * 298 | * 82 | 31,685 |
| Insurance | 469,491 | 29,587 | 87,150 | 5,180 | 13,338 | 492 | * 148 | 67,992 |
| Legal and professional services | 532,724 | 61,363 | 224,459 | 7,164 | 24,757 | 2,093 | * 782 | 189,664 |
| Meals and entertainment deducted | 444,138 | 44,288 | 112,024 | 3,226 | 12,968 | 1,081 | * 57 | 94,692 |
| Mortgage interest | 91,700 | 12,220 | 24,467 | * 479 | * 656 | * 83 | 0 | 23,250 |
| Other interest paid on business indebtedness | 285,901 | 32,772 | 124,937 | 2,827 | 13,951 | 373 | * 219 | 107,567 |
| Office expenses | 1,000,158 | 75,253 | 248,674 | 21,141 | 20,916 | 4,309 | * 11 | 202,296 |
| Pension and profit-sharing plans | 120,794 | 1,341 | 46,801 | * 1,925 | 5,645 | * 205 | * 100 | 38,927 |
| Rent paid on machinery and equipment | 219,456 | 28,892 | 69,877 | * 3,846 | 15,178 | * 246 | 0 | 50,607 |
| Rent paid on other business property | 1,210,651 | 68,747 | 362,409 | 19,654 | 28,933 | 13,182 | * 353 | 300,287 |
| Repairs | 192,659 | 17,383 | 34,250 | 2,219 | 5,040 | * 150 | * [4] | 26,840 |
| Supplies | 504,790 | 58,226 | 97,135 | 2,076 | 12,136 | 3,557 | * 10 | 79,357 |
| Salaries and wages | 3,842,429 | 245,647 | 1,216,568 | 28,526 | 127,281 | 13,251 | * 1,629 | 1,045,882 |
| Taxes paid | 490,892 | 35,921 | 131,345 | 6,946 | 10,195 | 817 | * [4] | 113,387 |
| Travel | 652,862 | 38,678 | 253,738 | 13,398 | 12,732 | 3,000 | * 615 | 223,992 |
| Utilities | 896,704 | 87,014 | 181,426 | 7,033 | 26,457 | 3,244 | * 86 | 144,606 |
| Other business deductions | 5,085,062 | 407,920 | 2,519,092 | 219,663 | 252,123 | 104,162 | * 1,502 | 1,941,643 |
| Home office business deductions, total | 322,542 | 62,798 | 71,904 | * 2,319 | 4,971 | * 62 | * 139 | 64,413 |
| Depreciation, Form 8829 [3] | 34,360 | 7,914 | 4,990 | * 13 | 834 | * 2 | 0 | 4,142 |
| Casualty loss, Form 8829 [3] | * 1,183 | * 1,066 | * 117 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | * 117 |
| Excess-casualty depreciations, Form 8829 [3] | 4,901 | * 509 | * 304 | 0 | * 240 | 0 | 0 | * 64 |
| Net income [1,2] | 22,908,435 | 1,469,086 | 8,539,428 | 434,559 | 953,823 | 189,262 | * 9,496 | 6,952,289 |
| Returns with Schedule C-EZ: <br> Number of returns | 91,661 | 12,129 | 18,087 | * 14 | * 99 | * 112 | 0 | 17,862 |
| Business receipts | 793,140 | 116,466 | 301,607 | * 723 | * 13,609 | * 14,572 | 0 | 272,703 |
| Business deductions | 99,095 | 18,641 | 18,268 | * [4] | * 24 | * 37 | 0 | 18,207 |
| Net income | 694,044 | 97,825 | 283,338 | * 723 | * 13,585 | * 14,535 | 0 | 254,496 |

Footnotes at end of table.

Table 2. Nonfarm Sole Proprietorships: Income Statements, by Industrial Sectors, Tax Year 2007-Continued
[All figures are estimates based on samples—money amounts are in thousands of dollars]

| Net income status, item | Real estate and rental and leasing |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Insurance agents, brokers, and related activities |  |  | Total | Real estate |  |  |
|  | Total | Insurance agencies and brokerages | Other insurance related activities |  | Total | Lessors of real estate (including miniwarehouses and selfstorage) | Offices of real estate agents, brokers, property managers, and appraisers |
|  | (87) | (88) | (89) | (90) | (91) | (92) | (93) |
| BUSINESSES WITH AND WITHOUT NET INCOME Number of returns [1] | 441,829 | 328,276 | 113,553 | 1,393,424 | 1,336,767 | 39,944 | 1,056,026 |
| Business receipts, total [1] | 30,568,954 | 26,335,688 | 4,233,266 | 70,954,832 | 66,927,293 | 1,341,797 | 49,007,711 |
| Income from sales and operations [1] | 29,798,570 | 25,609,181 | 4,189,389 | 69,206,921 | 65,323,449 | 1,242,011 | 47,966,253 |
| Other business income | 770,384 | 726,507 | 43,877 | 1,747,910 | 1,603,845 | 99,785 | 1,041,459 |
| Business deductions, total [1,2] | 18,445,284 | 16,020,031 | 2,425,254 | 48,684,628 | 44,804,616 | 1,467,285 | 29,350,772 |
| Cost of sales and operations, total | 814,563 | 663,928 | 150,635 | 10,345,529 | 9,377,250 | 128,547 | 2,843,387 |
| Inventory, beginning of year | 40,065 | 37,669 | * 2,395 | 2,785,756 | 2,673,919 | * 11,973 | 748,482 |
| Cost of labor | 45,849 | * 37,506 | * 8,343 | 482,557 | 351,554 | * 338 | 301,895 |
| Purchases | 347,999 | 246,605 | 101,395 | 5,519,112 | 4,909,012 | 127,196 | 1,340,456 |
| Materials and supplies | 38,609 | 30,756 | * 7,854 | 1,119,770 | 1,060,409 | * 3,466 | 453,419 |
| Other costs | 418,110 | 381,803 | 36,307 | 3,631,654 | 3,454,364 | 47,813 | 904,206 |
| Inventory, end of year | 76,070 | 70,411 | * 5,659 | 3,193,320 | 3,072,007 | 62,239 | 905,072 |
| Advertising expenses | 814,395 | 759,062 | 55,333 | 2,707,090 | 2,669,836 | 13,446 | 2,284,577 |
| Car and truck expenses | 2,084,818 | 1,647,275 | 437,543 | 5,839,808 | 5,693,348 | 56,370 | 4,708,135 |
| Commissions | 2,087,625 | 1,812,496 | 275,129 | 3,448,320 | 3,405,609 | 55,104 | 2,855,015 |
| Contract labor | 458,690 | 407,244 | 51,446 | 1,024,431 | 918,434 | 16,057 | 612,631 |
| Depletion | 482 | 481 | * 1 | 5,551 | 5,478 | * 1,046 | 3,654 |
| Depreciation | 549,166 | 480,069 | 69,097 | 2,767,499 | 1,712,232 | 172,846 | 1,125,125 |
| Employee benefit programs | 141,680 | 130,038 | 11,642 | 93,990 | 88,123 | 3,290 | 60,478 |
| Insurance | 397,150 | 354,526 | 42,624 | 679,218 | 601,391 | 43,322 | 430,418 |
| Legal and professional services | 303,247 | 257,257 | 45,990 | 1,123,262 | 1,080,112 | 43,606 | 748,629 |
| Meals and entertainment deducted | 334,657 | 288,942 | 45,715 | 729,090 | 716,647 | 7,957 | 586,356 |
| Mortgage interest | 96,529 | 76,812 | 19,717 | 1,031,793 | 970,762 | 321,614 | 394,007 |
| Other interest paid on business indebtedness | 158,691 | 134,778 | 23,913 | 661,199 | 516,979 | 42,010 | 220,860 |
| Office expenses | 782,955 | 687,542 | 95,412 | 1,319,123 | 1,294,151 | 13,475 | 1,079,801 |
| Pension and profit-sharing plans | 74,020 | 71,956 | 2,064 | 39,840 | 38,968 | * 553 | 31,681 |
| Rent paid on machinery and equipment | 130,426 | 114,645 | 15,781 | 516,272 | 460,539 | 9,692 | 389,439 |
| Rent paid on other business property | 884,783 | 820,280 | 64,503 | 1,250,986 | 1,149,118 | 14,080 | 877,832 |
| Repairs | 165,345 | 145,892 | 19,453 | 720,958 | 607,250 | 84,361 | 353,621 |
| Supplies | 397,781 | 354,545 | 43,236 | 1,018,095 | 928,993 | 22,124 | 701,221 |
| Salaries and wages | 2,552,536 | 2,403,098 | 149,438 | 1,905,519 | 1,667,454 | 62,651 | 989,252 |
| Taxes paid | 361,923 | 332,087 | 29,837 | 815,371 | 715,483 | 97,358 | 433,941 |
| Travel | 438,456 | 338,564 | 99,892 | 743,741 | 711,025 | 18,816 | 532,250 |
| Utilities | 721,788 | 631,339 | 90,449 | 1,546,761 | 1,481,924 | 68,689 | 1,143,665 |
| Other business deductions | 3,386,463 | 2,911,473 | 474,990 | 7,568,449 | 7,227,222 | 154,824 | 5,321,694 |
| Home office business deductions, total | 244,929 | 160,235 | 84,695 | 654,687 | 640,870 | 12,602 | 529,054 |
| Depreciation, Form 8829 [3] | 30,401 | 17,329 | 13,072 | 94,597 | 93,762 | 10,358 | 68,783 |
| Casualty loss, Form 8829 [3] | 0 | 0 | 0 | * 7,465 | * 7,465 | * 117 | * 6,469 |
| Excess-casualty depreciations, Form 8829 [3] | 19,778 | 11,737 | 8,041 | 51,950 | 51,946 | 10,846 | 37,407 |
| Net income less deficit [1,2] | 12,123,880 | 10,314,637 | 1,809,243 | 22,335,602 | 22,158,626 | -127,456 | 19,671,820 |
| Net income [1,2] | 12,899,922 | 10,928,275 | 1,971,647 | 27,320,942 | 26,636,164 | 276,502 | 22,251,313 |
| Deficit [2] | -776,042 | -613,638 | -162,404 | -4,985,341 | -4,477,538 | -403,957 | -2,579,493 |

[^15]Table 2. Nonfarm Sole Proprietorships: Income Statements, by Industrial Sectors, Tax Year 2007-Continued
[All figures are estimates based on samples—money amounts are in thousands of dollars]

| Net income status, item | Real estate and rental and leasing |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Insurance agents, brokers, and related activities |  |  | Total | Real estate |  |  |
|  | Total | Insurance agencies and brokerages | Other insurance related activities |  | Total | Lessors of real estate (including miniwarehouses and selfstorage) | Offices of real estate agents, brokers, property managers, and appraisers |
| buSinesses with net income <br> Number of returns [1] | (87) | (88) | (89) | (90) | (91) | (92) | (93) |
|  | 322,680 | 241,816 | 80,864 | 908,375 | 877,660 | 13,266 | 711,860 |
| Business receipts, total [1] | 27,670,711 | 23,982,553 | 3,688,158 | 60,188,057 | 57,261,965 | 697,851 | 43,920,550 |
| Income from sales and operations [1] | 27,027,256 | 23,369,678 | 3,657,578 | 58,923,834 | 56,049,012 | 614,032 | 43,033,052 |
| Other business income | 643,455 | 612,876 | 30,580 | 1,264,224 | 1,212,953 | 83,819 | 887,499 |
| Business deductions, total [1,2] | 14,770,053 | 13,055,977 | 1,714,075 | 32,879,903 | 30,637,957 | 421,349 | 21,672,389 |
| Cost of sales and operations, total | 473,753 | 429,106 | 44,646 | 6,765,810 | 5,978,415 | 60,291 | 2,027,021 |
| Inventory, beginning of year | 38,404 | 37,641 | * 763 | 1,249,801 | 1,167,142 | * 8,071 | 320,138 |
| Cost of labor | * 12,474 | * 8,908 | * 3,566 | 442,524 | 316,698 | * 166 | 286,070 |
| Purchases | 95,774 | 93,223 | * 2,551 | 3,331,068 | 2,795,546 | * 48,847 | 828,409 |
| Materials and supplies | 35,397 | 30,709 | * 4,688 | 817,342 | 761,245 | * 3,458 | 399,265 |
| Other costs | 362,188 | 329,037 | 33,151 | 2,253,214 | 2,173,434 | * 7,089 | 655,802 |
| Inventory, end of year | 70,485 | 70,411 | * 73 | 1,328,140 | 1,235,650 | * 7,339 | 462,664 |
| Advertising expenses | 731,906 | 693,230 | 38,676 | 2,157,586 | 2,137,861 | 2,263 | 1,874,097 |
| Car and truck expenses | 1,650,754 | 1,308,995 | 341,759 | 4,347,392 | 4,239,105 | 22,381 | 3,545,925 |
| Commissions | 1,617,872 | 1,445,282 | 172,590 | 2,559,690 | 2,538,964 | 44,919 | 2,202,336 |
| Contract labor | 417,777 | 366,760 | 51,017 | 732,228 | 685,103 | 1,006 | 507,194 |
| Depletion | 359 | 359 | * 1 | 3,457 | 3,423 | * 6 | 3,075 |
| Depreciation | 445,531 | 397,292 | 48,239 | 1,416,639 | 996,502 | 31,974 | 753,957 |
| Employee benefit programs | 128,616 | 117,198 | 11,418 | 70,517 | 66,453 | * 1,321 | 46,732 |
| Insurance | 352,753 | 318,291 | 34,462 | 437,437 | 396,019 | 14,623 | 303,469 |
| Legal and professional services | 246,902 | 215,174 | 31,728 | 734,598 | 720,326 | 12,238 | 513,844 |
| Meals and entertainment deducted | 287,826 | 251,211 | 36,614 | 588,941 | 579,616 | 2,940 | 482,095 |
| Mortgage interest | 55,013 | 50,203 | * 4,810 | 346,706 | 324,426 | 58,276 | 195,588 |
| Other interest paid on business indebtedness | 128,192 | 106,562 | 21,631 | 235,543 | 187,472 | 10,487 | 116,951 |
| Office expenses | 676,231 | 595,183 | 81,048 | 1,000,180 | 986,667 | 5,122 | 831,068 |
| Pension and profit-sharing plans | 72,652 | 70,666 | 1,986 | 34,625 | 33,773 | * 538 | 28,919 |
| Rent paid on machinery and equipment | 120,687 | 105,639 | 15,048 | 383,751 | 356,781 | 4,052 | 309,666 |
| Rent paid on other business property | 779,495 | 727,869 | 51,626 | 835,897 | 779,817 | 6,352 | 600,634 |
| Repairs | 141,026 | 125,156 | 15,871 | 415,294 | 361,732 | 23,416 | 258,754 |
| Supplies | 349,429 | 319,675 | 29,754 | 734,645 | 696,102 | 7,095 | 536,783 |
| Salaries and wages | 2,380,213 | 2,241,656 | 138,558 | 1,361,540 | 1,188,543 | 23,278 | 751,855 |
| Taxes paid | 323,626 | 299,178 | 24,448 | 469,542 | 399,414 | 22,154 | 284,623 |
| Travel | 360,446 | 292,567 | 67,879 | 516,704 | 505,916 | 1,991 | 394,816 |
| Utilities | 628,264 | 556,027 | 72,236 | 1,059,094 | 1,023,091 | 24,000 | 815,838 |
| Other business deductions | 2,158,050 | 1,876,312 | 281,738 | 5,034,107 | 4,829,926 | 34,730 | 3,771,091 |
| Home office business deductions, total | 187,840 | 116,767 | 71,073 | 512,133 | 499,292 | * 3,065 | 423,999 |
| Depreciation, Form 8829 [3] | 21,455 | 11,038 | 10,417 | 63,422 | 62,591 | * 49 | 50,190 |
| Casualty loss, Form 8829 [3] | 0 | 0 | 0 | * 6,677 | * 6,677 | * 4 | * 5,943 |
| Excess-casualty depreciations, Form 8829 [3] | 4,088 | * 2,516 | * 1,572 | 8,114 | 8,114 | 0 | 7,844 |
| Net income [1,2] | 12,899,922 | 10,928,275 | 1,971,647 | 27,320,942 | 26,636,164 | 276,502 | 22,251,313 |
| Returns with Schedule C-EZ: Number of returns |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Number of returns | 61,445 | 41,613 | 19,832 | 107,555 | 101,911 | 3,694 | 73,118 |
| Business receipts | 375,067 | 205,904 | 169,163 | 1,078,761 | 1,036,958 | 33,403 | 737,644 |
| Business deductions | 62,186 | 35,467 | 26,719 | 128,048 | 125,417 | 2,845 | 94,050 |
| Net income | 312,880 | 170,437 | 142,444 | 950,713 | 911,541 | 30,558 | 643,594 |

Footnotes at end of table.

Table 2. Nonfarm Sole Proprietorships: Income Statements, by Industrial Sectors, Tax Year 2007-Continued

\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline \multirow[b]{3}{*}{Net income status, item} \& \multicolumn{8}{|c|}{Real estate and rental and leasing-continued} \\
\hline \& Real estate -continued \& \multicolumn{7}{|c|}{Rental and leasing services} \\
\hline \&  \& Total \& Automotive equipment rental and leasing \& Consumer electronics and appliances rental \& Formal wear and costume rental \& Videotape and disc rental \& General rental centers and other consumer goods rental \& \begin{tabular}{l}
Commercial \\
and \\
industrial \\
machinery \\
and \\
equipment \\
rental \\
and leasing
\end{tabular} \\
\hline \multirow[b]{2}{*}{BUSINESSES WITH AND WITHOUT NET INCOME} \& (94) \& (95) \& (96) \& (97) \& (98) \& (99) \& (100) \& \multirow[t]{2}{*}{(101)

19,512} <br>
\hline \& 240,797 \& 56,656 \& 17,698 \& * 10 \& * 79 \& 3,538 \& 15,820 \& <br>
\hline Business receipts, total [1] \& 16,577,785 \& 4,027,538 \& 652,711 \& * 12,259 \& * 47,509 \& 544,107 \& 959,760 \& 1,811,193 <br>
\hline Income from sales and operations [1] \& 16,115,185 \& 3,883,473 \& 645,897 \& * 12,174 \& * 47,509 \& 544,056 \& 940,836 \& 1,692,999 <br>
\hline Other business income \& 462,601 \& 144,066 \& 6,813 \& * 84 \& 0 \& * 51 \& 18,923 \& 118,193 <br>
\hline Business deductions, total [1,2] \& 13,986,560 \& 3,880,012 \& 631,846 \& * 14,282 \& * 45,035 \& 491,151 \& 878,605 \& 1,819,094 <br>
\hline Cost of sales and operations, total \& 6,405,316 \& 968,279 \& 134,233 \& * 1,735 \& * 17,594 \& 233,527 \& 257,665 \& 323,524 <br>
\hline Inventory, beginning of year \& 1,913,464 \& 111,837 \& * 18,975 \& 0 \& 0 \& * 24,233 \& 43,339 \& 25,289 <br>
\hline Cost of labor \& 49,320 \& 131,003 \& 0 \& 0 \& 0 \& * 1,777 \& * 74,261 \& 54,966 <br>
\hline Purchases \& 3,441,360 \& 610,100 \& 53,988 \& * 1,435 \& * 17,594 \& 226,758 \& 186,738 \& 123,586 <br>
\hline Materials and supplies \& 603,524 \& 59,362 \& * 3,955 \& 0 \& 0 \& 0 \& * 985 \& * 54,421 <br>
\hline Other costs \& 2,502,345 \& 177,290 \& * 79,067 \& * 299 \& 0 \& * 5,573 \& * 2,269 \& 90,081 <br>
\hline Inventory, end of year \& 2,104,697 \& 121,313 \& * 21,752 \& 0 \& 0 \& * 24,814 \& 49,929 \& 24,819 <br>
\hline Advertising expenses \& 371,814 \& 37,253 \& 3,611 \& * 81 \& * 1,665 \& 4,789 \& 23,474 \& 3,634 <br>
\hline Car and truck expenses \& 928,843 \& 146,460 \& 58,665 \& * 40 \& * 181 \& 16,529 \& 32,946 \& 38,099 <br>
\hline Commissions \& 495,491 \& 42,711 \& * 12,827 \& * 403 \& 0 \& 0 \& * 2,796 \& 26,685 <br>
\hline Contract labor \& 289,746 \& 105,998 \& 12,300 \& * 1 \& * 350 \& * 37 \& 46,415 \& 46,893 <br>
\hline Depletion \& 777 \& 73 \& * 2 \& 0 \& 0 \& 0 \& * 1 \& 70 <br>
\hline Depreciation \& 414,261 \& 1,055,267 \& 220,001 \& * 6,849 \& * 2,221 \& * 16,755 \& 164,154 \& 645,287 <br>
\hline Employee benefit programs \& 24,354 \& 5,867 \& * 221 \& * 325 \& 0 \& * 280 \& 2,593 \& 2,449 <br>
\hline Insurance \& 127,652 \& 77,826 \& 13,300 \& * 119 \& * 1,189 \& * 4,521 \& 19,463 \& 39,235 <br>
\hline Legal and professional services \& 287,877 \& 43,151 \& 5,254 \& * 222 \& * 353 \& 4,019 \& 14,435 \& 18,867 <br>
\hline Meals and entertainment deducted \& 122,333 \& 12,443 \& 5,304 \& * 4 \& 0 \& * 413 \& 2,247 \& 4,475 <br>
\hline Mortgage interest \& 255,142 \& 61,030 \& 14,928 \& * 263 \& 0 \& * 4,661 \& 8,085 \& 33,094 <br>
\hline Other interest paid on business indebtedness \& 254,110 \& 144,220 \& 21,171 \& * 1,531 \& * 268 \& * 2,423 \& 16,360 \& 102,466 <br>
\hline Office expenses \& 200,876 \& 24,972 \& 2,199 \& * 18 \& * 84 \& 4,288 \& 6,747 \& 11,636 <br>
\hline Pension and profit-sharing plans \& 6,734 \& * 871 \& * 8 \& * 6 \& 0 \& 0 \& * 128 \& * 730 <br>
\hline Rent paid on machinery and equipment \& 61,408 \& 55,732 \& 3,796 \& * 5 \& 0 \& * 426 \& 12,873 \& 38,631 <br>
\hline Rent paid on other business property \& 257,206 \& 101,868 \& 11,467 \& * 70 \& * 3,900 \& 42,205 \& 28,799 \& 15,426 <br>
\hline Repairs \& 169,268 \& 113,709 \& 12,990 \& * 80 \& * 364 \& 4,521 \& 19,271 \& 76,482 <br>
\hline Supplies \& 205,649 \& 89,102 \& 594 \& * 36 \& * 520 \& * 5,291 \& 33,483 \& 49,179 <br>
\hline Salaries and wages \& 615,551 \& 238,065 \& 23,115 \& * 1,366 \& * 8,554 \& * 73,745 \& 52,553 \& 78,731 <br>
\hline Taxes paid \& 184,183 \& 99,888 \& 5,512 \& * 253 \& * 3,555 \& 17,897 \& 33,419 \& 39,252 <br>
\hline Travel \& 159,960 \& 32,716 \& 566 \& * 61 \& * 191 \& * 88 \& 5,675 \& 26,135 <br>
\hline Utilities \& 269,569 \& 64,837 \& 2,989 \& * 218 \& * 1,242 \& 21,875 \& 23,640 \& 14,872 <br>
\hline Other business deductions \& 1,750,704 \& 341,227 \& 65,189 \& * 596 \& * 2,803 \& 28,916 \& 64,353 \& 179,370 <br>
\hline Home office business deductions, total \& 99,214 \& 13,817 \& * 2 \& 0 \& 0 \& * 3,945 \& * 6,858 \& 3,013 <br>
\hline Depreciation, Form 8829 [3] \& 14,621 \& * 835 \& * 4 \& 0 \& 0 \& * 51 \& * 613 \& * 167 <br>
\hline Casualty loss, Form 8829 [3] \& * 879 \& 0 \& 0 \& 0 \& 0 \& 0 \& 0 \& 0 <br>
\hline Excess-casualty depreciations, Form 8829 [3] \& 3,693 \& * 4 \& * 4 \& 0 \& 0 \& 0 \& 0 \& 0 <br>
\hline Net income less deficit [1,2] \& 2,614,262 \& 176,975 \& 26,582 \& *-2,023 \& * 2,474 \& 52,956 \& 84,761 \& 12,225 <br>
\hline Net income [1,2] \& 4,108,350 \& 684,778 \& 100,702 \& * 373 \& * 3,727 \& 61,572 \& 187,528 \& 330,875 <br>
\hline Deficit [2] \& -1,494,088 \& -507,803 \& -74,121 \& *-2,395 \& * -1,253 \& * -8,616 \& -102,767 \& -318,650 <br>
\hline
\end{tabular}

Footnotes at end of table.

Table 2. Nonfarm Sole Proprietorships: Income Statements, by Industrial Sectors, Tax Year 2007-Continued
[All figures are estimates based on samples-money amounts are in thousands of dollars]

| Net income status, item | Real estate and rental and leasing-continued |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Real estate -continued | Rental and leasing services |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | Other activities related to real estate | Total | Automotive equipment rental and leasing | Consumer electronics and appliances rental | Formal wear and costume rental | Videotape and disc rental | General rental centers and other consumer goods rental | Commercial and industrial machinery and equipment rental and leasing |
| buSinesses with net income Number of returns [1] | (94) | (95) | (96) | (97) | (98) $\begin{array}{r} \\ \text { * } 39\end{array}$ | (99) <br>  <br> 3,247 | (100)7,882 | (101) |
|  | 152,534 | 30,716 | ** 10,201 |  |  |  |  | (101) 9,347 |
| Business receipts, total [1] | 12,643,564 | 2,926,092 | ** 434,917 | ** | * 47,139 | 498,508 | 741,074 | 1,204,454 |
| Income from sales and operations [1] | 12,401,929 | 2,874,821 | ** 433,955 | ** | * 47,139 | 498,457 | 740,636 | 1,154,636 |
| Other business income | 241,636 | 51,271 | ** 962 | ** | 0 | * 51 | * 439 | 49,819 |
| Business deductions, total [1,2] | 8,544,219 | 2,241,946 | ** 335,940 | ** | * 43,412 | 436,936 | 553,546 | 872,113 |
| Cost of sales and operations, total | 3,891,103 | 787,395 | ** 40,322 | ** | * 17,594 | 218,394 | 250,771 | 260,314 |
| Inventory, beginning of year | 838,932 | 82,659 | ** 12,334 | ** | 0 | * 12,327 | * 40,921 | * 17,077 |
| Cost of labor | 30,462 | * 125,827 | ** 0 | ** | 0 | * 1,777 | * 74,194 | * 49,856 |
| Purchases | 1,918,290 | 535,522 | ** 37,971 | ** | * 17,594 | 216,947 | 181,560 | 81,450 |
| Materials and supplies | 358,522 | * 56,097 | ** 2,934 | ** | 0 | 0 | * 784 | * 52,379 |
| Other costs | 1,510,543 | 79,781 | ** 2,729 | ** | 0 | 0 | * 375 | 76,675 |
| Inventory, end of year | 765,646 | 92,490 | ** 15,647 | ** | 0 | * 12,657 | * 47,064 | * 17,122 |
| Advertising expenses | 261,500 | 19,725 | ** 1,442 | ** | * 1,665 | * 4,253 | 10,749 | 1,616 |
| Car and truck expenses | 670,800 | 108,287 | ** 50,103 | ** | * 181 | * 14,912 | 18,836 | 24,254 |
| Commissions | 291,709 | 20,726 | ** 5,340 | ** | 0 | 0 | * 42 | 15,343 |
| Contract labor | 176,903 | 47,125 | ** 10,928 | ** | * 350 | * 37 | 32,753 | 3,056 |
| Depletion | 342 | * 34 | ** 2 | ** | 0 | 0 | 0 | * 32 |
| Depreciation | 210,570 | 420,136 | ** 100,300 | ** | * 2,022 | * 16,665 | 57,233 | 243,916 |
| Employee benefit programs | 18,400 | 4,064 | ** 155 | ** | 0 | * 211 | * 2,272 | * 1,426 |
| Insurance | 77,927 | 41,419 | ** 8,164 | ** | * 1,134 | * 4,335 | 8,589 | 19,196 |
| Legal and professional services | 194,244 | 14,272 | ** 2,990 | ** | * 181 | 3,330 | 2,093 | 5,679 |
| Meals and entertainment deducted | 94,581 | 9,325 | ** 4,888 | ** | 0 | * 404 | 1,913 | 2,121 |
| Mortgage interest | 70,562 | 22,280 | ** 9,646 | ** | 0 | * 4,600 | * 3,847 | 4,188 |
| Other interest paid on business indebtedness | 60,034 | 48,070 | ** 12,339 | ** | * 268 | * 2,423 | * 4,391 | 28,649 |
| Office expenses | 150,476 | 13,513 | ** 662 | ** | * 39 | * 4,044 | 4,264 | 4,505 |
| Pension and profit-sharing plans | 4,317 | * 852 | ** 8 | ** | 0 | 0 | * 128 | * 717 |
| Rent paid on machinery and equipment | 43,063 | 26,970 | ** 1,273 | ** | 0 | * 407 | 10,354 | 14,936 |
| Rent paid on other business property | 172,831 | 56,080 | ** 275 | ** | * 3,429 | * 35,869 | 8,932 | 7,576 |
| Repairs | 79,562 | 53,562 | ** 10,222 | ** | * 349 | * 4,174 | 8,545 | 30,272 |
| Supplies | 152,224 | 38,543 | ** 459 | ** | * 462 | * 5,128 | 13,990 | 18,505 |
| Salaries and wages | 413,411 | 172,997 | ** 19,685 | ** | * 8,554 | * 56,878 | * 35,666 | 52,213 |
| Taxes paid | 92,637 | 70,128 | ** 1,218 | ** | * 3,555 | * 12,319 | 26,182 | 26,854 |
| Travel | 109,108 | 10,788 | ** 437 | ** | * 191 | * 53 | * 4,546 | 5,562 |
| Utilities | 183,253 | 36,002 | * 285 | ** | * 1,180 | 19,621 | 8,327 | 6,589 |
| Other business deductions | 1,024,106 | 204,180 | ** 53,197 | ** | * 2,257 | 24,933 | 32,095 | 91,699 |
| Home office business deductions, total | 72,228 | 12,841 | ** 0 | ** | 0 | * 3,945 | * 6,858 | * 2,039 |
| Depreciation, Form 8829 [3] | 12,352 | * 831 | ** 0 | ** | 0 | * 51 | * 613 | * 167 |
| Casualty loss, Form 8829 [3] | * 730 | 0 | ** 0 | ** | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Excess-casualty depreciations, Form 8829 [3] | * 270 | 0 | ** 0 | ** | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Net income [1,2] | 4,108,350 | 684,778 | ** 101,075 | ** | * 3,727 | 61,572 | 187,528 | 330,875 |
| Returns with Schedule C-EZ: <br> Number of returns | 25,099 | 5,644 | * 1,723 | 0 | 0 | 0 | * 2,039 | 1,881 |
| Business receipts | 265,911 | 41,803 | * 10,323 | 0 | 0 | 0 | * 12,520 | 18,960 |
| Business deductions | 28,522 | 2,631 | * 1,600 | 0 | 0 | 0 | * 172 | * 859 |
| Net income | 237,389 | 39,172 | * 8,722 | 0 | 0 | 0 | * 12,348 | 18,102 |

Table 2. Nonfarm Sole Proprietorships: Income Statements, by Industrial Sectors, Tax Year 2007-Continued

| Net income status, item | Professional, scientific, and technical services |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Total | Legal services | Offices of certified public accountants | Other accounting services | Architectural, engineering, and related services |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  | Total | Architectural services | Engineering services |
|  | (102) | (103) | (104) | (105) | (106) | (107) | (108) |
| BUSINESSES WITH AND WITHOUT NET INCOME Number of returns [1] | 3,234,542 | 363,321 | 46,084 | 330,229 | 275,602 | 99,885 | 97,556 |
| Business receipts, total [1] | 169,272,699 | 38,716,955 | 4,203,407 | 8,210,291 | 16,193,715 | 7,741,906 | 5,798,047 |
| Income from sales and operations [1] | 166,428,723 | 38,214,388 | 4,083,232 | 8,088,618 | 15,961,834 | 7,697,760 | 5,612,136 |
| Other business income | 2,843,976 | 502,567 | 120,175 | 121,673 | 231,881 | 44,146 | 185,911 |
| Business deductions, total [1,2] | 97,752,001 | 22,047,741 | 2,361,991 | 5,094,148 | 10,515,850 | 5,817,821 | 3,334,483 |
| Cost of sales and operations, total | 19,713,317 | 1,841,309 | 39,963 | 138,792 | 2,781,620 | 1,689,380 | 961,186 |
| Inventory, beginning of year | 1,144,267 | 62,512 | * 8,007 | * 56,713 | 73,283 | 40,618 | 26,253 |
| Cost of labor | 1,772,032 | 142,743 | * 2,735 | 67,208 | 531,358 | 379,221 | 130,097 |
| Purchases | 8,159,185 | 131,995 | * 2,835 | 22,414 | 677,724 | 504,475 | 119,298 |
| Materials and supplies | 2,901,630 | 48,828 | * 13 | 18,829 | 721,925 | 433,444 | 280,297 |
| Other costs | 6,801,386 | 1,519,958 | 33,995 | 20,974 | 869,621 | 380,753 | 444,447 |
| Inventory, end of year | 1,065,183 | 64,727 | * 7,621 | * 47,347 | 92,291 | 49,131 | 39,206 |
| Advertising expenses | 2,296,548 | 844,057 | 22,614 | 98,269 | 98,554 | 56,855 | 23,958 |
| Car and truck expenses | 7,372,703 | 1,029,264 | 121,758 | 581,997 | 811,262 | 358,932 | 270,874 |
| Commissions | 1,449,557 | 239,080 | * 7,563 | 154,570 | 78,665 | 14,708 | 39,545 |
| Contract labor | 4,344,168 | 785,558 | 126,346 | 236,072 | 620,286 | 359,549 | 177,442 |
| Depletion | 12,387 | 3,285 | 0 | * 846 | * 1,635 | 0 | * 1,616 |
| Depreciation | 3,932,135 | 479,147 | 74,366 | 218,601 | 528,014 | 247,132 | 177,569 |
| Employee benefit programs | 651,284 | 213,243 | 67,718 | 37,548 | 106,716 | 34,342 | 49,021 |
| Insurance | 1,629,001 | 584,349 | 63,549 | 81,798 | 274,591 | 145,125 | 83,193 |
| Legal and professional services | 2,613,835 | 752,666 | 38,602 | 161,603 | 291,949 | 169,883 | 61,050 |
| Meals and entertainment deducted | 1,296,040 | 214,179 | 22,147 | 93,735 | 77,670 | 34,501 | 29,018 |
| Mortgage interest | 395,929 | 98,937 | 18,144 | 54,939 | 29,973 | 11,374 | 14,861 |
| Other interest paid on business indebtedness | 741,480 | 156,326 | 34,861 | 54,758 | 56,982 | 31,233 | 15,112 |
| Office expenses | 3,092,241 | 1,091,718 | 116,963 | 254,532 | 251,876 | 110,877 | 106,190 |
| Pension and profit-sharing plans | 335,456 | 148,626 | 14,600 | 10,347 | 29,749 | 15,419 | 13,259 |
| Rent paid on machinery and equipment | 916,230 | 214,968 | 34,806 | 51,089 | 80,045 | 44,213 | 29,664 |
| Rent paid on other business property | 3,929,938 | 1,734,106 | 169,264 | 260,422 | 248,713 | 149,745 | 68,782 |
| Repairs | 940,908 | 191,126 | 23,491 | 76,178 | 134,785 | 71,554 | 41,224 |
| Supplies | 3,024,526 | 407,068 | 41,502 | 173,828 | 453,888 | 312,263 | 85,530 |
| Salaries and wages | 10,986,174 | 4,110,482 | 627,671 | 775,390 | 1,388,528 | 771,663 | 415,021 |
| Taxes paid | 1,787,566 | 564,328 | 75,623 | 109,867 | 229,228 | 140,179 | 59,348 |
| Travel | 3,726,242 | 308,881 | 36,582 | 104,067 | 228,702 | 76,533 | 120,012 |
| Utilities | 3,152,567 | 798,862 | 96,524 | 239,206 | 278,661 | 125,668 | 85,156 |
| Other business deductions | 16,049,322 | 4,980,284 | 433,348 | 851,341 | 1,166,885 | 757,420 | 287,669 |
| Home office business deductions, total | 2,830,459 | 224,528 | 43,044 | 205,004 | 236,863 | 76,018 | 105,952 |
| Depreciation, Form 8829 [3] | 369,483 | 22,467 | 6,140 | 19,744 | 29,289 | 8,332 | 13,011 |
| Casualty loss, Form 8829 [3] | 11,861 | * 3,225 | 0 | * 25 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Excess-casualty depreciations, Form 8829 [3] | 359,886 | 13,232 | * 459 | 7,223 | 24,429 | * 2,411 | * 13,725 |
| Net income less deficit [1,2] | 71,608,966 | 16,676,401 | 1,841,417 | 3,117,258 | 5,682,629 | 1,924,217 | 2,467,909 |
| Net income [1,2] | 77,705,157 | 17,450,194 | 1,903,735 | 3,445,846 | 6,055,197 | 2,117,003 | 2,580,101 |
| Deficit [2] | -6,096,192 | -773,793 | -62,318 | -328,587 | -372,568 | -192,786 | -112,193 |

Footnotes at end of table.

Table 2. Nonfarm Sole Proprietorships: Income Statements, by Industrial Sectors, Tax Year 2007-Continued
[All figures are estimates based on samples-money amounts are in thousands of dollars]

\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline \multirow{4}{*}{Net income status, item} \& \multicolumn{7}{|c|}{Professional, scientific, and technical services} <br>
\hline \& \multirow[b]{3}{*}{Total

(102)} \& \multirow[b]{3}{*}{| Legal services |
| :--- |
| (103) |} \& \multirow[b]{2}{*}{Offices of certified public accountants} \& \multirow[b]{3}{*}{Other accounting services} \& \multicolumn{3}{|l|}{Architectural, engineering, and related services} <br>

\hline \& \& \& \& \& Total \& Architectural services \& Engineering services <br>
\hline \& \& \& (104) \& \& (106) \& (107) \& (108) <br>
\hline Number of returns [1] \& 2,407,350 \& 268,297 \& 39,361 \& 268,693 \& 213,865 \& 73,057 \& 80,074 <br>
\hline Business receipts, total [1] \& 156,237,690 \& 36,949,264 \& 4,068,821 \& 7,516,589 \& 14,727,736 \& 6,829,921 \& 5,416,534 <br>
\hline Income from sales and operations [1] \& 153,703,359 \& 36,485,597 \& 3,948,812 \& 7,414,876 \& 14,552,548 \& 6,789,715 \& 5,283,377 <br>
\hline Other business income \& 2,534,331 \& 463,667 \& 120,009 \& 101,712 \& 175,188 \& 40,207 \& 133,157 <br>
\hline Business deductions, total [1,2] \& 78,548,547 \& 19,504,801 \& 2,165,086 \& 4,070,743 \& 8,677,254 \& 4,713,000 \& 2,840,777 <br>
\hline Cost of sales and operations, total \& 15,959,539 \& 1,665,126 \& 35,873 \& 109,471 \& 2,180,987 \& 1,239,909 \& 817,313 <br>
\hline Inventory, beginning of year \& 655,801 \& 43,602 \& * 1,044 \& * 35,238 \& 24,605 \& * 1,673 \& * 22,787 <br>
\hline Cost of labor \& 1,410,399 \& 142,619 \& * 2,735 \& 52,875 \& 431,475 \& 292,828 \& 117,395 <br>
\hline Purchases \& 6,061,492 \& 127,497 \& * 2,835 \& 11,057 \& 462,543 \& 291,178 \& 118,756 <br>
\hline Materials and supplies \& 2,350,738 \& 47,118 \& * 13 \& * 15,454 \& 498,162 \& 321,020 \& 171,488 <br>
\hline Other costs \& 6,004,928 \& 1,352,518 \& * 29,904 \& 14,440 \& 802,144 \& 336,870 \& 421,023 <br>
\hline Inventory, end of year \& 523,819 \& 48,226 \& * 658 \& * 19,594 \& 37,943 \& * 3,660 \& * 34,137 <br>
\hline Advertising expenses \& 1,799,110 \& 754,538 \& 20,436 \& 73,078 \& 76,500 \& 40,396 \& 21,821 <br>
\hline Car and truck expenses \& 5,501,547 \& 844,631 \& 115,686 \& 412,744 \& 635,458 \& 259,408 \& 230,407 <br>
\hline Commissions \& 1,224,488 \& 209,651 \& * 7,542 \& 145,614 \& 52,268 \& 13,955 \& 36,299 <br>
\hline Contract labor \& 3,742,179 \& 700,698 \& 118,020 \& 206,259 \& 574,822 \& 336,871 \& 155,412 <br>
\hline Depletion \& 9,105 \& 3,093 \& 0 \& * 775 \& * 284 \& 0 \& * 280 <br>
\hline Depreciation \& 2,941,091 \& 412,379 \& 60,660 \& 176,032 \& 431,655 \& 193,238 \& 143,858 <br>
\hline Employee benefit programs \& 544,747 \& 196,363 \& 60,342 \& 33,098 \& 97,403 \& 34,200 \& 45,263 <br>
\hline Insurance \& 1,362,090 \& 523,517 \& 58,013 \& 63,692 \& 229,299 \& 114,510 \& 76,641 <br>
\hline Legal and professional services \& 2,097,419 \& 663,665 \& 33,171 \& 147,047 \& 260,308 \& 151,204 \& 52,617 <br>
\hline Meals and entertainment deducted \& 1,055,830 \& 190,551 \& 21,037 \& 68,724 \& 64,059 \& 28,036 \& 26,559 <br>
\hline Mortgage interest \& 273,492 \& 88,728 \& 18,088 \& 40,412 \& 21,202 \& 10,627 \& 7,563 <br>
\hline Other interest paid on business indebtedness \& 498,084 \& 116,323 \& 31,299 \& 46,931 \& 46,169 \& 23,322 \& 14,624 <br>
\hline Office expenses \& 2,625,246 \& 986,167 \& 110,817 \& 207,115 \& 218,727 \& 95,109 \& 92,736 <br>
\hline Pension and profit-sharing plans \& 307,453 \& 144,010 \& 14,379 \& 10,347 \& 28,248 \& 15,239 \& 11,938 <br>
\hline Rent paid on machinery and equipment \& 722,102 \& 195,839 \& 18,701 \& 28,412 \& 61,578 \& 33,543 \& 22,674 <br>
\hline Rent paid on other business property \& 3,182,973 \& 1,576,078 \& 160,550 \& 200,814 \& 210,070 \& 122,709 \& 62,956 <br>
\hline Repairs \& 702,292 \& 154,354 \& 22,303 \& 67,700 \& 109,971 \& 55,059 \& 36,095 <br>
\hline Supplies \& 2,324,128 \& 350,306 \& 39,415 \& 124,258 \& 375,034 \& 251,510 \& 79,660 <br>
\hline Salaries and wages \& 9,415,449 \& 3,777,422 \& 570,842 \& 684,851 \& 1,207,221 \& 717,566 \& 327,390 <br>
\hline Taxes paid \& 1,533,701 \& 509,004 \& 70,447 \& 98,846 \& 198,859 \& 126,371 \& 49,561 <br>
\hline Travel \& 3,086,415 \& 265,018 \& 34,763 \& 92,675 \& 196,262 \& 58,163 \& 109,052 <br>
\hline Utilities \& 2,483,186 \& 686,633 \& 86,364 \& 191,951 \& 215,749 \& 93,585 \& 72,356 <br>
\hline Other business deductions \& 12,451,209 \& 4,309,035 \& 404,153 \& 650,136 \& 965,792 \& 629,211 \& 243,912 <br>
\hline Home office business deductions, total \& 2,191,932 \& 153,539 \& 41,244 \& 123,613 \& 189,324 \& 56,001 \& 91,563 <br>
\hline Depreciation, Form 8829 [3] \& 271,071 \& 17,435 \& 5,994 \& 14,946 \& 20,910 \& 7,608 \& 8,939 <br>
\hline Casualty loss, Form 8829 [3] \& 10,521 \& * 3,225 \& 0 \& 0 \& 0 \& 0 \& 0 <br>
\hline Excess-casualty depreciations, Form 8829 [3] \& 28,989 \& * 1,497 \& * 110 \& 0 \& * 4,088 \& * 853 \& * 3,235 <br>
\hline Net income [1,2] \& 77,705,157 \& 17,450,194 \& 1,903,735 \& 3,445,846 \& 6,055,197 \& 2,117,003 \& 2,580,101 <br>

\hline | Returns with Schedule C-EZ: |
| :--- |
| Number of returns | \& 534,873 \& 39,995 \& 6,399 \& 83,025 \& 47,657 \& 16,087 \& 18,923 <br>

\hline Business receipts \& 5,144,919 \& 422,231 \& 61,625 \& 519,981 \& 402,765 \& 109,872 \& 165,458 <br>
\hline Business deductions \& 531,989 \& 31,364 \& 10,942 \& 69,350 \& 30,009 \& 13,256 \& 12,232 <br>
\hline Net income \& 4,612,930 \& 390,867 \& 50,684 \& 450,631 \& 372,756 \& 96,616 \& 153,226 <br>
\hline
\end{tabular}

Footnotes at end of table.

Table 2. Nonfarm Sole Proprietorships: Income Statements, by Industrial Sectors, Tax Year 2007-Continued
[All figures are estimates based on samples-money amounts are in thousands of dollars]

| Net income status, item | Professional, scientific, and technical services-continued |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Architectural, engineering, and related services-continued |  |  | Specialized design services | Computersystems designservices | Other professional, scientific, and technical services |  |
|  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Drafting, } \\ & \text { building } \\ & \text { inspections, } \\ & \text { and } \\ & \text { geophysical } \\ & \text { surveying } \end{aligned}$ | Surveying and mapping (except geophysical) services | Testing laboratories |  |  | Total | Management, scientific, and technical consulting services |
|  | (109) | (110) | (111) | (112) | (113) | (114) | (115) |
| BUSINESSES WITH AND WITHOUT NET INCOME Number of returns [1] | 60,757 | 13,342 | 4,062 | 241,885 | 254,014 | 1,723,407 | 951,886 |
| Business receipts, total [1] | 1,696,841 | 767,444 | 189,477 | 9,336,822 | 9,986,914 | 82,624,594 | 46,147,399 |
| Income from sales and operations [1] | 1,695,510 | 767,197 | 189,232 | 9,257,163 | 9,879,668 | 80,943,820 | 45,108,461 |
| Other business income | * 1,331 | * 248 | * 246 | 79,660 | 107,245 | 1,680,774 | 1,038,938 |
| Business deductions, total [1,2] | 797,378 | 435,517 | 130,651 | 7,229,701 | 5,566,533 | 44,936,037 | 20,607,598 |
| Cost of sales and operations, total | 60,075 | * 15,283 | * 55,696 | 3,929,295 | 1,910,254 | 9,072,083 | 2,516,247 |
| Inventory, beginning of year | * 364 | 0 | * 6,049 | 354,782 | 57,374 | 531,595 | 249,625 |
| Cost of labor | * 14,002 | * 7,249 | * 789 | 208,763 | 294,162 | 525,063 | 241,156 |
| Purchases | * 2,922 | * 2,766 | * 48,262 | 2,403,781 | 785,226 | 4,135,210 | 805,903 |
| Materials and supplies | * 6,700 | 0 | * 1,484 | 698,237 | 149,221 | 1,264,577 | 423,937 |
| Other costs | * 36,449 | * 5,268 | * 2,705 | 529,137 | 680,199 | 3,147,501 | 1,010,856 |
| Inventory, end of year | * 360 | 0 | * 3,594 | 265,406 | 55,928 | 531,862 | 215,230 |
| Advertising expenses | 14,274 | 3,061 | * 406 | 101,537 | 183,709 | 947,809 | 381,783 |
| Car and truck expenses | 126,879 | 47,544 | * 7,032 | 413,891 | 433,636 | 3,980,896 | 2,148,833 |
| Commissions | * 24,003 | * 409 | 0 | 55,543 | 35,852 | 878,285 | 492,472 |
| Contract labor | 14,109 | 68,464 | * 722 | 199,761 | 286,453 | 2,089,692 | 1,169,640 |
| Depletion | * 19 | 0 | 0 | * 24 | * 411 | 6,186 | 3,957 |
| Depreciation | 63,658 | 34,374 | * 5,283 | 210,717 | 257,734 | 2,163,556 | 981,942 |
| Employee benefit programs | * 14,001 | * 8,271 | * 1,081 | 12,325 | 33,770 | 179,964 | 75,365 |
| Insurance | 27,567 | 15,380 | * 3,326 | 58,441 | 47,586 | 518,686 | 220,833 |
| Legal and professional services | 51,058 | 7,425 | * 2,534 | 99,572 | 82,924 | 1,186,519 | 775,814 |
| Meals and entertainment deducted | 12,918 | 698 | * 535 | 65,036 | 61,798 | 761,475 | 497,345 |
| Mortgage interest | * 2,892 | * 846 | 0 | 23,540 | 17,339 | 153,057 | 61,596 |
| Other interest paid on business indebtedness | 6,283 | 2,466 | * 1,889 | 51,088 | 31,694 | 355,772 | 200,898 |
| Office expenses | 23,404 | 9,844 | * 1,561 | 116,024 | 129,586 | 1,131,543 | 628,456 |
| Pension and profit-sharing plans | * 17 | * 1,045 | * 9 | 5,908 | 8,572 | 117,654 | 56,184 |
| Rent paid on machinery and equipment | 1,703 | * 4,458 | * 7 | 39,045 | 70,500 | 425,776 | 224,038 |
| Rent paid on other business property | * 13,918 | 12,656 | * 3,611 | 193,636 | 117,678 | 1,206,119 | 503,884 |
| Repairs | 13,068 | 6,776 | * 2,164 | 27,814 | 34,329 | 453,184 | 206,295 |
| Supplies | 37,796 | 13,123 | * 5,175 | 212,238 | 157,719 | 1,578,283 | 644,449 |
| Salaries and wages | * 60,193 | 118,876 | * 22,775 | 250,733 | 368,117 | 3,465,252 | 1,246,437 |
| Taxes paid | 11,229 | 15,896 | * 2,575 | 90,211 | 65,723 | 652,586 | 251,212 |
| Travel | 29,231 | 1,791 | * 1,135 | 123,085 | 239,625 | 2,685,300 | 1,878,276 |
| Utilities | 45,727 | 19,000 | * 3,111 | 168,544 | 151,758 | 1,419,012 | 746,318 |
| Other business deductions | 95,833 | 18,191 | * 7,772 | 523,166 | 578,074 | 7,516,225 | 3,518,249 |
| Home office business deductions, total | 43,616 | * 9,529 | * 1,748 | 227,437 | 226,498 | 1,667,084 | 991,640 |
| Depreciation, Form 8829 [3] | 6,768 | * 815 | * 363 | 29,733 | 23,531 | 238,579 | 140,077 |
| Casualty loss, Form 8829 [3] | 0 | 0 | 0 | * 79 | * 1,263 | 7,268 | 4,111 |
| Excess-casualty depreciations, Form 8829 [3] | * 6,863 | * 710 | * 721 | 27,737 | 8,778 | 278,027 | 214,335 |
| Net income less deficit [1,2] | 899,800 | 331,877 | 58,826 | 2,112,466 | 4,424,493 | 37,754,303 | 25,573,080 |
| Net income [1,2] | 955,172 | 334,128 | 68,793 | 2,668,602 | 4,780,921 | 41,400,665 | 27,576,853 |
| Deficit [2] | -55,372 | * -2,251 | *-9,967 | -556,136 | -356,428 | -3,646,362 | -2,003,773 |

Footnotes at end of table.

Table 2. Nonfarm Sole Proprietorships: Income Statements, by Industrial Sectors, Tax Year 2007-Continued
[All figures are estimates based on samples—money amounts are in thousands of dollars]

| Net income status, item | Professional, scientific, and technical services-continued |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Architectural, engineering, and related services-continued |  |  | Specialized design services | Computer systems design services | Other professional, scientific, and technical services |  |
|  | Drafting, <br> building inspections, and geophysical surveying | Surveying and mapping (except geophysical) services | Testing laboratories |  |  | Total | Management, scientific, and technical consulting services |
|  | (109) | (110) | (111) | (112) | (113) | (114) | (115) |
| Number of returns [1] | 47,243 | 10,780 | 2,711 | 165,742 | 191,706 | 1,259,685 | 697,244 |
| Business receipts, total [1] | 1,622,533 | 679,883 | 178,865 | 7,903,667 | 9,211,240 | 75,860,373 | 43,565,512 |
| Income from sales and operations [1] | 1,621,202 | 679,635 | 178,619 | 7,834,380 | 9,106,158 | 74,360,988 | 42,623,968 |
| Other business income | * 1,331 | * 248 | * 246 | 69,287 | 105,082 | 1,499,386 | 941,545 |
| Business deductions, total [1,2] | 667,698 | 345,705 | * 110,072 | 5,235,066 | 4,430,162 | 34,465,436 | 15,994,002 |
| Cost of sales and operations, total | * 58,109 | * 15,039 | * 50,617 | 3,090,280 | 1,659,416 | 7,218,387 | 2,120,708 |
| Inventory, beginning of year | * 45 | 0 | * 99 | 225,800 | 24,721 | 300,792 | 146,777 |
| Cost of labor | * 14,002 | * 7,249 | * 1 | 173,826 | 212,595 | 394,275 | 220,519 |
| Purchases | * 2,002 | * 2,692 | * 47,915 | 1,684,660 | 725,092 | 3,047,809 | 696,452 |
| Materials and supplies | * 5,654 | 0 | 0 | 625,298 | 119,895 | 1,044,798 | 406,281 |
| Other costs | * 36,449 | * 5,097 | * 2,705 | 477,078 | 612,506 | 2,716,337 | 778,705 |
| Inventory, end of year | * 42 | 0 | * 104 | 96,381 | 35,394 | 285,624 | 128,025 |
| Advertising expenses | 10,883 | 3,052 | * 348 | 62,822 | 156,082 | 655,656 | 278,679 |
| Car and truck expenses | 110,483 | 31,860 | * 3,300 | 257,039 | 320,898 | 2,915,091 | 1,586,162 |
| Commissions | * 1,605 | * 409 | 0 | 46,557 | 29,634 | 733,221 | 366,353 |
| Contract labor | * 13,992 | 68,464 | * 82 | 134,255 | 267,200 | 1,740,925 | 1,018,118 |
| Depletion | * 4 | 0 | 0 | 0 | * 411 | 4,542 | 3,153 |
| Depreciation | 57,453 | 32,617 | * 4,489 | 129,636 | 192,100 | 1,538,631 | 712,991 |
| Employee benefit programs | * 13,991 | * 2,868 | * 1,081 | 7,568 | 26,096 | 123,876 | 47,289 |
| Insurance | 24,141 | 10,887 | * 3,120 | 41,508 | 34,234 | 411,827 | 180,858 |
| Legal and professional services | 47,881 | 6,117 | * 2,489 | 63,052 | 52,723 | 877,453 | 572,119 |
| Meals and entertainment deducted | 8,444 | 658 | * 362 | 48,201 | 50,348 | 612,910 | 406,017 |
| Mortgage interest | * 2,284 | * 728 | 0 | 10,651 | 6,835 | 87,576 | 31,746 |
| Other interest paid on business indebtedness | * 5,018 | * 2,466 | * 739 | 14,888 | 22,325 | 220,149 | 104,658 |
| Office expenses | 20,425 | 8,896 | * 1,561 | 81,904 | 97,110 | 923,406 | 519,534 |
| Pension and profit-sharing plans | * 17 | * 1,045 | * 9 | 5,722 | 3,274 | 101,473 | 52,204 |
| Rent paid on machinery and equipment | 1,023 | * 4,332 | * 7 | 22,510 | 63,261 | 331,800 | 184,480 |
| Rent paid on other business property | * 13,918 | 8,521 | * 1,965 | 92,405 | 78,717 | 864,340 | 354,683 |
| Repairs | 12,901 | 3,911 | * 2,005 | 21,051 | 22,111 | 304,802 | 131,409 |
| Supplies | 31,981 | 10,173 | * 1,709 | 125,883 | 114,975 | 1,194,258 | 444,469 |
| Salaries and wages | * 52,193 | 87,296 | * 22,775 | 184,483 | 254,396 | 2,736,234 | 902,400 |
| Taxes paid | 9,829 | 10,556 | * 2,541 | 69,449 | 50,000 | 537,096 | 198,647 |
| Travel | 26,591 | 1,791 | * 664 | 87,978 | 210,720 | 2,199,000 | 1,589,480 |
| Utilities | 37,142 | 10,531 | * 2,136 | 106,101 | 106,349 | 1,090,038 | 580,906 |
| Other business deductions | 69,239 | 15,860 | * 7,569 | 313,758 | 401,399 | 5,406,936 | 2,624,690 |
| Home office business deductions, total | 34,243 | * 7,516 | 0 | 186,275 | 174,355 | 1,323,582 | 802,803 |
| Depreciation, Form 8829 [3] | 3,786 | * 578 | 0 | 20,153 | 19,970 | 171,663 | 104,892 |
| Casualty loss, Form 8829 [3] | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | * 1,263 | 6,034 | 4,071 |
| Excess-casualty depreciations, Form 8829 [3] | 0 | 0 | 0 | * 2,856 | * 3,875 | 16,564 | 11,007 |
| Net income [1,2] | 955,172 | 334,128 | 68,793 | 2,668,602 | 4,780,921 | 41,400,665 | 27,576,853 |
| Returns with Schedule C-EZ: <br> Number of returns | 8,947 | * 2,098 | * 1,602 | 38,339 | 55,139 | 264,318 | 127,839 |
| Business receipts | 65,968 | * 23,891 | * 37,576 | 401,861 | 563,312 | 2,773,144 | 1,825,630 |
| Business deductions | * 3,906 | * 111 | * 504 | 31,090 | 35,194 | 324,039 | 185,435 |
| Net income | 62,062 | * 23,780 | * 37,072 | 370,771 | 528,117 | 2,449,105 | 1,640,195 |

Footnotes at end of table

Table 2. Nonfarm Sole Proprietorships: Income Statements, by Industrial Sectors, Tax Year 2007-Continued

| Net income status, item | Professional, scientific, and technical services-continued |  |  |  | Administrative and support and waste management and remediation services |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Other professional, scientific, and technical services-continued |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | Scientific research and development services | Advertising and related services | Market research and public opinion polling | Other miscellaneous services | Total | Administrative and support services | Waste management and remediation services |
|  | (116) | (117) | (118) | (119) | (120) | (121) | (122) |
| BUSINESSES WITH AND WITHOUT NET INCOME Number of returns [1] | 34,241 | 120,617 | 38,676 | 577,987 | 2,251,002 | 2,224,802 | 26,200 |
| Business receipts, total [1] | 1,952,860 | 7,163,497 | 1,133,673 | 26,227,165 | 60,343,203 | 58,044,464 | 2,298,739 |
| Income from sales and operations [1] | 1,939,220 | 7,103,762 | 1,122,382 | 25,669,995 | 59,549,710 | 57,280,528 | 2,269,182 |
| Other business income | 13,641 | 59,734 | 11,291 | 557,170 | 793,494 | 763,936 | 29,557 |
| Business deductions, total [1,2] | 1,375,133 | 5,126,124 | 729,135 | 17,098,047 | 43,914,195 | 41,861,545 | 2,052,650 |
| Cost of sales and operations, total | 424,551 | 1,896,826 | 197,539 | 4,036,920 | 11,076,161 | 10,681,460 | 394,701 |
| Inventory, beginning of year | * 59,537 | 13,744 | * 2 | 208,686 | 375,225 | 366,725 | * 8,500 |
| Cost of labor | * 24,316 | 28,169 | 0 | 231,422 | 2,283,408 | 2,254,725 | * 28,683 |
| Purchases | * 309,845 | 651,126 | * 5,473 | 2,362,862 | 3,436,507 | 3,227,995 | 208,511 |
| Materials and supplies | * 20,700 | 231,277 | * 37,178 | 551,485 | 2,259,940 | 2,208,985 | 50,955 |
| Other costs | 98,181 | 984,450 | * 154,885 | 899,129 | 3,067,658 | 2,957,313 | 110,345 |
| Inventory, end of year | * 88,028 | 11,940 | 0 | 216,664 | 346,575 | 334,283 | * 12,293 |
| Advertising expenses | 25,049 | 190,050 | 4,291 | 346,636 | 760,727 | 730,980 | 29,747 |
| Car and truck expenses | 40,811 | 339,961 | 62,167 | 1,389,123 | 5,834,308 | 5,664,546 | 169,762 |
| Commissions | * 4,857 | 153,551 | * 4,006 | 223,398 | 486,957 | 473,927 | 13,030 |
| Contract labor | 107,523 | 210,550 | 50,396 | 551,582 | 2,145,281 | 2,051,169 | 94,113 |
| Depletion | 0 | * 20 | 0 | 2,208 | 5,377 | 4,640 | * 738 |
| Depreciation | 71,586 | 156,427 | 14,618 | 938,982 | 2,418,990 | 2,188,350 | 230,640 |
| Employee benefit programs | 5,030 | 11,963 | * 4,996 | 82,611 | 130,740 | 115,556 | 15,185 |
| Insurance | 8,734 | 29,654 | 7,369 | 252,096 | 1,090,691 | 1,012,153 | 78,538 |
| Legal and professional services | 35,162 | 74,007 | 11,493 | 290,041 | 403,551 | 387,808 | 15,743 |
| Meals and entertainment deducted | 12,777 | 50,244 | 11,221 | 189,887 | 318,577 | 309,090 | 9,487 |
| Mortgage interest | * 16,892 | 4,702 | * 3,603 | 66,264 | 195,486 | 183,223 | 12,263 |
| Other interest paid on business indebtedness | 3,911 | 26,497 | * 1,334 | 123,131 | 340,658 | 312,929 | 27,729 |
| Office expenses | 17,470 | 76,418 | 14,216 | 394,983 | 685,645 | 662,910 | 22,734 |
| Pension and profit-sharing plans | * 13,125 | 2,357 | * 6,043 | 39,947 | 30,358 | 29,399 | * 959 |
| Rent paid on machinery and equipment | 7,204 | 33,691 | 3,784 | 157,060 | 574,509 | 551,101 | 23,408 |
| Rent paid on other business property | 34,015 | 102,311 | 17,971 | 547,939 | 735,747 | 711,980 | 23,767 |
| Repairs | 9,303 | 29,289 | 7,761 | 200,536 | 978,093 | 877,500 | 100,594 |
| Supplies | 19,404 | 87,062 | 46,084 | 781,284 | 2,118,835 | 2,065,127 | 53,707 |
| Salaries and wages | 131,163 | 233,396 | 51,557 | 1,802,700 | 4,498,692 | 4,351,189 | 147,503 |
| Taxes paid | 15,385 | 43,428 | 5,274 | 337,286 | 750,406 | 706,554 | 43,852 |
| Travel | 47,605 | 118,169 | 44,811 | 596,438 | 662,365 | 647,615 | 14,750 |
| Utilities | 18,652 | 120,516 | 20,460 | 513,067 | 1,076,267 | 1,041,226 | 35,040 |
| Other business deductions | 269,667 | 957,363 | 115,649 | 2,655,297 | 5,426,390 | 4,936,074 | 490,317 |
| Home office business deductions, total | 20,298 | 158,982 | 17,763 | 478,401 | 671,832 | 667,501 | 4,331 |
| Depreciation, Form 8829 [3] | 4,415 | 27,123 | * 884 | 66,080 | 91,017 | 90,718 | * 298 |
| Casualty loss, Form 8829 [3] | 0 | * 1,959 | 0 | * 1,198 | * 2,692 | * 2,692 | 0 |
| Excess-casualty depreciations, Form 8829 [3] | * 3,103 | 17,343 | * 438 | 42,808 | 54,081 | 54,081 | 0 |
| Net income less deficit [1,2] | 580,242 | 2,039,822 | 404,539 | 9,156,620 | 16,485,611 | 16,239,510 | 246,101 |
| Net income [1,2] | 775,250 | 2,276,899 | 494,610 | 10,277,052 | 19,554,621 | 19,225,753 | 328,868 |
| Deficit [2] | -195,008 | -237,077 | -90,072 | -1,120,432 | -3,069,010 | -2,986,242 | -82,768 |

[^16]Table 2. Nonfarm Sole Proprietorships: Income Statements, by Industrial Sectors, Tax Year 2007-Continued
[All figures are estimates based on samples-money amounts are in thousands of dollars]

| Net income status, item | Professional, scientific, and technical services-continued |  |  |  | Administrative and support and waste management and remediation services |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Other professional, scientific, and technical services-continued |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | Scientific research and development services | Advertising and related services | Market research and public opinion polling | Other miscellaneous services | Total | Administrative and support services | Waste management and remediation services |
|  | (116) | (117) | (118) | (119) | (120) | (121) | (122) |
| Number of returns [1] | 26,842 | 90,271 | 26,335 | 418,993 | 1,787,855 | 1,766,210 | 21,645 |
| Business receipts, total [1] | 1,412,635 | 6,739,828 | 1,053,548 | 23,088,850 | 52,763,362 | 50,755,416 | 2,007,946 |
| Income from sales and operations [1] | 1,406,130 | 6,695,250 | 1,053,473 | 22,582,166 | 52,155,522 | 50,176,911 | 1,978,611 |
| Other business income | 6,505 | 44,578 | * 75 | 506,683 | 607,840 | 578,505 | 29,336 |
| Business deductions, total [1,2] | 637,385 | 4,462,989 | 558,938 | 12,812,122 | 33,216,485 | 31,537,408 | 1,679,078 |
| Cost of sales and operations, total | 187,509 | 1,839,282 | * 188,848 | 2,882,040 | 9,077,221 | 8,746,177 | 331,044 |
| Inventory, beginning of year | * 2,807 | 3,018 | * 2 | 148,189 | 258,287 | 250,517 | * 7,770 |
| Cost of labor | * 14,179 | 25,110 | 0 | 134,467 | 2,017,135 | 1,989,260 | * 27,876 |
| Purchases | * 96,336 | 639,782 | * 2,171 | 1,613,068 | 2,873,852 | 2,703,331 | * 170,521 |
| Materials and supplies | * 20,413 | 221,667 | * 34,194 | 362,243 | 1,989,949 | 1,951,030 | * 38,919 |
| Other costs | 55,491 | 959,763 | * 152,480 | 769,898 | 2,156,991 | 2,058,785 | 98,206 |
| Inventory, end of year | * 1,716 | 10,058 | 0 | 145,825 | 218,993 | 206,746 | * 12,248 |
| Advertising expenses | 5,058 | 168,754 | 1,961 | 201,204 | 556,181 | 530,648 | 25,532 |
| Car and truck expenses | 31,929 | 266,263 | 24,768 | 1,005,969 | 4,273,645 | 4,142,013 | 131,632 |
| Commissions | * 4,711 | 153,065 | * 18 | 209,075 | 400,033 | 387,212 | * 12,821 |
| Contract labor | 59,255 | 183,216 | * 37,136 | 443,198 | 1,727,258 | 1,660,283 | 66,974 |
| Depletion | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1,389 | 2,891 | 2,153 | * 738 |
| Depreciation | 32,971 | 122,976 | 5,400 | 664,293 | 1,694,684 | 1,523,045 | 171,639 |
| Employee benefit programs | * 1,939 | 9,959 | * 4,996 | 59,694 | 106,776 | 92,019 | 14,757 |
| Insurance | 4,345 | 23,357 | 2,417 | 200,850 | 816,963 | 758,605 | 58,358 |
| Legal and professional services | 25,997 | 60,324 | 7,461 | 211,551 | 273,488 | 262,543 | 10,945 |
| Meals and entertainment deducted | 11,337 | 40,900 | 7,471 | 147,185 | 227,634 | 219,876 | 7,758 |
| Mortgage interest | * 22 | * 3,705 | * 73 | 52,030 | 84,277 | 72,988 | 11,289 |
| Other interest paid on business indebtedness | * 685 | 23,352 | * 302 | 91,153 | 221,707 | 203,767 | 17,941 |
| Office expenses | 11,081 | 60,127 | 8,541 | 324,123 | 470,988 | 449,241 | 21,746 |
| Pension and profit-sharing plans | * 2,125 | 1,811 | * 6,043 | 39,289 | 24,765 | 23,806 | * 959 |
| Rent paid on machinery and equipment | 7,002 | 28,999 | * 1,537 | 109,782 | 409,781 | 390,345 | 19,435 |
| Rent paid on other business property | 22,413 | 85,585 | 11,932 | 389,726 | 585,247 | 563,092 | 22,155 |
| Repairs | 6,711 | 22,132 | 2,239 | 142,310 | 670,137 | 589,547 | 80,590 |
| Supplies | 15,076 | 81,135 | 40,666 | 612,911 | 1,495,932 | 1,459,690 | 36,242 |
| Salaries and wages | 52,036 | 211,710 | 42,712 | 1,527,376 | 3,449,645 | 3,332,081 | 117,564 |
| Taxes paid | 7,071 | 34,386 | 4,204 | 292,789 | 569,074 | 536,133 | 32,941 |
| Travel | 32,182 | 87,987 | 35,649 | 453,702 | 436,521 | 428,209 | 8,313 |
| Utilities | 12,668 | 97,604 | 11,620 | 387,241 | 779,685 | 748,474 | 31,212 |
| Other business deductions | 80,585 | 714,057 | 92,351 | 1,895,252 | 3,831,267 | 3,389,106 | 442,162 |
| Home office business deductions, total | 10,697 | 123,617 | 15,864 | 370,601 | 541,576 | 537,245 | 4,331 |
| Depreciation, Form 8829 [3] | 2,220 | 11,269 | * 884 | 52,399 | 57,335 | 57,037 | * 298 |
| Casualty loss, Form 8829 [3] | 0 | * 1,959 | 0 | * 4 | * 3 | * 3 | 0 |
| Excess-casualty depreciations, Form 8829 [3] | * 545 | * 1,746 | * 438 | * 2,827 | 11,921 | 11,921 | 0 |
| Net income [1,2] | 775,250 | 2,276,899 | 494,610 | 10,277,052 | 19,554,621 | 19,225,753 | 328,868 |
| Returns with Schedule C-EZ: <br> Number of returns | 10,407 | 22,553 | 7,702 | 95,816 | 629,915 | 627,752 | * 2,164 |
| Business receipts | 122,416 | 105,988 | 98,506 | 620,603 | 4,108,692 | 4,103,236 | * 5,456 |
| Business deductions | 14,958 | 18,688 | * 4,728 | 100,229 | 497,550 | 497,539 | * 11 |
| Net income | 107,458 | 87,300 | 93,778 | 520,373 | 3,611,142 | 3,605,697 | * 5,445 |

Footnotes at end of table

Table 2. Nonfarm Sole Proprietorships: Income Statements, by Industrial Sectors, Tax Year 2007-Continued

\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline \multirow[b]{3}{*}{Net income status, item} \& \multirow[b]{2}{*}{Educational services} \& \multicolumn{6}{|c|}{Health care and social assistance} \\
\hline \& \& \multirow[b]{2}{*}{Total} \& \multicolumn{5}{|c|}{Ambulatory health care services} \\
\hline \& Total \& \& Total \& Offices of physicians (except mental health specialists) \& Offices of physicians, mental health specialists \& \begin{tabular}{l}
Offices \\
of \\
dentists
\end{tabular} \& Offices of chiropractors \\
\hline \multirow[b]{2}{*}{\begin{tabular}{l}
BUSINESSES WITH AND WITHOUT NET INCOME \\
Number of returns [1]
\end{tabular}} \& (123) \& \multirow[t]{2}{*}{(124)

$2,016,418$} \& \multirow[t]{2}{*}{(125)

997,226} \& \multirow[t]{2}{*}{(126)

194,531} \& \multirow[t]{2}{*}{(127)

31,439} \& (128) \& \multirow[t]{2}{*}{(129)

37,789} <br>
\hline \& 596,859 \& \& \& \& \& 93,114 \& <br>
\hline Business receipts, total [1] \& 9,074,803 \& 115,531,863 \& 95,393,542 \& 33,463,588 \& 2,981,198 \& 29,798,435 \& 4,655,464 <br>
\hline Income from sales and operations [1] \& 8,148,842 \& 113,730,022 \& 93,991,594 \& 32,806,108 \& 2,821,114 \& 29,663,589 \& 4,621,783 <br>
\hline Other business income \& 925,961 \& 1,801,841 \& 1,401,948 \& 657,480 \& 160,084 \& 134,846 \& 33,681 <br>
\hline Business deductions, total [1,2] \& 6,199,549 \& 69,484,341 \& 55,709,172 \& 17,721,771 \& 1,209,019 \& 19,498,074 \& 2,927,088 <br>
\hline Cost of sales and operations, total \& 1,344,624 \& 5,754,242 \& 5,076,697 \& 1,279,905 \& * 24,506 \& 1,811,015 \& 98,259 <br>
\hline Inventory, beginning of year \& 85,950 \& 307,775 \& 286,776 \& 52,891 \& * 12,185 \& 31,516 \& * 2,857 <br>
\hline Cost of labor \& 56,399 \& 1,040,583 \& 890,999 \& 200,756 \& * 12,917 \& 296,914 \& * 10,440 <br>
\hline Purchases \& 347,174 \& 1,619,763 \& 1,428,649 \& 246,722 \& * 2,581 \& 219,285 \& 37,131 <br>
\hline Materials and supplies \& 130,133 \& 1,142,460 \& 1,015,753 \& 269,719 \& * 2,302 \& 454,860 \& * 32,534 <br>
\hline Other costs \& 865,013 \& 1,943,566 \& 1,730,251 \& 572,005 \& * 6,882 \& 837,639 \& * 18,467 <br>
\hline Inventory, end of year \& 140,045 \& 299,904 \& 275,731 \& 62,187 \& * 12,360 \& 29,199 \& * 3,170 <br>
\hline Advertising expenses \& 141,824 \& 1,117,776 \& 1,030,954 \& 221,711 \& 15,588 \& 368,736 \& 142,304 <br>
\hline Car and truck expenses \& 638,907 \& 3,286,097 \& 2,094,079 \& 418,261 \& 74,176 \& 186,077 \& 81,714 <br>
\hline Commissions \& 45,203 \& 286,460 \& 245,460 \& 64,189 \& * 3,930 \& 64,176 \& * 13,187 <br>
\hline Contract labor \& 231,368 \& 1,765,999 \& 1,443,219 \& 585,304 \& 27,401 \& 316,556 \& 135,795 <br>
\hline Depletion \& 0 \& 4,244 \& 4,240 \& 1,571 \& 0 \& * 1,636 \& 0 <br>
\hline Depreciation \& 231,761 \& 2,662,152 \& 2,160,202 \& 600,719 \& 46,634 \& 946,400 \& 105,382 <br>
\hline Employee benefit programs \& 21,074 \& 558,767 \& 492,434 \& 189,964 \& * 1,361 \& 185,596 \& 17,652 <br>
\hline Insurance \& 60,959 \& 2,551,811 \& 2,290,833 \& 1,244,985 \& 71,261 \& 477,758 \& 97,857 <br>
\hline Legal and professional services \& 139,298 \& 1,387,397 \& 1,239,638 \& 512,309 \& 51,367 \& 273,669 \& 73,723 <br>
\hline Meals and entertainment deducted \& 63,193 \& 560,929 \& 347,171 \& 88,838 \& 18,313 \& 72,333 \& 21,447 <br>
\hline Mortgage interest \& 28,359 \& 691,203 \& 343,236 \& 78,947 \& * 15,240 \& 112,494 \& 38,292 <br>
\hline Other interest paid on business indebtedness \& 41,989 \& 600,645 \& 523,721 \& 120,967 \& 4,531 \& 264,730 \& 33,343 <br>
\hline Office expenses \& 146,822 \& 1,832,035 \& 1,619,491 \& 485,265 \& 47,243 \& 542,730 \& 126,905 <br>
\hline Pension and profit-sharing plans \& 5,363 \& 516,727 \& 512,629 \& 244,231 \& 2,291 \& 213,949 \& 8,864 <br>
\hline Rent paid on machinery and equipment \& 61,148 \& 618,363 \& 524,328 \& 201,483 \& 19,528 \& 113,182 \& 41,793 <br>
\hline Rent paid on other business property \& 495,539 \& 4,996,625 \& 4,459,344 \& 1,359,942 \& 180,032 \& 1,160,022 \& 420,194 <br>
\hline Repairs \& 93,395 \& 951,158 \& 705,719 \& 192,596 \& 18,345 \& 279,935 \& 52,948 <br>
\hline Supplies \& 304,427 \& 4,289,765 \& 3,397,035 \& 1,014,833 \& 45,101 \& 1,538,250 \& 174,243 <br>
\hline Salaries and wages \& 325,109 \& 15,503,040 \& 13,302,025 \& 4,173,902 \& 150,090 \& 6,187,341 \& 510,193 <br>
\hline Taxes paid \& 102,958 \& 2,181,807 \& 1,857,218 \& 578,296 \& 31,431 \& 774,715 \& 87,043 <br>
\hline Travel \& 230,480 \& 835,389 \& 671,569 \& 214,344 \& 37,832 \& 107,537 \& 29,778 <br>
\hline Utilities \& 222,082 \& 2,257,223 \& 1,620,295 \& 402,798 \& 55,650 \& 488,187 \& 139,293 <br>
\hline Other business deductions \& 903,565 \& 12,024,120 \& 9,133,725 \& 3,340,435 \& 232,106 \& 2,963,251 \& 453,421 <br>
\hline Home office business deductions, total \& 192,764 \& 1,882,232 \& 438,474 \& 81,042 \& 31,907 \& 37,668 \& 21,671 <br>
\hline Depreciation, Form 8829 [3] \& 25,599 \& 192,693 \& 53,923 \& 17,495 \& 1,571 \& 3,666 \& 2,903 <br>
\hline Casualty loss, Form 8829 [3] \& * 383 \& * 17,028 \& * 2,226 \& * [4] \& 0 \& 0 \& 0 <br>
\hline Excess-casualty depreciations, Form 8829 [3] \& 25,396 \& 140,327 \& 38,840 \& 15,481 \& * 7 \& * 1,373 \& * 2 <br>
\hline Net income less deficit [1,2] \& 2,879,254 \& 46,056,668 \& 39,676,719 \& 15,722,884 \& 1,772,180 \& 10,300,714 \& 1,728,493 <br>
\hline Net income [1,2] \& 3,612,035 \& 48,286,449 \& 41,107,694 \& 16,239,483 \& 1,797,035 \& 10,431,676 \& 1,745,278 <br>
\hline Deficit [2] \& -732,781 \& -2,229,782 \& -1,430,975 \& -516,599 \& -24,856 \& -130,962 \& -16,785 <br>
\hline
\end{tabular}

Footnotes at end of table.

Table 2. Nonfarm Sole Proprietorships: Income Statements, by Industrial Sectors, Tax Year 2007-Continued
[All figures are estimates based on samples-money amounts are in thousands of dollars]

| Net income status, item | ducational servic | Health care and social assistance |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Ambulatory health care services |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | Total | Total | Total | Offices of physicians (except mental health specialists) | Offices of physicians, mental health specialists | Offices of dentists | Offices of chiropractors |
|  | (123) | (124) | (125) | (126) | (127) | (128) | (129) |
| Number of returns [1] | 466,677 | 1,677,379 | 829,480 | 160,313 | 28,775 | 84,992 | 34,353 |
| Business receipts, total [1] | 7,042,678 | 107,695,993 | 91,188,521 | 31,988,061 | 2,923,924 | 29,148,584 | 4,505,208 |
| Income from sales and operations [1] | 6,936,392 | 106,149,905 | 89,960,753 | 31,416,013 | 2,765,306 | 29,015,824 | 4,473,896 |
| Other business income | 106,286 | 1,546,088 | 1,227,769 | 572,048 | 158,618 | 132,760 | 31,313 |
| Business deductions, total [1,2] | 3,433,186 | 59,402,113 | 50,072,877 | 15,730,139 | 1,126,888 | 18,716,966 | 2,759,930 |
| Cost of sales and operations, total | 345,315 | 5,062,174 | 4,666,561 | 1,121,754 | * 24,387 | 1,753,556 | 85,450 |
| Inventory, beginning of year | 32,965 | 255,468 | 239,363 | 44,014 | * 12,185 | 28,715 | * 2,857 |
| Cost of labor | * 47,495 | 862,339 | 763,648 | 166,394 | * 12,917 | 273,933 | * 2,105 |
| Purchases | 195,901 | 1,495,957 | 1,351,144 | 229,135 | * 2,567 | 210,457 | 36,913 |
| Materials and supplies | 82,624 | 1,048,828 | 973,878 | 264,554 | * 2,302 | 441,195 | * 28,779 |
| Other costs | 40,372 | 1,641,452 | 1,567,426 | 465,980 | * 6,384 | 827,552 | * 17,966 |
| Inventory, end of year | 54,043 | 241,868 | 228,899 | 48,323 | * 11,967 | 28,295 | * 3,170 |
| Advertising expenses | 91,428 | 983,770 | 932,547 | 199,090 | 14,679 | 343,856 | 139,858 |
| Car and truck expenses | 379,480 | 2,593,177 | 1,718,090 | 368,161 | 69,932 | 169,820 | 77,227 |
| Commissions | 28,910 | 196,493 | 162,523 | 60,264 | * 3,930 | 37,352 | * 13,187 |
| Contract labor | 173,771 | 1,526,129 | 1,274,076 | 504,554 | 27,401 | 291,841 | 111,035 |
| Depletion | 0 | 2,374 | 2,374 | 704 |  | * 1,636 | 0 |
| Depreciation | 127,080 | 2,136,383 | 1,858,113 | 506,913 | 41,422 | 871,223 | 91,759 |
| Employee benefit programs | 15,631 | 516,631 | 476,120 | 185,200 | * 1,361 | 182,035 | 17,581 |
| Insurance | 33,443 | 2,307,177 | 2,125,171 | 1,163,387 | 65,853 | 459,362 | 92,720 |
| Legal and professional services | 68,193 | 1,157,322 | 1,052,134 | 391,324 | 48,391 | 262,458 | 71,841 |
| Meals and entertainment deducted | 41,708 | 467,465 | 303,823 | 80,230 | 17,680 | 69,848 | 20,140 |
| Mortgage interest | 17,785 | 446,978 | 279,404 | 68,124 | * 12,389 | 110,974 | 30,353 |
| Other interest paid on business indebtedness | 27,007 | 492,429 | 454,510 | 100,355 | 4,072 | 242,641 | 30,960 |
| Office expenses | 89,126 | 1,643,709 | 1,495,032 | 456,715 | 44,977 | 528,525 | 118,549 |
| Pension and profit-sharing plans | 3,517 | 502,698 | 501,693 | 234,809 | 2,291 | 213,331 | 8,864 |
| Rent paid on machinery and equipment | 30,938 | 528,516 | 460,576 | 174,059 | 19,528 | 108,901 | 41,600 |
| Rent paid on other business property | 352,979 | 4,399,618 | 4,046,344 | 1,274,790 | 172,550 | 1,126,332 | 388,324 |
| Repairs | 39,269 | 786,703 | 629,345 | 180,619 | 17,860 | 266,704 | 49,908 |
| Supplies | 188,175 | 3,683,161 | 3,083,502 | 911,314 | 40,309 | 1,474,502 | 168,839 |
| Salaries and wages | 221,359 | 14,031,545 | 12,570,324 | 3,886,477 | 140,157 | 6,047,567 | 505,142 |
| Taxes paid | 69,551 | 1,941,106 | 1,740,501 | 544,355 | 28,469 | 757,119 | 82,324 |
| Travel | 144,728 | 657,001 | 596,919 | 188,650 | 35,316 | 97,898 | 28,668 |
| Utilities | 141,972 | 1,864,156 | 1,441,689 | 362,055 | 51,516 | 471,875 | 128,061 |
| Other business deductions | 559,185 | 9,699,975 | 7,656,945 | 2,681,346 | 207,832 | 2,783,397 | 434,080 |
| Home office business deductions, total | 115,315 | 1,419,137 | 377,706 | 65,973 | 31,443 | 34,081 | 21,671 |
| Depreciation, Form 8829 [3] | 13,825 | 125,964 | 40,503 | 8,531 | 1,564 | 3,047 | 2,903 |
| Casualty loss, Form 8829 [3] | * 359 | * 6,315 | * 2,226 | * [4] | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Excess-casualty depreciations, Form 8829 [3] | 7,168 | 11,809 | 3,955 | * 1,000 | 0 | * 122 | 0 |
| Net income [1,2] | 3,612,035 | 48,286,449 | 41,107,694 | 16,239,483 | 1,797,035 | 10,431,676 | 1,745,278 |
| Returns with Schedule C-EZ: Number of returns | 188,090 | 526,861 | 189,835 | 32,237 | 3,374 | 11,329 | * 678 |
| Business receipts | 814,177 | 4,160,031 | 1,820,630 | 578,500 | 41,027 | 79,067 | * 2,665 |
| Business deductions | 127,336 | 368,135 | 175,437 | 24,935 | * 3,153 | 10,130 | * 1,789 |
| Net income | 686,841 | 3,791,896 | 1,645,192 | 553,565 | 37,874 | 68,937 | * 877 |

Footnotes at end of table.

Table 2. Nonfarm Sole Proprietorships: Income Statements, by Industrial Sectors, Tax Year 2007-Continued
[All figures are estimates based on samples-money amounts are in thousands of dollars]

\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline \multirow[b]{3}{*}{Net income status, item} \& \multicolumn{8}{|c|}{Health care and social assistance-continued} <br>
\hline \& \multicolumn{7}{|c|}{Ambulatory health care services-continued} \& \multirow[b]{2}{*}{Hospitals} <br>
\hline \& Offices of optometrists \& Offices of mental health practitioners and social therapists \& Offices of podiatrists \& Outpatient care centers and other miscellaneous health practitioners \& Medical and diagnostic laboratories \& Home health care services \& Other ambulatory health care services (including ambulance services, blood, organ banks) \& <br>
\hline \multirow[b]{2}{*}{BUSINESSES WITH AND WITHOUT NET INCOME} \& (130) \& \multirow[t]{2}{*}{(131)

174,713} \& (132) \& \multirow[t]{2}{*}{(133)

156,836} \& \multirow[t]{2}{*}{(134)

31,782} \& \multirow[t]{2}{*}{(135)

224,827} \& \multirow[t]{2}{*}{(136)

26,822} \& \multirow[t]{2}{*}{(137)

8,834} <br>
\hline \& 18,985 \& \& 6,388 \& \& \& \& \& <br>
\hline Business receipts, total [1] \& 3,345,930 \& 8,392,904 \& 1,006,518 \& 5,023,852 \& 1,462,086 \& 4,238,804 \& 1,024,763 \& 469,307 <br>
\hline Income from sales and operations [1] \& 3,337,184 \& 8,328,451 \& 990,144 \& 4,836,205 \& 1,391,874 \& 4,196,341 \& 998,800 \& 467,933 <br>
\hline Other business income \& 8,747 \& 64,452 \& * 16,374 \& 187,647 \& 70,212 \& 42,462 \& 25,963 \& * 1,374 <br>
\hline Business deductions, total [1,2] \& 2,424,386 \& 3,910,266 \& 680,334 \& 2,885,427 \& 1,057,135 \& 2,703,128 \& 692,544 \& 215,481 <br>
\hline Cost of sales and operations, total \& 741,111 \& 262,677 \& 35,252 \& 244,025 \& 222,266 \& 235,204 \& 122,477 \& * 557 <br>
\hline Inventory, beginning of year \& 94,709 \& 30,191 \& * 9,526 \& 29,970 \& * 4,952 \& * 8,502 \& * 9,477 \& 0 <br>
\hline Cost of labor \& * 7,500 \& * 78,654 \& 0 \& * 17,414 \& * 82,113 \& 179,593 \& * 4,698 \& 0 <br>
\hline Purchases \& 513,536 \& 80,657 \& * 5,387 \& 111,149 \& 91,217 \& 22,554 \& 98,429 \& * 515 <br>
\hline Materials and supplies \& 93,555 \& 25,990 \& * 16,444 \& 46,883 \& 42,252 \& 22,427 \& * 8,788 \& 0 <br>
\hline Other costs \& 110,231 \& 82,879 \& * 13,285 \& 66,244 \& * 6,120 \& * 6,205 \& * 10,293 \& * 41 <br>
\hline Inventory, end of year \& 78,420 \& 35,695 \& * 9,391 \& 27,635 \& * 4,388 \& * 4,077 \& * 9,208 \& 0 <br>
\hline Advertising expenses \& 45,890 \& 51,315 \& 19,272 \& 112,319 \& 9,039 \& 32,844 \& 11,936 \& 311 <br>
\hline Car and truck expenses \& 44,142 \& 359,081 \& 22,163 \& 285,136 \& 74,927 \& 476,662 \& 71,740 \& 3,649 <br>
\hline Commissions \& * 3,917 \& 60,225 \& * 2,754 \& 14,849 \& * 680 \& 14,256 \& 3,295 \& * 137 <br>
\hline Contract labor \& 35,939 \& 109,946 \& \& 63,567 \& 13,402 \& 124,282 \& 22,939 \& * 8,212 <br>

\hline Depletion \& * 11 \& * 4 \& | 8,088 |
| ---: |
| 0 | \& * 19 \& 0 \& * 999 \& 0 \& 0 <br>

\hline Depreciation \& 80,782 \& 132,250 \& 16,563 \& 123,412 \& 42,437 \& 50,006 \& 15,617 \& 4,605 <br>
\hline Employee benefit programs \& 29,178 \& 27,490 \& 6,490 \& 10,793 \& 7,458 \& 11,747 \& 4,705 \& * 3,609 <br>
\hline Insurance \& 37,888 \& 116,169 \& 65,997 \& 89,677 \& 21,852 \& 49,790 \& 17,599 \& 7,574 <br>
\hline Legal and professional services \& 31,911 \& 131,684 \& 14,284 \& 83,220 \& 26,479 \& 28,095 \& 12,897 \& 5,699 <br>
\hline Meals and entertainment deducted \& 6,345 \& 42,937 \& 6,127 \& 29,533 \& 7,086 \& 45,496 \& 8,717 \& 5,243 <br>
\hline Mortgage interest \& 3,872 \& 6,757 \& * 4,315 \& 24,418 \& 5,536 \& 50,033 \& * 3,331 \& * 1,337 <br>
\hline Other interest paid on business indebtedness \& 20,908 \& 17,202 \& 4,737 \& 25,582 \& 11,837 \& 16,069 \& 3,815 \& * 422 <br>
\hline Office expenses \& 46,185 \& 159,272 \& 35,418 \& 90,454 \& 25,936 \& 47,384 \& 12,699 \& 700 <br>
\hline Pension and profit-sharing plans \& 9,756 \& 15,448 \& * 3,540 \& 5,391 \& 3,310 \& 5,127 \& * 721 \& * 21 <br>
\hline Rent paid on machinery and equipment \& 33,716 \& 30,720 \& 3,518 \& 30,138 \& 7,190 \& 33,194 \& 9,866 \& * 1,601 <br>
\hline Rent paid on other business property \& 179,463 \& 593,835 \& 123,725 \& 259,546 \& 63,671 \& 92,636 \& 26,279 \& * 5,585 <br>
\hline Repairs \& 20,750 \& 38,426 \& 6,666 \& 31,965 \& 13,627 \& 43,316 \& 7,145 \& * 1,822 <br>
\hline Supplies \& 66,469 \& 123,532 \& 36,181 \& 199,725 \& 54,367 \& 128,824 \& 15,511 \& * 3,891 <br>
\hline Salaries and wages \& 555,741 \& 507,162 \& 125,890 \& 282,652 \& 127,455 \& 536,991 \& 144,609 \& * 69,898 <br>
\hline Taxes paid \& 77,186 \& 92,938 \& 17,345 \& 57,664 \& 49,048 \& 72,934 \& 18,618 \& * 6,619 <br>
\hline Travel \& 9,901 \& 89,924 \& 8,776 \& 85,234 \& 15,935 \& 55,459 \& 16,851 \& 4,437 <br>
\hline Utilities \& 59,580 \& 176,095 \& 29,777 \& 114,938 \& 34,008 \& 102,459 \& 17,510 \& 2,761 <br>
\hline Other business deductions \& 277,740 \& 618,657 \& 82,425 \& 523,558 \& 191,465 \& 340,177 \& 110,490 \& 68,294 <br>
\hline Home office business deductions, total \& * 1,988 \& 108,980 \& * 444 \& 64,074 \& 22,015 \& 63,050 \& * 5,635 \& * 3,517 <br>
\hline Depreciation, Form 8829 [3] \& * 208 \& 14,668 \& * 105 \& 6,674 \& * 712 \& 5,252 \& * 668 \& * 963 <br>
\hline Casualty loss, Form 8829 [3] \& 0 \& 0 \& 0 \& * 2,226 \& 0 \& 0 \& 0 \& 0 <br>
\hline Excess-casualty depreciations, Form 8829 [3] \& * 268 \& 7,076 \& * 89 \& * 2,189 \& * 56 \& * 10,935 \& * 1,363 \& * 680 <br>
\hline Net income less deficit [1,2] \& 921,544 \& 4,482,638 \& 326,184 \& 2,149,463 \& 404,558 \& 1,535,676 \& 332,386 \& 253,826 <br>
\hline Net income [1,2] \& 924,445 \& 4,617,337 \& 352,247 \& 2,413,599 \& 448,923 \& 1,790,438 \& 347,232 \& 255,650 <br>
\hline Deficit [2] \& *-2,901 \& -134,699 \& *-26,063 \& -264,137 \& -44,365 \& -254,762 \& -14,847 \& *-1,824 <br>
\hline
\end{tabular}

Footnotes at end of table.

Table 2. Nonfarm Sole Proprietorships: Income Statements, by Industrial Sectors, Tax Year 2007-Continued
[All figures are estimates based on samples-money amounts are in thousands of dollars]

| Net income status, item | Health care and social assistance-continued |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Ambulatory health care services-continued |  |  |  |  |  |  | Hospitals |
|  | Offices of optometrists | Offices of mental health practitioners and social therapists | Offices of podiatrists | Outpatient care centers and other miscellaneous health practitioners | Medical and diagnostic laboratories | Home health care services | Other ambulatory health care services (including ambulance services, blood, organ banks) |  |
| BUSINESSES WITH NET INCOME | (130) | (131) | (132) | (133) | (134) | (135) | (136) | (137) |
|  | 17,661 | 141,668 | 4,543 | 119,980 | 27,060 | 186,423 | 23,712 | 8,831 |
| Business receipts, total [1] | 3,234,129 | 7,928,102 | 958,637 | 4,559,133 | 1,295,056 | 3,696,328 | 951,359 | 466,059 |
| Income from sales and operations [1] | 3,225,389 | 7,864,278 | 942,263 | 4,382,747 | 1,293,697 | 3,656,076 | 925,263 | 465,744 |
| Other business income | 8,740 | 63,823 | * 16,374 | 176,386 | * 1,359 | 40,252 | 26,096 | * 315 |
| Business deductions, total [1,2] | 2,309,684 | 3,310,765 | 606,391 | 2,156,191 | 845,740 | 1,905,890 | 604,293 | 210,409 |
| Cost of sales and operations, total | 729,419 | 162,819 | 34,942 | 195,779 | 219,985 | 216,477 | 121,991 | 0 |
| Inventory, beginning of year | 90,121 | 30,191 | * 9,526 | 3,209 | * 4,952 | * 4,116 | * 9,477 | 0 |
| Cost of labor | * 7,500 | * 22,850 | 0 | * 14,310 | * 82,100 | * 176,841 | * 4,698 | 0 |
| Purchases | 504,912 | 75,859 | * 5,387 | 77,496 | * 91,172 | * 18,819 | 98,429 | 0 |
| Materials and supplies | 90,547 | 25,847 | * 16,135 | 41,753 | 40,674 | * 13,474 | * 8,617 | 0 |
| Other costs | 110,231 | 43,767 | * 13,285 | 61,514 | * 5,475 | * 5,294 | * 9,978 | 0 |
| Inventory, end of year | 73,892 | 35,695 | * 9,391 | 2,503 | * 4,388 | * 2,067 | * 9,208 | 0 |
| Advertising expenses | 44,401 | 45,066 | 14,135 | 88,997 | 8,776 | 22,829 | 10,860 | * 256 |
| Car and truck expenses | 40,937 | 300,726 | 17,912 | 223,383 | 58,100 | 339,767 | 52,126 | 3,649 |
| Commissions | * 3,917 | 15,514 | * 2,754 | 13,691 | * 677 | 8,322 | * 2,915 | * 137 |
| Contract labor | 35,292 | 108,428 | 8,088 | 58,646 | 12,972 | 97,047 | 18,771 | * 8,212 |
| Depletion | * 11 | * 4 | 0 | * 19 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Depreciation | 68,808 | 112,198 | 16,482 | 74,023 | 32,086 | 30,144 | 13,057 | * 2,975 |
| Employee benefit programs | 27,903 | 27,266 | 6,490 | 6,209 | 7,228 | 10,150 | 4,697 | * 3,566 |
| Insurance | 36,207 | 98,867 | 61,788 | 79,998 | 20,083 | 32,577 | 14,327 | * 7,571 |
| Legal and professional services | 31,414 | 121,197 | 12,491 | 56,480 | 23,773 | 21,487 | 11,277 | 5,695 |
| Meals and entertainment deducted | 6,096 | 38,321 | 4,523 | 25,381 | 5,235 | 30,167 | 6,202 | 5,243 |
| Mortgage interest | 3,624 | * 5,038 | * 4,315 | 7,468 | * 3,143 | 33,281 | * 694 | * 1,337 |
| Other interest paid on business indebtedness | 20,903 | 13,991 | 4,737 | 16,550 | 6,810 | 9,675 | 3,815 | * 422 |
| Office expenses | 44,159 | 140,985 | 32,606 | 61,491 | 24,067 | 33,319 | 9,638 | 695 |
| Pension and profit-sharing plans | 9,756 | 15,113 | * 3,540 | 4,887 | 3,266 | 5,114 | * 721 | * 21 |
| Rent paid on machinery and equipment | 32,704 | 29,441 | 2,705 | 23,886 | 4,217 | 14,109 | 9,425 | * 1,601 |
| Rent paid on other business property | 167,600 | 520,958 | 88,334 | 202,316 | 58,828 | 25,562 | 20,750 | * 5,580 |
| Repairs | 18,339 | 32,926 | 6,666 | 25,353 | 10,844 | 14,844 | 5,282 | * 1,757 |
| Supplies | 64,200 | 108,209 | 29,175 | 139,628 | 49,127 | 84,816 | 13,383 | * 3,891 |
| Salaries and wages | 534,631 | 459,375 | 125,890 | 219,025 | 118,465 | 409,856 | 123,739 | * 69,301 |
| Taxes paid | 74,890 | 82,241 | 16,148 | 40,437 | 45,159 | 54,559 | 14,800 | * 6,615 |
| Travel | 9,633 | 83,792 | 8,245 | 71,740 | 10,410 | 46,799 | 15,769 | 4,421 |
| Utilities | 57,126 | 151,023 | 28,691 | 81,912 | 29,304 | 67,694 | 12,432 | 2,577 |
| Other business deductions | 241,707 | 509,627 | 75,287 | 347,916 | 65,791 | 204,590 | 105,372 | 66,388 |
| Home office business deductions, total | * 1,988 | 90,099 | * 444 | 59,407 | * 21,290 | 46,607 | * 4,703 | * 3,517 |
| Depreciation, Form 8829 [3] | * 208 | 12,588 | * 105 | 5,850 | * 655 | 4,572 | * 479 | * 963 |
| Casualty loss, Form 8829 [3] | 0 | 0 | 0 | * 2,226 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Excess-casualty depreciations, Form 8829 [3] | * 268 | * 1,640 | * 89 | * 835 | 0 | 0 | 0 | * 680 |
| Net income [1,2] | 924,445 | 4,617,337 | 352,247 | 2,413,599 | 448,923 | 1,790,438 | 347,232 | 255,650 |
| Returns with Schedule C-EZ: Number of returns | * 2,394 | 18,291 | * 300 | 32,885 | 11,271 | 69,304 | 7,772 | 6,012 |
| Business receipts | * 12,655 | 200,511 | * 587 | 308,203 | 45,898 | 503,611 | 47,906 | 46,307 |
| Business deductions | * 4,020 | 37,541 | * 587 | 33,539 | 6,106 | 46,094 | 7,545 | * 4,982 |
| Net income | * 8,635 | 162,970 | 0 | 274,664 | 39,793 | 457,517 | 40,361 | 41,325 |

Footnotes at end of table.

Table 2. Nonfarm Sole Proprietorships: Income Statements, by Industrial Sectors, Tax Year 2007-Continued
[All figures are estimates based on samples-money amounts are in thousands of dollars]

| Net income status, item | Health care and social assistance-continued |  |  | Arts, entertainment, and recreation |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | Nursing and residential care facilities | Social assistance | Child day care services | Total | Performing arts, spectator sports, and related industries | Museums, historical sites, and similar institutions | Amusement, gambling, and recreation industries |
|  | (138) | (139) | (140) | (141) | (142) | (143) | (144) |
| businesses with and WITHOUT NET INCOME |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Business receipts, total [1] | 4,127,048 | 3,082,088 | 12,459,877 | 31,043,663 | 23,926,664 | 29,469 | 7,087,530 |
| Income from sales and operations [1] | 4,091,835 | 3,070,820 | 12,107,840 | 30,149,757 | 23,266,013 | 29,469 | 6,854,275 |
| Other business income | 35,213 | 11,268 | 352,037 | 893,906 | 660,651 | 0 | 233,255 |
| Business deductions, total [1,2] | 3,765,975 | 1,913,351 | 7,880,361 | 23,451,641 | 16,546,254 | 6,298 | 6,899,089 |
| Cost of sales and operations, total | 262,363 | 187,592 | 227,033 | 3,242,248 | 2,017,833 | * 526 | 1,223,888 |
| Inventory, beginning of year | 9,219 | * 3,850 | * 7,929 | 702,814 | 533,334 | * 16 | 169,464 |
| Cost of labor | 73,118 | * 51,238 | 25,228 | 279,691 | 171,731 | * 84 | 107,877 |
| Purchases | 28,941 | * 86,432 | 75,225 | 1,306,959 | 748,307 | * 152 | 558,501 |
| Materials and supplies | 52,232 | * 24,059 | 50,416 | 498,809 | 389,307 | 0 | 109,502 |
| Other costs | 108,601 | * 27,713 | 76,959 | 1,168,465 | 725,083 | * 287 | 443,095 |
| Inventory, end of year | 9,750 | * 5,700 | * 8,724 | 714,490 | 549,929 | * 11 | 164,550 |
| Advertising expenses | 14,433 | 23,041 | 49,036 | 536,219 | 355,665 | * 69 | 180,485 |
| Car and truck expenses | 182,170 | 353,146 | 653,053 | 1,962,915 | 1,613,377 | * 559 | 348,979 |
| Commissions | 6,790 | * 8,950 | 25,123 | 637,696 | 618,686 | 0 | 19,009 |
| Contract labor | 57,735 | 22,678 | 234,154 | 782,996 | 544,242 | * 10 | 238,744 |
| Depletion | 0 | 0 | * 4 | 1,961 | 1,800 | 0 | * 161 |
| Depreciation | 142,551 | 64,040 | 290,755 | 1,465,100 | 1,116,332 | * 282 | 348,485 |
| Employee benefit programs | 51,536 | * 3,961 | 7,227 | 66,020 | 18,963 | 0 | 47,056 |
| Insurance | 94,752 | 33,585 | 125,067 | 270,584 | 155,274 | * 37 | 115,274 |
| Legal and professional services | 48,121 | 31,463 | 62,477 | 537,514 | 474,849 | * 125 | 62,541 |
| Meals and entertainment deducted | 14,345 | 27,166 | 167,004 | 352,413 | 314,381 | * 38 | 37,994 |
| Mortgage interest | 169,501 | 14,249 | 162,881 | 107,499 | 42,850 | * 167 | 64,483 |
| Other interest paid on business indebtedness | 40,399 | 10,901 | 25,203 | 224,044 | 140,882 | 0 | 83,161 |
| Office expenses | 36,508 | 50,461 | 124,875 | 352,020 | 286,137 | * 258 | 65,625 |
| Pension and profit-sharing plans | 3,869 | * 208 | 0 | 20,260 | 17,771 | 0 | 2,489 |
| Rent paid on machinery and equipment | 21,373 | 18,262 | 52,799 | 224,842 | 132,997 | * 143 | 91,702 |
| Rent paid on other business property | 190,345 | 120,899 | 220,452 | 1,139,292 | 580,819 | * 225 | 558,248 |
| Repairs | 58,958 | 17,122 | 167,536 | 451,562 | 322,120 | * 40 | 129,402 |
| Supplies | 114,284 | 59,879 | 714,676 | 938,388 | 767,336 | * 38 | 171,014 |
| Salaries and wages | 1,011,918 | 222,567 | 896,632 | 1,329,963 | 705,096 | * 150 | 624,717 |
| Taxes paid | 149,672 | 35,857 | 132,442 | 355,191 | 171,129 | * 46 | 184,016 |
| Travel | 22,150 | 101,921 | 35,312 | 1,191,411 | 1,057,586 | * 935 | 132,890 |
| Utilities | 149,296 | 84,270 | 400,602 | 649,539 | 442,569 | 52 | 206,917 |
| Other business deductions | 820,438 | 352,235 | 1,649,427 | 5,747,675 | 3,886,730 | 1,017 | 1,859,928 |
| Home office business deductions, total | 94,748 | 43,217 | 1,302,277 | 629,265 | 574,622 | 0 | 54,642 |
| Depreciation, Form 8829 [3] | 10,925 | 3,550 | 123,332 | 123,487 | 115,234 | 0 | 8,254 |
| Casualty loss, Form 8829 [3] | 0 | 0 | * 14,802 | * 16 | * 16 | 0 | 0 |
| Excess-casualty depreciations, Form 8829 [3] | * 9,334 | * 1,896 | 89,578 | 84,471 | 75,751 | 0 | 8,720 |
| Net income less deficit [1,2] | 371,110 | 1,171,489 | 4,583,523 | 7,562,358 | 7,340,857 | 23,171 | 198,330 |
| Net income [1,2] | 501,734 | 1,306,503 | 5,114,868 | 11,410,732 | 10,275,232 | 25,364 | 1,110,136 |
| Deficit [2] | -130,624 | -135,014 | -531,345 | -3,848,374 | -2,934,375 | -2,193 | -911,806 |

Footnotes at end of table.

Table 2. Nonfarm Sole Proprietorships: Income Statements, by Industrial Sectors, Tax Year 2007-Continued

| Net income status, item | Health care and social assistance-continued |  |  | Arts, entertainment, and recreation |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | Nursing and residential care facilities | Social assistance | Child day care services | Total | Performing arts, spectator sports, and related industries | Museums, historical sites, and similar institutions | Amusement, gambling, and recreation industries |
|  | (138) | (139) | (140) | (141) | (142) | (143) | (144) |
| buSinesses With net income <br> Number of returns [1] | 46,231 | 117,669 | 675,168 | 783,394 | 649,255 | 2,711 | 131,428 |
| Business receipts, total [1] | 2,650,615 | 2,762,097 | 10,628,701 | 24,742,954 | 20,327,153 | 28,675 | 4,387,126 |
| Income from sales and operations [1] | 2,623,438 | 2,751,429 | 10,348,542 | 24,115,814 | 19,850,664 | 28,675 | 4,236,475 |
| Other business income | 27,177 | 10,668 | 280,159 | 627,140 | 476,489 | 0 | 150,651 |
| Business deductions, total [1,2] | 2,149,401 | 1,455,594 | 5,513,833 | 13,325,555 | 10,045,183 | * 3,311 | 3,277,061 |
| Cost of sales and operations, total | 155,573 | * 127,337 | 112,703 | 1,985,390 | 1,300,323 | * 156 | 684,911 |
| Inventory, beginning of year | * 5,571 | * 3,850 | * 6,683 | 194,454 | 151,452 | * 16 | 42,986 |
| Cost of labor | 67,249 | * 17,308 | * 14,133 | 163,969 | 148,034 | 0 | * 15,935 |
| Purchases | 24,855 | * 85,151 | 34,806 | 865,977 | 519,043 | * 152 | 346,782 |
| Materials and supplies | * 21,316 | * 15,935 | 37,698 | 256,137 | 180,693 | 0 | 75,444 |
| Other costs | 42,103 | * 10,374 | * 21,549 | 718,086 | 469,897 | 0 | 248,189 |
| Inventory, end of year | * 5,521 | * 5,281 | * 2,167 | 213,233 | 168,796 | * 11 | 44,425 |
| Advertising expenses | 7,973 | 15,693 | 27,302 | 284,233 | 220,384 | * 10 | 63,839 |
| Car and truck expenses | 139,227 | 267,933 | 464,279 | 1,154,658 | 957,825 | * 58 | 196,775 |
| Commissions | * 5,787 | * 8,818 | 19,228 | 551,095 | 540,443 | 0 | 10,653 |
| Contract labor | 34,687 | 21,059 | 188,095 | 526,829 | 370,450 | 0 | 156,379 |
| Depletion | 0 | 0 | 0 | 569 | 563 | 0 | * 5 |
| Depreciation | 80,542 | 41,030 | 153,723 | 660,441 | 541,237 | * 205 | 118,999 |
| Employee benefit programs | 28,418 | * 3,434 | * 5,093 | 22,672 | 10,501 | 0 | 12,171 |
| Insurance | 59,787 | 25,095 | 89,554 | 144,115 | 95,522 | * 3 | 48,590 |
| Legal and professional services | 26,894 | 26,777 | 45,822 | 337,046 | 313,126 | * 108 | 23,812 |
| Meals and entertainment deducted | 12,799 | 22,605 | 122,995 | 236,336 | 211,776 | * 27 | 24,532 |
| Mortgage interest | 66,991 | 9,915 | 89,331 | 31,838 | 17,389 | 0 | 14,450 |
| Other interest paid on business indebtedness | 9,561 | 8,646 | 19,290 | 81,622 | 55,576 | 0 | 26,046 |
| Office expenses | 27,744 | 41,202 | 79,036 | 218,960 | 188,573 | * 29 | 30,358 |
| Pension and profit-sharing plans | 776 | * 208 | 0 | 15,694 | 14,412 | 0 | 1,282 |
| Rent paid on machinery and equipment | 14,121 | 16,361 | 35,857 | 135,736 | 88,421 | * 1 | 47,314 |
| Rent paid on other business property | 90,382 | 107,113 | 150,199 | 591,563 | 329,385 | * 53 | 262,125 |
| Repairs | 32,942 | 11,621 | 111,038 | 161,666 | 120,710 | * [4] | 40,956 |
| Supplies | 62,634 | 42,236 | 490,898 | 509,189 | 437,110 | * 5 | 72,074 |
| Salaries and wages | 588,198 | 201,729 | 601,993 | 661,960 | 344,841 | * 3 | 317,116 |
| Taxes paid | 79,653 | 32,287 | 82,049 | 193,078 | 111,209 | * 1 | 81,868 |
| Travel | 17,600 | 16,432 | 21,629 | 771,103 | 707,627 | * 880 | 62,597 |
| Utilities | 88,642 | 68,724 | 262,524 | 372,953 | 278,953 | * 35 | 93,966 |
| Other business deductions | 459,264 | 275,795 | 1,241,582 | 2,982,418 | 2,175,591 | * 160 | 806,667 |
| Home office business deductions, total | 51,485 | 37,861 | 948,568 | 468,765 | 433,862 | 0 | 34,903 |
| Depreciation, Form 8829 [3] | * 4,774 | 3,189 | 76,536 | 89,979 | 85,113 | 0 | 4,866 |
| Casualty loss, Form 8829 [3] | 0 | 0 | * 4,088 | * 16 | * 16 | 0 | 0 |
| Excess-casualty depreciations, Form 8829 [3] | 0 | * 170 | * 7,004 | 12,864 | 11,046 | 0 | * 1,818 |
| Net income [1,2] | 501,734 | 1,306,503 | 5,114,868 | 11,410,732 | 10,275,232 | 25,364 | 1,110,136 |
| Returns with Schedule C-EZ: <br> Number of returns | 12,664 | 39,515 | 278,835 | 262,084 | 207,749 | * 2,432 | 51,903 |
| Business receipts | 54,871 | 230,389 | 2,007,835 | 1,244,196 | 1,059,056 | * 15,002 | 170,138 |
| Business deductions | 7,720 | 25,681 | 154,314 | 235,024 | 186,208 | * 1,578 | 47,238 |
| Net income | 47,151 | 204,707 | 1,853,521 | 1,009,172 | 872,848 | * 13,424 | 122,900 |

[^17]Table 2. Nonfarm Sole Proprietorships: Income Statements, by Industrial Sectors, Tax Year 2007-Continued


Footnotes at end of table.

Table 2. Nonfarm Sole Proprietorships: Income Statements, by Industrial Sectors, Tax Year 2007-Continued
[All figures are estimates based on samples-money amounts are in thousands of dollars]

\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline \multirow[b]{3}{*}{Net income status, item} \& \multicolumn{6}{|c|}{Accommodation, food services, and drinking places} \& \multirow{2}{*}{Other services} \\
\hline \& \& \multicolumn{4}{|c|}{Accommodation} \& \multirow[b]{2}{*}{Food services and drinking places} \& \\
\hline \& Total \& Total \& Travel accommodation (including hotels, motels, and bed and breakfast inns) \& \begin{tabular}{l}
RV \\
(recreational vehicle) parks and recreational camps
\end{tabular} \& Rooming and boarding houses \& \& Total \\
\hline \multirow[b]{2}{*}{BUSINESSES WITH NET INCOME
Number of returns [1]} \& (145) \& (146) \& \multirow[t]{2}{*}{(147)

16,211} \& \multirow[t]{2}{*}{(148)
7,657} \& \multirow[t]{2}{*}{(149)

3,325} \& \multirow[t]{2}{*}{(150)} \& \multirow[t]{2}{*}{(151)
1,915,583} <br>
\hline \& 263,332 \& 27,192 \& \& \& \& \& <br>
\hline Business receipts, total [1] \& 34,879,565 \& 3,121,187 \& 2,539,278 \& 277,078 \& 304,831 \& 31,758,378 \& 72,514,673 <br>
\hline Income from sales and operations [1] \& 34,642,624 \& 3,098,879 \& 2,517,546 \& 276,518 \& 304,815 \& 31,543,745 \& 71,824,983 <br>
\hline Other business income \& 236,941 \& 22,308 \& 21,732 \& * 561 \& * 15 \& 214,633 \& 689,690 <br>
\hline Business deductions, total [1,2] \& 30,914,652 \& 2,510,051 \& 2,053,533 \& 217,420 \& 239,098 \& 28,404,601 \& 49,686,280 <br>
\hline Cost of sales and operations, total \& 13,526,695 \& 284,398 \& 257,071 \& * 7,565 \& * 19,762 \& 13,242,297 \& 15,894,503 <br>
\hline Inventory, beginning of year \& 371,008 \& 18,788 \& 18,121 \& * 668 \& 0 \& 352,220 \& 976,772 <br>
\hline Cost of labor \& 841,381 \& 22,247 \& 18,809 \& * 44 \& * 3,393 \& 819,134 \& 1,727,821 <br>
\hline Purchases \& 11,499,123 \& 120,393 \& 113,174 \& * 7,219 \& 0 \& 11,378,729 \& 9,709,556 <br>
\hline Materials and supplies \& 870,533 \& 17,607 \& 16,612 \& * 244 \& * 751 \& 852,925 \& 3,461,524 <br>
\hline Other costs \& 354,075 \& 120,644 \& 104,761 \& * 265 \& * 15,618 \& 233,431 \& 1,130,558 <br>
\hline Inventory, end of year \& 409,425 \& 15,282 \& 14,407 \& * 875 \& 0 \& 394,143 \& 1,111,729 <br>
\hline Advertising expenses \& 508,503 \& 49,305 \& 37,854 \& 5,995 \& 5,456 \& 459,198 \& 810,190 <br>
\hline Car and truck expenses \& 537,676 \& 55,704 \& 30,114 \& 13,350 \& * 12,240 \& 481,972 \& 3,557,631 <br>
\hline Commissions \& 114,016 \& 55,037 \& 54,774 \& * 132 \& * 132 \& 58,979 \& 501,649 <br>
\hline Contract labor \& 223,954 \& 29,713 \& 24,503 \& * 2,397 \& * 2,813 \& 194,241 \& 1,836,986 <br>
\hline Depletion \& * 3,310 \& * 3,271 \& * 3,271 \& 0 \& 0 \& * 38 \& 2,555 <br>
\hline Depreciation \& 820,132 \& 185,522 \& 156,447 \& 10,888 \& 18,187 \& 634,610 \& 1,790,791 <br>
\hline Employee benefit programs \& 37,744 \& 3,887 \& 3,551 \& * 311 \& * 24 \& 33,857 \& 93,022 <br>
\hline Insurance \& 494,984 \& 78,766 \& 60,974 \& 9,728 \& 8,064 \& 416,218 \& 956,616 <br>
\hline Legal and professional services \& 177,754 \& 18,378 \& 12,855 \& 1,636 \& 3,886 \& 159,376 \& 385,675 <br>
\hline Meals and entertainment deducted \& 51,401 \& 4,352 \& 2,548 \& * 744 \& * 1,060 \& 47,049 \& 225,846 <br>
\hline Mortgage interest \& 343,801 \& 191,321 \& 162,071 \& * 12,015 \& * 17,236 \& 152,479 \& 325,971 <br>
\hline Other interest paid on business indebtedness \& 163,608 \& 41,475 \& 30,991 \& * 3,685 \& * 6,799 \& 122,133 \& 349,191 <br>
\hline Office expenses \& 124,082 \& 22,526 \& 11,508 \& 6,506 \& * 4,511 \& 101,556 \& 586,589 <br>
\hline Pension and profit-sharing plans \& 10,622 \& 1,140 \& * 1,131 \& * 9 \& 0 \& 9,482 \& 13,493 <br>
\hline Rent paid on machinery and equipment \& 240,788 \& 8,181 \& 5,136 \& * 1,241 \& * 1,805 \& 232,606 \& 722,176 <br>
\hline Rent paid on other business property \& 2,243,084 \& 73,379 \& 66,559 \& * 4,600 \& * 2,220 \& 2,169,704 \& 4,510,472 <br>
\hline Repairs \& 608,156 \& 137,706 \& 100,634 \& 14,935 \& 22,137 \& 470,450 \& 730,984 <br>
\hline Supplies \& 722,333 \& 130,847 \& 97,719 \& 11,077 \& 22,051 \& 591,486 \& 3,069,817 <br>
\hline Salaries and wages \& 4,577,239 \& 331,875 \& 283,076 \& 27,065 \& * 21,734 \& 4,245,365 \& 4,023,415 <br>
\hline Taxes paid \& 1,353,306 \& 208,740 \& 174,636 \& 21,945 \& 12,159 \& 1,144,566 \& 1,117,030 <br>
\hline Travel \& 61,524 \& 8,598 \& 5,649 \& * 2,712 \& * 237 \& 52,926 \& 371,738 <br>
\hline Utilities \& 1,855,258 \& 319,033 \& 251,142 \& 36,871 \& 31,020 \& 1,536,225 \& 2,306,253 <br>
\hline Other business deductions \& 2,032,484 \& 258,044 \& 213,508 \& 20,389 \& 24,146 \& 1,774,440 \& 4,439,820 <br>
\hline Home office business deductions, total \& 36,942 \& * 723 \& * 127 \& 0 \& * 595 \& 36,219 \& 538,625 <br>
\hline Depreciation, Form 8829 [3] \& 3,048 \& * 52 \& * 7 \& 0 \& * 44 \& 2,997 \& 92,968 <br>
\hline Casualty loss, Form 8829 [3] \& 0 \& 0 \& 0 \& 0 \& 0 \& 0 \& * 1,070 <br>
\hline Excess-casualty depreciations, Form 8829 [3] \& 0 \& 0 \& 0 \& 0 \& 0 \& 0 \& 10,967 <br>
\hline Net income [1,2] \& 3,964,887 \& 611,072 \& 485,658 \& 59,658 \& 65,755 \& 3,353,816 \& 22,828,669 <br>
\hline \multicolumn{8}{|l|}{Returns with Schedule C-EZ:} <br>
\hline Business receipts \& 357,345 \& 27,259 \& * 16,890 \& * 7,753 \& * 2,615 \& 330,087 \& 4,065,273 <br>
\hline Business deductions \& 46,325 \& * 8,132 \& * 5,685 \& * 1,623 \& * 824 \& 38,194 \& 526,944 <br>
\hline Net income \& 311,020 \& 19,127 \& * 11,205 \& * 6,131 \& * 1,791 \& 291,893 \& 3,538,328 <br>
\hline
\end{tabular}

[^18]Table 2. Nonfarm Sole Proprietorships: Income Statements, by Industrial Sectors, Tax Year 2007-Continued

| Net income status, item | Other services-continued |  |  |  |  |  | Religious, grantmaking, civic, professional, and similar organizations | Unclassified establishments |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Auto repair and maintenance |  |  |  | Miscellaneous repairs | Personal and laundry services |  |  |
|  | Total | Automotive mechanical and electrical repair and maintenance | Automotive body shops | Other auto repair and maintenance (including oil change, lube, and car washes) |  |  |  |  |
| BUSINESSES WITH AND WITHOUT NET INCOME | (152) | (153) | (154) | (155) | (156) | (157) | (158) | (159) |
|  | 396,524 | 201,736 | 94,635 | 100,154 | 436,413 | 1,583,292 | 251,516 | 527,305 |
| Business receipts, total [1] | 24,233,685 | 11,649,833 | 7,575,242 | 5,008,610 | 16,990,817 | 43,570,044 | 3,521,657 | 5,483,508 |
| Income from sales and operations [1] | 24,095,602 | 11,539,322 | 7,568,093 | 4,988,188 | 16,842,393 | 42,996,070 | 3,218,454 | 5,433,948 |
| Other business income | 138,082 | 110,511 | 7,149 | 20,422 | 148,424 | 573,974 | 303,203 | 49,560 |
| Business deductions, total [1,2] | 21,287,519 | 10,211,848 | 6,581,232 | 4,494,438 | 13,452,326 | 30,826,926 | 1,774,666 | 3,124,297 |
| Cost of sales and operations, total | 9,023,050 | 4,599,547 | 2,849,289 | 1,574,213 | 5,494,444 | 5,391,856 | 25,068 | 518,170 |
| Inventory, beginning of year | 734,763 | 361,896 | 183,721 | 189,147 | 441,404 | 575,398 | * 7,340 | 62,342 |
| Cost of labor | 673,001 | 354,755 | 224,286 | 93,960 | 412,917 | 804,275 | * 13,982 | * 40,825 |
| Purchases | 6,094,590 | 3,323,220 | 1,633,359 | 1,138,011 | 3,272,734 | 2,648,649 | * 1,225 | 256,203 |
| Materials and supplies | 1,774,720 | 796,288 | 729,100 | 249,332 | 1,620,991 | 1,291,447 | * 3,092 | 99,763 |
| Other costs | 534,841 | 164,348 | 265,800 | 104,693 | 265,782 | 662,422 | * 6,673 | 147,908 |
| Inventory, end of year | 788,866 | 400,960 | 186,976 | 200,930 | 519,385 | 590,335 | * 7,243 | 88,871 |
| Advertising expenses | 293,702 | 129,855 | 92,219 | 71,628 | 181,669 | 9 721,187 | 30,053 | 58,700 |
| Car and truck expenses | 1,167,119 | 524,227 | 347,281 | 295,611 | 1,414,868 | 2,382,894 | 575,054 | 500,605 |
| Commissions | 75,251 | 57,094 | 8,107 | * 10,050 | 36,295 |  | * 27,235 | 99,940 |
| Contract labor | 580,513 | 235,742 | 163,368 | 181,403 | 510,208 | 1,251,315 | 34,591 | 109,187 |
| Depletion | * 1,220 | * 425 | 0 | * 795 | * 14,980 | 1,801 | 0 | 11 |
| Depreciation | 979,351 | 447,075 | 252,715 | 279,561 | 549,868 | 1,242,042 | 46,864 | 136,188 |
| Employee benefit programs | 50,279 | 17,761 | 23,110 | 9,409 | 33,977 | 31,228 | * 4,732 | 1,788 |
| Insurance | 509,434 | 252,046 | 154,642 | 2102,746 | 280,553 | 494,143 | 16,096 | 60,442 |
| Legal and professional services | 122,588 | 62,244 | 35,712 | 24,632 | 84,368 | 329,295 | 28,949 | 108,684 |
| Meals and entertainment deducted | 62,810 | 24,178 | 21,164 | 17,467 | 63,408 | 187,137 | 45,155 | 51,224 |
| Mortgage interest | 195,346 | 102,738 | 39,393 | 53,215 | 81,557 | 179,357 | * 9,813 | 39,049 |
| Other interest paid on business indebtedness | 200,592 | 81,138 | 45,773 | 73,680 | 131,646 | 224,168 | * 1,762 | 14,459 |
| Office expenses | 184,515 | 89,331 | 67,843 | 3 27,342 | 146,248 | 515,943 | 72,984 | 59,192 |
| Pension and profit-sharing plans | * 3,101 | * 122 | * 2,783 | * 197 | * 2,530 | 8,194 | * 861 | * 21 |
| Rent paid on machinery and equipment | 229,664 | 75,341 | 97,920 | 56,403 | 99,824 | 593,380 | 8,975 | 58,330 |
| Rent paid on other business property | 905,917 | 389,114 | 286,129 | 230,675 | 370,432 | 4,482,112 | 19,248 | 80,157 |
| Repairs | 349,885 | 193,926 | 83,516 | 72,444 | 176,317 | 554,297 | 15,878 | 104,694 |
| Supplies | 909,229 | 396,622 | 296,050 | 216,557 | 794,813 | 2,373,720 | 82,671 | 129,829 |
| Salaries and wages | 1,918,721 | 742,864 | 739,963 | 435,894 | 829,913 | 2,503,368 | * 11,518 | 109,705 |
| Taxes paid | 599,135 | 284,049 | 181,862 | 133,224 | 267,723 | 607,089 | 10,144 | 27,735 |
| Travel | 68,549 | 23,541 | 24,839 | 20,168 | 113,763 | 340,014 | 131,585 | 68,932 |
| Utilities | 857,765 | 395,444 | 256,167 | 206,154 | 425,986 | 1,806,886 | 85,688 | 70,418 |
| Other business deductions | 1,813,168 | 1,013,460 | 442,413 | 357,296 | 1,071,166 | 3,242,100 | 414,390 | 560,357 |
| Home office business deductions, total | 90,129 | 37,098 | 33,940 | 19,091 | 204,938 | 451,774 | 26,270 | 23,157 |
| Depreciation, Form 8829 [3] | 10,210 | * 2,981 | 2,913 | * 4,316 | 63,481 | 47,238 | 4,430 | 3,808 |
| Casualty loss, Form 8829 [3] | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | * 1,070 | 0 |  |
| Excess-casualty depreciations, Form 8829 [3] | * 15,862 | * 6,633 | * 990 | * 8,239 | 14,643 | 50,910 | * 7,915 | * 3,115 |
| Net income less deficit [1,2] | 2,953,965 | 1,445,041 | 994,323 | 514,601 | 3,545,184 | 12,744,795 | 1,752,897 | 2,351,330 |
| Net income [1,2] | 3,863,109 | 1,891,915 | 1,172,160 | 799,034 | 4,147,093 | 14,818,467 | 2,072,527 | 2,901,164 |
| Deficit [2] | -909,145 | -446,875 | -177,837 | -284,433 | -601,909 | -2,073,672 | -319,630 | -549,834 |

Footnotes at end of table

## Table 2. Nonfarm Sole Proprietorships: Income Statements, by Industrial Sectors, Tax Year 2007-Continued



[^19]** Data combined to prevent disclosure of taxpayer information
[1] Includes returns with Schedule C-EZ attached. Schedule C-EZ was filed for certain small businesses, i.e., those with net incomes, business expenses of $\$ 5,000$ or less, used the cash accounting method, with no inventories or employees, and with no deduction for a home office business and no allowable "passive" activity losses. Because only a total is reported for business deductions on Schedule C-EZ, the totals shown in the statistics exceed the sum of the detailed deductions; the detailed deductions are, therefore, slightly understated.
[2] Total business deductions are before subtraction of nonallowable "passive" activity losses and any "passive loss" carryover from the prior years. However, these losses (atter subtraction) and any carrryover are reflected in net income or deficit. Therefore, total business receipts minus total business deductions may not always equal net income or deficit.
[3] These are selected line items from Form 8829, Expenses for Business Use of Your Home , and do not represent the total of the home office business deduction found on Schedule C.
[4] Less than $\$ 500$.
NOTE: Detail may not add to totals because of rounding

# Individual Noncash Contributions, 2006 

by Pearson Liddell and Janette Wilson

For Tax Year 2006, 24.7 million individual taxpayers who itemized deductions reported $\$ 52.6$ billion in deductions for noncash charitable contributions. ${ }^{1}$ Of these taxpayers, 6.2 million reported $\$ 46.8$ billion in deductions for charitable contributions on Form 8283, Noncash Charitable Contributions. This is the form used by individual taxpayers when the amount of taxpayer deductions for all noncash donations on Schedule A, Itemized Deductions, exceeds $\$ 500$. Despite the number of filers of Form 8283 declining by 5.9 percent between Tax Years 2005 and 2006, the amount of donation contributions increased 14.1 percent, from $\$ 41.1$ billion in Tax Year 2005.

For Tax Year 2006, corporate stock donations of $\$ 23.0$ billion, representing 49.1 percent of the total amount donated by taxpayers, increased 40.7 percent from $\$ 16.3$ billion for Tax Year 2005. For Tax Year 2006, there were two tax law changes that affected the deductions allowed for certain noncash contributions. Beginning on August 18, 2006, donations of clothing and household items were required to be in good condition or better in order for taxpayers to claim a deduction. In previous years, taxpayers were allowed to deduct the fair market value of all clothing and household items regardless of condition. While it is not known what effect this had on donations of these items, the amount deducted for clothing and household items declined 10.8 percent and 1.0 percent, respectively, between Tax Years 2005 and 2006. In previous years, from Tax Years 2003 to 2005, there was a steady increase in both clothing and household donations. ${ }^{2,3}$ The other tax law change added restrictions for deductions for façade easements, which took effect in the summer of $2006 .{ }^{4}$

Figure A shows that, for Tax Year 2006, corporate stock donations of $\$ 23.0$ billion accounted for the largest percentage of total noncash donations

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(49.1 percent), followed by clothing ( $\$ 6.3$ billion) and household donations ( $\$ 3.8$ billion), which represented 13.4 percent and 8.2 percent, respectively, of the total amount donated. ${ }^{5}$ Figure B shows a similar pattern for Tax Year 2005. Corporate stock donations were the largest at $\$ 16.3$ billion, followed by clothing and household item donations ( $\$ 7.0$ billion and $\$ 3.9$ billion, respectively). The amount of corporate stock donations increased by $\$ 6.7$ billion, or 40.7 percent, between Tax Years 2005 and 2006, while the amount of clothing donations declined 10.8 percent, or 0.8 billion. The average corporate stock donation increased, from just over \$90,000 in Tax Year 2005 to almost $\$ 123,000$ in 2006, whereas the average clothing donation decreased slightly, from nearly $\$ 1,500$ in 2005 to just over $\$ 1,450$ in Tax Year 2006.

Some other significant changes in other categories for Tax Year 2006 are shown in Figure B. Donations of mutual funds increased 44.2 percent between Tax Years 2005 and 2006, from $\$ 0.7$ billion to almost $\$ 1.0$ billion. Also, donations of other investments, which represented 4.5 percent of the total donated amount in Tax Year 2006, increased 34.2 percent between Tax Years 2005 and 2006, from $\$ 1.6$ to $\$ 2.1$ billion. Land donations, which represented 4.8 percent of the amount donated in Tax Year 2006, declined 23.0 percent between 2005 and 2006, from $\$ 2.9$ billion to $\$ 2.2$ billion. The average land donation per return declined, from nearly $\$ 295,000$ in Tax Year 2005 to approximately $\$ 172,000$ in 2006.

Figure C shows that those taxpayers in the $\$ 10$ million or more adjusted gross income (AGI) category gave the most donations in terms of amount, giving $\$ 17.8$ billion, followed by those taxpayers in the $\$ 100$ thousand up to $\$ 200$ thousand AGI group who gave $\$ 5.5$ billion (which represented 38.0 percent and 11.8 percent of all donation amounts, respectively). The average donation of taxpayers in the $\$ 10$ million or more AGI category was $\$ 2.9$ million, and their noncash donations were 9.5 percent of their AGIs. By comparison, the average donation for those taxpayers in the $\$ 100$ under $\$ 200$ thousand AGI group was about $\$ 2,700$. This group donated

[^20]
## Figure A

Individual Noncash Charitable Contributions: All Returns with Donations, by Donation Type, Form 8283, Tax Year 2006
[Money amounts are in thousands of dollars-average amounts are in whole dollars]

| Type of donation | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Number } \\ & \text { of } \\ & \text { returns [1] } \end{aligned}$ | Number of donations | Amount carried to Schedule A | Average amount per return | Average amount per donation | Percentage of number of donations | Percentage of amount carried to Schedule A |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | (1) | (2) | (3) | (4) | (5) | (6) | (7) |
| All donations | 6,174,855 | 15,682,030 | 46,841,245 | 7,586 | 2,987 | 100.0 | 100.0 |
| Corporate stock | 187,325 | 429,139 | 22,993,269 | 122,745 | 53,580 | 2.7 | 49.1 |
| Mutual funds | 10,498 | 16,735 | 965,673 | 91,989 | 57,703 | 0.1 | 2.1 |
| Other investments | 3,790 | 6,079 | 2,116,331 | 558,436 | 348,123 | [2] | 4.5 |
| Real estate | 4,550 | 4,674 | 1,358,630 | 298,628 | 290,699 | [2] | 2.9 |
| Land | 13,028 | 13,438 | 2,245,019 | 172,317 | 167,067 | 0.1 | 4.8 |
| Conservation easements | 3,402 | 3,529 | 1,489,589 | 437,895 | 422,092 | [2] | 3.2 |
| Façade easements | 1,143 | 1,145 | 264,575 | 231,572 | 231,167 | [2] | 0.6 |
| Art and collectibles | 108,374 | 147,896 | 1,222,044 | 11,276 | 8,263 | 0.9 | 2.6 |
| Intellectual property | 50 | 50 | 17,652 | 353,242 | 353,242 | [2] | [2] |
| Food | 156,081 | 218,370 | 96,294 | 617 | 441 | 1.4 | 0.2 |
| Clothing | 4,295,574 | 7,697,930 | 6,262,697 | 1,458 | 814 | 49.1 | 13.4 |
| Accessories | 40,421 | 50,637 | 34,388 | 851 | 679 | 0.3 | 0.1 |
| Electronics | 498,243 | 587,740 | 445,376 | 894 | 758 | 3.7 | 1.0 |
| Household items | 2,802,627 | 4,924,144 | 3,821,313 | 1,363 | 776 | 31.4 | 8.2 |
| Cars | 296,587 | 307,080 | 490,242 | 1,653 | 1,596 | 2.0 | 1.0 |
| Other vehicles | 9,975 | 11,418 | 70,395 | 7,057 | 6,165 | 0.1 | 0.2 |
| Services | 9,373 | 14,513 | 27,553 | 2,940 | 1,898 | 0.1 | 0.1 |
| Airline tickets and miles | 3,568 | 3,681 | 5,988 | 1,678 | 1,627 | [2] | [2] |
| Other | 846,505 | 1,243,834 | 2,914,218 | 3,443 | 2,343 | 7.9 | 6.2 |

[1] Total number of returns does not equal the sum of returns by donation type because a return could have more than one type of donation.
[2] Less than 0.05 percent.
2.0 percent of their AGIs. The average donation for all returns with a Form 8283 was just under \$7,600.

Figure D compares the percentage change in donation amounts by AGI group, which for all returns increased 14.1 percent, from $\$ 41.1$ billion in Tax Year 2005 to $\$ 46.8$ billion in 2006. However, most AGI groups showed declines in the amount of donations reported. There were some exceptions, with those taxpayers with $\$ 10$ million or more AGI reporting increased donation amounts of $\$ 17.8$ billion in 2006. This represented a 59.9 -percent increase, from the $\$ 11.1$ billion reported for Tax Year 2005. The amount donated by this AGI group comprised 38.0 percent of total donations. Taxpayers in the $\$ 100,000$ under $\$ 200,000$ and $\$ 200,000$ under $\$ 500,000$ groups, combined, represented 21.0 percent of total donations. The donation amount for the latter group fell 6.1 percent in Tax Year 2006, to $\$ 4.3$ billion from $\$ 4.6$ billion in 2005.

Information on donee organizations is presented in Figures E, F, and G. Figure E shows that, for Tax

Year 2006, most donations were given to foundations, large organizations, and educational institutions ( $\$ 15.5$ billion, $\$ 8.0$, billion, and $\$ 4.8$ billion, respectively). This was a slight change from 2005, when the first two categories were the same, but religious organizations were the third largest recipient (see Figure F). Donations to foundations represented 33.2 percent of the total donation amount, and the average donation was almost $\$ 78,700$. The second highest average donation was to donor-advised funds (just under $\$ 55,000$ ). However, in contrast to foundation donations, donor-advised fund donations represented only 4.2 percent of the total amount deducted on Schedule A.

Figure F shows that the amount claimed for foundation donations increased by 58.5 percent, from $\$ 9.8$ billion in 2005 to $\$ 15.5$ billion in Tax Year 2006, even though the number of returns with donations to these organizations decreased 7.8 percent. In addition, donations to the arts, culture, and humanities rose 29.3 percent, from $\$ 1.3$ billion in

## Figure B

## Individual Noncash Charitable Contributions: All Returns with Donations, by Donation Type, Form 8283, Tax Years 2005 and 2006

[Money amounts are in thousands of dollars]

| Type of donation | 2005 |  | 2006 |  | Percentage change |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Number of returns [1] | Amount carried to Schedule A | Number of returns [1] | Amount carried to Schedule A | Number of returns [1] | Amount carried to Schedule A |
|  | (1) | (2) | (3) | (4) | (5) | (6) |
| All donations | 6,559,140 | 41,070,632 | 6,174,855 | 46,841,245 | -5.9 | 14.1 |
| Corporate stock | 181,192 | 16,336,601 | 187,325 | 22,993,269 | 3.4 | 40.7 |
| Mutual funds | 7,736 | 669,646 | 10,498 | 965,673 | 35.7 | 44.2 |
| Other investments | 4,853 | 1,577,085 | 3,790 | 2,116,331 | -21.9 | 34.2 |
| Real estate | 7,654 | 1,183,888 | 4,550 | 1,358,630 | -40.6 | 14.8 |
| Land | 9,883 | 2,915,322 | 13,028 | 2,245,019 | 31.8 | -23.0 |
| Conservation easements | 2,186 | 1,815,814 | 3,402 | 1,489,589 | 55.6 | -18.0 |
| Façade easements | 1,028 | 307,370 | 1,143 | 264,575 | 11.2 | -13.9 |
| Art and collectibles | 110,632 | 1,244,906 | 108,374 | 1,222,044 | -2.0 | -1.8 |
| Intellectual property | 1,021 | 19,932 | 50 | 17,652 | -95.1 | -11.4 |
| Food | 195,807 | 105,870 | 156,081 | 96,294 | -20.3 | -9.0 |
| Clothing | 4,692,990 | 7,021,681 | 4,295,574 | 6,262,697 | -8.5 | -10.8 |
| Accessories | 50,691 | 58,586 | 40,421 | 34,388 | -20.3 | -41.3 |
| Electronics | 517,625 | 474,505 | 498,243 | 445,376 | -3.7 | -6.1 |
| Household items | 2,864,635 | 3,858,494 | 2,802,627 | 3,821,313 | -2.2 | -1.0 |
| Cars | 297,070 | 469,695 | 296,587 | 490,242 | -0.2 | 4.4 |
| Other vehicles | 12,807 | 140,621 | 9,975 | 70,395 | -22.1 | -49.9 |
| Services | 13,907 | 47,881 | 9,373 | 27,553 | -32.6 | -42.5 |
| Airline tickets and miles | 1,559 | 2,040 | 3,568 | 5,988 | 128.8 | 193.6 |
| Other | 794,323 | 2,820,696 | 846,505 | 2,914,218 | 6.6 | 3.3 |

[1] Total number of returns does not equal the sum of returns by donation type because a return could have more than one type of donation.

Tax Year 2005 to $\$ 1.7$ billion in 2006, and donations to health and medical research increased 34.4 percent, from $\$ 1.6$ billion in Tax Year 2005 to $\$ 2.2$ billion in 2006. Figure G shows these data for 2005 and 2006.

Figure H shows that taxpayers age 65 and older gave the most donations in terms of amount deducted on Schedule A, giving 43.9 percent of the total amount, or $\$ 20.6$ billion. The average donation for these taxpayers, per return, was over $\$ 25,300$, which was more than three times the average of any other age group. In addition, taxpayers in this age group donated 9.9 percent of their AGIs, more than twice the average of any other group.

As shown in Figure I, the amount deducted by these taxpayers increased about 46.4 percent, from $\$ 14.1$ billion in Tax Year 2005 to $\$ 20.6$ billion in
2006. All other age groups, with the exception of the 55 under 65 group (whose donation amounts increased 9.4 percent, from $\$ 9.8$ billion in Tax Year 2005 to $\$ 10.7$ billion in 2006), experienced a decline in the amount of donation amounts claimed. Details in Table 4 show that, of the total donations by taxpayers 65 or over, $\$ 15.7$ billion were donations of corporate stock, mutual funds, and other investments (up 66.9 percent from the $\$ 9.4$ million donated in 2005), followed by $\$ 2.0$ billion in real estate and easement donations (up from $\$ 1.7$ billion in Tax Year 2005). ${ }^{6}$

## Explanation of selected terms:

Amount carried to Schedule $A$-This is the fair market value from Section A (items with a deduction of $\$ 5,000$ or less or publicly-traded securities) plus

[^21]
## Figure $C$

Individual Noncash Charitable Contributions: All Returns with Donations, All Donation Types, by Size of Adjusted Gross Income, Form 8283, Tax Year 2006
[Money amounts are in thousands of dollars—average amounts are in whole dollars]

| Size of adjusted gross income | Number of returns | Percent of returns | Adjusted gross income (AGI) | Amount carried to Schedule A | Percentage of amount carried to Schedule A | Donation as percentage of AGI | Average donation per return |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | (1) | (2) | (3) | (4) | (5) | (6) | (7) |
| All returns | 6,174,855 | 100.0 | 1,183,135,196 | 46,841,245 | 100.0 | 4.0 | 7,586 |
| Under \$5,000 (including deficits) | 38,175 | 0.6 | -6,464,319 | 526,719 | 1.1 | -8.1 | 13,797 |
| \$5,000 under \$10,000 | 18,239 | 0.3 | 144,478 | 26,990 | 0.1 | 18.7 | 1,480 |
| \$10,000 under \$15,000 | 31,681 | 0.5 | 409,877 | 109,992 | 0.2 | 26.8 | 3,472 |
| \$15,000 under \$20,000 | 52,872 | 0.9 | 930,995 | 122,488 | 0.3 | 13.2 | 2,317 |
| \$20,000 under \$25,000 | 85,246 | 1.4 | 1,921,342 | 176,084 | 0.4 | 9.2 | 2,066 |
| \$25,000 under \$30,000 | 110,217 | 1.8 | 3,020,937 | 224,808 | 0.5 | 7.4 | 2,040 |
| \$30,000 under \$40,000 | 287,837 | 4.7 | 10,132,638 | 607,106 | 1.3 | 6.0 | 2,109 |
| \$40,000 under \$50,000 | 362,952 | 5.9 | 16,368,292 | 790,376 | 1.7 | 4.8 | 2,178 |
| \$50,000 under \$75,000 | 1,074,988 | 17.4 | 67,677,202 | 2,281,356 | 4.9 | 3.4 | 2,122 |
| \$75,000 under \$100,000 | 1,086,353 | 17.6 | 94,822,640 | 2,086,296 | 4.5 | 2.2 | 1,920 |
| \$100,000 under \$200,000 | 2,058,274 | 33.3 | 283,090,594 | 5,548,102 | 11.8 | 2.0 | 2,696 |
| \$200,000 under \$500,000 | 724,015 | 11.7 | 209,330,178 | 4,293,549 | 9.2 | 2.1 | 5,930 |
| \$500,000 under \$1,000,000 | 146,248 | 2.4 | 99,612,935 | 2,529,142 | 5.4 | 2.5 | 17,294 |
| \$1,000,000 under \$1,500,000 | 39,374 | 0.6 | 47,699,896 | 1,653,390 | 3.5 | 3.5 | 41,991 |
| \$1,500,000 under \$2,000,000 | 17,065 | 0.3 | 29,408,762 | 1,442,228 | 3.1 | 4.9 | 84,514 |
| \$2,000,000 under \$5,000,000 | 27,336 | 0.4 | 82,794,075 | 3,597,485 | 7.7 | 4.3 | 131,602 |
| \$5,000,000 under \$10,000,000 | 7,912 | 0.1 | 54,695,540 | 3,008,570 | 6.4 | 5.5 | 380,258 |
| \$10,000,000 or more | 6,071 | 0.1 | 187,539,134 | 17,816,565 | 38.0 | 9.5 | 2,934,700 |

## Figure D

Individual Noncash Charitable Contributions: All Returns with Donations, by Size of Adjusted Gross Income, Form 8283, Tax Years 2005 and 2006
[Money amounts are in thousands of dollars]

| Size of adjusted gross income | 2005 |  | 2006 |  | Percentage change |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Number of returns | Amount carried to Schedule A | Number of returns | Amount carried to Schedule A | Number of returns | Amount carried to Schedule A |
|  | (1) | (2) | (3) | (4) | (5) | (6) |
| All returns | 6,559,140 | 41,070,632 | 6,174,855 | 46,841,245 | -5.9 | 14.1 |
| Under \$5,000 (including deficits) | 37,402 | 350,927 | 38,175 | 526,719 | 2.1 | 50.1 |
| \$5,000 under \$10,000 | 32,164 | 56,187 | 18,239 | 26,990 | -43.3 | -52.0 |
| \$10,000 under \$15,000 | 51,997 | 85,897 | 31,681 | 109,992 | -39.1 | 28.1 |
| \$15,000 under \$20,000 | 85,630 | 227,358 | 52,872 | 122,488 | -38.3 | -46.1 |
| \$20,000 under \$25,000 | 94,313 | 203,180 | 85,246 | 176,084 | -9.6 | -13.3 |
| \$25,000 under \$30,000 | 108,225 | 281,359 | 110,217 | 224,808 | 1.8 | -20.1 |
| \$30,000 under \$40,000 | 338,160 | 774,975 | 287,837 | 607,106 | -14.9 | -21.7 |
| \$40,000 under \$50,000 | 404,686 | 869,751 | 362,952 | 790,376 | -10.3 | -9.1 |
| \$50,000 under \$75,000 | 1,206,015 | 2,648,338 | 1,074,988 | 2,281,356 | -10.9 | -13.9 |
| \$75,000 under \$100,000 | 1,227,279 | 2,446,824 | 1,086,353 | 2,086,296 | -11.5 | -14.7 |
| \$100,000 under \$200,000 | 2,066,716 | 5,451,006 | 2,058,274 | 5,548,102 | -0.4 | 1.8 |
| \$200,000 under \$500,000 | 684,658 | 4,570,700 | 724,015 | 4,293,549 | 5.7 | -6.1 |
| \$500,000 under \$1,000,000 | 135,385 | 2,140,922 | 146,248 | 2,529,142 | 8.0 | 18.1 |
| \$1,000,000 under \$1,500,000 | 34,558 | 2,044,341 | 39,374 | 1,653,390 | 13.9 | -19.1 |
| \$1,500,000 under \$2,000,000 | 15,286 | 1,591,485 | 17,065 | 1,442,228 | 11.6 | -9.4 |
| \$2,000,000 under \$5,000,000 | 24,287 | 3,717,494 | 27,336 | 3,597,485 | 12.6 | -3.2 |
| \$5,000,000 under \$10,000,000 | 6,995 | 2,467,162 | 7,912 | 3,008,570 | 13.1 | 21.9 |
| \$10,000,000 or more | 5,385 | 11,142,727 | 6,071 | 17,816,565 | 12.7 | 59.9 |

## Figure E

Individual Noncash Charitable Contributions: All Returns with Donations, by Donee Type, Form 8283, Tax Year 2006

| Type of donee | Number of returns [1] | Number of donations | Amount carried to Schedule A | Average amount per return | Average amount per donation | Percentage of number of donations | Percentage of amount carried to Schedule A |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | (1) | (2) | (3) | (4) | (5) | (6) | (7) |
| All donees | 6,174,855 | 15,682,030 | 46,841,245 | 7,586 | 2,987 | 100.0 | 100.0 |
| Arts, culture, and humanities | 265,011 | 358,420 | 1,729,915 | 6,528 | 4,827 | 2.3 | 3.7 |
| Educational institutions | 315,232 | 437,120 | 4,790,188 | 15,196 | 10,959 | 2.8 | 10.2 |
| Environment and animal-related organizations | 107,455 | 175,324 | 2,769,989 | 25,778 | 15,799 | 1.1 | 5.9 |
| Health and medical research | 964,138 | 1,491,284 | 2,167,023 | 2,248 | 1,453 | 9.5 | 4.6 |
| Large organizations | 4,592,309 | 9,159,138 | 8,003,464 | 1,743 | 874 | 58.4 | 17.1 |
| Public and societal benefit | 1,069,973 | 1,628,317 | 2,808,888 | 2,625 | 1,725 | 10.4 | 6.0 |
| Religious organizations | 1,081,541 | 1,662,865 | 4,075,699 | 3,768 | 2,451 | 10.6 | 8.7 |
| Donor-advised funds | 20,691 | 35,686 | 1,958,349 | 94,650 | 54,878 | 0.2 | 4.2 |
| Foundations | 136,188 | 197,586 | 15,547,278 | 114,160 | 78,686 | 1.3 | 33.2 |
| Other donees | 416,941 | 536,290 | 2,990,450 | 7,172 | 5,576 | 3.4 | 6.4 |

[1] Total number of returns does not equal the sum of returns by donee type because a return could have donations to more than one type of donee.

## Figure F

Individual Noncash Charitable Contributions: All Returns with Donations, by Donee Type, Form 8283, Tax Years 2005 and 2006
[Money amounts are in thousands of dollars]

| Type of donee | 2005 |  | 2006 |  | Percentage change |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Number of returns [1] | Amount carried to Schedule A | Number <br> of returns [1] | Amount carried to Schedule A | Number <br> of returns [1] | Amount carried to Schedule A |
|  | (1) | (2) | (3) | (4) | (5) | (6) |
| All donees | 6,559,140 | 41,070,632 | 6,174,855 | 46,841,245 | -5.9 | 14.1 |
| Arts, culture, and humanities | 235,690 | 1,338,311 | 265,011 | 1,729,915 | 12.4 | 29.3 |
| Educational institutions | 343,200 | 4,160,844 | 315,232 | 4,790,188 | -8.1 | 15.1 |
| Environment and animal-related organizations | 106,106 | 3,348,537 | 107,455 | 2,769,989 | 1.3 | -17.3 |
| Health and medical research | 919,940 | 1,611,826 | 964,138 | 2,167,023 | 4.8 | 34.4 |
| Large organizations | 4,931,660 | 8,472,212 | 4,592,309 | 8,003,464 | -6.9 | -5.5 |
| Public and societal benefit | 1,266,610 | 2,746,584 | 1,069,973 | 2,808,888 | -15.5 | 2.3 |
| Religious organizations | 1,257,036 | 4,506,943 | 1,081,541 | 4,075,699 | -14.0 | -9.6 |
| Donor-advised funds | 17,573 | 1,614,979 | 20,691 | 1,958,349 | 17.7 | 21.3 |
| Foundations | 147,717 | 9,811,124 | 136,188 | 15,547,278 | -7.8 | 58.5 |
| Other donees | 471,373 | 3,459,273 | 416,941 | 2,990,450 | -11.5 | -13.6 |

[1] Total number of returns does not equal the sum of returns by donee type because a return could have donations to more than one type of donee.
the lesser of the fair market value or amount claimed on Section B (items with a deduction of more than $\$ 5,000)$. The dollar amounts of donations reported in this article reflect the amounts reported on Form 8283 that are carried to Schedule A for reporting itemized deductions.

Donor's cost-Also known as the adjusted basis or tax basis, this is generally the amount the owner paid for the property. If the property was received as a gift, the original cost carries over to the recipient of the gift, increased by any gift tax paid on the appreciated portion of the property. If acquired from a dece-

## Figure $G$

## Amount of Individual Noncash Charitable Contributions, by Donee Types, Tax Years 2005 and

 2006Type of donee

dent, the basis is the fair market value of the property used for estate tax purposes.

Fair Market Value-The fair market value is the value a willing and knowledgeable buyer would pay a seller in a voluntary situation.

Number of donations-For this study, data were collected in the manner they were reported by the taxpayer. For example, if clothing was listed twice even though it was given to the same donee organization, it was counted as two separate donations.

Number of returns-This is the number of returns that had a Form 8283 attached in the Individual SOI
sample. For this study, all returns with Form 8283 were counted whether or not the taxpayer carried the Form 8283 amounts to Schedule A.

Please note that the allowable amount of a noncash deduction depends on whether the property is ordinary income or capital gain property. Ordinary income property is property that if sold would generate ordinary income or short-term capital gain. Examples are clothing, household items, inventory, and capital assets held less than 1 year. Capital gain property results in a long-term gain if sold. Examples of this are real property used for a taxpayer's

## Figure H

Individual Noncash Charitable Contributions: All Returns with Donations, by Age of Donor, Form 8283, Tax Year 2006
[Money amounts are in thousands of dollars-average amounts are in whole dollars]

| Donor age | Number of returns | Amount carried to Schedule A | Average amount per return | Adjusted gross income (AGI) | Donation as percentage of AGI | Number of returns with cash contributions on Schedule A | Amount of cash contributions on Schedule A |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | (1) | (2) | (3) | (4) | (5) | (6) | (7) |
| All ages | 6,174,855 | 46,841,245 | 7,586 | 1,183,135,195 | 4.0 | 5,598,162 | 29,818,427 |
| Under 35 | 649,666 | 1,957,073 | 3,012 | 71,764,714 | 2.7 | 530,033 | 1,483,872 |
| 35 under 45 | 1,566,178 | 4,840,502 | 3,091 | 250,576,511 | 1.9 | 1,370,872 | 4,477,510 |
| 45 under 55 | 1,793,726 | 8,789,705 | 4,900 | 361,820,169 | 2.4 | 1,645,514 | 7,524,069 |
| 55 under 65 | 1,352,832 | 10,675,344 | 7,891 | 290,232,522 | 3.7 | 1,279,670 | 7,575,184 |
| 65 and older | 812,452 | 20,578,621 | 25,329 | 208,741,278 | 9.9 | 772,073 | 8,757,792 |

## Figure I

Individual Noncash Charitable Contributions: All Returns with Donations, by Age of Donor, Form 8283, Tax Years 2005 and 2006

| Donor age | 2005 |  | 2006 |  | Percentage change |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Number of return | Amount carried to Schedule A | Number of returns | Amount carried to Schedule A | Number of returns | Amount carried to Schedule A |
|  | (1) | (2) | (3) | (4) | (5) | (6) |
| All ages | 6,559,140 | 41,070,632 | 6,174,855 | 46,841,245 | -5.9 | 14.1 |
| Under 35 | 793,262 | 2,231,510 | 649,666 | 1,957,073 | -18.1 | -12.3 |
| 35 under 45 | 1,683,889 | 6,071,559 | 1,566,178 | 4,840,502 | -7.0 | -20.3 |
| 45 under 55 | 1,873,519 | 8,949,908 | 1,793,726 | 8,789,705 | -4.3 | -1.8 |
| 55 under 65 | 1,382,485 | 9,756,707 | 1,352,832 | 10,675,344 | -2.1 | 9.4 |
| 65 and older | 825,984 | 14,060,948 | 812,452 | 20,578,621 | -1.6 | 46.4 |

business and corporate stock held more than 1 year. The total charitable deduction is generally limited to no more than 50 percent of AGI. This amount can be reduced to 30 percent or 20 percent depending on the type of property donated and the type of charitable organization. The statistics for this article include the entire deduction amount reported by taxpayers and transcribed from Form 8283 to line 16 of Schedule A. The limitations are then applied to the amount reported on line 18 of that schedule.

## Donated property types:

Accessories-Includes belts, furs, jewelry, purses, scarves, and watches.

Art and collectibles-Includes art works, such as ceramics, drawings, paintings, photographs, and sculptures; and collectibles including coins, books,
historical documents, memorabilia, rare or valuable clothing, jewelry, and stamps.

Cars-Includes vehicles designed for road transportation, such as cars, buses, motorcycles, motor homes, SUVs, and trucks.

Clothing-Includes apparel for children, men, and women, such as coats, dresses, hats, shoes, and suits. Also, includes sports and school uniforms.

Conservation easements-Includes land and right of way easements. Donations of this type must be a qualified real property interest contributed to a qualified organization for conservation purposes.

Corporate stock-Includes shares of publicly traded and closely held common and preferred stock, and also stock rights.

Electronics-Includes cameras, computer systems, copiers, DVD players, fax machines, stereo systems, televisions, telephones, and video games.

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Façade easements-Includes real estate easements and historical preservation or architectural easements.

Food-Includes beverages, individual food items or meals, snacks, restaurant coupons, vitamins, and wine.

Household items-Includes appliances, books, exercise equipment, furniture, luggage, tools, and toys.

Intellectual property-Includes copyrights, patents, trademarks, trade names, trade secrets, and certain types of software.

Land-Includes farms, orchards, and open lots.
Mutual funds-Includes shares of taxable and nontaxable mutual funds, exchange-traded funds, and unit investment trusts.

Other investments-Includes annuities, bonds, CDs, life insurance policies, notes, options, partnership interests, and real estate investment trusts.

Other vehicles-Includes all-terrain vehicles, airplanes, and watercraft vehicles, such as boats, canoes, ships, and water-skis.

Real estate-Includes apartments, cabins, houses, and other residential and commercial property.

Services-Includes audio presentations, catering, healthcare services, transport and travel expenses, tutoring, and other professional services.

Other-Includes animals, building materials, cemetery plots, medical equipment, tickets to events, and donated vacations or use of vacation property.

## Donee organizations:

Arts, culture, and humanities-Includes organizations involved with the arts, music, history, and cultural activities, such as museums, libraries, science centers, and theaters.

Donor-advised funds-A segregated fund within a public charity that permits the donor to have advisory privileges on distributions or investments. Donations to donor-advised funds may be understated because of the difficulty of identifying all such donations.

Educational institutions-Includes organizations whose primary function is educational, such as fraternities, schools (including those with religious affiliation), scholarship funds, and universities.

Environmental and animal organizations-Includes organizations that protect, promote, or seek to improve the environment or welfare of animals, such as local animal shelters, botanical gardens, and garden clubs.

Foundations-A foundation is a type of philanthropic organization set up by individuals or institutions as a legal entity (usually either a corporation or trust) with the purpose of distributing grants to support causes in line with the goal of the foundation. For the purpose of this study, this includes family foundations, which are specific to a person or family, and other private foundations, which are community foundations.

Health and medical research-Includes hospitals, medical associations, nursing homes, and hospices.

Large organizations-Includes large national and international organizations that have local chapters, such as Goodwill Industries International, The Salvation Army, United Way International, Habitat for Humanity International, and Boy Scouts of America.

Other-Includes all other organizations that are not included in any other category.

Public or societal benefit-These are organizations that benefit individuals or communities, and do not meet the conditions of other categories, such as education, health, and religion. These include homeless shelters, food banks, and political think tanks.

Religious organizations-Includes churches, synagogues, and book stores and thrift stores run by religious organizations.

## Data Sources and Limitations

These statistics are based on a sample of individual income tax returns (Forms 1040, 1040A, and 1040EZ, including electronically filed returns) filed during Calendar Year 2007. Returns in the sample were stratified based on: (1) the larger of positive income or negative income (absolute value); (2) the size of business and farm receipts; (3) the presence or absence of specific forms or schedules; and (4) the usefulness of returns for tax policy modeling purposes. Returns were then selected at rates ranging from 0.10 percent to 100 percent. The Tax Year

2006 data are based on a sample of 317,975 returns and an estimated final population of $138,485,446$ returns. ${ }^{7}$ The number of returns in the sample with Form 8283 was $43,122$.

Since the data presented here are estimates based on a sample of returns filed, they are subject to sampling error. To properly use the statistical data provided, the magnitude of the potential sampling error must be known. Coefficients of variation (CVs) are used to measure that magnitude. Figure J shows estimated CVs for the numbers of returns and money amounts for selected income items. The reliability of estimates based on samples, and the use of coefficients of variation for evaluating the precision of estimates based on samples, are discussed in SOI Sampling Methodology and Data Limitations later in this issue.

## Figure J

Individual Noncash Charitable Contributions: Coefficients of Variation for Selected Items, by Size of Adjusted Gross Income, Form 8283, Tax Year 2006
[Coefficients of variation are in percentages]

| Size of adjusted gross income | Number of returns | Donor's cost | Amount carried to Schedule A | Fair market value |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | (1) | (2) | (3) | (4) |
| All returns | 1.03 | 1.65 | 1.48 | 1.65 |
| deficits) | 5.69 | 8.67 | 9.76 | 13.39 |
| \$25,000 under \$50,000 | 3.35 | 5.34 | 5.24 | 5.24 |
| \$50,000 under \$75,000 | 2.80 | 4.57 | 5.98 | 6.11 |
| \$75,000 under \$100,000 | 2.83 | 6.16 | 4.45 | 4.45 |
| \$100,000 under \$200,000 | 1.83 | 3.25 | 6.86 | 6.82 |
| \$200,000 under \$500,000 | 1.79 | 3.36 | 10.13 | 11.68 |
| \$500,000 under \$1,000,000 | 2.18 | 7.66 | 8.12 | 8.92 |
| \$1,000,000 under \$1,500,000 | 2.46 | 10.16 | 10.17 | 10.74 |
| \$1,500,000 under \$2,000,000 | 1.92 | 8.93 | 8.11 | 7.68 |
| \$2,000,000 under \$5,000,000 | 1.09 | 6.45 | 3.90 | 5.81 |
| \$5,000,000 under \$10,000,000 | 0.98 | 2.06 | 1.79 | 2.96 |
| \$10,000,000 or more | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 |

[^22]
## Individual Noncash Contributions, 2006

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Table 1a. Individual Noncash Charitable Contributions: All Returns with Donations, All Donation Types, by Size of Adjusted Gross Income, Form 8283, Tax Year 2006
[All figures are estimates based on samples-money amounts are in thousands of dollars]

| Size of adjusted gross income | All returns with donations |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Number of returns | Number of donations | Donor's cost [1] | Fair market value | Amount carried to Schedule A [2] |
|  | (1) | (2) | (3) | (4) | (5) |
| All returns | 6,174,855 | 15,682,030 | 39,890,034 | 50,310,197 | 46,841,245 |
| Under \$25,000 (including deficits) | 226,213 | 485,994 | 1,240,509 | 1,129,884 | 962,272 |
| \$25,000 under \$50,000 | 761,006 | 1,554,232 | 3,760,740 | 1,622,324 | 1,622,290 |
| \$50,000 under \$75,000 | 1,074,988 | 2,636,151 | 5,240,753 | 2,304,642 | 2,281,356 |
| \$75,000 under \$100,000 | 1,086,353 | 2,662,477 | 5,644,547 | 2,086,296 | 2,086,296 |
| \$100,000 under \$200,000 | 2,058,274 | 5,609,954 | 11,776,581 | 5,633,249 | 5,548,102 |
| \$200,000 under \$500,000 | 724,015 | 2,003,908 | 5,658,020 | 4,584,845 | 4,293,549 |
| \$500,000 under \$1,000,000 | 146,248 | 421,224 | 1,659,616 | 2,800,403 | 2,529,142 |
| \$1,000,000 under \$1,500,000 | 39,374 | 116,061 | 726,056 | 1,848,426 | 1,653,390 |
| \$1,500,000 under \$2,000,000 | 17,065 | 50,831 | 453,275 | 1,724,293 | 1,442,228 |
| \$2,000,000 under \$5,000,000 | 27,336 | 86,412 | 1,105,908 | 4,575,214 | 3,597,485 |
| \$5,000,000 under \$10,000,000 | 7,912 | 27,555 | 655,535 | 3,452,233 | 3,008,570 |
| \$10,000,000 or more | 6,071 | 27,231 | 1,968,492 | 18,548,388 | 17,816,565 |

Footnotes at end of table 1 j .

Table 1b. Individual Noncash Charitable Contributions: Returns with Donations of Corporate Stock, Mutual Funds, and Other Investments, by Size of Adjusted Gross Income, Form 8283, Tax Year 2006
[All figures are estimates based on samples-money amounts are in thousands of dollars]

| Size of adjusted gross income | Returns with donations of corporate stock, mutual funds, and other investments |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Number of returns | Number of donations | Donor's cost [1] | Fair market value | Amount carried to Schedule A [2] |
| All returns | (1) | (2) | (3) | (4) | (5) |
|  | 201,613 | 451,953 | 3,659,955 | 26,449,932 | 26,075,272 |
| Under \$25,000 (including deficits) | 2,349 | 7,419 | 69,051 | 244,965 | 244,965 |
| \$25,000 under \$50,000 | 2,734 | 4,745 | 16,300 | 39,447 | 39,447 |
| \$50,000 under \$75,000 | 9,944 | 12,069 | 29,881 | 49,818 | 49,818 |
| \$75,000 under \$100,000 | 12,813 | 14,535 | 27,014 | 51,681 | 51,681 |
| \$100,000 under \$200,000 | 57,239 | 112,995 | 184,667 | 1,002,975 | 1,002,975 |
| \$200,000 under \$500,000 | 53,891 | 123,492 | 343,267 | 1,596,361 | 1,595,868 |
| \$500,000 under \$1,000,000 | 27,763 | 69,034 | 317,101 | 1,354,195 | 1,354,042 |
| \$1,000,000 under \$1,500,000 | 10,441 | 29,197 | 193,071 | 930,187 | 927,952 |
| \$1,500,000 under \$2,000,000 | 5,425 | 14,345 | 146,802 | 837,858 | 805,488 |
| \$2,000,000 under \$5,000,000 | 11,080 | 33,602 | 488,020 | 2,628,197 | 2,452,740 |
| \$5,000,000 under \$10,000,000 | 4,003 | 13,425 | 366,204 | 2,099,548 | 2,074,434 |
| \$10,000,000 or more | 3,930 | 17,094 | 1,478,576 | 15,614,701 | 15,475,862 |

[^23]Table 1c. Individual Noncash Charitable Contributions: Returns with Donations of Real Estate and Easements, by Size of Adjusted Gross Income, Form 8283, Tax Year 2006
[All figures are estimates based on samples-money amounts are in thousands of dollars]

| Size of adjusted gross income | Returns with donations of real estate and easements |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Number of returns | Number of donations | Donor's cost [1] | Fair market value | Amount carried to Schedule A [2] |
| All returns | (1) | (2) | (3) | (4) | (5) |
|  | 22,122 | 22,785 | 2,272,124 | 8,256,024 | 5,357,813 |
| Under \$25,000 (including deficits) | 1,540 | 1,572 | 79,102 | 308,131 | 172,750 |
| \$25,000 under \$50,000 | * 643 | * 643 | * 10,089 | * 24,144 | * 24,144 |
| \$50,000 under \$75,000 | * 2,543 | * 2,543 | * 75,897 | * 154,539 | * 154,539 |
| \$75,000 under \$100,000 | * 2,133 | * 2,133 | * 0 | * 59,772 | * 59,772 |
| \$100,000 under \$200,000 | 6,197 | 6,198 | 349,196 | 395,390 | 331,711 |
| \$200,000 under \$500,000 | 4,235 | 4,243 | 239,056 | 963,894 | 687,762 |
| \$500,000 under \$1,000,000 | 1,692 | 1,798 | 277,890 | 839,334 | 573,181 |
| \$1,000,000 under \$1,500,000 | 808 | 816 | 181,193 | 645,627 | 469,761 |
| \$1,500,000 under \$2,000,000 | 511 | 637 | 147,510 | 645,987 | 407,436 |
| \$2,000,000 under \$5,000,000 | 1,006 | 1,198 | 368,838 | 1,477,322 | 704,534 |
| \$5,000,000 under \$10,000,000 | 396 | 482 | 191,054 | 981,885 | 575,630 |
| \$10,000,000 or more | 419 | 521 | 352,299 | 1,759,998 | 1,196,594 |

Footnotes at end of table 1 j .

Table 1d. Individual Noncash Charitable Contributions: Returns with Donations of Art and Collectibles, by Size of Adjusted Gross Income, Form 8283, Tax Year 2006
[All figures are estimates based on samples-money amounts are in thousands of dollars]

| Size of adjusted gross income | Returns with donations of art and collectibles |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Number of returns | Number of donations | Donor's cost [1] | Fair market value | Amount carried to Schedule A [2] |
|  | (1) | (2) | (3) | (4) | (5) |
| All returns | 108,374 | 147,896 | 380,960 | 1,303,544 | 1,222,044 |
| Under \$25,000 (including deficits) | 3,806 | 7,763 | 13,735 | 107,233 | 75,011 |
| \$25,000 under \$50,000 | 10,685 | 11,287 | 17,061 | 28,092 | 28,092 |
| \$50,000 under \$75,000 | 15,697 | 19,847 | 37,397 | 31,702 | 31,702 |
| \$75,000 under \$100,000 | 14,141 | 18,435 | 21,666 | 33,234 | 33,234 |
| \$100,000 under \$200,000 | 41,762 | 57,769 | 65,691 | 157,633 | 157,633 |
| \$200,000 under \$500,000 | 14,939 | 20,893 | 56,016 | 122,537 | 119,888 |
| \$500,000 under \$1,000,000 | 3,802 | 5,323 | 47,823 | 103,380 | 101,191 |
| \$1,000,000 under \$1,500,000 | 1,229 | 2,406 | 18,223 | 40,373 | 36,808 |
| \$1,500,000 under \$2,000,000 | 588 | 809 | 13,142 | 37,158 | 26,258 |
| \$2,000,000 under \$5,000,000 | 1,055 | 2,110 | 24,256 | 100,447 | 96,560 |
| \$5,000,000 under \$10,000,000 | 338 | 637 | 15,933 | 68,282 | 59,838 |
| \$10,000,000 or more | 333 | 618 | 50,017 | 473,473 | 455,830 |

[^24]
## Individual Noncash Contributions, 2006

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Table 1e. Individual Noncash Charitable Contributions: Returns with Donations of Food, by Size of Adjusted Gross Income, Form 8283, Tax Year 2006
[All figures are estimates based on samples-money amounts are in thousands of dollars]

| Size of adjusted gross income | Returns with donations of food |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Number of returns | Number of donations | Donor's cost [1] | Fair market value | Amount carried to Schedule A [2] |
| All returns | (1) | (2) | (3) | (4) | (5) |
|  | 156,081 | 218,370 | 99,002 | 99,890 | 96,294 |
| Under \$25,000 (including deficits) | 3,420 | 4,448 | 3,466 | 3,274 | 3,274 |
| \$25,000 under \$50,000 | 12,684 | 18,839 | 19,463 | 12,871 | 12,871 |
| \$50,000 under \$75,000 | 20,963 | 23,212 | 4,576 | 7,313 | 7,313 |
| \$75,000 under \$100,000 | 27,535 | 43,209 | 8,833 | 8,490 | 8,490 |
| \$100,000 under \$200,000 | 63,326 | 90,079 | 26,724 | 33,960 | 33,920 |
| \$200,000 under \$500,000 | 20,594 | 27,730 | 11,183 | 11,100 | 11,100 |
| \$500,000 under \$1,000,000 | 4,324 | 6,296 | 2,645 | 3,483 | 3,483 |
| \$1,000,000 under \$1,500,000 | 1,354 | 1,700 | 1,000 | 1,475 | 1,436 |
| \$1,500,000 under \$2,000,000 | 562 | 748 | 9,871 | 1,588 | 1,588 |
| \$2,000,000 under \$5,000,000 | 908 | 1,318 | 2,348 | 2,683 | 2,607 |
| \$5,000,000 under \$10,000,000 | 246 | 417 | 3,030 | 5,024 | 4,320 |
| \$10,000,000 or more | 165 | 375 | 5,864 | 8,629 | 5,892 |

Footnotes at end of table 1 j .

Table 1f. Individual Noncash Charitable Contributions: Returns with Donations of Clothing and Accessories, by Size of Adjusted Gross Income, Form 8283, Tax Year 2006
[All figures are estimates based on samples-money amounts are in thousands of dollars]

| Size of adjusted gross income | Returns with donations of clothing and accessories |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Number of returns | Number of donations | Donor's cost [1] | Fair market value | Amount carried to Schedule A [2] |
|  | (1) | (2) | (3) | (4) | (5) |
| All returns | 4,335,995 | 7,748,567 | 17,358,689 | 6,297,942 | 6,297,085 |
| Under \$25,000 (including deficits) | 148,686 | 233,086 | 555,916 | 214,848 | 214,848 |
| \$25,000 under \$50,000 | 508,414 | 798,250 | 1,968,494 | 790,776 | 790,776 |
| \$50,000 under \$75,000 | 748,935 | 1,308,507 | 2,572,750 | 988,222 | 988,222 |
| \$75,000 under \$100,000 | 779,705 | 1,338,316 | 2,681,006 | 1,027,614 | 1,027,614 |
| \$100,000 under \$200,000 | 1,495,096 | 2,831,071 | 6,073,186 | 2,125,855 | 2,125,855 |
| \$200,000 under \$500,000 | 514,988 | 976,515 | 2,655,673 | 855,190 | 855,193 |
| \$500,000 under \$1,000,000 | 92,396 | 176,172 | 513,629 | 162,458 | 162,458 |
| \$1,000,000 under \$1,500,000 | 21,659 | 39,022 | 142,229 | 42,400 | 42,321 |
| \$1,500,000 under \$2,000,000 | 9,052 | 16,601 | 60,935 | 18,924 | 18,917 |
| \$2,000,000 under \$5,000,000 | 12,461 | 22,735 | 93,303 | 34,263 | 34,263 |
| \$5,000,000 under \$10,000,000 | 2,993 | 5,499 | 24,857 | 19,870 | 19,870 |
| \$10,000,000 or more | 1,610 | 2,794 | 16,711 | 17,523 | 16,747 |

[^25]Individual Noncash Contributions, 2006
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Table 1g. Individual Noncash Charitable Contributions: Returns with Donations of Electronics, by Size of Adjusted Gross Income, Form 8283, Tax Year 2006

| Size of adjusted gross income | Returns with donations of electronics |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Number of returns | Number of donations | Donor's cost [1] | Fair market value | Amount carried to Schedule A [2] |
| All returns | (1) | (2) | (3) | (4) | (5) |
|  | 498,243 | 587,740 | 1,029,513 | 445,391 | 445,376 |
| Under \$25,000 (including deficits) | 16,044 | 19,613 | 24,684 | 18,148 | 18,148 |
| \$25,000 under \$50,000 | 54,515 | 60,309 | 107,222 | 56,283 | 56,283 |
| \$50,000 under \$75,000 | 78,543 | 98,330 | 153,774 | 73,882 | 73,882 |
| \$75,000 under \$100,000 | 75,915 | 83,985 | 170,382 | 59,338 | 59,338 |
| \$100,000 under \$200,000 | 197,751 | 232,835 | 398,430 | 166,161 | 166,146 |
| \$200,000 under \$500,000 | 58,668 | 71,868 | 123,295 | 49,487 | 49,487 |
| \$500,000 under \$1,000,000 | 11,219 | 13,713 | 31,716 | 13,605 | 13,605 |
| \$1,000,000 under \$1,500,000 | 2,745 | 3,674 | 9,716 | 4,144 | 4,144 |
| \$1,500,000 under \$2,000,000 | 949 | 1,119 | 3,450 | 1,175 | 1,175 |
| \$2,000,000 under \$5,000,000 | 1,364 | 1,675 | 4,754 | 1,954 | 1,954 |
| \$5,000,000 under \$10,000,000 | 346 | 387 | 1,337 | 802 | 802 |
| \$10,000,000 or more | 184 | 232 | 752 | 412 | 412 |

Footnotes at end of table 1 j .

Table 1h. Individual Noncash Charitable Contributions: Returns with Donations of Household Items, by Size of Adjusted Gross Income, Form 8283, Tax Year 2006
[All figures are estimates based on samples-money amounts are in thousands of dollars]

| Size of adjusted gross income | Returns with donations of household items |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Number of returns | Number of donations | Donor's cost [1] | Fair market value | Amount carried to Schedule A [2] |
|  | (1) | (2) | (3) | (4) | (5) |
| All returns | 2,802,627 | 4,924,144 | 10,220,935 | 3,847,074 | 3,821,313 |
| Under \$25,000 (including deficits) | 92,088 | 165,573 | 397,954 | 162,750 | 162,750 |
| \$25,000 under \$50,000 | 331,444 | 496,256 | 1,120,956 | 477,743 | 477,743 |
| \$50,000 under \$75,000 | 503,665 | 897,041 | 1,685,593 | 714,525 | 691,239 |
| \$75,000 under \$100,000 | 498,648 | 891,366 | 1,692,193 | 606,862 | 606,862 |
| \$100,000 under \$200,000 | 974,358 | 1,735,076 | 3,332,308 | 1,214,728 | 1,214,695 |
| \$200,000 under \$500,000 | 318,917 | 589,210 | 1,479,972 | 482,947 | 482,926 |
| \$500,000 under \$1,000,000 | 53,412 | 96,222 | 293,388 | 99,156 | 99,156 |
| \$1,000,000 under \$1,500,000 | 14,139 | 25,775 | 98,088 | 30,470 | 30,470 |
| \$1,500,000 under \$2,000,000 | 5,434 | 9,771 | 36,446 | 12,513 | 12,513 |
| \$2,000,000 under \$5,000,000 | 7,549 | 12,947 | 56,699 | 22,326 | 22,151 |
| \$5,000,000 under \$10,000,000 | 1,871 | 3,068 | 16,988 | 11,096 | 8,867 |
| \$10,000,000 or more | 1,104 | 1,840 | 10,350 | 11,957 | 11,941 |

[^26]
## Individual Noncash Contributions, 2006

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Table 1i. Individual Noncash Charitable Contributions: Returns with Donations of Cars and Other Vehicles, by Size of Adjusted Gross Income, Form 8283, Tax Year 2006
[All figures are estimates based on samples-money amounts are in thousands of dollars]

| Size of adjusted gross income | Returns with donations of cars and other vehicles |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Number of returns | Number of donations | Donor's cost [1] | Fair market value | Amount carried to Schedule A [2] |
| All returns | (1) | (2) | (3) | (4) | (5) |
|  | 306,563 | 318,497 | 2,693,513 | 593,606 | 560,637 |
| Under \$25,000 (including deficits) | 7,316 | 8,059 | 46,906 | 16,150 | 16,150 |
| \$25,000 under \$50,000 | 49,513 | 51,470 | 331,620 | 73,604 | 73,604 |
| \$50,000 under \$75,000 | 59,325 | 60,976 | 395,186 | 84,068 | 84,068 |
| \$75,000 under \$100,000 | 62,601 | 65,945 | 621,475 | 83,874 | 83,874 |
| \$100,000 under \$200,000 | 91,175 | 94,130 | 801,313 | 160,177 | 138,798 |
| \$200,000 under \$500,000 | 28,502 | 29,476 | 366,792 | 80,531 | 72,412 |
| \$500,000 under \$1,000,000 | 5,493 | 5,636 | 58,562 | 28,803 | 28,436 |
| \$1,000,000 under \$1,500,000 | 1,021 | 1,086 | 21,131 | 8,931 | 8,567 |
| \$1,500,000 under \$2,000,000 | 443 | 452 | 12,571 | 8,297 | 8,061 |
| \$2,000,000 under \$5,000,000 | 811 | 869 | 17,958 | 25,569 | 23,714 |
| \$5,000,000 under \$10,000,000 | 206 | 224 | 13,611 | 12,476 | 12,277 |
| \$10,000,000 or more | 156 | 174 | 6,388 | 11,128 | 10,677 |

Footnotes at end of table 1 j.

Table 1j. Individual Noncash Charitable Contributions: Returns with Other Donations [3], by Size of Adjusted Gross Income, Form 8283, Tax Year 2006
[All figures are estimates based on samples-money amounts are in thousands of dollars]

| Size of adjusted gross income | Returns with other donations [3] |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Number of returns | Number of donations | Donor's cost [1] | Fair market value | Amount carried to Schedule A [2] |
| All returns | (1) | (2) | (3) | (4) | (5) |
|  | 859,496 | 1,262,077 | 2,175,341 | 3,016,794 | 2,965,411 |
| Under \$25,000 (including deficits) | 30,500 | 38,462 | 49,695 | 54,385 | 54,377 |
| \$25,000 under \$50,000 | 90,714 | 112,433 | 169,534 | 119,364 | 119,330 |
| \$50,000 under \$75,000 | 153,231 | 213,625 | 285,699 | 200,575 | 200,575 |
| \$75,000 under \$100,000 | 146,937 | 204,551 | 421,977 | 155,430 | 155,430 |
| \$100,000 under \$200,000 | 281,437 | 449,802 | 545,066 | 376,370 | 376,370 |
| \$200,000 under \$500,000 | 107,714 | 160,482 | 382,768 | 422,800 | 418,913 |
| \$500,000 under \$1,000,000 | 27,458 | 47,030 | 116,863 | 195,989 | 193,591 |
| \$1,000,000 under \$1,500,000 | 8,150 | 12,384 | 61,404 | 144,818 | 131,930 |
| \$1,500,000 under \$2,000,000 | 3,803 | 6,350 | 22,547 | 160,792 | 160,792 |
| \$2,000,000 under \$5,000,000 | 5,947 | 9,958 | 49,733 | 282,453 | 258,961 |
| \$5,000,000 under \$10,000,000 | 1,967 | 3,417 | 22,521 | 253,249 | 252,532 |
| \$10,000,000 or more | 1,639 | 3,583 | 47,535 | 650,568 | 642,610 |

* Estimates should be used with caution because of the small number of sample returns on which they are based.
[1] Not every donation has a donor cost reported.
[2] Amount carried to Schedule $A$ is the fair market value from Section $A$ (items with a deduction of $\$ 5,000$ or less or publicly traded securities) plus the lesser of the fair market
value or the amount claimed on Section B (items with a deduction of more than $\$ 5,000$ ).
[3] Other donations includes intellectual property, services, and airline tickets and miles, and other donations.

Table 2a. Individual Noncash Charitable Contributions: All Donee Organizations, by Size of Adjusted Gross Income, Form 8283, Tax Year 2006
[All figures are estimates based on samples-money amounts are in thousands of dollars]

| Size of adjusted gross income | All donee organizations |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Number of returns | Number of donations | Donor's cost [1] | Fair market value | Amount carried to Schedule A [2] |
|  | (1) | (2) | (3) | (4) | (5) |
| All returns | 6,174,855 | 15,682,030 | 39,890,034 | 50,310,197 | 46,841,245 |
| Under \$25,000 (including deficits) | 226,213 | 485,994 | 1,240,509 | 1,129,884 | 962,272 |
| \$25,000 under \$50,000 | 761,006 | 1,554,232 | 3,760,740 | 1,622,324 | 1,622,290 |
| \$50,000 under \$75,000 | 1,074,988 | 2,636,151 | 5,240,753 | 2,304,642 | 2,281,356 |
| \$75,000 under \$100,000 | 1,086,353 | 2,662,477 | 5,644,547 | 2,086,296 | 2,086,296 |
| \$100,000 under \$200,000 | 2,058,274 | 5,609,954 | 11,776,581 | 5,633,249 | 5,548,102 |
| \$200,000 under \$500,000 | 724,015 | 2,003,908 | 5,658,020 | 4,584,845 | 4,293,549 |
| \$500,000 under \$1,000,000 | 146,248 | 421,224 | 1,659,616 | 2,800,403 | 2,529,142 |
| \$1,000,000 under \$1,500,000 | 39,374 | 116,061 | 726,056 | 1,848,426 | 1,653,390 |
| \$1,500,000 under \$2,000,000 | 17,065 | 50,831 | 453,275 | 1,724,293 | 1,442,228 |
| \$2,000,000 under \$5,000,000 | 27,336 | 86,412 | 1,105,908 | 4,575,214 | 3,597,485 |
| \$5,000,000 under \$10,000,000 | 7,912 | 27,555 | 655,535 | 3,452,233 | 3,008,570 |
| \$10,000,000 or more | 6,071 | 27,231 | 1,968,492 | 18,548,388 | 17,816,565 |

Footnotes at end of table 2 k .

Table 2b. Individual Noncash Charitable Contributions: Donee Organizations (Arts, Culture, and Humanities), by Size of Adjusted Gross Income, Form 8283, Tax Year 2006
[All figures are estimates based on samples-money amounts are in thousands of dollars]

| Size of adjusted gross income | Arts, culture, and humanities |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Number of returns | Number of donations | Donor's cost [1] | Fair market value | Amount carried to Schedule A [2] |
|  | (1) | (2) | (3) | (4) | (5) |
| All returns | 265,011 | 358,420 | 541,778 | 1,842,684 | 1,729,915 |
| Under \$25,000 (including deficits) | 5,996 | 6,256 | 21,631 | 117,714 | 85,492 |
| \$25,000 under \$50,000 | 19,823 | 21,528 | 36,274 | 27,147 | 27,147 |
| \$50,000 under \$75,000 | 35,095 | 48,667 | 22,183 | 53,295 | 30,009 |
| \$75,000 under \$100,000 | 44,827 | 53,200 | 27,825 | 40,170 | 40,170 |
| \$100,000 under \$200,000 | 95,842 | 139,346 | 120,047 | 142,526 | 142,526 |
| \$200,000 under \$500,000 | 44,850 | 58,452 | 88,427 | 146,047 | 141,918 |
| \$500,000 under \$1,000,000 | 9,160 | 14,054 | 30,446 | 116,039 | 111,105 |
| \$1,000,000 under \$1,500,000 | 3,288 | 5,460 | 51,026 | 143,800 | 139,978 |
| \$1,500,000 under \$2,000,000 | 1,472 | 2,348 | 19,512 | 58,921 | 48,336 |
| \$2,000,000 under \$5,000,000 | 2,938 | 5,397 | 34,482 | 189,967 | 185,705 |
| \$5,000,000 under \$10,000,000 | 900 | 1,966 | 25,132 | 149,110 | 137,524 |
| \$10,000,000 or more | 820 | 1,747 | 64,793 | 657,947 | 640,003 |

[^27]
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Table 2c. Individual Noncash Charitable Contributions: Donee Organizations (Educational Institutions), by Size of Adjusted Gross Income, Form 8283, Tax Year 2006
[All figures are estimates based on samples-money amounts are in thousands of dollars]

| Size of adjusted gross income | Educational institutions |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Number of returns | Number of donations | Donor's cost [1] | Fair market value | Amount carried to Schedule A [2] |
| All returns | (1) | (2) | (3) | (4) | (5) |
|  | 315,232 | 437,120 | 1,594,619 | 5,079,098 | 4,790,188 |
| Under \$25,000 (including deficits) | 7,814 | 10,482 | 77,353 | 180,547 | 102,932 |
| \$25,000 under \$50,000 | 20,914 | 22,152 | 32,910 | 18,156 | 18,156 |
| \$50,000 under \$75,000 | 34,944 | 38,151 | 50,468 | 47,907 | 47,907 |
| \$75,000 under \$100,000 | 39,001 | 46,761 | 249,079 | 39,180 | 39,180 |
| \$100,000 under \$200,000 | 116,711 | 165,124 | 193,652 | 256,931 | 256,931 |
| \$200,000 under \$500,000 | 56,997 | 82,284 | 255,032 | 653,317 | 653,317 |
| \$500,000 under \$1,000,000 | 18,852 | 33,217 | 162,802 | 524,978 | 465,434 |
| \$1,000,000 under \$1,500,000 | 6,984 | 12,778 | 48,746 | 274,761 | 274,055 |
| \$1,500,000 under \$2,000,000 | 2,990 | 5,011 | 41,190 | 204,978 | 171,720 |
| \$2,000,000 under \$5,000,000 | 6,110 | 11,648 | 164,121 | 586,708 | 514,368 |
| \$5,000,000 under \$10,000,000 | 2,066 | 4,479 | 101,416 | 550,353 | 542,375 |
| \$10,000,000 or more | 1,850 | 5,032 | 217,850 | 1,741,284 | 1,703,814 |

Footnotes at end of table 2 k .

Table 2d. Individual Noncash Charitable Contributions: Donee Organizations (Environmental and Animal-Related Organizations), by Size of Adjusted Gross Income, Form 8283, Tax Year 2006
[All figures are estimates based on samples - money amounts are in thousands of dollars]

| Size of adjusted gross income | Environmental and animal-related organizations |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Number of returns | Number of donations | Donor's cost [1] | Fair market value | Amount carried to Schedule A [2] |
|  | (1) | (2) | (3) | (4) | (5) |
| All returns | 107,455 | 175,324 | 1,128,999 | 4,210,571 | 2,769,989 |
| Under \$25,000 (including deficits) | 4,443 | 6,357 | 56,256 | 149,124 | 134,692 |
| \$25,000 under \$50,000 | 12,242 | 13,865 | 17,110 | 9,147 | 9,147 |
| \$50,000 under \$75,000 | 11,296 | 16,218 | 44,043 | 22,565 | 22,565 |
| \$75,000 under \$100,000 | 20,705 | 24,433 | 17,599 | 66,026 | 66,026 |
| \$100,000 under \$200,000 | 38,043 | 82,373 | 261,209 | 556,504 | 528,539 |
| \$200,000 under \$500,000 | 12,394 | 18,701 | 102,045 | 152,411 | 135,834 |
| \$500,000 under \$1,000,000 | 4,277 | 7,187 | 152,495 | 385,646 | 303,972 |
| \$1,000,000 under \$1,500,000 | 1,277 | 1,798 | 28,445 | 254,792 | 138,262 |
| \$1,500,000 under \$2,000,000 | 692 | 1,000 | 87,553 | 363,374 | 198,630 |
| \$2,000,000 under \$5,000,000 | 1,239 | 2,012 | 142,674 | 658,094 | 276,041 |
| \$5,000,000 under \$10,000,000 | 441 | 708 | 79,353 | 632,929 | 338,057 |
| \$10,000,000 or more | 406 | 670 | 140,217 | 959,958 | 618,222 |

[^28]Individual Noncash Contributions, 2006
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Table 2e. Individual Noncash Charitable Contributions: Donee Organizations (Health and Medical Research), by Size of Adjusted Gross Income, Form 8283, Tax Year 2006
[All figures are estimates based on samples-money amounts are in thousands of dollars]

| Size of adjusted gross income | Health and medical research |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Number of returns | Number of donations | Donor's cost [1] | Fair market value | Amount carried to Schedule A [2] |
|  | (1) | (2) | (3) | (4) | (5) |
| All returns | 964,138 | 1,491,284 | 3,360,318 | 2,280,292 | 2,167,023 |
| Under \$25,000 (including deficits) | 25,382 | 37,812 | 55,306 | 40,933 | 40,933 |
| \$25,000 under \$50,000 | 102,679 | 151,914 | 293,213 | 166,994 | 166,994 |
| \$50,000 under \$75,000 | 159,390 | 242,557 | 525,685 | 289,958 | 289,958 |
| \$75,000 under \$100,000 | 167,107 | 262,815 | 489,164 | 170,065 | 170,065 |
| \$100,000 under \$200,000 | 352,569 | 547,344 | 1,229,137 | 455,900 | 455,900 |
| \$200,000 under \$500,000 | 116,762 | 184,834 | 446,566 | 217,406 | 217,399 |
| \$500,000 under \$1,000,000 | 23,844 | 37,292 | 116,826 | 173,401 | 173,401 |
| \$1,000,000 under \$1,500,000 | 6,602 | 10,146 | 46,088 | 126,917 | 107,587 |
| \$1,500,000 under \$2,000,000 | 3,004 | 4,937 | 22,745 | 34,760 | 34,735 |
| \$2,000,000 under \$5,000,000 | 4,531 | 7,389 | 57,394 | 170,534 | 113,661 |
| \$5,000,000 under \$10,000,000 | 1,301 | 2,480 | 25,532 | 103,084 | 91,225 |
| \$10,000,000 or more | 967 | 1,763 | 52,662 | 330,340 | 305,165 |

Footnotes at end of table $2 k$

Table 2f. Individual Noncash Charitable Contributions: Donee Organizations (Large Organizations), by Size of Adjusted Gross Income, Form 8283, Tax Year 2006
[All figures are estimates based on samples-money amounts are in thousands of dollars]

| Size of adjusted gross income | Large organizations |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Number of returns | Number of donations | Donor's cost [1] | Fair market value | Amount carried to Schedule A [2] |
|  | (1) | (2) | (3) | (4) | (5) |
| All returns | 4,592,309 | 9,159,138 | 21,084,722 | 8,018,718 | 8,003,464 |
| Under \$25,000 (including deficits) | 153,112 | 282,063 | 702,528 | 267,875 | 267,875 |
| \$25,000 under \$50,000 | 554,369 | 935,533 | 2,295,584 | 921,021 | 921,021 |
| \$50,000 under \$75,000 | 811,418 | 1,605,497 | 3,355,416 | 1,292,819 | 1,292,819 |
| \$75,000 under \$100,000 | 832,696 | 1,639,227 | 3,367,957 | 1,227,040 | 1,227,040 |
| \$100,000 under \$200,000 | 1,550,350 | 3,268,067 | 7,139,804 | 2,497,028 | 2,496,980 |
| \$200,000 under \$500,000 | 542,532 | 1,135,678 | 3,192,829 | 1,039,273 | 1,039,280 |
| \$500,000 under \$1,000,000 | 97,106 | 196,768 | 609,396 | 235,367 | 235,010 |
| \$1,000,000 under \$1,500,000 | 23,771 | 46,077 | 163,439 | 75,832 | 75,832 |
| \$1,500,000 under \$2,000,000 | 9,219 | 17,425 | 70,175 | 70,715 | 68,225 |
| \$2,000,000 under \$5,000,000 | 12,915 | 24,308 | 102,352 | 72,966 | 72,937 |
| \$5,000,000 under \$10,000,000 | 3,109 | 5,439 | 32,153 | 77,913 | 70,176 |
| \$10,000,000 or more | 1,712 | 3,055 | 53,090 | 240,867 | 236,268 |

Footnotes at end of table 2 k .

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Table 2g. Individual Noncash Charitable Contributions: Donee Organizations (Public and Societal Benefit), by Size of Adjusted Gross Income, Form 8283, Tax Year 2006
[All figures are estimates based on samples-money amounts are in thousands of dollars]

| Size of adjusted gross income | Public and societal benefit |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Number of returns | Number of donations | Donor's cost [1] | Fair market value | Amount carried to Schedule A [2] |
|  | (1) | (2) | (3) | (4) | (5) |
| All returns | 1,069,973 | 1,628,317 | 3,901,993 | 3,086,326 | 2,808,888 |
| Under \$25,000 (including deficits) | 39,022 | 52,260 | 100,601 | 69,006 | 42,850 |
| \$25,000 under \$50,000 | 123,523 | 173,056 | 462,740 | 184,319 | 184,319 |
| \$50,000 under \$75,000 | 175,960 | 300,247 | 483,717 | 209,186 | 209,186 |
| \$75,000 under \$100,000 | 175,352 | 242,403 | 701,837 | 198,472 | 198,472 |
| \$100,000 under \$200,000 | 376,153 | 585,026 | 1,067,375 | 478,895 | 457,516 |
| \$200,000 under \$500,000 | 134,188 | 204,175 | 536,910 | 509,072 | 507,594 |
| \$500,000 under \$1,000,000 | 27,626 | 43,452 | 160,515 | 177,226 | 170,797 |
| \$1,000,000 under \$1,500,000 | 7,173 | 10,117 | 94,642 | 134,195 | 109,310 |
| \$1,500,000 under \$2,000,000 | 3,401 | 5,355 | 27,500 | 62,624 | 53,311 |
| \$2,000,000 under \$5,000,000 | 5,006 | 7,915 | 81,380 | 221,325 | 179,898 |
| \$5,000,000 under \$10,000,000 | 1,461 | 2,295 | 55,479 | 192,140 | 158,975 |
| \$10,000,000 or more | 1,109 | 2,017 | 129,299 | 649,866 | 536,659 |

Footnotes at end of table 2 k .

Table 2h. Individual Noncash Charitable Contributions: Donee Organizations (Religious Organizations), by Size of Adjusted Gross Income, Form 8283, Tax Year 2006
[All figures are estimates based on samples-money amounts are in thousands of dollars]

| Size of adjusted gross income | Religious organizations |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Number of returns | Number of donations | Donor's cost [1] | Fair market value | Amount carried to Schedule A [2] |
|  | (1) | (2) | (3) | (4) | (5) |
| All returns | 1,081,541 | 1,662,865 | 4,177,615 | 4,272,555 | 4,075,699 |
| Under \$25,000 (including deficits) | 42,414 | 53,158 | 141,099 | 96,621 | 88,751 |
| \$25,000 under \$50,000 | 119,203 | 160,315 | 438,380 | 194,603 | 194,603 |
| \$50,000 under \$75,000 | 172,585 | 265,422 | 587,817 | 282,322 | 282,322 |
| \$75,000 under \$100,000 | 179,614 | 291,689 | 587,981 | 240,520 | 240,520 |
| \$100,000 under \$200,000 | 372,011 | 582,872 | 1,170,781 | 680,783 | 680,783 |
| \$200,000 under \$500,000 | 139,985 | 219,142 | 630,818 | 875,011 | 866,376 |
| \$500,000 under \$1,000,000 | 33,308 | 51,439 | 204,518 | 397,454 | 366,359 |
| \$1,000,000 under \$1,500,000 | 9,718 | 16,374 | 93,320 | 223,519 | 206,916 |
| \$1,500,000 under \$2,000,000 | 3,983 | 6,561 | 58,254 | 164,887 | 118,370 |
| \$2,000,000 under \$5,000,000 | 5,979 | 10,443 | 134,495 | 426,593 | 375,306 |
| \$5,000,000 under \$10,000,000 | 1,639 | 2,981 | 62,460 | 233,749 | 211,543 |
| \$10,000,000 or more | 1,102 | 2,470 | 67,692 | 456,493 | 443,849 |

[^29]Table 2i. Individual Noncash Charitable Contributions: Donee Organizations (Donor-Advised Funds), by Size of Adjusted Gross Income, Form 8283, Tax Year 2006
[All figures are estimates based on samples-money amounts are in thousands of dollars]

| Size of adjusted gross income | Donor-advised funds |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Number of returns | Number of donations | Donor's cost [1] | Fair market value | Amount carried to Schedule A [2] |
| All returns | (1) | (2) | (3) | (4) | (5) |
|  | 20,691 | 35,686 | 296,100 | 1,960,173 | 1,958,349 |
| Under \$25,000 (including deficits) | * 115 | * 119 | * 31 | * 1,331 | * 1,331 |
| \$25,000 under \$50,000 | * 631 | * 631 | * 3,898 | * 3,898 | * 3,898 |
| \$50,000 under \$75,000 | * 998 | * 998 | * 1,797 | * 998 | *998 |
| \$75,000 under \$100,000 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| \$100,000 under \$200,000 | 3,900 | 5,963 | 21,800 | 77,944 | 77,944 |
| \$200,000 under \$500,000 | 5,153 | 8,025 | 25,397 | 99,198 | 99,198 |
| \$500,000 under \$1,000,000 | 4,451 | 8,130 | 38,611 | 186,359 | 186,359 |
| \$1,000,000 under \$1,500,000 | 1,551 | 2,866 | 24,817 | 97,353 | 97,353 |
| \$1,500,000 under \$2,000,000 | 892 | 1,578 | 9,545 | 98,411 | 98,411 |
| \$2,000,000 under \$5,000,000 | 1,819 | 3,858 | 51,040 | 288,665 | 288,663 |
| \$5,000,000 under \$10,000,000 | 623 | 1,616 | 35,276 | 192,183 | 191,974 |
| \$10,000,000 or more | 558 | 1,902 | 83,889 | 913,834 | 912,220 |

Footnotes at end of table 2 k .

Table 2j. Individual Noncash Charitable Contributions: Donee Organizations (Foundations), by Size of Adjusted Gross Income, Form 8283, Tax Year 2006
[All figures are estimates based on samples - money amounts are in thousands of dollars]

| Size of adjusted gross income | Foundations |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Number of returns | Number of donations | Donor's cost [1] | Fair market value | Amount carried to Schedule A [2] |
| All returns | (1) | (2) | (3) | (4) | (5) |
|  | 136,188 | 197,586 | 2,470,988 | 16,423,243 | 15,547,278 |
| Under \$25,000 (including deficits) | 1,565 | 2,549 | 51,308 | 138,517 | 129,200 |
| \$25,000 under \$50,000 | 13,154 | 14,778 | 41,149 | 12,283 | 12,283 |
| \$50,000 under \$75,000 | 17,156 | 26,345 | 36,525 | 27,282 | 27,282 |
| \$75,000 under \$100,000 | 20,447 | 25,118 | 73,576 | 20,274 | 20,274 |
| \$100,000 under \$200,000 | 44,894 | 67,167 | 186,308 | 195,965 | 164,139 |
| \$200,000 under \$500,000 | 18,547 | 24,876 | 165,701 | 515,066 | 257,340 |
| \$500,000 under \$1,000,000 | 7,902 | 11,107 | 117,107 | 351,811 | 345,155 |
| \$1,000,000 under \$1,500,000 | 3,066 | 4,606 | 118,190 | 357,277 | 344,141 |
| \$1,500,000 under \$2,000,000 | 1,934 | 3,467 | 85,546 | 467,588 | 453,872 |
| \$2,000,000 under \$5,000,000 | 3,841 | 7,659 | 302,536 | 1,637,201 | 1,280,737 |
| \$5,000,000 under \$10,000,000 | 1,646 | 3,577 | 207,353 | 1,095,055 | 1,047,908 |
| \$10,000,000 or more | 2,037 | 6,338 | 1,085,687 | 11,604,924 | 11,464,947 |

Footnotes at end of table 2 k .

## Individual Noncash Contributions, 2006

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Table 2k. Individual Noncash Charitable Contributions: Donee Organizations (Other), by Size of Adjusted Gross Income, Form 8283, Tax Year 2006
[All figures are estimates based on samples-money amounts are in thousands of dollars]

| Size of adjusted gross income | Other donee organizations |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Number of returns | Number of donations | Donor's cost [1] | Fair market value | Amount carried to Schedule A [2] |
|  | (1) | (2) | (3) | (4) | (5) |
| All returns | 416,941 | 536,290 | 1,332,901 | 3,136,537 | 2,990,450 |
| Under \$25,000 (including deficits) | 17,952 | 34,938 | 34,396 | 68,216 | 68,216 |
| \$25,000 under \$50,000 | 50,644 | 60,460 | 139,481 | 84,757 | 84,723 |
| \$50,000 under \$75,000 | 76,678 | 92,048 | 133,104 | 78,309 | 78,309 |
| \$75,000 under \$100,000 | 56,672 | 76,830 | 129,529 | 84,548 | 84,548 |
| \$100,000 under \$200,000 | 130,468 | 166,672 | 386,469 | 290,772 | 286,842 |
| \$200,000 under \$500,000 | 55,988 | 67,742 | 214,295 | 378,044 | 375,292 |
| \$500,000 under \$1,000,000 | 15,136 | 18,577 | 66,899 | 252,123 | 171,549 |
| \$1,000,000 under \$1,500,000 | 4,322 | 5,839 | 57,342 | 159,979 | 159,956 |
| \$1,500,000 under \$2,000,000 | 2,280 | 3,149 | 31,257 | 198,035 | 196,616 |
| \$2,000,000 under \$5,000,000 | 4,168 | 5,783 | 35,434 | 323,162 | 310,168 |
| \$5,000,000 under \$10,000,000 | 1,347 | 2,015 | 31,383 | 225,716 | 218,812 |
| \$10,000,000 or more | 1,285 | 2,237 | 73,313 | 992,876 | 955,418 |

* Estimates should be used with caution because of the small number of sample returns on which they are based.
[1] Not every donation has a donor cost.
[2] Amount carried to Schedule A is the fair market value from Section A (items with a deduction of $\$ 5,000$ or less or publicly traded securities) plus the lesser of the fair market value or amount claimed on Section B (items with a deduction of more than $\$ 5,000$ ).

Table 3. Individual Noncash Charitable Contributions: All Returns with Donations, by Donation Types and Donee Types, Form 8283, Tax Year 2006
[All figures are estimates based on samples-money amounts are in thousands of dollars]

| Type of donation | All donees |  | Arts, culture, and humanities |  | Educational institutions <br> Number of donations |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Number of donations | Amount carried to Schedule A [1] | Number of donations | Amount carried to Schedule A [1] |  |
| All donations | (1) | (2) | (3) | (4) | (5) |
|  | 15,682,030 | 46,841,245 | 358,420 | 1,729,915 | 437,120 |
| Corporate stock, mutual funds, and other investments | 451,953 | 26,075,272 | 24,989 | 634,869 | 93,384 |
| Real estate and easements | 22,785 | 5,357,813 | 115 | 109,451 | 2,231 |
| Art and collectibles | 147,896 | 1,222,044 | 37,887 | 780,577 | 14,497 |
| Food | 218,370 | 96,294 | 4,297 | 3,211 | 19,357 |
| Clothing and accessories | 7,748,567 | 6,297,085 | 16,526 | 14,515 | 63,937 |
| Electronics | 587,740 | 445,376 | 7,332 | 5,953 | 36,873 |
| Household items | 4,924,144 | 3,821,313 | 224,801 | 101,642 | 115,359 |
| Cars and other vehicles | 318,497 | 560,637 | 2,470 | 32,633 | 12,229 |
| Other [2] | 1,262,077 | 2,965,411 | 40,002 | 47,065 | 79,253 |
| Type of donation | Educational institutionscontinued | Environment and animalrelated organiztions |  | Health and medical research |  |
|  | Amount carried to Schedule A [1] | Number of donations | Amount carried to Schedule A [1] | Number of donations | Amount carried to Schedule A [1] |
| All donations | (6) | (7) | (8) | (9) | (10) |
|  | 4,790,188 | 175,324 | 2,769,989 | 1,491,284 | 2,167,023 |
| Corporate stock, mutual funds, and other investments | 3,865,876 | 21,025 | 535,030 | 24,120 | 727,896 |
| Real estate and easements | 339,830 | 4,898 | 2,057,159 | 1,782 | 237,006 |
| Art and collectibles | 163,703 | 3,710 | 5,504 | 17,103 | 52,596 |
| Food | 5,656 | 2,170 | 727 | 5,501 | 3,683 |
| Clothing and accessories | 54,016 | 35,560 | 29,170 | 815,171 | 548,481 |
| Electronics | 33,057 | 13,115 | 7,180 | 37,771 | 32,206 |
| Household items | 76,558 | 45,794 | 28,769 | 425,837 | 331,692 |
| Cars and other vehicles | 35,309 | 4,878 | 16,697 | 60,139 | 65,013 |
| Other [2] | 216,183 | 44,175 | 89,754 | 103,861 | 168,450 |
| Type of donation | Large organizations |  | Public and societal benefit |  | Religious organizations |
|  | Number of donations | Amount carried to Schedule A [1] | Number of donations | Amount carried to Schedule A [1] | Number of donations |
| All donations | (11) | (12) | (13) | (14) | (15) |
|  | 9,159,138 | 8,003,464 | 1,628,317 | 2,808,888 | 1,662,865 |
| Corporate stock, mutual funds, and other investments | 27,650 | 407,024 | 20,276 | 526,262 | 144,646 |
| Real estate and easements | 628 | 82,279 | 5,724 | 1,017,582 | 3,030 |
| Art and collectibles | 28,668 | 25,246 | 17,601 | 37,892 | 13,216 |
| Food | 31,991 | 22,564 | 62,195 | 17,529 | 74,198 |
| Clothing and accessories | 5,248,685 | 4,408,751 | 741,091 | 520,129 | 629,891 |
| Electronics | 320,704 | 234,834 | 73,551 | 59,584 | 66,697 |
| Household items | 2,949,598 | 2,356,035 | 508,936 | 371,982 | 491,055 |
| Cars and other vehicles | 63,589 | 84,736 | 72,529 | 104,846 | 61,673 |
| Other [2] | 487,626 | 381,995 | 126,414 | 153,084 | 178,461 |
| Type of donation | Religious organizations- continued | Foundations |  | Other donees [3] |  |
|  | Amount carried to Schedule A [1] | Number of donations | Amount carried to Schedule A [1] | Number of donations | Amount carried to Schedule A [1] |
| All donations | (16) | (17) | (18) | (19) | (20) |
|  | 4,075,699 | 197,586 | 15,547,278 | 571,975 | 4,948,799 |
| Corporate stock, mutual funds, and other investments | 2,317,245 | 51,106 | 14,471,077 | 44,756 | 2,589,993 |
| Real estate and easements | 421,197 | 2,455 | 660,373 | 1,923 | 432,936 |
| Art and collectibles | 20,064 | 4,750 | 103,329 | 10,463 | 33,131 |
| Food | 26,153 | 2,058 | 1,589 | 16,603 | 15,184 |
| Clothing and accessories | 556,270 | 59,299 | 36,122 | 138,408 | 129,631 |
| Electronics | 54,370 | 9,974 | 5,878 | 21,724 | 12,314 |
| Household items | 377,979 | 39,209 | 33,828 | 123,556 | 142,827 |
| Cars and other vehicles | 128,772 | 15,864 | 39,861 | 25,127 | 52,769 |
| Other [2] | 173,648 | 12,871 | 195,220 | 189,415 | 1,540,013 |

[1] Amount carried to Schedule A is the fair market value from Section A (items with a deduction of $\$ 5,000$ or less or publicly-traded securities) plus the lesser of the fair market
value or amount claimed on Section B (items with a deduction of more than $\$ 5,000$ ).
[2] Other donations includes intellectual property, services, tickets, airline miles, and other donations.
[3] Other donees includes donor-advised funds.

## Individual Noncash Contributions, 2006

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Table 4. Individual Noncash Charitable Contributions: All Returns with Donations, by Donations Types and Donor Age, Form 8283, Tax Year 2006
[All figures are estimates based on samples -money amounts are in thousands of dollars]

| Donor age | Total |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Number of returns | Number of donations | Fair market value | Amount carried to Schedule A [1] | Number of returns with contributions on Schedule A | Amount of contributions on Schedule A | Number of returns with cash contributions on Schedule A | Amount of cash contributions on Schedule A |
|  | (1) | (2) | (3) | (4) | (5) | (6) | (7) | (8) |
| All ages | 6,174,855 | 15,682,030 | 50,310,197 | 46,841,245 | 6,145,515 | 46,644,496 | 5,598,162 | 29,818,427 |
| Under 35 | 649,666 | 1,293,317 | 2,259,608 | 1,957,073 | 644,615 | 1,953,333 | 530,033 | 1,483,872 |
| 35 under 45 | 1,566,178 | 3,780,046 | 5,079,973 | 4,840,502 | 1,561,668 | 4,804,572 | 1,370,872 | 4,477,510 |
| 45 under 55 | 1,793,726 | 4,667,891 | 9,551,528 | 8,789,705 | 1,785,100 | 8,742,838 | 1,645,514 | 7,524,069 |
| 55 under 65 | 1,352,832 | 3,642,245 | 11,662,652 | 10,675,344 | 1,346,226 | 10,593,012 | 1,279,670 | 7,575,184 |
| 65 and older | 812,452 | 2,298,531 | 21,756,437 | 20,578,621 | 807,906 | 20,550,739 | 772,073 | 8,757,792 |
| Donor age | Corporate stock, mutual funds, and other investments |  |  |  | Real estate and easements |  |  |  |
|  | Number of returns | Number of donations | Fair market value | Amount carried to Schedule A [1] | Number of returns | Number of donations | Fair market value | Amount carried to Schedule A [1] |
| All ages | (9) | (10) | (11) | (12) | (13) | (14) | (15) | (16) |
|  | 201,613 | 451,953 | 26,449,932 | 26,075,272 | 22,122 | 22,785 | 8,256,024 | 5,357,813 |
| Under 35 | 4,602 | 7,610 | 506,036 | 501,972 | 1,511 | 1,530 | 394,313 | 103,950 |
| 35 under 45 | 18,537 | 34,584 | 1,085,189 | 1,077,591 | 2,028 | 2,112 | 664,691 | 444,164 |
| 45 under 55 | 41,540 | 89,701 | 3,616,581 | 3,523,615 | 7,964 | 8,096 | 1,860,271 | 1,208,598 |
| 55 under 65 | 43,411 | 89,254 | 5,519,291 | 5,312,107 | 4,951 | 5,179 | 2,336,676 | 1,652,790 |
| 65 and older | 93,522 | 230,804 | 15,722,836 | 15,659,986 | 5,667 | 5,868 | 3,000,072 | 1,948,310 |
| Donor age | Art and collectibles |  |  |  | Food |  |  |  |
|  | Number of returns | Number of donations | Fair market value | Amount carried to Schedule A [1] | Number of returns | Number of donations | Fair market value | Amount carried to Schedule A [1] |
| All ages | (17) | (18) | (19) | (20) | (21) | (22) | (23) | (24) |
|  | 108,374 | 147,896 | 1,303,544 | 1,222,044 | 156,081 | 218,370 | 99,890 | 96,294 |
| Under 35 | 691 | 697 | 4,321 | 4,284 | 6,060 | 7,056 | 2,049 | 2,049 |
| 35 under 45 | 17,062 | 17,996 | 34,323 | 24,570 | 27,550 | 39,277 | 21,544 | 20,926 |
| 45 under 55 | 34,037 | 50,535 | 198,299 | 188,792 | 56,065 | 79,757 | 34,253 | 32,204 |
| 55 under 65 | 28,647 | 43,053 | 399,989 | 360,534 | 44,195 | 56,501 | 28,358 | 27,515 |
| 65 and older | 27,938 | 35,615 | 666,612 | 643,864 | 22,212 | 35,780 | 13,686 | 13,600 |
| Donor age | Clothing and accessories |  |  |  | Electronics |  |  |  |
|  | Number of returns | Number of donations | Fair market value | Amount carried to Schedule A [1] | Number of returns | Number of donations | Fair market value | Amount carried to Schedule A [1] |
| All ages | (25) | (26) | (27) | (28) | (29) | (30) | (31) | (32) |
|  | 4,335,995 | 7,748,567 | 6,297,942 | 6,297,085 | 498,243 | 587,740 | 445,391 | 445,376 |
| Under 35 | 449,596 | 710,225 | 734,168 | 734,168 | 46,737 | 48,802 | 56,902 | 56,902 |
| 35 under 45 | 1,148,302 | 1,999,077 | 1,683,520 | 1,683,524 | 123,356 | 142,807 | 122,738 | 122,738 |
| 45 under 55 | 1,281,108 | 2,341,853 | 1,823,345 | 1,823,345 | 144,827 | 162,456 | 125,127 | 125,112 |
| 55 under 65 | 948,563 | 1,760,886 | 1,340,236 | 1,340,171 | 126,240 | 157,069 | 89,246 | 89,246 |
| 65 and older | 508,426 | 936,526 | 716,673 | 715,877 | 57,083 | 76,606 | 51,378 | 51,378 |

[^30]Table 4. Individual Noncash Charitable Contributions: All Returns with Donations, by Donations Types and Donor Age, Form 8283, Tax Year 2006—Continued
[All figures are estimates based on samples -money amounts are in thousands of dollars]

| Donor age | Household items |  |  |  | Cars and other vehicles |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Number of returns | Number of donations | Fair market value | Amount carried to Schedule A [1] | Number of returns | Number of donations | Fair market value | Amount carried to Schedule A [1] |
| All ages | (33) | (34) | (35) | (36) | (37) | (38) | (39) | (40) |
|  | 2,802,627 | 4,924,144 | 3,847,074 | 3,821,313 | 306,563 | 318,497 | 593,606 | 560,637 |
| Under 35 | 268,719 | 392,239 | 382,370 | 382,370 | 27,166 | 27,174 | 54,966 | 48,770 |
| 35 under 45 | 718,358 | 1,229,230 | 975,525 | 975,504 | 71,273 | 73,911 | 120,178 | 120,046 |
| 45 under 55 | 817,859 | 1,468,448 | 1,121,018 | 1,118,800 | 96,506 | 97,309 | 141,305 | 140,780 |
| 55 under 65 | 641,961 | 1,142,872 | 838,052 | 837,846 | 72,492 | 77,567 | 166,973 | 141,254 |
| 65 and older | 355,730 | 691,355 | 530,110 | 506,793 | 39,126 | 42,536 | 110,184 | 109,786 |
| Donor age | Other [2] |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | Number of returns |  | Number of donations |  | Fair market value |  | Amount carried to Schedule A [1] |  |
| All ages | (41) |  | (42) |  | (43) |  | (44) |  |
|  | 859,496 |  | 1,262,077 |  | 3,016,794 |  | 2,965,411 |  |
| Under 35 | 72,789 |  | 97,984 |  | 124,483 |  | 122,608 |  |
| 35 under 45 | 187,631 |  | 241,052 |  | 372,266 |  | 371,437 |  |
| 45 under 55 | 251,757 |  | 369,737 |  | 631,329 |  | 628,460 |  |
| 55 under 65 | 209,524 |  | 309,864 |  | 943,831 |  | 913,879 |  |
| 65 and older | 137,796 |  | 243,441 |  | 944,886 |  | 929,027 |  |

[1] Amount carried to Schedule A is the fair market value from Section A (items with a deduction of $\$ 5,000$ or less or publicly traded securities) plus the lesser of the fair market value
or amount claimed on Section B (items with a deduction of more than $\$ 5,000$ ).
[2] Other donations includes intellectual property, services, and airline tickets and miles.

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Table 5. Individual Noncash Charitable Contributions: All Donations Made to Donee Organizations, by Donor Age, Form 8283, Tax Year 2006
[All figures are estimates based on samples-money amounts are in thousands of dollars]

| Donor age | All returns |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Number of returns | Number of donations | Fair market value | Amount carried to Schedule A [1] | Number of returns with contributions on Schedule A | Amount of contributions on Schedule A | Number of returns with cash contributions on Schedule A | Amount of cash contributions on Schedule A |
| All ages | (1) | (2) | (3) | (4) | (5) | (6) | (7) | (8) |
|  | 6,174,855 | 15,682,030 | 50,310,197 | 46,841,245 | 6,145,515 | 46,644,496 | 5,598,162 | 29,818,427 |
| Under 35 | 649,666 | 1,293,317 | 2,259,608 | 1,957,073 | 644,615 | 1,953,333 | 530,033 | 1,483,872 |
| 35 under 45 | 1,566,178 | 3,780,046 | 5,079,973 | 4,840,502 | 1,561,668 | 4,804,572 | 1,370,872 | 4,477,510 |
| 45 under 55 | 1,793,726 | 4,667,891 | 9,551,528 | 8,789,705 | 1,785,100 | 8,742,838 | 1,645,514 | 7,524,069 |
| 55 under 65 | 1,352,832 | 3,642,245 | 11,662,652 | 10,675,344 | 1,346,226 | 10,593,012 | 1,279,670 | 7,575,184 |
| 65 and older | 812,452 | 2,298,531 | 21,756,437 20,578,621 |  | 807,906 | 20,550,739 | 772,073 | 8,757,792 |
| Donor age | Arts, culture, and humanities |  |  |  | Educational institutions |  |  |  |
|  | Number of returns | Number of donations | Fair market value | Amount carried to Schedule A [1] | Number of returns | Number of donations | Fair market value | Amount carried to Schedule A [1] |
| All ages | (9) | (10) | (11) | (12) | (13) | (14) | (15) | (16) |
|  | 265,011 | 358,420 | 1,842,684 | 1,729,915 | 315,232 | 437,120 | 5,079,098 | 4,790,188 |
| Under 35 | 8,721 | 8,747 | 19,073 | 16,150 | 10,576 | 12,216 | 32,011 | 31,418 |
| 35 under 45 | 31,633 | 48,166 | 52,496 | 43,177 | 59,520 | 69,783 | 233,761 | 171,150 |
| 45 under 55 | 69,418 | 84,464 | 215,295 | 210,940 | 96,927 | 139,455 | 737,216 | 666,160 |
| 55 under 65 | 81,886 | 111,198 | 468,322 | 426,932 | 73,016 | 101,423 | 1,126,433 | 1,077,799 |
| 65 and older | 73,352 | 105,845 | 1,087,499 | 1,032,716 | 75,194 | 114,242 | 2,949,676 | 2,843,661 |
| Donor age | Environmental and animal-related organizations |  |  |  | Health and medical research |  |  |  |
|  | Number of returns | Number of donations | Fair market value | Amount carried to Schedule A [1] | Number of returns | Number of donations | Fair market value | Amount carried to Schedule A [1] |
| All ages | (17) | (18) | (19) | (20) | (21) | (22) | (23) | (24) |
|  | 107,455 | 175,324 | 4,210,571 | 2,769,989 | 964,138 | 1,491,284 | 2,280,292 | 2,167,023 |
| Under 35 | 5,426 | 5,451 | 320,970 | 49,694 | 74,995 | 110,857 | 98,435 | 98,435 |
| 35 under 45 | 19,693 26,672 |  | 311,275 | 210,281 | 226,043 | 349,103 | 288,882 | 281,782 |
| 45 under 55 | 31,889 | 43,269 | 911,016 | 695,676 | 293,471 | 473,783 | 473,298 | 432,376 |
| 55 under 65 | 27,850 | 63,144 | 1,070,605 | 631,116 | 227,316 | 355,512 | 458,969 | 450,824 |
| 65 and older | 22,597 | 36,787 | 1,596,705 | 1,183,222 | 142,312 | 202,029 | 960,707 | 903,607 |

Footnotes at end of table.

Table 5. Individual Noncash Charitable Contributions: All Donations Made to Donee Organizations, by Donor Age, Form 8283, Tax Year 2006—Continued
[All figures are estimates based on samples-money amounts are in thousands of dollars]

| Donor age | Large organizations |  |  |  | Public and societal benefit |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Number of returns | Number of donations | Fair market value | Amount carried to Schedule A [1] | Number of returns | Number of donations | Fair market value | Amount carried to Schedule A [1] |
| All ages | (25) | (26) | (27) | (28) | (29) | (30) | (31) | (32 |
|  | 4,592,309 | 9,159,138 | 8,018,718 | 8,003,464 | 1,069,973 | 1,628,317 | 3,086,326 | 2,808,888 |
| Under 35 | 496,749 | 868,928 | 922,655 | 922,280 | 76,317 | 109,423 | 119,653 | 110,439 |
| 35 under 45 | 1,213,577 | 2,456,215 | 2,060,379 | 2,057,521 | 257,314 | 355,100 | 510,811 | 497,951 |
| 45 under 55 | 1,380,477 | 2,773,681 | 2,319,240 | 2,311,426 | 305,812 | 465,699 | 596,735 | 525,753 |
| 55 under 65 | 981,235 | 2,013,882 | 1,660,384 | 1,658,896 | 259,931 | 411,089 | 988,683 | 881,179 |
| 65 and older | 520,270 | 1,046,431 | 1,056,060 | 1,053,343 | 170,598 | 287,006 | 870,443 | 793,566 |
| Donor age | Religious organizations |  |  |  | Donor-advised funds |  |  |  |
|  | Number of returns | Number of donations | Fair market value | Amount carried to Schedule A [1] | Number of returns | Number of donations | Fair market value | Amount carried to Schedule A [1] |
| All ages | (33) | (34) | (35) | (36) | (37) | (38) | (39) | (40) |
|  | 1,081,541 | 1,662,865 | 4,272,555 | 4,075,699 | 20,691 | 35,686 | 1,960,173 | 1,958,349 |
| Under 35 | 77,515 | 121,843 | 205,499 | 196,702 | 567 | 608 | 71,527 | 71,527 |
| 35 under 45 | 213,836 | 308,726 | 505,663 | 485,380 | 2,951 | 4,405 | 206,512 | 206,512 |
| 45 under 55 | 308,645 | 498,210 | 972,630 | 917,104 | 5,902 | 11,155 | 567,076 | 566,504 |
| 55 under 65 | 272,555 | 402,362 | 1,004,625 | 907,606 | 4,751 | 8,590 | 589,625 | 588,374 |
| 65 and older | 208,991 | 331,725 | 1,584,139 | 1,568,908 | 6,519 | 10,928 | 525,434 | 525,433 |
| Donor age | Foundations |  |  |  | Other donees |  |  |  |
|  | Number of returns | Number of donations | Fair market value | Amount carried to Schedule A [1] | Number of returns | Number of donations | Fair market value | Amount carried to Schedule A [1] |
| All ages | (41) | (42) | (43) | (44) | (45) | (46) | (47) | (48) |
|  | 136,188 | 197,586 | 16,423,243 | 15,547,278 | 416,941 | 536,290 | 3,136,537 | 2,990,450 |
| Under 35 | 10,382 | 13,005 | 354,460 | 354,244 | 37,851 | 42,239 | 115,325 | 106,184 |
| 35 under 45 | 26,569 | 43,532 | 573,591 | 551,908 | 98,279 | 118,344 | 336,602 | 334,841 |
| 45 under 55 | 40,212 | 54,439 | 2,143,713 | 1,887,136 | 96,185 | 123,735 | 615,310 | 576,632 |
| 55 under 65 | 32,168 | 45,877 | 3,300,406 | 3,063,067 | 105,884 | 129,166 | 994,600 | 989,550 |
| 65 and older | 26,857 | 40,733 | 10,051,073 | 9,690,922 | 78,742 | 122,805 | 1,074,701 | 983,243 |

[1] Amount carried to Schedule A is the fair market value from Section A (items with a deduction of $\$ 5,000$ or less or publicly-traded securities) plus the lesser of the fair market value or amount claimed on Section B (items with a deduction of more than $\$ 5,000$ ).

# S Corporation Returns, 2006 

by Heather Duffy Parisi

In Tax Year 2006, S corporations accounted for 3.9 million, or 66.3 percent, of the 5.8 million corporate returns filed, continuing to be the most popular type of corporate entity. Despite representing nearly two-thirds of all corporations, S corporations accounted for only 21.2 percent of the $\$ 27.4$ trillion of total receipts and 4.2 percent of the $\$ 73.1$ trillion of total assets reported on corporate returns. S corporations reported $\$ 5.8$ trillion of total receipts and $\$ 3.0$ trillion of total assets, increases of 10.7 percent and 11.4 percent, respectively, from 2005. Total net income (less deficit) reported by S corporations increased $\$ 25.2$ billion, or 7.0 percent, from $\$ 361.0$ billion for 2005 to $\$ 386.2$ billion for 2006 (Figure A). The majority of this increase came from net income (less deficit) from trade or business, which grew $\$ 13.0$ billion to $\$ 295.9$ billion.

The total number of returns filed by S corporations for Tax Year 2006 increased 5.1 percent to 3.9 million, from 3.7 million reported in 2005. Filings of $S$ corporation returns have increased at an average annual rate of 8.2 percent since the enactment of the Tax Reform Act of 1986 (Figure B). During the same time period, taxable corporations have experi-
enced an average annual decline of 1.3 percent. The term "taxable corporations" refers to corporations other than S corporations. ${ }^{1}$

For Tax Year 2006, 349.7 thousand corporations elected subchapter $S$ status for the first time. Of these, 264.0 thousand were newly incorporated businesses. The remaining 85.7 thousand elected to make the conversion from a taxable corporation to an S corporation. Although the number of business electing $S$ corporation status decreased 1.8 percent in 2006, the number of shareholders grew by 5.1 percent, and total assets increased by 11.4 percent (Figure C).

## Income Statement Highlights

Total net income (less deficit) increased for Tax Year 2006. Net income (less deficit) from a trade or business is the largest component of total net income (less deficit), accounting for 76.6 percent of the total. Net income (less deficit) from a trade or business increased by $\$ 13.0$ billion, from $\$ 282.9$ billion in 2005 to $\$ 295.9$ billion in $2006 .{ }^{2}$

Portfolio income (less deficit) distributed to shareholders increased 17.9 percent to $\$ 82.0$ bil-

## Figure A

S Corporation Total Net Income (Less Deficit), Tax Years 2005-2006
[Money amounts are in thousands of dollars]

| Item | 2005 | 2006 | Change |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | Amount | Percentage |
|  | (1) | (2) | (3) | (4) |
| Total net income (less deficit) | 361,042,566 | 386,202,310 | 25,159,744 | 7.0 |
| Net income (less deficit) from trade or business | 282,903,509 | 295,929,473 | 13,025,964 | 4.6 |
| Portfolio dividend income | 4,892,559 | 6,471,731 | 1,579,172 | 32.3 |
| Portfolio interest income | 12,860,347 | 18,483,014 | 5,622,667 | 43.7 |
| Portfolio royalty income | 1,085,352 | 1,360,338 | 274,986 | 25.3 |
| Portfolio net short-term capital gain (less loss) | 2,064,545 | 1,508,376 | -556,169 | -26.9 |
| Portfolio net long-term capital gain (less loss), | 48,653,357 | 54,205,761 | 5,552,404 | 11.4 |
| Real estate rental net income (less deficit) | 7,299,983 | 6,832,640 | -467,343 | -6.4 |
| Net income (less deficit) from other rental activity | 1,282,914 | 1,410,976 | 128,062 | 10.0 |

NOTE: Detail may not add to totals because of rounding.

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[^31]
## Figure B


lion, an increase of $\$ 12.5$ billion. Portfolio income (less deficit) consists of interest, dividends, annuities, royalties, and gain or loss from the disposition of income-producing or investment property that is not derived in the ordinary course of business. The two major categories of portfolio income that contributed to this increase were interest income, which increased by $\$ 5.6$ billion, and higher net long-term capital gains, which accounted for another $\$ 5.6$ billion of the increase.

Real estate rental net income (less deficit) decreased by 6.4 percent to $\$ 6.8$ billion, and net income (less deficit) from other rental activities increased by 10.0 percent to $\$ 1.4$ billion.

The majority of total net income (less deficit) was concentrated in four industrial sectors, representing $\$ 230.2$ billion, or 59.6 percent of the total.

The wholesale and retail trade sector represented 19.2 percent of total net income (less deficit), or $\$ 74.2$ billion. Manufacturing and construction represented 15.0 percent and 14.3 percent, respectively. Professional, scientific, and technical services accounted for 11.1 percent (Figure D).

Total receipts for S corporations increased $\$ 562.9$ billion to $\$ 5.8$ trillion, an increase of 10.7 percent from 2005. ${ }^{3}$ The largest component of total receipts was business receipts, which increased \$552.8 million to \$5.7 trillion for Tax Year 2006. Total deductions increased $\$ 549.7$ billion to $\$ 5.5$ trillion, an increase of 11.1 percent. The largest component of total deductions, cost of goods sold, accounted for $\$ 3.6$ trillion, or 64.8 percent, of total deductions, an increase of $\$ 352.5$ billion over the previous year. The next largest component of total

[^32]
## Figure $C$

S Corporation Annual Percentage Increase or Decrease for Tax Years 1995-2006

| Tax year | Number of S corporations | Number of newly elected <br> S corporations ${ }^{1}$ | Number of new S corporations ${ }^{2}$ | Number of shareholders | Total assets | Total receipts | Total net income (less deficit) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | (1) | (2) | (3) | (4) | (5) | (6) | (7) |
|  | Percentages |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1995 | 6.4 | 9.2 | 8.3 | 4.3 | 7.8 | 8.8 | 8.1 |
| 1996 | 7.0 | -0.4 | 0.9 | 5.0 | 8.1 | 8.9 | 26.3 |
| 1997 | 6.4 | 19.5 | 18.3 | 4.9 | 18.8 | 10.6 | 22.2 |
| 1998 | 5.5 | -3.3 | 2.8 | 3.9 | 11.3 | 5.7 | 18.8 |
| 1999 | 5.3 | -2.7 | -8.9 | 4.9 | 11.9 | 7.8 | 6.6 |
| 2000 | 4.9 | -3.0 | -0.7 | 2.6 | 9.9 | 9.6 | 2.5 |
| 2001 | 4.4 | 2.2 | -2.6 | 3.1 | 5.2 | 4.0 | -5.5 |
| 2002 | 5.6 | 11.0 | 18.0 | 5.8 | 7.1 | 4.0 | -2.2 |
| 2003 | 5.9 | 3.7 | 4.1 | 2.9 | 8.4 | 8.2 | 16.5 |
| 2004 | 5.3 | 0.4 | 4.2 | 4.1 | 11.5 | 11.9 | 28.9 |
| 2005 | 4.7 | 3.5 | -0.1 | 4.0 | 12.3 | 10.9 | 31.1 |
| 2006 | 5.1 | -1.8 | 0.3 | 5.1 | 11.4 | 10.7 | 7.0 |

[1] Newly elected S corporations included startup businesses and corporations electing to convert to an S corporation.
[2] New S corporations only include corporations that started business within the reported tax year.
deductions, salaries and wages, increased $\$ 50.0$ billion to $\$ 588.9$ billion, from $\$ 538.9$ billion in 2005.

The four industrial sectors that accounted for the majority of net income likewise represented the largest portion of total receipts for all S corporations (Figure E). Wholesale and retail trade represented 40.3 percent of total receipts, or $\$ 2.3$ trillion. Construction, with $\$ 941.4$ billion in total receipts, represented 16.2 percent of the total, while manufacturing and professional, scientific, and technical services accounted for $\$ 709.0$ billion and $\$ 372.0$ billion, respectively.

Nearly two-thirds, 65.1 percent, of all S corporations reported positive net income. ${ }^{4}$ These 2.5 million $S$ corporations reported $\$ 457.0$ billion in positive total net income, an increase of $\$ 35.7$ billion over the $\$ 421.3$ billion reported in 2005. Total net income from a trade or business increased $\$ 23.5$ billion for companies reporting positive net income. Total receipts increased $\$ 389.0$ billion, and total deductions increased $\$ 365.2$ billion for all S corporations with positive net income.

## Balance Sheet Highlights

Total assets for S corporations increased $\$ 311.8$ billion, or 11.4 percent, from the previous year. ${ }^{5}$ The largest component of total assets for Tax Year 2006 was net notes and accounts receivable, which accounted for $\$ 709.1$ billion, or 23.3 percent of total assets. ${ }^{6}$ Net notes and accounts receivable also displayed the largest increase from the previous year, growing $\$ 78.9$ billion, or 12.5 percent.

Four industrial sectors combined to account for $\$ 1.8$ trillion, or 59.0 percent, of $S$ corporation total assets: wholesale and retail trade; construction; management of companies (holding companies); and manufacturing (Figure F). Wholesale and retail trade held the largest portion of total assets for S corporations, representing $\$ 650.2$ billion, or 21.3 percent of total assets for S corporations. S corporations in construction reported $\$ 425.8$ billion, or 14.0 percent of total assets. Assets in management of companies totaled $\$ 379.9$ billion, or 12.5 percent. Manufacturing held $\$ 342.4$ billion of assets, or 11.2 percent.

[^33]
## Figure D

## S Corporation Total Assets, Total Receipts, and Total Net Income (Less Deficit), by Industrial Sector,

 Tax Year 2006[Money amounts are in thousands of dollars]

| Item | All industries [1] | Agriculture, forestry, fishing, and hunting | Mining | Utilities | Construction | Manufacturing |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | (1) | (2) | (3) | (4) | (5) | (6) |
| Number of returns | 3,872,766 | 81,635 | 22,874 | d | 555,606 | 155,771 |
| Total assets | 3,048,770,219 | 59,119,290 | 51,525,479 | d | 425,758,506 | 342,375,747 |
| Total receipts | 5,815,389,092 | 71,596,996 | 49,301,864 | d | 941,403,131 | 708,952,026 |
| Total net income (less deficit) | 386,202,310 | 2,675,677 | 13,750,761 | d | 55,158,287 | 58,015,232 |
| Net income (less deficit) from a trade or business | 295,929,473 | 986,317 | 11,135,283 | d | 49,996,092 | 45,200,576 |
| Portfolio income (less deficit) distributed to shareholders, total | 82,029,220 | 1,417,419 | 2,513,509 | d | 4,858,573 | 12,516,245 |
| Dividend income | 6,471,731 | 77,429 | 212,417 | d | 231,795 | 986,383 |
| Interest income | 18,483,014 | 461,910 | 491,560 | d | 2,267,891 | 1,751,103 |
| Royalty income | 1,360,338 | 120,148 | 386,611 | d | 10,407 | 233,425 |
| Net short-term capital gain (less loss) | 1,508,376 | 7,768 | 24,722 | d | 109,436 | 17,920 |
| Net long-term capital gain (less loss) | 54,205,761 | 750,164 | 1,398,198 | d | 2,239,044 | 9,527,414 |
| Real estate rental net income (less deficit) | 6,832,640 | 194,281 | 41,614 | d | 142,297 | 160,582 |
| Net income (less deficit) from other rental activity | 1,410,976 | 77,660 | 60,356 | d | 161,325 | 137,829 |
| Item | Wholesale and retail trade | Wholesale trade | Retail trade | Wholesale and retail trade not allocable | Transportation and warehousing | Information |
|  | (7) | (8) | (9) | (10) | (11) | (12) |
| Number of returns | 624,082 | 220,166 | 402,267 | *1649 | 124,096 | 77,671 |
| Total assets | 650,243,950 | 306,133,344 | 343,817,959 | *292,647 | 74,689,625 | 62,101,950 |
| Total receipts | 2,342,855,340 | 1,085,996,929 | 1,256,389,253 | *469,158 | 180,059,093 | 69,472,637 |
| Total net income (less deficit) | 74,190,630 | 45,112,273 | 29,086,275 | *-7,917 | 8,032,587 | 6,752,740 |
| Net income (less deficit) from a trade or business | 59,517,746 | 36,746,176 | 22,779,528 | *-7,958 | 6,765,978 | 3,193,458 |
| Portfolio income (less deficit) distributed to shareholders, total | 13,773,967 | 7,897,003 | 5,876,923 | *41 | 989,608 | 3,509,237 |
| Dividend income | 1,547,295 | 649,293 | 898,003 | 0 | 66,463 | 331,176 |
| Interest income | 2,890,128 | 1,276,992 | 1,613,136 | 0 | 393,364 | 800,168 |
| Royalty income | 152,854 | 140,025 | 12,829 | 0 | 2,421 | 20,305 |
| Net short-term capital gain (less loss) | 46,848 | 33,846 | 13,003 | 0 | 1,196 | 41,256 |
| Net long-term capital gain (less loss) | 9,136,842 | 5,796,848 | 3,339,953 | *41 | 526,164 | 2,316,333 |
| Real estate rental net income (less deficit) | 491,551 | 198,547 | 293,004 | 0 | 92,750 | 50,822 |
| Net income (less deficit) from other rental activity | 407,366 | 270,546 | 136,820 | 0 | 184,251 | -777 |

[^34]
## S Corporation Returns, 2006

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## Figure D-Continued

## S Corporation Total Assets, Total Receipts, and Total Net Income (Less Deficit), by Industrial Sector, Tax Year 2006-Continued

[Money amounts are in thousands of dollars]

| Item | Finance and insurance | Real estate and rental and leasing | Professional, scientific, and technical services | Management of companies (holding companies) | Administrative and support and waste management and remediation services |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | (13) | (14) | (15) | (16) | (17) |
| Number of returns | 154,850 | 450,852 | 585,940 | 24,601 | 189,231 |
| Total assets | 287,866,628 | 325,262,297 | 109,562,597 | 379,906,613 | 51,410,922 |
| Total receipts | 133,305,193 | 130,104,289 | 371,982,165 | 29,111,848 | 205,470,157 |
| Total net income (less deficit) | 27,040,557 | 26,155,047 | 42,846,803 | 14,591,663 | 12,749,269 |
| Net income (less deficit) from a trade or business | 16,530,945 | 9,309,316 | 36,560,921 | 8,023,866 | 11,098,140 |
| shareholders, total | 10,575,568 | 11,416,864 | 6,023,332 | 6,646,113 | 1,563,206 |
| Dividend income | 1,259,153 | 591,674 | 223,081 | 665,615 | 100,942 |
| Interest income | 2,068,575 | 2,641,312 | 1,214,821 | 1,382,736 | 541,281 |
| Royalty income | 42,859 | 66,987 | 13,055 | 75,551 | 15,648 |
| Net short-term capital gain (less loss) | 805,684 | 167,040 | 123,597 | 138,229 | -6,902 |
| Net long-term capital gain (less loss) | 6,399,297 | 7,949,851 | 4,448,778 | 4,383,982 | 912,237 |
| Real estate rental net income (less deficit) | -36,478 | 5,171,723 | 200,469 | -86,560 | 57,206 |
| Net income (less deficit) from other rental activity | -29,477 | 257,143 | 62,082 | 8,245 | 30,718 |
| Item | Educational services | Health care and social assistance | Arts, entertainment, and recreation | Accommodation and food services | Other services |
|  | (18) | (19) | (20) | (21) | (22) |
| Number of returns | 31,611 | 264,636 | 84,206 | 207,761 | 233,674 |
| Total assets | 6,220,602 | 51,091,353 | 32,210,054 | 92,096,715 | 41,258,098 |
| Total receipts | 14,219,237 | 213,777,696 | 43,308,592 | 181,791,483 | 118,684,938 |
| Total net income (less deficit) | 1,984,455 | 23,183,112 | 4,316,358 | 7,884,353 | 6,015,757 |
| Net income (less deficit) from a trade or business | 1,307,469 | 21,577,828 | 3,029,872 | 6,337,862 | 4,811,361 |
| shareholders, total | 672,272 | 1,496,797 | 1,198,892 | 1,395,846 | 1,154,864 |
| Dividend income | 2,546 | 36,427 | 33,028 | 69,316 | 35,736 |
| Interest income | 38,484 | 350,056 | 296,680 | 591,972 | 208,512 |
| Royalty income | 6,523 | 1,401 | 161,898 | 46,869 | 3,217 |
| Net short-term capital gain (less loss) | 6,259 | 17,165 | 13,685 | 3,372 | -8,823 |
| Net long-term capital gain (less loss) | 618,461 | 1,091,749 | 693,601 | 684,316 | 916,222 |
| Real estate rental net income (less deficit) | 3,733 | 104,581 | 95,164 | 107,809 | 39,552 |
| Net income (less deficit) from other rental activity | 982 | 3,905 | -7,570 | 42,835 | 9,981 |

* Estimate should be used with caution because of the small number of returns on which it is based.
d-Not shown to avoid disclosure of information about specific taxpayers. However, the data are included in the appropriate totals.
[1] Includes returns not allocable by industrial sector, which are not shown separately.
NOTE: Detail may not add to totals because of rounding


## Figure E

## S Corporation Total Receipts, by Industrial Sector, Tax Year 2006



Figure F
S Corporation Total Assets, by Industrial Sector, Tax Year 2006


The two largest components of total liabilities and equity for Tax Year 2006 were total net worth and mortgages, notes, and bonds payable in 1 year or more. Total net worth accounted for $\$ 863.0$ billion of total liabilities, or 28.3 percent. Total net worth represents the shareholders' equity in the corporation and is comprised of capital stock, paid-in capital surplus, retained earnings unappropriated, and adjustment to shareholders' equity, reduced by cost of treasury stock. Retained earnings unappropriated (including adjustments to shareholders' equity) accounted for $\$ 549.3$ billion, or 63.7 percent, of total net worth. Mortgages, notes, and bonds payable in 1 year or more accounted for $\$ 599.7$ billion of total liabilities, or 19.7 percent.

## Size of Business Receipts ${ }^{7}$

In Tax Year 2006, over half of all S corporations (2.2 million) reported business receipts of less than $\$ 250$ thousand. ${ }^{8}$ Even though the majority of S corporations fall into the smaller business receipt classes, there were 14,312 companies with business receipts of $\$ 50$ million or greater, and they accounted for $\$ 2.0$ trillion, which is over one-third of all business receipts.

The wholesale and retail trade sector accounted for $\$ 2.3$ trillion of the $\$ 5.7$ trillion in total business receipts reported, or 40.6 percent. Over half of all S corporations with business receipts of $\$ 50$ million or more fall into the wholesale and retail trade sector. These companies with business receipts of $\$ 50$ million or more accounted for $\$ 1.1$ trillion of this sector's business receipts, or 47.1 percent.

## Income from Rental Real Estate

The number of S corporations reporting rental real estate income on Form 8825, Rental Real Estate Income and Expenses of a Partnership or an S Corporation, decreased slightly in Tax Year 2006, down 2.2 percent from Tax Year 2005 to 259.3 thousand. ${ }^{9}$ Rental real estate expenses increased $\$ 2.6$ billion, or 9.7 percent. Of the rental real estate expenses, interest expense increased most, $\$ 938.1$ million to $\$ 7.6$ billion for Tax Year 2006. Real estate rental net income (less deficit) decreased by 6.4 percent

[^35]
## Figure $G$

S Corporations Number of Returns, by Number of Shareholders and Industrial Sector, Tax Year 2006

| Industrial sector | Total [1] | Number of shareholders |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4-10 | 11-20 | 21-30 | 31 or more |
|  | (1) | (2) | (3) | (4) | (5) | (6) | (7) | (8) |
| All industries [2] | 3,872,766 | 2,323,413 | 1,135,372 | 199,694 | 191,717 | 14,478 | 4,408 | 3,684 |
| Agriculture, forestry, fishing, and hunting | 81,635 | 34,138 | 28,716 | 6,601 | 11,315 | 524 | 316 | 25 |
| Mining | 22,874 | 10,489 | 7,128 | 1,277 | 3,000 | 542 | 6 | 433 |
| Utilities | d | 1,501 | *193 | *10 | *338 | d | d | 0 |
| Construction | 555,606 | 328,317 | 182,930 | 25,529 | 18,237 | 382 | 125 | 86 |
| Manufacturing | 155,771 | 74,456 | 51,595 | 12,796 | 15,189 | 1,124 | 469 | 143 |
| Wholesale trade and retail trade [3] | 624,082 | 341,669 | 212,381 | 34,898 | 32,327 | 2,200 | 149 | 458 |
| Transporation and warehousing | 124,096 | 79,518 | 37,104 | 4,556 | 2,783 | 111 | *17 | 8 |
| Information | 77,671 | 48,429 | 19,526 | 5,827 | 3,525 | 186 | *156 | 22 |
| Finance and insurance | 154,850 | 105,170 | 35,299 | 5,870 | 6,944 | 744 | 548 | 274 |
| Real estate and rental and leasing | 450,852 | 243,126 | 128,897 | 34,854 | 39,316 | 3,762 | 751 | 147 |
| Professional, scientific, and technical services | 585,940 | 409,756 | 138,993 | 21,498 | 13,739 | 957 | 867 | 131 |
| Management of companies | 24,601 | 10,321 | 6,111 | 2,098 | 4,048 | 976 | 176 | 872 |
| Administrative and support and waste management and remediation services | 189,231 | 114,700 | 60,453 | 8,824 | 4,992 | 96 | *109 | *57 |
| Educational services | 31,611 | 22,713 | 8,063 | *762 | 65 | d | 0 | d |
| Health care and social assistance | 264,636 | 213,006 | 37,362 | 6,426 | 6,177 | 1,006 | 508 | 151 |
| Arts, entertainment, and recreation | 84,206 | 58,690 | 16,589 | 3,394 | 5,226 | 273 | *22 | *12 |
| Accommodation and food services | 207,761 | 96,632 | 78,539 | 14,064 | 16,531 | 1,089 | 83 | 824 |
| Other services | 233,674 | 129,992 | 85,098 | 10,409 | 7,966 | *60 | d | d |

* Data should be used with caution because of the small number of sample returns on which they are based.
d-Not shown to avoid disclosure of information about specific taxpayers. However, the data are included in the appropriate totals.
[1] Total includes S corporations for which neither a number of shareholders was reported nor a Schedule K-1, Shareholder's Share of Income, Credits, Deductions, etc., was filed.
[2] Includes returns not allocable by industrial sector, which are not shown separately.
[3] This industrial sector includes "Wholesale and Retail Trade Not Allocable," which is not shown separately
NOTE: Detail may not add to total due to rounding.
to $\$ 6.8$ billion for 2006 . The real estate and rental and leasing sector accounted for the majority of real estate rental net income (less deficit), reporting $\$ 5.2$ billion of the $\$ 6.8$ billion reported for all industries. More than two-thirds ( 69.6 percent) of $S$ corporations reporting income on Form 8825 were classified in this sector.


## Shareholder Data

S corporation shareholders are limited to a few types of entities, including individuals, estates, certain trusts, individuals in bankruptcy, and charitable organizations. The number of S corporation shareholders increased 5.1 percent to 6.7 million for Tax Year 2006. ${ }^{10}$ The total number of returns with only one shareholder increased 5.7 percent, from 2.2 million in 2005 to 2.3 million for 2006, representing 60.0 percent of $S$ corporation returns, and 34.9 percent of the total number of shareholders for all S corporations. The professional, scientific, and tech-
nical services sector represented the largest number of returns with one shareholder (Figure G). The number of returns with four or more shareholders increased 3.6 percent from 2005, and the number of shareholders on those returns increased 5.7 percent. S corporations with 10 or fewer shareholders represented 99.4 percent of all S corporations for Tax Year 2006. The wholesale and retail trade sector had the largest number of returns with 10 or fewer shareholders. During the same period, S corporations with more than 30 shareholders increased 11.5 percent to 3,684.

The American Jobs Creation Act of 2004 increased the allowable number of shareholders from 75 to 100 for tax years beginning after 2004. Also, family members (i.e., common ancestor, lineal descendents of the common ancestor, and the spouses, or former spouses, of the lineal descendants or the common ancestor) may elect to be treated as only one shareholder for purposes of meeting the 100
shareholder limit. S corporation returns with more than 75 shareholders increased 133.3 percent, from the 81 reported for Tax Year 2005 to 189 for Tax Year 2006.

## SCorporation Taxation

S corporations generally do not pay income tax, due to their treatment as passthrough entities. However, they may be subject to some types of Federal income taxes, including the built-in gains tax, the excess net passive income tax, the investment credit recapture tax, and the LIFO recapture tax (included in "Adjustments to tax" in Figure H). The builtin gains tax is the most common of the four. The built-in gains tax represented $\$ 583.7$ million, or 91.3 percent, of all Federal income tax reported by S corporations for 2006. S corporations that were previously C corporations and made a valid $S$ election after 1986 must pay tax on any realized gain from the sale of certain assets. These assets must be held at the time of election, and the sale must be made within 10 years from the first day of the S corporation's election for the built-in gains tax to apply. The built-in gains tax is limited to net appreciation occurring prior to a C corporation's election as an S corporation. An S corporation that never operated as a C corporation is not subject to the built-in gains tax. ${ }^{11}$

The excess net passive income tax, the investment credit recapture tax, and the LIFO recapture tax also apply to corporations that operated as taxable corporations before making their S elections. The excess net passive income tax applies only to S corporations with net passive investment income accounting for more than 25 percent of gross receipts and with subchapter C earnings. S corporations are required to pay the investment credit recapture tax on the recapture amount attributable to credits allowed on the corporation in years prior to the S election. The last-in, first-out (LIFO) recapture tax does not apply to a corporation that made an S election prior to December 18, 1987, and uses the LIFO method to value inventory. A LIFO recapture amount, which is the amount of inventory valued under the first-in, first-out (FIFO) method that exceeds the inventory valued under LIFO, is included in gross income after a corporation converts to an
$S$ corporation. Inventory that is transferred to an $S$ corporation during a tax-free reorganization of a C corporation is also subject to the LIFO recapture tax.

S corporations reported total net income of $\$ 386.2$ billion and total tax liability of $\$ 639.4$ million during Tax Year 2006. The total tax reported for all S corporations increased 4.6 percent from 2005 to 2006 (Figure H). The excess net passive income tax increased 108.2 percent to $\$ 45.6$ million for Tax Year 2006. Of the 3.9 million $S$ corporations that filed in 2006, only 7,074 , or 0.2 percent, reported tax liability.

## Summary

The number of $S$ corporations increased 5.1 percent to 3.9 million for Tax Year 2006, representing nearly two-thirds of all corporations. The number of shareholders also increased by 5.1 percent, to 6.7 million. Total net income (less deficit) increased 7.0 percent to $\$ 386.2$ billion. The largest component of total net income (less deficit), net income (less deficit) from a trade or business, increased $\$ 13.0$ billion to $\$ 295.9$ billion, representing 76.6 percent of total net income (less deficit). Nearly two-thirds of all S corporations reported positive net income, accounting for $\$ 457.0$ billion of positive total net income. $S$ corporation total assets increased 11.4 percent from the previous year to $\$ 3.0$ trillion. Slightly fewer $S$ corporations reported rental real estate income for Tax Year 2006, down 2.2 percent to 259.3 thousand. These companies reported $\$ 6.8$ billion of real estate rental net income (less deficit).

## Figure H

S Corporation Taxes, Tax Years 2005 and 2006
[Money amounts are in thousands of dollars]

| Items | 2005 | 2006 | Percentage change |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | (1) | (2) | (3) |
| Total tax | 611,451 | 639,428 | 4.6 |
| Built-in gains tax | 554,722 | 583,670 | 5.2 |
| Excess net passive income tax | 21,908 | 45,607 | 108.2 |
| Adjustments to tax | 33,370 | 9,283 | -72.2 |
| Investment credit recapture tax | 1,006 | 768 | -23.7 |
| Income tax adjustment | 445 | 101 | -77.3 |

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## S Corporation Returns, 2006

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## Data Sources and Limitations

The statistics for Tax Year 2006 are based on a sample of $S$ corporation income tax returns with accounting periods ending July 2006 through June 2007 that posted to the Internal Revenue Service Business Master File from July 2006 through the end of June 2008.

A stratified probability sample was used to produce the statistics. A sample of $33,016 \mathrm{~S}$ corporation tax returns was drawn from a population of $4,164,612$. The stratification was based on combinations of total assets and ordinary income. Sample rates ranged from 0.25 percent to 100 percent. The sample was selected after administrative processing,
but before audit examination. Based on the 32,458 returns of active S corporations in the sample, the population estimate of $S$ corporation returns was 3,872,766.

Because the estimates are based on a sample, they are subject to sampling error. Coefficients of variation (CVs) are used to measure the magnitude of this sampling error. The CV is defined in the section on sampling variability in the SOI Sampling Methodology and Data Limitations later in this publication. Figure I presents the coefficients of variation for $S$ corporations for selected variables, by industrial division. The smaller the coefficient of variation, the more reliable the estimate.

## Figure I

Coefficients of Variation for Number of Returns, Number of Shareholders, Total Receipts, Dividends, and Interest Income, by Industrial Sector, Tax Year 2006

| NAICS Sector | Number of returns | Number of shareholders | Total receipts | Dividend income | Interest income |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | (1) | (2) | (3) | (4) | (5) |
| All Industries [1] | 0.26 | 0.85 | 0.77 | 3.98 | 1.34 |
| Agriculture, forestry, fishing, and hunting | 4.61 | 5.90 | 5.61 | 14.79 | 10.86 |
| Mining | 10.18 | 25.20 | 6.15 | 4.29 | 3.66 |
| Utilities | 36.53 | 59.12 | 10.63 | 46.58 | 27.58 |
| Construction | 1.19 | 1.66 | 1.59 | 6.32 | 2.56 |
| Manufacturing | 3.63 | 4.03 | 1.50 | 3.99 | 2.81 |
| Wholesale and retail trade | 1.44 | 2.17 | 1.33 | 13.90 | 2.21 |
| Transportation and warehousing | 3.66 | 4.26 | 4.84 | 19.19 | 7.68 |
| Information | 6.07 | 6.83 | 6.82 | 2.64 | 5.27 |
| Finance and insurance | 3.14 | 5.20 | 4.89 | 3.52 | 3.63 |
| Real estate and rental and leasing | 1.46 | 2.77 | 5.15 | 10.15 | 4.17 |
| Professional, scientific, and technical services | 1.44 | 2.60 | 4.56 | 12.88 | 8.54 |
| Management of companies (holding companies) | 10.07 | 16.30 | 1.26 | 15.53 | 3.04 |
| Administrative and support and waste management and remediation services | 3.43 | 4.04 | 8.11 | 34.99 | 16.36 |
| Educational services | 9.61 | 10.50 | 12.09 | 34.08 | 21.88 |
| Health care and social assistance | 1.81 | 4.67 | 5.41 | 16.24 | 20.05 |
| Arts, entertaintment, and recreation | 4.84 | 6.54 | 6.94 | 18.66 | 15.39 |
| Accommodation and food services | 2.01 | 4.60 | 3.18 | 3.15 | 8.26 |
| Other services | 2.71 | 3.36 | 6.45 | 16.75 | 17.78 |

[^37]
# Foreign-Controlled Domestic Corporations, 2006 

by James R. Hobbs

For Tax Year 2006, the 63,951 U.S. domestic corporations, each controlled by a foreign "person," generated $\$ 3.8$ trillion of total receipts with $\$ 9.7$ trillion of total assets, based on information reported on corporation income tax returns filed with the Internal Revenue Service (IRS). Both total receipts and total assets increased for 2006, by 9.5 percent and 5.7 percent, respectively, over the previous year. ${ }^{1}$ These "foreign-controlled domestic corporation" returns were few in number, just 1.1 percent of the total U.S. corporation income tax returns filed. However, they accounted for 14.0 percent of the receipts and 13.3 percent of the assets reported on all U.S. corporation income tax returns.

The total profits (i.e., "net income (less deficit)") reported by all foreign-controlled domestic corporations (FCDCs) for tax purposes under the Internal Revenue Code were $\$ 172.6$ billion for 2006. This was a 4.5 percent increase over the amount reported for the prior year. Placed in context, the profits reported on all corporation income tax returns decreased by 0.8 percent from the prior year, to $\$ 1.9$ trillion for 2006. ${ }^{2}$ FCDCs accounted for 8.9 percent of the profits reported by all corporations for 2006, up from 8.5 percent for 2005.

Of all the FCDCs, 30,318 reported positive profits for 2006 , totaling $\$ 214.8$ billion. This was a 6.6 -percent increase over the prior-year amount. These profitable companies for 2006 also reported $\$ 171.3$ billion of taxable income (i.e., "income subject to tax"), a significant increase of 11.9 percent over the prior year. The U.S. tax liability (i.e., "total income tax after credits") of FCDCs was $\$ 50.0$ billion for 2006, 17.8 percent more than that of the prior year.

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For 2006, there were 3,948 "large" foreign-controlled domestic corporations, each with at least \$250 million of assets or at least $\$ 50$ million of receipts. These large FCDCs accounted for most of the key financial items of all FCDCs: 94.5 percent of total assets, 94.9 percent of total receipts, 93.1 percent of taxable income, and 92.3 percent of total income tax after credits. After an overview of all FCDCs, this article focuses on these large foreign-controlled domestic corporations and compares them to other large domestic corporations, i.e., those not controlled by foreign persons.

Tables showing selected balance sheet, income statement, and tax items for FCDCs are included at the end of this article. Table 1 shows historical FCDC data for selected tax years between 1971 and 2006. Tables 2, 3, and 4 concentrate on Tax Year 2006 data. Table 2 includes information for all FCDCs, classified by major industry under the North American Industry Classification System (NAICS). Table 3 also presents data for all FCDCs, classified by country of the foreign owner, as well as age of the corporation. Table 4 presents information on the "large" FCDCs, classified by industrial sector. For comparison purposes, this table also contains data for the large domestic corporations not controlled by foreign persons.

## Foreign Business Activity in the United States

Foreign business activity in the United States can take several forms, including corporations. With regard to corporations, a foreign investor may own stock of a domestic (i.e., United States) company or in a company that operates in the United States as a branch of a foreign corporation. ${ }^{3,4}$ This article focuses on domestic corporations that are "controlled" by foreign persons. For the foreign-controlled domestic corporations covered in this article, control

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is defined as ownership by one foreign "person," directly or indirectly, of 50 percent or more of the U.S. corporation's voting stock, or of 50 percent or more of the value of all of the corporation's stock, at any time during the accounting period. ${ }^{5,6}$ A person is an entity, including an individual, corporation, partnership, estate, or trust. (This is discussed in greater depth in the Explanation of Selected Terms section of this article, under "constructive ownership rules" and "foreign person.")

The foreign-controlled domestic corporation statistics shown in this article, exclude domestic corporations with only foreign "portfolio" investors. A foreign portfolio investor, having only a minimal interest in a domestic company, exerts no control over the management of the domestic corporation, except to the extent, for example, of rights to vote periodically in stockholder meetings of the corporation. A foreign portfolio investor is primarily seeking dividend payments, an increase in the value of the shares of stock, or both. The Statistics of Income program does not conduct studies covering foreign portfolio investors of domestic corporations.

Foreign-controlled domestic corporations report tax information on: (1) Form 1120, U.S. Corporation Income Tax Return; (2) Form 1120-L, U.S. Life Insurance Company Income Tax Return; (3) Form 1120-PC, U.S. Property and Casualty Insurance Company Income Tax Return; (4) Form 1120-REIT, U.S. Income Tax Return for Real Estate Investment Trusts; and (5) Form 1120-RIC, U.S. Income Tax Return for Regulated Investment Companies. The FCDC statistics shown in this article include all of these return types (unless otherwise stated). Data for all corporation income tax returns discussed in this article include (unless otherwise stated) the five form types listed above, plus two types filed by domestic corporations: Form 1120-A, U.S. Corporation Short-

Form Income Tax Return, and Form 1120S, U.S. Income Tax Return for an S Corporation. Also included in the corporate total is Form 1120-F, U.S. Income Tax Return of a Foreign Corporation, for foreign corporations with income effectively connected with a U.S. trade or business. All of these form types are included in the Statistics of Income Corporate Study, from which FCDC statistics are derived. ${ }^{7}$ However, FCDCs cannot file Forms 1120-A, 1120-F, or 1120 S.

## Foreign-Controlled Domestic Corporations

## Growth of Corporations

The estimated numbers of returns filed by FCDCs have remained rather constant during the 10 -year period of Tax Years 1997-2006. There were 61,621 returns of foreign-controlled domestic corporations for 1997; 63,951 for 2006. With the rapid increase in the total numbers of U.S. corporation income tax returns, FCDCs generally comprised a slowly decreasing percentage of those returns, from 1.3 percent for 1997 down to 1.1 percent for 2006. The increase in total filings of U.S. corporation income tax returns has largely been due to the growth in the number of Forms 1120S filed by S corporations. For 1997, 1120S returns comprised 52.1 percent of all corporation returns ( $2,452,254$ of the total 4,710,083 returns); for 2006, 66.3 percent of all returns (3,872,766 of the total 5,840,799 returns). FCDCs are not eligible to elect to be treated as S corporations for Federal income tax purposes.

The numbers of corporation income tax returns include consolidated returns. These returns contain the combined financial data of two or more corporations in which a common parent corporation owns at least 80 percent of the stock of at least one member of the group, and at least 80 percent of the stock of each other member of the group is owned within the

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## Foreign-Controlled Domestic Corporations, 2006

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group. A consolidated return filed by a common parent is treated as a unit, with each statistical item being determined on the basis of the combined data of the affiliated group.

FCDCs, like most other corporations, could elect to file consolidated returns for affiliated groups of domestic corporations. For 2006, there were 5,977 consolidated returns filed by FCDCs, 9.3 percent of all FCDC returns. These returns accounted for the majority of economic activity reported by all FCDCs. Specifically, they accounted for $\$ 8.8$ trillion of assets ( 90.3 percent of the total for all FCDCs), $\$ 3.4$ trillion of receipts ( 87.8 percent of the total), $\$ 153.8$ billion of net income less deficits ( 89.2 percent of the total), $\$ 151.5$ billion of taxable income ( 88.4 percent of the total), and $\$ 43.8$ billion of total income tax after credits ( 87.7 percent of the total).

To the extent that FCDCs filed consolidated income tax returns, the data included in this article actually represent more corporations than the stated number of returns. The study, however, did not tabulate the number of subsidiary corporations included in the consolidated returns.

In contrast to the numbers of returns, the growth of foreign investment in the United States through foreign-controlled domestic corporations during the last 10 years was evident in most of the financial items. ${ }^{8}$ In particular, the share of both total U.S. corporate assets and receipts accounted for by FCDCs increased over the 1997-2006 time period.

The assets of domestic corporations controlled by foreign persons increased by 187.2 percent between 1997 and 2006, as compared to the 121.3-percent increase for the assets reported on all U.S. corporation income tax returns. ${ }^{9}$ As a result of these changes, the percentage of total corporate assets ac-
counted for by FCDCs increased from 10.3 percent for 1997 to 13.3 percent for 2006 (see Figure A).

Total receipts of FCDCs increased by 115.5 percent between 1997 and 2006, as compared to the increase of 65.0 percent for all corporations. As a result, the share of the receipts reported on all corporate returns attributed to FCDCs increased from 10.7 percent for 1997 to 14.0 percent for 2006.

The growth of FCDCs can also be measured from the early 1970s, when a question concerning foreign ownership of corporations was first placed on the income tax return. For 1971, the 5,154 FCDCs reported $\$ 36.7$ billion of total assets and $\$ 39.2$ billion of total receipts. They accounted for just 0.3 percent of the returns, 1.3 percent of the assets, and 2.1 percent of the receipts reported by all corporations for that year (see Table 1).

## Industry Characteristics

For 2006, foreign-controlled domestic corporations were involved in each of the 19 industrial sectors (treating wholesale trade and retail trade as separate sectors) listed in Figure B. However, 42,319 of the 63,951, nearly two-thirds of the total, had primary business activities in one of the following four industrial sectors: (1) wholesale trade (17,438); (2) real estate and rental and leasing $(11,906)$; (3) manufacturing (6,701); and (4) professional, scientific, and technical services $(6,274)$. By comparison, relatively few FCDCs were involved in utilities (63) or educational services (7). The Data Sources and Limitations section discusses how returns were classified by industry. ${ }^{10}$

Companies in different industries often have different financial characteristics. For instance, the relative levels of assets and receipts of companies

[^40]
## Figure A

Foreign-Controlled Domestic Corporations as a Percentage of All Corporations, Tax Years 1997-2006

primarily engaged in wholesale trade differ significantly from those primarily engaged in credit intermediation (e.g., commercial banks, credit card issuers, credit unions, mortgage banks, and savings institutions). FCDC wholesalers produced large amounts of receipts with relatively small amounts of assets (valued as of the end of their accounting periods), resulting in $\$ 1.74$ of receipts for each dollar of end-of-year assets for 2006. By comparison, credit intermediation companies reported large amounts of assets, but relatively small amounts of receipts. These FCDCs produced only $\$ .07$ of receipts for each dollar of end-of-year assets. See Table 2.

Corporations classified as wholesalers accounted for 20.9 percent of the receipts for all FCDCs, a significant percentage, as is the 27.3 percent of the total FCDC returns they comprised. However, these companies reported only 4.7 percent of the total FCDC assets.

Corporations classified in the real estate and rental and leasing industrial sector reported only 1.2 percent of the assets and 0.8 percent of the receipts of all FCDCs. These percentages were both substantially less than the 18.6 percent of the FCDC returns that they filed.

Manufacturing corporations filed 10.5 percent of the FCDC returns for 2006. These capital-intensive goods-producing companies accounted for far greater percentages of the total FCDC assets ( 23.2 percent) and receipts (46.3 percent). These corporations were often large, with reported average amounts of assets and receipts of $\$ 337.3$ million and $\$ 265.3$ million, respectively.

Corporations classified in the professional, scientific, and technical services industrial sector reported only 1.2 percent of the assets and 1.9 percent of the receipts of all FCDCs. Both of these percentages are significantly lower than the portion (9.8 percent) of total FCDC returns this services sector represented. These service corporations were generally smaller than those in manufacturing, with reported average amounts of assets and receipts of $\$ 19.0$ million and $\$ 11.6$ million, respectively.

Two additional sectors warrant discussion. While corporations classified in the finance and insurance industrial sector composed only 4.6 percent of the total returns filed by FCDCs for 2006, they accounted for the largest share ( 48.0 percent) of the total assets reported for any of the industrial sectors.

## Figure B

Foreign-Controlled Domestic Corporations: Selected Items, by Industrial Sector, Tax Year 2006
[Money amounts are in millions of dollars]

| Industrial sector | Returns |  | Total assets |  | Total receipts |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Number | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Percentage } \\ & \text { of } \\ & \text { total } \end{aligned}$ | Amount | Percentage of total | Amount | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Percentage } \\ & \text { of } \\ & \text { total } \end{aligned}$ |
|  | (1) | (2) | (3) | (4) | (5) | (6) |
| All industries | 63,951 | 100.0 | 9,743,225 | 100.0 | 3,839,754 | 100.0 |
| Agriculture, forestry, fishing, and hunting | 719 | 1.1 | 4,699 | [1] | 2,650 | 0.1 |
| Mining | 751 | 1.2 | 126,846 | 1.3 | 66,430 | 1.7 |
| Utilities | 63 | 0.1 | 84,237 | 0.9 | 34,841 | 0.9 |
| Construction | 2,171 | 3.4 | 45,928 | 0.5 | 48,298 | 1.3 |
| Manufacturing | 6,701 | 10.5 | 2,260,118 | 23.2 | 1,777,561 | 46.3 |
| Wholesale and retail trade | 20,308 | 31.8 | 567,453 | 5.8 | 1,005,722 | 26.2 |
| Wholesale trade | 17,438 | 27.3 | 461,074 | 4.7 | 803,165 | 20.9 |
| Retail trade | 2,871 | 4.5 | 106,379 | 1.1 | 202,557 | 5.3 |
| Transportation and warehousing | 2,263 | 3.5 | 59,335 | 0.6 | 55,632 | 1.4 |
| Information | 2,145 | 3.4 | 373,761 | 3.8 | 98,465 | 2.6 |
| Finance and insurance | 2,950 | 4.6 | 4,677,234 | 48.0 | 446,808 | 11.6 |
| Real estate and rental and leasing | 11,906 | 18.6 | 113,134 | 1.2 | 30,573 | 0.8 |
| Professional, scientific, and technical services | 6,274 | 9.8 | 119,047 | 1.2 | 72,989 | 1.9 |
| Management of companies (holding companies) | 3,233 | 5.1 | 1,160,438 | 11.9 | 110,029 | 2.9 |
| Administrative and support and waste management and remediation services | 1,874 | 2.9 | 44,258 | 0.5 | 37,861 | 1.0 |
| Educational services | 7 | [1] | 3,942 | [1] | 1,379 | [1] |
| Health care and social assistance | 341 | 0.5 | 19,045 | 0.2 | 12,080 | 0.3 |
| Arts, entertainment, and recreation | 491 | 0.8 | 12,641 | 0.1 | 4,400 | 0.1 |
| Accommodation and food services | 949 | 1.5 | 65,876 | 0.7 | 29,159 | 0.8 |
| Other services | 806 | 1.3 | 5,232 | 0.1 | 4,876 | 0.1 |

[1] Less than 0.05 percent.
NOTES: Detail may not add to totals because of rounding. Percentages are computed using rounded data

Additionally, finance and insurance companies accounted for 11.6 percent of the total FCDC receipts.

Management (or holding) companies contributed a significant portion (11.9 percent) of the FCDC total assets. However, this sector accounted for smaller portions of both the number of returns ( 5.1 percent) filed by FCDCs and the receipts (2.9 percent) reported by them.

While foreign-controlled domestic corporations accounted for 14.0 percent of the $\$ 27.4$ trillion of total receipts reported by all corporations filing U.S. income tax returns for 2006, these companies played disproportionately larger roles in certain industrial sectors. For instance, FCDCs produced substantial portions of the total receipts reported for manufacturing ( 23.5 percent), wholesale trade (21.8 percent), and mining (18.1 percent). Conversely, FCDC involvement in a number of other business activities was relatively low and accounted for a small percentage of the receipts for all companies classified in the
following industries: "other" services ( 2.3 percent), health care and social assistance ( 2.1 percent), and agriculture, forestry, fishing, and hunting ( 1.9 percent). See Figure C.

FCDC industrial data at the sector level can be decomposed into more specific industrial classifications for analysis purposes. In general, sectors are composed of major groups, which in turn are composed of minor industries. For 2006, FCDCs in 17 minor industries each reported over $\$ 40$ billion of receipts. The largest were petroleum manufacturing refineries ( $\$ 604$ billion of receipts) and motor vehicles and parts manufacturing (\$298 billion). See Figure D.

## Country Characteristics

Persons (including individuals, corporations, and other entities) resident in any country throughout the world can control U.S. corporations. As reported on the U.S. income tax returns of the foreign-controlled

## Figure C

Total Receipts of All Corporations and Foreign-Controlled Domestic Corporations, by Industrial Sector, Tax Year 2006
[Money amounts are in millions of dollars]

| Industrial sector | Total receipts |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | All corporations | Foreign-controlled domestic corporations | Percentage |
|  | (1) | (2) | (3) |
| All industries [1] | 27,401,874 | 3,839,754 | 14.0 |
| Agriculture, forestry, fishing, and hunting | 142,111 | 2,650 | 1.9 |
| Mining | 366,514 | 66,430 | 18.1 |
| Utilities | 626,053 | 34,841 | 5.6 |
| Construction | 1,608,163 | 48,298 | 3.0 |
| Manufacturing | 7,575,888 | 1,777,561 | 23.5 |
| Wholesale and retail trade [2] | 7,255,779 | 1,005,722 | 13.9 |
| Wholesale trade | 3,683,747 | 803,165 | 21.8 |
| Retail trade | 3,571,557 | 202,557 | 5.7 |
| Transportation and warehousing | 756,588 | 55,632 | 7.4 |
| Information | 1,127,995 | 98,465 | 8.7 |
| Finance and insurance | 3,747,502 | 446,808 | 11.9 |
| Real estate and rental and leasing | 337,662 | 30,573 | 9.1 |
| Professional, scientific, and technical services | 928,556 | 72,989 | 7.9 |
| Management of companies (holding companies) | 1,093,609 | 110,029 | 10.1 |
| Administrative and support and waste management and remediation services | 461,264 | 37,861 | 8.2 |
| Educational services | 38,336 | 1,379 | 3.6 |
| Health care and social assistance | 578,938 | 12,080 | 2.1 |
| Arts, entertainment, and recreation | 95,018 | 4,400 | 4.6 |
| Accommodation and food services | 453,708 | 29,159 | 6.4 |
| Other services | 208,105 | 4,876 | 2.3 |

[1] Includes "Not allocable," which is not shown separately.
[2] Includes "Wholesale and retail trade not allocable," which is not shown separately.
NOTES: Detail may not add to totals because of rounding. Percentages are computed using rounded data.
domestic corporations, a country represents the geographic location of the foreign owner's place of residence in the case of individuals, and place of incorporation, organization, creation, or administration in the case of corporations or other entities. A foreign corporation, or a chain of related foreign corporations, is frequently the owner of a U.S. subsidiary corporation. Because a foreign corporation in the chain of related companies, which directly owns the stock of a U.S. subsidiary, may be located in a country different from that of the ultimate owner, the country reported on the tax return may not necessarily reflect the country of the ultimate owner. (See the Data Sources and Limitations section of this article for a brief discussion of the possible limitations of the data classified on a country basis.)

For 2006, residents of 40 countries accounted for nearly nine of every ten domestic corporations
classified as 50-percent-or-more controlled by a foreign person. The 56,859 corporations controlled by persons resident in the 40 countries shown in Table 3 accounted for nearly all of the total FCDC financial items, including 99.3 percent of total assets, 98.8 percent of total receipts, 98.3 percent of taxable income, and 98.1 percent of total income tax after credits.

From among these 40 countries, domestic corporations controlled by persons from just seven countries produced 80.3 percent of the total receipts of all FCDCs. These top seven countries, in decreasing size of receipts, are the United Kingdom, Japan, Germany, Canada, the Netherlands, France, and Switzerland.

Domestic corporations controlled by persons resident in the United Kingdom reported total receipts of $\$ 889$ billion for 2006, an amount larger than that for any other country. These receipts represented

## Figure D

Foreign-Controlled Domestic Corporations: Selected Items for Largest Minor Industries, Tax Year 2006
[Money amounts are in millions of dollars]

| Minor industry | Number of returns | Total assets | Total receipts | Net income (less deficit) | Net income | Income subject to tax | Total income tax after credits |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  | Amount | As a percentage of total receipts |
| Petroleum refineries, including integrated (manufacturers) | (1) | (2) | (3) | (4) | (5) | (6) | (7) | (8) |
|  | 72 | 761,564 | 604,480 | 31,755 | 31,772 | 31,485 | 7,713 | 1.3 |
| Motor vehicles and parts (manufacturers) | 466 | 429,118 | 297,872 | 3,673 | 6,831 | 6,232 | 2,072 | 0.7 |
| Motor vehicles and motor vehicle parts and supplies (wholesalers) | 830 | 111,800 | 166,458 | 4,760 | 5,181 | 4,749 | 1,512 | 0.9 |
| Stock life insurance companies | 50 | 849,453 | 156,300 | 2,625 | 4,199 | 2,107 | 633 | 0.4 |
| Electrical goods (wholesalers) | 1,244 | 76,179 | 155,908 | 1,287 | 2,649 | 1,830 | 560 | 0.4 |
| Food and beverage stores (retailers) | 41 | 53,917 | 124,280 | 2,527 | 2,673 | 2,509 | 868 | 0.7 |
| Securities brokerage | 311 | 1,377,074 | 122,521 | 4,120 | 4,133 | 2,230 | 717 | 0.6 |
| Offices of bank holding companies | 31 | 1,098,888 | 102,775 | 13,136 | 13,147 | 13,017 | 4,018 | 3.9 |
| Pharmaceutical and medicine (manufacturers) | 121 | 151,915 | 101,065 | 13,327 | 13,505 | 13,088 | 4,104 | 4.1 |
| Furniture, sports, toys, recycle, jewelry, and other durable goods (wholesalers) | 3,096 | 33,997 | 77,611 | 1,386 | 2,112 | 1,545 | 520 | 0.7 |
| Petroleum and petroleum products (wholesalers) | 53 | 28,044 | 69,258 | 395 | 647 | 641 | 234 | 0.3 |
| Metal and mineral, except petroleum (wholesalers) | 578 | 36,097 | 55,999 | 1,577 | 1,896 | 1,564 | 527 | 0.9 |
| Professional and commercial equipment and supplies (wholesalers) | 2,443 | 30,146 | 53,976 | 1,343 | 1,759 | 1,529 | 527 | 1.0 |
| Machinery, equipment, and supplies (wholesalers) | 3,087 | 33,331 | 51,431 | 1,565 | 1,893 | 1,616 | 529 | 1.0 |
| Stock property and casualty insurance companies | 96 | 371,799 | 48,917 | 4,290 | 5,122 | 2,735 | 757 | 1.5 |
| Investment banking and securities dealing | 113 | 1,112,165 | 48,592 | 3,215 | 3,216 | 1,700 | 618 | 1.3 |
| Cement, concrete, lime, and gypsum products (manufacturers) | 96 | 69,159 | 44,180 | 3,969 | 4,035 | 3,882 | 1,296 | 2.9 |

NOTES: This figure includes minor industries with at least $\$ 40$ billion of total receipts. These industries are listed by decreasing size of total receipts (column 3 ). Percentages are computed using rounded data.
23.2 percent of the total for all FCDCs. As shown in Figure E, the United Kingdom's share of 2006 FCDC receipts is substantially larger than its share of 1997 FCDC receipts (i.e., 13.9 percent).

For 2006, domestic corporations with owners resident in Japan ( $\$ 618$ billion), Germany ( $\$ 494$ billion), Canada (\$361 billion), the Netherlands (\$290 billion), France ( $\$ 243$ billion), and Switzerland ( $\$ 188$ billion) also accounted for significant amounts of receipts. Of these six countries, Germany's portion of total receipts increased the most between 1997 and 2006 (from 9.8 percent to 12.9 percent), while the portion for Japan decreased the most (from 25.7 percent to 16.1 percent).

Domestic corporations controlled by persons resident in the United Kingdom accounted for $\$ 2.5$ trillion of assets, the largest portion held by any country. Corporations controlled by persons resident in Switzerland ( $\$ 1.3$ trillion), Germany ( $\$ 1.3$ trillion), Canada ( $\$ 1.0$ trillion), France ( $\$ 0.9$ trillion),
the Netherlands (\$0.9 trillion), and Japan (\$0.8 trillion) also accounted for significant amounts of assets.

Although U.K.-controlled domestic corporations accounted for the largest part of the total FCDC receipts and assets for 2006, the U.K. was not responsible for the largest number of returns filed for FCDCs. Canadian-controlled domestic corporations filed the most returns, 10,945. However, U.K.-controlled domestic corporations were second with 4,943 returns, followed by German-controlled domestic corporations with 4,514 returns and Japanese-controlled domestic corporations with 4,488 returns.

For 2006, the U.S. tax liability of all FCDCs was $\$ 50.0$ billion, or 1.3 percent of the $\$ 3.8$ trillion of receipts reported by all FCDCs. U.K.-controlled domestic corporations reported the largest amount of U.S. tax liability ( $\$ 14.9$ billion). Japanese-controlled corporations, with $\$ 7.9$ billion of tax liability, followed. For the U.K.-controlled corporations, tax liabilities were 1.7 percent of their $\$ 0.9$ trillion of

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## Figure E

Foreign-Controlled Domestic Corporations: Distribution of Total Receipts by Country of Foreign Owner, Tax Years 1997 and 2006



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receipts. Tax liabilities were somewhat lower at 1.3 percent of their $\$ 0.6$ trillion of receipts for the Japa-nese-controlled corporations. Many factors, including differences in industrial apportionments and age apportionments (discussed later in this article), may have caused the resulting differences between countries in calculating tax as a percentage of receipts.

## Combined Country and Industry Characteristics

There were some similarities, but also important differences among the primary industrial activities of the corporations with owners from the top seven countries. For the United Kingdom, manufacturing was the predominant industrial sector, accounting for 70.6 percent of its total $\$ 889$ billion of receipts. More specifically, petroleum and coal products manufacturers produced the most receipts of any major industrial group, accounting for $\$ 500$ billion, or 56.2 percent of the country total.

Japanese-controlled corporations were concentrated in two industrial sectors, which produced most of the $\$ 618$ billion of receipts: wholesale trade ( 51.9 percent of the total) and manufacturing ( 35.4 percent). More specifically, wholesale trade of durable goods was the leading major industrial group, producing 45.7 percent of the total receipts. Japan was the only one of the top seven countries in which manufacturing was not the leading industrial sector in producing receipts.

Like those in the United Kingdom, Germancontrolled corporations were primarily concentrated in manufacturing, with 56.5 percent of the $\$ 494$ billion of receipts for that country coming from corporations in this industrial group. More specifically, transportation equipment manufacturers produced the most receipts of any major group, accounting for 26.9 percent of the total. Finance and insurance (14.7 percent) and wholesale trade (13.0 percent) were the other predominant industrial sectors.

Canadian-controlled corporations were primarily concentrated in manufacturing, which accounts for 29.5 percent of the $\$ 361$ billion of receipts for that country. This sector was followed by finance and insurance ( 16.6 percent), retail trade (15.9 percent), and wholesale trade (14.5 percent). Insurance carriers reported 12.0 percent of the total receipts,
the only major group in any sector that accounted for at least 10 percent of the total Canadian receipts.

For the Netherlands, manufacturing was again the largest industrial sector with 25.4 percent of the total receipts ( $\$ 290$ billion). This sector was closely followed by finance and insurance ( 24.1 percent) and retail trade (19.9 percent). Within manufacturing, chemicals (with 6.1 percent of total receipts for that country), computers and electronic products ( 5.2 percent), primary metals ( 4.8 percent), and machinery (3.7 percent) were the leading industries. Insurance carriers reported 17.9 percent of the total receipts. Within the retail trade sector, food, beverage, and liquor stores were the leading industry with 16.6 percent of total receipts for that country.

France and Switzerland had the same three leading industrial sectors as did Germany. For France, manufacturers produced 43.0 percent of the $\$ 243$ billion of receipts for that country. This was followed by finance and insurance ( 23.6 percent) and wholesale trade (13.9 percent). More specifically, petroleum and coal products manufacturers produced the most receipts of any major industrial group (13.0 percent of the total), followed by insurance carriers (11.7 percent) and securities, commodity contracts, and other financial investments dealers ( 10.3 percent).

For Switzerland, 42.8 percent of the $\$ 188$ billion of receipts came from the manufacturing sector, followed by finance and insurance with 36.4 percent and wholesale trade with 14.0 percent. More specifically, businesses that handled securities and commodity contracts and other financial investments were the leading major industry, accounting for 22.3 percent of the total receipts for the country. Other important major industries were chemical manufacturers (21.0 percent), insurance carriers ( 13.8 percent), and food manufacturers (10.4 percent).

## Age Characteristics

Table 3 presents data for two groups of FCDCs based on the age of each corporation. A "new" corporation is one defined here as having been incorporated in 2004 or after, as reported on its income tax return. An "old" corporation is one incorporated in or prior to 2003, or with an unknown (i.e., unreported) date of incorporation. ${ }^{11}$

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The year of incorporation may be somewhat unreliable as an indicator of the true age of corporations. For example, a consolidated return may include companies that fall into both the new and old categories. However, the return (including all of the financial information contained in it) was classified into just one of the categories based on the year that the parent company was incorporated. Another example is the reorganization of an existing corporation into a new corporation, which results in a recent year of incorporation, even though it is an "old" business. An additional limitation is that the year of incorporation is difficult to verify during statistical processing because there are no other items to which it can be compared on a tax return, and recourse to other sources is not always practical. Thus, it is subject to higher levels of taxpayer reporting and data entry errors, as compared to statistical items that can be evaluated against other reported items.

For 2006, there were 17,226 FCDCs incorporated in 2004 or after. Wholesalers accounted for the greatest portion of these "new" corporations with 5,159 companies, followed by real estate with 2,736 companies, professional, scientific, and technical services with 2,035 companies, manufacturing with 1,497 companies, and management of companies with 1,067 companies.

Nearly three out of every four foreign-controlled domestic corporations were incorporated prior to 2004, i.e., considered to be "old" corporations. These corporations tended to be larger than the new corporations, accounting for 96.1 percent of the FCDC assets and 95.1 percent of the receipts.

Old corporations were generally more profitable than the newer corporations. New companies may have had more expenses (including startup costs) relative to receipts than the older companies. For 2006, old corporations reported $\$ 168.2$ billion of net profits on $\$ 3.7$ trillion of receipts, while new corporations reported $\$ 4.4$ billion of net profits on $\$ 0.2$ trillion of receipts. Thus, net profits (i.e., net income less deficit) as a percentage of total receipts were 4.6 percent for old corporations, versus 2.3 percent for new corporations.

As a result of reporting most of the profits, old corporations also accounted for most of U.S. taxable income (94.9 percent) and U.S. tax liabilities (94.7 percent) of all FCDCs. The old corporations had $\$ 47.3$ billion of tax liabilities after credits, equaling 1.3 percent of their total receipts. The new corporations had $\$ 2.6$ billion of tax liabilities after credits, equaling 1.4 percent of their total receipts.

## Receipts, Deductions, and Profits

Total receipts comprises all of the income "actually" received by corporations. These receipts include business receipts, as well as investment and incidental income. Business receipts are gross receipts from sales and operations and frequently make up most of a corporation’s total receipts. Investment income includes interest, dividends, and gains on the sale or exchange of both capital and noncapital assets. Interest, in turn, includes both taxable interest from all sources and nontaxable interest on State and local government obligations.

A domestic corporation, whether controlled by a foreign person or not, could have business activities in foreign countries, as well as in the United States. The estimates for total receipts shown in this article include business activities in the United States, as well as certain foreign activities as reported on tax returns of domestic corporations. Total receipts include the receipts of foreign branch operations of U.S. companies. Also included in these receipts are dividends remitted to U.S. corporations by their foreign subsidiaries.

The receipts and deductions of foreign-controlled domestic corporations that are shown in this article do not include amounts generated by their foreign parent or other related foreign companies. However, FCDCs could have had business transactions with their related foreign companies, and FCDC receipts and deductions stemming from these transactions are included in the statistics. ${ }^{12}$

An FCDC that transacts business with a related foreign company must determine "transfer prices" for those transactions. These transactions include the sale and purchase of tangible goods, fees for ser-

[^42]
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vices, interest payments on debts, leasing expenses, and royalties. How transfer prices are determined for these transactions may affect the amount of receipts and deductions, as well as profits (i.e., net income or deficit), taxable income, and taxes reported on the U.S. income tax return of an FCDC. Section 482 of the Internal Revenue Code, and the related regulations, provide guidance in determining transfer prices. In general, the objective is to use "arm's length prices," which means prices that would be used for transactions between unrelated enterprises and determined by market forces.

Over 86.5 percent of the $\$ 3.8$ trillion of total receipts reported by domestic corporations controlled by a foreign person consisted of "business receipts" (i.e., receipts from sales and operations). These same companies reported $\$ 3.7$ trillion of total deductions. Cost of goods sold was 66.1 percent of that total. (See "business receipts" and "cost of goods sold" in the Explanation of Selected Terms section.)

It is noteworthy to look at the "gross profit" of FCDCs. Gross profit is the difference between business receipts and cost of goods sold. Two important industrial sectors for FCDCs, manufacturing and wholesale trade, accounted for most of the reported amounts of business receipts and cost of goods sold. In manufacturing, FCDCs reported $\$ .79$ of cost of goods sold for every dollar of business receipts, while the amount was $\$ .72$ for all other corporations classified in this sector. Thus, FCDCs had smaller gross profits than other corporations, \$. 21 compared to $\$ .28$ for every dollar of business receipts. In wholesale trade, all FCDCs reported $\$ .83$ of cost of goods sold for every dollar of business receipts. The amount was the nearly the same (\$.82) for all other corporations classified in this sector. As a result, FCDCs and other corporations had similar gross profits, \$. 17 and $\$ .18$, respectively, for every dollar of business receipts.

After cost of goods sold (and the "other deductions" category), interest paid was the next largest deduction item of FCDCs for Tax Year 2006. Interest paid by FCDCs for that year amounted to $\$ 286.7$ billion, 7.5 percent of their total receipts. By comparison, the $\$ 1.8$ trillion of interest paid by all corporations that filed U.S. income tax returns was 6.5 percent of their total receipts. At the industrial sector level, the percentage of interest paid to total receipts by manufacturers was 2.7 percent for FCDCs and 3.4 percent for all corporations. In the wholesale trade sector, the percentages were similar, 1.0 for FCDCs and 0.9 for all corporations. Complete income statement statistics of FCDCs are shown in Tables 24 and 25 of Statistics of Income-2006, Corporation Income Tax Returns.

Total receipts less total deductions for FCDCs equaled $\$ 168.7$ billion for 2006. By comparison, net income (less deficit) amounted to $\$ 172.6$ billion. The statistics for total receipts less total deductions include all income actually received by corporations, while the statistics for net income (less deficit) focus on taxable sources of corporate income, including "constructive" taxable income. Thus, unlike total receipts less total deductions, net income (less deficit) includes two items of constructive taxable income from related foreign corporations, and excludes nontaxable interest on State and local government obligations. ${ }^{13}$ The two items of constructive taxable income from related foreign corporations are includable income from foreign corporations owned by U.S. shareholders and foreign dividend grossup. (See "constructive taxable income from related foreign corporations" in the Explanation of Selected Terms section.) For 2006, FCDCs reported $\$ 5.7$ billion of constructive taxable income, and received $\$ 1.8$ billion of nontaxable interest on State and local government obligations.

Net income (less deficit) for foreign-controlled domestic corporations increased from $\$ 165.2$ billion

[^43]
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for 2005 , to $\$ 172.6$ billion for 2006. This was a 4.5 percent increase. In contrast, net income (less deficit) reported on all corporation income tax returns decreased slightly between 2005 and 2006, by 0.8 percent, to $\$ 1.9$ trillion.

The $\$ 172.6$ billion of total FCDC net income (less deficit) were the result of 30,318 corporations collectively reporting $\$ 214.8$ billion of positive net income and 33,633 companies reporting $\$ 42.3$ billion of deficits. ${ }^{14}$ Thus, less than one out of every two (47.4 percent) domestic corporations with foreign owners reported a positive net income for 2006. In comparison, 57.7 percent of all corporations filing U.S. income tax returns for the same year reported a positive net income.

The percentage of FCDCs reporting positive net income varied greatly among the different industrial groups. At the industrial sector level, the portion reporting positive net income ranged from a low of 12.8 percent for "other" services, to a high of 81.2 percent for health care and social assistance. For the more predominant sectors of FCDCs, the percentages of profitable companies were 57.0 percent for manufacturing and 50.1 percent for wholesale trade.

The $\$ 42.3$ billion of deficits for 2006 could be carried back or forward to other tax years, under prescribed rules, to reduce the taxable income of those years (see "net operating loss deduction" (NOL) in the Explanation of Selected Terms section). Net operating losses carried back to Tax Year 2006 from 2007 and beyond, reported on Forms 1120X and 1139, are not included in the statistics shown in this article. ${ }^{15}$ However, NOLs carried forward to Tax Year 2006 from prior years are included in the statistics and discussed in the next section.

## Taxable Income and Taxes

For most corporations, taxable income (i.e., "income subject to tax") is generally equal to positive net income less statutory special deductions. ${ }^{16}$ Statutory special deductions include deductions for net operating loss (NOL) carryovers from prior years and the
special deductions for dividends and other corporate attributes allowed by the Internal Revenue Code. For 2006, the difference between the $\$ 214.8$ billion of positive net income and $\$ 171.3$ billion of taxable income was, for the most part, the result of statutory special deductions. The net operating loss deduction was $\$ 37.6$ billion and accounted for 75.8 percent of the $\$ 49.6$ billion of total statutory special deductions. In calculating taxable income for 2006, FCDCs reduced their positive net incomes by 17.5 percent using NOLs carried over from prior years.

For 2006, foreign-controlled domestic corporations reported $\$ 171.3$ billion of taxable income. This was the base on which $\$ 59.7$ billion of income tax were computed. The $\$ 60.3$ billion of total income tax before credits reported by FCDCs consisted primarily of the income tax, plus the alternative minimum tax and certain other taxes. The alternative minimum tax was $\$ 0.6$ billion, and the remaining taxes comprised a very small part of the total.

Tax credits totaling $\$ 10.4$ billion reduced the U.S. income tax liability of foreign-controlled domestic corporations from $\$ 60.3$ billion to $\$ 50.0$ billion for 2006. The largest credits claimed were $\$ 8.0$ billion of foreign tax credits, $\$ 1.4$ billion of general business credits, and $\$ 0.9$ billion of prior-year minimum tax credits. The $\$ 50.0$ billion of total U.S. income tax after credits represent the tax liability as originally reported by taxpayers. However, this amount may differ from the actual income tax collected and the final income tax liability of corporations for Tax Year 2006. The originally reported tax liability does not take into account either: (1) amended returns filed by the corporations, or (2) adjustments made by IRS as a result of tax examination or enforcement activities. Among other reasons, corporations could file amended returns to use carryback provisions for net operating losses and unused foreign tax and general business credits.

The percentage of FCDCs reporting U.S. tax liabilities (i.e., total income tax after credits) for 2006 was 35.3 percent, nearly the same as for 2005 . The

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amount of tax liability reported by FCDCs increased to $\$ 50.0$ billion for 2006 from $\$ 42.4$ billion for 2005, a 17.8 -percent increase.

## The "Largest" Foreign-Controlled Domestic Corporations

This article defines the largest companies as those with at least $\$ 250$ million of total assets, or those that produced at least $\$ 50$ million of business receipts. Within the finance and insurance, and management of companies (holding companies) industrial sectors, total receipts were used in place of business receipts for selecting the largest companies.

Both size of assets and size of receipts were used to select the largest companies in order to ensure adequate coverage of all industries. As discussed, financial structure varies across industries. For instance, companies classified in wholesale trade generally report large amounts of receipts compared to their end-of-year assets. By comparison, credit intermediation corporations generally report large amounts of assets compared to their receipts. If either assets or receipts were used exclusively to select the largest companies, then the largest companies in one of these industrial groups would have been underrepresented in comparison to the other group.

Table 4 shows data for the largest FCDCs apportioned by industrial sectors. This table also contains data for large domestic corporations that were not foreign-controlled. These "other domestic corporations" (ODCs) were not foreign-controlled or owned (i.e., they were either owned by domestic persons, or no separate foreign person owned 25 percent or more of the corporation's stock). This definition of other large domestic corporations is used throughout this article, including the data shown in Figures F through H. Thus, domestic corporations with a foreign person who owned between 25 percent and 49 percent of the corporation's stock are not included in either of the two groups shown in Figures F through H, and Table 4. ${ }^{17}$ These corporations are identified from Schedule K of Form 1120 during Statistics of Income processing. However, they are neither FCDCs nor ODCs, as defined.

Table 4 shows that there were a total of 19,241 large domestic corporations for 2006. Of this total, foreign persons controlled 3,948 corporations, or 20.5 percent. This percentage is remarkably larger than the 1.1 percent that FCDCs accounted for of all corporations, regardless of size.

The 3,948 large foreign-controlled domestic corporations comprised just 6.2 percent of the number of income tax returns filed by FCDCs. However, these large companies accounted for the majority of the key FCDC financial items, reporting 94.5 percent of the total assets, 94.9 percent of the total receipts, 93.1 percent of the taxable income, and 92.3 percent of the total income tax after credits, of all FCDCs.

There were 15,293 large domestic corporations that did not have controlling foreign owners for 2006. Similar to FCDCs, these large companies also accounted for a small portion of the total number of income tax returns filed by domestic corporations without foreign owners, but comprised a significant portion of the key financial items reported for these filers.

The largest domestic corporations are primarily "old" corporations, with incorporation dates prior to 2004. Of the 3,948 large FCDCs contained in the Tax Year 2006 study, 90.1 percent were old corporations. Other large domestic corporations were similar to the FCDCs in this respect, with old corporations accounting for 91.4 percent of this group of 15,293 corporations. See Figures F1 and F2.

In previous years, the largest companies generally reported larger profits as a percentage of receipts than their smaller counterparts. However, for 2006, this was not the case. The largest FCDCs reported net profits of $\$ 161.7$ billion, 4.4 percent of the companies' receipts. The smaller FCDCs reported net profits of $\$ 10.8$ billion, 5.5 percent of the companies' receipts.

## Industry Characteristics

The industrial makeup of the largest foreign-controlled domestic companies is somewhat different from that of other domestic corporations. For 2006, 37.5 percent of the largest FCDCs were classified

[^45]"Large" Foreign-Controlled Domestic Corporations: Selected Items and Percentages, by Total Income Tax After Credits as a Percentage of Total Receipts, Tax Year 2006

| Percentage of total income tax after credits divided by total receipts | All returns |  |  | Returns of "old" corporations |  | Total assets |  | Total receipts |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Number | Percentage of total | Cumulative percentage | Number | $\begin{gathered} \text { Percentage } \\ \text { of all } \\ \text { returns } \end{gathered}$ | Amount | Average | Amount | Average |
| Total | (1) | (2) | (3) | (4) | (5) | (6) | (7) | (8) | (9) |
|  | 3,948 | 100.0 | N/A | 3,557 | 90.1 | 9,209,383 | 2,333 | 3,642,030 | 923 |
| Percentage of total income tax after credits divided by total receipts: <br> Zero total receipts | 4 | 0.1 | 0.1 | d | d | 3,510 | 878 | 0 | 0 |
| Zero percent | 1,061 | 26.9 | 27.0 | 911 | 85.9 | 891,847 | 841 | 582,290 | 549 |
| Greater than zero and under 0.5 percent | 1,059 | 26.8 | 53.8 | 976 | 92.2 | 3,624,537 | 3,423 | 1,054,436 | 996 |
| 0.5 percent under 1.0 percent | 431 | 10.9 | 64.7 | 399 | 92.6 | 1,466,612 | 3,403 | 743,843 | 1,726 |
| 1.0 percent under 1.5 percent | 290 | 7.3 | 72.0 | 271 | 93.4 | 384,948 | 1,327 | 284,638 | 982 |
| 1.5 percent under 2.0 percent | 230 | 5.8 | 77.8 | 212 | 92.2 | 493,340 | 2,145 | 393,611 | 1,711 |
| 2.0 percent under 3.0 percent | 275 | 7.0 | 84.8 | 247 | 89.8 | 484,590 | 1,762 | 186,504 | 678 |
| 3.0 percent under 4.0 percent | 208 | 5.3 | 90.1 | 187 | 89.9 | 662,981 | 3,187 | 182,983 | 880 |
| 4.0 percent under 5.0 percent | 104 | 2.6 | 92.7 | 92 | 88.5 | 316,709 | 3,045 | 60,269 | 580 |
| 5.0 percent under 7.5 percent | 125 | 3.2 | 95.9 | 116 | 92.8 | 548,153 | 4,385 | 83,068 | 665 |
| 7.5 percent under 10.0 percent | 61 | 1.5 | 97.4 | d | d | 56,747 | 930 | 26,077 | 427 |
| 10.0 percent or more | 100 | 2.5 | 100.0 | 87 | 87.0 | 275,411 | 2,754 | 44,312 | 443 |
| Percentage of total income tax after credits divided by total receipts | Total deductions | Total receipts less total deductions | Net income (less deficit) |  |  | Income subject to tax | Total income tax |  |  |
|  |  |  | Total | Net income | Deficit |  | Before credits | After credits |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | Amount | Average |
| Total | (10) | (11) | (12) | (13) | (14) | (15) | (16) | (17) | (18) |
|  | 3,484,182 | 157,849 | 161,718 | 191,822 | -30,105 | 159,482 | 56,297 | 46,095 | 12 |
| Percentage of total income tax after credits divided by total receipts: <br> Zero total receipts | 80 | -80 | -80 | 0 | -80 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Zero percent | 605,439 | -23,149 | -22,299 | 5,117 | -27,416 | 1,180 | 410 | 0 | 0 |
| Greater than zero and under 0.5 percent | 1,029,246 | 25,190 | 25,706 | 28,301 | -2,595 | 10,912 | 4,107 | 1,257 | 1 |
| 0.5 percent under 1.0 percent | 711,351 | 32,492 | 33,838 | 33,844 | -6 | 30,190 | 10,606 | 6,486 | 15 |
| 1.0 percent under 1.5 percent | 272,033 | 12,605 | 12,669 | 12,677 | -7 | 11,338 | 3,995 | 3,650 | 13 |
| 1.5 percent under 2.0 percent | 372,575 | 21,035 | 21,138 | 21,138 | 0 | 19,981 | 7,000 | 6,650 | 29 |
| 2.0 percent under 3.0 percent | 171,245 | 15,259 | 15,450 | 15,450 | 0 | 14,857 | 5,216 | 4,610 | 17 |
| 3.0 percent under 4.0 percent | 161,920 | 21,063 | 21,744 | 21,744 | 0 | 19,268 | 6,794 | 6,130 | 29 |
| 4.0 percent under 5.0 percent | 51,838 | 8,432 | 8,557 | 8,557 | 0 | 8,119 | 2,820 | 2,642 | 25 |
| 5.0 percent under 7.5 percent | 66,857 | 16,211 | 16,165 | 16,165 | 0 | 15,920 | 5,568 | 5,197 | 42 |
| 7.5 percent under 10.0 percent | 19,464 | 6,613 | 6,640 | 6,640 | 0 | 6,624 | 2,321 | 2,189 | 36 |
| 10.0 percent or more | 22,134 | 22,178 | 22,189 | 22,189 | 0 | 21,093 | 7,461 | 7,284 | 73 |

N/A-Not applicable.
d-Not shown to avoid disclosure of information about specific corporations. However, data are included in the appropriate totals.
NOTES: "Large" corporations are those with total assets of $\$ 250,000,000$ or more, and/or with business receipts of $\$ 50,000,000$ or more (total receipts are used in lieu of business receipts for the finance and insurance, and management of companies sectors). "Old" corporations were those with dates of incorporation prior to 2004, or with unknown dates of incorporation. Data exclude Forms 1120-REIT (real estate investment trusts), 1120-RIC (regulated investment companies), and 1120S (S corporations). Data also exclude returns in which the foreign ownership level is between 25 percent and 49 percent. Detail may not add to totals because of rounding.
as manufacturers, while manufacturers made up just 21.4 percent of the largest domestic companies that were not foreign-controlled. Similarly, wholesalers were a larger share of the FCDCs (28.0 percent) than
of the other large domestic corporations (14.8 percent). Conversely, 12.9 percent of the largest ODCs were classified in finance and insurance, while this sector made up just 7.8 percent of the largest FCDCs.

## Figure F2

"Large" Domestic Corporations Not Foreign Controlled: Selected Items and Percentages, by Total Income Tax After Credits as a Percentage of Total Receipts, Tax Year 2006

| Percentage of total income tax after credits divided by total receipts | All returns |  |  | Returns of "old" corporations |  | Total assets |  | Total receipts |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Number | Percentage of total | Cumulative percentage | Number | Percentage of all returns | Amount | Average | Amount | Average |
| Total | (1) | (2) | (3) | (4) | (5) | (6) | (7) | (8) | (9) |
|  | 15,293 | 100.0 | N/A | 13,971 | 91.4 | 44,987,115 | 2,942 | 14,479,104 | 947 |
| Percentage of total income tax after credits divided by total receipts: <br> Zero total receipts | 9 | 0.1 | 0.1 | 5 | 55.6 | 19,529 | 2,170 | 0 | 0 |
| Zero percent | 3,666 | 24.0 | 24.1 | 3,087 | 84.2 | 3,426,070 | 935 | 1,731,258 | 472 |
| Greater than zero and under 0.5 percent | 4,018 | 26.3 | 50.4 | 3,795 | 94.4 | 4,222,794 | 1,051 | 2,618,742 | 652 |
| 0.5 percent under 1.0 percent | 1,385 | 9.1 | 59.5 | 1,284 | 92.7 | 5,050,437 | 3,647 | 1,830,202 | 1,321 |
| 1.0 percent under 1.5 percent | 1,005 | 6.6 | 66.1 | 938 | 93.3 | 8,461,696 | 8,420 | 1,889,531 | 1,880 |
| 1.5 percent under 2.0 percent | 747 | 4.9 | 71.0 | 683 | 91.4 | 2,385,499 | 3,193 | 1,277,247 | 1,710 |
| 2.0 percent under 3.0 percent | 1,147 | 7.5 | 78.5 | 1,079 | 94.1 | 5,909,998 | 5,153 | 1,789,049 | 1,560 |
| 3.0 percent under 4.0 percent | 816 | 5.3 | 83.8 | 776 | 95.1 | 6,407,480 | 7,852 | 1,468,205 | 1,799 |
| 4.0 percent under 5.0 percent | 592 | 3.9 | 87.7 | 544 | 91.9 | 1,866,238 | 3,152 | 636,408 | 1,075 |
| 5.0 percent under 7.5 percent | 968 | 6.3 | 94.0 | 906 | 93.6 | 5,262,431 | 5,436 | 883,334 | 913 |
| 7.5 percent under 10.0 percent | 494 | 3.2 | 97.2 | 468 | 94.7 | 1,207,560 | 2,444 | 208,715 | 423 |
| 10.0 percent or more | 445 | 2.9 | 100.0 | 406 | 91.2 | 767,382 | 1,724 | 146,413 | 329 |
| Percentage of total income tax after credits divided by total receipts | Total deductions | Total receipts less total deductions | Net income (less deficit) |  |  | Income subject to tax | Total income tax |  |  |
|  |  |  | Total | Net income | Deficit |  | Before credits | After credits |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | Amount | Average |
| Total | (10) | (11) | (12) | (13) | (14) | (15) | (16) | (17) | (18) |
|  | 13,475,580 | 1,003,524 | 1,068,755 | 1,158,410 | -89,655 | 1,037,923 | 367,253 | 278,815 | 18 |
| Percentage of total income tax after credits divided by total receipts: <br> Zero total receipts | 47 | -47 | -44 | 3 | -47 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Zero percent | 1,808,277 | -77,019 | -70,657 | 13,775 | -84,432 | 5,476 | 1,788 | 0 | 0 |
| Greater than zero and under 0.5 percent | 2,548,313 | 70,430 | 81,922 | 86,698 | -4,776 | 37,936 | 14,244 | 3,682 | 1 |
| 0.5 percent under 1.0 percent | 1,726,824 | 103,378 | 112,691 | 112,853 | -162 | 95,317 | 34,216 | 13,993 | 10 |
| 1.0 percent under 1.5 percent | 1,789,754 | 99,777 | 109,380 | 109,522 | -142 | 104,736 | 36,477 | 23,047 | 23 |
| 1.5 percent under 2.0 percent | 1,201,769 | 75,478 | 80,871 | 80,895 | -23 | 76,785 | 27,251 | 22,708 | 30 |
| 2.0 percent under 3.0 percent | 1,622,426 | 166,623 | 176,781 | 176,823 | -42 | 165,187 | 59,044 | 44,773 | 39 |
| 3.0 percent under 4.0 percent | 1,300,899 | 167,306 | 170,954 | 170,954 | 0 | 164,124 | 57,471 | 48,813 | 60 |
| 4.0 percent under 5.0 percent | 541,225 | 95,182 | 95,719 | 95,719 | 0 | 90,579 | 31,704 | 28,395 | 48 |
| 5.0 percent under 7.5 percent | 704,009 | 179,326 | 185,285 | 185,316 | -32 | 174,514 | 61,906 | 53,301 | 55 |
| 7.5 percent under 10.0 percent | 154,796 | 53,919 | 55,210 | 55,210 | 0 | 53,909 | 18,849 | 17,432 | 35 |
| 10.0 percent or more | 77,241 | 69,172 | 70,642 | 70,642 | 0 | 69,361 | 24,302 | 22,672 | 51 |

## N/A-Not applicable.

NOTES: "Large" corporations are those with total assets of $\$ 250,000,000$ or more, and/or with business receipts of $\$ 50,000,000$ or more (total receipts are used in lieu of business receipts for the finance and insurance, and management of companies sectors). "Old" corporations were those with dates of incorporation prior to 2004, or with unknown dates of incorporation. Data exclude Forms 1120-REIT (real estate investment trusts), 1120-RIC (regulated investment companies), and 1120S (S corporations). Data also exclude returns in which the foreign ownership level is between 25 percent and 49 percent. Detail may not add to totals because of rounding.

Retailers accounted for 11.0 percent of the largest domestic companies that were not foreign-controlled, while only 3.1 percent of the largest FCDCs were similarly classified. See Figure G for other differences in the industrial makeup of these two groups of corporations.

Table 4 presents industrial sector-level data for the largest domestic corporations, both foreign- and nonforeign-controlled. Column 43 of this table shows the percentage of returns that reported profits (i.e., positive net income). While 75.7 percent of large FCDCs reported profits, 78.3 percent of other

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## Figure G

Distribution of Returns by Industry for "Large" Foreign-Controlled and Other Domestic Corporations, Tax Year 2006


DOMESTIC CORPORATIONS NOT FOREIGN-CONTROLLED


NOTES: "Large" corporations are those with total assets of $\$ 250,000,000$ or more, and/or with business receipts of $\$ 50,000,000$ or more. (Total receipts are used in lieu of business receipts for the finance and insurance, and management of companies sectors.) Data exclude Forms 1120-REIT (real estate investment trusts), 1120-RIC (regulated investment companies), and 1120S (S corporations). Data also exclude returns in which the foreign ownership level is between 25 percent and 49 percent.

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large domestic corporations were profitable. There are 19 different industrial sectors shown in the table, treating wholesale trade and retail trade as separate sectors. Other domestic corporations (ODCs) had higher percentages of profitable companies in 10 sectors; FCDCs had higher percentages in the other 9 sectors. For a given sector, the difference in the percentages for FCDCs and ODCs might be large or small. Within each group of corporations, the percentage of corporations that reported a profit varied substantially across the industrial sectors. For this reason, it is important to compare the two types of corporations for a specific industry, rather than for all industries. This will be discussed later in this article, specifically looking at the two key industrial sectors for FCDCs: manufacturing and wholesale trade.

Column 57 of Table 4 shows the ratio of net income (less deficit) to total receipts. ${ }^{18}$ Overall, net income (less deficit) as a percentage of receipts for large FCDCs (4.4 percent) was considerably smaller than for ODCs ( 7.4 percent). Within each group of corporations, the ratio of profits to receipts varied across the industrial sectors. Other domestic corporations had higher ratios of net income (less deficit) to receipts than FCDCs in 12 out of 19 industrial sectors.

The ratio of taxable income (i.e., "income subject to tax") to total receipts is shown in column 61 of Table 4. This ratio, unlike the ratio of net income (less deficit) to total receipts discussed earlier, excludes deficits, and includes the amount of statutory special deductions reported on tax returns.

FCDCs generally had lower ratios of taxable income to receipts than those of other domestic corporations, 4.4 percent for FCDCs versus 7.2 percent for ODCs for all industries. For each group of large corporations, the ratio of taxable income to receipts varied among the different industrial sectors. Of the

19 different industrial sectors shown in the table, ODCs had higher taxable income as a percentage of receipts in 14 sectors.

Table 4 also includes the ratio of total U.S. income tax after credits to total receipts (column 64). ${ }^{19}$ The total income tax after credits reported by both FCDCs ( $\$ 46.1$ billion) and ODCs ( $\$ 278.8$ billion) represents the tax liability of these companies as reported on their originally filed U.S. income tax returns (see column 42).

The ratio of tax to receipts shown in column 64 of Table 4 takes into account only the U.S. tax liabilities of the corporations. Additional data, which are beyond the scope of this article, would be required to examine the worldwide tax liabilities of the corporations. ${ }^{20}$

Figures F1 and F2 present 12 categories of U.S. tax liability as a percentage of total receipts, shown separately for large FCDCs and for large ODCs. For 2006, Figure F1 shows that large FCDCs reported $\$ 46.1$ billion of total income tax after credits, 1.3 percent of their total receipts. Column 3 of Figure F1 shows that 27.0 percent of FCDCs had no U.S. tax liabilities, 64.7 percent of the companies had tax liabilities of less than 1.0 percent of their receipts, and 90.1 percent of the companies had tax liabilities of less than 4.0 percent of their receipts. By comparison, Figure F2 shows that large domestic corporations not foreign-controlled reported $\$ 278.8$ billion of total income tax after credits, 1.9 percent of their total receipts. For these companies, 24.1 percent had no tax liabilities, 59.5 percent had tax liabilities of less than 1.0 percent of their receipts, and 83.8 percent had tax liabilities of less than 4.0 percent of their receipts.

FCDCs claimed smaller amounts of tax credits than ODCs in relative terms. For 2006, large FCDCs

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claimed $\$ 10.2$ billion of credits, equaling 18.1 percent of their income tax liabilities before credits. Other large domestic corporations claimed \$88.4 billion of credits for the same tax year, equaling 24.1 percent of their income tax liabilities before credits. The largest credit claimed by each group of corporations was the foreign tax credit, $\$ 7.9$ billion by large FCDCs (14.1 percent of their tax liabilities) and $\$ 69.5$ billion by other large domestic corporations (18.9 percent of their tax liabilities).

Overall, while large FCDCs reported average tax liabilities after credits of $\$ 1.27$ per $\$ 100$ of receipts (or 1.27 percent), other domestic corporations reported tax liabilities after credits of $\$ 1.93$ per $\$ 100$ of receipts (or 1.93 percent). Of the 19 different industrial sectors shown in Table 4, ODCs had higher tax to receipts ratios in 15 sectors.

Table 4 highlights once again the differences in financial characteristics of corporations in different industries. For instance, looking at large FCDCs, finance and insurance companies have a higher ratio of net income (less deficit) to receipts (4.8 percent) than do wholesalers (3.1 percent); see column 57. Because the percentages of companies allocated by principal industrial activities are not the same for the largest FCDCs as they are for ODCs, this, again, illustrates the importance of comparing the two groups of corporations on an industry basis. This article will now look at two specific industrial sectors that are important to FCDCs, manufacturing and wholesale trade.

Manufacturing was a significant industrial sector for large FCDCs, accounting for nearly one-half of the total receipts of the group of corporations. Both large manufacturing FCDCs and ODCs were primarily "old" corporations; 89.9 percent of FCDCs and 89.5 percent of ODCs were incorporated before 2004. Large ODC manufacturers had higher percentages than those of large FCDC manufacturers in each of four calculations. Specifically, the percentage of ODCs in this industrial sector that reported positive profits was higher, but similar to that for the FCDCs, 73.3 percent and 72.6 percent, respectively (see column 43 of Table 4). Looking at the actual amounts of those positive profits and also accounting for losses reported by the remaining companies, the percentage of net income (less deficit) to total receipts was significantly higher for ODCs, 7.6 percent, than it was for FCDCs, 4.3 percent (see column 57 of Table 4). Net income (less deficit) as a percentage
of total receipts for Tax Years 1999-2006 is shown in Figure H. The difference in the percentages for large FCDCs and large ODCs for Tax Year 2006 is similar to the differences for each of the 7 previous tax years.

Large manufacturing ODCs reported taxable incomes of 7.6 percent of their receipts, while the percentage for large FCDCs was smaller at 4.4 percent (see column 61 of Table 4). The ratios of total income tax after credits to total receipts for ODCs and FCDCs were 1.6 percent and 1.2 percent, respectively (see column 64 of Table 4). The relative similarity of these tax to receipts ratios is partially explained by the difference in the amounts of credits that the two groups of corporations reported. ODCs reported larger credits than did the FCDCs, thereby reducing their postcredit tax liabilities by a larger portion. ODCs reported credits equaling 40.8 percent of their precredit income tax liabilities. For FCDCs, the percentage was substantially less, at 22.0 percent. For both groups of corporations, foreign tax credits accounted for most of the total credits.

Wholesale trade was also a significant industrial sector for large FCDCs, accounting for 20.1 percent of the total receipts of the group of corporations. Most large FCDCs (93.8 percent) and ODCs (94.3 percent) in this sector were "old" corporations, incorporated before 2004. The percentage of ODCs in this industrial sector that reported positive profits was higher, but similar to that for the FCDCs, 84.3 percent and 83.1 percent, respectively. Looking at the amounts of both profits and losses across the entire sector, the percentage of net income (less deficit) to total receipts was somewhat higher for ODCs (3.8 percent) than it was for FCDCs (3.1 percent). Figure H shows that the difference in percentages (of net income (less deficit) as a percentage of total receipts) between ODCs and FCDCs was often small for each of the 8 Tax Years 1999-2006. In particular, the differences for Tax Years 1999, 2000, 2002, 2003, and 2005 were small.

Large wholesale ODCs reported taxable incomes of 3.9 percent of their receipts, while the percentage was 3.1 for FCDCs. The ratio of total income tax after credits to total receipts was virtually identical for ODCs (1.1 percent) and FCDCs (1.0 percent). These percentages are once again impacted by the amount of credits claimed by both groups of corporations. ODCs reported much larger credits than did the FCDCs, thereby reducing their postcredit tax li-

## Figure H

"Large" Domestic Corporations: Net Income (Less Deficit) as a Percentage of Total Receipts, by Control Status and Industry, Tax Years 1999-2006


## Percentage



Percentage


19992000200120022003200420052006
Other

- Domestic corporations not foreign-controlled
- Foreign-controlled domestic corporations

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abilities by a larger portion. ODCs reported credits equaling 15.0 percent of their precredit income tax liabilities. For FCDCs, the percentage was much smaller, at just 6.7 percent. For both groups of corporations, the foreign tax credit was the largest credit.

## Summary

The number of income tax returns filed by FCDCs increased by 3.4 percent for 2006, to 63,951. FCDCs accounted for only 1.1 percent of all corporation income tax returns filed for the year. This percentage is much smaller than the percentages of receipts (14.0 percent) and assets (13.3 percent) that FCDCs produced.

FCDC assets grew for 2006, as did the assets for all corporations. FCDC assets totaled $\$ 9.7$ trillion for 2006, a 5.7 -percent increase from the previous year. By comparison, all corporations reported a total of $\$ 73.1$ trillion of assets for 2006, a 10.0-percent increase over the previous year. FCDCs accounted for 13.3 percent of total corporate assets for 2006, down from 13.9 percent for the previous year.

Foreign business activity in the United States through FCDCs grew for Tax Year 2006. FCDCs reported $\$ 3.8$ trillion of total receipts for the year, a 9.5 -percent increase over the 2005 level. Total receipts reported on all U.S. corporation income tax returns increased comparatively less, by 7.4 percent from the previous year. As a result, the share of total corporate receipts accounted for by FCDCs increased from 13.7 percent to 14.0 percent.

Two industrial sectors, manufacturing and wholesale trade, generated more than two-thirds of the $\$ 3.8$ trillion of total FCDC receipts. Manufacturers produced $\$ 1.8$ trillion of receipts, while wholesalers accounted for an additional $\$ 0.8$ trillion.

Domestic corporations controlled by persons in the United Kingdom reported total receipts of \$0.9 trillion, 23.2 percent of the FCDC total. In addition, FCDCs owned by persons in Japan (16.1 percent), Germany (12.9 percent), Canada ( 9.4 percent), the Netherlands ( 7.5 percent), France ( 6.3 percent), and

Switzerland (4.9 percent) accounted for significant portions of receipts.

FCDC profits were somewhat larger, by 4.5 percent, than those of the previous year. The collective net income (less deficit) reported by foreign-controlled domestic corporations increased from \$165.2 billion for 2005 to $\$ 172.6$ billion for 2006. To place the performance of FCDCs in context, total corporate profits decreased slightly, by 0.8 percent, remaining at $\$ 1.9$ trillion for 2006.

The U.S. tax liability of FCDCs (i.e., total income tax after credits) moved in the same direction as did profits, increasing from $\$ 42.4$ billion for 2005 to $\$ 50.0$ billion for 2006 , or by 17.8 percent. To place this in perspective, the 2006 U.S. tax liabilities of all corporations were 13.1 percent more than the previous year.

Of the 63,951 foreign-controlled domestic corporations, the 3,948 "largest" companies accounted for most of the total amounts of key financial items (e.g., 94.5 percent of the total assets, 94.9 percent of the total receipts, 93.1 percent of the taxable income, and 92.3 percent of the total income tax after credits).

In comparing the 3,948 large foreign-controlled domestic corporations to the 15,293 other large domestic companies on the basis of industry, FCDCs had lower performances than ODCs in most sectors using each of the following four criteria: (1) percentage of corporations that reported profits, (2) percentage of net income (less deficit) to total receipts, (3) percentage of taxable income to total receipts, and (4) percentage of total income tax after credits to total receipts. ${ }^{21}$

## Explanation of Selected Terms

The following are brief explanations of some of the terms used in this article. For more extensive definitions, see Statistics of Income-2006, Corporation Income Tax Returns, IRS Publication 16.

Alternative minimum tax-This tax was designed to ensure that a taxpayer with substantial economic income would have at least a minimum amount of income tax liability in spite of the legitimate use

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## Foreign-Controlled Domestic Corporations, 2006

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of exclusions, deductions, and credits. In effect, it provided a second tax system that curtailed or eliminated many of the means of reducing taxes allowed in the regular tax system and taxed the resulting alternative taxable income at a reduced rate. The AMT is included in the amounts reported for both total income tax before (and after) credits.

Balance sheets-The balance sheet data presented in this article were the amounts reported by the taxpayer as of the end of the taxpayer's accounting year. Taxpayers were instructed to provide data that agreed with their books of account but were given very few other guidelines. Thus, the statistics for balance sheets contained more reporting variability than those for income statement and tax computation items. Since balance sheet data were from the taxpayer's books, they were generally governed by general accounting principles rather than the special rules of tax accounting. A number of steps were taken during statistical processing to reduce the variability due to taxpayer reporting practices. Misreported amounts were transferred to their proper accounts. Missing balance sheets were either supplied from reference books or statistically imputed based on other data and the company's characteristics. Some balance sheets were suppressed for final returns of corporations going out of existence and for most part-year returns (because the same company's end-of-year data could have been subject to inclusion from its full-year return).

Business receipts-These receipts were, in general, the gross operating receipts of the corporation reduced by the cost of returned goods and allowances. They represented all of a corporation's receipts except investment and incidental income. Business receipts also exclude gains from the sale of assets. Some corporations reported sales and excise taxes as part of their gross receipts from sales (and deducted these taxes as part of "cost of goods sold" or as "taxes paid"); others reported their receipts after adjustment for these taxes. Business receipts include rents reported by real estate operators and other corporations for which rent made up a significant portion of income. The latter corporations included manufacturers that rented their products, lessors of public utility facilities, and companies engaged in rental
services, such as lodging places and the rental of automobiles. Business receipts include such banking items as fees, commissions, and credit card income. Interest, the principal operating income of banking and other financial institutions, was excluded from business receipts; rather, it was included in the separate statistics for interest received. Also, premium income of most insurance companies was included in business receipts. Security dealers included profits from security trades in business receipts.

Constructive ownership rules-The constructive ownership rules of Internal Revenue Code (IRC) section 318 apply in determining if a U.S. corporation is foreign-owned. However, if a corporation is owned by two or more "unrelated" foreign persons, neither of which owned 50 percent or more of the corporation, then that corporation was excluded from the FCDC statistics even though, together, these persons may have met the 50-percent-or-more ownership criterion. See also, Foreign Person, defined below.

Constructive taxable income from related foreign corporations-This item is the sum of includable income from Controlled Foreign Corporations (CFCs) and foreign dividend gross-up. IRC sections 951-964 ("Subpart F") created an exception to the general rule that the earnings and profits of CFCs were subject to U.S. taxation only when the income was actually distributed to U.S. shareholders. ${ }^{22}$ Under Subpart F, some types of foreign income are required to be included in the income of the U.S. shareholders, although not actually distributed. This includable income comprises passive investment income, income from sources thought especially easy to shift between tax jurisdictions, and income from sources contrary to public policy. Foreign dividend gross-up is constructive taxable income to corporations that claim a foreign tax credit. A U.S. corporation could claim a foreign tax credit for a share of the foreign taxes actually paid by its related foreign corporations. The share of foreign taxes was treated as deemed paid by the U.S. corporation. In order to receive credit against U.S. tax, the foreign taxes deemed paid need to be included in the corporation's worldwide income. The dividend gross-up, which is the equivalent amount of the foreign taxes deemed

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paid by the U.S. corporation, is included as income of the U.S. corporation. Constructive taxable income from related foreign corporations is not included in the statistics for total receipts.

Cost of goods sold-This item generally consisted of the costs incurred by corporations in producing the goods or providing the services that generated the business receipts. Included were costs of materials used in manufacturing; costs of goods purchased for resale; direct labor; and a share of overhead expenses, such as rent, utilities, supplies, maintenance, and repairs. For statistical processing purposes, however, certain items (such as advertising, amortization, bad debts, compensation of officers, depletion, depreciation, interest paid, taxes, and contributions to charitable organizations, employee benefit programs, and pension plans) reported by taxpayers in cost of goods sold schedules were transferred to their respective and separate deduction categories.

Current and noncurrent assets-In this article, current assets plus noncurrent assets equal total assets. Table 4 of this article includes separate data for current assets and noncurrent assets. Current assets include cash, notes and accounts receivable (less the allowance for bad debts), inventories, investments in government obligations, tax-exempt securities, and other current assets, such as short-term prepaid expenses and nontrade receivables. Noncurrent assets include loans to stockholders, mortgage and real estate loans, other investments, depreciable assets (less accumulated depreciation), depletable assets (less accumulated depletion), land, intangible assets (less accumulated amortization), and other assets, including those not identified on the tax return as either current or long-term.

Current and noncurrent liabilities-In this article, current liabilities include accounts payable; mortgages, notes, and bonds payable in less than 1 year; and other current liabilities, such as accrued taxes, payrolls, and other expenses. Noncurrent liabilities include loans from stockholders; mortgages, notes, and bonds payable in 1 year or more; and other liabilities, including those not identified on the tax return as either current or long-term.

Dividends received from domestic corpora-tions-These dividends represented most distributions from the earnings and profits of companies incorporated in the United States. They were generally used in computing the special deduction from net in-
come for dividends received. Dividend distributions among member corporations electing to file a consolidated return were eliminated from the statistics as part of the consolidated reporting of tax accounts.

Dividends received from foreign corporationsThese were dividends paid from the earnings and profits of companies incorporated in foreign countries. This item does not include constructive taxable income from related foreign corporations (discussed above) because it was not an actual receipt. Dividends received from foreign corporations out of U.S. source earnings and profits or from Foreign Sales Corporations were usually eligible for the dividends received deduction. Not eligible were dividends out of foreign-source earnings and profits.

Foreign person-A foreign person (or entity) includes: (1) a foreign citizen or nonresident alien, (2) an individual who is a citizen of a U.S. possession (but who is not a U.S. citizen or resident), (3) a foreign corporation, (4) a foreign partnership, (5) a foreign estate or trust within the meaning of IRC section 7701(a)(31), and (6) a foreign government (or one of its agencies or instrumentalities) to the extent that it is engaged in the conduct of a commercial activity as described in IRC section 892.

Foreign tax credit—Although the United States taxes the worldwide income of U.S. persons (including corporations), foreign source income is often taxed as well by the country where the income is earned. The foreign tax credit provisions were enacted to mitigate the potential impact of the double taxation of foreign-source income. U.S. persons are allowed a credit against U.S. income tax for income taxes paid (or accrued) to foreign countries or U.S. possessions, subject to a limitation that prevented corporations from using foreign tax credits to reduce U.S. tax liability on U.S.-sourced income. A corporation that claimed the foreign tax credit could not also claim a business deduction for the same foreign taxes paid. The foreign tax credit was not allowed for taxes paid to certain foreign countries whose governments were not recognized by the United States, with which the United States severed or did not conduct diplomatic relations, or which provided support for international terrorism.

Income subject to tax-For most corporations, income subject to tax, i.e., taxable income, consisted of (positive) net income minus certain statutory special deductions. However, there were special provisions in the Internal Revenue Code for determining

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the taxable income of $S$ corporations and insurance companies.

Income tax-This item was the amount of a corporation's tax liability calculated at the regular corporate tax rates. It is included in the amounts reported for both total income tax before (and after) credits. A small number of corporations without net income had an income tax liability under special life insurance rules.

Interest-This item is taxable interest, a component of total receipts. It includes interest on U.S. Government obligations, loans, notes, mortgages, corporate bonds, bank deposits, and dividends from savings and loans and mutual savings banks. This item does not include interest received from certain government obligations not subject to U.S. income tax, including those issued by States, local governments, the District of Columbia, and U.S. possessions.

Net income (or deficit)—This is a company's net profit or loss from taxable sources of income reduced by deductions allowed by the Internal Revenue Code. It reflects not only actual receipts, but "constructive" receipts as well (i.e., includable income from Controlled Foreign Corporations and the foreign dividend "gross-up"). Tax-exempt interest on State and local government obligations is excluded from this item, but is included in "total receipts." The deductions include ordinary and necessary business deductions, but do not include statutory special deductions. The statistics for (positive) net income are generally larger than those for "income subject to tax" because the latter is reduced by the amount of statutory special deductions, including the net operating loss deduction. In this article, for a group of returns, this item may be referred to as either "profits" (i.e., net income exceeds deficits) or "losses" (deficits exceed net income). On Form 1120, net income (or deficit) was reported on page 1 , line 28 , entitled "Taxable income before net operating loss deduction and special deductions."

Net operating loss deduction (NOLD)—A statutory "net operating loss" (NOL) for a given tax year could be carried back, in general, 2 years to reduce the taxable income of those years. Similarly, any amount of the NOL not offset against income during that time could be carried forward to offset income for a period not exceeding 20 years. A "net operating loss" is calculated using the laws and IRS regulations in effect for a given tax year, and is the excess of al-
lowable deductions over taxable income, with certain adjustments. The amount of the deduction included in the statistics of this article, however, consists only of losses from prior years carried forward and actually used to reduce taxable income for the current (2006) tax year. Losses incurred after Tax Year 2006 and carried back to that year at a later date were not reported on the tax returns used for this article. Net operating losses on which the 2006 deduction was based include: (1) the excess of ordinary and necessary business expenses over income for previous loss years, and (2) statutory special deductions claimed in a loss year for dividends received and for dividends paid on certain preferred stock of public utilities (or any excess of such deductions over net income).

Net worth-This item represented the stockholders' equity in the corporation, i.e., total assets less the claims of creditors. It is the net sum of capital stock, additional paid-in capital, appropriated retained earnings, and unappropriated retained earnings (including adjustments to shareholders' equity), minus the cost of treasury stock. Adjustments to shareholders' equity could be either positive or negative, and included unrealized gains and losses on securities held "available for sale." Treasury stock is common or preferred stock originally issued by the corporation that has been reacquired and held at the end of the accounting period by the issuing corporation.

Number of returns-The data contained in this article include the number of returns filed by "active" corporations (i.e., those reporting at least one item of income or deductions) for Tax Year 2006. For simplicity, the number of returns is sometimes referred to in this article as the number of corporations. However, the actual number of corporations may be larger than the number of returns because most domestic corporations could elect to file consolidated income tax returns. These returns were filed by common parent corporations and contained combined financial data of two or more affiliated domestic corporations meeting certain stock ownership requirements. Each consolidated return was treated for statistical purposes as a single unit.

Real estate investment trusts-Domestic corporations, trusts, and associations that meet certain ownership, purpose, income, and diversification requirements may elect to be taxed as real estate investment trusts (REITs). Foreign-controlled domestic corporations can be REITs. However, REITs played a

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much larger role for ODCs than for FCDCs. ${ }^{23}$ REITs generally invest in real estate and mortgages. A beneficial ownership of the trust is established through transferable shares or transferable certificates of beneficial interest. Among the income requirements, at least 95 percent of the total gross income of a REIT must come from dividends; interest; rents from real property; and gains from the sale of stock, securities, and real property; etc. Additionally, at least 75 percent of total gross income must be derived from rents from real property; interest on mortgages on real property; gains from sales of real property and mortgages; and dividends and gains from the sale of transferable shares in other REITs; etc. The tax liability of REITs is generally very low. This is because, through a statutory special deduction for dividends paid, REITs are not taxed on amounts distributed to shareholders. In general, REITs must distribute to their shareholders at least 90 percent of their taxable incomes. Such distributions are taxed to the shareholders (i.e., beneficiaries).

Regulated investment companies-A regulated investment company (RIC) is a domestic corporation registered with the Securities and Exchange Commission as a management company, business development company, unit investment trust, common trust fund, or a similar fund. Typically, it is a mutual fund. Foreign-controlled domestic corporations can be RICs. However, RICs played a much larger role for ODCs than for FCDCs. ${ }^{23}$ A RIC must meet certain Internal Revenue Code requirements, including deriving at least 90 percent of its gross income from dividends, interest, payments related to securities loans, and gains from the sale of stock or securities, foreign currencies, or other income related to its business of investing in such stock, securities, or currencies. The tax liability of RICs is generally very low. This is because, through a statutory special deduction for dividends paid, RICs are not taxed on amounts distributed to shareholders. In general, RICs must distribute to their shareholders at least 90 percent of their taxable incomes. Such distributions are taxed at the shareholder level.

S corporations-An S corporation has elected to be taxed through its shareholders under Internal Revenue Code section 1362. The IRC contains re-
strictive criteria that a company must meet in order to qualify as an $S$ corporation, which include the number and types of shareholders. These companies are involved in numerous industrial activities. They report corporate income and deductions from their conduct of trades and businesses, but generally allocate any income or loss to their shareholders to be taxed only at the individual level. S corporations comprise a very large part of the corporate population. However, foreign-controlled domestic corporations cannot elect to be treated as S corporations. ${ }^{23}$

Statutory special deductions-In general, net income less statutory special deductions equals income subject to tax. This item is the sum of: (1) deductions for net operating loss carryovers from prior years, and (2) special deductions for dividends and other corporate attributes allowed by the Internal Revenue Code, which includes: (a) dividends received deductions, (b) deductions for dividends paid on certain stock of public utilities, (c) deductions for dividends paid by regulated investment companies and real estate investment trusts, (d) Internal Revenue Code section 857(b)(2)(E) deductions reported by real estate investment trusts, and (e) Code section 806(a) small life insurance company deductions. These deductions were in addition to ordinary and necessary business deductions.

Total assets-This item represented those assets reported in the end-of-year balance sheets of the corporations' books of account. Total assets were net amounts after reduction by accumulated depreciation, accumulated amortization, accumulated depletion, and the reserve for bad debts.

Total income tax before and after credits-For 2006, total income tax of FCDCs was primarily comprised of the income tax imposed on corporate income subject to tax ( 99.0 percent of the total tax). The alternative minimum tax accounted for 1.0 percent of the total. A small number of corporation income tax returns without net income reported amounts of income tax. The income tax, in these cases, resulted from special provisions of the Internal Revenue Code applicable to life insurance operations. Additionally, some taxes included in total income tax were not imposed directly on a corporation's income subject to tax, such as the recapture

[^50]
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taxes. Thus, a small number of corporations without net income and income tax may have reported such taxes on their income tax returns. These taxes were included in the statistics for total income tax. Also included in total income tax were personal holding company taxes and the taxes on undistributed net capital gains of regulated investment companies. Total income tax included an adjustment that could be either positive or negative. This adjustment was used for write-in amounts on the tax computation schedule (e.g., Schedule J of Form 1120), as well as for differences in total tax reported on the tax computation schedule and reported on the tax and payments section of the tax return (e.g., Page 1 of Form 1120). For 2006, the credits used to reduce the total income tax of FCDCs primarily included the foreign tax credit ( 77.4 percent of the $\$ 10.4$ billion of total credits), the general business credit (13.7 percent), and the prior-year minimum tax credit (8.7 percent), as well as small amounts of the U.S. possessions tax credit and the qualified zone academy bond credit.

Total receipts-This item includes all of the income actually (as opposed to constructively) received by a corporation and reported on its income tax return. It includes gross taxable receipts, before the deduction of cost of goods sold and ordinary and necessary business expenses. It also includes tax-exempt interest received on State and local government obligations. A domestic corporation (i.e., one incorporated in the United States), whether controlled by a foreign person or not, could have business activities in a foreign country, as well as in the United States. Thus, total receipts may include those from foreign branch operations of the U.S. company. Also, the total receipts of a domestic corporation conducting business abroad through foreign subsidiaries may include dividends remitted from those subsidiaries. However, total receipts exclude certain taxable income from related foreign corporations that is only constructively received by the domestic corporation. Long-term capital gains of regulated investment companies, as well as both short-term and long-term capital gains of S corporations, are also excluded.

Total receipts less total deductions-This item differs from the "net income (less deficit)" shown in the statistics in that it includes nontaxable interest received on State and local government obligations, and excludes constructive taxable income from related foreign corporations.

## Data Sources and Limitations

## Time Period Covered

Data for Tax Year 2006 are based on returns with accounting periods that ended between July 2006 and June 2007. These accounting periods were 12 months in length, or less for part-year accounting periods. As a result of the 12 -month span for ending accounting periods, the statistics shown in this article include accounting periods that began and ended within a 23 -month span. For Tax Year 2006, that span was from August 2005 through June 2007. Nevertheless, most of the income and expense data are, in fact, associated with Calendar Year 2006. Of the 63,951 FCDC returns filed for Tax Year 2006, 42,527 had accounting periods that ended in December 2006, 66 percent of the total. These returns accounted for 77 percent of both the receipts and deductions reported by all FCDCs, as well as 86 percent of the FCDC assets.

The sampling frame for the 2006 statistics consisted, in general, of tax returns with accounting periods that ended between July 2006 and June 2007, and that posted to the IRS Business Master File between July 2006 and June 2008. A 24-month sampling period was needed for several reasons. First, some corporations had noncalendar year accounting periods ending as late as June 2007. Second, while corporation returns must be filed within $21 / 2$ months after the close of the accounting period, many corporations requested and received filing extensions of 6 months. Third, normal administrative processing time lags required that the sampling process remained open until June 2008.

## Returns Covered

The number of returns shown in this article represents returns of "active" corporations, i.e., those that reported any income or deduction items. While any corporation in existence during any portion of the taxable year was required to file an income tax return (even though it may have been inactive, not having any income or deductions), the great majority of returns filed with the Internal Revenue Service were for active corporations. Nonprofit corporations, exempt farmers' cooperatives, and certain other incorporated organizations did not file corporation income tax returns and are not included in the statistics shown in this article. Part-year returns, those filed

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for accounting periods of less than 12 months, were included in the number of returns and other data shown in this article. Continuing corporations changing their accounting periods, new corporations in existence less than 12 months, merging corporations, and liquidating corporations filed such returns. To avoid double counting, data from the balance sheets of part-year returns were not included in the statistics, except for those from initial returns of newly incorporated businesses.

## Sample

This article presents statistical estimates based on a stratified sample of over 8,200 unaudited tax returns selected from nearly 64,000 returns of active domestic corporations controlled by a foreign person filed for Tax Year 2006. The statistics for FCDCs are based on samples of corporation income tax returns filed primarily on Form 1120 (U.S. Corporation Income Tax Return). In addition, the statistics for all FCDCs include data from the small numbers of other domestic corporation income tax returns filed on Forms 1120L (U.S. Life Insurance Company Income Tax Return), 1120-RIC (U.S. Income Tax Return for Regulated Investment Companies), 1120-REIT (U.S. Income Tax Return for Real Estate Investment Trusts), and 1120-PC (U.S. Property and Casualty Insurance Company Income Tax Return). For Tax Year 2006, FCDCs filed only 41 Forms 1120L, 274 Forms 1120-RIC, 91 Forms 1120-REIT, and 40 Forms 1120-PC. ${ }^{24}$ FCDCs could not file Forms $1120-\mathrm{A}, 1120-\mathrm{F}$, and 1120S. The statistics for the largest FCDCs shown in Figures F through H, and in Table 4, exclude Forms 1120-RIC and 1120-REIT.

Form 1120 sampled returns were stratified based on the size of total assets and the size of "proceeds" (which was used as a measure of income and was the larger of the absolute value of net income or deficit or the absolute value of "cash flow," i.e., net income plus depreciation plus depletion). Forms 1120L, 1120-RIC, 1120-REIT, and 1120-PC were sampled based solely on the size of total assets.

For 2006, the sampling rates for Forms 1120 alone (the majority of returns included in the sample) ranged from less than 1 percent to 100 percent. In
general, Form 1120 returns with assets of $\$ 50$ million or more, or with "proceeds" of $\$ 10$ million or more, were selected for the Statistics of Income study at the 100 -percent sampling rate. Thus, most if not all of the "largest" FCDCs (and other domestic corporations as well) were selected at the 100-percent rate. Therefore, sampling error is not considered to be a major concern for the large-corporation data shown in this article. For additional information on the sampling rates, see Statistics of Income--2006, Corporation Income Tax Returns.

Because the data presented are estimates based on samples, they are subject to sampling error. To properly use these data, the magnitude of the sampling error should be known. Coefficients of variation (CVs) are used to measure that magnitude. Figure I shows CVs for selected financial data of selected industrial sectors and selected countries of the foreign owners. For a general discussion of sampling procedures, see SOI Sampling Methodology and Data Limitations located near the back of this issue of the Statistics of Income Bulletin.

## Nonsampling Limitations

Nonsampling errors can be categorized as coverage errors, nonresponse errors, processing errors, or response errors. These errors can be the result of the inability to obtain information about all returns in the sample, differing interpretations of tax concepts or instructions by the taxpayer, inability of a corporation to provide accurate information at the time of filing (data are collected before auditing), inability to obtain all tax schedules and attachments, errors in recording or coding the data, errors in collecting or cleaning the data, errors made in estimating for missing data, and failure to represent all population units.

Returns were selected for this study based on taxpayers' responses to two questions that appeared on the various types of Form 1120. The first question asked whether one "foreign person" owned, directly or indirectly, 25 percent or more of the filing corporation's voting stock or of the total value of all the corporation's stock, at any time during the tax year. If this question was answered "Yes," then

[^51]
## Figure I

Foreign-Controlled Domestic Corporations: Coefficients of Variation for Selected Items, by Selected Industrial Sector and Selected Country of Foreign Owner, Tax Year 2006

| Selected industrial sector or country | Coefficients of variation (percentages) |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Number of returns | Total assets | Total receipts | Net income | Deficit | Income subject to tax | Total income tax after credits |
|  | (1) | (2) | (3) | (4) | (5) | (6) | (7) |
| Total | 4.14 | 0.03 | 0.15 | 0.14 | 0.66 | 0.15 | 0.17 |
| Selected industrial sector: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Finance and insurance | 13.11 | 0.01 | 0.17 | 0.21 | 1.47 | 0.35 | 0.37 |
| Information | 20.59 | 0.13 | 0.98 | 0.63 | 2.74 | 0.74 | 0.72 |
| Management of companies (holding companies) | 21.06 | 0.05 | 0.12 | 0.36 | 5.04 | 0.31 | 0.33 |
| Manufacturing | 9.74 | 0.05 | 0.12 | 0.15 | 0.89 | 0.16 | 0.19 |
| Professional, scientific, and technical services | 14.80 | 0.55 | 1.57 | 1.86 | 4.03 | 2.13 | 2.24 |
| Real estate and rental and leasing | 9.03 | 0.89 | 1.43 | 1.77 | 4.12 | 1.80 | 1.76 |
| Retail trade | 20.79 | 0.45 | 0.48 | 1.01 | 7.93 | 1.05 | 1.02 |
| Wholesale trade | 8.00 | 0.28 | 0.48 | 0.50 | 2.64 | 0.53 | 0.54 |
| Selected country of foreign owner: Bermuda | 20.27 | 0.11 | 0.39 | 0.55 | 1.93 | 0.50 | 0.68 |
| Canada | 11.47 | 0.10 | 0.70 | 0.62 | 2.65 | 0.88 | 0.83 |
| France | 19.66 | 0.05 | 0.30 | 0.41 | 0.88 | 0.49 | 0.51 |
| Germany | 15.25 | 0.06 | 0.30 | 0.52 | 1.39 | 0.71 | 0.86 |
| Japan | 11.31 | 0.14 | 0.44 | 0.41 | 1.41 | 0.41 | 0.42 |
| Netherlands | 21.68 | 0.05 | 0.29 | 0.35 | 2.04 | 0.41 | 0.81 |
| South Korea, Republic of | 27.06 | 1.42 | 1.46 | 2.81 | 10.68 | 4.04 | 3.94 |
| Sweden | 48.14 | 0.45 | 0.76 | 1.54 | 13.93 | 1.68 | 1.66 |
| Switzerland | 20.21 | 0.04 | 0.67 | 0.37 | 2.49 | 0.40 | 0.41 |
| United Kingdom | 14.53 | 0.03 | 0.17 | 0.15 | 2.45 | 0.14 | 0.16 |
| Venezuela | 35.85 | 0.93 | 0.75 | 0.38 | 48.13 | 0.37 | 0.24 |

a second question asked for the percentage owned. ${ }^{25}$ If the first question was answered "Yes," and the second question was answered with a percentage between 50 and 100, then the return was included in the FCDC statistics. Taxpayers sometimes incorrectly answered these questions or did not answer them at all. ${ }^{26}$ However, prior to tabulation, corporations with large amounts of assets or receipts, and with changes in foreign ownership status between 2005 and 2006, were researched, and the answers to the questions were verified. These large corporations had a dominating effect on the estimates for balance sheet, income statement, and tax items.

Each return used for the statistics had an industry code reported, or was assigned one during administrative or statistical processing. The North American Industry Classification System (NAICS) was used as a classifier of the returns. The industry code represented the principal business activity (i.e., the activity which accounted for the largest portion of the total receipts) of the corporation filing the return. However, a given return may summarize the activity of a company engaged in several businesses or may have been a consolidated return filed for an affiliated group of corporations that conducted different business activities. To the extent that some consolidated

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(and nonconsolidated) returns covered corporations that were engaged in many types of business activities, the data in this article are not entirely related to the industrial activity under which they are shown.

There is an additional limitation related to data presented by industrial classification. Companies that sell similar products may not be classified in the same industry. For instance, those FCDCs that were primarily U.S. distributors of products made in foreign countries by their parent or other related companies were classified as wholesalers. However, other domestic corporations that were also distributors may have been included in consolidated returns covering both the manufacture and distribution of similar products and classified as manufacturers.

Each return was assigned a foreign country code during statistical processing that identified the owner's country. For individuals, it was the owner's country of residence. For all others, it was the country in which the foreign entity was incorporated, organized, created, or administered. To the extent that a holding company or other affiliated entity was part of a chain between a U.S. subsidiary company and the ultimate foreign parent, the country data may be related to the holding company and, thus, not be related to the foreign country of the ultimate parent.

## Appendix A

REITs, RICs, and S Corporations Filed by Foreign-Controlled Domestic Corporations (FCDCs) and Other Domestic Corporations (ODCs), Tax Year 2006
[Money amounts are in millions of dollars]

| Type of corporation and item | FCDCs | ODCs |
| :--- | ---: | ---: |
| Real estate investment trusts (REITs): |  |  |
| Number of returns | 91 | 1,318 |
| Total assets | 50,908 | $1,449,019$ |
| Total receipts | 2,984 | 140,462 |
| Net income (less deficit) | 1,837 | 85,904 |
| Income subject to tax | 0 | 63 |
| Total income tax after credits | 0 | 61 |
| Regulated investment companies (RICs): |  |  |
| Number of returns | 274 | 11,203 |
| Total assets | 245,009 | $11,978,848$ |
| Total receipts | 6,621 | 402,693 |
| Net income (less deficit) | 5,102 | 296,727 |
| Income subject to tax | 0 | 4 |
| Total income tax after credits | 0 | 61 |
| S corporations: |  |  |
| Number of returns | 0 | $3,872,766$ |
| Total assets | 0 | $3,048,770$ |
| Total receipts | 0 | $5,815,389$ |
| Total net income (less deficit) | 0 | 386,202 |
| Income subject to tax | 0 | 1,603 |
| Total income tax after credits | 0 | 639 |

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Table 1. Foreign-Controlled Domestic Corporations as a Percentage of All Corporations: Selected Items for Selected Tax Years 1971-2006
[All figures are estimates based on samples-money amounts are in millions of dollars]

| Item | 1971 | 1990 | 1997 | 2000 | 2003 | 2004 | 2005 | 2006 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | (1) | (2) | (3) | (4) | (5) | (6) | (7) | (8) |
| ALL CORPORATIONS <br> Number of returns, total | 1,733,332 | 3,716,650 | 4,710,083 | 5,045,274 | 5,401,237 | 5,557,965 | 5,671,257 | 5,840,799 |
| Number with net income | 1,063,940 | 1,910,670 | 2,647,474 | 2,819,153 | 2,932,115 | 3,116,468 | 3,324,260 | 3,367,313 |
| Total assets | 2,889,221 | 18,190,058 | 33,029,652 | 47,026,872 | 53,644,785 | 60,117,759 | 66,445,430 | 73,080,647 |
| Total receipts | 1,906,008 | 11,409,520 | 16,609,707 | 20,605,808 | 20,689,574 | 22,711,864 | 25,504,789 | 27,401,874 |
| Business receipts | 1,763,760 | 9,860,442 | 14,460,929 | 17,636,551 | 18,264,394 | 19,975,876 | 21,800,290 | 23,310,310 |
| Interest received [1] | 65,596 | 942,238 | 1,140,011 | 1,576,101 | 1,132,675 | 1,337,626 | 1,712,271 | 2,242,464 |
| Total deductions | 1,824,063 | 11,032,575 | 15,704,242 | 19,691,592 | 19,940,595 | 21,636,156 | 23,612,766 | 25,501,558 |
| Cost of goods sold | 1,241,282 | 6,610,770 | 9,114,246 | 11,135,288 | 11,318,645 | 12,497,905 | 13,816,464 | 14,799,599 |
| Interest paid | 64,697 | 825,372 | 866,474 | 1,271,679 | 818,017 | 938,790 | 1,287,098 | 1,787,104 |
| Total receipts less total deductions | 81,945 | 376,945 | 905,465 | 914,216 | 748,980 | 1,075,708 | 1,892,024 | 1,900,316 |
| Net income (less deficit) | 79,700 | 370,633 | 915,397 | 927,526 | 779,989 | 1,111,693 | 1,948,655 | 1,933,374 |
| Net income | 96,688 | 552,527 | 1,117,825 | 1,336,620 | 1,175,609 | 1,455,797 | 2,234,882 | 2,239,614 |
| Deficit | -16,988 | -181,894 | -202,428 | -409,094 | -395,620 | -344,104 | -286,227 | -306,240 |
| Income subject to tax | 83,165 | 366,353 | 683,793 | 760,404 | 699,337 | 857,392 | 1,201,325 | 1,291,431 |
| Total income tax before credits | 37,510 | 128,186 | 239,394 | 266,282 | 243,823 | 299,555 | 419,209 | 453,082 |
| Income tax | 37,143 | 119,434 | 235,325 | 262,233 | 241,275 | 296,200 | 416,324 | 450,168 |
| Total income tax after credits | 30,220 | 96,403 | 184,153 | 204,044 | 177,517 | 224,435 | 312,086 | 353,084 |
| FOREIGN-CONTROLLED DOMESTIC CORPORATIONS <br> Number of returns, total | 5,154 | 44,113 | 61,621 | 60,609 | 58,945 | 57,935 | 61,820 | 63,951 |
| Number with net income | 2,575 | 17,360 | 29,504 | 26,519 | 27,269 | 29,233 | 30,870 | 30,318 |
| Total assets | 36,674 | 1,652,255 | 3,392,051 | 6,071,994 | 6,170,122 | 7,971,399 | 9,218,983 | 9,743,225 |
| Total receipts | 39,181 | 1,060,295 | 1,781,382 | 2,612,072 | 2,569,302 | 3,056,503 | 3,505,629 | 3,839,754 |
| Business receipts | 38,043 | 950,083 | 1,582,576 | 2,253,215 | 2,329,930 | 2,733,472 | 3,058,260 | 3,323,274 |
| Interest received [1] | 420 | 67,315 | 114,610 | 180,006 | 102,179 | 154,954 | 235,304 | 304,577 |
| Total deductions | 38,050 | 1,056,921 | 1,730,418 | 2,549,986 | 2,542,193 | 2,969,718 | 3,345,178 | 3,671,102 |
| Cost of goods sold | 28,804 | 709,052 | 1,119,276 | 1,584,513 | 1,652,622 | 1,964,224 | 2,239,966 | 2,425,660 |
| Interest paid | 733 | 77,562 | 112,219 | 186,835 | 109,453 | 129,530 | 199,877 | 286,668 |
| Total receipts less total deductions | 1,132 | 3,374 | 50,964 | 62,085 | 27,109 | 86,785 | 160,450 | 168,652 |
| Net income (less deficit) | 1,111 | 3,966 | 52,365 | 66,312 | 31,952 | 90,846 | 165,188 | 172,560 |
| Net income | 1,496 | 29,410 | 79,352 | 118,598 | 92,846 | 138,010 | 201,597 | 214,812 |
| Deficit | -384 | -25,444 | -26,987 | -52,287 | -60,895 | -47,165 | -36,409 | -42,252 |
| Income subject to tax | 1,344 | 23,704 | 61,798 | 97,515 | 73,521 | 104,740 | 153,007 | 171,251 |
| Total income tax before credits | 650 | 8,719 | 22,492 | 34,650 | 25,971 | 37,058 | 53,820 | 60,313 |
| Income tax | 631 | 8,008 | 21,589 | 33,950 | 25,607 | 36,451 | 53,137 | 59,693 |
| Total income tax after credits | 610 | 7,438 | 19,730 | 28,073 | 19,121 | 29,932 | 42,415 | 49,953 |
| FOREIGN-CONTROLLED DOMESTIC CORPORATIONS AS A PERCENTAGE OF ALL CORPORATIONS <br> Number of returns, total | 0.30 | 1.19 | 1.31 | 1.20 | 1.09 | 1.04 | 1.09 | 1.09 |
| Number with net income | 0.24 | 0.91 | 1.11 | 0.94 | 0.93 | 0.94 | 0.93 | 0.90 |
| Total assets | 1.27 | 9.08 | 10.27 | 12.91 | 11.50 | 13.26 | 13.87 | 13.33 |
| Total receipts | 2.06 | 9.29 | 10.72 | 12.68 | 12.42 | 13.46 | 13.74 | 14.01 |
| Business receipts | 2.16 | 9.64 | 10.94 | 12.78 | 12.76 | 13.68 | 14.03 | 14.26 |
| Interest received [1] | 0.64 | 7.14 | 10.05 | 11.42 | 9.02 | 11.58 | 13.74 | 13.58 |
| Total deductions | 2.09 | 9.58 | 11.02 | 12.95 | 12.75 | 13.73 | 14.17 | 14.40 |
| Cost of goods sold | 2.32 | 10.73 | 12.28 | 14.23 | 14.60 | 15.72 | 16.21 | 16.39 |
| Interest paid | 1.13 | 9.40 | 12.95 | 14.69 | 13.38 | 13.80 | 15.53 | 16.04 |
| Total receipts less total deductions | 1.38 | 0.90 | 5.63 | 6.79 | 3.62 | 8.07 | 8.48 | 8.87 |
| Net income (less deficit) | 1.39 | 1.07 | 5.72 | 7.15 | 4.10 | 8.17 | 8.48 | 8.93 |
| Net income | 1.55 | 5.32 | 7.10 | 8.87 | 7.90 | 9.48 | 9.02 | 9.59 |
| Deficit | 2.26 | 13.99 | 13.33 | 12.78 | 15.39 | 13.71 | 12.72 | 13.80 |
| Income subject to tax | 1.62 | 6.47 | 9.04 | 12.82 | 10.51 | 12.22 | 12.74 | 13.26 |
| Total income tax before credits | 1.73 | 6.80 | 9.40 | 13.01 | 10.65 | 12.37 | 12.84 | 13.31 |
| Income tax | 1.70 | 6.70 | 9.17 | 12.95 | 10.61 | 12.31 | 12.76 | 13.26 |
| Total income tax after credits | 2.02 | 7.72 | 10.71 | 13.76 | 10.77 | 13.34 | 13.59 | 14.15 |

[1] Excludes nontaxable interest received on State and local government obligations.
NOTES: Detail may not add to totals because of rounding. All amounts are in current dollars. Tax law and tax form changes affect the year-to-year comparability of the data. See Statistics of Income - Corporation Income Tax Returns, selected years, for discussions of changes affecting the comparability of the data over time.

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Table 2. Foreign-Controlled Domestic Corporations: Selected Items, by Major Industry, Tax Year 2006 [All figures are estimates based on samples - money amounts are in millions of dollars]

| Major industry | Number of returns |  |  | Total assets | Net worth | Total receipts | Business receipts | Total deductions |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Total | With net income | With total income tax after credits |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | (1) | (2) | (3) | (4) | (5) | (6) | (7) | (8) |
| All industries [1] | 63,951 | 30,318 | 22,591 | 9,743,225 | 2,035,800 | 3,839,754 | 3,323,274 | 3,671,102 |
| Agriculture, forestry, fishing, and hunting | 719 | 463 | 180 | 4,699 | 2,132 | 2,650 | 2,103 | 2,470 |
| Agricultural production | 618 | 422 | 140 | 3,802 | 1,963 | 2,201 | 1,889 | 2,075 |
| Forestry and logging | *38 | *37 | *37 | *436 | *205 | *216 | *137 | *180 |
| Support activities and fishing, hunting, and trapping | *62 | *3 | d | *461 | *-36 | *233 | *76 | *215 |
| Mining | 751 | 378 | 177 | 126,846 | 64,574 | 66,430 | 60,994 | 55,704 |
| Utilities | 63 | 42 | 42 | 84,237 | 26,537 | 34,841 | 32,807 | 33,987 |
| Construction | 2,171 | 1,075 | 873 | 45,928 | 12,862 | 48,298 | 46,410 | 46,736 |
| Construction of buildings | 464 | 402 | 373 | 20,636 | 6,484 | 30,220 | 29,232 | 29,266 |
| Heavy and civil engineering construction | 1,094 | 121 | 94 | 20,609 | 5,202 | 12,071 | 11,262 | 11,684 |
| Specialty trade contractors | 613 | 551 | 407 | 4,682 | 1,176 | 6,007 | 5,915 | 5,786 |
| Manufacturing | 6,701 | 3,819 | 3,098 | 2,260,118 | 597,904 | 1,777,561 | 1,681,237 | 1,705,105 |
| Food manufacturing | 500 | 139 | 129 | 59,467 | 13,621 | 53,699 | 52,153 | 51,892 |
| Beverage and tobacco product manufacturing | 304 | 28 | 27 | 29,533 | 4,861 | 21,965 | 20,793 | 20,539 |
| Textile mills and textile product mills | 176 | 84 | 80 | 5,814 | 2,938 | 6,547 | 6,418 | 6,577 |
| Apparel manufacturing | 35 | 22 | 22 | 1,256 | 689 | 1,793 | 1,746 | 1,702 |
| Leather and allied product manufacturing | d | d | d | d | d | d | d | d |
| Wood product manufacturing | 142 | 109 | 109 | 6,301 | 1,122 | 7,882 | 7,736 | 7,895 |
| Paper manufacturing | 125 | 74 | 67 | 20,208 | 7,621 | 22,954 | 22,221 | 22,619 |
| Printing and related support activities | 103 | 31 | 31 | 6,119 | 1,020 | 7,003 | 6,798 | 6,980 |
| Petroleum and coal products manufacturing | 103 | 22 | 21 | 762,728 | 116,283 | 606,362 | 585,311 | 575,707 |
| Chemical manufacturing | 455 | 296 | 282 | 301,882 | 112,678 | 225,072 | 207,850 | 207,629 |
| Plastics and rubber products manufacturing | 601 | 244 | 143 | 42,826 | 9,491 | 55,063 | 53,099 | 54,097 |
| Nonmetallic mineral product manufacturing | 173 | 141 | 135 | 104,293 | 37,980 | 61,462 | 58,812 | 57,037 |
| Primary metal manufacturing | 147 | 97 | 92 | 52,114 | 19,560 | 68,586 | 67,089 | 63,652 |
| Fabricated metal product manufacturing | 528 | 310 | 238 | 39,384 | 14,138 | 38,644 | 37,462 | 38,007 |
| Machinery manufacturing | 805 | 591 | 582 | 137,859 | 45,036 | 108,254 | 101,680 | 105,354 |
| Computer and electronic product manufacturing | 1,173 | 881 | 510 | 148,821 | 64,202 | 95,940 | 91,080 | 95,121 |
| Electrical equipment, appliance, and component manufacturing | 254 | 94 | 75 | 38,057 | 16,530 | 31,052 | 30,075 | 30,613 |
| Transportation equipment manufacturing | 547 | 367 | 284 | 457,991 | 113,908 | 324,818 | 292,541 | 320,455 |
| Furniture and related product manufacturing | 56 | 12 | 11 | 2,137 | -117 | 3,965 | 3,946 | 3,973 |
| Miscellaneous manufacturing | d | d | d | d | d | d | d | d |
| Wholesale and retail trade | 20,308 | 10,079 | 7,385 | 567,453 | 170,288 | 1,005,722 | 976,514 | 977,629 |
| Wholesale trade | 17,438 | 8,732 | 6,503 | 461,074 | 136,464 | 803,165 | 777,785 | 780,092 |
| Wholesale trade, durable goods | 11,994 | 6,614 | 4,744 | 338,220 | 92,212 | 587,148 | 572,204 | 574,582 |
| Wholesale trade, nondurable goods | 5,116 | 2,113 | 1,754 | 122,314 | 44,233 | 215,928 | 205,517 | 205,413 |
| Wholesale electronic markets and agents and brokers | *328 | *5 | *5 | *541 | *18 | *89 | *64 | *98 |
| Retail trade | 2,871 | 1,346 | 882 | 106,379 | 33,825 | 202,557 | 198,729 | 197,537 |
| Motor vehicle dealers and parts dealers | 60 | 37 | 22 | 2,983 | 666 | 7,500 | 7,237 | 7,410 |
| Furniture and home furnishings stores | 132 | 13 | 13 | 4,720 | 601 | 5,081 | 4,988 | 4,970 |
| Electronics and appliance stores | 387 | 296 | 153 | 2,129 | 392 | 3,848 | 3,727 | 3,558 |
| Building material and garden equipment and supplies dealers | 48 | 32 | 32 | 634 | 285 | 1,186 | 1,160 | 1,153 |
| Food, beverage and liquor stores | 41 | 13 | 13 | 53,917 | 17,946 | 124,280 | 123,010 | 121,753 |
| Health and personal care stores | 73 | 35 | 34 | 8,741 | 3,194 | 15,447 | 15,237 | 15,183 |
| Gasoline stations | *244 | *240 | * 4 | *3,248 | *861 | *10,655 | *10,538 | *10,501 |
| Clothing and clothing accessories stores | 395 | 195 | 177 | 14,586 | 7,451 | 15,018 | 14,068 | 14,133 |
| Sporting goods, hobby, book, and music stores | 633 | 69 | 69 | 886 | 398 | 1,322 | 1,295 | 1,304 |
| General merchandise stores | *30 | *0 | * 0 | *57 | *25 | *182 | *178 | *203 |
| Miscellaneous store retailers | 147 | 53 | 42 | 6,655 | -1,309 | 8,305 | 8,039 | 8,207 |
| Nonstore retailers | 681 | 363 | 321 | 7,823 | 3,316 | 9,733 | 9,250 | 9,161 |

Footnotes at end of table.

Table 2. Foreign-Controlled Domestic Corporations: Selected Items, by Major Industry, Tax Year 2006-Continued
[All figures are estimates based on samples-money amounts are in millions of dollars]

| Major industry | Number of returns |  |  | Total assets | Net worth | Total receipts | Business receipts | Total deductions |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Total | With net income | With total income tax after credits |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | (1) | (2) | (3) | (4) | (5) | (6) | (7) | (8) |
| Transportation and warehousing | 2,263 | 1,424 | 1,263 | 59,335 | 19,045 | 55,632 | 53,644 | 55,794 |
| Air, rail, and water transportation | 155 | 115 | 52 | 17,829 | 3,750 | 12,096 | 11,516 | 11,737 |
| Truck transportation | 615 | 302 | 302 | 2,142 | 410 | 3,698 | 3,654 | 3,753 |
| Transit and ground passenger transportation | *3 | * 0 | * 0 | *2,373 | *1,540 | *1,968 | *1,952 | *2,006 |
| Pipeline transportation | *13 | *12 | *12 | *2,422 | *1,285 | *2,375 | *2,305 | *2,336 |
| Other transportation and support activities | 1,146 | 682 | 595 | 26,651 | 7,534 | 32,490 | 31,585 | 33,302 |
| Warehousing and storage | 332 | 313 | 303 | 7,919 | 4,525 | 3,005 | 2,632 | 2,660 |
| Information | 2,145 | 900 | 592 | 373,761 | 202,865 | 98,465 | 83,102 | 93,049 |
| Publishing industries | 769 | 402 | 187 | 76,603 | 13,839 | 37,741 | 32,748 | 37,042 |
| Motion picture and sound recording industries | 603 | 115 | 107 | 49,444 | 19,240 | 11,894 | 8,526 | 11,438 |
| Broadcasting (except Internet) | 54 | 39 | 7 | 3,561 | 2,024 | 912 | 813 | 1,073 |
| Internet publishing and broadcasting | *15 | d | d | *15,052 | *3,416 | *8,927 | *8,423 | *8,422 |
| Telecommunications | 462 | 170 | 132 | 210,577 | 158,153 | 31,594 | 26,048 | 27,839 |
| Internet service providers, Web search portals, and data processing services | 188 | 135 | 124 | 7,233 | 1,644 | 2,125 | 1,836 | 2,170 |
| Other information services | 53 | d | d | 11,290 | 4,548 | 5,274 | 4,708 | 5,065 |
| Finance and insurance | 2,950 | 1,685 | 1,203 | 4,677,234 | 693,609 | 446,808 | 203,554 | 418,506 |
| Credit intermediation | 376 | 246 | 225 | 299,192 | 22,106 | 22,254 | 9,124 | 21,227 |
| Depository credit intermediation | 51 | 48 | 47 | 104,236 | 7,531 | 5,655 | 601 | 5,050 |
| Nondepository credit intermediation | 325 | 198 | 178 | 194,956 | 14,575 | 16,599 | 8,523 | 16,177 |
| Securities, commodity contracts, and other financial investments and related activities | 1,499 | 653 | 518 | 2,781,476 | 129,794 | 198,327 | 40,410 | 187,047 |
| Insurance carriers and related activities | 317 | 258 | 244 | 1,251,330 | 268,416 | 213,863 | 154,017 | 205,505 |
| Funds, trusts, and other financial vehicles | 758 | 528 | 215 | 345,236 | 273,293 | 12,364 | 3 | 4,727 |
| Real estate and rental and leasing | 11,906 | 4,502 | 3,453 | 113,134 | 35,759 | 30,573 | 19,745 | 25,723 |
| Real estate | 11,719 | 4,381 | 3,334 | 79,984 | 30,739 | 14,791 | 6,401 | 11,035 |
| Rental and leasing services | 181 | 115 | 114 | 33,027 | 4,938 | 15,734 | 13,338 | 14,670 |
| Lessors of nonfinancial intangible assets (except copyrighted works) | *6 | *6 | *5 | *124 | *82 | *48 | * 6 | *18 |
| Professional, scientific, and technical services | 6,274 | 3,025 | 2,012 | 119,047 | 44,492 | 72,989 | 67,440 | 71,573 |
| Management of companies (holding companies) | 3,233 | 1,262 | 941 | 1,160,438 | 116,470 | 110,029 | 16,323 | 93,727 |
| Administrative and support and waste management and remediation services | 1,874 | 702 | 662 | 44,258 | 12,097 | 37,861 | 35,829 | 42,184 |
| Administrative and support services | 1,862 | 697 | 656 | 37,396 | 9,568 | 33,770 | 31,921 | 33,675 |
| Waste management and remediation services | *13 | * 6 | * 6 | *6,862 | *2,529 | *4,092 | *3,909 | *8,510 |
| Educational services | 7 | 5 | 4 | 3,942 | 695 | 1,379 | 1,270 | 1,334 |
| Health care and social assistance | 341 | 277 | 277 | 19,045 | 8,954 | 12,080 | 11,027 | 10,958 |
| Offices of health practitioners and outpatient care centers | *262 | *262 | *262 | *14,619 | *7,509 | *7,799 | *7,333 | *7,015 |
| Miscellaneous health care and social assistance | 72 | 11 | 11 | 2,200 | 705 | 1,677 | 1,594 | 1,625 |
| Hospitals, nursing, and residential care facilities | 7 | 5 | 5 | 2,226 | 739 | 2,605 | 2,099 | 2,319 |
| Arts, entertainment, and recreation | 491 | 169 | 71 | 12,641 | 2,445 | 4,400 | 3,388 | 4,193 |
| Amusement, gambling, and recreation industries | 88 | 55 | 37 | 9,593 | 1,779 | 1,867 | 1,492 | 1,862 |
| Other arts, entertainment, and recreation | 403 | 114 | 34 | 3,047 | 666 | 2,533 | 1,896 | 2,331 |
| Accommodation and food services | 949 | 409 | 273 | 65,876 | 23,478 | 29,159 | 23,326 | 27,886 |
| Accommodation | 276 | 199 | 157 | 50,074 | 21,627 | 9,308 | 5,015 | 8,475 |
| Food services and drinking places | 673 | 209 | 117 | 15,802 | 1,851 | 19,851 | 18,311 | 19,412 |
| Other services | 806 | 103 | 86 | 5,232 | 1,594 | 4,876 | 4,563 | 4,543 |
| Repair and maintenance | 332 | 87 | 70 | 2,473 | 988 | 3,255 | 3,088 | 3,154 |
| Personal and laundry services | 474 | 16 | 16 | 2,759 | 606 | 1,621 | 1,475 | 1,389 |

[^53]
## Foreign-Controlled Domestic Corporations, 2006

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Table 2. Foreign-Controlled Domestic Corporations: Selected Items, by Major Industry, Tax Year 2006-Continued
[All figures are estimates based on samples-money amounts are in millions of dollars]

| Major industry | Cost of goods sold | Total receipts less total deductions | Net income (less deficit) | Net income | Deficit | Income subject to tax | Total income tax |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  | Before credits | After credits |
|  | (9) | (10) | (11) | (12) | (13) | (14) | (15) | (16) |
| All industries [1] | 2,425,660 | 168,652 | 172,560 | 214,812 | -42,252 | 171,251 | 60,313 | 49,953 |
| Agriculture, forestry, fishing, and hunting | 1,342 | 180 | 189 | 324 | -135 | 159 | 54 | 49 |
| Agricultural production | 1,183 | 126 | 125 | 245 | -120 | 121 | 41 | 36 |
| Forestry and logging | *109 | *36 | *36 | *38 | *-1 | *35 | *12 | *12 |
| Support activities and fishing, hunting, and trapping | *51 | *18 | *27 | *41 | *-14 | *3 | *1 | d |
| Mining | 30,002 | 10,726 | 10,910 | 12,871 | -1,961 | 9,951 | 3,643 | 1,834 |
| Utilities | 21,449 | 854 | 889 | 1,086 | -197 | 877 | 315 | 222 |
| Construction | 38,611 | 1,563 | 1,570 | 2,156 | -586 | 1,911 | 667 | 656 |
| Construction of buildings | 26,174 | 954 | 962 | 1,064 | -103 | 1,024 | 358 | 353 |
| Heavy and civil engineering construction | 8,466 | 387 | 388 | 765 | -377 | 639 | 226 | 220 |
| Specialty trade contractors | 3,972 | 221 | 220 | 326 | -106 | 248 | 84 | 84 |
| Manufacturing | 1,321,660 | 72,456 | 75,074 | 88,056 | -12,982 | 78,076 | 27,442 | 21,504 |
| Food manufacturing | 32,122 | 1,808 | 1,825 | 2,234 | -408 | 1,595 | 572 | 542 |
| Beverage and tobacco product manufacturing | 10,807 | 1,425 | 1,444 | 1,534 | -90 | 1,271 | 444 | 410 |
| Textile mills and textile product mills | 5,033 | -30 | -32 | 222 | -254 | 185 | 64 | 62 |
| Apparel manufacturing | 1,123 | 91 | 97 | 114 | -18 | 91 | 33 | 32 |
| Leather and allied product manufacturing | d | d | d | d | d | d | d | d |
| Wood product manufacturing | 6,320 | -14 | -13 | 146 | -159 | 98 | 34 | 32 |
| Paper manufacturing | 17,681 | 335 | 378 | 863 | -485 | 416 | 148 | 94 |
| Printing and related support activities | 5,160 | 23 | 23 | 89 | -66 | 45 | 16 | 16 |
| Petroleum and coal products manufacturing | 529,960 | 30,655 | 31,825 | 31,884 | -59 | 31,580 | 11,054 | 7,744 |
| Chemical manufacturing | 122,165 | 17,442 | 18,116 | 19,241 | -1,124 | 17,562 | 6,174 | 5,011 |
| Plastics and rubber products manufacturing | 39,485 | 966 | 1,009 | 1,459 | -450 | 762 | 279 | 219 |
| Nonmetallic mineral product manufacturing | 37,733 | 4,425 | 4,483 | 4,809 | -326 | 4,585 | 1,604 | 1,517 |
| Primary metal manufacturing | 54,458 | 4,934 | 4,940 | 5,240 | -300 | 4,858 | 1,707 | 1,145 |
| Fabricated metal product manufacturing | 28,223 | 637 | 687 | 1,922 | -1,235 | 1,493 | 522 | 502 |
| Machinery manufacturing | 76,341 | 2,900 | 3,102 | 3,817 | -715 | 2,412 | 853 | 659 |
| Computer and electronic product manufacturing | 68,535 | 818 | 996 | 3,084 | -2,088 | 1,483 | 545 | 477 |
| Electrical equipment, appliance, and component manufacturing | 21,544 | 439 | 496 | 1,441 | -945 | 1,052 | 373 | 273 |
| Transportation equipment manufacturing | 239,249 | 4,362 | 4,382 | 7,861 | -3,479 | 6,867 | 2,414 | 2,259 |
| Furniture and related product manufacturing | 2,816 | -8 | -8 | 54 | -62 | 44 | 15 | 14 |
| Miscellaneous manufacturing | d | d | d | d | d | d | d | d |
| Wholesale and retail trade | 788,435 | 28,093 | 28,330 | 34,260 | -5,930 | 29,264 | 10,245 | 9,665 |
| Wholesale trade | 646,255 | 23,072 | 23,324 | 28,369 | -5,044 | 24,425 | 8,545 | 8,009 |
| Wholesale trade, durable goods | 479,583 | 12,567 | 12,715 | 16,398 | -3,683 | 13,687 | 4,781 | 4,472 |
| Wholesale trade, nondurable goods | 166,673 | 10,515 | 10,618 | 11,966 | -1,348 | 10,735 | 3,763 | 3,536 |
| Wholesale electronic markets and agents and brokers | *0 | *-9 | *-9 | * 4 | *-13 | * 4 | *1 | *1 |
| Retail trade | 142,179 | 5,021 | 5,006 | 5,892 | -886 | 4,839 | 1,700 | 1,656 |
| Motor vehicle dealers and parts dealers | 6,324 | 90 | 90 | 146 | -57 | 114 | 39 | 38 |
| Furniture and home furnishings stores | 2,890 | 110 | 108 | 172 | -64 | 168 | 58 | 58 |
| Electronics and appliance stores | 2,323 | 290 | 290 | 308 | -18 | 116 | 41 | 38 |
| Building material and garden equipment and supplies dealers | 915 | 33 | 35 | 46 | -11 | 45 | 15 | 14 |
| Food, beverage and liquor stores | 91,365 | 2,527 | 2,527 | 2,673 | -147 | 2,509 | 882 | 868 |
| Health and personal care stores | 9,563 | 264 | 264 | 393 | -129 | 386 | 135 | 128 |
| Gasoline stations | *9,039 | *153 | *153 | *157 | *-5 | *148 | *52 | *47 |
| Clothing and clothing accessories stores | 6,794 | 885 | 885 | 1,063 | -178 | 565 | 204 | 199 |
| Sporting goods, hobby, book, and music stores | 936 | 18 | 18 | 53 | -35 | 33 | 11 | 11 |
| General merchandise stores | *136 | *-22 | *-22 | *0 | *-22 | * 0 | * 0 | *0 |
| Miscellaneous store retailers | 5,290 | 99 | 98 | 233 | -134 | 134 | 47 | 44 |
| Nonstore retailers | 6,604 | 572 | 559 | 647 | -88 | 621 | 216 | 210 |

[^54]Table 2. Foreign-Controlled Domestic Corporations: Selected Items, by Major Industry, Tax Year 2006-Continued
[All figures are estimates based on samples-money amounts are in millions of dollars]

| Major industry | Cost of goods sold | Total receipts less total deductions | Net income (less deficit) | Net income | Deficit | Income subject to tax | Total income tax |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  | Before credits | After credits |
|  | (9) | (10) | (11) | (12) | (13) | (14) | (15) | (16) |
| Transportation and warehousing | 23,802 | -162 | -144 | 2,064 | -2,208 | 1,553 | 548 | 507 |
| Air, rail, and water transportation | 4,880 | 358 | 371 | 622 | -251 | 537 | 198 | 175 |
| Truck transportation | 1,822 | -54 | -54 | 41 | -95 | 11 | 3 | 3 |
| Transit and ground passenger transportation | *1,011 | *-38 | *-38 | *0 | *-38 | *0 | *0 | *0 |
| Pipeline transportation | *2,130 | *40 | *40 | *66 | *-27 | *65 | *22 | *22 |
| Other transportation and support activities | 13,441 | -813 | -807 | 959 | -1,766 | 765 | 264 | 246 |
| Warehousing and storage | 518 | 344 | 345 | 376 | -31 | 175 | 61 | 60 |
| Information | 31,086 | 5,416 | 5,557 | 8,514 | -2,957 | 4,604 | 1,620 | 1,522 |
| Publishing industries | 13,311 | 699 | 731 | 2,123 | -1,392 | 710 | 251 | 203 |
| Motion picture and sound recording industries | 3,975 | 456 | 541 | 836 | -295 | 82 | 28 | 26 |
| Broadcasting (except Internet) | 301 | -162 | -177 | 39 | -215 | 23 | 8 | 6 |
| Internet publishing and broadcasting | *2,469 | *505 | *505 | d | d | d | d | d |
| Telecommunications | 9,645 | 3,755 | 3,764 | 4,453 | -690 | 2,898 | 1,041 | 1,028 |
| Internet service providers, Web search portals, and data processing services | 716 | -45 | -45 | 182 | -228 | 132 | 45 | 44 |
| Other information services | 669 | 208 | 239 | d | d | d | d | d |
| Finance and insurance | 104,647 | 28,302 | 28,515 | 32,225 | -3,711 | 15,980 | 5,675 | 4,976 |
| Credit intermediation | 162 | 1,027 | 839 | 1,417 | -578 | 1,271 | 450 | 426 |
| Depository credit intermediation | 0 | 605 | 596 | 602 | -6 | 562 | 197 | 195 |
| Nondepository credit intermediation | 162 | 422 | 243 | 816 | -572 | 710 | 254 | 231 |
| Securities, commodity contracts, and other financial investments and related activities | 380 | 11,280 | 11,490 | 11,764 | -274 | 7,477 | 2,657 | 2,422 |
| Insurance carriers and related activities | 104,106 | 8,358 | 8,546 | 11,084 | -2,537 | 6,461 | 2,297 | 1,956 |
| Funds, trusts, and other financial vehicles | 0 | 7,637 | 7,639 | 7,960 | -321 | 771 | 271 | 171 |
| Real estate and rental and leasing | 4,621 | 4,850 | 4,622 | 6,369 | -1,748 | 5,062 | 1,774 | 1,757 |
| Real estate | 891 | 3,755 | 3,733 | 5,021 | -1,288 | 4,028 | 1,403 | 1,390 |
| Rental and leasing services | 3,723 | 1,064 | 859 | 1,319 | -459 | 1,012 | 363 | 359 |
| Lessors of nonfinancial intangible assets (except copyrighted works) | *7 | *30 | *30 | *30 | *0 | *22 | *8 | *8 |
| Professional, scientific, and technical services | 23,514 | 1,416 | 1,464 | 4,434 | -2,970 | 3,192 | 1,110 | 969 |
| Management of companies (holding companies) | 1,076 | 16,302 | 16,557 | 17,577 | -1,019 | 16,762 | 5,871 | 5,132 |
| Administrative and support and waste management and remediation services | 16,958 | -4,323 | -4,309 | 780 | -5,088 | 554 | 191 | 168 |
| Administrative and support services | 16,304 | 95 | 109 | 771 | -663 | 551 | 190 | 167 |
| Waste management and remediation services | *654 | *-4,418 | *-4,417 | *8 | *-4,426 | *3 | *1 | *1 |
| Educational services | 466 | 46 | 48 | 68 | -19 | 44 | 15 | 6 |
| Health care and social assistance | 5,011 | 1,122 | 1,120 | 1,186 | -66 | 949 | 333 | 328 |
| Offices of health practitioners and outpatient care centers | *4,404 | *784 | *783 | *783 | *0 | *604 | *211 | *210 |
| Miscellaneous health care and social assistance | 586 | 52 | 51 | 98 | -47 | 50 | 18 | 18 |
| Hospitals, nursing, and residential care facilities | 21 | 286 | 286 | 305 | -19 | 294 | 103 | 101 |
| Arts, entertainment, and recreation | 1,104 | 207 | 213 | 390 | -177 | 226 | 80 | 75 |
| Amusement, gambling, and recreation industries | 457 | 5 | 7 | 127 | -120 | 100 | 35 | 31 |
| Other arts, entertainment, and recreation | 647 | 203 | 206 | 263 | -56 | 126 | 45 | 43 |
| Accommodation and food services | 9,950 | 1,272 | 1,594 | 2,011 | -417 | 1,681 | 589 | 468 |
| Accommodation | 615 | 833 | 1,151 | 1,245 | -94 | 990 | 348 | 253 |
| Food services and drinking places | 9,335 | 439 | 443 | 766 | -323 | 692 | 241 | 215 |
| Other services | 1,926 | 333 | 360 | 441 | -81 | 405 | 141 | 116 |
| Repair and maintenance | 1,685 | 101 | 107 | 147 | -39 | 130 | 45 | 43 |
| Personal and laundry services | 242 | 232 | 253 | 294 | -42 | 275 | 96 | 74 |

* Estimate should be used with caution because of the small number of sample returns on which it is based
d-Not shown to avoid disclosure of information about specific corporations. However, data are included in the appropriate totals.
[1] Includes "Not allocable," which is not shown separately.
NOTE: Detail may not add to totals because of rounding.


## Foreign-Controlled Domestic Corporations, 2006

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Table 3. Foreign-Controlled Domestic Corporations: Selected Items, by Age of Corporation and Selected Country of Foreign Owner, Tax Year 2006
[All figures are estimates based on samples-money amounts are in millions of dollars]

| Age of corporation and selected country of foreign owner | Number of returns |  |  | Total assets | Net worth | Total receipts | Business receipts | Total deductions |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Total | With net income | With total income tax after credits |  |  |  |  |  |
| All foreign-controlled domestic corporations | (1) | (2) | (3) | (4) | (5) | (6) | (7) | (8) |
|  | 63,951 | 30,318 | 22,591 | 9,743,225 | 2,035,800 | 3,839,754 | 3,323,274 | 3,671,102 |
| AGE OF CORPORATION <br> Old corporations: <br> Number or amount | 46,725 | 25,139 | 17,840 | 9,366,985 | 1,890,139 | 3,650,508 | 3,148,609 | 3,485,667 |
| Percentage of all corporations | 73.06 | 82.92 | 78.97 | 96.14 | 92.85 | 95.07 | 94.74 | 94.95 |
| New corporations: | 17,226 | 5,180 | 4,751 | 376,240 | 145,661 | 189,245 | 174,665 | 185,435 |
| Percentage of all corporations | 26.94 | 17.09 | 21.03 | 3.86 | 7.15 | 4.93 | 5.26 | 5.05 |
| SELECTED COUNTRY OF FOREIGN OWNER Selected countries, total | 56,859 | 27,157 | 20,584 | 9,675,447 | 2,018,388 | 3,795,072 | 3,283,668 | 3,628,752 |
| Percentage of all countries | 88.91 | 89.57 | 91.12 | 99.30 | 99.14 | 98.84 | 98.81 | 98.85 |
| Selected countries: Australia | 1,369 | 774 | 613 | 108,403 | 31,711 | 42,664 | 37,942 | 37,222 |
| Austria | 533 | 195 | 170 | 8,485 | 3,208 | 11,149 | 10,878 | 10,770 |
| Bahamas | 553 | 142 | 139 | 6,841 | 773 | 2,766 | 2,251 | 2,509 |
| Belgium | 339 | 210 | 169 | 84,626 | 13,611 | 42,401 | 36,021 | 40,431 |
| Bermuda | 286 | 136 | 110 | 234,118 | 73,167 | 68,391 | 59,981 | 65,901 |
| Brazil | 963 | 877 | 577 | 7,464 | 1,058 | 6,611 | 6,074 | 6,673 |
| British Virgin Islands [1] | 3,480 | 776 | 640 | 25,862 | 6,810 | 19,940 | 18,228 | 19,692 |
| Canada | 10,945 | 6,105 | 4,918 | 950,149 | 282,023 | 360,552 | 315,843 | 344,666 |
| Cayman Islands | 1,790 | 463 | 417 | 103,640 | 44,492 | 31,108 | 26,338 | 28,657 |
| China | 695 | 225 | 157 | 5,204 | 1,841 | 7,200 | 6,962 | 6,982 |
| China (Taiwan) | 1,566 | 319 | 229 | 14,424 | 4,317 | 23,896 | 23,288 | 23,620 |
| Colombia | 1,036 | 326 | 326 | 390 | -67 | 550 | 512 | 589 |
| Denmark | 489 | 401 | 162 | 12,870 | 4,425 | 15,898 | 15,442 | 15,273 |
| Finland | 71 | 36 | 36 | 18,046 | 6,734 | 22,604 | 21,413 | 21,917 |
| Former Soviet Union [2] | 348 | 75 | 48 | 2,188 | 450 | 7,939 | 7,788 | 7,915 |
| France | 2,064 | 841 | 679 | 928,149 | 257,584 | 242,709 | 190,657 | 231,803 |
| Germany | 4,514 | 2,045 | 1,281 | 1,282,999 | 244,261 | 494,461 | 410,275 | 482,096 |
| Hong Kong | 1,404 | 605 | 442 | 8,334 | 2,084 | 12,014 | 11,559 | 11,771 |
| India | 1,312 | 568 | 391 | 6,333 | 1,290 | 9,721 | 9,584 | 9,504 |
| Ireland | 533 | 148 | 129 | 35,179 | 5,214 | 21,599 | 19,466 | 20,607 |
| Israel | 912 | 485 | 340 | 30,999 | 5,075 | 16,432 | 14,815 | 15,993 |
| Italy | 1,396 | 754 | 639 | 41,220 | 12,192 | 26,625 | 25,103 | 25,235 |
| Japan | 4,488 | 2,798 | 2,232 | 753,445 | 187,564 | 618,035 | 575,808 | 596,122 |
| Liechtenstein | 173 | 43 | 12 | 2,844 | 1,186 | 5,202 | 5,086 | 5,146 |
| Luxembourg | 338 | 203 | 126 | 65,789 | 27,065 | 35,016 | 31,660 | 33,180 |
| Mexico | 1,385 | 825 | 514 | 22,197 | 8,416 | 28,256 | 25,999 | 24,794 |
| Netherlands | 1,667 | 669 | 481 | 883,042 | 151,293 | 289,889 | 235,439 | 280,447 |
| Netherlands Antilles | 334 | 207 | 202 | 12,830 | 5,690 | 10,299 | 9,049 | 8,631 |
| Norway | 291 | 180 | 149 | 14,937 | 6,971 | 15,961 | 15,322 | 15,764 |
| Panama | 775 | 268 | 235 | 14,957 | 2,015 | 5,236 | 4,981 | 6,154 |
| Puerto Rico | 22 | 17 | 7 | 28,614 | 2,591 | 2,304 | 377 | 2,233 |
| Saudi Arabia | 158 | 37 | 19 | 4,985 | 2,694 | 10,792 | 9,732 | 10,068 |
| Singapore | 136 | 100 | 68 | 15,442 | 6,191 | 12,836 | 12,330 | 12,640 |
| South Africa, Republic of | 163 | 60 | 32 | 4,360 | 785 | 6,357 | 6,270 | 6,449 |
| South Korea, Republic of | 1,537 | 489 | 462 | 31,539 | 5,908 | 71,734 | 70,253 | 70,969 |
| Spain | 841 | 187 | 182 | 27,712 | 9,666 | 14,051 | 12,730 | 13,616 |
| Sweden | 527 | 184 | 126 | 50,788 | 8,589 | 53,476 | 50,374 | 51,797 |
| Switzerland | 1,584 | 980 | 529 | 1,294,851 | 88,102 | 188,179 | 143,163 | 174,964 |
| United Kingdom | 4,943 | 2,739 | 1,993 | 2,508,070 | 496,819 | 889,017 | 756,939 | 838,304 |
| Venezuela | 899 | 665 | 603 | 23,122 | 4,590 | 51,202 | 47,736 | 47,648 |

[^55]Table 3. Foreign-Controlled Domestic Corporations: Selected Items, by Age of Corporation and Selected Country of Foreign Owner, Tax Year 2006-Continued
[All figures are estimates based on samples-money amounts are in millions of dollars]

| Age of corporation and selected country of foreign owner | Cost of goods sold | Total receipts less total deductions | Net income (less deficit) | Net income | Deficit | Income subject to tax | Total income tax |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  | Before credits | After credits |
| All foreign-controlled domestic corporations | (9) | (10) | (11) | (12) | (13) | (14) | (15) | (16) |
|  | 2,425,660 | 168,652 | 172,560 | 214,812 | -42,252 | 171,251 | 60,313 | 49,953 |
| AGE OF CORPORATION <br> Old corporations: <br> Number or amount | 2,308,808 | 164,841 | 168,187 | 203,994 | -35,806 | 162,534 | 57,231 | 47,312 |
| Percentage of all corporations | 95.18 | 97.74 | 97.47 | 94.96 | 84.74 | 94.91 | 94.89 | 94.71 |
| New corporations: | 116,852 | 3,810 | 4,372 | 10,818 | -6,446 | 8,718 | 3,082 | 2,641 |
| Percentage of all corporations | 4.82 | 2.26 | 2.53 | 5.04 | 15.26 | 5.09 | 5.11 | 5.29 |
| SELECTED COUNTRY OF FOREIGN OWNER Selected countries, total | 2,395,332 | 166,322 | 170,224 | 211,136 | -40,907 | 168,333 | 59,304 | 48,980 |
| Percentage of all countries | 98.75 | 98.62 | 98.65 | 98.29 | 96.82 | 98.30 | 98.33 | 98.05 |
| Selected countries: Australia | 21,991 | 5,441 | 5,304 | 6,491 | -1,187 | 5,568 | 1,953 | 596 |
| Austria | 8,222 | 378 | 378 | 448 | -70 | 409 | 145 | 141 |
| Bahamas | 1,100 | 257 | 257 | 359 | -103 | 212 | 74 | 50 |
| Belgium | 26,083 | 1,970 | 2,069 | 2,245 | -175 | 2,086 | 733 | 667 |
| Bermuda | 34,644 | 2,490 | 2,721 | 4,690 | -1,969 | 2,968 | 1,052 | 741 |
| Brazil | 5,342 | -61 | -62 | 158 | -220 | 154 | 52 | 51 |
| British Virgin Islands [1] | 14,086 | 248 | 248 | 1,007 | -758 | 694 | 241 | 232 |
| Canada | 225,784 | 15,886 | 15,913 | 19,778 | -3,864 | 12,166 | 4,455 | 4,180 |
| Cayman Islands | 14,500 | 2,451 | 2,682 | 3,902 | -1,220 | 3,186 | 1,112 | 888 |
| China | 5,676 | 218 | 216 | 344 | -128 | 327 | 114 | 65 |
| China (Taiwan) | 20,988 | 276 | 276 | 634 | -358 | 361 | 127 | 122 |
| Colombia | 410 | -39 | -39 | 34 | -73 | 32 | 8 | 8 |
| Denmark | 10,005 | 625 | 635 | 749 | -114 | 542 | 191 | 169 |
| Finland | 16,467 | 688 | 702 | 861 | -159 | 437 | 162 | 140 |
| Former Soviet Union [2] | 7,187 | 24 | 24 | 143 | -119 | 139 | 48 | 40 |
| France | 130,898 | 10,906 | 11,150 | 17,655 | -6,506 | 12,916 | 4,533 | 4,154 |
| Germany | 288,799 | 12,365 | 12,904 | 17,863 | -4,959 | 11,302 | 3,997 | 3,165 |
| Hong Kong | 9,643 | 244 | 242 | 368 | -126 | 281 | 98 | 89 |
| India | 5,686 | 217 | 210 | 376 | -166 | 235 | 79 | 79 |
| Ireland | 13,312 | 992 | 992 | 1,177 | -185 | 829 | 294 | 290 |
| Israel | 11,310 | 439 | 484 | 978 | -494 | 805 | 279 | 207 |
| Italy | 15,108 | 1,390 | 1,444 | 2,010 | -566 | 1,561 | 547 | 460 |
| Japan | 448,792 | 21,914 | 21,977 | 27,781 | -5,804 | 24,257 | 8,507 | 7,879 |
| Liechtenstein | 3,913 | 56 | 54 | 100 | -46 | 75 | 26 | 25 |
| Luxembourg | 19,308 | 1,836 | 1,872 | 2,334 | -463 | 1,837 | 646 | 516 |
| Mexico | 18,114 | 3,462 | 3,456 | 4,022 | -565 | 2,590 | 905 | 401 |
| Netherlands | 165,798 | 9,442 | 10,620 | 13,273 | -2,653 | 9,627 | 3,420 | 1,626 |
| Netherlands Antilles | 3,328 | 1,669 | 1,695 | 1,750 | -55 | 1,668 | 582 | 555 |
| Norway | 12,340 | 196 | 197 | 576 | -378 | 409 | 145 | 137 |
| Panama | 4,796 | -917 | -909 | 189 | -1,098 | 124 | 42 | 42 |
| Puerto Rico | 85 | 71 | 68 | 93 | -25 | 88 | 31 | 31 |
| Saudi Arabia | 9,301 | 724 | 723 | 757 | -34 | 740 | 263 | 263 |
| Singapore | 8,370 | 196 | 192 | 334 | -141 | 232 | 82 | 71 |
| South Africa, Republic of | 4,848 | -92 | -92 | 120 | -212 | 114 | 40 | 39 |
| South Korea, Republic of | 63,167 | 765 | 763 | 1,219 | -456 | 749 | 262 | 256 |
| Spain | 9,222 | 435 | 454 | 1,032 | -578 | 890 | 312 | 303 |
| Sweden | 38,637 | 1,678 | 1,679 | 1,893 | -214 | 1,537 | 540 | 509 |
| Switzerland | 72,241 | 13,215 | 13,118 | 14,503 | -1,385 | 11,174 | 3,935 | 3,675 |
| United Kingdom | 580,073 | 50,713 | 52,054 | 55,295 | -3,240 | 51,452 | 18,029 | 14,875 |
| Venezuela | 45,758 | 3,554 | 3,553 | 3,595 | -41 | 3,560 | 1,243 | 1,243 |

[1] Includes domestic corporations with owners from Saint Christopher, Nevis, and Anguilla.
[2] Includes domestic corporations with owners from Russia, Armenia, Uzbekistan, Ukraine, Turkmenistan, Tajikistan, Sakhalin Island, Moldova, Kyrgyzstan, Azerbaijan, Kazakhstan, Kurile Islands, Georgia, Belarus, and Estonia.
NOTES: "New" corporations were those with dates of incorporation between 2004 and 2007; "old" corporations were those with dates of incorporation prior to 2004, or with unknown dates of incorporation. Countries shown in this table are those in which one or more of the following were present: (a) at least 500 returns, (b) at least $\$ 10$ billion of total assets, or (c) at least $\$ 5$ billion of total receipts. Detail may not add to totals because of rounding

## Foreign-Controlled Domestic Corporations, 2006

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Table 4. "Large" Foreign-Controlled Domestic Corporations Compared to Other "Large" Domestic Corporations: Selected Items and Percentages, by Industrial Sector, Tax Year 2006
[Money amounts are in millions of dollars]

\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline \multirow[b]{3}{*}{Control status and industrial sector} \& \multicolumn{3}{|c|}{Number of returns} \& \multicolumn{4}{|c|}{Assets} \\
\hline \& \multirow[b]{2}{*}{Total} \& \multirow[b]{2}{*}{With net income} \& \multirow[b]{2}{*}{With total income tax after credits} \& \multirow[b]{2}{*}{Total} \& \multirow[b]{2}{*}{Current} \& \multicolumn{2}{|c|}{Noncurrent} \\
\hline \& \& \& \& \& \& Total \& Loans to stockholders \\
\hline \multirow[b]{2}{*}{\begin{tabular}{l}
FOREIGN-CONTROLLED DOMESTIC CORPORATIONS \\
All industries
\end{tabular}} \& \multirow[t]{2}{*}{(1)

3,948} \& \multirow[t]{2}{*}{(2)

2,988} \& \multirow[t]{2}{*}{(3)

2,882} \& \multirow[t]{2}{*}{(4)} \& \multirow[t]{2}{*}{(5)

$4,709,769$} \& \multirow[t]{2}{*}{(6)} \& \multirow[t]{2}{*}{(7)

43,701} <br>
\hline \& \& \& \& \& \& \& <br>
\hline Agriculture, forestry, fishing, and hunting \& 10 \& 9 \& 9 \& 1,751 \& 613 \& 1,138 \& 0 <br>
\hline Mining \& 85 \& 55 \& 54 \& 119,037 \& 34,312 \& 84,724 \& 12 <br>
\hline Utilities \& 29 \& 21 \& 22 \& 83,036 \& 12,858 \& 70,178 \& 127 <br>
\hline Construction \& 73 \& 50 \& 50 \& 38,790 \& 22,269 \& 16,521 \& 201 <br>
\hline Manufacturing \& 1,479 \& 1,073 \& 1,024 \& 2,219,876 \& 1,078,816 \& 1,141,060 \& 16,057 <br>
\hline Wholesale and retail trade \& 1,231 \& 1,019 \& 986 \& 521,269 \& 284,244 \& 237,025 \& 2,029 <br>
\hline Wholesale trade \& 1,106 \& 919 \& 889 \& 420,901 \& 250,310 \& 170,591 \& 1,528 <br>
\hline Retail trade \& 124 \& 100 \& 97 \& 100,368 \& 33,934 \& 66,433 \& 501 <br>
\hline Transportation and warehousing \& 102 \& 57 \& 59 \& 54,810 \& 11,437 \& 43,373 \& 89 <br>
\hline Information \& 120 \& 82 \& 76 \& 364,721 \& 52,649 \& 312,071 \& 4,473 <br>
\hline Finance and insurance \& 308 \& 252 \& 252 \& 4,356,989 \& 2,383,010 \& 1,973,979 \& 18,533 <br>
\hline Real estate and rental and leasing \& 70 \& 50 \& 49 \& 69,320 \& 20,205 \& 49,114 \& 23 <br>
\hline Professional, scientific, and technical services \& 176 \& 128 \& 120 \& 104,092 \& 30,622 \& 73,470 \& 37 <br>
\hline Management of companies (holding companies) \& 86 \& 66 \& 64 \& 1,138,099 \& 751,648 \& 386,450 \& 726 <br>
\hline Administrative and support and waste management and remediation services \& 93 \& 68 \& 65 \& 40,420 \& 13,593 \& 26,827 \& 143 <br>
\hline Educational services \& 6 \& 4 \& 3 \& 3,881 \& 1,319 \& 2,562 \& 0 <br>
\hline Health care and social assistance \& 17 \& 13 \& 13 \& 18,428 \& 3,567 \& 14,861 \& 0 <br>
\hline Arts, entertainment, and recreation \& 12 \& 7 \& 6 \& 10,711 \& 2,197 \& 8,514 \& 1,075 <br>
\hline Accommodation and food services \& 39 \& 29 \& 25 \& 60,654 \& 5,402 \& 55,252 \& 168 <br>
\hline Other services \& 11 \& 5 \& 5 \& 3,499 \& 1,005 \& 2,494 \& 9 <br>
\hline DOMESTIC CORPORATIONS NOT FOREIGN-CONTROLLED \& \& \& \& \& \& \& <br>
\hline All industries \& 15,293 \& 11,972 \& 11,618 \& 44,987,115 \& 17,512,732 \& 27,474,383 \& 389,493 <br>
\hline Agriculture, forestry, fishing, and hunting \& 101 \& 73 \& 73 \& 29,198 \& 9,822 \& 19,376 \& 91 <br>
\hline Mining \& 237 \& 170 \& 177 \& 424,424 \& 84,877 \& 339,547 \& 3,067 <br>
\hline Utilities \& 185 \& 128 \& 129 \& 1,334,706 \& 264,170 \& 1,070,536 \& 9 <br>
\hline Construction \& 815 \& 705 \& 715 \& 190,476 \& 126,082 \& 64,394 \& 118 <br>
\hline Manufacturing \& 3,272 \& 2,399 \& 2,282 \& 6,979,545 \& 2,501,786 \& 4,477,759 \& 43,348 <br>
\hline Wholesale and retail trade \& 3,948 \& 3,208 \& 3,086 \& 1,944,032 \& 708,949 \& 1,235,083 \& 3,413 <br>
\hline Wholesale trade \& 2,263 \& 1,908 \& 1,841 \& 993,090 \& 345,075 \& 648,015 \& 2,766 <br>
\hline Retail trade \& 1,686 \& 1,300 \& 1,246 \& 950,942 \& 363,874 \& 587,068 \& 648 <br>
\hline Transportation and warehousing \& 497 \& 339 \& 337 \& 457,660 \& 106,451 \& 351,209 \& 2,094 <br>
\hline Information \& 687 \& 437 \& 416 \& 2,721,934 \& 493,913 \& 2,228,021 \& 1,334 <br>
\hline Finance and insurance \& 1,972 \& 1,652 \& 1,620 \& 16,030,851 \& 5,729,400 \& 10,301,451 \& 7,964 <br>
\hline Real estate and rental and leasing \& 189 \& 132 \& 130 \& 213,756 \& 50,647 \& 163,109 \& 132 <br>
\hline Professional, scientific, and technical services \& 815 \& 630 \& 604 \& 341,925 \& 151,570 \& 190,355 \& 707 <br>
\hline Management of companies (holding companies) \& 1,324 \& 1,255 \& 1,260 \& 13,711,165 \& 7,150,222 \& 6,560,943 \& 325,303 <br>
\hline Administrative and support and waste management and remediation services \& 306 \& 219 \& 204 \& 129,196 \& 40,715 \& 88,481 \& 55 <br>
\hline Educational services \& 61 \& 37 \& 38 \& 16,242 \& 5,012 \& 11,230 \& 3 <br>
\hline Health care and social assistance \& 482 \& 312 \& 280 \& 155,517 \& 39,033 \& 116,484 \& 69 <br>
\hline Arts, entertainment, and recreation \& 69 \& 47 \& 42 \& 44,566 \& 7,357 \& 37,209 \& 1,679 <br>
\hline Accommodation and food services \& 252 \& 175 \& 173 \& 229,260 \& 36,399 \& 192,861 \& 101 <br>
\hline Other services \& 79 \& 53 \& 51 \& 32,660 \& 6,325 \& 26,335 \& 6 <br>
\hline
\end{tabular}

Footnotes at end of table.

Table 4. "Large" Foreign-Controlled Domestic Corporations Compared to Other "Large" Domestic Corporations: Selected Items and Percentages, by Industrial Sector, Tax Year 2006-Continued
[Money amounts are in millions of dollars]

\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline \multirow[b]{3}{*}{Control status and industrial sector} \& \multicolumn{3}{|c|}{Liabilities} \& \multicolumn{4}{|c|}{Net worth} \\
\hline \& \multirow[b]{2}{*}{Current} \& \multicolumn{2}{|c|}{Noncurrent} \& \multirow[b]{2}{*}{Total} \& \multicolumn{3}{|c|}{Retained earnings} \\
\hline \& \& Total \& Loans from stockholders \& \& Total \& Appropriated \& Unappropriated \\
\hline \multirow[b]{2}{*}{\begin{tabular}{l}
FOREIGN-CONTROLLED DOMESTIC CORPORATIONS \\
All industries
\end{tabular}} \& (8) \& (9) \& (10) \& (11) \& (12) \& \multirow[t]{2}{*}{(13)

10,587} \& \multirow[t]{2}{*}{(14)

948} <br>
\hline \& 4,743,771 \& 2,759,702 \& 146,077 \& 1,705,910 \& 11,535 \& \& <br>
\hline Agriculture, forestry, fishing, and hunting \& 273 \& 576 \& 0 \& 902 \& -152 \& 0 \& -152 <br>
\hline Mining \& 19,752 \& 36,764 \& 2,094 \& 62,521 \& 3,299 \& [2] \& 3,298 <br>
\hline Utilities \& 14,261 \& 42,658 \& 2,166 \& 26,117 \& -7,451 \& 0 \& -7,451 <br>
\hline Construction \& 17,356 \& 10,539 \& 1,830 \& 10,895 \& -1,781 \& 2 \& -1,783 <br>
\hline Manufacturing \& 961,940 \& 669,785 \& 74,703 \& 588,151 \& -20,090 \& 388 \& -20,479 <br>
\hline Wholesale and retail trade \& 218,978 \& 142,872 \& 6,074 \& 159,419 \& 17,891 \& 32 \& 2 17,859 <br>
\hline Wholesale trade \& 185,036 \& 108,662 \& 5,733 \& 127,203 \& 12,735 \& 31 \& 12,704 <br>
\hline Retail trade \& 33,942 \& 34,210 \& 341 \& 32,216 \& 5,156 \& 1 \& 5,156 <br>
\hline Transportation and warehousing \& 11,073 \& 26,416 \& 582 \& 17,321 \& -4,193 \& 6 \& - -4,199 <br>
\hline Information \& 64,635 \& 96,114 \& 27,785 \& 203,971 \& -20,355 \& 498 \& -20,853 <br>
\hline Finance and insurance \& 2,512,566 \& 1,416,970 \& 19,958 \& 427,453 \& 39,528 \& 9,649 \& 29,879 <br>
\hline Real estate and rental and leasing \& 17,359 \& 32,144 \& 1,215 \& 19,817 \& 965 \& 0 \& 965 <br>
\hline Professional, scientific, and technical services \& 31,244 \& 32,393 \& 2,504 \& 40,455 \& -17,642 \& 5 \& -17,647 <br>
\hline Management of companies (holding companies) \& 852,292 \& 182,836 \& 2,241 \& 102,971 \& 36,864 \& 0 \& 36,864 <br>
\hline Administrative and support and waste management and remediation services \& 9,285 \& 20,139 \& 1,543 \& 10,997 \& -16,103 \& [2] \& ] -16,104 <br>
\hline Educational services \& 1,357 \& 1,851 \& 26 \& 673 \& -175 \& 0 \& -175 <br>
\hline Health care and social assistance \& 3,256 \& 6,375 \& 71 \& 8,797 \& 451 \& 0 \& 451 <br>
\hline Arts, entertainment, and recreation \& 1,019 \& 7,646 \& 2,901 \& 2,046 \& 25 \& 0 \& 25 <br>
\hline Accommodation and food services \& 6,179 \& 32,003 \& 256 \& 22,473 \& -394 \& [2] \& -395 <br>
\hline Other services \& 946 \& 1,620 \& 128 \& 933 \& 849 \& 5 \& 844 <br>
\hline \multicolumn{8}{|l|}{DOMESTIC CORPORATIONS NOT FOREIGN-CONTROLLED} <br>
\hline All industries \& 22,446,275 \& 12,289,353 \& 209,559 \& 10,251,487 \& 4,183,249 \& 139,799 \& 4,043,450 <br>
\hline Agriculture, forestry, fishing, and hunting \& 5,359 \& 16,947 \& 778 \& 6,893 \& 1,915 \& 4 \& 1,911 <br>
\hline Mining \& 72,024 \& 156,564 \& 183 \& 195,836 \& 94,970 \& 136 \& 94,835 <br>
\hline Utilities \& 285,446 \& 714,660 \& 2,401 \& 334,600 \& 42,739 \& 755 \& 41,984 <br>
\hline Construction \& 60,652 \& 56,596 \& 614 \& 73,228 \& 54,999 \& 241 \& 54,758 <br>
\hline Manufacturing \& 2,193,674 \& 2,182,917 \& 40,706 \& 2,602,953 \& 1,260,073 \& 5,385 \& 1,254,688 <br>
\hline Wholesale and retail trade \& 584,133 \& 488,101 \& 4,998 \& 871,798 \& 533,843 \& 3,201 \& 530,642 <br>
\hline Wholesale trade \& 274,240 \& 215,029 \& 3,714 \& 503,820 \& 314,636 \& 3,090 \& 311,546 <br>
\hline Retail trade \& 309,893 \& 273,071 \& 1,284 \& 367,978 \& 219,207 \& 112 \& 219,096 <br>
\hline Transportation and warehousing \& 106,202 \& 233,571 \& 2,683 \& 117,888 \& 41,221 \& 88 \& 41,133 <br>
\hline Information \& 558,699 \& 1,011,889 \& 22,492 \& 1,151,345 \& -104,844 \& 144 \& -104,989 <br>
\hline Finance and insurance \& 8,550,285 \& 5,176,240 \& 7,114 \& 2,304,326 \& 1,300,691 \& 123,195 \& 1,177,496 <br>
\hline Real estate and rental and leasing \& 46,529 \& 101,223 \& 2,196 \& 66,004 \& 15,215 \& 73 \& 15,142 <br>
\hline Professional, scientific, and technical services \& 124,905 \& 89,246 \& 1,591 \& 127,774 \& -27,685 \& 75 \& -27,760 <br>

\hline \multirow[t]{2}{*}{| Management of companies (holding companies) |
| :--- |
| Administrative and support and waste management and remediation services |} \& 9,733,701 \& 1,749,083 \& 120,606 \& 2,228,381 \& 907,549 \& 5,560 \& 901,990 <br>

\hline \& 34,294 \& 52,808 \& 153 \& 42,095 \& 11,773 \& 104 \& 11,668 <br>
\hline Educational services \& 4,824 \& 4,726 \& 22 \& 6,692 \& 2,294 \& 0 \& 2,294 <br>
\hline Health care and social assistance \& 30,558 \& 91,786 \& 162 \& 33,173 \& -1,228 \& 14 \& -1,243 <br>
\hline Arts, entertainment, and recreation \& 9,440 \& 29,083 \& 1,830 \& 6,043 \& -3,125 \& 11 \& -3,136 <br>
\hline Accommodation and food services \& 40,817 \& 115,143 \& 797 \& 73,300 \& 50,878 \& 752 \& 50,126 <br>
\hline Other services \& 4,733 \& 18,768 \& 233 \& 9,158 \& 1,972 \& 61 \& 1,912 <br>
\hline
\end{tabular}

Footnotes at end of table.

## Foreign-Controlled Domestic Corporations, 2006

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Table 4. "Large" Foreign-Controlled Domestic Corporations Compared to Other "Large" Domestic Corporations: Selected Items and Percentages, by Industrial Sector, Tax Year 2006-Continued
[Money amounts are in millions of dollars]

| Control status and industrial sector | Receipts |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Total | Business receipts | Interest [1] | Rents | Royalties | Dividends received from: |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  | Domestic corporations | Foreign corporations |
| FOREIGN-CONTROLLED DOMESTIC CORPORATIONS <br> All industries | (15) | (16) | (17) | (18) | (19) | (20) | (21) |
|  | 3,642,030 | 3,155,255 | 297,796 | 17,060 | 13,410 | 5,743 | 5,627 |
| Agriculture, forestry, fishing, and hunting | 1,217 | 1,151 | 12 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 36 |
| Mining | 64,026 | 58,930 | 1,033 | 110 | 171 | 1,184 | 148 |
| Utilities | 34,410 | 32,490 | 911 | 93 | 0 | 60 | 24 |
| Construction | 44,395 | 42,951 | 387 | 61 | 16 | 10 | 1 |
| Manufacturing | 1,734,109 | 1,639,255 | 25,824 | 11,321 | 5,388 | 915 | 3,228 |
| Wholesale and retail trade | 929,044 | 901,704 | 6,283 | 1,304 | 2,455 | 951 | 450 |
| Wholesale trade | 733,482 | 709,670 | 5,592 | 891 | 1,911 | 913 | 326 |
| Retail trade | 195,563 | 192,034 | 691 | 413 | 544 | 38 | 124 |
| Transportation and warehousing | 46,938 | 45,398 | 432 | 171 | 13 | 36 | 5 |
| Information | 89,874 | 75,085 | 2,916 | 134 | 3,770 | 436 | 347 |
| Finance and insurance | 431,049 | 200,142 | 181,002 | 1,498 | 12 | 1,548 | 769 |
| Real estate and rental and leasing | 21,289 | 16,042 | 990 | 430 | 6 | 109 | 2 |
| Professional, scientific, and technical services | 58,969 | 55,212 | 991 | 82 | 768 | 166 | 105 |
| Management of companies (holding companies) | 107,226 | 16,268 | 75,741 | 1,718 | 31 | 168 | 379 |
| Administrative and support and waste management and remediation services | 34,140 | 32,450 | 363 | 7 | 15 |  | 70 |
| Educational services | 1,356 | 1,249 | 47 | 2 | 45 | 30 | 5 |
| Health care and social assistance | 11,515 | 10,670 | 40 | 3 | 19 | 0 | 7 |
| Arts, entertainment, and recreation | 3,066 | 2,257 | 136 | 48 | 53 | 71 | 2 |
| Accommodation and food services | 26,096 | 20,849 | 657 | 76 | 596 | 54 | 11 |
| Other services | 3,310 | 3,152 | 31 | 1 | 51 | 0 | 38 |
| DOMESTIC CORPORATIONS      <br> NOT FOREIGN-CONTROLLED      <br> All industries      |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Agriculture, forestry, fishing, and hunting | 19,256 | 18,079 | 189 | 85 | 54 | 7 | 1 |
| Mining | 227,005 | 200,560 | 3,644 | 346 | 926 | 325 | 2,094 |
| Utilities | 576,409 | 538,783 | 9,333 | 2,614 | 76 | 180 | 1,191 |
| Construction | 262,771 | 253,059 | 1,838 | 708 | 227 | 46 | 12 |
| Manufacturing | 4,715,964 | 4,201,543 | 153,357 | 19,540 | 92,170 | 3,320 | 42,416 |
| Wholesale and retail trade | 3,051,096 | 2,951,530 | 19,071 | 5,465 | 9,716 | 1,324 | 5,399 |
| Wholesale trade | 1,332,901 | 1,290,361 | 10,740 | 2,848 | 3,860 | 1,092 | 3,313 |
| Retail trade | 1,718,195 | 1,661,169 | 8,331 | 2,617 | 5,856 | 232 | 2,086 |
| Transportation and warehousing | 425,002 | 389,743 | 4,419 | 1,380 | 2,196 | 135 | 337 |
| Information | 890,754 | 727,876 | 43,588 | 12,351 | 21,117 | 996 | 4,053 |
| Finance and insurance | 2,459,247 | 1,500,969 | 720,679 | 6,422 | 920 | 13,469 | 5,074 |
| Real estate and rental and leasing | 98,771 | 82,573 | 2,803 | 688 | 2,320 | 10 | 573 |
| Professional, scientific, and technical services | 263,367 | 245,633 | 5,579 | 244 | 4,235 | 159 | 1,040 |
| Management of companies (holding companies) | 929,874 | 158,747 | 610,886 | 19,976 | 273 | 4,570 | 2,409 |
| Administrative and support and waste management and remediation services | 146,385 | 139,320 | 1,302 | 196 | 688 | 37 | 374 |
| Educational services | 14,615 | 14,112 | 79 | 21 | 111 | 1 | 0 |
| Health care and social assistance | 167,211 | 157,942 | 1,356 | 491 | 62 | 26 | 316 |
| Arts, entertainment, and recreation | 26,328 | 23,116 | 548 | 163 | 111 | 8 | 59 |
| Accommodation and food services | 182,642 | 157,099 | 3,240 | 896 | 5,800 | 75 | 464 |
| Other services | 22,408 | 21,259 | 434 | 39 | 147 | 11 | 36 |

Footnotes at end of table.

Table 4. "Large" Foreign-Controlled Domestic Corporations Compared to Other "Large" Domestic Corporations: Selected Items and Percentages, by Industrial Sector, Tax Year 2006-Continued
[Money amounts are in millions of dollars]

| Control status and industrial sector | Deductions |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Total | Cost of goods sold | Compensation of officers | Salaries and wages | Interest paid | Taxes paid | Depreciation |
|  | (22) | (23) | (24) | (25) | (26) | (27) | (28) |
| FOREIGN-CONTROLLED DOMESTIC CORPORATIONS <br> All industries | 3,484,182 | 2,318,217 | 11,923 | 211,675 | 281,204 | 42,875 | 82,669 |
| Agriculture, forestry, fishing, and hunting | 1,143 | 833 | 10 | 44 | 36 | 17 | 52 |
| Mining | 52,780 | 29,133 | 174 | 2,889 | 1,921 | 1,077 | 2,486 |
| Utilities | 33,632 | 21,340 | 46 | 974 | 2,147 | 767 | 1,695 |
| Construction | 43,008 | 36,309 | 245 | 1,503 | 762 | 352 | 337 |
| Manufacturing | 1,661,752 | 1,291,395 | 3,956 | 70,090 | 47,686 | 18,088 | 43,214 |
| Wholesale and retail trade | 901,282 | 731,045 | 1,906 | 44,970 | 9,871 | 7,898 | 14,565 |
| Wholesale trade | 710,893 | 592,827 | 1,672 | 25,944 | 7,574 | 5,067 | 11,466 |
| Retail trade | 190,388 | 138,218 | 234 | 19,025 | 2,296 | 2,830 | 3,099 |
| Transportation and warehousing | 47,388 | 19,486 | 230 | 6,814 | 1,274 | 1,197 | 1,590 |
| Information | 84,013 | 27,731 | 685 | 12,327 | 7,636 | 1,695 | 4,683 |
| Finance and insurance | 410,428 | 103,972 | 2,927 | 30,692 | 154,106 | 4,244 | 5,825 |
| Real estate and rental and leasing | 18,656 | 3,940 | 163 | 2,669 | 2,229 | 659 | 4,058 |
| Professional, scientific, and technical services | 57,119 | 19,497 | 843 | 13,584 | 1,866 | 2,594 | 859 |
| Management of companies (holding companies) | 91,897 | 1,060 | 351 | 9,783 | 48,252 | 1,207 | 1,992 |
| Administrative and support and waste management and remediation services | 38,408 | 15,843 | 222 | 7,221 | 976 | 1,411 | 508 |
| Educational services | 1,314 | 466 | 34 | 276 | 139 | 36 | 17 |
| Health care and social assistance | 10,389 | 4,891 | 19 | 1,485 | 522 | 419 | 199 |
| Arts, entertainment, and recreation | 2,929 | 953 | 27 | 452 | 283 | 98 | 164 |
| Accommodation and food services | 25,020 | 9,204 | 65 | 5,277 | 1,388 | 1,043 | 393 |
| Other services | 3,025 | 1,119 | 20 | 624 | 109 | 73 | 32 |
| DOMESTIC CORPORATIONS NOT FOREIGN-CONTROLLED |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| All industries | 13,475,580 | 7,409,377 | 78,023 | 1,306,291 | 1,296,646 | 261,415 | 341,939 |
| Agriculture, forestry, fishing, and hunting | 18,704 | 14,635 | 138 | 815 | 560 | 278 | 402 |
| Mining | 193,267 | 105,859 | 2,156 | 9,814 | 7,779 | 8,116 | 9,420 |
| Utilities | 541,975 | 314,997 | 1,684 | 21,894 | 31,927 | 20,954 | 33,152 |
| Construction | 246,766 | 192,990 | 2,245 | 10,536 | 3,391 | 3,753 | 2,114 |
| Manufacturing | 4,413,569 | 3,066,978 | 18,150 | 271,603 | 195,011 | 72,378 | 108,199 |
| Wholesale and retail trade | 2,922,487 | 2,275,610 | 10,501 | 239,475 | 33,594 | 39,157 | 34,133 |
| Wholesale trade | 1,284,906 | 1,083,756 | 6,299 | 65,191 | 15,433 | 12,178 | 10,568 |
| Retail trade | 1,637,580 | 1,191,854 | 4,202 | 174,284 | 18,160 | 26,979 | 23,565 |
| Transportation and warehousing | 406,945 | 114,706 | 1,909 | 79,016 | 11,385 | 13,446 | 21,521 |
| Information | 797,761 | 150,381 | 5,977 | 127,538 | 68,839 | 21,664 | 52,038 |
| Finance and insurance | 2,259,269 | 927,417 | 15,212 | 213,623 | 492,911 | 33,361 | 21,020 |
| Real estate and rental and leasing | 93,963 | 17,361 | 806 | 17,627 | 7,136 | 2,762 | 15,631 |
| Professional, scientific, and technical services | 252,637 | 81,955 | 5,765 | 67,027 | 7,598 | 7,250 | 4,252 |
| Management of companies (holding companies) | 796,127 | 1,900 | 8,007 | 105,881 | 416,102 | 13,740 | 24,084 |
| Administrative and support and waste management and remediation services | 139,763 | 60,595 | 1,353 | 29,172 | 3,835 | 7,092 | 3,300 |
| Educational services | 13,447 | 1,519 | 255 | 4,727 | 397 | 421 | 337 |
| Health care and social assistance | 161,240 | 17,893 | 1,402 | 58,397 | 5,640 | 6,201 | 3,768 |
| Arts, entertainment, and recreation | 25,147 | 4,601 | 387 | 5,175 | 1,661 | 2,011 | 1,352 |
| Accommodation and food services | 171,042 | 50,185 | 1,873 | 40,331 | 7,867 | 8,025 | 6,617 |
| Other services | 21,472 | 9,794 | 203 | 3,639 | 1,015 | 804 | 600 |

[^56]
## Foreign-Controlled Domestic Corporations, 2006

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Table 4. "Large" Foreign-Controlled Domestic Corporations Compared to Other "Large" Domestic Corporations: Selected Items and Percentages, by Industrial Sector, Tax Year 2006-Continued
[Money amounts are in millions of dollars]

|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |

[^57]Table 4. "Large" Foreign-Controlled Domestic Corporations Compared to Other "Large" Domestic Corporations: Selected Items and Percentages, by Industrial Sector, Tax Year 2006-Continued
[Money amounts are in millions of dollars]

| Control status and industrial sector | Income subject to tax | Total income tax before credits | Income tax | Alternative minimum tax | Total credits | Foreign tax credit | Total income tax after credits |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | (36) | (37) | (38) | (39) | (40) | (41) | (42) |
| FOREIGN-CONTROLLED DOMESTIC CORPORATIONS <br> All industries | 159,482 | 56,297 | 55,733 | 557 | 10,203 | 7,922 | 46,095 |
| Agriculture, forestry, fishing, and hunting | 56 | 19 | 19 | 0 | 4 | 1 | 15 |
| Mining | 9,751 | 3,573 | 3,412 | 160 | 1,799 | 1,633 | 1,773 |
| Utilities | 810 | 292 | 283 | 7 | 88 | 0 | 203 |
| Construction | 1,631 | 573 | 570 | 3 | 10 | 10 | 562 |
| Manufacturing | 76,152 | 26,781 | 26,640 | 139 | 5,905 | 4,975 | 20,876 |
| Wholesale and retail trade | 27,111 | 9,533 | 9,470 | 63 | 570 | 240 | 8,963 |
| Wholesale trade | 22,544 | 7,924 | 7,873 | 51 | 529 | 223 | 7,395 |
| Retail trade | 4,567 | 1,609 | 1,597 | 12 | 41 | 18 | 1,568 |
| Transportation and warehousing | 1,036 | 376 | 362 | 13 | 34 | 30 | 342 |
| Information | 4,351 | 1,534 | 1,484 | 50 | 83 | 37 | 1,451 |
| Finance and insurance | 14,883 | 5,295 | 5,205 | 89 | 688 | 481 | 4,607 |
| Real estate and rental and leasing | 2,515 | 896 | 880 | 16 | 6 | 1 | 890 |
| Professional, scientific, and technical services | 2,340 | 823 | 814 | 9 | 114 | 39 | 710 |
| Management of companies (holding companies) | 15,616 | 5,470 | 5,465 | 2 | 722 | 359 | 4,748 |
| Administrative and support and waste management and remediation services | 413 | 146 | 143 | 3 | 21 | 6 | 124 |
| Educational services | 40 | 14 | 14 | 0 | 9 | 9 | 4 |
| Health care and social assistance | 925 | 324 | 323 | 1 | 4 | 1 | 320 |
| Arts, entertainment, and recreation | 132 | 47 | 46 | 1 | 5 | 5 | 42 |
| Accommodation and food services | 1,405 | 494 | 491 | 2 | 117 | 70 | 377 |
| Other services | 315 | 110 | 110 | 0 | 23 | 22 | 87 |
| DOMESTIC CORPORATIONS NOT FOREIGN-CONTROLLED <br> All industries | 1,037,923 | 367,253 | 364,405 | 2,795 | 88,438 | 69,528 | 278,815 |
| Agriculture, forestry, fishing, and hunting | 903 | 316 | 314 | 2 | 8 | 6 | 308 |
| Mining | 31,439 | 11,120 | 11,001 | 119 | 2,896 | 2,391 | 8,223 |
| Utilities | 32,419 | 11,649 | 11,344 | 300 | 1,996 | 172 | 9,653 |
| Construction | 16,522 | 5,781 | 5,763 | 10 | 118 | 31 | 5,663 |
| Manufacturing | 356,495 | 125,064 | 124,740 | 311 | 50,979 | 44,764 | 74,085 |
| Wholesale and retail trade | 132,366 | 45,991 | 45,852 | 167 | 4,592 | 3,896 | 41,399 |
| Wholesale trade | 51,451 | 17,650 | 17,553 | 120 | 2,643 | 2,370 | 15,006 |
| Retail trade | 80,915 | 28,341 | 28,300 | 47 | 1,948 | 1,527 | 26,393 |
| Transportation and warehousing | 21,100 | 7,406 | 7,378 | 28 | 703 | 434 | 6,704 |
| Information | 77,119 | 28,131 | 27,671 | 459 | 4,105 | 3,299 | 24,026 |
| Finance and insurance | 196,182 | 70,865 | 69,738 | 1,104 | 11,849 | 7,692 | 59,015 |
| Real estate and rental and leasing | 4,991 | 1,896 | 1,745 | 141 | 89 | 72 | 1,807 |
| Professional, scientific, and technical services | 11,703 | 4,142 | 4,083 | 59 | 749 | 509 | 3,393 |
| Management of companies (holding companies) | 124,677 | 43,612 | 43,578 | 23 | 8,513 | 5,224 | 35,099 |
| Administrative and support and waste management and remediation services | 7,009 | 2,469 | 2,458 | 11 | 479 | 216 | 1,990 |
| Educational services | 1,349 | 471 | 471 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 470 |
| Health care and social assistance | 8,798 | 3,084 | 3,074 | 10 | 145 | 93 | 2,939 |
| Arts, entertainment, and recreation | 1,303 | 462 | 455 | 6 | 27 | 9 | 435 |
| Accommodation and food services | 12,568 | 4,449 | 4,400 | 43 | 1,162 | 707 | 3,287 |
| Other services | 980 | 345 | 341 | 3 | 25 | 14 | 320 |

[^58]
## Foreign-Controlled Domestic Corporations, 2006

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Table 4. "Large" Foreign-Controlled Domestic Corporations Compared to Other "Large" Domestic Corporations: Selected Items and Percentages, by Industrial Sector, Tax Year 2006—Continued
[Money amounts are in millions of dollars]

| Control status and industrial sector | Percentages |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Number of returns with net income | Number of returns with total income tax after credits | Current liabilities | Noncurrent liabilities | Net worth | Total liabilities divided by net worth |
|  | Divided by total number of returns |  | Divided by total assets |  |  |  |
| FOREIGN-CONTROLLED DOMESTIC CORPORATIONS <br> All industries | (43) | (44) | (45) | (46) | (47) | (48) |
|  | 75.68 | 73.00 | 51.51 | 29.97 | 18.52 | 439.85 |
| Agriculture, forestry, fishing, and hunting | 90.00 | 90.00 | 15.59 | 32.90 | 51.51 | 94.12 |
| Mining | 64.71 | 63.53 | 16.59 | 30.88 | 52.52 | 90.40 |
| Utilities | 72.41 | 75.86 | 17.17 | 51.37 | 31.45 | 217.94 |
| Construction | 68.49 | 68.49 | 44.74 | 27.17 | 28.09 | 256.03 |
| Manufacturing | 72.55 | 69.24 | 43.33 | 30.17 | 26.49 | 277.43 |
| Wholesale and retail trade | 82.78 | 80.10 | 42.01 | 27.41 | 30.58 | 226.98 |
| Wholesale trade | 83.09 | 80.38 | 43.96 | 25.82 | 30.22 | 230.89 |
| Retail trade | 80.65 | 78.23 | 33.82 | 34.08 | 32.10 | 211.55 |
| Transportation and warehousing | 55.88 | 57.84 | 20.20 | 48.20 | 31.60 | 216.44 |
| Information | 68.33 | 63.33 | 17.72 | 26.35 | 55.93 | 78.81 |
| Finance and insurance | 81.82 | 81.82 | 57.67 | 32.52 | 9.81 | 919.29 |
| Real estate and rental and leasing | 71.43 | 70.00 | 25.04 | 46.37 | 28.59 | 249.80 |
| Professional, scientific, and technical services | 72.73 | 68.18 | 30.02 | 31.12 | 38.86 | 157.30 |
| Management of companies (holding companies) | 76.74 | 74.42 | 74.89 | 16.07 | 9.05 | 1,005.26 |
| Administrative and support and waste management and remediation services | 73.12 | 69.89 | 22.97 | 49.82 | 27.21 | 267.56 |
| Educational services | 66.67 | 50.00 | 34.97 | 47.69 | 17.34 | 476.67 |
| Health care and social assistance | 76.47 | 76.47 | 17.67 | 34.59 | 47.74 | 109.48 |
| Arts, entertainment, and recreation | 58.33 | 50.00 | 9.51 | 71.38 | 19.10 | 423.51 |
| Accommodation and food services | 74.36 | 64.10 | 10.19 | 52.76 | 37.05 | 169.90 |
| Other services | 45.45 | 45.45 | 27.04 | 46.30 | 26.66 | 275.03 |
| DOMESTIC CORPORATIONS NOT FOREIGN-CONTROLLED |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| All industries | 78.28 | 75.97 | 49.89 | 27.32 | 22.79 | 338.84 |
| Agriculture, forestry, fishing, and hunting | 72.28 | 72.28 | 18.35 | 58.04 | 23.61 | 323.60 |
| Mining | 71.73 | 74.68 | 16.97 | 36.89 | 46.14 | 116.72 |
| Utilities | 69.19 | 69.73 | 21.39 | 53.54 | 25.07 | 298.90 |
| Construction | 86.50 | 87.73 | 31.84 | 29.71 | 38.44 | 160.11 |
| Manufacturing | 73.32 | 69.74 | 31.43 | 31.28 | 37.29 | 168.14 |
| Wholesale and retail trade | 81.26 | 78.17 | 30.05 | 25.11 | 44.84 | 122.99 |
| Wholesale trade | 84.31 | 81.35 | 27.61 | 21.65 | 50.73 | 97.11 |
| Retail trade | 77.11 | 73.90 | 32.59 | 28.72 | 38.70 | 158.42 |
| Transportation and warehousing | 68.21 | 67.81 | 23.21 | 51.04 | 25.76 | 288.22 |
| Information | 63.61 | 60.55 | 20.53 | 37.18 | 42.30 | 136.41 |
| Finance and insurance | 83.77 | 82.15 | 53.34 | 32.29 | 14.37 | 595.69 |
| Real estate and rental and leasing | 69.84 | 68.78 | 21.77 | 47.35 | 30.88 | 223.85 |
| Professional, scientific, and technical services | 77.30 | 74.11 | 36.53 | 26.10 | 37.37 | 167.60 |
| Management of companies (holding companies) | 94.79 | 95.17 | 70.99 | 12.76 | 16.25 | 515.30 |
| Administrative and support and waste management and remediation services | 71.57 | 66.67 | 26.54 | 40.87 | 32.58 | 206.92 |
| Educational services | 60.66 | 62.30 | 29.70 | 29.10 | 41.20 | 142.71 |
| Health care and social assistance | 64.73 | 58.09 | 19.65 | 59.02 | 21.33 | 368.81 |
| Arts, entertainment, and recreation | 68.12 | 60.87 | 21.18 | 65.26 | 13.56 | 637.48 |
| Accommodation and food services | 69.44 | 68.65 | 17.80 | 50.22 | 31.97 | 212.77 |
| Other services | 67.09 | 64.56 | 14.49 | 57.46 | 28.04 | 256.62 |

[^59]Table 4. "Large" Foreign-Controlled Domestic Corporations Compared to Other "Large" Domestic Corporations: Selected Items and Percentages, by Industrial Sector, Tax Year 2006—Continued
[Money amounts are in millions of dollars]

\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline \multirow{3}{*}{Control status and industrial sector} \& \multicolumn{6}{|c|}{Percentages-continued} \\
\hline \& \multirow[b]{2}{*}{Total receipts divided by total assets} \& \multirow[b]{2}{*}{Cost of goods sold divided by business receipts} \& \multirow[b]{2}{*}{Interest paid divided by total receipts} \& \multicolumn{3}{|l|}{Total receipts less total deductions divided by} \\
\hline \& \& \& \& Total assets \& Net worth \& Total receipts \\
\hline \multirow[b]{2}{*}{\begin{tabular}{l}
FOREIGN-CONTROLLED DOMESTIC CORPORATIONS \\
All industries
\end{tabular}} \& (49) \& (50) \& \multirow[t]{2}{*}{(51)

7.72} \& \multirow[t]{2}{*}{| (52) |  |
| ---: | :--- | :--- |
|  |  |
|  |  |
|  | 1.71 |} \& (53) \& (54) <br>

\hline \& 39.55 \& 73.47 \& \& \& 9.25 \& 4.33 <br>
\hline Agriculture, forestry, fishing, and hunting \& 69.50 \& 72.37 \& 2.96 \& 4.28 \& 8.31 \& 6.16 <br>
\hline Mining \& 53.79 \& 49.44 \& 3.00 \& 9.45 \& 17.99 \& 17.56 <br>
\hline Utilities \& 41.44 \& 65.68 \& 6.24 \& 0.94 \& 2.98 \& 2.26 <br>
\hline Construction \& 114.45 \& 84.54 \& 1.72 \& 3.58 \& 12.73 \& 3.12 <br>
\hline Manufacturing \& 78.12 \& 78.78 \& 2.75 \& 3.26 \& 12.30 \& 4.17 <br>
\hline Wholesale and retail trade \& 178.23 \& 81.07 \& 1.06 \& 5.33 \& 17.42 \& 2.99 <br>
\hline Wholesale trade \& 174.26 \& 83.54 \& 1.03 \& 5.37 \& 17.76 \& 3.08 <br>
\hline Retail trade \& 194.85 \& 71.98 \& 1.17 \& 5.16 \& 16.06 \& 2.65 <br>
\hline Transportation and warehousing \& 85.64 \& 42.92 \& 2.71 \& -0.82 \& -2.60 \& -0.96 <br>
\hline Information \& 24.64 \& 36.93 \& 8.50 \& 1.61 \& 2.87 \& 6.52 <br>
\hline Finance and insurance \& 9.89 \& 51.95 \& 35.75 \& 0.47 \& 4.82 \& 4.78 <br>
\hline Real estate and rental and leasing \& 30.71 \& 24.56 \& 10.47 \& 3.80 \& 13.29 \& 12.37 <br>
\hline Professional, scientific, and technical services \& 56.65 \& 35.31 \& 3.16 \& 1.78 \& 4.57 \& 3.14 <br>
\hline Management of companies (holding companies) \& 9.42 \& 6.52 \& 45.00 \& 1.35 \& 14.89 \& 14.30 <br>
\hline Administrative and support and waste management and remediation services \& 84.46 \& 48.82 \& 2.86 \& -10.56 \& -38.80 \& -12.50 <br>
\hline Educational services \& 34.94 \& 37.31 \& 10.25 \& 1.06 \& 6.09 \& 3.02 <br>
\hline Health care and social assistance \& 62.49 \& 45.84 \& 4.53 \& 6.12 \& 12.81 \& 9.79 <br>
\hline Arts, entertainment, and recreation \& 28.62 \& 42.22 \& 9.23 \& 1.28 \& 6.70 \& 4.47 <br>
\hline Accommodation and food services \& 43.02 \& 44.15 \& 5.32 \& 1.78 \& 4.79 \& 4.13 <br>
\hline Other services \& 94.60 \& 35.50 \& 3.29 \& 8.17 \& 30.65 \& 8.64 <br>
\hline DOMESTIC CORPORATIONS NOT FOREIGN-CONTROLLED \& \& \& \& \& \& <br>
\hline All industries \& 32.19 \& 62.89 \& 8.96 \& 2.23 \& 9.79 \& 6.93 <br>
\hline Agriculture, forestry, fishing, and hunting \& 65.95 \& 80.95 \& 2.91 \& 1.89 \& 8.01 \& 2.87 <br>
\hline Mining \& 53.49 \& 52.78 \& 3.43 \& 7.95 \& 17.23 \& 14.86 <br>
\hline Utilities \& 43.19 \& 58.46 \& 5.54 \& 2.58 \& 10.29 \& 5.97 <br>
\hline Construction \& 137.95 \& 76.26 \& 1.29 \& 8.40 \& 21.86 \& 6.09 <br>
\hline Manufacturing \& 67.57 \& 73.00 \& 4.14 \& 4.33 \& 11.62 \& 6.41 <br>
\hline Wholesale and retail trade \& 156.95 \& 77.10 \& 1.10 \& 6.62 \& 14.75 \& 4.22 <br>
\hline Wholesale trade \& 134.22 \& 83.99 \& 1.16 \& 4.83 \& 9.53 \& 3.60 <br>
\hline Retail trade \& 180.68 \& 71.75 \& 1.06 \& 8.48 \& 21.91 \& 4.69 <br>
\hline Transportation and warehousing \& 92.86 \& 29.43 \& 2.68 \& 3.95 \& 15.32 \& 4.25 <br>
\hline Information \& 32.73 \& 20.66 \& 7.73 \& 3.42 \& 8.08 \& 10.44 <br>
\hline Finance and insurance \& 15.34 \& 61.79 \& 20.04 \& 1.25 \& 8.68 \& 8.13 <br>
\hline Real estate and rental and leasing \& 46.21 \& 21.03 \& 7.22 \& 2.25 \& 7.28 \& 4.87 <br>
\hline Professional, scientific, and technical services \& 77.02 \& 33.36 \& 2.88 \& 3.14 \& 8.40 \& 4.07 <br>
\hline Management of companies (holding companies) \& 6.78 \& 1.20 \& 44.75 \& 0.98 \& 6.00 \& 14.38 <br>
\hline Administrative and support and waste management and remediation services \& 113.30 \& 43.49 \& 2.62 \& 5.13 \& 15.73 \& 4.52 <br>
\hline Educational services \& 89.98 \& 10.76 \& 2.72 \& 7.19 \& 17.45 \& 7.99 <br>
\hline Health care and social assistance \& 107.52 \& 11.33 \& 3.37 \& 3.84 \& 18.00 \& 3.57 <br>
\hline Arts, entertainment, and recreation \& 59.08 \& 19.90 \& 6.31 \& 2.65 \& 19.56 \& 4.49 <br>
\hline Accommodation and food services \& 79.67 \& 31.94 \& 4.31 \& 5.06 \& 15.82 \& 6.35 <br>
\hline Other services \& 68.61 \& 46.07 \& 4.53 \& 2.87 \& 10.22 \& 4.18 <br>
\hline
\end{tabular}

Footnotes at end of table.

## Foreign-Controlled Domestic Corporations, 2006

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Table 4. "Large" Foreign-Controlled Domestic Corporations Compared to Other "Large" Domestic Corporations: Selected Items and Percentages, by Industrial Sector, Tax Year 2006-Continued
[Money amounts are in millions of dollars]


[^60]Table 4. "Large" Foreign-Controlled Domestic Corporations Compared to Other "Large" Domestic Corporations: Selected Items and Percentages, by Industrial Sector, Tax Year 2006-Continued
[Money amounts are in millions of dollars]

| Control status and industrial sector | Percentages-continued |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Income subject to tax divided by |  |  | Total income tax after credits divided by |  |  |
|  | Total assets | Net worth | Total receipts | Total assets | Net worth | Total receipts |
| FOREIGN-CONTROLLED DOMESTIC CORPORATIONS <br> All industries | (59) | 9.35 | (61) | $\begin{aligned} & \text { (62) } \\ & \\ & \\ & 0.50\end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { (63) } \\ & \\ & \\ & \\ & 2.70\end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{rr}\text { (64) } & \\ \\ \\ 1.27\end{array}$ |
|  | 1.73 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Agriculture, forestry, fishing, and hunting | 3.20 | 6.21 | 4.60 | 0.86 | 1.66 | 1.23 |
| Mining | 8.19 | 15.60 | 15.23 | 1.49 | 2.84 | 2.77 |
| Utilities | 0.98 | 3.10 | 2.35 | 0.24 | 0.78 | 0.59 |
| Construction | 4.20 | 14.97 | 3.67 | 1.45 | 5.16 | 1.27 |
| Manufacturing | 3.43 | 12.95 | 4.39 | 0.94 | 3.55 | 1.20 |
| Wholesale and retail trade | 5.20 | 17.01 | 2.92 | 1.72 | 5.62 | 0.96 |
| Wholesale trade | 5.36 | 17.72 | 3.07 | 1.76 | 5.81 | 1.01 |
| Retail trade | 4.55 | 14.18 | 2.34 | 1.56 | 4.87 | 0.80 |
| Transportation and warehousing | 1.89 | 5.98 | 2.21 | 0.62 | 1.97 | 0.73 |
| Information | 1.19 | 2.13 | 4.84 | 0.40 | 0.71 | 1.61 |
| Finance and insurance | 0.34 | 3.48 | 3.45 | 0.11 | 1.08 | 1.07 |
| Real estate and rental and leasing | 3.63 | 12.69 | 11.81 | 1.28 | 4.49 | 4.18 |
| Professional, scientific, and technical services | 2.25 | 5.78 | 3.97 | 0.68 | 1.76 | 1.20 |
| Management of companies (holding companies) | 1.37 | 15.17 | 14.56 | 0.42 | 4.61 | 4.43 |
| Administrative and support and waste management and remediation services | 1.02 | 3.76 | 1.21 | 0.31 | 1.13 | 0.36 |
| Educational services | 1.03 | 5.94 | 2.95 | 0.10 | 0.59 | 0.29 |
| Health care and social assistance | 5.02 | 10.51 | 8.03 | 1.74 | 3.64 | 2.78 |
| Arts, entertainment, and recreation | 1.23 | 6.45 | 4.31 | 0.39 | 2.05 | 1.37 |
| Accommodation and food services | 2.32 | 6.25 | 5.38 | 0.62 | 1.68 | 1.44 |
| Other services | 9.00 | 33.76 | 9.52 | 2.49 | 9.32 | 2.63 |
| DOMESTIC CORPORATIONS NOT FOREIGN-CONTROLLED |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| All industries | 2.31 | 10.12 | 7.17 | 0.62 | 2.72 | 1.93 |
| Agriculture, forestry, fishing, and hunting | 3.09 | 13.10 | 4.69 | 1.05 | 4.47 | 1.60 |
| Mining | 7.41 | 16.05 | 13.85 | 1.94 | 4.20 | 3.62 |
| Utilities | 2.43 | 9.69 | 5.62 | 0.72 | 2.88 | 1.67 |
| Construction | 8.67 | 22.56 | 6.29 | 2.97 | 7.73 | 2.16 |
| Manufacturing | 5.11 | 13.70 | 7.56 | 1.06 | 2.85 | 1.57 |
| Wholesale and retail trade | 6.81 | 15.18 | 4.34 | 2.13 | 4.75 | 1.36 |
| Wholesale trade | 5.18 | 10.21 | 3.86 | 1.51 | 2.98 | 1.13 |
| Retail trade | 8.51 | 21.99 | 4.71 | 2.78 | 7.17 | 1.54 |
| Transportation and warehousing | 4.61 | 17.90 | 4.96 | 1.46 | 5.69 | 1.58 |
| Information | 2.83 | 6.70 | 8.66 | 0.88 | 2.09 | 2.70 |
| Finance and insurance | 1.22 | 8.51 | 7.98 | 0.37 | 2.56 | 2.40 |
| Real estate and rental and leasing | 2.33 | 7.56 | 5.05 | 0.85 | 2.74 | 1.83 |
| Professional, scientific, and technical services | 3.42 | 9.16 | 4.44 | 0.99 | 2.66 | 1.29 |
| Management of companies (holding companies) | 0.91 | 5.59 | 13.41 | 0.26 | 1.58 | 3.77 |
| Administrative and support and waste management and remediation services | 5.43 | 16.65 | 4.79 | 1.54 | 4.73 | 1.36 |
| Educational services | 8.31 | 20.16 | 9.23 | 2.89 | 7.02 | 3.22 |
| Health care and social assistance | 5.66 | 26.52 | 5.26 | 1.89 | 8.86 | 1.76 |
| Arts, entertainment, and recreation | 2.92 | 21.56 | 4.95 | 0.98 | 7.20 | 1.65 |
| Accommodation and food services | 5.48 | 17.15 | 6.88 | 1.43 | 4.48 | 1.80 |
| Other services | 3.00 | 10.70 | 4.37 | 0.98 | 3.49 | 1.43 |

[1] Excludes nontaxable interest received on State and local government obligations, which totaled $\$ 25.9$ billion for large domestic corporations not foreign-controlled, and $\$ 1.7$ billion
for large foreign-controlled domestic corporations.
[2] Less than $\$ 500,000$.
NOTES: "Large" corporations are those with total assets of $\$ 250,000,000$ or more, and/or with business receipts of $\$ 50,000,000$ or more (total receipts were used in lieu of business receipts for the finance and insurance, and management of companies sectors). Data exclude Forms 1120-REIT (real estate investment trusts), 1120-RIC (regulated investment companies), and 1120 ( S corporations). Data also exclude returns in which the foreign ownership level is between 25 percent and 49 percent. Percentages shown in table were calculated using rounded data. Detail may not add to totals because of rounding.

# Corporate Foreign Tax Credit, 2005 

by Melissa Costa

For Tax Year 2005, 5,837 U.S. corporations claimed over $\$ 84$ billion in foreign tax credits, reducing their U.S tax on worldwide income by 30.3 percent, from $\$ 278.2$ billion to $\$ 194$ billion. They reported a total of about $\$ 402$ billion in foreign-source taxable income, slightly more than 50 percent of total worldwide income. Due in part to the one-time repatriation tax holiday, foreign-source taxable income for corporations claiming a foreign tax credit (in constant 2005 dollars) rose 61 percent from 2004, while the foreign tax credit increased 43.9 percent. ${ }^{1}$

The one-time repatriation tax holiday allowed taxpayers to deduct 85 percent of qualifying dividends received from their controlled foreign corporations from taxable income. ${ }^{2}$ Taxpayers claiming the foreign tax credit reported their repatriated dividends, as well as the 85 -percent deduction for qualifying dividends, on Form 1118, Computation of Foreign Tax Credit-Corporation, and were required to reduce their foreign taxes eligible for credit by the amount of taxes paid or deemed paid on their qualifying dividends. Taxpayers could take advantage of the repatriation tax holiday for tax years ending between October 22, 2004, and October 22, 2006, but most claimed it for Tax Year 2005.

As a result, U.S. corporations with a foreign tax credit reported $\$ 397.8$ billion in dividends in for-eign-source gross income, an increase of about 346 percent (in constant 2005 dollars) from 2004. They claimed $\$ 277.3$ billion dollars in dividends qualifying for the reduction. Likewise, gross income grew from $\$ 485.4$ billion for Tax Year 2004 (in constant 2005 dollars) to $\$ 914.7$ billion for 2005. Overall, foreign taxes paid or deemed paid rose from $\$ 63.2$ billion (in constant 2005 dollars) to $\$ 111.6$ billion, and the reduction of taxes eligible for credit increased from $\$ 4.6$ billion to $\$ 24.2$ billion (in constant 2005 dollars).

Corporations whose primary business was manufacturing accounted for about 68 percent of the total foreign-source taxable income from corporations

[^61]claiming a foreign tax credit and reported 69 percent of the total foreign tax credit. Within this industry, corporations engaged in the manufacturing of petroleum and coal products were responsible for 18 percent of the total foreign-source taxable income and 29 percent of the foreign tax credit. As the pharmaceutical manufacturing industry brought home almost one-third of the dividends repatriated under the one-time repatriation tax holiday provisions, it is not surprising that foreign-source taxable income for corporations in this industrial sector rose from an in-flation-adjusted $\$ 19.0$ billion in 2004 to $\$ 49.3$ billion in 2005, an increase of 160 percent. The major industry group responsible for the second largest share of foreign-source taxable income was the finance, insurance, real estate, and rental and leasing industry, with 9.3 percent of the total foreign-source taxable income and 7.9 percent of the foreign tax credit.

A little more than half of the foreign-source taxable income came from Europe, with nearly 40 percent from European Union (EU) countries. The top three EU countries included the United Kingdom, which accounted for 12.5 percent of the total taxable income, followed by the Netherlands, with 9.2 percent, and Ireland, with 5.6 percent. Of the countries outside the EU, Canada and Japan accounted for the largest percentage of foreign-source taxable income, with 7.8 percent and 4.6 percent, respectively.

The United Kingdom accounted for the largest percentage, 11.3 percent, of foreign taxes paid or deemed paid. Other countries responsible for a noticeable share of foreign taxes paid or deemed paid included the Netherlands (11.0 percent), Canada (9.4 percent), Norway ( 6.7 percent), Japan ( 5.6 percent), and Switzerland, ( 4.0 percent).

For 2005, U.S. corporations computed their total foreign tax credit by first computing a separate foreign tax credit for each defined group of statutory categories of foreign-source income or "baskets" that applied and then adding the credits together. Since the reduction of statutory categories passed in the American Jobs Creation Act of 2004 did not take effect until Tax Year 2007, there were still multiple categories for Tax Year 2005. Those included in these statistics were passive income, high withholding tax interest, financial services income, shipping income,

[^62]
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dividends from a domestic international sales corporation (DISC) or former DISC, certain distributions from a foreign sales corporation (FSC) or former FSC, section 901(j) income, income re-sourced by treaty, and general limitation income. ${ }^{3}$ Most foreignsource taxable income ( 80.3 percent) and foreign taxes available for credit (83.5 percent) fell into the general limitation category. The financial services income basket comprised the second largest share, with 15.5 percent of the foreign-source taxable income and 14.0 percent of the taxes.

## Summary

Corporations reported over $\$ 84$ billion in foreign tax credits, an increase of 43.9 percent from 2004 (in constant 2005 dollars). This can be attributed, to a certain extent, to the one-time repatriation tax holiday. The manufacturing industry still accounted for the largest percentage of foreign-source taxable income. Together, the United Kingdom, the Netherlands, Canada, Ireland, and Switzerland accounted for approximately 40 percent of the foreign-source taxable income reported in 2005.

## Data Sources and Limitations

Internal Revenue Code section 901 specifies the provisions for the foreign tax credit. Corporations report the foreign income and taxes related to the credit on Form 1118, Computation of Foreign Tax CreditCorporations and attach it to their corporate tax returns. The statistics in this data release are based on information reported on Forms 1118 and related corporate tax forms for those corporation income tax returns with a foreign tax credit that were included in the 2005 Statistics of Income sample of returns with accounting periods ending between July 2005 and June 2006. These returns were selected after administrative processing but prior to any amendments or audit examination. The 2005 corporation income tax return sample included Forms 1120, 1120-F, 1120-L, $1120-\mathrm{PC}$, and 1120 -REIT. The statistics in this data release do not include any foreign tax credit data filed specifically for the computation of the alternative minimum tax (AMT), even if the corporation reported both the regular and AMT foreign tax credits.

There are small discrepancies between the more complete foreign tax credit data presented in
this data release and those published in Statistics of Income-2005, Corporation Income Tax Returns. Some of the differences can be attributed to returns selected for the Statistics of Income sample that were received too late to be included in the corporation income tax statistics. Also, additional data were requested for the foreign tax credit statistics from some corporations that submitted preliminary data on their original returns because they lacked complete information on their foreign operations at the time of filing.

Foreign income and taxes available for credit are understated to the extent that they were not reported on the Form 1118 filed with the Form 1120. Because amended returns are not included, these statistics do not contain foreign taxes carried back from subsequent tax years. Likewise, corporations that could not claim a foreign tax credit because they did not have a U.S tax liability are not included. Finally, some corporations may have deducted their foreign taxes from gross income rather than claim a foreign tax credit.

Because the estimates are based on a sample, they are subject to sampling error. Coefficients of Variation (CVs) are used to measure the magnitude of this sampling error. The CV concept is defined in the section on sampling variability in the SOI Sampling Methodology and Data Limitations appendix of this publication. Figure A presents CVs for foreign tax credits by selected North American Industry Classification System (NAICS) divisions and industrial sectors. The smaller the CV, the more reliable the estimate is judged to be.

## Description of Tables 1-3

Table 1, columns 2 through 15, presents statistics on assets, receipts, income, and taxes reported on the basic corporation income tax returns for those corporations claiming a foreign tax credit. Columns 17 through 52 contain statistics from Form 1118. Although the amount of oil and gas income and deductions (columns 24 and 36, respectfully) are included in columns 17 through 23 and 27 through 35, these amounts are also reported separately on Form 1118 (Schedule I, Reduction of Oil and Gas Extraction Taxes) because oil and gas extraction income is subject to special rules under Internal Revenue Code

[^63]
## Figure A <br> Coefficients of Variation for Foreign Tax Credit, by Selected Sector or Group Tax Year 2005 by Selected Sector or Group, Tax Year 2005

| Selected sector or group | Coefficients of variation for foreign tax credit (percentages) |
| :---: | :---: |
| All industries | 0.03 |
| Agriculture, forestry, fishing, and hunting | 5.59 |
| Mining | 0.17 |
| Utilities | 0.10 |
| Construction | 9.84 |
| Manufacturing | 0.01 |
| Food manufacturing | 0.02 |
| Petroleum and coal products manufacturing | [1] |
| Chemical manufacturing | 0.02 |
| Pharmaceutical and medicine manufacturing | [1] |
| Fabricated metal products | 0.25 |
| Machinery manufacturing | 0.12 |
| Computer and electronic product manufacturing | 0.07 |
| Electrical equipment, appliance and component manufacturing | 0.07 |
| Transportation equipment manufacturing | 0.08 |
| Wholesale and retail trade | 0.40 |
| Transportation and warehousing | 0.18 |
| Information | 0.16 |
| Publishing (except internet), motion picture and sound recording | 0.14 |
| Finance, insurance, real estate, rental and leasing | 0.07 |
| Finance and Insurance | 0.05 |
| Securities, commodity contracts, etc. | 0.05 |
| Insurance and related activities | [1] |
| Services | 0.11 |
| Management of holding companies | 0.13 |

[1] less than 0.005 percent
section 907 , which effectively requires a separate limitation calculation for taxes related to oil and gas extraction income. Foreign branch income (column 25 ) is also contained in the summary columns but reported separately on Form 1118 (Schedule F, Gross Income and Definitely Allocable Deductions for Foreign Branches).

Table 2 includes foreign income, deductions, and taxes paid, accrued, or deemed paid from Form 1118, by major industrial groups and by separate income basket, while Table 3 presents similar statistics, by selected geographic region and country.

## Explanation of Selected Terms

Adjustments to taxable income-Foreign-source taxable income is adjusted, when applicable by the allocation of current-year foreign losses, recharacterization of income due to prior-year loss allocations, adjustments related to overall foreign losses, including recapture of prior overall foreign losses, and allocations of current-year U.S. losses. See Table 1, column 38 and Table 2, column 23.

Carryover of foreign taxes-Corporations can carry taxes paid in excess of the limitation back up to 2 years or forward up to 5 years. The 2005 statistics in this data release include only foreign taxes carried forward from prior years. The American Jobs Creation Act of 2004 extended the carryover period to ten years and reduced the carryback period to one year, effective for tax years beginning after October 22,2004 . The 2005 statistics in this data release include only foreign taxes carried forward from prior years.

Controlled foreign corporations (CFCs)— As defined in Internal Revenue Code section 957(a), any foreign corporation in which U.S. shareholders own directly, indirectly, or constructively, more than 50 percent of either the total combined voting power or total value of all stock on any day of the taxable year of the corporation.

Deemed dividends-Certain types of income earned by controlled foreign corporations (CFCs) are recognized under Subpart F of the Internal Revenue Service Code as current-year income of the U.S. corporation, even if no income is actually received from the CFC in the current tax year. In such cases, the U.S. corporation is deemed to have received a pro rata share of this income and required to report it as a deemed dividend on Form 1118.

Dividend gross-up-U.S. corporations that satisfy ownership and other requirements are permitted to take an indirect foreign tax credit for taxes paid on profits from which dividends were distributed. Under Internal Revenue Code section 78, these taxes are "deemed paid" by U.S. corporations under Internal Revenue Code sections 902 and 960(a). Consequently, the dividend income is "grossed-up" by the amount of taxes deemed paid on the income from which the dividend was paid.

Financial services income-This separate limitation income applies to certain income from financial

## Corporate Foreign Tax Credit, 2005

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services activities. It includes all income, including "passive income" (see below) that is generated from banking, insurance, financing, or similar activities, and from certain types of insurance investments. Financial services income excludes "high withholding tax interest"(see below) and certain types of export financing interest.

Foreign sales corporation (FSC)—A company incorporated abroad and usually controlled by a U.S. person. A portion of the FSC's "foreign trade income" is exempt from U.S. taxation. Congress repealed FSC provisions in 1999. Transition rules exempting transactions that were part of a binding contract with a FSC before September 17, 2003, were repealed in May 2006.

Foreign-source taxable income-Gross income (less loss) less deductions from sources outside the United States, including U.S. possessions. It is included in the taxable income of U.S. corporations.

General limitation income-This separate limitation category contains all foreign income not included in any other separate limitation category.

High withholding tax interest-This separate limitation category includes interest income subject to a withholding tax of 5 percent or more, with the exception of interest received from the financing of certain export activities.

Income resourced by bilateral tax treaty-This separate limitation category includes certain U.S.source income which has been subject to tax in another country pursuant to a bilateral income tax treaty. In order to appropriately relieve double taxation, these items of income are reclassified by a treaty provision as arising from foreign sources. A separate foreign tax credit limitation has to be computed for each amount resourced by a tax treaty.

Interest charge domestic international sales corporation (IC-DISC)—A corporation whose "qualified export receipts" constitute at least 95 percent of its gross receipts and which can classify at least 95 percent of its assets as "qualified export assets" can
claim IC-DISC status. A small portion of the ICDISC's income is deemed distributed to the shareholder. The rest is not subject to U.S. taxation until it is actually distributed, although interest on the tax must be paid annually.

Passive income-This separate limitation category is comprised of dividends, interest (except interest subject to a high withholding tax-see above), rents, royalties, annuities, and net capital gains, as well as commodity transactions not connected with the active conduct of a trade or business. Passive income subject to a foreign tax rate that exceeds the highest applicable U.S tax rate is excluded from this separate limitation category and included in general limitation income.

Section 901(j) income-This separate limitation category includes income and taxes paid to countries sanctioned by the United States. Internal Revenue Code section 901(j) denies credit for taxes paid or accrued to these countries. For 2005, countries subject to these restrictions included Cuba, Iran, Libya, North Korea, Sudan, and Syria. A separate limitation credit is computed for each section 901(j) country for informational purposes.

Shipping income-This separate limitation category applies to certain income from shipping-related activities. It includes the following: (1) all income from the use (or leasing for use) of a vessel or aircraft in foreign commerce, (2) income from services directly related to the use of a vessel or aircraft, (3) gains on the sale or exchange of a vessel or aircraft used in the performance of such services, and (4) income generated from other space and oceanic activities not included elsewhere.

Specifically allocable income-Internal Revenue Code section 863 provides special rules for determining taxable income from sources outside the United States with respect to gross income derived partly from within and partly from outside the United States.

Tax deemed paid-See dividend gross-up.

## Corporate Foreign Tax Credit, 2005

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Table 1. U.S. Corporation Income Tax Returns with a Foreign Tax Credit, 2005: Total Assets, Income, Taxes, and Credits, and Foreign Income, Deductions, and Taxes, by Major and Selected Minor Industry [All figures are estimates based on a sample-money amounts are in thousands of dollars]

| Major and selected minor industry of U.S. corporation filing return | Number of returns | Total assets | Total receipts | Dividends received from foreign corporations | Dividends qualifying for the one time deduction | Dividends received from IC-DISCs or former DISCs [1] | Includable income of controlled foreign corporations |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | (1) | (2) | (3) | (4) | (5) | (6) | (7) |
| All industries | 5,837 | 31,194,533,974 | 8,982,340,529 | 64,469,989 | 277,307,509 | 19,158 | 58,522,229 |
| Agriculture, forestry, fishing, and hunting | 150 | 5,338,015 | 2,951,245 | 4,677 | 121,733 | 0 | 53 |
| Mining | 127 | 189,549,013 | 122,082,412 | 4,494,376 | 1,373,634 | 0 | 973,680 |
| Oil and gas extraction, coal mining | 90 | 110,955,588 | 80,163,139 | 3,349,417 | 1,321,109 | 0 | 106,875 |
| Metal ore mining | *9 | *42,844,162 | *20,645,144 | *1,131,499 | *37,695 | * 0 | *539,668 |
| Nonmetallic minerals | 10 | 10,186,638 | 7,103,905 | 9,945 | 14,830 | 0 | 64 |
| Support activities for mining | 18 | 25,562,625 | 14,170,224 | 3,514 | 0 | 0 | 327,072 |
| Utilities | 12 | 65,241,353 | 36,624,437 | 93,239 | 136,073 | 0 | 19,722 |
| Construction | 336 | 46,085,822 | 59,781,941 | 130,008 | 44,370 | 0 | 55,677 |
| Construction of buildings | 45 | 32,437,638 | 42,027,510 | 124,924 | 0 | 0 | 1,458 |
| Heavy and civil engineering construction | 130 | 11,068,680 | 12,921,727 | 2,548 | 41,406 | 0 | 54,189 |
| Special trade contractors | 160 | 2,579,505 | 4,832,705 | 2,537 | 2,965 | 0 | 30 |
| Manufacturing | 1,267 | 7,902,868,161 | 4,284,340,032 | 43,340,560 | 236,309,929 | 8,289 | 42,851,536 |
| Food manufacturing | 76 | 502,314,755 | 241,469,616 | 3,945,682 | 16,157,889 | 162 | 3,621,148 |
| Beverage and tobacco products | 18 | 93,218,615 | 79,600,062 | 1,806,518 | 6,713,825 | 0 | 327,698 |
| Tobacco manufacturing | *5 | *19,929,333 | *15,928,222 | *7,148 | *168,935 | * 0 | *594 |
| Textile mills and textile product mills | *5 | *1,267,280 | *1,007,193 | *58,191 | *25,463 | *0 | *17,895 |
| Apparel manufacturing | 13 | 14,904,079 | 18,484,851 | 78,361 | 173,330 | 0 | 42,542 |
| Leather and allied product manufacturing | 11 | 2,407,119 | 3,157,499 | 39,442 | 41,185 | 0 | 9,162 |
| Wood product manufacturing | 24 | 104,681,518 | 29,244,674 | 11,375 | 1,160,423 | 0 | 68,726 |
| Paper manufacturing | 23 | 103,814,515 | 68,523,698 | 1,159,907 | 4,698,216 | 409 | 417,847 |
| Printing and related support activities | 17 | 8,191,421 | 7,820,249 | 12,129 | 142,586 | 0 | 8,308 |
| Petroleum and coal products manufacturing | 19 | 1,725,376,215 | 1,154,673,816 | 9,793,764 | 339,789 | 0 | 11,806,681 |
| Chemical manufacturing | 155 | 1,337,949,387 | 661,396,968 | 9,214,108 | 117,534,458 | 764 | 10,057,897 |
| Pharmaceutical and medicine manufacturing | 47 | 846,158,972 | 370,807,736 | 4,480,226 | 97,429,850 | 0 | 5,986,143 |
| Other chemical manufacturing | 108 | 491,790,415 | 290,589,231 | 4,733,882 | 20,104,607 | 764 | 4,071,754 |
| Plastics and rubber products manufacturing | 50 | 26,008,531 | 20,070,664 | 97,947 | 599,094 | 0 | 68,137 |
| Nonmetallic mineral product manufacturing | 52 | 47,391,058 | 35,716,849 | 80,763 | 1,306,239 | 0 | 20,779 |
| Primary metal manufacturing | 48 | 144,920,096 | 77,545,772 | 343,182 | 430,521 | 74 | 320,834 |
| Fabricated metal products | 83 | 212,303,267 | 88,635,862 | 810,016 | 4,435,952 | 850 | 294,247 |
| Machinery manufacturing | 178 | 286,247,154 | 206,308,877 | 2,008,554 | 4,440,174 | 1,439 | 1,345,082 |
| Computer and electronic product manufacturing | 212 | 433,897,916 | 457,182,928 | 5,537,353 | 54,670,405 | 686 | 6,928,889 |
| Electrical equipment, appliance and component manufacturing | 85 | 1,311,326,207 | 228,374,966 | 3,319,787 | 3,974,711 | 2,114 | 2,481,542 |
| Transportation equipment manufacturing | 88 | 1,393,402,420 | 778,049,717 | 3,746,323 | 9,340,113 | 0 | 3,737,043 |
| Motor vehicles and related manufacturing | 58 | 1,120,118,665 | 528,317,526 | 3,106,868 | 5,661,616 | 0 | 3,046,027 |
| Other transportation equipment manufacturing | 30 | 273,283,755 | 249,732,190 | 639,455 | 3,678,497 | 0 | 691,016 |
| Furniture and related products | 21 | 22,194,307 | 24,513,379 | 98,610 | 50,181 | 0 | 13,691 |
| Miscellaneous manufacturing and manufacturing not allocable | 89 | 131,052,301 | 102,562,392 | 1,178,546 | 10,075,376 | 1,792 | 1,263,389 |
| Wholesale and retail trade | 635 | 1,124,235,402 | 1,439,553,132 | 3,366,477 | 11,108,428 | 144 | 3,478,279 |
| Wholesale trade | 453 | 674,326,678 | 629,001,296 | 2,638,556 | 7,488,469 | 131 | 2,282,816 |
| Durable goods | 281 | 131,322,252 | 207,755,689 | 462,314 | 4,371,188 | 131 | 451,107 |
| Machinery, equipment, and supplies | 80 | 11,377,541 | 19,374,345 | 10,103 | 63,075 | 0 | 1,008 |
| Other miscellaneous durable goods | 201 | 119,944,711 | 188,381,344 | 452,211 | 4,308,113 | 131 | 450,099 |
| Nondurable goods | 172 | 543,004,426 | 421,245,607 | 2,176,243 | 3,117,281 | 0 | 1,831,709 |
| Drugs, chemicals, and allied products | 41 | 71,476,556 | 166,503,561 | 242,088 | 1,204,243 | 0 | 332,985 |
| Groceries and related products | 12 | 324,140,443 | 78,473,454 | 227,205 | 762 | 0 | 79,809 |
| Petroleum and petroleum products | 13 | 52,663,514 | 73,944,419 | 434,442 | 607,791 | 0 | 536,624 |
| Other miscellaneous nondurable goods | 105 | 94,723,913 | 102,324,173 | 1,272,508 | 1,304,486 | 0 | 882,291 |

Table 1. U.S. Corporation Income Tax Returns with a Foreign Tax Credit, 2005: Total Assets, Income, Taxes, and Credits, and Foreign Income, Deductions, and Taxes, by Major and Selected Minor Industry [All figures are estimates based on a sample-money amounts are in thousands of dollars]

| Major and selected minor industry of U.S. corporation filing return | Number of returns | Total assets | Total receipts | Dividends received from foreign corporations | Dividends qualifying for the one time deduction | Dividends received from IC-DISCs or former DISCs [1] | Includable income of controlled foreign corporations |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | (1) | (2) | (3) | (4) | (5) | (6) | (7) |
| Retail trade | 182 | 449,908,724 | 810,551,836 | 727,920 | 3,619,959 | 12 | 1,195,463 |
| Motor vehicle, parts dealers, and gas stations | 20 | 9,196,967 | 25,987,853 | 6,176 | 0 | 0 | 108,990 |
| Furniture and home furnishings stores | * 4 | *6,372,928 | *10,488,594 | *3,218 | *24,200 | *0 | * 0 |
| Building materials, garden equipment, and supplies | 28 | 77,461,449 | 78,429,249 | 1,001 | 0 | 12 | 254,083 |
| Food and beverages stores | 13 | 14,986,497 | 39,627,754 | 296,755 | 500,000 | 0 | 157,580 |
| Apparel and accessory stores | 26 | 44,734,034 | 76,290,704 | 124,396 | 1,106,751 | 0 | 403,089 |
| General merchandise stores | *9 | *219,025,449 | *420,740,444 | *111,967 | *500,000 | * 0 | *234,132 |
| Miscellaneous retail trade | 83 | 78,131,400 | 158,987,238 | 184,406 | 1,489,008 | 0 | 37,589 |
| Transportation and warehousing | 78 | 174,899,344 | 162,282,056 | 163,514 | 670,572 | 0 | 210,845 |
| Air, rail, and water transportation | 13 | 86,152,278 | 38,431,440 | 72,719 | 402,018 | 0 | 67,628 |
| Water transportation | *6 | *8,472,903 | *6,480,823 | *22,074 | *291,683 | *0 | *45,043 |
| Air and rail transportation | *7 | *77,679,375 | *31,950,617 | *50,646 | *110,335 | *0 | *22,584 |
| Other transportation and warehousing | 65 | 88,747,066 | 123,850,616 | 90,795 | 268,554 | 0 | 143,217 |
| Information | 327 | 823,447,580 | 352,612,417 | 2,267,450 | 5,697,682 | 0 | 1,905,365 |
| Publishing (except internet), motion picture, and sound recording | 190 | 221,033,423 | 136,501,550 | 1,431,278 | 5,011,693 | 0 | 1,165,635 |
| Broadcasting, internet publishing | 53 | 147,385,939 | 66,745,738 | 299,629 | 296,245 | 0 | 277,738 |
| Telecommunications | 36 | 362,726,445 | 119,689,254 | 312,163 | 86,858 | 0 | 33,857 |
| Internet service providers, web search portals, and data processing services | *6 | *79,236,662 | *23,801,308 | *196,050 | *238,878 | *0 | *405,249 |
| Other information services | 43 | 13,065,109 | 5,874,567 | 28,330 | 64,007 | 0 | 22,885 |
| Finance, insurance, real estate, and rental and leasing | 1,063 | 10,628,883,006 | 1,582,270,882 | 5,180,602 | 9,226,706 | 607 | 5,538,007 |
| Finance and insurance | 601 | 10,604,472,943 | 1,570,589,455 | 5,151,255 | 8,921,818 | 607 | 5,510,818 |
| Commercial banking and other depository credit agencies | 25 | 370,034,932 | 34,052,926 | 217,084 | 0 | 0 | 74,931 |
| Nondepository credit intermediation | 31 | 347,616,603 | 61,010,952 | 228,861 | 0 | 0 | 295,128 |
| Securities, commodity contracts, and other | 147 | 4,179,942,278 | 291,108,582 | 1,574,027 | 6,247,579 | 607 | 1,984,517 |
| Insurance and related activities | 322 | 5,662,626,119 | 1,182,154,819 | 3,089,046 | 2,674,240 | 0 | 3,080,653 |
| Insurance agencies and brokerages | 27 | 74,670,113 | 20,283,279 | 613,206 | 741,991 | 0 | 201,421 |
| Funds, trusts, and other financial vehicles | 76 | 44,253,011 | 2,262,176 | 42,237 | 0 | 0 | 75,591 |
| Real estate and rental and leasing | 461 | 24,410,063 | 11,681,427 | 29,346 | 304,888 | 0 | 27,189 |
| Real estate | 335 | 9,359,689 | 3,604,939 | 26,348 | 0 | 0 | 26,274 |
| Rentals and leasing | 127 | 15,050,374 | 8,076,488 | 2,999 | 304,888 | 0 | 915 |
| Services | 1,842 | 10,233,986,279 | 939,841,973 | 5,429,086 | 12,618,382 | 10,118 | 3,489,066 |
| Professional, scientific, and technical services | 678 | 163,477,845 | 117,594,293 | 283,684 | 1,850,099 | 1 | 388,968 |
| Management of holding companies | 963 | 9,741,884,713 | 618,895,515 | 4,290,492 | 6,730,886 | 4 | 2,905,963 |
| Administrative and support and waste management and remediation | 63 | 55,708,757 | 42,011,881 | 155,697 | 94,222 | 0 | 74,714 |
| Education services, health care, and social assistance | 38 | 55,374,923 | 34,957,707 | 65,758 | 168,101 | 0 | 3,280 |
| Arts, entertainment, and recreation | 28 | 7,815,761 | 4,568,429 | 5,535 | 1,717 | 10,113 | 0 |
| Accommodation and food services | 51 | 204,161,442 | 116,771,519 | 594,132 | 3,770,685 | 0 | 113,764 |
| Accommodation | 18 | 124,024,187 | 40,684,976 | 159,807 | 107,222 | 0 | 69,317 |
| Food services and drinking places | 33 | 80,137,255 | 76,086,543 | 434,325 | 3,663,463 | 0 | 44,447 |
| Other services | 22 | 5,562,838 | 5,042,630 | 33,787 | * 2,673 | 0 | 2,377 |
| Repair and maintenance services | 14 | 607,305 | 736,164 | 465 | 0 | 0 | 675 |
| Personal services | *5 | *4,881,770 | *4,212,340 | *33,319 | *0 | *0 | *1,702 |
| Religious, grantmaking, civic, professional, and similar organizations | *3 | *73,763 | *94,126 | *3 | *2,673 | * 0 | *0 |

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## Corporate Foreign Tax Credit, 2005

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Table 1. U.S. Corporation Income Tax Returns with a Foreign Tax Credit, 2005: Total Assets, Income, Taxes, and Credits, and Foreign Income, Deductions, and Taxes, by Major and Selected Minor Industry-Continued
[All figures are estimates based on a sample-money amounts are in thousands of dollars]

| Major and selected minor industry of U.S. corporation filing return | Foreign dividend income from foreign taxes deemed paid (gross-up) | Net income (less deficit) | Income subject to U.S. tax | U.S. income tax before credits |  | Foreign tax credit claimed |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  | Total [3] | Regular and alternative minimum tax |  |
|  | (8) | (9) | (10) | (11) | (12) | (13) |
| All industries | 56,376,158 | 1,062,226,848 | 792,789,034 | 278,171,235 | 278,147,860 | 84,210,634 |
| Agriculture, forestry, fishing, and hunting | 3,815 | 482,792 | 351,909 | 122,236 | 122,236 | 9,332 |
| Mining | 2,158,290 | 30,426,793 | 27,241,271 | 9,758,110 | 9,758,041 | 4,453,874 |
| Oil and gas extraction, coal mining | 1,563,824 | 19,045,821 | 17,441,547 | 6,103,678 | 6,103,678 | 2,228,484 |
| Metal ore mining | *439,583 | *7,610,445 | *6,450,284 | *2,482,368 | *2,482,368 | *2,030,357 |
| Nonmetallic minerals | 5,500 | 727,229 | 724,490 | 253,497 | 253,497 | 7,387 |
| Support activities for mining | 149,383 | 3,043,298 | 2,624,950 | 918,568 | 918,499 | 187,646 |
| Utilities | 49,562 | 79,952 | 1,550,192 | 542,857 | 542,488 | 92,705 |
| Construction | 54,759 | 4,609,558 | 4,465,278 | 1,560,591 | 1,559,189 | 93,551 |
| Construction of buildings | 51,860 | 3,110,351 | 3,105,403 | 1,087,119 | 1,086,076 | 54,335 |
| Heavy and civil engineering construction | 2,123 | 1,174,956 | 1,051,266 | 367,060 | 367,043 | 34,222 |
| Special trade contractors | 776 | 324,250 | 308,609 | 106,411 | 106,071 | 4,994 |
| Manufacturing | 41,347,454 | 597,460,932 | 382,653,958 | 134,050,216 | 134,032,590 | 58,219,536 |
| Food manufacturing | 2,814,953 | 40,709,755 | 26,792,961 | 9,376,934 | 9,376,719 | 3,422,361 |
| Beverage and tobacco products | 995,734 | 18,136,272 | 12,112,393 | 4,239,282 | 4,239,282 | 1,241,156 |
| Tobacco manufacturing | *3,230 | *2,595,003 | *2,255,031 | *789,261 | *789,261 | *12,652 |
| Textile mills and textile product mills | *35,248 | *227,328 | *138,581 | *48,356 | *48,356 | *40,636 |
| Apparel manufacturing | 60,708 | 1,841,160 | 1,547,614 | 541,389 | 541,389 | 75,565 |
| Leather and allied product manufacturing | 17,571 | 271,099 | 235,342 | 82,095 | 82,095 | 15,647 |
| Wood product manufacturing | 74,491 | 2,332,867 | 1,340,990 | 469,154 | 469,154 | 48,000 |
| Paper manufacturing | 922,854 | 12,691,022 | 8,696,350 | 3,040,321 | 3,040,428 | 1,093,460 |
| Printing and related support activities | 14,611 | 681,301 | 534,012 | 186,636 | 186,636 | 17,826 |
| Petroleum and coal products manufacturing | 10,632,053 | 119,084,160 | 118,409,336 | 41,446,337 | 41,442,908 | 24,741,352 |
| Chemical manufacturing | 10,779,238 | 184,401,854 | 80,992,425 | 28,364,209 | 28,363,716 | 12,132,883 |
| Pharmaceutical and medicine manufacturing | 5,925,837 | 135,087,927 | 50,739,468 | 17,760,256 | 17,760,155 | 6,653,668 |
| Other chemical manufacturing | 4,853,401 | 49,313,928 | 30,252,957 | 10,603,953 | 10,603,561 | 5,479,216 |
| Plastics and rubber products manufacturing | 103,761 | 1,539,421 | 989,960 | 348,435 | 348,332 | 106,167 |
| Nonmetallic mineral product manufacturing | 117,742 | 3,982,008 | 2,598,695 | 933,416 | 933,375 | 99,232 |
| Primary metal manufacturing | 267,499 | 5,809,557 | 4,830,122 | 1,702,243 | 1,702,243 | 672,492 |
| Fabricated metal products | 562,521 | 12,348,796 | 8,361,396 | 2,923,972 | 2,924,457 | 792,784 |
| Machinery manufacturing | 1,600,826 | 20,814,096 | 16,207,356 | 5,675,589 | 5,673,916 | 1,956,945 |
| Computer and electronic product manufacturing | 6,955,758 | 93,309,931 | 43,499,749 | 15,252,236 | 15,251,140 | 4,939,380 |
| Electrical equipment, appliance and component manufacturing | 1,397,960 | 13,893,675 | 10,422,577 | 3,650,037 | 3,650,032 | 2,387,933 |
| Transportation equipment manufacturing | 2,983,588 | 42,787,647 | 31,712,831 | 11,143,132 | 11,129,519 | 3,189,529 |
| Motor vehicles and related manufacturing | 2,338,336 | 26,609,392 | 20,397,231 | 7,148,242 | 7,139,374 | 2,320,327 |
| Other transportation equipment manufacturing | 645,252 | 16,178,255 | 11,315,600 | 3,994,891 | 3,990,145 | 869,203 |
| Furniture and related products | 86,873 | 1,824,796 | 1,765,956 | 615,136 | 617,783 | 67,740 |
| Miscellaneous manufacturing and manufacturing not allocable | 923,466 | 20,774,188 | 11,465,312 | 4,011,307 | 4,011,111 | 1,178,447 |
| Wholesale and retail trade | 2,891,277 | 86,710,275 | 75,076,890 | 26,275,097 | 26,267,772 | 3,326,230 |
| Wholesale trade | 2,166,211 | 36,483,543 | 28,657,713 | 10,028,054 | 10,026,502 | 2,363,588 |
| Durable goods | 418,528 | 11,054,241 | 7,211,666 | 2,523,681 | 2,523,611 | 444,413 |
| Machinery, equipment, and supplies | 3,414 | 1,376,644 | 1,307,178 | 458,372 | 455,828 | 14,812 |
| Other miscellaneous durable goods | 415,114 | 9,677,597 | 5,904,488 | 2,065,308 | 2,067,783 | 429,601 |
| Nondurable goods | 1,747,683 | 25,429,302 | 21,446,047 | 7,504,373 | 7,502,891 | 1,919,175 |
| Drugs, chemicals, and allied products | 237,788 | 5,016,629 | 3,848,178 | 1,346,593 | 1,346,317 | 367,150 |
| Groceries and related products | 76,312 | 6,281,063 | 5,456,841 | 1,910,000 | 1,909,595 | 101,037 |
| Petroleum and petroleum products | 621,818 | 6,123,730 | 5,304,769 | 1,856,729 | 1,856,729 | 526,014 |
| Other miscellaneous nondurable goods | 811,765 | 8,007,880 | 6,836,259 | 2,391,050 | 2,390,250 | 924,974 |

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## Corporate Foreign Tax Credit, 2005

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Table 1. U.S. Corporation Income Tax Returns with a Foreign Tax Credit, 2005: Total Assets, Income, Taxes, and Credits, and Foreign Income, Deductions, and Taxes, by Major and Selected Minor Industry-Continued

| Major and selected minor industry of U.S. corporation filing return | Foreign dividend income from foreign taxes deemed paid (gross-up) | Net income (less deficit) | Income subject to U.S. tax | U.S. income tax before credits |  | Foreign tax credit claimed |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  | Total [3] | Regular and alternative minimum tax |  |
|  | (8) | (9) | (10) | (11) | (12) | (13) |
| Retail trade | 725,066 | 50,226,731 | 46,419,177 | 16,247,043 | 16,241,270 | 962,642 |
| Motor vehicle, parts dealers, and gas stations | 53,721 | 914,318 | 911,948 | 318,554 | 318,834 | 62,874 |
| Furniture and home furnishings stores | *2,547 | *913,629 | *917,091 | *320,852 | *320,852 | *3,723 |
| Building materials, garden equipment, and supplies | 136,906 | 9,599,179 | 9,597,522 | 3,359,245 | 3,359,245 | 178,206 |
| Food and beverages stores | 27,293 | 1,197,636 | 659,074 | 230,407 | 230,407 | 12,148 |
| Apparel and accessory stores | 148,886 | 7,574,298 | 6,526,656 | 2,279,570 | 2,279,570 | 254,187 |
| General merchandise stores | *238,111 | *20,213,652 | *19,186,017 | *6,721,141 | *6,715,089 | *299,968 |
| Miscellaneous retail trade | 117,603 | 9,814,019 | 8,620,869 | 3,017,274 | 3,017,274 | 151,536 |
| Transportation and warehousing | 157,390 | 13,607,688 | 12,669,538 | 4,435,761 | 4,435,346 | 357,782 |
| Air, rail, and water transportation | 39,054 | 3,746,928 | 3,065,631 | 1,075,324 | 1,075,204 | 120,932 |
| Water transportation | *19,796 | *741,532 | *237,036 | *85,316 | *85,196 | *42,962 |
| Air and rail transportation | *19,258 | *3,005,396 | *2,828,595 | *990,008 | *990,008 | *77,970 |
| Other transportation and warehousing | 118,336 | 9,860,760 | 9,603,908 | 3,360,437 | 3,360,142 | 236,850 |
| Information | 1,624,951 | 50,606,618 | 43,871,452 | 15,376,713 | 15,386,924 | 2,852,903 |
| Publishing (except internet), motion picture, and sound recording | 808,944 | 32,460,630 | 26,565,652 | 9,321,873 | 9,332,156 | 1,947,960 |
| Broadcasting, internet publishing | 262,033 | 6,378,909 | 6,266,569 | 2,192,767 | 2,192,736 | 445,439 |
| Telecommunications | 92,544 | 7,280,023 | 6,951,440 | 2,431,190 | 2,431,150 | 158,583 |
| Internet service providers, web search portals, and data processing services | *439,793 | *3,365,811 | *3,136,719 | *1,097,883 | *1,097,883 | *270,229 |
| Other information services | 21,637 | 1,121,246 | 951,073 | 332,999 | 332,999 | 30,693 |
| Finance, insurance, real estate, and rental and leasing | 3,121,878 | 131,795,878 | 112,816,498 | 39,793,210 | 39,824,651 | 6,645,313 |
| Finance and insurance | 3,104,579 | 129,799,738 | 111,218,986 | 39,237,887 | 39,269,433 | 6,605,187 |
| Commercial banking and other depository credit agencies | 16 | 3,992,392 | 3,716,518 | 1,299,779 | 1,299,779 | 166,184 |
| Nondepository credit intermediation | 107,138 | 6,874,411 | 6,747,363 | 2,361,693 | 2,361,245 | 263,356 |
| Securities, commodity contracts, and other | 1,523,070 | 37,016,743 | 30,472,415 | 10,671,929 | 10,671,849 | 2,512,239 |
| Insurance and related activities | 1,387,427 | 80,565,983 | 68,944,156 | 24,436,570 | 24,468,644 | 3,259,672 |
| Insurance agencies and brokerages | 400,814 | 3,557,997 | 2,856,391 | 999,417 | 999,352 | 464,069 |
| Funds, trusts, and other financial vehicles | 86,927 | 1,350,207 | 1,338,534 | 467,917 | 467,917 | 403,737 |
| Real estate and rental and leasing | 17,298 | 1,996,141 | 1,597,511 | 555,323 | 555,218 | 40,126 |
| Real estate | 16,433 | 800,069 | 724,086 | 250,707 | 250,602 | 26,015 |
| Rentals and leasing | 865 | 1,196,071 | 873,426 | 304,616 | 304,616 | 14,112 |
| Services | 4,966,780 | 146,446,363 | 132,092,047 | 46,256,444 | 46,218,622 | 8,159,408 |
| Professional, scientific, and technical services | 220,026 | 9,778,028 | 7,684,005 | 2,687,960 | 2,686,360 | 462,467 |
| Management of holding companies | 4,106,823 | 109,044,906 | 101,534,232 | 35,561,846 | 35,530,483 | 6,590,630 |
| Administrative and support and waste management and remediation | 122,554 | 6,131,469 | 5,712,761 | 1,998,177 | 1,998,177 | 168,733 |
| Education services, health care, and social assistance | 17,758 | 4,563,380 | 4,359,228 | 1,524,410 | 1,524,410 | 25,635 |
| Arts, entertainment, and recreation | 3,333 | 635,753 | 558,782 | 195,232 | 195,232 | 49,910 |
| Accommodation and food services | 477,255 | 15,855,729 | 11,828,525 | 4,143,998 | 4,139,139 | 835,982 |
| Accommodation | 92,482 | 4,502,927 | 4,388,368 | 1,540,510 | 1,535,654 | 139,058 |
| Food services and drinking places | 384,773 | 11,352,802 | 7,440,157 | 2,603,489 | 2,603,485 | 696,924 |
| Other services | 19,032 | 437,098 | 414,514 | 144,822 | 144,822 | 26,050 |
| Repair and maintenance services | 647 | 42,719 | 29,843 | 10,207 | 10,207 | 1,281 |
| Personal services | *18,385 | *390,203 | *382,745 | *133,960 | *133,960 | *24,685 |
| Religious, grantmaking, civic, professional, and similar organizations | *0 | *4,176 | *1,926 | *655 | *655 | *85 |

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## Corporate Foreign Tax Credit, 2005

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Table 1. U.S. Corporation Income Tax Returns with a Foreign Tax Credit, 2005: Total Assets, Income, Taxes, and Credits, and Foreign Income, Deductions, and Taxes, by Major and Selected Minor Industry-Continued

| Major and selected minor industry of U.S. corporation filing return | U.S. possessions tax credit | General business credit | U.S. income tax after credits [4] | Foreign income and taxes |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  | Gross income (less loss) |  |  |
|  |  |  |  | Total | Dividends | Foreign dividend income from foreign taxes deemed paid (gross-up) |
|  | (14) | (15) | (16) | (17) | (18) | (19) |
| All industries | 311,976 | 9,596,890 | 177,025,748 | 914,741,013 | 397,776,032 | 60,552,267 |
| Agriculture, forestry, fishing, and hunting | 22 | 1,690 | 110,960 | 239,515 | 126,600 | 3,815 |
| Mining | 0 | 88,750 | 5,040,979 | 21,117,992 | 6,735,164 | 2,262,503 |
| Oil and gas extraction, coal mining | 0 | 66,194 | 3,720,011 | 10,262,755 | 4,713,603 | 1,665,854 |
| Metal ore mining | * 0 | *6,656 | *391,474 | *9,339,492 | *1,667,243 | *439,583 |
| Nonmetallic minerals | 0 | 834 | 237,853 | 85,259 | 23,730 | 7,683 |
| Support activities for mining | 0 | 15,066 | 691,640 | 1,430,486 | 330,587 | 149,383 |
| Utilities | 0 | 167 | 308,432 | 893,292 | 247,300 | 53,250 |
| Construction | 0 | 3,141 | 1,341,686 | 782,759 | 229,284 | 63,507 |
| Construction of buildings | 0 | 201 | 911,916 | 269,718 | 126,410 | 51,860 |
| Heavy and civil engineering construction | 0 | 1,966 | 330,233 | 426,355 | 97,325 | 10,871 |
| Special trade contractors | 0 | 974 | 99,536 | 86,686 | 5,548 | 776 |
| Manufacturing | 304,310 | 5,060,336 | 67,431,552 | 582,378,386 | 320,541,406 | 44,442,264 |
| Food manufacturing | 2,234 | 106,694 | 5,724,538 | 33,798,765 | 23,611,097 | 3,168,136 |
| Beverage and tobacco products | 79,349 | 11,001 | 2,905,979 | 14,786,764 | 8,841,982 | 997,071 |
| Tobacco manufacturing | *4,659 | *780 | *769,697 | *934,300 | *176,081 | *3,230 |
| Textile mills and textile product mills | *0 | *557 | *6,838 | *169,423 | *101,505 | *35,248 |
| Apparel manufacturing | 0 | 802 | 465,022 | 588,876 | 293,073 | 79,578 |
| Leather and allied product manufacturing | 641 | 1,704 | 64,103 | 239,681 | 89,789 | 25,254 |
| Wood product manufacturing | 0 | 1,654 | 392,605 | 1,369,328 | 1,224,756 | 74,491 |
| Paper manufacturing | 0 | 46,574 | 1,683,617 | 9,910,468 | 6,275,955 | 1,091,101 |
| Printing and related support activities | 0 | 1,696 | 166,398 | 338,089 | 162,868 | 15,421 |
| Petroleum and coal products manufacturing | 0 | 620,516 | 15,539,090 | 91,425,733 | 21,926,880 | 10,631,543 |
| Chemical manufacturing | 187,356 | 1,023,461 | 14,812,647 | 188,700,917 | 136,484,565 | 12,410,170 |
| Pharmaceutical and medicine manufacturing | 185,853 | 833,829 | 9,963,730 | 140,813,796 | 107,487,360 | 6,830,540 |
| Other chemical manufacturing | 1,504 | 189,633 | 4,848,917 | 47,887,121 | 28,997,205 | 5,579,630 |
| Plastics and rubber products manufacturing | 215 | 10,898 | 225,973 | 1,297,101 | 764,807 | 180,707 |
| Nonmetallic mineral product manufacturing | 0 | 6,392 | 799,406 | 1,825,346 | 1,407,400 | 117,742 |
| Primary metal manufacturing | 0 | 5,841 | 935,266 | 5,129,848 | 1,087,708 | 275,520 |
| Fabricated metal products | 0 | 72,377 | 2,026,707 | 9,477,282 | 5,346,708 | 787,008 |
| Machinery manufacturing | 0 | 269,482 | 3,366,939 | 17,667,149 | 7,682,254 | 1,737,733 |
| Computer and electronic product manufacturing | 0 | 980,409 | 8,268,755 | 119,736,571 | 65,126,422 | 7,217,756 |
| Electrical equipment, appliance and component manufacturing | 34,516 | 75,205 | 938,038 | 24,864,191 | 10,756,808 | 1,497,562 |
| Transportation equipment manufacturing | 0 | 1,612,626 | 6,049,480 | 40,463,757 | 16,684,430 | 3,013,365 |
| Motor vehicles and related manufacturing | 0 | 1,310,715 | 3,331,650 | 31,106,741 | 11,636,076 | 2,314,525 |
| Other transportation equipment manufacturing | 0 | 301,910 | 2,717,830 | 9,357,016 | 5,048,353 | 698,840 |
| Furniture and related products | 0 | 12,858 | 531,236 | 392,914 | 162,529 | 88,999 |
| Miscellaneous manufacturing and manufacturing not allocable | 0 | 199,588 | 2,528,914 | 20,196,184 | 12,509,871 | 997,857 |
| Wholesale and retail trade | 3,307 | 427,337 | 22,389,917 | 37,644,808 | 17,860,826 | 3,477,378 |
| Wholesale trade | 0 | 241,243 | 7,345,784 | 27,148,622 | 12,353,108 | 2,576,676 |
| Durable goods | 0 | 31,845 | 2,007,215 | 10,746,159 | 5,272,290 | 784,377 |
| Machinery, equipment, and supplies | 0 | 669 | 441,460 | 408,727 | 76,086 | 6,174 |
| Other miscellaneous durable goods | 0 | 31,176 | 1,565,755 | 10,337,432 | 5,196,203 | 778,202 |
| Nondurable goods | 0 | 209,398 | 5,338,569 | 16,402,462 | 7,080,819 | 1,792,299 |
| Drugs, chemicals, and allied products | 0 | 117,468 | 850,842 | 4,606,251 | 1,778,134 | 237,145 |
| Groceries and related products | 0 | 31,845 | 1,777,118 | 2,277,111 | 307,774 | 76,312 |
| Petroleum and petroleum products | 0 | 33,828 | 1,277,533 | 2,534,899 | 1,578,857 | 628,758 |
| Other miscellaneous nondurable goods | 0 | 26,256 | 1,433,076 | 6,984,201 | 3,416,053 | 850,084 |

Table 1. U.S. Corporation Income Tax Returns with a Foreign Tax Credit, 2005: Total Assets, Income, Taxes, and Credits, and Foreign Income, Deductions, and Taxes, by Major and Selected Minor Industry-Continued

| [All figures are estimates based on a sample-money amounts are in thousands of dollars] |  |  |  |  |  |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |

[^67]
## Corporate Foreign Tax Credit, 2005

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Table 1. U.S. Corporation Income Tax Returns with a Foreign Tax Credit, 2005: Total Assets, Income, Taxes, and Credits, and Foreign Income, Deductions, and Taxes, by Major and Selected Minor Industry-Continued
[All figures are estimates based on a sample-money amounts are in thousands of dollars]

| Major and selected minor industry of U.S. corporation filing return | Foreign income and taxes-continued |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Gross income (less loss)-continued |  |  |  |  |  | Deductions |
|  | Interest | Rents, royalties, and license fees | Service income | loss)-Continued | Oil and gas extraction income [5] | Foreign branch income [5] | Total |
|  | (20) | (21) | (22) | (23) | (24) | (25) | (26) |
| All industries | 84,522,193 | 98,517,129 | 28,708,344 | 244,665,047 | 67,647,545 | 122,056,453 | 512,833,409 |
| Agriculture, forestry, fishing, and hunting | 4,462 | 10,646 | 17,118 | 76,874 | 0 | 4,170 | 186,095 |
| Mining | 403,256 | 265,971 | 829,862 | 10,621,236 | 6,635,893 | 1,699,467 | 6,049,651 |
| Oil and gas extraction, coal mining | 84,798 | 39,241 | 158,755 | 3,600,504 | 6,635,893 | 876,962 | 2,487,494 |
| Metal ore mining | *264,470 | *76,890 | *116,040 | *6,775,265 | * 0 | *248,711 | *2,765,116 |
| Nonmetallic minerals | 6,349 | 1,570 | 16,353 | 29,574 | 0 | 42,314 | 57,621 |
| Support activities for mining | 47,639 | 148,270 | 538,714 | 215,892 | 0 | 531,480 | 739,420 |
| Utilities | 8,486 | 0 | 48,940 | 535,316 | 501,424 | 650,806 | 431,886 |
| Construction | 7,633 | 49,085 | 237,201 | 196,049 | 0 | 128,851 | 316,742 |
| Construction of buildings | 30 | 29,853 | 48,546 | 13,018 | 0 | 9,616 | 70,545 |
| Heavy and civil engineering construction | 7,300 | 16,188 | 155,799 | 138,871 | 0 | 88,855 | 180,843 |
| Special trade contractors | 303 | 3,044 | 32,855 | 44,160 | 0 | 30,380 | 65,354 |
| Manufacturing | 11,004,385 | 57,206,732 | 4,780,776 | 144,402,823 | 58,243,501 | 36,909,215 | 310,333,950 |
| Food manufacturing | 744,621 | 1,313,383 | 111,350 | 4,850,177 | 0 | 1,927,391 | 19,821,532 |
| Beverage and tobacco products | 202,906 | 1,759,352 | 361,356 | 2,624,096 | 0 | 1,539,518 | 3,764,121 |
| Tobacco manufacturing | *7,756 | *101,086 | *0 | *646,147 | * 0 | *316,732 | *597,226 |
| Textile mills and textile product mills | *690 | *20,789 | *345 | *10,846 | *0 | *3,067 | *47,787 |
| Apparel manufacturing | 27,947 | 151,572 | 1,849 | 34,856 | 0 | 23,115 | 127,625 |
| Leather and allied product manufacturing | 541 | 54,131 | 50,469 | 19,498 | 0 | 48,003 | 75,773 |
| Wood product manufacturing | 29,735 | 21,151 | 1,416 | 17,779 | 0 | 64,646 | 1,113,288 |
| Paper manufacturing | 157,002 | 716,172 | 948 | 1,669,291 | 0 | 1,033,338 | 4,299,004 |
| Printing and related support activities | 1,725 | 15,745 | 28,577 | 113,753 | 0 | 85,795 | 244,487 |
| Petroleum and coal products manufacturing | 2,382,619 | 343,366 | 315 | 56,141,009 | 58,243,501 | 10,060,569 | 19,046,870 |
| Chemical manufacturing | 894,116 | 17,078,337 | 776,054 | 21,057,676 | 0 | 7,271,875 | 118,990,266 |
| Pharmaceutical and medicine manufacturing | 527,285 | 12,431,900 | 485,325 | 13,051,386 | 0 | 4,275,786 | 91,471,872 |
| Other chemical manufacturing | 366,831 | 4,646,437 | 290,729 | 8,006,289 | 0 | 2,996,089 | 27,518,394 |
| Plastics and rubber products manufacturing | 17,729 | 155,360 | 4,621 | 173,876 | 0 | 34,850 | 675,526 |
| Nonmetallic mineral product manufacturing | 61,872 | 27,167 | 49,280 | 161,884 | 0 | 103,948 | 1,206,929 |
| Primary metal manufacturing | 631,292 | 1,689,652 | 73,549 | 1,372,127 | 0 | 2,095,011 | 2,830,512 |
| Fabricated metal products | 163,091 | 598,142 | 91,036 | 2,491,297 | 0 | 1,729,225 | 6,060,402 |
| Machinery manufacturing | 494,908 | 2,057,529 | 340,138 | 5,354,586 | 0 | 2,627,880 | 9,083,765 |
| Computer and electronic product manufacturing | 841,833 | 17,404,698 | 2,283,809 | 26,862,053 | 0 | 5,060,670 | 72,694,326 |
| Electrical equipment, appliance and component manufacturing | 2,117,467 | 2,761,333 | 56,465 | 7,674,555 | 0 | 385,294 | 15,744,775 |
| Transportation equipment manufacturing | 2,086,007 | 8,165,191 | 483,679 | 10,031,085 | 0 | 1,586,513 | 21,546,335 |
| Motor vehicles and related manufacturing | 1,749,072 | 6,986,014 | 29,809 | 8,391,244 | 0 | 1,186,525 | 16,249,531 |
| Other transportation equipment manufacturing | 336,935 | 1,179,176 | 453,870 | 1,639,841 | 0 | 399,988 | 5,296,803 |
| Furniture and related products | 15,601 | 11,924 | 5,238 | 108,624 | 0 | 30,943 | 173,432 |
| Miscellaneous manufacturing and manufacturing not allocable | 132,684 | 2,861,737 | 60,281 | 3,633,753 | 0 | 1,197,563 | 12,787,195 |
| Wholesale and retail trade | 777,996 | 6,057,511 | 474,004 | 8,997,093 | 2,137,280 | 4,972,629 | 18,092,903 |
| Wholesale trade | 616,027 | 4,494,895 | 379,060 | 6,728,857 | 2,137,280 | 3,713,502 | 12,969,035 |
| Durable goods | 121,282 | 2,602,320 | 74,459 | 1,891,431 | 0 | 645,556 | 4,822,182 |
| Machinery, equipment, and supplies | 9,690 | 18,610 | 15,897 | 282,270 | 0 | 89,841 | 209,571 |
| Other miscellaneous durable goods | 111,592 | 2,583,710 | 58,562 | 1,609,161 | 0 | 555,715 | 4,612,610 |
| Nondurable goods | 494,744 | 1,892,575 | 304,601 | 4,837,425 | 2,137,280 | 3,067,946 | 8,146,853 |
| Drugs, chemicals, and allied products | 21,206 | 1,332,141 | 13,169 | 1,224,456 | 0 | 937,809 | 2,909,281 |
| Groceries and related products | 139,853 | 61,210 | 157,095 | 1,534,868 | 0 | 1,433,932 | 1,159,976 |
| Petroleum and petroleum products | 12,699 | 3,754 | 0 | 310,831 | 2,137,280 | 253,421 | 829,117 |
| Other miscellaneous nondurable goods | 320,987 | 495,470 | 134,336 | 1,767,271 | 0 | 442,784 | 3,248,480 |

[^68]Table 1. U.S. Corporation Income Tax Returns with a Foreign Tax Credit, 2005: Total Assets, Income, Taxes, and Credits, and Foreign Income, Deductions, and Taxes, by Major and Selected Minor Industry-Continued
[All figures are estimates based on a sample-money amounts are in thousands of dollars]

| Major and selected minor industry of U.S. corporation filing return | Foreign income and taxes-continued |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Gross income (less loss)-continued |  |  |  |  |  | Deductions |
|  | Interest | Rents, royalties, and license fees | Service income | Other income | Oil and gas extraction income [5] | Foreign branch income [5] | Total |
|  | (20) | (21) | (22) | (23) | (24) | (25) | (26) |
| Retail trade | 161,970 | 1,562,616 | 94,944 | 2,268,236 | 0 | 1,259,127 | 5,123,868 |
| Motor vehicle, parts dealers, and gas stations | 27,651 | 5,153 | 1,795 | 21,711 | 0 | 7,722 | 15,755 |
| Furniture and home furnishings stores | *1,112 | *8,542 | *69,938 | *8,428 | * 0 | *80,478 | *94,869 |
| Building materials, garden equipment, and supplies | 33,541 | 156,665 | 0 | 14,429 | 0 | 12,161 | 68,776 |
| Food and beverages stores | 5,570 | 61,050 | 0 | 1,553 | 0 | 0 | 463,887 |
| Apparel and accessory stores | 26,684 | 391,089 | 2,555 | 443,416 | 0 | 194,714 | 1,324,974 |
| General merchandise stores | *17,733 | *735,809 | * | *965,095 | * 0 | *617,395 | *1,026,518 |
| Miscellaneous retail trade | 49,680 | 204,308 | 20,657 | 813,605 | 0 | 346,657 | 2,129,089 |
| Transportation and warehousing | 135,052 | 333,239 | 7,896,563 | 6,374,002 | 4,328 | 3,953,379 | 12,878,854 |
| Air, rail, and water transportation | 12,527 | 139,786 | 167,561 | 1,086,812 | 0 | 16,832 | 1,227,249 |
| Water transportation | *1,307 | *238 | *112,898 | *987,034 | * 0 | *237 | *960,945 |
| Air and rail transportation | *11,220 | *139,547 | *54,663 | *99,778 | * | *16,595 | *266,304 |
| Other transportation and warehousing | 122,525 | 193,453 | 7,729,002 | 5,287,190 | 4,328 | 3,936,547 | 11,651,605 |
| Information | 675,579 | 22,926,289 | 2,033,527 | 8,816,637 | 0 | 6,201,829 | 25,940,623 |
| Publishing (except internet), motion picture, and sound recording | 372,710 | 17,174,890 | 150,366 | 6,205,466 | 0 | 5,415,396 | 15,777,515 |
| Broadcasting, internet publishing | 171,431 | 5,087,910 | 154,778 | -234,744 | 0 | 32,191 | 4,700,771 |
| Telecommunications | 110,709 | 84,213 | 836,938 | 2,421,138 | 0 | 623,798 | 3,236,036 |
| Internet service providers, web search portals, and data processing services | *20,430 | *305,552 | *887,355 | *288,464 | *0 | *23,677 | *1,870,035 |
| Other information services | 299 | 273,723 | 4,091 | 136,313 | 0 | 106,767 | 356,265 |
| Finance, insurance, real estate, and rental and leasing | 35,918,625 | 4,399,381 | 2,663,913 | 35,399,853 | 0 | 21,416,112 | 64,090,250 |
| Finance and insurance | 35,909,030 | 4,063,665 | 2,654,929 | 35,280,040 | 0 | 21,410,534 | 63,498,775 |
| Commercial banking and other depository credit agencies | 512,522 | 0 | 0 | 3,596 | 0 | 0 | 101,398 |
| Nondepository credit intermediation | 1,295,466 | 1,033,382 | 480,113 | 5,469,279 | 0 | 2,087,856 | 7,526,650 |
| Securities, commodity contracts, and other | 19,298,843 | 854,712 | 363,025 | 9,281,350 | 0 | 2,526,613 | 28,352,039 |
| Insurance and related activities | 13,080,706 | 2,175,687 | 1,799,682 | 20,416,020 | 0 | 16,796,066 | 26,740,231 |
| Insurance agencies and brokerages | 192,917 | 8,616 | 234,763 | 807,356 | 0 | 680,945 | 1,209,865 |
| Funds, trusts, and other financial vehicles | 1,721,493 | -116 | 12,109 | 109,794 | 0 | 0 | 778,456 |
| Real estate and rental and leasing | 9,595 | 335,716 | 8,984 | 119,813 | 0 | 5,577 | 591,476 |
| Real estate | 7,540 | 40,507 | 738 | 85,220 | 0 | 0 | 84,291 |
| Rentals and leasing | 2,055 | 295,209 | 8,246 | 34,593 | 0 | 5,577 | 507,185 |
| Services | 35,586,719 | 7,268,274 | 9,726,441 | 29,245,165 | 125,119 | 46,119,997 | 74,512,455 |
| Professional, scientific, and technical services | 150,193 | 1,390,038 | 6,756,297 | 1,123,587 | 0 | 2,823,975 | 8,745,882 |
| Management of holding companies | 34,933,302 | 3,355,787 | 1,889,765 | 22,938,215 | 125,119 | 39,232,474 | 55,053,647 |
| Administrative and support and waste management and remediation | 45,949 | 358,366 | 517,179 | 1,410,489 | 0 | 596,291 | 1,973,089 |
| Education services, health care, and social assistance | 2,407 | 43,787 | 83,088 | 83,447 | 0 | 79,699 | 308,541 |
| Arts, entertainment, and recreation | 10,159 | 161,364 | 262,645 | 302,312 | 0 | 12,094 | 513,828 |
| Accommodation and food services | 436,127 | 1,888,001 | 208,744 | 3,254,072 | 0 | 3,252,097 | 7,750,600 |
| Accommodation | 153,784 | 363,460 | 189,730 | 1,086,700 | 0 | 1,018,749 | 1,606,768 |
| Food services and drinking places | 282,343 | 1,524,541 | 19,014 | 2,167,372 | 0 | 2,233,347 | 6,143,832 |
| Other services | * 8,583 | 70,932 | 8,723 | 133,044 | 0 | * 123,367 | 166,868 |
| Repair and maintenance services | 0 | 0 | 1,979 | 10,950 | 0 | 0 | 10,908 |
| Personal services | *8,583 | *69,702 | *6,744 | *122,082 | * 0 | *123,367 | *154,889 |
| Religious, grantmaking, civic, professional, and similar organizations | *0 | *1,230 | *0 | *12 | * 0 | *0 | *1,072 |

Footnotes at end of table

## Corporate Foreign Tax Credit, 2005

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Table 1. U.S. Corporation Income Tax Returns with a Foreign Tax Credit, 2005: Total Assets, Income, Taxes, and Credits, and Foreign Income, Deductions, and Taxes, by Major and Selected Minor Industry-Continued
[All figures are estimates based on a sample-money amounts are in thousands of dollars]

| Major and selected minor industry of U.S. corporation filing return | Foreign income and taxes-continued |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Deductions-continued |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | Definitely allocable deductions |  |  |  |  | Deductions not allocable to specific types of income |  |
|  | Total | Depreciation, depletion, and amortization | Other expenses | Service expenses | Other definitelyallocabledeductions |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  | Total [6] | Research and development |
| All industries | (27) | (28) | (29) | (30) | (31) | (32) | (33) |
|  | 355,845,039 | 1,996,507 | 6,800,267 | $\begin{array}{r} 17,642,897 \\ \hline 10,279 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{\|r\|} \hline 329,405,368 \\ \hline 142,904 \\ \hline \end{array}$ | 156,988,370 | 21,701,747 |
| Agriculture, forestry, fishing, and hunting | 153,634 |  |  |  |  | 32,461 | 0 |
| Mining | 4,989,917 | 135,892 | 259,001 | 397,672 | 4,197,351 | 1,059,734 | 5,805 |
| Oil and gas extraction, coal mining | 2,144,822 | 20,636 | 22,415 | 40,344 | 2,061,427 | 342,672 | 441 |
| Metal ore mining | *2,202,610 | *91,113 | *188,293 | *634 | *1,922,569 | *562,506 | *3,017 |
| Nonmetallic minerals | 45,727 | 0 | 2,275 | 10,619 | 32,833 | 11,894 | 1,498 |
| Support activities for mining | 596,758 | 24,143 | 46,018 | 346,075 | 180,521 | 142,662 | 850 |
| Utilities | 290,900 | 1,451 | 3,916 | 14,059 | 271,474 | 140,986 | 134 |
| Construction | 270,305 | 306 | 773 | 139,587 | 129,638 | 46,437 | 404 |
| Construction of buildings | 64,191 | 0 | 0 | 56,839 | 7,353 | 6,353 | 0 |
| Heavy and civil engineering construction | 141,442 | 306 | 773 | 53,083 | 87,280 | 39,401 | 0 |
| Special trade contractors | 64,671 | 0 | 0 | 29,666 | 35,005 | 683 | 404 |
| Manufacturing | 244,821,284 | 484,751 | 745,427 | 784,635 | 242,806,471 | 65,512,667 | 19,681,327 |
| Food manufacturing | 16,842,847 | 55 | 1,366 | 0 | 16,841,426 | 2,978,684 | 203,602 |
| Beverage and tobacco products | 1,980,873 | 2,227 | 1,017 | 1,967 | 1,975,662 | 1,783,248 | 7,113 |
| Tobacco manufacturing | *544,640 | * | *1,017 | * 0 | *543,623 | *52,586 | *5,034 |
| Textile mills and textile product mills | *28,170 | * 0 | * 0 | *0 | *28,170 | *19,617 | *636 |
| Apparel manufacturing | 73,314 | 2,849 | 12,804 | 1,793 | 55,867 | 54,312 | 0 |
| Leather and allied product manufacturing | 63,286 | 0 | 34 | 63,252 | 0 | 12,487 | 6,230 |
| Wood product manufacturing | 984,570 | 0 | 0 | 846 | 983,724 | 128,718 | 544 |
| Paper manufacturing | 3,452,103 | 399 | 57 | 175 | 3,451,473 | 846,901 | 350,559 |
| Printing and related support activities | 189,724 | 0 | 0 | 26,840 | 162,885 | 54,763 | 1,611 |
| Petroleum and coal products manufacturing | 15,753,822 | 0 | 27 | 52 | 15,753,743 | 3,293,048 | 126,687 |
| Chemical manufacturing | 103,549,223 | 84,555 | 216,849 | 124,257 | 103,123,562 | 15,441,042 | 7,474,294 |
| Pharmaceutical and medicine manufacturing | 82,367,837 | 860 | 1,458 | 1,247 | 82,364,272 | 9,104,034 | 5,274,669 |
| Other chemical manufacturing | 21,181,386 | 83,694 | 215,391 | 123,010 | 20,759,291 | 6,337,008 | 2,199,625 |
| Plastics and rubber products manufacturing | 457,108 | 74 | 5,837 | 1,950 | 449,247 | 218,418 | 20,661 |
| Nonmetallic mineral product manufacturing | 1,120,383 | 18 | 0 | 5,996 | 1,114,368 | 86,546 | 4,532 |
| Primary metal manufacturing | 1,599,939 | 369,891 | 4,828 | 6,742 | 1,218,478 | 1,230,573 | 59,887 |
| Fabricated metal products | 5,212,085 | 4,170 | 220,068 | 67,059 | 4,920,788 | 848,317 | 100,407 |
| Machinery manufacturing | 5,045,465 | 9,843 | 28,347 | 207,488 | 4,799,787 | 4,038,300 | 917,066 |
| Computer and electronic product manufacturing | 54,679,781 | 878 | 129,597 | 206,111 | 54,343,194 | 18,014,546 | 8,461,855 |
| Electrical equipment, appliance and component manufacturing | 8,570,211 | 1,279 | 32,488 | 3,303 | 8,533,142 | 7,174,564 | 383,861 |
| Transportation equipment manufacturing | 14,579,103 | 3,020 | 34,472 | 29,357 | 14,512,254 | 6,967,231 | 967,337 |
| Motor vehicles and related manufacturing | 10,514,496 | 3,020 | 14,111 | 4,298 | 10,493,067 | 5,735,035 | 470,088 |
| Other transportation equipment manufacturing | 4,064,607 | 0 | 20,361 | 25,059 | 4,019,187 | 1,232,196 | 497,249 |
| Furniture and related products | 92,657 | 0 | 0 | 5,128 | 87,529 | 80,776 | 4,169 |
| Miscellaneous manufacturing and manufacturing not allocable | 10,546,619 | 5,494 | 57,636 | 32,319 | 10,451,171 | 2,240,575 | 590,274 |
| Wholesale and retail trade | 14,181,960 | 58,638 | 948,992 | 198,197 | 12,976,132 | 3,910,943 | 151,797 |
| Wholesale trade | 9,736,135 | 52,849 | 882,637 | 116,253 | 8,684,396 | 3,232,900 | 137,412 |
| Durable goods | 4,117,045 | 23,188 | 447,747 | 30,955 | 3,615,155 | 705,137 | 13,672 |
| Machinery, equipment, and supplies | 162,798 | 2,113 | 8,273 | 6,870 | 145,542 | 46,773 | 3,043 |
| Other miscellaneous durable goods | 3,954,247 | 21,075 | 439,474 | 24,084 | 3,469,613 | 658,364 | 10,629 |
| Nondurable goods | 5,619,090 | 29,661 | 434,890 | 85,299 | 5,069,241 | 2,527,763 | 123,740 |
| Drugs, chemicals, and allied products | 2,140,339 | 559 | 328,348 | 4,262 | 1,807,170 | 768,942 | 59,634 |
| Groceries and related products | 1,003,269 | 20,043 | 72,549 | 10,739 | 899,938 | 156,707 | 2,255 |
| Petroleum and petroleum products | 601,111 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 601,111 | 228,005 | 618 |
| Other miscellaneous nondurable goods | 1,874,371 | 9,058 | 33,993 | 70,297 | 1,761,022 | 1,374,109 | 61,233 |

[^69]Table 1. U.S. Corporation Income Tax Returns with a Foreign Tax Credit, 2005: Total Assets, Income, Taxes, and Credits, and Foreign Income, Deductions, and Taxes, by Major and Selected Minor Industry-Continued
[All figures are estimates based on a sample-money amounts are in thousands of dollars]

| Major and selected minor industry of U.S. corporation filing return | Foreign income and taxes-continued |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Deductions-continued |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | Definitely allocable deductions |  |  |  |  | Deductions not allocable to specific types of income |  |
|  | Total | Depreciation, depletion, and amortization | Other expenses | Service expenses | Other definitely allocable deductions |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  | Total [6] | Research and development |
| Retail trade | (27) | (28) | (29) | (30) | (31) | (32) | (33) |
|  | 4,445,824 | 5,789 | 66,355 | 81,944 | 4,291,736 | 678,043 | 14,385 |
| Motor vehicle, parts dealers, and gas stations | 10,919 | 1,142 | 1,721 | 1,458 | 6,597 | 4,836 | 0 |
| Furniture and home furnishings stores | *94,368 | *2,323 | *0 | *64,452 | *27,593 | *501 | *0 |
| Building materials, garden equipment, and supplies | 9,886 | 39 | 0 | 0 | 9,847 | 58,890 | 0 |
| Food and beverages stores | 432,140 | 0 | 6,917 | 0 | 425,222 | 31,747 | 0 |
| Apparel and accessory stores | 1,233,873 | 1,232 | 42,269 | 272 | 1,190,101 | 91,101 | 4,448 |
| General merchandise stores | *792,516 | *961 | *2,774 | *0 | *788,780 | *234,003 | *0 |
| Miscellaneous retail trade | 1,872,124 | 93 | 12,674 | 15,762 | 1,843,595 | 256,966 | 9,937 |
| Transportation and warehousing | 12,579,831 | 14,468 | 29,458 | 6,541,547 | 5,994,358 | 299,023 | 25,154 |
| Air, rail, and water transportation | 1,140,472 | 11,463 | 19,804 | 7,976 | 1,101,229 | 86,777 | 345 |
| Water transportation | *946,654 | * 0 | * 0 | *400 | *946,254 | *14,292 | *0 |
| Air and rail transportation | *193,819 | *11,463 | *19,804 | *7,577 | *154,975 | *72,485 | *345 |
| Other transportation and warehousing | 11,439,359 | 3,005 | 9,654 | 6,533,571 | 4,893,129 | 212,246 | 24,809 |
| Information | 17,921,532 | 61,490 | 3,336,150 | 1,709,685 | 12,814,206 | 8,019,091 | 1,499,214 |
| Publishing (except internet), motion picture, and sound recording | 9,107,778 | 15,536 | 295,121 | 45,865 | 8,751,255 | 6,669,737 | 1,302,031 |
| Broadcasting, internet publishing | 3,954,112 | 45,537 | 3,021,958 | 99,358 | 787,259 | 746,659 | 2,038 |
| Telecommunications | 2,986,461 | 0$*$ | 19,071 | 613,238 | 2,354,153 | 249,575 | 12,012 |
| Internet service providers, web search portals, and data processing services | *1,615,706 |  | *0 | *950,550 | *665,156 | *254,329 | *173,754 |
| Other information services | 257,474 | 416 | 0 | 675 | 256,383 | 98,791 | 9,380 |
| Finance, insurance, real estate, and rental and leasing | 29,243,475 | 324,993 | 591,515 | 1,740,111 | 1 26,586,854 | 34,846,776 | 11,302 |
| Finance and insurance | 28,678,349 | 255,716 | 417,185 | 1,739,090 | 26,266,357 | 34,820,426 | 11,302 |
| Commercial banking and other depository credit agencies | 14,082 | 0 | 11 | 70 | 14,001 | 87,316 | 0 |
| Nondepository credit intermediation | 4,781,662 | 19,868 | 12,447 | 277,063 | 4,472,284 | 2,744,988 | 0 |
| Securities, commodity contracts, and other | 11,589,120 | 217,788 | 158,397 | 425,578 | 10,787,357 | 16,762,920 | 1,958 |
| Insurance and related activities | 12,277,038 | 18,060 | 232,564 | 1,036,380 | 10,990,034 | 14,463,193 | 9,344 |
| Insurance agencies and brokerages | 921,941 | 0 | 748 | 179,279 | 741,915 | 287,923 | 1,496 |
| Funds, trusts, and other financial vehicles | 16,449 | 0 | 13,766 | 0 | 2,682 | 762,008 | 0 |
| Real estate and rental and leasing | 565,126 | 69,277 | 174,330 | 1,021 | 320,497 | 26,350 | 0 |
| Real estate | 74,147 | 116 | 28,622 | 16 | 45,393 | 10,144 | 0 |
| Rentals and leasing | 490,979 | 69,161 | 145,708 | 1,005 | 275,104 | 16,206 | 0 |
| Services | 31,392,203 | 914,066 | 885,034 | 6,107,123 | 23,485,979 | 43,120,252 | 326,610 |
| Professional, scientific, and technical services | 7,510,665 | 4,924 | 397,950 | 5,194,216 | 1,913,576 | 1,235,217 | 174,062 |
| Management of holding companies | 15,483,639 | 902,381 | 192,737 | 320,232 | 14,068,290 | 39,570,008 | 120,299 |
| Administrative and support and waste management and remediation | 903,675 | 3,511 | 98,299 | 373,111 | 428,754 | 1,069,414 | 20,977 |
| Education services, health care, and social assistance | 273,443 | 47 | 12,662 | 32,839 | 227,894 | 35,098 | 343 |
| Arts, entertainment, and recreation | 439,484 | 0 | 68,069 | 151,210 | 220,205 | 74,344 | 6,264 |
| Accommodation and food services | 6,644,621 | 3,203 | 106,752 | 28,772 | 6,505,894 | 1,105,979 | 4,665 |
| Accommodation | 1,277,712 | 1,220 | 0 | 15,855 | 1,260,636 | 329,056 | 0 |
| Food services and drinking places | 5,366,909 | 1,983 | 106,752 | 12,917 | 5,245,258 | 776,923 | 4,665 |
| Other services | 136,676 | 0 | 8,567 | * 6,744 | 121,365 | 30,192 | 0 |
| Repair and maintenance services | 9,766 | 0 | 5,734 | 0 | 4,033 | 1,141 | 0 |
| Personal services | *126,909 | * 0 | *2,833 | *6,744 | *117,332 | *27,979 | * 0 |
| Religious, grantmaking, civic, professional, and similar organizations | * 0 | * 0 | * 0 | * 0 | * 0 | *1,072 | *0 |

Footnotes at end of table

## Corporate Foreign Tax Credit, 2005

Statistics of Income Bulletin | Summer 2009

Table 1. U.S. Corporation Income Tax Returns with a Foreign Tax Credit, 2005: Total Assets, Income, Taxes, and Credits, and Foreign Income, Deductions, and Taxes, by Major and Selected Minor Industry-Continued

| Major and selected minor industry of U.S. corporation filing return | Foreign income and taxes-continued |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Deductions-continued |  |  | Taxable income (less loss) before adjustments | Adjustments to taxable income | Taxable income (less loss) after adjustments |
|  | Deductions not allocable to specific types of income-continued |  | Deductions from oil and gas extraction income [7] |  |  |  |
|  | Interest | Other |  |  |  |  |
|  | (34) | (35) | (36) | (37) | (38) | (39) |
| All industries | 69,458,050 | 64,730,679 | 12,595,373 | 401,907,604 | 57,152,027 | 344,755,578 |
| Agriculture, forestry, fishing, and hunting | 15,342 | 15,683 | 0 | 53,419 | 4,794 | 48,626 |
| Mining | 453,912 | 596,696 | 858,910 | 15,068,341 | 659,115 | 14,409,226 |
| Oil and gas extraction, coal mining | 196,814 | 144,871 | 858,910 | 7,775,260 | 383,567 | 7,391,694 |
| Metal ore mining | *168,827 | *390,662 | * 0 | *6,574,376 | *231,241 | *6,343,135 |
| Nonmetallic minerals | 2,588 | 7,691 | 0 | 27,639 | 1,007 | 26,631 |
| Support activities for mining | 85,682 | 53,472 | 0 | 691,066 | 43,300 | 647,766 |
| Utilities | 109,339 | 31,513 | 167,190 | 461,406 | 166,931 | 294,474 |
| Construction | 8,195 | 29,084 | 0 | 466,017 | 157,876 | 308,141 |
| Construction of buildings | 3,639 | 2,714 | 0 | 199,173 | 30,353 | 168,820 |
| Heavy and civil engineering construction | 4,534 | 26,370 | 0 | 245,512 | 127,523 | 117,990 |
| Special trade contractors | 22 | 0 | 0 | 21,331 | [2] | 21,331 |
| Manufacturing | 22,747,605 | 22,332,556 | 10,820,119 | 272,044,435 | 43,422,476 | 228,621,960 |
| Food manufacturing | 2,056,642 | 713,113 | 0 | 13,977,233 | 1,255,593 | 12,721,640 |
| Beverage and tobacco products | 434,546 | 1,341,589 | 0 | 11,022,643 | 4,632,371 | 6,390,272 |
| Tobacco manufacturing | *25,480 | *22,072 | * 0 | *337,074 | *70,583 | *266,491 |
| Textile mills and textile product mills | *8,833 | *10,148 | * 0 | *121,636 | *354 | *121,282 |
| Apparel manufacturing | 24,760 | 26,007 | 0 | 461,250 | 209 | 461,041 |
| Leather and allied product manufacturing | 3,990 | 2,266 | 0 | 163,908 | 49,208 | 114,700 |
| Wood product manufacturing | 119,917 | 8,190 | 0 | 256,041 | 88,485 | 167,556 |
| Paper manufacturing | 275,160 | 221,182 | 0 | 5,611,464 | 106,970 | 5,504,494 |
| Printing and related support activities | 4,227 | 41,143 | 0 | 93,602 | 14,390 | 79,212 |
| Petroleum and coal products manufacturing | 2,136,299 | 1,023,641 | 10,820,119 | 72,378,862 | 27,441 | 72,351,422 |
| Chemical manufacturing | 3,695,398 | 4,241,504 | 0 | 69,710,652 | 14,048,231 | 55,662,421 |
| Pharmaceutical and medicine manufacturing | 1,639,943 | 2,182,209 | 0 | 49,341,925 | 12,453,204 | 36,888,721 |
| Other chemical manufacturing | 2,055,456 | 2,059,294 | 0 | 20,368,727 | 1,595,027 | 18,773,699 |
| Plastics and rubber products manufacturing | 95,567 | 98,949 | 0 | 621,574 | 249,172 | 372,402 |
| Nonmetallic mineral product manufacturing | 47,428 | 23,530 | 0 | 618,417 | 126,593 | 491,824 |
| Primary metal manufacturing | 709,519 | 146,064 | 0 | 2,299,335 | 160,112 | 2,139,223 |
| Fabricated metal products | 391,230 | 200,638 | 0 | 3,416,880 | 159,852 | 3,257,028 |
| Machinery manufacturing | 1,182,102 | 1,905,953 | 0 | 8,583,384 | 1,240,153 | 7,343,231 |
| Computer and electronic product manufacturing | 1,159,712 | 8,256,633 | 0 | 47,042,245 | 12,580,802 | 34,461,443 |
| Electrical equipment, appliance and component manufacturing | 5,630,864 | 1,152,111 | 0 | 9,119,416 | 445,014 | 8,674,402 |
| Transportation equipment manufacturing | 4,217,516 | 1,772,492 | 0 | 18,917,422 | 7,422,235 | 11,495,188 |
| Motor vehicles and related manufacturing | 3,556,602 | 1,700,066 | 0 | 14,857,210 | 6,748,881 | 8,108,329 |
| Other transportation equipment manufacturing | 660,914 | 72,426 | 0 | 4,060,212 | 673,353 | 3,386,859 |
| Furniture and related products | 55,128 | 21,478 | 0 | 219,482 | 17,348 | 202,133 |
| Miscellaneous manufacturing and manufacturing not allocable | 498,766 | 1,125,925 | 0 | 7,408,989 | 797,941 | 6,611,048 |
| Wholesale and retail trade | 1,430,613 | 2,262,513 | 722,602 | 19,551,905 | 5,633,245 | 13,918,660 |
| Wholesale trade | 1,032,906 | 2,039,046 | 722,602 | 14,179,587 | 4,323,149 | 9,856,438 |
| Durable goods | 232,677 | 442,241 | 0 | 5,923,978 | 3,868,401 | 2,055,577 |
| Machinery, equipment, and supplies | 1,637 | 35,949 | 0 | 199,156 | 93,871 | 105,285 |
| Other miscellaneous durable goods | 231,040 | 406,292 | 0 | 5,724,821 | 3,774,530 | 1,950,292 |
| Nondurable goods | 800,230 | 1,596,805 | 722,602 | 8,255,609 | 454,748 | 7,800,861 |
| Drugs, chemicals, and allied products | 92,860 | 614,285 | 0 | 1,696,970 | 107,893 | 1,589,078 |
| Groceries and related products | 131,746 | 22,381 | 0 | 1,117,135 | 3,667 | 1,113,469 |
| Petroleum and petroleum products | 114,677 | 112,692 | 722,602 | 1,705,783 | 766 | 1,705,017 |
| Other miscellaneous nondurable goods | 460,947 | 847,447 | 0 | 3,735,721 | 342,423 | 3,393,298 |

Table 1. U.S. Corporation Income Tax Returns with a Foreign Tax Credit, 2005: Total Assets, Income, Taxes, and Credits, and Foreign Income, Deductions, and Taxes, by Major and Selected Minor Industry-Continued

| Major and selected minor industry of U.S. corporation filing return | Foreign income and taxes-continued |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Deductions-continued |  |  | Taxable income (less loss) before adjustments | Adjustments to taxable income | Taxable income (less loss) after adjustments |
|  | Deductions not allocable to specific types of income-continued |  | Deductions from oil and gas extraction income [7] |  |  |  |
|  | Interest | Other |  |  |  |  |
|  | (34) | (35) | (36) | (37) | (38) | (39) |
| Retail trade | 397,707 | 223,467 | 0 | 5,372,318 | 1,310,096 | 4,062,222 |
| Motor vehicle, parts dealers, and gas stations | 331 | 4,505 | 0 | 209,454 | [2] | 209,454 |
| Furniture and home furnishings stores | *399 | *0 | *0 | *23,113 | *6,192 | *16,921 |
| Building materials, garden equipment, and supplies | 48,235 | 10,655 | 0 | 527,872 | 0 | 527,872 |
| Food and beverages stores | 156 | 1,494 | 0 | 604,249 | 475,135 | 129,114 |
| Apparel and accessory stores | 21,533 | 54,646 | 0 | 1,335,893 | 52,596 | 1,283,297 |
| General merchandise stores | *225,362 | *8,641 | * | *1,880,873 | *663,421 | *1,217,453 |
| Miscellaneous retail trade | 101,693 | 143,526 | 0 | 790,864 | 112,752 | 678,112 |
| Transportation and warehousing | 141,260 | 123,128 | 231 | 3,014,840 | 440,677 | 2,574,162 |
| Air, rail, and water transportation | 50,033 | 36,399 | 0 | 717,466 | 294,915 | 422,551 |
| Water transportation | *9,806 | *4,485 | * 0 | *480,406 | *294,915 | *185,491 |
| Air and rail transportation | *40,226 | *31,913 | *0 | *237,060 | [2] | *237,060 |
| Other transportation and warehousing | 91,227 | 86,729 | 231 | 2,297,373 | 145,762 | 2,151,611 |
| Information | 953,451 | 5,531,173 | 0 | 19,925,035 | 1,591,787 | 18,333,247 |
| Publishing (except internet), motion picture, and sound recording | 451,092 | 4,883,280 | 0 | 16,426,521 | 1,433,457 | 14,993,063 |
| Broadcasting, internet publishing | 233,657 | 510,206 | 0 | 1,639,949 | [2] | 1,639,949 |
| Telecommunications | 208,610 | 28,953 | 0 | 757,070 | 65,657 | 691,413 |
| Internet service providers, web search portals, and data processing services | *56,105 | *24,470 | *0 | *906,475 | *47,303 | *859,171 |
| Other information services | 3,987 | 84,264 | 0 | 195,020 | 45,370 | 149,650 |
| Finance, insurance, real estate, and rental and leasing | 20,374,631 | 14,291,945 | 0 | 37,353,738 | 3,691,225 | 33,662,513 |
| Finance and insurance | 20,366,983 | 14,281,311 | 0 | 37,095,784 | 3,671,755 | 33,424,029 |
| Commercial banking and other depository credit agencies | 76,764 | 9,203 | 0 | 706,523 | 0 | 706,523 |
| Nondepository credit intermediation | 1,068,077 | 1,631,220 | 0 | 1,302,699 | 186,832 | 1,115,867 |
| Securities, commodity contracts, and other | 15,275,926 | 1,478,328 | 0 | 12,806,257 | 1,462,913 | 11,343,345 |
| Insurance and related activities | 3,461,518 | 10,885,731 | 0 | 21,010,660 | 2,000,150 | 19,010,510 |
| Insurance agencies and brokerages | 203,425 | 82,996 | 0 | 1,986,974 | 366,114 | 1,620,861 |
| Funds, trusts, and other financial vehicles | 484,698 | 276,829 | 0 | 1,269,644 | 21,860 | 1,247,784 |
| Real estate and rental and leasing | 7,649 | 10,634 | 0 | 257,954 | 19,471 | 238,484 |
| Real estate | 6,917 | 2,930 | 0 | 114,251 | 2,381 | 111,870 |
| Rentals and leasing | 731 | 7,704 | 0 | 143,703 | 17,090 | 126,613 |
| Services | 23,223,704 | 19,516,388 | 26,320 | 33,968,469 | 1,383,901 | 32,584,568 |
| Professional, scientific, and technical services | 365,756 | 676,315 | 0 | 3,426,356 | 1,184,159 | 2,242,197 |
| Management of holding companies | 22,099,248 | 17,328,781 | 26,320 | 26,263,173 | 101,328 | 26,161,845 |
| Administrative and support and waste management and remediation | 84,715 | 958,184 | 0 | 819,148 | 12,457 | 806,691 |
| Education services, health care, and social assistance | 24,995 | 8,696 | 0 | 158,870 | 44,148 | 114,721 |
| Arts, entertainment, and recreation | 21,586 | 46,493 | 0 | 233,254 | 1 | 233,253 |
| Accommodation and food services | 609,535 | 487,808 | 0 | 2,957,954 | 40,376 | 2,917,578 |
| Accommodation | 227,450 | 97,652 | 0 | 580,851 | 8,466 | 572,384 |
| Food services and drinking places | 382,085 | 390,157 | 0 | 2,377,103 | 31,910 | 2,345,193 |
| Other services | * 17,869 | * 10,110 | 0 | 109,715 | * 1,432 | 108,283 |
| Repair and maintenance services | 0 | 0 | 0 | 3,809 | 0 | 3,809 |
| Personal services | *17,869 | *10,110 | * 0 | *105,629 | *1,432 | *104,198 |
| Religious, grantmaking, civic, professional, and similar organizations | *0 | *0 | *0 | *277 | * 0 | *277 |

[^70]
## Corporate Foreign Tax Credit, 2005

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Table 1. U.S. Corporation Income Tax Returns with a Foreign Tax Credit, 2005: Total Assets, Income, Taxes, and Credits, and Foreign Income, Deductions, and Taxes, by Major and Selected Minor Industry-Continued
[All figures are estimates based on a sample - money amounts are in thousands of dollars]

| Major and selected minor industry of U.S. corporation filing return | Foreign income and taxes-continued |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Foreign taxes available for credit |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | Total | Reduction for certain foreign taxes | Carryover | Total paid, accrued, and deemed paid | Foreign taxes paid or accrued |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  | Total | Taxes withheld at source on- |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  | Dividends | Interest |
|  | (40) | (41) | (42) | (43) | (44) | (45) | (46) |
| All industries | 111,616,128 | 24,232,579 | 24,239,310 | 111,609,398 | 38,973,691 | 3,150,287 | 1,071,103 |
| Agriculture, forestry, fishing, and hunting | 21,249 | 1 | 12,250 | 9,000 | 5,185 | 39 | 40 |
| Mining | 5,629,064 | 480,084 | 961,345 | 5,147,804 | 2,872,863 | 695,092 | 30,053 |
| Oil and gas extraction, coal mining | 2,473,723 | 314,582 | 270,377 | 2,517,928 | 839,636 | 32,854 | 708 |
| Metal ore mining | *2,813,268 | *163,319 | *546,962 | *2,429,626 | *1,990,043 | *661,744 | *27,699 |
| Nonmetallic minerals | 9,997 | 2,183 | 3,198 | 8,981 | 1,299 | 116 | 587 |
| Support activities for mining | 332,076 | 0 | 140,808 | 191,268 | 41,885 | 378 | 1,059 |
| Utilities | 119,750 | 3,688 | 993 | 122,445 | 69,195 | 19 | 3,782 |
| Construction | 123,769 | 9,856 | 11,355 | 122,270 | 57,655 | 1,193 | 170 |
| Construction of buildings | 61,643 | 0 | 524 | 61,119 | 9,258 | 1,058 | 1 |
| Heavy and civil engineering construction | 53,444 | 8,921 | 7,394 | 54,970 | 43,926 | 105 | 148 |
| Special trade contractors | 8,683 | 935 | 3,437 | 6,181 | 4,470 | 31 | 22 |
| Manufacturing | 80,948,593 | 20,726,997 | 20,120,416 | 81,555,174 | 26,680,883 | 1,662,896 | 179,153 |
| Food manufacturing | 3,537,039 | 806,705 | 247,783 | 4,095,960 | 555,896 | 254,592 | 8,030 |
| Beverage and tobacco products | 1,276,492 | 5,568 | 16,766 | 1,265,294 | 267,981 | 40,775 | 1,653 |
| Tobacco manufacturing | *20,808 | *242 | *538 | *20,512 | *17,041 | *734 | *0 |
| Textile mills and textile product mills | *48,536 | *0 | *6,625 | *41,911 | *6,663 | *5,096 | *0 |
| Apparel manufacturing | 82,041 | 24,547 | 299 | 106,289 | 22,186 | 7,202 | 1,509 |
| Leather and allied product manufacturing | 28,861 | 7,683 | 7,628 | 28,916 | 3,662 | 362 | 30 |
| Wood product manufacturing | 98,517 | 276,150 | 17,155 | 357,512 | 6,894 | 4,588 | 150 |
| Paper manufacturing | 1,116,591 | 594,380 | 14,666 | 1,696,304 | 205,167 | 80,121 | 3,907 |
| Printing and related support activities | 23,824 | 23,914 | 6,220 | 41,518 | 2,994 | 648 | 288 |
| Petroleum and coal products manufacturing | 34,939,324 | 5,863,578 | 11,864,543 | 28,938,360 | 18,304,174 | 21,104 | 27,526 |
| Chemical manufacturing | 15,461,228 | 7,521,521 | 2,859,746 | 20,123,004 | 2,476,030 | 437,968 | 18,234 |
| Pharmaceutical and medicine manufacturing | 8,558,453 | 5,015,759 | 1,960,207 | 11,614,005 | 1,357,075 | 185,612 | 2,691 |
| Other chemical manufacturing | 6,902,775 | 2,505,762 | 899,539 | 8,508,998 | 1,118,955 | 252,356 | 15,543 |
| Plastics and rubber products manufacturing | 189,938 | 86,814 | 69,058 | 207,694 | 18,809 | 6,621 | 552 |
| Nonmetallic mineral product manufacturing | 160,996 | 507,089 | 15,216 | 652,868 | 52,171 | 39,520 | 6,743 |
| Primary metal manufacturing | 902,135 | 132,623 | 133,494 | 901,264 | 602,929 | 23,188 | 8,103 |
| Fabricated metal products | 1,020,263 | 492,037 | 160,695 | 1,351,605 | 302,251 | 48,576 | 10,606 |
| Machinery manufacturing | 2,739,924 | 367,844 | 671,922 | 2,435,846 | 447,362 | 79,949 | 20,198 |
| Computer and electronic product manufacturing | 9,840,919 | 1,646,456 | 1,915,480 | 9,571,895 | 1,284,006 | 277,755 | 6,895 |
| Electrical equipment, appliance and component manufacturing | 2,548,447 | 436,768 | 59,315 | 2,925,900 | 1,162,549 | 80,765 | 25,135 |
| Transportation equipment manufacturing | 5,360,559 | 1,353,838 | 1,749,689 | 4,964,708 | 667,833 | 158,388 | 33,142 |
| Motor vehicles and related manufacturing | 3,996,226 | 868,107 | 1,259,797 | 3,604,536 | 422,588 | 114,253 | 31,468 |
| Other transportation equipment manufacturing | 1,364,333 | 485,731 | 489,892 | 1,360,172 | 245,245 | 44,136 | 1,674 |
| Furniture and related products | 153,073 | 18,301 | 63,236 | 108,138 | 3,250 | 1,269 | 502 |
| Miscellaneous manufacturing and manufacturing not allocable | 1,419,885 | 561,183 | 240,879 | 1,740,188 | 288,074 | 94,408 | 5,951 |
| Wholesale and retail trade | 4,305,781 | 1,393,571 | 863,936 | 4,835,416 | 849,127 | 147,286 | 61,318 |
| Wholesale trade | 3,072,977 | 1,132,743 | 734,399 | 3,471,322 | 522,325 | 86,076 | 19,156 |
| Durable goods | 787,189 | 471,950 | 203,869 | 1,055,270 | 165,374 | 25,386 | 10,604 |
| Machinery, equipment, and supplies | 18,548 | 20,858 | 2,945 | 36,461 | 9,429 | 350 | 1,015 |
| Other miscellaneous durable goods | 768,641 | 451,092 | 200,924 | 1,018,809 | 155,946 | 25,036 | 9,589 |
| Nondurable goods | 2,285,788 | 660,793 | 530,529 | 2,416,052 | 356,951 | 60,690 | 8,552 |
| Drugs, chemicals, and allied products | 438,421 | 170,832 | 114,142 | 495,112 | 89,881 | 19,138 | 1,458 |
| Groceries and related products | 104,833 | 336 | 2,187 | 102,983 | 26,670 | 4,321 | 2,183 |
| Petroleum and petroleum products | 668,808 | 349,061 | 301,047 | 716,822 | 88,065 | 9,981 | 545 |
| Other miscellaneous nondurable goods | 1,073,726 | 140,564 | 113,154 | 1,101,136 | 152,335 | 27,249 | 4,366 |

[^71]Table 1. U.S. Corporation Income Tax Returns with a Foreign Tax Credit, 2005: Total Assets, Income, Taxes, and Credits, and Foreign Income, Deductions, and Taxes, by Major and Selected Minor Industry-Continued

| Major and selected minor industry of U.S. corporation filing return | Foreign income and taxes-continued |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Foreign taxes available for credit |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | Total | Reduction for certain foreign taxes | Carryover | Total paid, accrued, and deemed paid | Foreign taxes paid or accrued |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  | Total | Taxes withheld at source on- |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  | Dividends | Interest |
|  | (40) | (41) | (42) | (43) | (44) | (45) | (46) |
| Retail trade | 1,232,803 | 260,828 | 129,538 | 1,364,094 | 326,802 | 61,211 | 42,162 |
| Motor vehicle, parts dealers, and gas stations | 66,307 | 0 | 4,318 | 61,989 | 8,269 | 1,158 | 2,986 |
| Furniture and home furnishings stores | *5,031 | *4,794 | *0 | *9,824 | *2,483 | * | *100 |
| Building materials, garden equipment, and supplies | 178,206 | 0 | 36 | 178,170 | 41,262 | 6,172 | 7,580 |
| Food and beverages stores | 33,179 | 18,335 | 405 | 51,109 | 5,481 | 610 | 30 |
| Apparel and accessory stores | 271,101 | 85,955 | 26,209 | 330,846 | 91,984 | 5,697 | 6,563 |
| General merchandise stores | *401,759 | *61,294 | *4,885 | *458,168 | *110,145 | *20,037 | *15,573 |
| Miscellaneous retail trade | 277,220 | 90,451 | 93,685 | 273,987 | 67,177 | 27,537 | 9,331 |
| Transportation and warehousing | 437,532 | 87,769 | 121,549 | 403,753 | 167,498 | 23,619 | 4,427 |
| Air, rail, and water transportation | 168,894 | 21,364 | 92,969 | 97,289 | 39,985 | 9,746 | 105 |
| Water transportation | *66,790 | *1,104 | *35,278 | *32,617 | *12,821 | *6,784 | *72 |
| Air and rail transportation | *102,103 | *20,260 | *57,691 | *64,672 | *27,164 | *2,962 | *34 |
| Other transportation and warehousing | 268,639 | 66,405 | 28,580 | 306,464 | 127,513 | 13,873 | 4,322 |
| Information | 3,606,331 | 290,931 | 540,631 | 3,356,631 | 1,574,306 | 44,223 | 2,858 |
| Publishing (except internet), motion picture, and sound recording | 2,291,217 | 222,480 | 293,464 | 2,220,234 | 1,359,999 | 28,915 | 2,019 |
| Broadcasting, internet publishing | 453,196 | 0 | 3,806 | 449,390 | 149,725 | 2,900 | 280 |
| Telecommunications | 172,345 | 14,708 | 60,521 | 126,532 | 19,280 | 146 | 154 |
| Internet service providers, web search portals, and data processing services | *638,497 | *33,796 | *167,901 | *504,392 | *30,803 | *8,754 | *395 |
| Other information services | 51,075 | 19,947 | 14,939 | 56,083 | 14,499 | 3,508 | 10 |
| Finance, insurance, real estate, and rental and leasing | 7,226,599 | 331,972 | 623,509 | 6,935,063 | 3,497,336 | 283,314 | 533,117 |
| Finance and insurance | 7,172,099 | 330,105 | 605,764 | 6,896,440 | 3,476,009 | 282,535 | 532,414 |
| Commercial banking and other depository credit agencies | 176,925 | 0 | 0 | 176,925 | 176,909 | 74,849 | 102,056 |
| Nondepository credit intermediation | 287,718 | 0 | 13,048 | 274,670 | 167,532 | 4,268 | 8,900 |
| Securities, commodity contracts, and other | 2,661,087 | 146,963 | 198,956 | 2,609,093 | 941,248 | 62,894 | 121,289 |
| Insurance and related activities | 3,626,505 | 183,142 | 369,088 | 3,440,559 | 1,882,055 | 140,517 | 39,588 |
| Insurance agencies and brokerages | 532,355 | 2,071 | 63,575 | 470,851 | 67,967 | 10,085 | 0 |
| Funds, trusts, and other financial vehicles | 419,864 | 0 | 24,671 | 395,192 | 308,265 | 8 | 260,581 |
| Real estate and rental and leasing | 54,501 | 1,867 | 17,745 | 38,623 | 21,327 | 779 | 703 |
| Real estate | 30,797 | 1,232 | 4,964 | 27,065 | 10,632 | 312 | 696 |
| Rentals and leasing | 23,703 | 636 | 12,781 | 11,558 | 10,695 | 467 | 7 |
| Services | 9,197,459 | 907,709 | 983,326 | 9,121,841 | 3,199,644 | 292,605 | 256,184 |
| Professional, scientific, and technical services | 736,366 | 114,526 | 181,385 | 669,508 | 329,487 | 23,715 | 5,679 |
| Management of holding companies | 7,090,240 | 158,983 | 563,359 | 6,685,863 | 2,377,644 | 253,892 | 219,515 |
| Administrative and support and waste management and remediation | 205,081 | 23,830 | 33,636 | 195,274 | 48,891 | 893 | 1,136 |
| Education services, health care, and social assistance | 40,391 | 30,672 | 15,680 | 55,383 | 6,953 | 923 | 123 |
| Arts, entertainment, and recreation | 57,378 | 405 | 11,060 | 46,722 | 43,058 | 274 | 868 |
| Accommodation and food services | 1,040,079 | 579,293 | 174,008 | 1,445,365 | 388,918 | 12,299 | 28,667 |
| Accommodation | 204,496 | 28,367 | 42,557 | 190,306 | 69,458 | 5,769 | 6,309 |
| Food services and drinking places | 835,583 | 550,926 | 131,451 | 1,255,058 | 319,460 | 6,530 | 22,358 |
| Other services | 27,924 | 0 | 4,198 | 23,726 | 4,694 | 608 | * 195 |
| Repair and maintenance services | 2,770 | 0 | 1,254 | 1,516 | 869 | 39 | 0 |
| Personal services | *24,689 | *0 | *2,612 | *22,077 | *3,692 | *558 | *195 |
| Religious, grantmaking, civic, professional, and similar organizations | *466 | *0 | *332 | *134 | *134 | *11 | *0 |

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## Corporate Foreign Tax Credit, 2005

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Table 1. U.S. Corporation Income Tax Returns with a Foreign Tax Credit, 2005: Total Assets, Income, Taxes, and Credits, and Foreign Income, Deductions, and Taxes, by Major and Selected Minor Industry-Continued

| Major and selected minor industry of U.S. corporation filing return | Foreign income and taxes-continued |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Foreign taxes available for credit |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | Foreign taxes paid or accrued |  |  |  |  | Taxes deemed paid |
|  | Taxes withheld at source on-- | Other taxes paid or accrued on-- |  |  |  |  |
|  | Rents, royalties, and license fees | Branch income | Specifically allocable income (section 863(b)) | Service income | Other income |  |
|  | (47) | (48) | (49) | (50) | (51) | (52) |
| All industries | 3,702,391 | 6,544,113 | 70,312 | 536,332 | 23,899,153 | 72,635,706 |
| Agriculture, forestry, fishing, and hunting | 292 | 1,939 | 0 | 361 | 2,513 | 3,815 |
| Mining | 15,658 | 267,111 | 1,338 | 19,319 | 1,844,291 | 2,274,941 |
| Oil and gas extraction, coal mining | 3,771 | 177,629 | 0 | 4,719 | 619,956 | 1,678,292 |
| Metal ore mining | *5,731 | *73,844 | *0 | *2,918 | *1,218,107 | *439,583 |
| Nonmetallic minerals | 296 | 41 | 0 | 127 | 132 7,683 |  |
| Support activities for mining | 5,859 | 15,598 | 1,338 | 11,556 | 6,096 | 149,383 |
| Utilities | 0 | 59,201 | 0 | 0 | 6,193 | 53,250 |
| Construction | 12,690 | 4,083 | 0 | 30,170 | 9,349 | 64,615 |
| Construction of buildings | 6,357 | 280 | 0 | 1,175 | 388 | 51,860 |
| Heavy and civil engineering construction | 6,188 | 391 | 0 | 28,147 | 8,948 | 11,044 |
| Special trade contractors | 146 | 3,412 | 0 | 847 | 13 | 1,711 |
| Manufacturing | 2,466,159 | 2,206,827 | 49,385 | 98,527 | 20,017,936 | 54,874,292 |
| Food manufacturing | 60,264 | 204,415 | 0 | 716 | 27,879 | 3,540,065 |
| Beverage and tobacco products | 35,535 | 172,095 | 425 | 800 | 16,698 | 997,313 |
| Tobacco manufacturing | *799 | *13,790 | *0 | *0 | *1,717 | *3,472 |
| Textile mills and textile product mills | *611 | *905 | *0 | *51 | *0 | *35,248 |
| Apparel manufacturing | 10,046 | 3,016 | 0 | 0 | 412 | 84,103 |
| Leather and allied product manufacturing | 3,042 | 165 | 0 | 61 | 2 | 25,254 |
| Wood product manufacturing | 1,084 | 403 | 0 | 0 | 669 | 350,618 |
| Paper manufacturing | 53,948 | 4,890 | 7,994 | 6,792 | 47,515 | 1,491,137 |
| Printing and related support activities | 268 | 1,119 | 0 | 311 | 360 | 38,524 |
| Petroleum and coal products manufacturing | 20,777 | 326,073 | 0 | 29 | 17,908,665 | 10,634,185 |
| Chemical manufacturing | 809,757 | 580,678 | 2,745 | 31,783 | 594,863 | 17,646,974 |
| Pharmaceutical and medicine manufacturing | 584,740 | 181,476 | 2,745 | 7,390 | 392,421 | 10,256,931 |
| Other chemical manufacturing | 225,017 | 399,203 | 0 | 24,394 | 202,442 | 7,390,043 |
| Plastics and rubber products manufacturing | 10,884 | 287 | 30 | 177 | 258 | 188,885 |
| Nonmetallic mineral product manufacturing | 2,412 | 3,135 | 0 | 360 | 1 | 600,697 |
| Primary metal manufacturing | 450,191 | 103,882 | 0 | 1,508 | 16,057 | 298,335 |
| Fabricated metal products | 16,721 | 180,839 | 803 | 2,074 | 42,631 | 1,049,355 |
| Machinery manufacturing | 53,881 | 202,967 | 3,236 | 9,797 | 77,336 | 1,988,484 |
| Computer and electronic product manufacturing | 682,629 | 179,472 | 25,798 | 22,651 | 88,805 | 8,287,889 |
| Electrical equipment, appliance and component manufacturing | 17,793 | 11,044 | 0 | 1,635 | 1,026,177 | 1,763,350 |
| Transportation equipment manufacturing | 128,192 | 164,438 | 8,244 | 19,071 | 156,359 | 4,296,875 |
| Motor vehicles and related manufacturing | 94,074 | 113,379 | 3,933 | 9,578 | 55,904 | 3,181,948 |
| Other transportation equipment manufacturing | 34,118 | 51,059 | 4,311 | 9,493 | 100,455 | 1,114,927 |
| Furniture and related products | 852 | 458 | 0 | 0 | 169 | 104,888 |
| Miscellaneous manufacturing and manufacturing not allocable | 107,271 | 66,544 | 110 | 711 | 13,080 | 1,452,114 |
| Wholesale and retail trade | 181,990 | 324,022 | 771 | 9,064 | 124,677 | 3,986,289 |
| Wholesale trade | 111,213 | 208,565 | 771 | 7,734 | 88,811 | 2,948,997 |
| Durable goods | 64,639 | 33,818 | 0 | 3,303 | 27,624 | 889,895 |
| Machinery, equipment, and supplies | 1,792 | 5,200 | 0 | 193 | 878 | 27,033 |
| Other miscellaneous durable goods | 62,847 | 28,618 | 0 | 3,110 | 26,746 | 862,863 |
| Nondurable goods | 46,574 | 174,746 | 771 | 4,430 | 61,187 | 2,059,101 |
| Drugs, chemicals, and allied products | 19,415 | 47,844 | 771 | 98 | 1,157 | 405,231 |
| Groceries and related products | 3,378 | 13,341 | 0 | 111 | 3,336 | 76,312 |
| Petroleum and petroleum products | 236 | 71,710 | 0 | 0 | 5,593 | 628,758 |
| Other miscellaneous nondurable goods | 23,545 | 41,852 | 0 | 4,221 | 51,101 | 948,801 |

Table 1. U.S. Corporation Income Tax Returns with a Foreign Tax Credit, 2005: Total Assets, Income, Taxes, and Credits, and Foreign Income, Deductions, and Taxes, by Major and Selected Minor Industry-Continued

| Major and selected minor industry of U.S. corporation filing return | Foreign income and taxes-continued |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Foreign taxes available for credit |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | Foreign taxes paid or accrued |  |  |  |  | Taxes deemed paid |
|  | Taxes withheld at source on-- | Other taxes paid or accrued on-- |  |  |  |  |
|  | Rents, royalties, and license fees | Branch income | Specifically allocable income (section 863(b)) | Service income | Other income |  |
| Retail trade | (47) | (48) | (49) | (50) | (51) | (52) |
|  | 70,777 | 115,457 | 0 | 1,330 | 35,866 | 1,037,292 |
| Motor vehicle, parts dealers, and gas stations | 237 | 987 | 0 | 19 | 2,882 | 53,721 |
| Furniture and home furnishings stores | *738 | *1,646 | *0 | *0 | * | *7,341 |
| Building materials, garden equipment, and supplies | 18,956 | 7,730 | 0 | 0 | 825 | 136,908 |
| Food and beverages stores | 4,842 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 45,628 |
| Apparel and accessory stores | 8,703 | 57,347 | 0 | 631 | 13,043 | 238,863 |
| General merchandise stores | *32,260 | *26,086 | *0 | *0 | *16,189 | *348,023 |
| Miscellaneous retail trade | 5,042 | 21,661 | 0 | 681 | 2,926 | 206,809 |
| Transportation and warehousing | 22,478 | 63,270 | 1,607 | 38,103 | 13,992 | 236,255 |
| Air, rail, and water transportation | 13,501 | 165 | 1,597 | 3,820 | 11,051 | 57,305 |
| Water transportation | *0 | *0 | *1,597 | *265 | *4,103 | *19,796 |
| Air and rail transportation | *13,501 | *165 | *0 | *3,555 | *6,948 | *37,508 |
| Other transportation and warehousing | 8,977 | 63,106 | 10 | 34,284 | 2,941 | 178,951 |
| Information | 751,802 | 450,272 | 12,750 | 13,274 | 299,127 | 1,782,325 |
| Publishing (except internet), motion picture, and sound recording | 634,204 | 423,737 | 12,750 | 963 | 257,411 | 860,235 |
| Broadcasting, internet publishing | 98,163 | 0 | 0 | 7,261 | 41,121 | 299,665 |
| Telecommunications | 5,776 | 13,203 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 107,252 |
| Internet service providers, web search portals, and data processing services | *7,619 | *9,155 | *0 | *4,880 | *0 | *473,589 |
| Other information services | 6,040 | 4,177 | 0 | 170 | 595 | 41,584 |
| Finance, insurance, real estate, and rental and leasing | 46,247 | 1,437,876 | 4,402 | 105,057 | 1,087,323 | 3,437,727 |
| Finance and insurance | 32,866 | 1,436,540 | 4,402 | 103,452 | 1,083,802 | 3,420,431 |
| Commercial banking and other depository credit agencies | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 4 | 16 |
| Nondepository credit intermediation | 20,245 | 98,566 | 0 | 34,186 | 1,366 | 107,138 |
| Securities, commodity contracts, and other | 432 | 116,418 | 0 | 23,951 | 616,264 | 1,667,845 |
| Insurance and related activities | 12,188 | 1,202,777 | 4,402 | 41,982 | 440,602 | 1,558,503 |
| Insurance agencies and brokerages | 44 | 50,817 | 0 | 523 | 6,497 | 402,884 |
| Funds, trusts, and other financial vehicles | 0 | 18,778 | 0 | 3,332 | 25,566 | 86,927 |
| Real estate and rental and leasing | 13,381 | 1,336 | 0 | 1,606 | 3,521 | 17,296 |
| Real estate | 6,037 | 0 | 0 | 113 | 3,475 | 16,433 |
| Rentals and leasing | 7,345 | 1,336 | 0 | 1,493 | 46 | 863 |
| Services | 205,076 | 1,729,512 | 59 | 222,457 | 493,751 | 5,922,197 |
| Professional, scientific, and technical services | 32,435 | 96,134 | 0 | 148,446 | 23,079 | 340,021 |
| Management of holding companies | 33,704 | 1,393,758 | 0 | 55,840 | 420,934 | 4,308,219 |
| Administrative and support and waste management and remediation | 13,576 | 18,322 | 0 | 1,359 | 13,604 | 146,384 |
| Education services, health care, and social assistance | 2,247 | 594 | 0 | 1,905 | 1,161 | 48,430 |
| Arts, entertainment, and recreation | 4,936 | 8,338 | 59 | 6,510 | 22,072 | 3,664 |
| Accommodation and food services | 116,121 | 211,612 | 0 | 7,962 | 12,257 | 1,056,447 |
| Accommodation | 17,407 | 20,936 | 0 | 7,833 | 11,203 | 120,849 |
| Food services and drinking places | 98,713 | 190,676 | 0 | 129 | 1,055 | 935,598 |
| Other services | 2,058 | * 754 | 0 | 436 | 644 | 19,032 |
| Repair and maintenance services | 0 | 0 | 0 | 296 | 533 | 647 |
| Personal services | *1,935 | *754 | *0 | *140 | *110 | *18,385 |
| Religious, grantmaking, civic, professional, and similar organizations | *123 | *0 | *0 | *0 | [2] | *0 |

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## Corporate Foreign Tax Credit, 2005

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## Footnotes

* Data should be used with caution because of the small number of sample returns on which they were based
[1] Interest-Charge Domestic International Sales Corporation (IC-DISC) and Domestic International Sales Corporation (DISC).
[2] Less than $\$ 500$.
[3] Includes adjustments and recapture of certain tax credits not included in column 12.
[4] In addition to the credits shown in columns 13-15, this is after reduction by other credits, such as the jobs credit and the investment credit, which are not shown separately in this table.
[5] Included in gross income (less loss), columns 17-23. See notes below.
[6] Column 32 exceeds the sum of columns 33 through 35 because some corporations do not file a Schedule $H$ to support the not allocable deductions reported on Schedule $A$. [7] Included in deductions, columns 26-35. See notes below.

NOTES: Detail may not add to totals because of rounding. Columns 2 through 16 present statistics on assets, receipts, income, and taxes reported on Form 1120 (Corporation Income Tax Return) series for corporations claiming a foreign tax credit. Columns 17 through 52 present statistics from Form 1118, Foreign Tax Credit--Corporations. Schedule references indicate the schedule of Form 1118 from which the data were obtained. Columns 17 through 36 present statistics on foreign income (i.e., income from sources outside the United States) and deductions reported primarily on Schedule A, Form 1118. Although the amounts of oil and gas income and deductions (columns 24 and 36 , respectively) are contained in the summary columns (i.e., columns 17 through 23 and 26 through 35 ), these amounts are also reported separately (on Schedule I) because oil and gas income is subject to special rules under Internal Revenue Code section 907, which may result in a reduction of foreign taxes available for credit. Foreign branch income and code section 863(b) income (income partly within and partly without the United States) also are included in the summary amounts reported in columns 17 through 23 . Foreign branch income also is reported separately on Schedule $F$, shown in column 25. Total foreign-source gross income (column 17) less total foreign deductions (column 26 ) is equal to foreignsource taxable income (less loss) before adjustments (column 37).

Adjustments to foreign-source taxable income (reported in column 38) include allocations of current-year U.S.-source losses and recapture of foreign losses, as well as other adjustments. These adjustments (reported on Schedule J) affect the numerator of the limitation fraction used to compute the foreign tax credit. The foreign-source taxable income (less loss) after adjustments (the numerator of the limitation fraction) is reported in column 39. The limitation fraction, which represents the ratio of foreign-source taxable income after adjustments to total (U.S. and foreign) taxable income after adjustments, is applied to the total U.S. tax against which the credit is allowed to determine any limitation on the foreign tax credit.

Statistics on foreign taxes are reported in columns 40 through 52. Data on foreign taxes paid, accrued, and deemed paid (through related foreign corporations or their subsidiaries) from Schedule B, Form 1118, are reported in columns 43 through 52. Total foreign taxes paid or accrued (column 44) are the sum of columns 45 through 51 (any differences are due to taxpayer reporting practices). Total foreign taxes paid, accrued, and deemed paid (column 43) are equal to the sum of total taxes paid or accrued (column 44) and taxes deemed paid (column 52). Total foreign taxes paid, accrued, and deemed paid are then adjusted for certain items (e.g., reductions of foreign taxes under Code section 907 related to oil and gas income), which are reported in column 41, as well as carryovers of foreign taxes not credited in prior years, which are reported in column 42. Thus, total foreign taxes available for credit (column 40) are equal to total foreign taxes paid, accrued, and deemed paid (column 43) less certain foreign taxes (column 41), plus any carryover of prior-year foreign taxes (column 42).

Table 2. U.S. Corporation Income Tax Returns with a Foreign Tax Credit, 2005: Foreign Income, Deductions, and Taxes, by Industrial Sector and by Type of Foreign Income for Which Separate Credit Was Computed

| Industrial sector and type of foreign income for which separate credit was computed |  | Foreign income and taxes reported on Form 1118 |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Gross income (less loss) |  |  |  |  |
|  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Number } \\ & \text { of } \\ & \text { returns [3] } \end{aligned}$ | Total | Dividends | Foreign dividend income from foreign taxes deemed paid (gross-up) | Interest | Rents, royalties, and license fees |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| All income types | 5,837 | 914,741,013 | 397,776,032 | 60,552,267 | 84,522,193 | 98,517,129 |
| Passive income | 2,826 | 18,962,301 | 8,952,780 | 1,005,688 | 5,886,740 | 1,349,195 |
| High withholding tax interest | 239 | 1,135,385 | 13,217 | 23,740 | 1,098,428 | 0 |
| Financial services income | 398 | 182,453,435 | 35,302,827 | 7,553,915 | 70,019,386 | 6,989,647 |
| Shipping income | 37 | 9,031,094 | 557,185 | 129,994 | 217,556 | 901,414 |
| Dividends from an IC-DISC or former DISC [1] | 47 | 1,218 | 1,218 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Miscellaneous separately calculated limitation income | *9 | *147,717 | *137,560 | *0 | *0 | *142 |
| Distributions from a FSC or former FSC [2] | *9 | *1,657,421 | *1,657,421 | * 0 | * | * 0 |
| General limitation income | 3,175 | 700,699,944 | 350,791,303 | 51,783,192 | 7,292,537 | 89,267,631 |
| Section 901(j) income | 23 | 220,085 | 17,479 | [7] | 7,188 | 1,807 |
| Income resourced by treaty | 33 | 432,413 | 345,042 | 55,738 | 357 | 7,292 |
| AGRICULTURE, FORESTRY, FISHING,AND HUNTING |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| All income types | 150 | 239,515 | 126,600 | 3,815 | 4,462 | 10,646 |
| Passive income | 94 | 3,691 | 465 | 110 | 2,523 | 367 |
| High withholding tax interest | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Financial services income | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Shipping income | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Dividends from an IC-DISC or former DISC [1] | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Miscellaneous separately calculated limitation income | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Distributions from a FSC or former FSC [2] | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| General limitation income | 58 | 235,824 | 126,136 | 3,705 | 1,938 | 10,278 |
| Section 901(j) income | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Income resourced by treaty | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| MINING |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| All income types | 127 | 21,117,992 | 6,735,164 | 2,262,503 | 403,256 | 265,971 |
| Passive income | 82 | 1,199,452 | 324,018 | 60,494 | 191,145 | 2,889 |
| High withholding tax interest | *6 | *11,384 | * 0 | * 0 | *11,384 | * 0 |
| Financial services income | *5 | *3,750 | *1,809 | *0 | *121 | *0 |
| Shipping income | d | d | d | d | d | d |
| Dividends from an IC-DISC or former DISC [1] | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Miscellaneous separately calculated limitation income | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Distributions from a FSC or former FSC [2] | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| General limitation income | 72 | 19,748,010 | 6,409,336 | 2,202,009 | 200,606 | 263,082 |
| Section 901() income | d | d | d | d | d | d |
| Income resourced by treaty | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| UTILITIES |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| All income types | 12 | 893,292 | 247,300 | 53,250 | 8,486 | 0 |
| Passive income | * 6 | *12,951 | *6,338 | *1,759 | *4,854 | *0 |
| High withholding tax interest | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Financial services income | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Shipping income | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Dividends from an IC-DISC or former DISC [1] | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Miscellaneous separately calculated limitation income | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Distributions from a FSC or former FSC [2] | 0 | 0 | 0 | $\bigcirc$ | 0 | 0 |
| General limitation income | *9 | *880,341 | *240,962 | *51,491 | *3,632 | *0 |
| Section 901() income | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Income resourced by treaty | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |

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Table 2. U.S. Corporation Income Tax Returns with a Foreign Tax Credit, 2005: Foreign Income, Deductions, and Taxes, by Industrial Sector and by Type of Foreign Income for Which Separate Credit Was Computed-Continued
[All figures are estimates based on a sample -money amounts are in thousands of dollars]

| Industrial sector and type of foreign income for which separate credit was computed | Number of returns [3] | Foreign income and taxes reported on Form 1118 |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Gross income (less loss) |  |  |  |  |
|  |  | Total | Dividends | Foreign dividend income from foreign taxes deemed paid (gross-up) | Interest | Rents, royalties, and license fees |
|  | (1) | (2) | (3) | (4) | (5) | (6) |
| All income types CONSTRUCTION | 336 | 782,759 | 229,284 | 63,507 | 7,633 | 49,085 |
| Passive income | 158 | 64,093 | 36,422 | 165 | 4,301 | 316 |
| High withholding tax interest | d | d | d | d | d | d |
| Financial services income | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Shipping income | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Dividends from an IC-DISC or former DISC [1] | 28 | 15 | 15 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Miscellaneous separately calculated limitation income | d | d | d | d | d | d |
| Distributions from a FSC or former FSC [2] | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| General limitation income | 155 | 708,640 | 192,847 | 63,342 | 3,319 | 48,769 |
| Section 901() income | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Income resourced by treaty | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| MANUFACTURING |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| All income types | 1,267 | 582,378,386 | 320,541,406 | 44,442,264 | 11,004,385 | 57,206,732 |
| Passive income | 501 | 11,460,684 | 6,401,046 | 673,777 | 2,852,172 | 976,844 |
| High withholding tax interest | 61 | 317,814 | 7,331 | 1,355 | 309,127 | 0 |
| Financial services income | 46 | 8,967,025 | 3,369,137 | 262,340 | 2,648,794 | 682,854 |
| Shipping income | 14 | 1,510,251 | 337,298 | 46,606 | 19,820 | 675,710 |
| Dividends from an IC-DISC or former DISC [1] | 13 | 1,085 | 1,085 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Miscellaneous separately calculated limitation income | * | *50,549 | *50,394 | *0 | * 0 | *138 |
| Distributions from a FSC or former FSC [2] | * | *1,246,092 | *1,246,092 | *0 | *0 | * 0 |
| General limitation income | 1,059 | 558,506,424 | 308,874,710 | 43,436,705 | 5,167,284 | 54,862,179 |
| Section 901() income | 15 | 43,440 | 17,479 | [7] | 7,188 | 1,715 |
| Income resourced by treaty | 16 | 275,022 | 236,834 | 21,481 | 0 | 7,292 |
| wholesale and retail trade All income types | 635 | 37,644,808 | 17,860,826 | 3,477,378 | 777,996 | 6,057,511 |
| Passive income | 225 | 1,084,879 | 529,035 | 66,987 | 140,874 | 231,739 |
| High withholding tax interest | 37 | 41,115 | 0 | 0 | 41,115 | 0 |
| Financial services income | 16 | 2,516,035 | 644,715 | 139,973 | 181,720 | 251 |
| Shipping income | *3 | *28,157 | *9,556 | *1,076 | *24 | [7] |
| Dividends from an IC-DISC or former DISC [1] | *3 | *12 | *12 | * | *0 | *0 |
| Miscellaneous separately calculated limitation income | d | d | d | d | d | d |
| Distributions from a FSC or former FSC [2] | d | d | d | d | d | d |
| General limitation income | 449 | 33,845,739 | 16,591,323 | 3,237,400 | 413,905 | 5,825,517 |
| Section 901() income | d | d | d | d | d | d |
| Income resourced by treaty | *9 | *128,866 | *86,185 | *31,941 | *357 | [7] |
| TRANSPORTATION AND WAREHOUSING All income types | 78 | 15,893,694 | 977,643 | 177,195 | 135,052 | 333,239 |
| Passive income | 26 | 61,203 | 48,073 | 4,661 | 7,135 | 895 |
| High withholding tax interest | 10 | 12,290 | 0 | 0 | 12,290 | 0 |
| Financial services income | *4 | *35,687 | *9 | * | *241 | * 0 |
| Shipping income | *8 | *6,862,644 | *205,283 | *82,116 | *77,493 | *148,240 |
| Dividends from an IC-DISC or former DISC [1] | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Miscellaneous separately calculated limitation income | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Distributions from a FSC or former FSC [2] | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| General limitation income | 56 | 8,921,869 | 724,278 | 90,418 | 37,893 | 184,104 |
| Section 901() income | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Income resourced by treaty | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |

Footnotes at and of table.

## Corporate Foreign Tax Credit, 2005

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Table 2. U.S. Corporation Income Tax Returns with a Foreign Tax Credit, 2005: Foreign Income, Deductions, and Taxes, by Industrial Sector and by Type of Foreign Income for Which Separate Credit Was Computed-Continued

| Industrial sector and type of foreign income for which separate credit was computed | $\begin{aligned} & \begin{array}{l} \text { Number } \\ \text { of } \\ \text { returns [3] } \end{array} \end{aligned}$ | Foreign income and taxes reported on Form 1118 |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Gross income (less loss) |  |  |  |  |
|  |  | Total | Dividends | Foreign dividend income from foreign taxes deemed paid (gross-up) | Interest | Rents, royalties, and license fees |
|  | (1) | (2) | (3) | (4) | (5) | (6) |
| All income types INFORMATION | 327 | 45,865,657 | 9,810,117 | 1,603,509 | 675,579 | 22,926,289 |
| Passive income | 148 | 1,551,310 | 1,045,584 | 162,404 | 227,869 | 74,275 |
| High withholding tax interest | *7 | *13,665 | *0 | * | *13,665 | *0 |
| Financial services income | 34 | 93,242 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 51,515 |
| Shipping income | *4 | *107,600 | *312 | *13 | *16,717 | *77,465 |
| Dividends from an IC-DISC or former DISC [1] | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Miscellaneous separately calculated limitation income | d | d | d | d | d | d |
| Distributions from a FSC or former FSC [2] | d | d | d | d | d | d |
| General limitation income | 190 | 44,075,011 | 8,739,698 | 1,441,092 | 417,328 | 22,723,036 |
| Section 901() income | d | d | d | d | d | d |
| Income resourced by treaty | d | d | d | d | d | d |
| FINANCE, INSURANCE, REAL ESTATE, AND RENTAL AND LEASING |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| All income types | 1,063 | 101,443,988 | 19,701,444 | 3,360,772 | 35,918,625 | 4,399,381 |
| Passive income | 691 | 2,851,579 | 312,481 | 3,622 | 2,351,913 | 28,139 |
| High withholding tax interest | 55 | 334,241 | 4,190 | 978 | 329,074 | 0 |
| Financial services income | 168 | 92,342,555 | 18,490,964 | 3,233,574 | 32,708,639 | 2,995,940 |
| Shipping income | d | d | d | d | d | d |
| Dividends from an IC-DISC or former DISC [1] | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Miscellaneous separately calculated limitation income | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Distributions from a FSC or former FSC [2] | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| General limitation income | 250 | 5,432,918 | 876,553 | 121,663 | 425,497 | 1,375,302 |
| Section 901() income | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Income resourced by treaty | d | d | d | d | d | d |
| SERVICES |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| All income types | 1,842 | 108,480,924 | 21,546,249 | 5,108,074 | 35,586,719 | 7,268,274 |
| Passive income | 896 | 672,460 | 249,320 | 31,709 | 103,953 | 33,730 |
| High withholding tax interest | 62 | 404,863 | 1,696 | 21,407 | 381,760 | 0 |
| Financial services income | 125 | 78,495,140 | 12,796,192 | 3,918,028 | 34,479,871 | 3,259,088 |
| Shipping income | d | d | d | d | d | d |
| Dividends from an IC-DISC or former DISC [1] | *3 | *105 | *105 | * 0 | *0 | *0 |
| Miscellaneous separately calculated limitation income | d | d | d | d | d | d |
| Distributions from a FSC or former FSC [2] | *3 | *386,806 | *386,806 | * 0 | *0 | *0 |
| General limitation income | 877 | 28,345,169 | 8,015,460 | 1,135,367 | 621,135 | 3,975,364 |
| Section 901() income | *3 | *21,112 | * | * 0 | * | *92 |
| Income resourced by treaty | *5 | *10,959 | *5,563 | *1,382 | * | *0 |

income resourced by treaty
Footnotes at end of table.

## Corporate Foreign Tax Credit, 2005

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Table 2. U.S. Corporation Income Tax Returns with a Foreign Tax Credit, 2005: Foreign Income, Deductions, and Taxes, by Industrial Sector and by Type of Foreign Income for Which Separate Credit Was Computed-Continued
[All figures are estimates based on a sample -money amounts are in thousands of dollars]

| Industrial sector and type of foreign income for which separate credit was computed | Foreign income and taxes reported on Form 1118-continued |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Gross income (less loss)-continued |  |  |  | Deductions |
|  | Service income | Other income | Oil and gas extraction income [4] | Foreign branch income [4] | Total |
|  | (7) | (8) | (9) | (10) | (11) |
| All income types | 28,708,344 | 244,665,047 | 67,647,545 | 122,056,453 | 512,833,409 |
| Passive income | -3,853 | 1,771,751 | 0 | 336,948 | 4,431,330 |
| High withholding tax interest | 0 | [7] | 0 | 91 | 449,547 |
| Financial services income | 3,639,529 | 58,948,130 | 0 | 61,452,417 | 120,349,206 |
| Shipping income | 171,166 | 7,053,779 | 0 | 3,888,642 | 8,193,873 |
| Dividends from an IC-DISC or former DISC [1] | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 146 |
| Miscellaneous separately calculated limitation income | *10,015 | *0 | * 0 | *0 | *12,690 |
| Distributions from a FSC or former FSC [2] | * 0 | *0 | *0 | *0 | *1,273,576 |
| General limitation income | 24,864,348 | 176,700,934 | 67,647,545 | 56,351,667 | 377,804,572 |
| Section 901() income | 21,020 | 172,590 | 0 | 21,020 | 183,265 |
| Income resourced by treaty | 6,119 | 17,865 | 0 | 5,669 | 135,205 |
| AGRICULTURE, FORESTRY, FISHING, AND HUNTING |  |  |  |  |  |
| Passive income | 0 | 226 | 0 | 0 | 717 |
| High withholding tax interest | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Financial services income | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Shipping income | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Dividends from an IC-DISC or former DISC [1] | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Miscellaneous separately calculated limitation income | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Distributions from a FSC or former FSC [2] | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| General limitation income | 17,118 | 76,648 | 0 | 4,170 | 185,379 |
| Section 901(j) income | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Income resourced by treaty | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| MINING |  |  |  |  |  |
| All income types | 829,862 | 10,621,236 | 6,635,893 | 1,699,467 | 6,049,651 |
| Passive income | 0 | 620,906 | 0 | 115,781 | 106,717 |
| High withholding tax interest | * 0 | *0 | *0 | *0 | *52 |
| Financial services income | * 0 | *1,820 | *0 | *1,870 | *2,141 |
| Shipping income | d | d | d | d | d |
| Dividends from an IC-DISC or former DISC [1] | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Miscellaneous separately calculated limitation income | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Distributions from a FSC or former FSC [2] | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| General limitation income | 829,862 | 9,843,114 | 6,635,893 | 1,581,816 | 5,779,902 |
| Section 901(j) income | d | d | d | d | d |
| Income resourced by treaty | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| UTILITIES |  |  |  |  |  |
| All income types | 48,940 | 535,316 | 501,424 | 650,806 | 431,886 |
| Passive income | * 0 | *0 | * 0 | *169 | *3,232 |
| High withholding tax interest | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Financial services income | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Shipping income | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Dividends from an IC-DISC or former DISC [1] | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Miscellaneous separately calculated limitation income | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Distributions from a FSC or former FSC [2] | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| General limitation income | *48,940 | *535,316 | *501,424 | *650,637 | *428,654 |
| Section 901() income | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Income resourced by treaty | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |

Table 2. U.S. Corporation Income Tax Returns with a Foreign Tax Credit, 2005: Foreign Income, Deductions, and Taxes, by Industrial Sector and by Type of Foreign Income for Which Separate Credit Was Computed-Continued
[All figures are estimates based on a sample-money amounts are in thousands of dollars]

| Industrial sector and type of foreign income for which separate credit was computed | Foreign income and taxes reported on Form 1118-continued |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Gross income (less loss)-continued |  |  |  | Deductions |
|  | Service income | Other income | Oil and gas extraction income [4] | Foreign branch income [4] | Total |
|  | (7) | (8) | (9) | (10) | (11) |
| All income types | 237,201 | 196,049 | 0 | 128,851 | 316,742 |
| Passive income | 0 | 22,889 | 0 | 513 | 1,481 |
| High withholding tax interest | d | d | d | d | d |
| Financial services income | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Shipping income | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Dividends from an IC-DISC or former DISC [1] | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Miscellaneous separately calculated limitation income | d | d | d | d | d |
| Distributions from a FSC or former FSC [2] | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| General limitation income | 227,203 | 173,160 | 0 | 128,337 | 305,286 |
| Section 901(j) income | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Income resourced by treaty | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| MANUFACTURING |  |  |  |  |  |
| All income types | 4,780,776 | 144,402,823 | 58,243,501 | 36,909,215 | 310,333,950 |
| Passive income | 0 | 556,845 | 0 | 150,411 | 2,997,800 |
| High withholding tax interest | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 99,995 |
| Financial services income | 31,753 | 1,972,147 | 0 | 366,340 | 6,564,803 |
| Shipping income | 730 | 430,087 | 0 | 0 | 1,335,482 |
| Dividends from an IC-DISC or former DISC [1] | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 62 |
| Miscellaneous separately calculated limitation income | *17 | *0 | *0 | *0 | *2,715 |
| Distributions from a FSC or former FSC [2] | *0 | *0 | * 0 | * 0 | *1,245,029 |
| General limitation income | 4,746,201 | 141,419,345 | 58,243,501 | 36,392,464 | 297,961,802 |
| Section 901(j) income | 0 | 17,058 | 0 | 0 | 3,358 |
| Income resourced by treaty | 2,075 | 7,340 | 0 | 0 | 122,904 |
| WHOLESALE AND RETAIL TRADE <br> All income types | 474,004 | 8,997,093 | 2,137,280 | 4,972,629 | 18,092,903 |
| Passive income | 130 | 116,114 | 0 | 7,334 | 289,040 |
| High withholding tax interest | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 4,232 |
| Financial services income | 124,873 | 1,424,502 | 0 | 1,420,575 | 985,211 |
| Shipping income | *15,558 | *1,942 | * | *15,559 | *51,050 |
| Dividends from an IC-DISC or former DISC [1] | * | * 0 | * 0 | * 0 | *0 |
| Miscellaneous separately calculated limitation income | d | d | d | d | d |
| Distributions from a FSC or former FSC [2] | d | d | d | d | d |
| General limitation income | 333,413 | 7,444,181 | 2,137,280 | 3,523,493 | 16,757,925 |
| Section 901(j) income | d | d | d | d | d |
| Income resourced by treaty | *29 | *10,354 | *0 | *5,669 | *5,428 |
| TRANSPORTATION AND WAREHOUSING <br> All income types | 7,896,563 | 6,374,002 | 4,328 | 3,953,379 | 12,878,854 |
| Passive income | 0 | 440 | 0 | 344 | 3,379 |
| High withholding tax interest | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 2,762 |
| Financial services income | *35,409 | *28 | *0 | *0 | *31,340 |
| Shipping income | *154,878 | *6,194,634 | *0 | *3,765,901 | *5,865,203 |
| Dividends from an IC-DISC or former DISC [1] | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Miscellaneous separately calculated limitation income | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Distributions from a FSC or former FSC [2] | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| General limitation income | 7,706,277 | 178,900 | 4,328 | 187,133 | 6,976,171 |
| Section 901(j) income | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Income resourced by treaty | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |

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## Corporate Foreign Tax Credit, 2005

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Table 2. U.S. Corporation Income Tax Returns with a Foreign Tax Credit, 2005: Foreign Income, Deductions, and Taxes, by Industrial Sector and by Type of Foreign Income for Which Separate Credit Was Computed-Continued
[All figures are estimates based on a sample -money amounts are in thousands of dollars]

| Industrial sector and type of foreign income for which separate credit was computed | Foreign income and taxes reported on Form 1118-continued |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Gross income (less loss)-continued |  |  |  | Deductions |
|  | Service income | Other income | Oil and gas extraction income [4] | Foreign branch income [4] | Total |
|  | (7) | (8) | (9) | (10) | (11) |
| All income types | 2,033,527 | 8,816,637 | 0 | 6,201,829 | 25,940,623 |
| Passive income | -1 | 41,179 | 0 | 152 | 284,916 |
| High withholding tax interest | * | *0 | *0 | * | *19,916 |
| Financial services income | 0 | 41,727 | 0 | 0 | 45,093 |
| Shipping income | * 0 | *13,092 | *0 | *0 | *75,500 |
| Dividends from an IC-DISC or former DISC [1] | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Miscellaneous separately calculated limitation income | d | d | d | d | d |
| Distributions from a FSC or former FSC [2] | d | d | d | d | d |
| General limitation income | 2,033,528 | 8,720,331 | 0 | 6,201,677 | 25,490,611 |
| Section 901(j) income | d | d | d | d | d |
| Income resourced by treaty | d | d | d | d | d |
| FINANCE, INSURANCE, REAL ESTATE, AND RENTAL AND LEASING |  |  |  |  |  |
| All income types | 2,663,913 | 35,399,853 | 0 | 21,416,112 | 64,090,250 |
| Passive income | 0 | 155,423 | 0 | 335 | 636,993 |
| High withholding tax interest | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 146,791 |
| Financial services income | 1,952,301 | 32,961,137 | 0 | 20,702,579 | 58,555,256 |
| Shipping income | d | d | d | d | d |
| Dividends from an IC-DISC or former DISC [1] | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Miscellaneous separately calculated limitation income | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Distributions from a FSC or former FSC [2] | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| General limitation income | 711,612 | 1,922,290 | 0 | 609,697 | 3,925,189 |
| Section 901(j) income | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Income resourced by treaty | d | d | d | d | d |
| SERVICES |  |  |  |  |  |
| All income types | 9,726,441 | 29,245,165 | 125,119 | 46,119,997 | 74,512,455 |
| Passive income | -3,982 | 257,729 | 0 | 61,909 | 107,055 |
| High withholding tax interest | 0 | [7] | 0 | 91 | 175,799 |
| Financial services income | 1,495,193 | 22,546,768 | 0 | 38,961,052 | 54,165,361 |
| Shipping income | d | d | d | d | d |
| Dividends from an IC-DISC or former DISC [1] | *0 | *0 | *0 | *0 | *84 |
| Miscellaneous separately calculated limitation income | d | d | d | d | d |
| Distributions from a FSC or former FSC [2] | *0 | *0 | *0 | * 0 | *4,020 |
| General limitation income | 8,210,194 | 6,387,648 | 125,119 | 7,072,243 | 19,993,653 |
| Section 901(j) income | *21,020 | *0 | *0 | *21,020 | *19,002 |
| Income resourced by treaty | *4,015 | *0 | *0 | * 0 | *6,873 |

[^76]Table 2. U.S. Corporation Income Tax Returns with a Foreign Tax Credit, 2005: Foreign Income, Deductions, and Taxes, by Industrial Sector and by Type of Foreign Income for Which Separate Credit Was Computed-Continued


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## Corporate Foreign Tax Credit, 2005

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Table 2. U.S. Corporation Income Tax Returns with a Foreign Tax Credit, 2005: Foreign Income, Deductions, and Taxes, by Industrial Sector and by Type of Foreign Income for Which Separate Credit Was Computed-Continued

| Industrial sector and type of foreign income for which separate credit was computed | Foreign income and taxes reported on Form 1118-continued |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Deductions-continued |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | Definitely allocable deductions |  |  |  |  | Deductions not allocable to specific types of income |
|  | Total | Depreciation, depletion, and amortization | Other expenses | Service expenses | Other definitely allocable deductions |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  | Total [5] |
|  | (12) $\mathrm{l}^{\text {(13) }}$ (14) ${ }^{\text {a }}$ |  |  |  |  |  |
| All income types | 270,305 | 306 | 773 | 139,587 | 129,638 | 46,437 |
| Passive income | 739 | 0 | 687 | 0 | 53 | 742 |
| High withholding tax interest | d | d | d | d | d | d |
| Financial services income | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Shipping income | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Dividends from an IC-DISC or former DISC [1] | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Miscellaneous separately calculated limitation income | d | d | d | d | d | d |
| Distributions from a FSC or former FSC [2] | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| General limitation income | 269,565 | 306 | 86 | 139,587 | 129,586 | 35,720 |
| Section 901(j) income | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Income resourced by treaty | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| MANUFACTURING |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| All income types | 244,821,284 | 484,751 | 745,427 | 784,635 | 242,806,471 | 65,512,667 |
| Passive income | 1,236,962 | 3,067 | 4,551 | 253 | 1,229,091 | 1,760,838 |
| High withholding tax interest | 23,895 | 0 | [7] | 0 | 23,895 | 76,100 |
| Financial services income | 2,603,069 | 0 | [7] | [7] | 2,603,068 | 3,961,734 |
| Shipping income | 903,696 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 903,696 | 431,786 |
| Dividends from an IC-DISC or former DISC [1] | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 62 |
| Miscellaneous separately calculated limitation income | *159 | *129 | *0 | *0 | *30 | *2,556 |
| Distributions from a FSC or former FSC [2] | *1,245,029 | *0 | *0 | *0 | *1,245,029 | *0 |
| General limitation income | 238,713,901 | 481,286 | 740,836 | 782,509 | 236,709,271 | 59,247,901 |
| Section 901(j) income | 417 | 269 | 40 | 0 | 108 | 2,942 |
| Income resourced by treaty | 94,155 | 0 | 0 | 1,873 | 92,282 | 28,749 |
| WHOLESALE AND RETAIL TRADE <br> All income types | 14,181,960 | 58,638 | 948,992 | 198,197 | 12,976,132 | 3,910,943 |
| Passive income | 187,261 | 26,960 | 4,239 | 79 | 155,982 | 101,779 |
| High withholding tax interest | -1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | -1 | 4,233 |
| Financial services income | 859,259 | 0 | 64,890 | 0 | 794,369 | 125,952 |
| Shipping income | *44,942 | *0 | *0 | *0 | *44,942 | *6,108 |
| Dividends from an IC-DISC or former DISC [1] | * | *0 | *0 | *0 | *0 | * 0 |
| Miscellaneous separately calculated limitation income | d | d | d | d | d | d |
| Distributions from a FSC or former FSC [2] | d | d | d | d | d | d |
| General limitation income | 13,089,210 | 31,677 | 879,863 | 198,118 | 11,979,552 | 3,668,714 |
| Section 901() income | d | d | d | d | d | d |
| Income resourced by treaty | *1,288 | * 0 | *0 | *0 | *1,288 | *4,139 |
| TRANSPORTATION AND WAREHOUSING <br> All income types | 12,579,831 | 14,468 | 29,458 | 6,541,547 | 5,994,358 | 299,023 |
| Passive income | 28 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 27 | 3,351 |
| High withholding tax interest | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 2,762 |
| Financial services income | *31,309 | *0 | *0 | *31,298 | *11 | *31 |
| Shipping income | *5,739,074 | *11,463 | *0 | *35,221 | *5,692,390 | *126,129 |
| Dividends from an IC-DISC or former DISC [1] | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Miscellaneous separately calculated limitation income | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Distributions from a FSC or former FSC [2] | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| General limitation income | 6,809,420 | 3,005 | 29,457 | 6,475,028 | 301,930 | 166,751 |
| Section 901(j) income | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Income resourced by treaty | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |

Table 2. U.S. Corporation Income Tax Returns with a Foreign Tax Credit, 2005: Foreign Income, Deductions, and Taxes, by Industrial Sector and by Type of Foreign Income for Which Separate Credit Was Computed-Continued
[All figures are estimates based on a sample - money amounts are in thousands of dollars]

| Industrial sector and type of foreign income for which separate credit was computed | Foreign income and taxes reported on Form 1118-continued |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Deductions-continued |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | Definitely allocable deductions |  |  |  |  | Deductions not allocable to specific types of income |
|  | Total | Depreciation, depletion, and amortization | Other expenses | Service expenses | Other definitely allocable deductions |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  | Total [5] |
|  | (12) | (13) | (14) | (15) | (16) | (17) |
| All income types | 17,921,532 | 61,490 | 3,336,150 | 1,709,685 | 12,814,206 | 8,019,091 |
| Passive income | 97,179 | 223 | 60,317 | 320 | 36,320 | 187,737 |
| High withholding tax interest | * 0 | *0 | * | * | * | *19,916 |
| Financial services income | 34,146 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 34,146 | 10,947 |
| Shipping income | *60,346 | *33,988 | *15,975 | *0 | *10,383 | *15,154 |
| Dividends from an IC-DISC or former DISC [1] | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Miscellaneous separately calculated limitation income | d | d | d | d | d | d |
| Distributions from a FSC or former FSC [2] | d | d | d | d | d | d |
| General limitation income | 17,705,338 | 27,279 | 3,259,859 | 1,709,365 | 12,708,835 | 7,785,273 |
| Section 901(j) income | d | d | d | d | d | d |
| Income resourced by treaty | d | d | d | d | d | d |
| FINANCE, INSURANCE, REAL ESTATE, AND RENTAL AND LEASING |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| All income types | 29,243,475 | 324,993 | 591,515 | 1,740,111 | 26,586,854 | 34,846,776 |
| Passive income | 62,573 | 4,864 | 4,719 | 70 | 52,919 | 574,421 |
| High withholding tax interest | 9,729 | 0 | 93 | 0 | 9,636 | 137,062 |
| Financial services income | 25,903,150 | 43,508 | 245,048 | 1,103,709 | 24,510,885 | 32,652,106 |
| Shipping income | d | d | d | d | d | d |
| Dividends from an IC-DISC or former DISC [1] | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Miscellaneous separately calculated limitation income | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Distributions from a FSC or former FSC [2] | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| General limitation income | 2,500,155 | 84,654 | 227,436 | 636,333 | 1,551,733 | 1,425,034 |
| Section 901() income | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Income resourced by treaty | d | d | d | d | d | d |
| SERVICES |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| All income types | 31,392,203 | 914,066 | 885,034 | 6,107,123 | 23,485,979 | 43,120,252 |
| Passive income | 18,318 | 112 | 2,410 | 29 | 15,768 | 88,737 |
| High withholding tax interest | 21,601 | 0 | 91 | 0 | 21,510 | 154,198 |
| Financial services income | 14,887,298 | 878,478 | 186,088 | 30,076 | 13,792,656 | 39,278,063 |
| Shipping income | d | d | d | d | d | d |
| Dividends from an IC-DISC or former DISC [1] | * 0 | *0 | *0 | *0 | *0 | *84 |
| Miscellaneous separately calculated limitation income | d | d | d | d | d | d |
| Distributions from a FSC or former FSC [2] | *2,883 | *0 | *0 | *0 | *2,883 | *1,136 |
| General limitation income | 16,401,574 | 35,458 | 696,445 | 6,055,933 | 9,613,738 | 3,592,079 |
| Section 901() income | *18,650 | * | * | *18,613 | *37 | *351 |
| Income resourced by treaty | *3,616 | *18 | *0 | *2,472 | *1,126 | *3,257 |

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## Corporate Foreign Tax Credit, 2005

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Table 2. U.S. Corporation Income Tax Returns with a Foreign Tax Credit, 2005: Foreign Income, Deductions, and Taxes, by Industrial Sector and by Type of Foreign Income for Which Separate Credit Was Computed-Continued
[All figures are estimates based on a sample-money amounts are in thousands of dollars]

| Industrial sector and type of foreign income for which separate credit was computed | Foreign income and taxes reported on Form 1118-continued |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Deductions-continued |  |  |  | Taxable income (less loss) before adjustments | Adjustments to taxable income |
|  | Deductions not allocable to specific types of income-continued |  |  | Deductions from oil and gas extraction income [7] |  |  |
|  | Research and development | Interest | Other |  |  |  |
|  | (18) | (19) | (20) | (21) | (22) | (23) |
| ALL INDUSTRIES |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| All income types | 21,701,747 | 69,458,050 | 64,730,679 | 12,595,373 | 401,907,604 | 57,152,027 |
| Passive income | 204,993 | 1,731,284 | 860,384 | 0 | 14,530,970 | 1,111,726 |
| High withholding tax interest | 476 | 292,989 | 92,431 | 0 | 685,839 | 527 |
| Financial services income | 172,300 | 45,670,030 | 30,055,715 | 0 | 62,104,229 | 4,602,125 |
| Shipping income | 4,259 | 553,977 | 81,449 | 0 | 837,221 | -332,317 |
| Dividends from an IC-DISC or former DISC [1] | 0 | 0 | 62 | 0 | 1,072 | -345 |
| Miscellaneous separately calculated limitation income | *2,086 | *470 | *9,975 | *0 | *135,027 | *-119,881 |
| Distributions from a FSC or former FSC [2] | * 0 | *0 | *1,141 | *0 | *383,845 | *-309 |
| General limitation income | 21,317,345 | 21,177,249 | 33,622,071 | 12,595,373 | 322,895,372 | 51,889,912 |
| Section 901(j) income | 29 | 2,845 | 1,061 | 0 | 36,820 | -7,111 |
| Income resourced by treaty | 260 | 29,206 | 6,390 | 0 | 297,209 | 7,700 |
| AGRICULTURE, FORESTRY, FISHING, All income types | 0 | 15,342 | 15,683 | 0 | 53,419 | 4,794 |
| Passive income | 0 | 0 | 696 | 0 | 2,974 | 0 |
| High withholding tax interest | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Financial services income | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Shipping income | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Dividends from an IC-DISC or former DISC [1] | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Miscellaneous separately calculated limitation income | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Distributions from a FSC or former FSC [2] | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| General limitation income | 0 | 15,342 | 14,987 | 0 | 50,445 | 4,794 |
| Section 901() income | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Income resourced by treaty | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| MINING |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| All income types | 5,805 | 453,912 | 596,696 | 858,910 | 15,068,341 | 659,115 |
| Passive income | 0 | 39,148 | 50,818 | 0 | 1,092,734 | 6,197 |
| High withholding tax interest | * 0 | *52 | * | *0 | *11,332 | [7] |
| Financial services income | *4 | *1,034 | *516 | *0 | *1,609 | *-17,431 |
| Shipping income | d | d | d | d | d | d |
| Dividends from an IC-DISC or former DISC [1] | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Miscellaneous separately calculated limitation income | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Distributions from a FSC or former FSC [2] | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| General limitation income | 5,801 | 413,102 | 545,362 | 858,910 | 13,968,108 | 675,790 |
| Section 901() income | d | d | d | d | d | d |
| Income resourced by treaty | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| UTILITIES |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| All income types | 134 | 109,339 | 31,513 | 167,190 | 461,406 | 166,931 |
| Passive income | *0 | *2,626 | *606 | * 0 | *9,719 | *391 |
| High withholding tax interest | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Financial services income | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Shipping income | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Dividends from an IC-DISC or former DISC [1] | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Miscellaneous separately calculated limitation income | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Distributions from a FSC or former FSC [2] | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| General limitation income | *134 | *106,713 | *30,907 | *167,190 | *451,686 | *166,541 |
| Section 901() income | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Income resourced by treaty | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |

[^79]Table 2. U.S. Corporation Income Tax Returns with a Foreign Tax Credit, 2005: Foreign Income, Deductions, and Taxes, by Industrial Sector and by Type of Foreign Income for Which Separate Credit Was Computed-Continued


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## Corporate Foreign Tax Credit, 2005

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Table 2. U.S. Corporation Income Tax Returns with a Foreign Tax Credit, 2005: Foreign Income, Deductions, and Taxes, by Industrial Sector and by Type of Foreign Income for Which Separate Credit Was Computed-Continued
[All figures are estimates based on a sample-money amounts are in thousands of dollars]


Footnotes at end of table.

Table 2. U.S. Corporation Income Tax Returns with a Foreign Tax Credit, 2005: Foreign Income, Deductions, and Taxes, by Industrial Sector and by Type of Foreign Income for Which Separate Credit Was Computed-Continued
[All figures are estimates based on a sample -money amounts are in thousands of dollars]


## Corporate Foreign Tax Credit, 2005

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Table 2. U.S. Corporation Income Tax Returns with a Foreign Tax Credit, 2005: Foreign Income, Deductions, and Taxes, by Industrial Sector and by Type of Foreign Income for Which Separate Credit Was Computed-Continued
[All figures are estimates based on a sample-money amounts are in thousands of dollars]

| Industrial sector and type of foreign income for which separate credit was computed | Foreign income and taxes reported on Form 1118-continued |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Taxable Income (less loss) after adjustments | Total | Reduction for certain foreign taxes | Foreign taxes available for credit |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  | Carryover | Total paid, accrued, and deemed paid | Foreign taxes paid or accrued |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  | Total | Taxes withheld at source on- |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  | Dividends |
|  | (24) | (25) | (26) | (27) | (28) | (29) | (30) |
| CONSTRUCTION |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| All income types | 308,141 | 123,769 | 9,856 | 11,355 | 122,270 | 57,655 | 1,193 |
| Passive income | 61,525 | 16,020 | 935 | 2,372 | 14,584 | 13,484 | 69 |
| High withholding tax interest | d | d | d | d | d | d | d |
| Financial services income | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Shipping income | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Dividends from an IC-DISC or former DISC [1] | 15 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 1 |
| Miscellaneous separately calculated limitation income | d | d | d | d | d | d | d |
| Distributions from a FSC or former FSC [2] | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| General limitation income | 246,566 | 107,746 | 8,921 | 8,983 | 107,684 | 44,169 | 1,123 |
| Section 901(j) income | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Income resourced by treaty | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| MANUFACTURING |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| All income types | 228,621,960 | 80,948,593 | 20,726,997 | 20,120,416 | 81,555,174 | 26,680,883 | 1,662,896 |
| Passive income | 7,711,380 | 1,019,886 | 34,790 | 235,332 | 819,344 | 131,969 | 22,125 |
| High withholding tax interest | 216,194 | 54,072 | 0 | 12,791 | 41,281 | 39,926 | 0 |
| Financial services income | 2,091,861 | 729,004 | 136 | 149,669 | 579,470 | 316,044 | 9,655 |
| Shipping income | 177,598 | 69,278 | 0 | 11,531 | 57,747 | 10,795 | 0 |
| Dividends from an IC-DISC or former DISC [1] | 1,367 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 1 |
| Miscellaneous separately calculated limitation income | *167,722 | *42 | *0 | *25 | *16 | *16 | *0 |
| Distributions from a FSC or former FSC [2] | *1,172 | *0 | *0 | *0 | *0 | * 0 | *0 |
| General limitation income | 218,068,918 | 79,046,854 | 20,692,023 | 19,705,742 | 80,033,135 | 26,179,984 | 1,630,824 |
| Section 901() income | 41,647 | 286 | 0 | 1 | 285 | 283 | 0 |
| Income resourced by treaty | 144,099 | 29,171 | 49 | 5,324 | 23,895 | 1,865 | 291 |
| WHOLESALE AND RETAIL TRADE All income types | 13,918,660 | 4,305,781 | 1,393,571 | 863,936 | 4,835,416 | 849,127 | 147,286 |
| Passive income | 634,485 | 116,988 | 20,716 | 7,275 | 130,429 | 48,314 | 9,946 |
| High withholding tax interest | 28,907 | 5,354 | 0 | 515 | 4,838 | 4,838 | 0 |
| Financial services income | 1,327,038 | 137,953 | 61,294 | 13,938 | 185,309 | 44,363 | 17,846 |
| Shipping income | *5,639 | *1,489 | * 0 | *0 | *1,489 | *412 | * 0 |
| Dividends from an IC-DISC or former DISC [1] | *12 | *2 | * 0 | *0 | *2 | *2 | *2 |
| Miscellaneous separately calculated limitation income | d | d | d | d | d | d | d |
| Distributions from a FSC or former FSC [2] | d | d | d | d | d | d | d |
| General limitation income | 11,799,312 | 4,008,677 | 1,311,562 | 841,914 | 4,478,325 | 748,114 | 119,489 |
| Section 901(j) income | d | d | d | d | d | d | d |
| Income resourced by treaty | *123,067 | *35,318 | * 0 | *295 | *35,023 | *3,083 | *3 |
| TRANSPORTATION AND WAREHOUSING All income types | 2,574,162 | 437,532 | 87,769 | 121,549 | 403,753 | 167,498 | 23,619 |
| Passive income | 22,362 | 3,583 | 1,738 | 2 | 5,319 | 658 | 130 |
| High withholding tax interest | 8,314 | 2,240 | 0 | 173 | 2,067 | 2,067 | 0 |
| Financial services income | *4,348 | * 4 | *0 | *2 | *1 | *1 | *1 |
| Shipping income | *967,687 | *231,698 | * 0 | *61,995 | *169,702 | *87,586 | *4,814 |
| Dividends from an IC-DISC or former DISC [1] | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Miscellaneous separately calculated limitation income | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Distributions from a FSC or former FSC [2] | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| General limitation income | 1,571,451 | 200,008 | 86,031 | 59,376 | 226,663 | 77,185 | 18,673 |
| Section 901(j) income | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Income resourced by treaty | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |

Table 2. U.S. Corporation Income Tax Returns with a Foreign Tax Credit, 2005: Foreign Income, Deductions, and Taxes, by Industrial Sector and by Type of Foreign Income for Which Separate Credit Was Computed-Continued
[All figures are estimates based on a sample-money amounts are in thousands of dollars]

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## Corporate Foreign Tax Credit, 2005

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Table 2. U.S. Corporation Income Tax Returns with a Foreign Tax Credit, 2005: Foreign Income, Deductions, and Taxes, by Industrial Sector and by Type of Foreign Income for Which Separate Credit Was Computed-Continued
[All figures are estimates based on a sample -money amounts are in thousands of dollars]


Table 2. U.S. Corporation Income Tax Returns with a Foreign Tax Credit, 2005: Foreign Income, Deductions, and Taxes, by Industrial Sector and by Type of Foreign Income for Which Separate Credit Was Computed-Continued

| Industrial sector and type of foreign income for which separate credit was computed | Foreign income and taxes reported on Form 1118-continued |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Foreign taxes available for credit-continued |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | Foreign taxes paid or accrued-continued |  |  |  |  |  | Taxes deemed paid |
|  | Taxes withheld at source on-continued |  | Other taxes paid or accrued on- |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  | Branch income | Specifically allocable income [section 863(b)] | Service income | Other income |  |
|  | Interest | Rents, royalties, and license fees |  |  |  |  |  |
| All income types CONSTRUCTION | (31) | (32) | (33) | (34) | (35) | (36) | (37) |
|  |  |  | 4,083 |  | 30,170 | 9,349 | 64,615 |
|  | 170 | 12,690 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Passive income | 96 | 6,175 | d | 0 | 0 | 7,143 | 1,100 |
| High withholding tax interest | d | d |  | d | 0 | d | d |
| Financial services income | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |  | 0 | 0 |
| Shipping income | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |  | 0 |
| Dividends from an IC-DISC or former DISC [1] | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Miscellaneous separately calculated limitation income | d | d | d | d | d | d | d |
| Distributions from a FSC or former FSC [2] | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| General limitation income | 73 | 6,515 | 4,083 | 0 | 30,170 | 2,205 | 63,515 |
| Section 901(j) income | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Income resourced by treaty | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| MANUFACTURING |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| All income types | 179,153 | 2,466,159 | 2,206,827 | 49,385 | 98,527 | 20,017,936 | 54,874,292 |
| Passive income | 34,431 | 11,576 | 9,107 | 0 | 54 | 54,675 | 687,375 |
| High withholding tax interest | 39,926 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1,355 |
| Financial services income | 9,111 | 200 | 45,611 | 0 | 1,689 | 249,777 | 263,427 |
| Shipping income | [7] | 0 | 0 | 0 | 212 | 10,584 | 46,952 |
| Dividends from an IC-DISC or former DISC [1] | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Miscellaneous separately calculated limitation income | *0 | *14 | *0 | * 0 | *3 | * 0 | *0 |
| Distributions from a FSC or former FSC [2] | *0 | *0 | *0 | * 0 | * 0 | *0 | *0 |
| General limitation income | 95,685 | 2,453,428 | 2,151,192 | 49,385 | 96,570 | 19,702,900 | 53,853,151 |
| Section 901() income | 0 | 283 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 2 |
| Income resourced by treaty | 0 | 657 | 917 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 22,031 |
| WHOLESALE AND RETAIL TRADE <br> All income types | 61,318 | 181,990 | 324,022 | 771 | 9,064 | 124,677 | 3,986,289 |
| Passive income | 7,453 | 19,604 | 93 | 0 | 24 | 11,193 | 82,114 |
| High withholding tax interest | 4,838 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Financial services income | 1,827 | 0 | 14,796 | 0 | 0 | 9,893 | 140,947 |
| Shipping income | * | * 0 | [7] | * | * 0 | *412 | *1,076 |
| Dividends from an IC-DISC or former DISC [1] | *0 | *0 | *0 | *0 | *0 | * | *0 |
| Miscellaneous separately calculated limitation income | d | d | d | d | d | d | d |
| Distributions from a FSC or former FSC [2] | d | d | d | d | d | d | d |
| General limitation income | 47,198 | 162,384 | 307,158 | 771 | 9,034 | 102,080 | 3,730,210 |
| Section 901() income | d | d | d | d | d | d | d |
| Income resourced by treaty | *0 | *0 | *1,975 | *0 | *6 | *1,099 | *31,941 |
| TRANSPORTATION AND WAREHOUSING All income types | 4,427 | 22,478 | 63,270 | 1,607 | 38,103 | 13,992 | 236,255 |
| Passive income | 183 | 98 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 246 | 4,661 |
| High withholding tax interest | 2,067 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Financial services income | *0 | * 0 | *0 | * 0 | * 0 | *0 | *0 |
| Shipping income | *1,265 | *11,757 | *57,526 | *1,597 | *0 | *10,626 | *82,116 |
| Dividends from an IC-DISC or former DISC [1] | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Miscellaneous separately calculated limitation income | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Distributions from a FSC or former FSC [2] | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| General limitation income | 912 | 10,622 | 5,744 | 10 | 38,103 | 3,119 | 149,478 |
| Section 901() income | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Income resourced by treaty | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |

Footnotes at end of table.

## Corporate Foreign Tax Credit, 2005

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Table 2. U.S. Corporation Income Tax Returns with a Foreign Tax Credit, 2005: Foreign Income, Deductions, and Taxes, by Industrial Sector and by Type of Foreign Income for Which Separate Credit Was Computed-Continued


* Data should be used with caution because of the small number of sample returns on which they were based
d-Not shown to avoid disclosure of information about specific taxpayers. However, the data are included in the appropriate totals.
[1] Interest-Charge Domestic International Sales Corporation (IC-DISC) and Domestic International Sales Corporation (DISC).
[2] Foreign Sales Corporation (FSC).
[3] Number of returns from each income type does not sum to the amount for all income types as corporations can have more than one income type.
[4] Included in gross income (less loss) shown in columns 2-8.
[5] Column 32 exceeds the sum of columns 33 through 35 because some corporations do not file a Schedule H to support the not allocable deductions reported on Schedule A
[6] Included in deductions shown in columns 11-20.
[7] Less than $\$ 500$.
NOTE: Detail may not add to totals because of rounding.

Table 3. U.S. Corporation Income Tax Returns with a Foreign Tax Credit, 2005: Foreign Income, Deductions, and Taxes Reported on Form 1118, by Selected Country to Which Foreign Taxes Were Paid
[All figures are estimates based on a sample-money amounts are in thousands of dollars]

| Selected country | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Number } \\ & \text { of } \\ & \text { returns } \end{aligned}$ | Foreign income and taxes reported on Form 1118 |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Gross income (less loss) |  |  |  |  |
|  |  | Total | Dividends | Foreign dividend income from foreign taxes deemed paid (gross-up) | Interest | Rents, royalties, and license fees |
|  | (1) | (2) | (3) | (4) | (5) | (6) |
| All geographic areas | 5,837 | 914,741,013 | 397,776,032 | 60,552,267 | 84,522,193 | 98,517,129 |
| Canada | 1,919 | 64,438,322 | 28,659,604 | 6,584,409 | 6,116,519 | 6,815,250 |
| Latin America, total | 1,374 | 69,259,510 | 24,066,567 | 5,448,784 | 8,785,252 | 9,728,309 |
| Mexico | 1,000 | 15,458,900 | 4,761,556 | 1,469,664 | 1,284,059 | 3,285,360 |
| Central America, total | 298 | 2,065,050 | 1,002,011 | 79,882 | 280,814 | 227,436 |
| Costa Rica | 152 | 354,661 | 171,308 | 10,390 | 25,498 | 94,624 |
| El Salvador | 119 | 170,382 | 45,567 | 5,066 | 50,274 | 25,869 |
| Guatemala | 140 | 313,215 | 84,585 | 16,788 | 33,710 | 31,082 |
| Honduras | 116 | 158,786 | 81,465 | 11,864 | 22,353 | 9,456 |
| Nicaragua | 64 | 27,604 | 123 | 56 | 4,831 | 4,327 |
| Panama (including Canal Zone) | 181 | 1,031,308 | 617,957 | 35,592 | 142,334 | 61,529 |
| Other Central American countries | 38 | 9094 | 1005 | 126 | 1814 | 550 |
| Caribbean countries, total | 379 | 22,767,424 | 13,389,208 | 2,425,955 | 3,940,925 | 563,061 |
| Barbados | 97 | 1,132,402 | 1,025,740 | 9,535 | 12,345 | 49,289 |
| Cayman Islands (British) | 216 | 18,833,959 | 12,003,900 | 2,365,935 | 3,712,274 | 412,257 |
| Dominican Republic | 167 | 338,432 | 118,810 | 3,895 | 92,113 | 26,549 |
| Haiti | 39 | 46,695 | 166 | 31 | 6,740 | 828 |
| Jamaica | 101 | 208,841 | 4,816 | 2,239 | 49,768 | 15,407 |
| Trinidad and Tobago | 124 | 2,168,743 | 235,072 | 44,319 | 67,602 | 56,081 |
| Other Caribbean countries | 40 | 38,351 | 704 | 0 | 84 | 2,649 |
| South America, total | 853 | 28,905,496 | 4,913,791 | 1,473,283 | 3,278,757 | 5,646,364 |
| Argentina | 331 | 5,455,736 | 725,161 | 433,081 | 580,169 | 2,100,976 |
| Bolivia | 84 | 92,780 | 14,432 | 2,352 | 4,188 | 3,402 |
| Brazil | 592 | 7,973,592 | 2,120,774 | 487,198 | 1,375,962 | 1,282,284 |
| Chile | 367 | 5,358,581 | 842,682 | 129,491 | 636,972 | 147,185 |
| Colombia | 368 | 1,793,879 | 147,066 | 75,560 | 171,331 | 190,082 |
| Ecuador | 199 | 827,260 | 56,209 | 17,127 | 26,316 | 25,833 |
| Paraguay | 63 | 63,680 | 34,814 | 14,845 | 8,259 | 2,421 |
| Peru | 229 | 3,099,443 | 298,795 | 67,369 | 123,333 | 1,668,228 |
| Uruguay | 110 | 190,575 | 56,621 | 4,476 | 54,398 | 20,309 |
| Venezuela | 264 | 3,884,927 | 568,609 | 215,697 | 292,206 | 203,859 |
| Other South American countries | 40 | 165,042 | 48,628 | 26,087 | 5,623 | 1,786 |
| Latin America not allocable | *8 | *62,641 | * 0 | * 0 | *696 | *6,088 |
| Other Western Hemisphere, total | 360 | 44,973,630 | 36,760,814 | 2,467,524 | 1,573,359 | 1,963,364 |
| Bahamas | 125 | 3,961,339 | 2,199,381 | 1,095,585 | 397,765 | 21,043 |
| Bermuda | 246 | 31,543,837 | 26,149,362 | 1,128,358 | 887,272 | 1,909,192 |
| British Virgin Islands | 98 | 5,331,226 | 4,734,805 | 120,057 | 100,214 | 4,946 |
| Netherlands Antilles | 92 | 3,948,124 | 3,606,812 | 117,937 | 166,630 | 13,943 |
| All other Western Hemisphere | 102 | 189,105 | 70,454 | 5,588 | 21,478 | 14,241 |
| Europe, total | 2,129 | 462,001,208 | 254,440,062 | 33,597,241 | 40,878,388 | 40,020,054 |
| European Union, total | 2,041 | 385,124,507 | 212,328,281 | 28,076,023 | 38,235,069 | 35,264,759 |
| Austria | 231 | 2,307,307 | 670,298 | 106,030 | 82,452 | 723,544 |
| Belgium | 337 | 7,583,049 | 1,980,444 | 565,592 | 549,746 | 887,478 |
| Czech Republic | 159 | 2,917,143 | 220,205 | 105,478 | 36,528 | 2,125,700 |
| Denmark | 245 | 3,215,380 | 817,337 | 823,453 | 126,336 | 243,979 |
| Finland | 277 | 1,171,535 | 415,208 | 174,168 | 109,157 | 222,784 |
| France | 636 | 12,686,432 | 3,507,348 | 1,017,704 | 1,614,096 | 2,904,195 |
| Germany | 654 | 24,635,711 | 5,135,882 | 1,636,112 | 1,506,170 | 6,061,502 |
| Greece | 182 | 401,645 | 133,893 | 62,372 | 22,249 | 131,788 |

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Table 3. U.S. Corporation Income Tax Returns with a Foreign Tax Credit, 2005: Foreign Income, Deductions, and Taxes Reported on Form 1118, by Selected Country to Which Foreign Taxes Were Paid-Continued
[All figures are estimates based on a sample-money amounts are in thousands of dollars]

| Selected country | Number of returns | Foreign income and taxes reported on Form 1118 |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Gross income (less loss) |  |  |  |  |
|  |  | Total | Dividends | Foreign dividend income from foreign taxes deemed paid (gross-up) | Interest | Rents, royalties, and license fees |
|  | (1) | (2) | (3) | (4) | (5) | (6) |
| Europe, total-continued <br> European Union, total-continued Hungary | 173 | 1,592,618 | 886,930 | 43,835 | 33,679 | 529,481 |
| Ireland | 333 | 43,723,717 | 32,936,486 | 990,108 | 397,438 | 6,944,895 |
| Italy | 486 | 7,405,082 | 1,772,149 | 952,749 | 401,048 | 1,601,868 |
| Luxembourg | 193 | 32,307,503 | 26,292,773 | 3,976,946 | 1,288,184 | 282,246 |
| Netherlands | 886 | 113,940,989 | 97,615,742 | 7,014,996 | 2,137,137 | 3,764,594 |
| Poland | 233 | 1,118,764 | 413,149 | 136,422 | 89,189 | 233,777 |
| Portugal (including Azores) | 211 | 2,106,564 | 1,143,661 | 576,702 | 31,463 | 170,413 |
| Spain (including Canary Islands) | 443 | 11,447,085 | 6,498,437 | 2,311,304 | 231,236 | 1,081,017 |
| Sweden | 318 | 4,585,432 | 2,232,434 | 161,633 | 255,205 | 1,457,488 |
| United Kingdom and Northern Ireland | 1,189 | 111,036,358 | 29,072,507 | 7,366,104 | 29,287,751 | 5,788,958 |
| Other European Union countries | 171 | 942,194 | 583,395 | 54,313 | 36,003 | 109,050 |
| Other European countries, total | 621 | 76,876,701 | 42,111,781 | 5,521,218 | 2,643,319 | 4,755,295 |
| Jersey | 32 | 1,797,538 | 435,594 | 19,781 | 389,958 | 11,919 |
| Kazakhstan | 76 | 3,703,809 | 14,689 | 3,042 | 257,247 | 8,508 |
| Norway | 217 | 14,656,351 | 888,356 | 1,776,190 | 887,044 | 108,328 |
| Romania | 101 | 237,718 | 88,297 | 21,784 | 4,393 | 35,483 |
| Russia | 203 | 2,553,640 | 67,927 | 10,896 | 261,612 | 247,867 |
| Switzerland | 460 | 50,381,902 | 39,206,151 | 3,573,624 | 450,348 | 3,708,931 |
| Turkey | 190 | 1,059,838 | 286,843 | 76,506 | 252,571 | 43,447 |
| Ukraine | 71 | 188,539 | 19,464 | 11,352 | 31,456 | 24,379 |
| Other European countries | 203 | 2,297,366 | 1,104,460 | 28,041 | 108,690 | 566,433 |
| Africa, total | 454 | 17,885,584 | 3,631,623 | 1,486,702 | 1,093,962 | 478,693 |
| Algeria | 39 | 98,506 | 15,190 | 0 | 19,058 | 824 |
| Angola | 51 | 3,296,773 | 2,080,237 | 1,029,781 | 801 | 105 |
| Chad | 13 | 984,453 | 211,720 | 8,629 | 7,037 | 440 |
| Egypt | 140 | 1,419,141 | 40,235 | 12,487 | 125,513 | 80,424 |
| Equatorial Guinea | 15 | 3,044,026 | 180,111 | 15,493 | 20 | 4,033 |
| Gabon | 18 | 222,354 | 84,087 | 26,136 | 6,686 | 200 |
| Mauritius | 70 | 192,322 | 66,772 | 4,274 | 33,361 | 16,183 |
| Nigeria | 89 | 5,023,363 | 87,166 | 64,315 | 515,593 | 12,743 |
| South Africa | 294 | 2,191,940 | 636,290 | 273,956 | 280,583 | 264,546 |
| Other African countries | 205 | 1,412,705 | 229,816 | 51,630 | 105,310 | 99,197 |
| Asia, total | 1,574 | 132,742,389 | 35,529,867 | 8,955,255 | 10,100,874 | 22,640,426 |
| Middle East, total | 430 | 11,723,360 | 1,103,866 | 106,196 | 750,806 | 542,678 |
| Bahrain | 73 | 430,544 | 12,480 | 297 | 254,477 | 4,429 |
| Iraq | 34 | 880,533 | 0 | 0 | 510 | 40,567 |
| Israel | 300 | 1,187,976 | 617,643 | 63,252 | 154,553 | 118,383 |
| Kuwait | 82 | 506,636 | 202,584 | 2,118 | 189 | 69,962 |
| Lebanon | 78 | 30,071 | 1,628 | 64 | 8,141 | 8,742 |
| Qatar | 83 | 1,710,045 | 4,391 | 0 | 97,399 | 32,049 |
| Saudi Arabia | 152 | 4,184,261 | 70,196 | 4,403 | 90,891 | 124,038 |
| United Arab Emirates | 142 | 1,676,610 | 105,492 | 16,674 | 135,169 | 94,033 |
| Yemen | 23 | 848,357 | 71,709 | 18,947 | 225 | 4,225 |
| Other Middle East countries | 104 | 268,327 | 17,743 | 440 | 9,252 | 46,248 |

Footnotes at end of table.

## Corporate Foreign Tax Credit, 2005

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Table 3. U.S. Corporation Income Tax Returns with a Foreign Tax Credit, 2005: Foreign Income, Deductions, and Taxes Reported on Form 1118, by Selected Country to Which Foreign Taxes Were Paid—Continued
[All figures are estimates based on a sample-money amounts are in thousands of dollars]

| Selected country | Number <br> of returns | Foreign income and taxes reported on Form 1118 |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Gross income (less loss) |  |  |  |  |
|  |  | Total | Dividends | Foreign dividend income from foreign taxes deemed paid (gross-up) | Interest | Rents, royalties, and license fees |
|  | (1) | (2) | (3) | (4) | (5) | (6) |
| Asia, total-continued |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Bangladesh | 35 | 74,263 | 841 | 1,037 | 17,115 | 1,244 |
| India | 406 | 3,336,431 | 887,208 | 218,356 | 854,812 | 272,964 |
| Indonesia | 232 | 6,218,701 | 663,706 | 351,761 | 404,701 | 136,018 |
| Malaysia | 317 | 7,707,017 | 3,562,434 | 127,015 | 187,707 | 1,431,309 |
| Pakistan | 97 | 522,211 | 19,557 | 18,064 | 102,128 | 6,318 |
| Philippines | 263 | 3,418,405 | 1,276,335 | 268,514 | 425,211 | 181,582 |
| Singapore | 493 | 15,436,220 | 8,240,420 | 881,240 | 769,496 | 1,757,163 |
| Sri Lanka | 52 | 66,642 | 17,087 | 3,647 | 14,138 | 5,693 |
| Thailand | 345 | 3,453,933 | 1,297,096 | 426,584 | 526,914 | 254,609 |
| Vietnam | 84 | 116,726 | 4,248 | 630 | 21,483 | 13,020 |
| Other Southern and Southeast Asian countries | 88 | 446,065 | 8,703 | 278 | 8,668 | 54,401 |
| Eastern Asia, total | 1,294 | 79,000,787 | 18,414,990 | 6,548,566 | 5,370,699 | 17,488,466 |
| China | 519 | 13,438,712 | 3,438,102 | 201,096 | 446,927 | 6,128,565 |
| Hong Kong | 447 | 12,493,931 | 5,441,050 | 430,397 | 1,535,278 | 602,657 |
| Japan (including Okinawa and Ryukyu Islands) | 921 | 38,028,230 | 6,336,759 | 5,057,327 | 1,897,548 | 8,475,184 |
| South Korea, Republic of | 461 | 5,722,078 | 1,640,215 | 457,738 | 472,356 | 1,446,388 |
| Taiwan | 403 | 9,222,062 | 1,558,863 | 402,008 | 1,018,351 | 766,927 |
| Other Eastern Asian countries | 46 | 95,775 | 0 | 0 | 239 | 68,746 |
| Asia not allocable | 14 | 124,628 | 39,141 | 3,366 | 1,914 | 48,982 |
| Oceania, total | 767 | 19,114,918 | 6,340,811 | 1,279,816 | 3,074,646 | 2,046,194 |
| Australia | 672 | 16,795,504 | 5,534,706 | 1,119,182 | 2,515,911 | 1,874,774 |
| New Zealand | 334 | 1,960,210 | 606,623 | 158,889 | 547,009 | 167,899 |
| Other countries of Oceania | 94 | 359,205 | 199,483 | 1,745 | 11,726 | 3,521 |
| Puerto Rico and U.S. Possessions, total | 499 | 17,449,466 | 4,519,792 | 110,103 | 1,297,945 | 7,526,338 |
| Puerto Rico | 445 | 16,810,606 | 4,468,952 | 97,756 | 1,141,079 | 7,502,276 |
| U.S. Possessions, total | 170 | 638,860 | 50,840 | 12,347 | 156,866 | 24,062 |
| American Samoa | 21 | 11,306 | 1,462 | 747 | 6,083 | 575 |
| Guam | 121 | 371,761 | 34,686 | 8,866 | 112,203 | 9,395 |
| Virgin Islands, U.S. | 96 | 231,835 | 13,084 | 2,700 | 19,469 | 13,303 |
| Other U.S. Possessions | 18 | 23,958 | 1,606 | 34 | 19,112 | 789 |
| Country not stated | 2,591 | 47,766,441 | 2,162,490 | 622,434 | 12,205,472 | 7,698,956 |
| Section 863 income [1] | 311 | 38,547,906 | 0 | 0 | 40,859 | 45,524 |
| Foreign Sales Corporation dividends [1] | *9 | *1,657,421 | *1,657,421 | * 0 | *0 | * 0 |
| Interest-Charge Domestic International Sales Corporation dividends [1] | 47 | 1,218 | 1,218 | 0 | 0 | 0 |

dividends [1]
Footnotes at end of table.

## Corporate Foreign Tax Credit, 2005

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Table 3. U.S. Corporation Income Tax Returns with a Foreign Tax Credit, 2005: Foreign Income, Deductions, and Taxes Reported on Form 1118, by Selected Country to Which Foreign Taxes Were Paid—Continued [All figures are estimates based on a sample-money amounts are in thousands of dollars]

| Selected country | Foreign income and taxes reported on Form 1118-continued |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Gross income (less loss)-continued |  |  |  | Total deductions | Deductions from oil and gas extraction income [3] |
|  | Service income | Other income | Oil and gas extraction income [2] | Foreign branch income [2] |  |  |
|  | (7) | (8) | (9) | (10) | (11) | (12) |
| All geographic areas | 28,708,344 | 244,665,047 | 67,647,545 | 122,056,453 | 512,833,409 | 12,595,373 |
| Canada | 2,117,596 | 14,144,945 | 3,338,491 | 7,411,248 | 33,220,889 | 934,317 |
| Latin America, total | 1,765,131 | 19,465,467 | 6,995,258 | 9,096,034 | 35,167,785 | 1,643,301 |
| Mexico | 711,730 | 3,946,530 | 80 | 2,011,798 | 6,812,120 | 63 |
| Central America, total | 52,420 | 422,488 | 8 | 156,982 | 1,236,045 | -16 |
| Costa Rica | 6,924 | 45,917 | 0 | 24,356 | 214,601 | 0 |
| El Salvador | 5,962 | 37,643 | 0 | 11,256 | 92,770 | 0 |
| Guatemala | 23,680 | 123,372 | 0 | 20,772 | 233,865 | -16 |
| Honduras | 2,837 | 30,811 | 0 | 6,406 | 81,302 | 0 |
| Nicaragua | 839 | 17,429 | 0 | 132 | 8,645 | 0 |
| Panama (including Canal Zone) | 7,663 | 166,232 | 8 | 92,539 | 599,440 | 0 |
| Other Central American countries | 4514 | 1085 | 0 | 1521 | 5421 | 0 |
| Caribbean countries, total | 155,396 | 2,292,878 | 2,174,805 | 535,014 | 13,470,547 | 498,367 |
| Barbados | 2,214 | 33,279 | 258 | 8,887 | 861,659 | 0 |
| Cayman Islands (British) | 40,058 | 299,535 | 945,397 | 203,137 | 11,093,323 | 32,662 |
| Dominican Republic | 5,685 | 91,379 | 0 | 98,837 | 232,667 | 0 |
| Haiti | 5,366 | 33,565 | 0 | 34,263 | 32,559 | 0 |
| Jamaica | 76,982 | 59,629 | 0 | 87,775 | 215,848 | 0 |
| Trinidad and Tobago | 8,829 | 1,756,840 | 1,229,150 | 104,364 | 901,419 | 465,705 |
| Other Caribbean countries | 16,264 | 18,651 | 0 | -2,250 | 133,073 | 0 |
| South America, total | 845,585 | 12,747,715 | 4,820,364 | 6,387,306 | 13,604,276 | 1,144,886 |
| Argentina | 73,599 | 1,542,750 | 1,529,057 | 724,191 | 3,999,155 | 577,166 |
| Bolivia | 3,447 | 64,959 | 1,032 | 12,938 | 81,457 | 37 |
| Brazil | 329,108 | 2,378,268 | 103,740 | 1,161,010 | 3,939,774 | 45,154 |
| Chile | 26,808 | 3,575,443 | 13,976 | 598,480 | 1,978,069 | 0 |
| Colombia | 213,041 | 996,799 | 477,778 | 242,443 | 960,732 | 182,962 |
| Ecuador | 40,324 | 661,450 | 31,954 | 96,388 | 333,291 | 50,824 |
| Paraguay | 325 | 3,017 | 0 | 6,387 | 16,736 | 0 |
| Peru | 100,483 | 841,235 | 279,495 | 1,898,664 | 1,093,984 | 5,936 |
| Uruguay | 6,166 | 48,604 | 0 | 67,210 | 122,615 | 0 |
| Venezuela | 41,832 | 2,562,724 | 2,383,331 | 1,518,052 | 969,975 | 282,807 |
| Other South American countries | 10,452 | 72,466 | 0 | 61,545 | 108,488 | 0 |
| Latin America not allocable | *0 | *55,856 | *0 | *4,935 | *44,797 | *0 |
| Other Western Hemisphere, total | 189,056 | 2,019,513 | 416,602 | 1,322,350 | 26,738,167 | 31,965 |
| Bahamas | 4,697 | 242,868 | 92,551 | 1,202,385 | 1,253,243 | 206 |
| Bermuda | 146,751 | 1,322,902 | 324,052 | 51,664 | 18,962,103 | 31,760 |
| British Virgin Islands | 588 | 370,615 | 0 | 37,395 | 2,832,729 | 0 |
| Netherlands Antilles | 14,421 | 28,381 | 0 | 7,661 | 3,570,127 | 0 |
| All other Western Hemisphere | 22,598 | 54,747 | 0 | 23,245 | 119,965 | 0 |
| Europe, total | 11,701,493 | 81,363,971 | 33,348,372 | 56,575,908 | 257,979,255 | 5,841,365 |
| European Union, total | 11,009,413 | 60,210,963 | 19,618,053 | 48,929,518 | 221,118,453 | 3,506,899 |
| Austria | 43,579 | 681,404 | 11 | 385,696 | 2,040,800 | 17 |
| Belgium | 179,644 | 3,420,145 | 14 | 994,481 | 4,425,683 | 134 |
| Czech Republic | 32,167 | 397,065 | 0 | 351,430 | 915,555 | 0 |
| Denmark | 39,104 | 1,165,170 | 1,792,397 | 298,232 | 875,032 | 52,724 |
| Finland | 33,332 | 216,885 | 62 | 122,619 | 410,010 | 61 |
| France | 943,382 | 2,699,707 | 7,525 | 1,456,515 | 7,472,390 | 7,310 |
| Germany | 2,793,704 | 7,502,341 | 787 | 7,405,804 | 16,086,483 | 375 |
| Greece | 82,168 | -30,826 | 43 | 33,093 | 308,464 | 42 |

Footnotes at end of table.

## Corporate Foreign Tax Credit, 2005

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Table 3. U.S. Corporation Income Tax Returns with a Foreign Tax Credit, 2005: Foreign Income, Deductions, and Taxes Reported on Form 1118, by Selected Country to Which Foreign Taxes Were Paid—Continued
[All figures are estimates based on a sample-money amounts are in thousands of dollars]

| Selected country | Foreign income and taxes reported on Form 1118-continued |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Gross income (less loss)-continued |  |  |  | Total deductions | Deductions from oil and gas extraction income [3] |
|  | Service income | Other income | Oil and gas extraction income [2] | Foreign branch income [2] |  |  |
|  | (7) | (8) | (9) | (10) | (11) | (12) |
| Europe, total-continued <br> European Union, total-continued Hungary | 16,182 | 82,511 | 9 | 54,841 | 539,922 | 9 |
| Ireland | 318,828 | 2,135,963 | 59 | 721,733 | 21,242,797 | 0 |
| Italy | 972,120 | 1,705,149 | 7,160 | 1,232,612 | 4,039,186 | 2,375 |
| Luxembourg | 1,747 | 465,607 | 1,030,512 | 291,427 | 16,724,766 | 0 |
| Netherlands | 403,518 | 3,005,001 | 486,662 | 1,948,721 | 77,156,744 | 121,925 |
| Poland | 40,400 | 205,826 | 0 | 241,223 | 508,321 | 0 |
| Portugal (including Azores) | 17,969 | 166,355 | 1,178,909 | 102,384 | 424,485 | 27,167 |
| Spain (including Canary Islands) | 309,192 | 1,015,897 | 1,302,240 | 705,411 | 3,598,882 | 2,739 |
| Sweden | 65,282 | 413,390 | 28 | 315,506 | 2,921,759 | 27 |
| United Kingdom and Northern Ireland | 4,695,432 | 34,825,606 | 13,811,634 | 32,141,055 | 60,768,211 | 3,291,988 |
| Other European Union countries | 21,664 | 137,769 | 0 | 126,736 | 658,964 | 7 |
| Other European countries, total | 692,080 | 21,153,009 | 13,730,319 | 7,646,390 | 36,860,802 | 2,334,467 |
| Jersey | 0 | 940,286 | 0 | 1,538,310 | 971,471 | 0 |
| Kazakhstan | 104,223 | 3,316,100 | 3,277,365 | 15,015 | 634,316 | 256,902 |
| Norway | 76,393 | 10,920,040 | 10,276,675 | 2,516,083 | 3,051,846 | 2,021,734 |
| Romania | 31,271 | 56,489 | 914 | 61,941 | 113,707 | 888 |
| Russia | 92,178 | 1,873,160 | 64,292 | 1,719,078 | 1,926,598 | 52,436 |
| Switzerland | 274,169 | 3,168,678 | 39 | 1,378,543 | 27,694,464 | 69 |
| Turkey | 19,119 | 381,352 | 535 | 253,413 | 515,919 | 561 |
| Ukraine | 5,194 | 96,695 | 0 | 49,457 | 111,078 | 0 |
| Other European countries | 89,533 | 400,209 | 110,499 | 114,549 | 1,841,402 | 1,877 |
| Africa, total | 579,200 | 10,615,403 | 11,880,595 | 2,327,032 | 4,373,627 | 1,910,649 |
| Algeria | 3,080 | 60,355 | 222 | 23,382 | 53,284 | 726 |
| Angola | 33,732 | 152,118 | 3,207,214 | 27,732 | 243,288 | 164,456 |
| Chad | 227 | 756,400 | 937,004 | 9,665 | 204,747 | 192,270 |
| Egypt | 107,282 | 1,053,201 | 692,999 | 326,379 | 908,728 | 415,528 |
| Equatorial Guinea | 8,745 | 2,835,624 | 2,893,914 | 467,029 | 829,485 | 591,639 |
| Gabon | 86,173 | 19,073 | 177,432 | 109,642 | 35,404 | 15,153 |
| Mauritius | 985 | 70,746 | 0 | 65 | 118,098 | 0 |
| Nigeria | 27,336 | 4,316,210 | 3,709,688 | 192,154 | 564,898 | 410,693 |
| South Africa | 80,497 | 656,068 | 132 | 723,896 | 819,651 | 128 |
| Other African countries | 231,143 | 695,610 | 261,990 | 447,087 | 596,044 | 120,056 |
| Asia, total | 4,493,641 | 51,022,326 | 9,784,786 | 34,127,875 | 71,336,675 | 1,889,345 |
| Middle East, total | 1,390,499 | 7,829,315 | 3,126,560 | 1,628,067 | 5,125,480 | 519,238 |
| Bahrain | 59,353 | 99,507 | -1,326 | 44,379 | 300,286 | -3,815 |
| Iraq | 736,634 | 102,822 | 0 | 182,688 | 713,295 | 0 |
| Israel | 102,497 | 131,648 | 0 | 301,893 | 954,559 | 15,339 |
| Kuwait | 103,401 | 128,380 | 38,651 | 54,218 | 196,415 | 18,800 |
| Lebanon | 703 | 10,792 | 0 | 9,546 | 32,255 | 0 |
| Qatar | 71,107 | 1,505,099 | 1,029,445 | 59,639 | 375,808 | 113,223 |
| Saudi Arabia | 137,703 | 3,757,031 | 1,449,758 | 220,312 | 906,777 | 142,420 |
| United Arab Emirates | 42,201 | 1,283,041 | 223,181 | 594,456 | 1,205,231 | 107,260 |
| Yemen | 165 | 753,086 | 386,838 | 97,741 | 260,465 | 125,856 |
| Other Middle East countries | 136,735 | 57,908 | 14 | 63,194 | 180,388 | 154 |

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Table 3. U.S. Corporation Income Tax Returns with a Foreign Tax Credit, 2005: Foreign Income, Deductions, and Taxes Reported on Form 1118, by Selected Country to Which Foreign Taxes Were Paid-Continued
[All figures are estimates based on a sample-money amounts are in thousands of dollars]

| Selected country | Foreign income and taxes reported on Form 1118-continued |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Gross income (less loss)-continued |  |  |  | Total deductions | Deductions from <br> oil and gas extraction income [3] |
|  | Service income | Other income | Oil and gas extraction income [2] | Foreign branch income [2] |  |  |
|  | (7) | (8) | (9) | (10) | (11) | (12) |
| Asia, total-continued |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Bangladesh | 565 | 53,461 | 0 | 45,491 | 52,078 | 0 |
| India | 190,037 | 913,054 | 34 | 1,330,848 | 2,019,887 | 32 |
| Indonesia | 36,419 | 4,626,097 | 1,989,789 | 759,936 | 2,360,287 | 520,467 |
| Malaysia | 30,742 | 2,367,810 | 1,228,248 | 220,744 | 4,295,603 | 184,338 |
| Pakistan | 10,431 | 365,713 | 119,888 | 167,540 | 273,433 | 41,242 |
| Philippines | 51,767 | 1,214,996 | 1,596,504 | 631,623 | 1,038,748 | 24,620 |
| Singapore | 422,696 | 3,365,206 | 1,420 | 2,179,286 | 8,922,789 | 1,386 |
| Sri Lanka | 1,967 | 24,109 | 0 | 22,052 | 31,477 | 0 |
| Thailand | 65,376 | 883,355 | 1,049,104 | 641,238 | 1,654,510 | 127,414 |
| Vietnam | 6,289 | 71,056 | 335 | 36,757 | 116,784 | -626 |
| Other Southern and Southeast Asian countries | 313,176 | 60,840 | 1 | 61,940 | 315,145 | 1 |
| Eastern Asia, total | 1,972,514 | 29,205,553 | 672,902 | 26,341,814 | 44,050,339 | 122,192 |
| China | 335,869 | 2,888,153 | 661,567 | 2,089,314 | 6,458,386 | 111,950 |
| Hong Kong | 530,408 | 3,954,140 | 227 | 2,675,758 | 8,819,004 | 178 |
| Japan (including Okinawa and Ryukyu Islands) | 383,928 | 15,877,484 | 8,453 | 15,025,792 | 19,702,308 | 7,485 |
| South Korea, Republic of | 327,528 | 1,377,853 | 2,656 | 968,564 | 2,403,146 | 2,580 |
| Taiwan | 393,580 | 5,082,333 | 0 | 5,581,279 | 6,608,303 | 0 |
| Other Eastern Asian countries | 1,201 | 25,590 | 0 | 1,106 | 59,192 | 0 |
| Asia not allocable | 1,720 | 29,505 | 0 | 8,563 | 36,124 | 0 |
| Oceania, total | 419,382 | 5,954,069 | 1,843,477 | 3,209,163 | 9,326,745 | 248,635 |
| Australia | 392,926 | 5,358,006 | 1,740,023 | 2,941,194 | 8,236,348 | 240,116 |
| New Zealand | 25,025 | 454,765 | 0 | 158,146 | 1,047,297 | 5 |
| Other countries of Oceania | 1,431 | 141,299 | 103,454 | 109,824 | 43,100 | 8,514 |
| Puerto Rico and U.S. Possessions, total | 478,236 | 3,517,052 | 9 | 3,490,746 | 10,281,310 | 9 |
| Puerto Rico | 395,845 | 3,204,698 | 9 | 3,114,700 | 9,819,694 | 9 |
| U.S. Possessions, total | 82,390 | 312,354 | 0 | 376,046 | 461,615 | 0 |
| American Samoa | 750 | 1,689 | 0 | 5,546 | 5,336 | 0 |
| Guam | 44,470 | 162,141 | 0 | 227,108 | 250,783 | 0 |
| Virgin Islands, U.S. | 35,399 | 147,880 | 0 | 125,033 | 191,093 | 0 |
| Other U.S. Possessions | 1,771 | 645 | 0 | 18,360 | 14,403 | 0 |
| Country not stated | 5,793,055 | 19,284,035 | 39,956 | 4,535,450 | 42,473,990 | 444,827 |
| Section 863 income [1] | 1,170,998 | 37,290,524 | 0 | 12,625 | 21,705,238 | 0 |
| Foreign Sales Corporation dividends [1] | *0 | *0 | *0 | *0 | *1,273,576 | *0 |
| Interest-Charge Domestic International Sales Corporation dividends [1] | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 146 | 0 |

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Table 3. U.S. Corporation Income Tax Returns with a Foreign Tax Credit, 2005: Foreign Income, Deductions, and Taxes Reported on Form 1118, by Selected Country to Which Foreign Taxes Were Paid—Continued
[All figures are estimates based on a sample-money amounts are in thousands of dollars]

| Selected country | Foreign income and taxes reported on Form 1118-continued |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Taxable income (less loss) before adjustments | Total | Foreign taxes paid, accrued, and deemed paid |  |  |  |
|  |  |  | Foreign taxes paid or accrued |  |  |  |
|  |  |  | Total | Taxes withheld at source on: |  |  |
|  |  |  |  | Dividends | Interest | Rents, royalties, and license fees |
|  | (13) | (14) | (15) | (16) | (17) | (18) |
| All geographic areas | 401,907,604 | 111,609,398 | 38,973,691 | 3,150,287 | 1,071,103 | 3,702,391 |
| Canada | 31,217,434 | 10,493,302 | 2,506,884 | 573,070 | 138,259 | 181,387 |
| Latin America, total | 34,091,725 | 10,869,117 | 5,098,303 | 684,429 | 121,978 | 1,093,822 |
| Mexico | 8,646,779 | 2,379,410 | 727,218 | 21,270 | 37,415 | 199,163 |
| Central America, total | 829,005 | 142,731 | 49,737 | 1,910 | 1,215 | 17,927 |
| Costa Rica | 140,059 | 24,951 | 8,565 | 1,355 | 51 | 4,731 |
| El Salvador | 77,612 | 9,145 | 4,041 | 58 | 85 | 1,804 |
| Guatemala | 79,350 | 45,663 | 22,084 | 109 | 215 | 6,227 |
| Honduras | 77,484 | 16,023 | 4,159 | 99 | 495 | 1,534 |
| Nicaragua | 18,960 | 1,739 | 1,683 | 0 | 0 | 732 |
| Panama (including Canal Zone) | 431,867 | 44,884 | 9,006 | 138 | 368 | 2,898 |
| Other Central American countries | 3673 | 324 | 198 | 150 | 0 | 0 |
| Caribbean countries, total | 9,296,877 | 3,138,292 | 619,164 | 10,936 | 4,084 | 4,980 |
| Barbados | 270,743 | 16,169 | 6,015 | 1,918 | 9 | 66 |
| Cayman Islands (British) | 7,740,636 | 2,456,971 | 114 | 23 | 54 | 0 |
| Dominican Republic | 105,765 | 22,956 | 18,491 | 601 | 2,325 | 2,472 |
| Haiti | 14,137 | 7,200 | 7,168 | 32 | 92 | 21 |
| Jamaica | -7,006 | 21,811 | 18,510 | 1,004 | 1,599 | 714 |
| Trinidad and Tobago | 1,267,324 | 613,027 | 568,708 | 7,359 | 5 | 1,707 |
| Other Caribbean countries | -94,722 | 157 | 157 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| South America, total | 15,301,220 | 5,207,963 | 3,701,463 | 650,313 | 79,264 | 871,117 |
| Argentina | 1,456,582 | 838,280 | 399,640 | 468 | 6,766 | 180,239 |
| Bolivia | 11,322 | 6,344 | 3,692 | 726 | 114 | 374 |
| Brazil | 4,033,818 | 985,919 | 494,226 | 41,672 | 33,570 | 145,681 |
| Chile | 3,380,513 | 1,073,225 | 940,066 | 555,463 | 6,380 | 28,857 |
| Colombia | 833,147 | 353,577 | 270,325 | 8,007 | 20,462 | 43,506 |
| Ecuador | 493,969 | 131,942 | 114,815 | 1,962 | 863 | 5,965 |
| Paraguay | 46,945 | 17,652 | 2,807 | 1,149 | 529 | 173 |
| Peru | 2,005,459 | 797,674 | 721,559 | 34,513 | 2,743 | 456,132 |
| Uruguay | 67,960 | 13,398 | 8,819 | 0 | 0 | 1,776 |
| Venezuela | 2,914,952 | 781,081 | 563,352 | 2,687 | 7,838 | 8,412 |
| Other South American countries | 56,554 | 208,870 | 182,161 | 3,665 | 0 | 0 |
| Latin America not allocable | *17,843 | *721 | *721 | * | *0 | *635 |
| Other Western Hemisphere, total | 18,235,463 | 3,124,529 | 62,146 | 49,929 | 260 | 243 |
| Bahamas | 2,708,096 | 1,120,615 | 342 | 0 | 1 |  |
| Bermuda | 12,581,734 | 1,412,801 | 1,407 | 27 | 0 |  |
| British Virgin Islands | 2,498,497 | 192,858 | 42,320 | 41,820 | 211 | 18 |
| Netherlands Antilles | 377,997 | 376,575 | 2,249 | 199 | 0 |  |
| All other Western Hemisphere | 69,139 | 21,680 | 15,827 | 7,883 | 47 | 221 |
| Europe, total | 204,021,953 | 57,689,182 | 15,213,021 | 1,001,546 | 574,039 | 395,874 |
| European Union, total | 164,006,054 | 44,374,457 | 7,917,634 | 692,872 | 561,535 | 366,218 |
| Austria | 266,507 | 191,073 | 40,472 | 7,292 | 79 | 1,319 |
| Belgium | 3,157,367 | 804,645 | 168,747 | 18,871 | 2,114 | 1,859 |
| Czech Republic | 2,001,589 | 152,132 | 45,309 | 7,340 | 1 | 4,944 |
| Denmark | 2,340,347 | 1,248,284 | 388,302 | 2,118 | 9 | 512 |
| Finland | 761,524 | 197,333 | 22,644 | 4,022 | 28 | 9,109 |
| France | 5,214,042 | 1,768,767 | 460,192 | 103,185 | 16,749 | 52,352 |
| Germany | 8,549,227 | 2,805,814 | 754,410 | 54,346 | 23,907 | 28,885 |
| Greece | 93,181 | 86,546 | 16,760 | 113 | 1,987 | 1,595 |

[^85]
## Corporate Foreign Tax Credit, 2005

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Table 3. U.S. Corporation Income Tax Returns with a Foreign Tax Credit, 2005: Foreign Income, Deductions, and Taxes Reported on Form 1118, by Selected Country to Which Foreign Taxes Were Paid—Continued
[All figures are estimates based on a sample-money amounts are in thousands of dollars]

| Selected country | Foreign income and taxes reported on Form 1118-continued |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Taxable income (less loss) before adjustments | Total | Foreign taxes paid, accrued, and deemed paid |  |  |  |
|  |  |  | Foreign taxes paid or accrued |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  | Taxes withheld at source on: |  |  |
|  |  |  | Total | Dividends | Interest | Rents, royalties, and license fees |
|  | (13) | (14) | (15) | (16) | (17) | (18) |
| Europe, total-continued <br> European Union, total-continued Hungary | 1,052,696 | 61,763 | 9,719 | 6,584 | 307 | 1 |
| Ireland | 22,480,921 | 2,516,333 | 420,992 | 4,020 | 520 | 722 |
| Italy | 3,365,896 | 1,283,464 | 331,181 | 53,300 | 16,557 | 100,123 |
| Luxembourg | 15,582,737 | 4,372,407 | 98,985 | 6,010 | 319 | 7,693 |
| Netherlands | 36,784,245 | 12,285,306 | 397,321 | 74,534 | 1,464 | 2,489 |
| Poland | 610,443 | 192,457 | 53,665 | 25,910 | 899 | 18,792 |
| Portugal (including Azores) | 1,682,080 | 637,354 | 49,965 | 19,616 | 4,179 | 12,110 |
| Spain (including Canary Islands) | 7,848,202 | 2,653,470 | 234,543 | 76,193 | 37,570 | 69,227 |
| Sweden | 1,663,672 | 467,257 | 18,623 | 2,354 | 552 | 333 |
| United Kingdom and Northern Ireland | 50,268,148 | 12,572,534 | 4,385,176 | 224,924 | 454,106 | 47,012 |
| Other European Union countries | 283,230 | 77,518 | 20,630 | 2,137 | 188 | 7,139 |
| Other European countries, total | 40,015,899 | 13,314,725 | 7,295,386 | 308,675 | 12,504 | 29,655 |
| Jersey | 826,067 | 32,350 | 12,569 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Kazakhstan | 3,069,492 | 930,067 | 927,025 | 734 | 11,126 | 85 |
| Norway | 11,604,505 | 7,475,489 | 5,695,772 | 3,273 | 147 | 39 |
| Romania | 124,012 | 38,405 | 16,478 | 6,513 | 0 | 4,815 |
| Russia | 627,042 | 130,725 | 119,583 | 1,823 | 19 | 689 |
| Switzerland | 22,687,438 | 4,454,644 | 390,316 | 279,949 | 449 | 3,861 |
| Turkey | 543,919 | 133,434 | 56,927 | 10,970 | 637 | 13,215 |
| Ukraine | 77,460 | 16,593 | 5,241 | 820 | 13 | 1,539 |
| Other European countries | 455,964 | 103,017 | 71,475 | 4,593 | 114 | 5,413 |
| Africa, total | 13,511,957 | 5,552,549 | 4,047,478 | 6,294 | 12,863 | 16,755 |
| Algeria | 45,222 | 14,761 | 14,761 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Angola | 3,053,485 | 1,035,949 | 6,168 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Chad | 779,706 | 61,345 | 52,716 | 82 | 0 | 20 |
| Egypt | 510,413 | 194,001 | 180,273 | 78 | 237 | 3,349 |
| Equatorial Guinea | 2,214,542 | 595,596 | 580,102 | 0 | 0 | 4 |
| Gabon | 186,951 | 63,218 | 37,083 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Mauritius | 74,223 | 20,176 | 15,901 | 0 | 12,605 | 3 |
| Nigeria | 4,458,465 | 2,890,747 | 2,826,431 | 131 | 14 | 4,803 |
| South Africa | 1,372,289 | 352,654 | 74,037 | 3,458 | 0 | 1,023 |
| Other African countries | 816,661 | 324,103 | 260,007 | 2,545 | 7 | 7,553 |
| Asia, total | 61,405,714 | 18,140,178 | 8,577,234 | 615,386 | 96,078 | 1,041,000 |
| Middle East, total | 6,597,879 | 2,490,291 | 2,360,134 | 45,336 | 7,668 | 23,330 |
| Bahrain | 130,258 | 322 | 24 | 0 | 3 | 2 |
| Iraq | 167,238 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Israel | 233,417 | 372,900 | 296,191 | 42,239 | 4,185 | 14,355 |
| Kuwait | 310,220 | 22,544 | 20,427 | 315 | 0 | 3,413 |
| Lebanon | -2,185 | 881 | 816 | 0 | 0 | 225 |
| Qatar | 1,334,238 | 309,462 | 309,462 | 0 | 0 | 910 |
| Saudi Arabia | 3,277,483 | 1,433,063 | 1,417,681 | 2,149 | 3,481 | 3,987 |
| United Arab Emirates | 471,379 | 82,686 | 66,487 | 631 | 0 | 11 |
| Yemen | 587,892 | 261,485 | 242,538 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Other Middle East countries | 87,939 | 6,948 | 6,508 | 2 | 0 | 426 |

[^86]Table 3. U.S. Corporation Income Tax Returns with a Foreign Tax Credit, 2005: Foreign Income, Deductions, and Taxes Reported on Form 1118, by Selected Country to Which Foreign Taxes Were Paid-Continued
[All figures are estimates based on a sample-money amounts are in thousands of dollars]

| Selected country | Foreign income and taxes reported on Form 1118-continued |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Taxable income (less loss) before adjustments | Total | Foreign taxes paid, accrued, and deemed paid |  |  |  |
|  |  |  | Foreign taxes paid or accrued |  |  |  |
|  |  |  | Total | Taxes withheld at source on: |  |  |
|  |  |  |  | Dividends | Interest | Rents, royalties, and license fees |
|  | (13) | (14) | (15) | (16) | (17) | (18) |
| Asia, total-continued Southern and Southeast Asia, total | 19,715,874 | 5,782,648 | 3,260,896 | 213,801 | 54,749 | 217,268 |
| Bangladesh | 22,185 | 19,259 | 18,222 | 381 | 899 | 14 |
| India | 1,316,544 | 469,311 | 236,586 | 12,486 | 6,138 | 31,871 |
| Indonesia | 3,858,414 | 1,937,933 | 1,586,125 | 119,215 | 11,040 | 11,263 |
| Malaysia | 3,411,414 | 839,734 | 688,516 | 3,018 | 1,224 | 69,816 |
| Pakistan | 248,779 | 94,759 | 76,687 | 793 | 707 | 202 |
| Philippines | 2,379,658 | 401,635 | 134,015 | 35,786 | 11,639 | 15,002 |
| Singapore | 6,513,432 | 1,282,598 | 247,153 | 6,869 | 3,575 | 63,105 |
| Sri Lanka | 35,165 | 12,735 | 5,066 | 0 | 353 | 70 |
| Thailand | 1,799,423 | 713,846 | 258,960 | 35,167 | 16,555 | 25,371 |
| Vietnam | -59 | 5,599 | 4,969 | 0 | 2,617 | 341 |
| Other Southern and Southeast Asian countries | 130,920 | 5,240 | 4,596 | 86 | 0 | 214 |
| Eastern Asia, total | 34,950,448 | 9,812,911 | 2,905,243 | 355,740 | 33,660 | 771,519 |
| China | 6,980,326 | 702,417 | 342,865 | 1,121 | 1,001 | 266,973 |
| Hong Kong | 3,674,926 | 832,635 | 271,776 | 4,184 | 6,439 | 16,525 |
| Japan (including Okinawa and Ryukyu Islands) | 18,325,922 | 6,226,446 | 1,156,437 | 69,973 | 5,999 | 36,898 |
| South Korea, Republic of | 3,318,932 | 972,664 | 501,900 | 108,200 | 4,308 | 253,639 |
| Taiwan | 2,613,759 | 1,078,465 | 631,982 | 172,261 | 15,912 | 197,200 |
| Other Eastern Asian countries | 36,583 | 283 | 283 | 0 | 0 | 283 |
| Asia not allocable | 88,504 | 4,573 | 1,206 | 0 | 1 | 8 |
| Oceania, total | 9,788,174 | 2,635,160 | 1,095,760 | 51,607 | 73,909 | 69,532 |
| Australia | 8,559,156 | 2,306,972 | 947,060 | 20,221 | 63,529 | 57,447 |
| New Zealand | 912,913 | 279,130 | 102,019 | 31,251 | 9,821 | 11,867 |
| Other countries of Oceania | 316,105 | 49,058 | 46,681 | 135 | 559 | 218 |
| Puerto Rico and U.S. Possessions, total | 7,168,157 | 1,091,904 | 981,574 | 19,090 | 3,865 | 672,904 |
| Puerto Rico | 6,990,912 | 1,013,685 | 921,338 | 15,715 | 3,786 | 665,170 |
| U.S. Possessions, total | 177,245 | 78,218 | 60,236 | 3,374 | 79 | 7,734 |
| American Samoa | 5,970 | 1,199 | 451 | 1 | 0 | 0 |
| Guam | 120,978 | 62,584 | 48,055 | 2,613 | 79 | 7,642 |
| Virgin Islands, U.S. | 40,742 | 13,423 | 10,723 | 761 | 0 | 93 |
| Other U.S. Possessions | 9,555 | 1,013 | 1,007 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Country not stated | 5,292,451 | 1,992,906 | 1,370,720 | 149,431 | 49,851 | 259,749 |
| Section 863 income [1] | 16,842,667 | 70,312 | 70,312 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Foreign Sales Corporation dividends [1] | *383,845 | * 0 | * 0 | *0 | * 0 | *0 |
| Interest-Charge Domestic International Sales Corporation dividends [1] | 1,072 | 14 | 14 | 14 | 0 | 0 |

Footnotes at end of table.

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Table 3. U.S. Corporation Income Tax Returns with a Foreign Tax Credit, 2005: Foreign Income, Deductions, and Taxes Reported on Form 1118, by Selected Country to Which Foreign Taxes Were Paid-Continued
[All figures are estimates based on a sample-money amounts are in thousands of dollars]

| Selected country | Foreign income and taxes reported on Form 1118-continued |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Foreign taxes paid, accrued, and deemed paid |  |  |  |  |
|  | Foreign taxes paid or accrued |  |  |  | Taxes deemed paid |
|  | Other taxes paid or accrued on: |  |  |  |  |
|  | Branch income | Specifically allocable income [section 863(b)] | Service income | Other income |  |
|  | (19) | (20) | (21) | (22) | (23) |
| All geographic areas | 6,544,113 | 70,312 | 536,332 | 23,899,153 | 72,635,706 |
| Canada | 571,250 | 0 | 32,578 | 1,010,341 | 7,986,418 |
| Latin America, total | 674,341 | 0 | 95,763 | 2,427,971 | 5,770,813 |
| Mexico | 312,807 | 0 | 33,107 | 123,456 | 1,652,191 |
| Central America, total | 12,304 | 0 | 2,640 | 13,742 | 92,994 |
| Costa Rica | 1,092 | 0 | 522 | 814 | 16,386 |
| El Salvador | 586 | 0 | 602 | 906 | 5,104 |
| Guatemala | 6,984 | 0 | 774 | 7,774 | 23,580 |
| Honduras | 11 | 0 | 124 | 1,895 | 11,864 |
| Nicaragua | 35 | 0 | 26 | 890 | 56 |
| Panama (including Canal Zone) | 3,595 | 0 | 543 | 1,464 | 35,878 |
| Other Central American countries | 0 | 0 | 48 | 0 | 126 |
| Caribbean countries, total | 37,164 | 0 | 1,483 | 560,517 | 2,519,128 |
| Barbados | 3,667 | 0 | 227 | 129 | 10,155 |
| Cayman Islands (British) | 0 | 0 | 0 | 37 | 2,456,856 |
| Dominican Republic | 11,093 | 0 | 591 | 1,410 | 4,465 |
| Haiti | 3,409 | 0 | 24 | 3,590 | 31 |
| Jamaica | 13,475 | 0 | 79 | 1,639 | 3,302 |
| Trinidad and Tobago | 5,520 | 0 | 563 | 553,554 | 44,319 |
| Other Caribbean countries | 0 | 0 | 0 | 157 | 0 |
| South America, total | 312,067 | 0 | 58,533 | 1,730,169 | 1,506,500 |
| Argentina | 47,921 | 0 | 11,808 | 152,438 | 438,640 |
| Bolivia | 1,260 | 0 | 299 | 920 | 2,652 |
| Brazil | 77,882 | 0 | 15,652 | 179,769 | 491,693 |
| Chile | 17,953 | 0 | 8,049 | 323,363 | 133,159 |
| Colombia | 56,084 | 0 | 1,985 | 140,281 | 83,251 |
| Ecuador | 4,298 | 0 | 4,412 | 97,314 | 17,127 |
| Paraguay | 443 | 0 | 9 | 505 | 14,845 |
| Peru | 22,620 | 0 | 4,172 | 201,379 | 76,115 |
| Uruguay | 5,204 | 0 | 1,775 | 63 | 4,579 |
| Venezuela | 62,952 | 0 | 10,324 | 471,140 | 217,728 |
| Other South American countries | 15,451 | 0 | 47 | 162,998 | 26,709 |
| Latin America not allocable | * | *0 | *0 | *87 | *0 |
| Other Western Hemisphere, total | 7,897 | 0 | 170 | 3,647 | 3,062,383 |
| Bahamas | 152 | 0 | 0 | 189 | 1,120,273 |
| Bermuda | 0 | 0 | 5 | 1,375 | 1,411,394 |
| British Virgin Islands | 226 | 0 | 37 | 8 | 150,538 |
| Netherlands Antilles | 0 | 0 | 25 | 2,021 | 374,326 |
| All other Western Hemisphere | 7,519 | 0 | 102 | 55 | 5,852 |
| Europe, total | 2,127,458 | 0 | 252,058 | 10,862,046 | 42,476,161 |
| European Union, total | 1,627,929 | 0 | 244,529 | 4,424,552 | 36,456,823 |
| Austria | 15,362 | 0 | 101 | 16,319 | 150,601 |
| Belgium | 99,691 | 0 | 3,460 | 42,751 | 635,898 |
| Czech Republic | 27,874 | 0 | 738 | 4,412 | 106,823 |
| Denmark | 22,981 | 0 | 482 | 362,199 | 859,983 |
| Finland | 7,291 | 0 | 442 | 1,752 | 174,689 |
| France | 189,772 | 0 | 2,774 | 95,359 | 1,308,575 |
| Germany | 375,966 | 0 | 159,885 | 111,421 | 2,051,404 |
| Greece | 1,057 | 0 | 6,988 | 5,018 | 69,786 |

[^87]
## Corporate Foreign Tax Credit, 2005

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Table 3. U.S. Corporation Income Tax Returns with a Foreign Tax Credit, 2005: Foreign Income, Deductions, and Taxes Reported on Form 1118, by Selected Country to Which Foreign Taxes Were Paid-Continued

| Selected country | Foreign income and taxes reported on Form 1118-continued |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Foreign taxes paid, accrued, and deemed paid |  |  |  |  |
|  | Foreign taxes paid or accrued |  |  |  | Taxes deemed paid |
|  | Other taxes paid or accrued on: |  |  |  |  |
|  | Branch income | Specifically allocable income [section 863(b)] | Service income | Other income |  |
|  | (19) | (20) | (21) | (22) | (23) |
| Europe, total-continued |  |  |  |  |  |
| European Union, total-continued |  |  |  |  |  |
| Hungary | 2,761 | 0 | 0 | 65 | 52,044 |
| Ireland | 9,312 | 0 | 586 | 405,831 | 2,095,341 |
| Italy | 90,405 | 0 | 8,431 | 62,365 | 952,283 |
| Luxembourg | 72,870 | 0 | 1 | 12,091 | 4,273,423 |
| Netherlands | 116,775 | 0 | 1,314 | 200,745 | 11,887,985 |
| Poland | 7,759 | 0 | 40 | 264 | 138,792 |
| Portugal (including Azores) | 9,851 | 0 | 404 | 3,803 | 587,390 |
| Spain (including Canary Islands) | 21,390 | 0 | 849 | 29,313 | 2,418,927 |
| Sweden | 13,699 | 0 | 387 | 1,298 | 448,634 |
| United Kingdom and Northern Ireland | 536,755 | 0 | 56,699 | 3,065,680 | 8,187,358 |
| Other European Union countries | 6,356 | 0 | 946 | 3,864 | 56,888 |
| Other European countries, total | 499,529 | 0 | 7,528 | 6,437,494 | 6,019,338 |
| Jersey | 9,188 | 0 | 0 | 3,381 | 19,781 |
| Kazakhstan | 250,847 | 0 | 4,536 | 659,698 | 3,042 |
| Norway | 6,787 | 0 | 222 | 5,685,304 | 1,779,717 |
| Romania | 4,798 | 0 | 236 | 117 | 21,927 |
| Russia | 84,974 | 0 | 86 | 31,992 | 11,142 |
| Switzerland | 75,181 | 0 | 1,009 | 29,867 | 4,064,328 |
| Turkey | 12,659 | 0 | 503 | 18,944 | 76,506 |
| Ukraine | 86 | 0 | 14 | 2,770 | 11,352 |
| Other European countries | 55,010 | 0 | 922 | 5,422 | 31,543 |
| Africa, total | 373,353 | 0 | 8,397 | 3,629,817 | 1,505,071 |
| Algeria | 14,152 | 0 | 0 | 609 | 0 |
| Angola | 887 | 0 | 2,150 | 3,131 | 1,029,781 |
| Chad | 3,368 | 0 | 0 | 49,246 | 8,629 |
| Egypt | 19,654 | 0 | 868 | 156,087 | 13,728 |
| Equatorial Guinea | 47,644 | 0 | 2,620 | 529,834 | 15,493 |
| Gabon | 5,480 | 0 | 0 | 31,603 | 26,136 |
| Mauritius | 3,242 | 0 | 0 | 51 | 4,274 |
| Nigeria | 17,156 | 0 | 694 | 2,803,632 | 64,315 |
| South Africa | 42,344 | 0 | 493 | 26,719 | 278,618 |
| Other African countries | 219,427 | 0 | 1,571 | 28,905 | 64,096 |
| Asia, total | 2,013,296 | 0 | 72,897 | 4,738,577 | 9,562,944 |
| Middle East, total | 386,576 | 0 | 5,486 | 1,891,737 | 130,157 |
| Bahrain | 19 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 297 |
| Iraq | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Israel | 230,680 | 0 | 3,432 | 1,302 | 76,709 |
| Kuwait | 7,619 | 0 | 1,012 | 8,067 | 2,118 |
| Lebanon | 458 | 0 | 5 | 127 | 64 |
| Qatar | 93 | 0 | 205 | 308,254 | 0 |
| Saudi Arabia | 88,341 | 0 | 647 | 1,319,075 | 15,383 |
| United Arab Emirates | 28,585 | 0 | 4 | 37,255 | 16,199 |
| Yemen | 24,921 | 0 | 0 | 217,617 | 18,947 |
| Other Middle East countries | 5,859 | 0 | 181 | 40 | 440 |

Footnotes at end of table.

## Corporate Foreign Tax Credit, 2005

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Table 3. U.S. Corporation Income Tax Returns with a Foreign Tax Credit, 2005: Foreign Income, Deductions, and Taxes Reported on Form 1118, by Selected Country to Which Foreign Taxes Were Paid-Continued

| Selected country | Foreign income and taxes reported on Form 1118-continued |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Foreign taxes paid, accrued, and deemed paid |  |  |  |  |
|  | Foreign taxes paid or accrued |  |  |  | Taxes deemed paid |
|  | Other taxes paid or accrued on: |  |  |  |  |
|  | Branch income | Specifically allocable income [section 863(b)] | Service income | Other income |  |
|  | (19) | (20) | (21) | (22) | (23) |
| Asia, total-continued <br> Southern and Southeast Asia, total | 493,504 |  |  |  |  |
| Bangladesh | 16,020 | 0 | 0 | 908 | 1,037 |
| India | 132,778 | 0 | 15,234 | 38,079 | 232,725 |
| Indonesia | 83,475 | 0 | 1,136 | 1,359,996 | 351,808 |
| Malaysia | 9,373 | 0 | 1,082 | 604,001 | 151,218 |
| Pakistan | 23,689 | 0 | 2 | 51,294 | 18,072 |
| Philippines | 41,135 | 0 | 707 | 29,746 | 267,620 |
| Singapore | 115,378 | 0 | 2,514 | 55,713 | 1,035,445 |
| Sri Lanka | 3,683 | 0 | 13 | 947 | 7,669 |
| Thailand | 62,482 | 0 | 4,479 | 114,905 | 454,886 |
| Vietnam | 1,253 | 0 | 299 | 459 | 630 |
| Other Southern and Southeast Asian countries | 4,237 | 0 | 23 | 37 | 643 |
| Eastern Asia, total | 1,122,935 | 0 | 41,921 | 579,468 | 6,907,668 |
| China | 40,965 | 0 | 7,206 | 25,598 | 359,552 |
| Hong Kong | 84,770 | 0 | 1,449 | 158,409 | 560,859 |
| Japan (including Okinawa and Ryukyu Islands) | 788,624 | 0 | 5,692 | 249,250 | 5,070,009 |
| South Korea, Republic of | 43,711 | 40 | 10,845 | 81,197 | 470,764 |
| Taiwan | 164,864 | 0 | 16,730 | 65,014 | 446,484 |
| Other Eastern Asian countries | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Asia not allocable | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1,197 | 3,366 |
| Oceania, total | 225,745 | 0 | 40,231 | 634,736 | 1,539,400 |
| Australia | 161,226 | 0 | 40,165 | 604,472 | 1,359,912 |
| New Zealand | 21,900 | 0 | 58 | 27,122 | 177,111 |
| Other countries of Oceania | 42,619 | 0 | 8 | 3,142 | 2,377 |
| Puerto Rico and U.S. Possessions, total | 220,802 | 0 | 16,781 | 48,132 | 110,330 |
| Puerto Rico | 178,881 | 0 | 13,643 | 44,143 | 92,347 |
| U.S. Possessions, total | 41,921 | 0 | 3,138 | 3,989 | 17,983 |
| American Samoa | 444 | 0 | 4 | 2 | 747 |
| Guam | 32,776 | 0 | 2,001 | 2,944 | 14,530 |
| Virgin Islands, U.S. | 7,694 | 0 | 1,133 | 1,042 | 2,700 |
| Other U.S. Possessions | 1,007 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 6 |
| Country not stated | 340,253 | 0 | 17,459 | 553,977 | 622,186 |
| Section 863 income [1] | 0 | 70,312 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Foreign Sales Corporation dividends [1] | *0 | * 0 | *0 | *0 | *0 |
| Interest-Charge Domestic International Sales Corporation dividends [1] | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |

## dividends [1]

Data should be used with caution because of the small number of sample returns on which they are based.
[1] Section 863 income and dividends from an Interest-Charge Domestic International Sales Corporation or a Foreign Sales Corporation were not reported for specific foreign countries.
[2] Included in gross income (less loss), columns 2-8.
[3] Included in total deductions, column 11
NOTES: Detail may not add to totals because of rounding. Number of returns does not add to total because a return could include more than one country.

# Sales of Capital Assets Panel Data, Tax Years 1999-2003 

by Janette Wilson and Pearson Liddell

0ver the 5 years of this study (1999-2003), taxpayers in the Sales of Capital Assets (SOCA) panel realized the highest net capital gains in Tax Year 2000. Net gains less losses peaked at $\$ 574.1$ billion, with capital gains of $\$ 929.8$ billion and losses of $\$ 355.7$ billion. Net capital gains less losses of $\$ 131.9$ billion reported in Tax Year 2002 were the lowest amount reported for all tax years. Detailed transaction data show that net gains less losses for corporate stock, passthrough gains or losses, and real estate showed the most significant changes over the 5 -year period.

In Tax Years 1999 and 2000, corporate stock sales represented the largest share of net gains less losses realized. In Tax Year 1999, corporate stock represented 42.7 percent of all gains or $\$ 224.4$ billion, and in 2000, 41.2 percent or $\$ 236.3$ billion. In Tax Year 2001, passthrough gains or losses represented the most in terms of percentage of gains less losses, having 43.2 percent or $\$ 84.9$ billion of all gains less losses, while the corporate stock share declined to 15.9 percent or $\$ 31.3$ billion. By Tax Year 2002, real estate sales realized the most gains of all transaction types, having 60.6 percent or $\$ 79.9$ billion of all gains, while sales of corporate stock and mutual funds resulted in net capital losses.

This article presents SOCA panel data for Tax Years 1999 through 2003. The estimates in this article were based on a sample of individual tax returns filed for Tax Year 1999, which were then followed for each ensuing year.

In 1999, the Statistics of Income (SOI) individual cross-section sample included 176,966 returns. From these returns, a SOCA cross-section sample of 121,053 taxpayers was selected. ${ }^{1}$ A stratified subsample of 83,432 returns was selected from the SOCA cross-section as the base year for the SOCA panel.

[^88]This article presents data on Tax Year 1999, the base year, through Tax Year 2003. Tables 1, 2, 3, and 5 show data in current dollar amounts, Table 4 in constant dollars.

Figure A presents a comparison of the number of tax returns in the SOI Individual Cross-Section and those in the SOI Individual Panel. The figure shows that the number of panel filers decreased between Tax Years 1999 and 2003. Panel attrition may be explained by death, decreases in income below filing requirements, and filing status changes.

## Figure A

Comparison of Number of Returns in the Statistics of Income (SOI) Cross-Section and SOI Individual Panel, Tax Years 1999-2003
[Number of returns are in millions]
$\left.\begin{array}{c|c|c|c}\text { Tax } \\ \text { year }\end{array} \quad \begin{array}{c}\text { Number of returns } \\ \text { in individual cross } \\ \text { section }\end{array} ~ \begin{array}{c}\text { Number of returns } \\ \text { in individual panel }\end{array} \begin{array}{c}\text { Panel as a } \\ \text { percentage of } \\ \text { cross section [1] }\end{array}\right]$
[1] Percentages based on unrounded data.
Although panel data show interesting results, any extrapolation from the panel to the entire population should be made with extreme caution. ${ }^{2}$ As Figure A shows, in Tax Year 1999, there were 127.1 million returns in the SOI Cross-Section and 127.0 million returns in the SOI Individual Panel. In Tax Year 2000, these numbers were 129.4 million and 120.4 million, respectively, and the panel represented 93.1 percent of the population.

As shown, the percentage of the population represented by the panel declined between Base Year 1999 and Tax Year 2003. By Tax Year 2003, the panel represented 83.6 percent of Cross-Section filers.

Capital gains, losses, and net capital gains less losses for each tax year are presented in Figure B. The highest amount of capital gains and losses realized was reported in Tax Year 2000. Capital gains of

[^89]
## Figure B

Gains and Losses from Sales of Capital Assets, SOI Individual Panel, Tax Years 1999-2003

$\$ 929.8$ billion were reported, an increase of approximately 31.2 percent from the Tax Year 1999 amount of $\$ 708.7$ billion. Losses increased almost 94 percent in Tax Year 2000 to $\$ 355.7$ billion, from $\$ 183.6$ billion in 1999.

Gains and losses both decreased between Tax Years 2000 and 2002. In Tax Year 2003, gains rose
to $\$ 482.5$ billion, while losses decreased to $\$ 178.7$ billion. Tax Year 2002 showed the lowest capital gains of $\$ 431.9$ billion and the lowest capital gains less losses of $\$ 131.9$ billion.

Details on net gains less losses for select asset types are shown in Figure C. In Tax Year 1999, corporate stock represented 42.7 percent ( $\$ 224.4$ billion) of the total net gains less losses of $\$ 525.1$ billion. Passthrough gains or losses were the next highest, having 25.2 percent of the total, or $\$ 132.5$ billion. In Tax Year 2001, this pattern changed with passthrough gains or losses representing 43.2 percent of all gains, followed by real estate having 36.1 percent (\$84.9 and $\$ 70.9$ billion, respectively). ${ }^{3}$ Corporate stock fell to 15.9 percent of the total. In Tax Year 2002, real estate represented the highest percentage of gains, having 60.6 percent of all net gains less losses, followed by passthrough gains or losses having 52.5 percent.

As Figure C shows, over the 5-year period, corporate stock, as a percentage of total gains less losses, was highest in Tax Year 1999 and declined to a low of a net loss of $\$ 7.5$ billion in 2002. By Tax Year 2003, corporate stock gains had increased to 26.1 percent, or $\$ 79.1$ billion, of the total amount of gains of $\$ 303.8$ billion. Real estate represented 11.1 percent of all gains in Tax Years 1999 and 2000 and increased to 60.6 percent in 2002. A decline followed in Tax Year 2003, when real estate represented 31.5 percent of total gains.

## Figure $C$

Net Capital Gains Less Losses from Sales of Capital Assets for Select Asset Types, SOI Individual Panel, Tax Years 1999-2003
[Amounts are in billions of dollars]

| Type of asset | 1999 |  | 2000 |  | 2001 |  | 2002 |  | 2003 |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Net gains less losses | Percentage of total | Net gains less losses | Percentage of total | Net gains less losses | Percentage of total | Net gains less losses | Percentage of total | Net gains less losses | Percentage of total |
|  | (1) | (2) | (3) | (4) | (5) | (6) | (7) | (8) | (9) | (10) |
| Total | 525.1 | 100.0 | 574.1 | 100.0 | 196.5 | 100.0 | 131.9 | 100.0 | 303.8 | 100.0 |
| Corporate stock | 224.4 | 42.7 | 236.3 | 41.2 | 31.3 | 15.9 | -7.5 | -5.7 | 79.1 | 26.1 |
| Real estate [1] | 58.1 | 11.1 | 63.5 | 11.1 | 70.9 | 36.1 | 79.9 | 60.6 | 95.8 | 31.5 |
| Passthrough gains or losses | 132.5 | 25.2 | 142.6 | 24.8 | 84.9 | 43.2 | 69.2 | 52.5 | 109.2 | 35.9 |
| Capital gain distributions | 61.7 | 11.8 | 82.6 | 14.4 | 13.0 | 6.6 | 4.9 | 3.7 | 4.7 | 1.5 |
| Mutual funds, including tax-exempt bond funds | 14.1 | 2.7 | 9.4 | 1.6 | -28.8 | -14.7 | -40.4 | -30.6 | -18.1 | -6.0 |
| Other [2] | 34.3 | 6.5 | 39.7 | 6.9 | 25.3 | 12.9 | 25.7 | 19.5 | 33.1 | 10.9 |

[1] Real estate includes residential rental property, farmland, other land, business real property and residences.
[2] Other includes U.S. Government obligations, State and local government obligations, other bonds, notes and debentures, options and futures, gains and losses from partnerships, S corporations and estates and trusts, livestock, timber, involuntary conversions, depreciable business personal property, other assets, and unidentifiable assets.

[^90]
## Figure D

Gross Sales Price Amounts from Sales of Capital Assets for Select Asset Types, SOI Individual Panel, Tax Years 1999-2003

| Type of asset | 1999 |  | 2000 |  |  | 2001 |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Sales price | Percentage of total | Sales price | Percentage of total | Percentage change from 1999 | Sales price | Percentage of total | Percentage change from 2000 |
|  | (1) | (2) | (3) | (4) | (5) | (6) | (7) | (8) |
| Total | 3,692.3 | 100.0 | 5,088.2 | 100.0 | 37.8 | 2,834.7 | 100.0 | -44.3 |
| Corporate stock | 2,039.0 | 55.2 | 3,259.8 | 64.1 | 59.9 | 1,441.5 | 50.9 | -55.8 |
| U.S. and State and local Government obligations | 251.2 | 6.8 | 239.1 | 4.7 | -4.8 | 258.7 | 9.1 | 8.2 |
| Other bonds, notes, and debentures | 31.1 | 0.8 | 25.1 | 0.5 | -19.4 | 29.9 | 1.1 | 18.9 |
| Options and futures | 48.6 | 1.3 | 75.1 | 1.5 | 54.7 | 36.9 | 1.3 | -50.9 |
| Mutual funds, including tax-exempt bond funds | 559.5 | 15.2 | 418.1 | 8.2 | -25.3 | 323.0 | 11.4 | -22.7 |
| Partnership, S corporation, and estate or trust interests | 50.8 | 1.4 | 227.9 | 4.5 | 348.5 | 83.2 | 2.9 | -63.5 |
| Residential rental property | 112.5 | 3.0 | 117.3 | 2.3 | 4.3 | 111.5 | 3.9 | -5.0 |
| Depreciable business property-real and personal | 58.1 | 1.6 | 65.5 | 1.3 | 12.7 | 66.9 | 2.4 | 2.1 |
| Farmland | 11.0 | 0.3 | 9.5 | 0.2 | -14.3 | 6.0 | 0.2 | -36.6 |
| Other land | 40.6 | 1.1 | 37.3 | 0.7 | -8.0 | 34.6 | 1.2 | -7.2 |
| Residences | 37.3 | 1.0 | 44.5 | 0.9 | 19.5 | 76.0 | 2.7 | 70.6 |
| Other [1] | 452.6 | 12.3 | 569.0 | 11.2 | 25.7 | 366.5 | 12.9 | -35.6 |
| Type of asset |  |  | 2002 |  |  | 2003 |  |  |
|  |  |  | Sales price | Percentage of total | Percentage change from 2001 | Sales price | Percentage of total | Percentage change from 2002 |
|  |  |  | (9) | (10) | (11) | (12) | (13) | (14) |
|  |  |  | 2,867.5 | 100.0 | 1.2 | 3,081.4 | 100.0 | 7.5 |
| Corporate stock |  |  | 1,384.3 | 48.3 | -4.0 | 1,472.2 | 47.8 | 6.3 |
| U.S. and State and local Government obligations |  |  | 290.4 | 10.1 | 12.2 | 327.4 | 10.6 | 12.7 |
| Other bonds, notes, and debentures |  |  | 61.5 | 2.1 | 105.9 | 114.3 | 3.7 | 86.1 |
| Options and futures |  |  | 25.7 | 0.9 | -30.2 | 27.3 | 0.9 | 6.2 |
| Mutual funds, including tax-exempt bond funds |  |  | 310.5 | 10.8 | -3.9 | 316.3 | 10.3 | 1.9 |
| Partnership, S corporation, and estate or trust interests |  |  | 55.4 | 1.9 | -33.5 | 51.6 | 1.7 | -6.8 |
| Residential rental property |  |  | 147.9 | 5.2 | 32.7 | 165.1 | 5.4 | 11.6 |
| Depreciable business property-real and personal |  |  | 73.5 | 2.6 | 9.8 | 69.6 | 2.3 | -5.3 |
| Farmland |  |  | 7.3 | 0.3 | 21.1 | 5.4 | 0.2 | -26.0 |
| Other land |  |  | 42.9 | 1.5 | 24.0 | 58.5 | 1.9 | 36.3 |
| Residences |  |  | 69.8 | 2.4 | -8.2 | 102.0 | 3.3 | 46.1 |
| Other [1] |  |  | 397.9 | 13.9 | 8.6 | 371.7 | 12.1 | -6.6 |

[1] Other includes livestock, timber, invountary conversions, unidentifiable, and other asset types. Passthrough gains or losses and capital gain distributions are not included in this figure.

Gross sales price amounts for select asset types are shown in Figure D and in more detail in Table 1. Corporate stock and mutual fund sales amounts represented the highest percentage of total sales amounts for all tax years from 1999 through 2002 for those sales that could be categorized. Corporate stock represented 55.2 percent of the total in Tax Year 1999 and 64.1 percent in Tax Year 2000 ( $\$ 2.0$ trillion and $\$ 3.3$ trillion, respectively). Mutual funds represented 15.2 percent in 1999 but fell to 8.2 percent in Tax Year 2000 ( $\$ 559.5$ billion and $\$ 418.1$ billion, respectively).

In Tax Year 2001, corporate stock and mutual funds remained highest in terms of sales price amounts, but the corporate stock sales amount declined by 55.8 percent to $\$ 1.4$ trillion, and mutual funds declined 22.7 percent to $\$ 323.0$ billion but still represented 11.4 percent of total sales. Both categories showed a small decline, as a percentage of the total sales price, in Tax Years 2002 and 2003.

From Tax Year 1999 through 2002, U.S. Government and State and local bonds were the third largest category in terms of percentage of overall sales price. For 1999, these represented 6.8 percent of total sales.

This category declined in 2000 to 4.7 percent but increased between Tax Years 2001 and 2003 (representing 9.1 percent, 10.1 percent, and 10.6 percent, respectively). For Tax Year 2003, this category was slightly higher than the amount of 10.3 percent represented by mutual funds.

Detailed data on real estate sales in Table 1 shows that, in all tax years, sales of residential rental property reported the highest sales price and net gains less losses of all types of real estate transactions. In Tax Year 1999, the sales amount of residential rental property was $\$ 112.5$ billion, and net gains less losses were $\$ 24.8$ billion. This represented 44.9 percent of the total real estate sales amount of $\$ 250.7$ billion and 42.7 percent of the total net gains less losses of $\$ 58.1$ billion.

In subsequent years, the percentage of total sales price represented by residential real estate was 37.4 percent, 40.9 percent, and 43.5 percent in Tax Years 2000, 2001, and 2002, respectively. In 2003, this asset type represented 35.5 percent of real estate net gains less losses, or almost $\$ 34.0$ billion.

As shown in Figures E and F, comparing net gains less losses and gross sales price amounts for corporate stock and real estate provides an interesting contrast. In Tax Year 1999, taxpayers reported gains of $\$ 224.4$ billion in corporate stock sales and $\$ 58.1$ billion in real estate sales. Net gains from corporate stock peaked in 2000 and then dropped dramatically to $\$ 31.3$ billion the next year. Net losses were reported from stock in Tax Year 2002. In contrast, real estate net gains less losses steadily increased each year from 1999 to reach $\$ 63.5$ billion for Tax Year 2000, $\$ 79.9$ billion for Tax Year 2002, and $\$ 95.8$ billion for Tax Year 2003.

Tax Year 2000 showed an increase in gross sales of corporate stock of 57.9 percent (shown in Figure F), from $\$ 2.0$ trillion in 1999 to $\$ 3.3$ trillion in Tax Year 2000. Sales price for this asset type then fell in Tax Year 2001 to $\$ 1.4$ trillion, an almost 60-percent decline. The gross sales amount of real estate was $\$ 250.7$ billion in Tax Year 1999, and, like net gains from the sales of real estate (and unlike corporate stock), the sales amount increased steadily each year until 2003, when it was $\$ 387.8$ billion.

As shown in Figure G, taxpayers in all adjusted gross income (AGI) classes realized the least capital gains less losses in Tax Years 2001 and 2002. Figure H shows the patterns of increases and decreases

## Figure :

Net Gains Less Losses from Sales of Capital Assets: Corporate Stock and Real Estate, SOI Individual Panel, Tax Years 1999-2003


## Figure $F$

Gross Sales Price of Sales of Capital Assets: Corporate Stock and Real Estate, SOI Individual Panel, Tax Years 1999-2003


From taxpayers in the under $\$ 20,000$ group to those in the $\$ 100,000$ and under $\$ 200,000$ AGI group, all experienced a decline in net capital gains between Tax Year 1999 and Tax Year 2000. Taxpayers in the other two (higher income) groups experienced increases in net gains in those years.

Figure I shows that those taxpayers in the AGI group $\$ 100,000$ under $\$ 200,000$ reported the highest amount of sales in Tax Year 1999, with sales of $\$ 600.3$ billion. While this amount increased to $\$ 690.1$ billion for Tax Year 2000, those taxpayers in the $\$ 200,000$ under $\$ 500,000$ group reported the highest amount, having $\$ 723.1$ billion in sales. This was the highest amount reported by any income group for the 5 -year period. For 2001, the $\$ 100,000$ under $\$ 200,000$ AGI group once again had the highest sales ( $\$ 546.5$ billion), and, for 2003, the $\$ 200,000$ under $\$ 500,000$ group had the highest sales ( $\$ 444.1$ billion). However, for 2002, the highest sales were reported by those taxpayers in the under $\$ 20,000$ AGI group. Their sales totaled $\$ 523.1$ billion for that year.

A comparison of the number of short-term and long-term transaction sales is shown in Figure J.

With 132.8 million short-term sales reported by taxpayers in Tax Year 2000, this was the highest number of asset sales for all tax years, and a 41.6percent increase from 93.8 million in Tax Year 1999. The number of short-term sales then dropped to 94.5 million in 2001, a 28.9 -percent decrease. In comparison, the number of long-tem sales remained relatively stable over the 5 tax years, the highest being 96.8 million in Tax Year 2000, the lowest being 89.3 million in Tax Year 2003.

Figure K shows short- and long-term net capital gains and losses for each tax year. Overall, net short-term gains less losses were negative in 3 of the 5 tax years, whereas they were positive for all years for long-term transactions. Taxpayers reported short-term losses of $\$ 56.0$ billion in Tax Year 2000, $\$ 78.5$ billion in Tax Year 2001, and $\$ 38.5$ billion in Tax Year 2002. Between Tax Years 1999 and 2000, long-term capital gains realized increased almost 30 percent, from $\$ 486.3$ billion to $\$ 630.1$ billion. They then fell by over 56 percent to $\$ 275.0$ billion in 2001.

The percentage of total gross sales price amount and net gains less losses are shown in Figure L. For

## Figure $G$

Net Gains Less Losses from Sales of Capital Assets, by Adjusted Gross Income Group and Tax Year from Sales of Capital Assets, SOI Individual Panel, Tax Years 1999-2003
[Amounts are in thousands]

| Adjusted gross income | Tax year |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 1999 | 2000 | 2001 | 2002 | 2003 |
|  | (1) | (2) | (3) | (4) | (5) |
| Total | 525,135,482 | 574,082,059 | 196,542,380 | 131,871,820 | 303,754,272 |
| Under \$5,000 [1] | 3,584,304 | 850,341 | -9,332,893 | -9,180,503 | 1,960,640 |
| \$5,000 under \$10,000 | 1,910,578 | 992,449 | -2,800,378 | -3,175,941 | -1,516,937 |
| \$10,000 under \$15,000 | 1,876,549 | 1,059,248 | -2,845,828 | -3,908,135 | -246,613 |
| \$15,000 under \$20,000 | 2,714,908 | 1,730,258 | -1,414,843 | -4,048,246 | -925,297 |
| \$20,000 under \$25,000 | 2,422,171 | 2,910,950 | -1,460,974 | -1,351,414 | 147,195 |
| \$25,000 under \$30,000 | 2,595,291 | 1,922,799 | 319,687 | -2,455,033 | 132,454 |
| \$30,000 under \$40,000 | 7,439,243 | 5,744,018 | -2,393,313 | -5,184,507 | 3,675,172 |
| \$40,000 under \$50,000 | 6,568,703 | 6,028,234 | -501,309 | -3,819,178 | 1,350,893 |
| \$50,000 under \$75,000 | 20,384,663 | 16,883,445 | -2,590,264 | -3,899,206 | 3,416,949 |
| \$75,000 under \$100,000 | 23,408,632 | 19,552,935 | 4,073,387 | -2,005,899 | 7,133,988 |
| \$100,000 under \$200,000 | 63,262,519 | 57,382,491 | 16,986,968 | 10,480,028 | 30,480,137 |
| \$200,000 under \$500,000 | 75,493,907 | 79,171,925 | 21,370,954 | 23,766,128 | 48,441,235 |
| \$500,000 under \$1,000,000 | 47,595,595 | 48,586,295 | 25,124,901 | 18,559,667 | 33,720,334 |
| \$1,000,000 under \$1,500,000 | 28,349,003 | 31,357,673 | 11,982,843 | 10,211,532 | 29,434,538 |
| \$1,500,000 under \$2,000,000 | 19,864,336 | 20,006,227 | 11,502,567 | 3,626,552 | 15,905,405 |
| \$2,000,000 under \$5,000,000 | 60,649,518 | 90,841,925 | 33,353,000 | 21,968,369 | 35,225,109 |
| \$5,000,000 under \$10,000,000 | 39,919,829 | 45,580,063 | 20,640,592 | 15,769,473 | 20,412,770 |
| \$10,000,000 or more | 117,095,733 | 143,480,783 | 74,527,283 | 66,518,133 | 75,006,300 |

[^91]Sales of Capital Assets Panel Data, Tax Years 1999-2003
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## Figure H

Gains Less Losses from Sales of Capital Assets, by Adjusted Gross Income Group, SOI Individual Panel, Tax Years 1999-2003

Billions of dollars


Adjusted gross income group
$■ 1999$ - 2000 ■ 2001 ■ 2002 ■ 2003

## Figure I

Gross Sales Price from Sales of Capital Assets, by Adjusted Gross Income Group, SOI Individual Panel, Tax Years 1999-2003
[Numbers are in thousands of dollars]

| Adjusted gross income | Tax year |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 1999 | 2000 | 2001 | 2002 | 2003 |
|  | (1) | (2) | (3) | (4) | (5) |
| Total | 3,692,260,460 | 5,088,224,593 | 2,834,718,905 | 2,867,517,621 | 3,081,431,987 |
| deficit under \$20,000 [1] | 177,576,017 | 381,329,561 | 424,036,917 | 523,107,793 | 387,575,898 |
| \$20,000 under \$50,000 | 265,121,460 | 322,389,739 | 224,064,118 | 222,186,310 | 374,110,489 |
| \$50,000 under \$75,000 | 179,749,672 | 581,375,919 | 239,465,040 | 220,410,843 | 211,800,252 |
| \$75,000 under \$100,000 | 195,360,474 | 253,752,658 | 167,153,875 | 161,200,289 | 175,026,557 |
| \$100,000 under \$200,000 | 600,303,958 | 689,951,074 | 546,538,631 | 444,257,349 | 432,199,831 |
| \$200,000 under \$500,000 | 519,608,724 | 722,667,737 | 375,796,488 | 515,784,712 | 444,111,998 |
| \$500,000 under \$1,000,000 | 504,038,470 | 342,136,690 | 184,281,010 | 194,008,381 | 211,913,870 |
| \$1,000,000 under \$1,500,000 | 172,866,535 | 250,751,343 | 110,700,977 | 93,840,853 | 175,555,929 |
| \$1,500,000 under \$2,000,000 | 268,366,416 | 507,075,019 | 92,842,261 | 51,114,950 | 67,774,013 |
| \$2,000,000 under \$5,000,000 | 333,812,444 | 400,558,204 | 174,890,544 | 144,084,336 | 229,385,251 |
| \$5,000,000 under \$10,000,000 | 179,832,470 | 287,108,302 | 84,402,670 | 76,160,411 | 84,634,916 |
| \$10,000,000 or more | 295,623,820 | 349,128,347 | 210,546,374 | 221,361,394 | 287,342,983 |

[^92]
## Figure J

> Number of Short-Term and Long-Term Transaction Sales from Sales of Capital Assets SOI Individual Panel, Tax Years 1999-2003

all transactions, those with a holding period of less than 1 month were the highest in terms of percentage of sales price for all tax years. In Tax Year 1999, assets held under 1 month represented 53.4 percent of all short-term sales, and this fell slightly in Tax Years 2000 and 2001 (to 50.5 percent and 48.7 percent, respectively) but rose again in Tax Years 2002 and 2003 to 56.3 percent and 56.9 percent, respectively.

Table 4 shows the distribution of net gains and losses realized over the 5 -year period by average AGI class. ${ }^{4}$ Table 4a shows numbers and amounts for those taxpayers who realized a net gain or loss for 1 or more tax years. Table 4b shows those taxpayers who realized a net capital gain for 1 or more tax years, and Table 4c shows those who realized losses for 1 or more tax years.

Table 4a shows that 381.6 million tax returns were filed by taxpayers who realized no net gains or losses between Tax Years 1999 and 2003. The number of tax returns filed with a net gain or loss realization for 1 year was 53.7 million, and these taxpayers realized $\$ 70.8$ billion.

A comparison of taxpayers who realized a net gain or loss for $1,2,3$, and 4 years shows that the

## Figure K

Net Gains Less Losses for Short-Term and Long-Term Sales of Capital Assets, SOI Individual Panel, Tax Years 1999-2003

number of tax returns decreased from 53.7 million with realizations of net gain or loss for 1 year, to 28.6 million with gain or loss for 4 years. However, the amount realized for these taxpayers increased from $\$ 70.8$ billion for those who reported a gain or loss for 1 year, to $\$ 175.0$ billion for those who reported a gain or loss for 4 years. The number of tax returns which realized a net gain or loss for all 5 years increased to 60.7 million, and these taxpayers realized \$1.5 trillion.

Table 5 shows cross-section data for Tax Years 1999 though 2003. Tax Year 1999 was the base year of the study, and, for subsequent years, panel data were used with an added replenishment from the SOI Continuous Work History Sample (CWHS) to make a cross-section for each tax year. These CWHS returns represent the random sample portion of the SOI Individual Panel and were part of the base year. However, any primary taxpayer from this group who did not file a return in 1999 was added to the panel (see Data Source and Limitation for further explanation).

Figure M and Table 5 show a comparison of number of transactions, sales price, basis, and net capital gains less losses for those returns in the cross-

[^93]Sales of Capital Assets Panel Data, Tax Years 1999-2003
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## Figure $L$

Percentage of Total Sales Price Amount and Net Capital Gains Less Losses, by Length of Time Held, Sales of Capital Assets, SOI Individual Panel, Tax Years 1999-2003

| Type of transaction, length of time held | 1999 |  | 2000 |  | 2001 |  | 2002 |  | 2003 |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Percentage of sales price | Percentage of net gains less losses | Percentage of sales price | Percentage of net gains less losses | Percentage of sales price | Percentage of net gains less losses | Percentage of sales price | Percentage of net gains less losses | Percentage of sales price | Percentage of net gains less losses |
| Short-term transactions Under 1 month | (1) | (2) | (3) | (4) | (5) | (6) | (7) | (8) | (9) | (10) |
|  | 53.4 | 66.3 | 50.5 | -19.5 | 48.7 | -2.5 | 56.3 | -0.8 | 56.9 | 38.7 |
| 1 month under 2 months | 10.5 | 18.6 | 9.0 | 10.6 | 9.8 | 5.8 | 10.3 | 4.5 | 8.6 | 6.3 |
| 2 months under 3 months | 5.6 | 9.3 | 5.4 | 12.3 | 5.6 | 3.8 | 5.0 | 7.1 | 5.4 | 7.0 |
| 3 months under 4 months | 4.2 | 3.9 | 4.1 | 8.7 | 6.1 | 7.7 | 5.3 | 10.6 | 4.5 | 7.6 |
| 4 months under 5 months | 3.5 | -6.0 | 2.8 | 8.8 | 3.6 | 9.4 | 3.6 | 9.3 | 3.6 | 6.9 |
| 5 months under 6 months | 2.8 | -1.8 | 2.8 | 9.6 | 3.1 | 9.3 | 3.3 | 9.2 | 3.2 | 6.2 |
| 6 months under 7 months | 3.1 | 5.9 | 3.0 | 8.4 | 3.5 | 9.4 | 3.0 | 11.7 | 3.7 | 5.2 |
| 7 months under 8 months | 3.3 | 2.5 | 2.1 | 10.9 | 2.9 | 8.8 | 2.5 | 12.0 | 2.8 | 7.0 |
| 8 months under 9 months | 2.1 | 2.8 | 1.9 | 13.0 | 2.4 | 8.2 | 2.2 | 6.5 | 2.2 | 3.1 |
| 9 months under 10 months | 1.9 | 1.5 | 1.9 | 15.3 | 2.3 | 9.0 | 2.1 | 7.9 | 1.9 | 3.6 |
| 10 months under 11 months | 1.7 | 0.5 | 1.6 | 11.3 | 2.9 | 11.7 | 2.0 | 8.7 | 2.2 | 6.9 |
| 11 months under 12 months | 2.0 | -0.6 | 7.7 | 7.8 | 3.1 | 14.0 | 2.1 | 7.9 | 2.0 | 0.8 |
| 1 year or more [1] | 5.9 | -3.0 | 7.2 | 2.8 | 6.2 | 5.5 | 2.1 | 5.3 | 3.0 | 0.8 |
| Long-term transactions | 17.0 | 6.8 | 19.3 | 8.6 | 17.8 | -17.6 | 14.4 | -16.3 | 15.6 | 6.4 |
| 18 months under 2 years | 10.8 | 5.6 | 11.3 | 7.3 | 10.8 | -8.8 | 10.2 | -18.9 | 9.4 | 2.0 |
| 2 years under 3 years | 13.7 | 10.2 | 14.8 | 10.4 | 16.1 | 2.5 | 15.6 | -32.1 | 14.6 | -2.4 |
| 3 years under 4 years | 9.4 | 9.8 | 9.0 | 9.6 | 9.4 | 7.6 | 9.3 | -6.9 | 9.9 | -2.7 |
| 4 years under 5 years | 7.5 | 7.6 | 7.3 | 8.6 | 7.0 | 8.9 | 7.4 | 4.7 | 6.7 | 2.9 |
| 5 years under 10 years | 19.6 | 20.3 | 16.8 | 18.7 | 18.5 | 34.7 | 20.6 | 47.9 | 22.2 | 30.0 |
| 10 years under 15 years | 8.6 | 13.2 | 10.1 | 13.0 | 8.5 | 20.1 | 8.5 | 30.5 | 9.6 | 20.4 |
| 15 years under 20 years | 4.9 | 8.6 | 4.7 | 8.5 | 4.9 | 22.0 | 5.5 | 30.1 | 4.8 | 15.5 |
| 20 years or more | 8.5 | 17.9 | 6.7 | 15.2 | 7.0 | 30.6 | 8.5 | 61.1 | 7.3 | 28.0 |

[1] Dates showed holding period to be 1 year or more and transactions not reclassified during editing
[2] Includes some transactions where holding period was under 1 year and transactions not reclassified during editing
NOTE: Sales with indeterminable dates (these were dates that were unreadable or not included with the sale description) were subtracted from the total number of sales.
section that were created by adding CWHS returns, and those just in the SOI Individual Panel. Tax Year 1999 data are the same for both cross-section and panel, as 1999 is the base year for the panel. For all tax years, the cross-section estimates are higher than the panel numbers, except in Tax Year 2002, when the net gains less loss amount is higher for panel returns. In Tax Year 2000, the number of transactions, sales price, basis, and net gains less losses are all slightly higher for the cross-section than the panel (3.1 percent, 2.7 percent, 2.8 percent, and 1.4 percent, respectively).

Interestingly, Tax Year 2001 shows the greatest overall discrepancy between cross-section and panel data, with differences of more than 6.0 percent for most categories. Subsequent years show a somewhat smaller difference between the estimates. Figure M also shows (for comparison purposes) published data for net capital gains less losses from the SOI

Individual Cross-Section for each tax year. For Tax Years 1999 through 2001, these data are comparable. However, the estimates for 2002 and 2003 differ from published data by more than 15 percent.

## Detailed Tables

Tables 1 through 5 show detailed data on sales of capital assets for 1999 through 2003. Table 1 shows aggregated data from transactions reported on the following tax forms: Schedule D (Capital Gains and Losses and Reconciliation of Forms 1099B); Form 4797 (Gains and Losses from Sales or Exchanges of Assets Used in a Trade or Business and Involuntary Conversions); Form 6252 (Installment Sales); Form 8824 (Like-Kind Exchanges); Form 4684 (Casualties and Thefts); Form 2439 (Undistributed Long-Term Capital Gains); and Form 6781 (Gains and Losses from Section 1256 Contracts and Straddles).

## Figure M

Comparison of Statistics of Income (SOI) Cross-Section and SOI Individual Panel, Tax Years 1999-2003 [Money amounts are in thousands of dollars]

| Tax year | All transactions: Panel [1] |  |  |  | All transactions: Cross-Section [2] |  |  |  | SOI Individual Cross-Section |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Number | Sales price | Basis | Net gain less loss | Number | Sales price | Basis | Net gain less loss | Net gain less loss |
|  | (1) | (2) | (3) | (4) | (5) | (6) | (7) | (8) | (9) |
| 1999 | 179,036,504 | 3,692,260,458 | 3,345,549,329 | 525,135,483 | 179,036,504 | 3,692,260,458 | 3,345,549,329 | 525,135,483 | 531,170,093 |
| 2000 | 229,620,553 | 5,088,224,593 | 4,709,938,089 | 574,082,057 | 236,874,553 | 5,231,772,567 | 4,847,795,479 | 582,445,853 | 585,650,240 |
| 2001 | 185,159,297 | 2,834,718,909 | 2,715,813,938 | 196,542,379 | 197,379,297 | 3,016,425,527 | 2,896,539,270 | 205,947,701 | 206,824,931 |
| 2002 | 182,763,750 | 2,867,517,618 | 2,783,223,597 | 131,871,818 | 193,597,750 | 2,990,876,736 | 2,908,395,593 | 127,071,094 | 106,479,084 |
| 2003 | 173,413,092 | 3,081,431,990 | 2,855,551,806 | 303,754,273 | 186,689,092 | 3,206,959,002 | 2,975,950,410 | 310,491,092 | 269,659,181 |

[1] Estimates based on 1999-2003 SOCA panel data.
[2] Estimates based on Statistics of Income 1999-2003 SOCA cross-section data.
[3] Estimates based on Statistics of Income-1999-2003, Individual Income Tax Returns (IRS Publication 1304).

Capital gains and losses reported on other forms and carried to Schedule D were also included. Table 2 shows data on gains and losses by AGI. Table 3 shows data on holding periods and months of sale, and Table 4 shows data on the distribution and amounts of net gains and losses realized over the 5 years of this study. Returns are classified by the number of years that they reported gains and/or losses on sales of capital assets. Table 5 shows crosssection data for Tax Years 2000 through 2003.

## Explanation of Selected Terms

## Categories of assets

Corporate stock-Includes shares of publicly traded and closely held common and preferred stock, stock rights, and stock warrants. In addition, short sales of corporate stock were included.
U.S. Government obligations-Includes bonds, notes, bills, and other certificates of indebtedness issued by, backed, or guaranteed by the U.S. Government or Federal agencies.

State and local government obligations-Includes bonds, notes, bills, and other certificates of indebtedness issued by, backed, or guaranteed by States, cities, or local governments.

Other bonds, notes, and debentures-Includes bonds and other debt obligations issued by corporations and all other types of debt obligations.

Put and call options-A call gives the holder the right to buy the underlying asset by a certain date for a certain price. A put option gives the right to sell
an asset by a certain date for a certain price. This category includes put and call options, straddles, and futures contracts on corporate stock.

Futures contracts-Includes futures contracts on commodities, foreign currency, interest rates, stock price indexes, and other financial derivatives and instruments.

Tax-exempt bond mutual funds-Includes sale of shares of mutual funds and investment trusts invested in bonds and other debt instruments of State and local governments.

Partnerships, S corporations, and estates and trusts-Includes sales of partnership interests and S corporations. S corporations allocate earnings to shareholders and are taxed at the individual shareholder level.

Mutual funds, except tax-exempt bond funds-Includes sales of shares of mutual funds and real estate investment trusts.

Livestock-Includes cattle and other animals held for work, breeding, bearing fur, and depreciable animals.

Timber-Includes cut or standing timber, and timber sales that qualify for 1231 treatment.

Involuntary conversions-Includes involuntary conversions resulting from destruction, theft, condemnation, or eminent domain.

Residential rental property-Includes apartments, duplexes, motels, nursing homes, and similar residential properties.

Depreciable business personal property-Includes property used in business, such as equipment, machinery, and vehicles.

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Depreciable business real property-Includes office buildings, shopping malls, factory buildings, warehouses, and similar real property.

Farmland-Includes farm and ranch land, farms, and ranches.

Other land-Includes undeveloped land other than farmland.

Residences-Principal residences and secondary homes.

Other assets-Includes other assets not included in the above categories, such as collectibles, bad debts, and copyrights.

Unidentifiable-Includes assets where the description is unreadable, unidentifiable, or not present.

Passthrough gains and losses-Includes capital gains on assets sold by partnerships, S corporations, and estates and trusts, and distributed to be taxed at the individual partner, shareholder, and beneficiary level.

Capital gain distributions-Distributions by mutual funds to shareholders of capital gains from sales of assets by mutual funds.

## Other terms

Basis-The original cost of the investment adjusted by adding the cost of expenses of the sale or any improvement costs. In addition, depreciation, amortization, and depletion deductions are subtracted.

Sales price-The gross selling price of the asset, including the cash or fair market value of other property received.

Capital asset-Property owned and used for investment, personal, or pleasure uses.

Gain (or loss)-The difference between the sales price and the cost or other basis, less any depreciation.

Net capital gains-Capital gains less capital losses.

Short-term-The holding period for short-term capital gains and losses is 1 year or less.

Long-term-The holding period for long-term capital gains and losses is more than 1 year.

## Data Sources and Limitations

The statistics in this report are estimates from a probability sample. The target population consists of all
individual income tax returns (Forms 1040, 1040A, 1040EZ, and 1040PC, including electronic returns) filed by U.S. citizens and residents for Tax Year 1999. The SOCA base year sample was selected from the 1999 SOI individual return sample. To study SOCA in more detail and collect SOCA data for longitudinal analyses, a subsample was selected from the 1999 individual return sample. It served as the base year SOCA panel sample.

The yearly SOI individual return sample is a stratified random sample. ${ }^{5}$ The stratification is achieved by the return type code and income code. Income code is determined by income groupings, and "degree of interest."

In Tax Year 1999, the individual return sample of 176,966 returns was drawn from the population of 127,321,626 returns. The Tax Year 1999 SOCA panel sample was also a stratified random sample. However, the strata were defined using the income code only (see Figure N).

The 1999 SOCA panel sample was designed to represent all Tax Year 1999 returns, including late returns, while the 1999 individual return sample and 1999 SOCA cross-section sample were designed to represent all returns filed in Calendar Year 2000. Therefore, the 1999 SOCA panel sample of 83,432 returns was drawn from the 1999 individual return sample and supplemented with the 2000 and 2001 individual return samples in order to include returns that were filed up to 2 years late.

The sampled panel returns were followed in subsequent years. In each subsequent year, a selected panel return stayed in the panel if at least one of the taxpayer's SSNs (primary or secondary) filed in that year, regardless of the marital status. The panel data collected were used for both longitudinal analyses and cross-section estimations.

In every subsequent year, a small refreshment sample was added to the panel sample for crosssection estimation purposes only. This small refreshment sample is a 1 in 2,000 random sample adding only those returns not already included in the sample. Therefore, each of these returns received a weight of 2,000.

Since the estimates here are based on a sample, they may differ from figures that would have been

[^94]obtained if a complete census of all income tax returns had been taken. The particular sample used for estimates is one of the many possible samples that could have been selected using the same sample design. Estimates calculated from these different samples would vary, which causes the sampling error.

To properly use the statistical data, the magnitude of the potential sampling error must be known. Coefficients of variation (CVs) are used to measure that magnitude. They measure the spread of estimates from possible samples and evaluate the precision of estimates based on samples. In addition to
sampling error, nonsampling error can also affect the estimates. For example, there may be errors in keying and cleaning the data, or misinterpretations of tax instructions by taxpayers.

Weights were applied to each sampled return when calculating estimates to account for the selection probabilities and other factors that might lead to differences between the sample and the population. Weights were calculated by dividing the population count of returns in a stratum by the number of sample returns for that stratum, and adjusted for misclassified and missing returns.

## Figure N

Number of Returns Sampled and Population Counts in the Statistics of Income (SOI) Individual Panel, Base Tax Year 1999

| Income code | Income range | Degree of interest | Sample | Population |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Negative income |  | 83,432 | 127,042,158 |
| 0 | \$20,000,000 or more | All | 345 | 345 |
| 1 | \$10,000,000-\$20,000,000 | All | 245 | 535 |
| 2 | \$5,000,000-\$10,000,000 | All | 291 | 1,399 |
| 3 | \$2,000,000-\$5,000,000 | All | 246 | 5,633 |
| 4 | \$1,000,000-\$2,000,000 | All | 179 | 12,216 |
| 5 | \$500,000-\$1,000,000 | All | 192 | 30,785 |
| 6 | \$250,000-\$500,000 | All | 101 | 73,512 |
| 7 | \$120,000-\$250,000 | All | 90 | 161,189 |
| 8 | \$60,000-\$120,000 | All | 101 | 216,825 |
| 9 | Under \$60,000 | All | 311 | 664,982 |
| 10 | Positive income <br> Under \$30,000 | 1 | 13,258 | 26,746,335 |
| 11 | Under \$30,000 | 2 | 15,640 | 30,966,933 |
| 12 | Under \$30,000 | 3-4 | 5,548 | 11,086,103 |
| 13 | \$30,000-\$60,000 | 1-2 | 11,110 | 22,600,734 |
| 14 | \$30,000-\$60,000 | 3-4 | 4,828 | 9,689,145 |
| 15 | \$60,000-\$120,000 | 1-3 | 6,204 | 12,591,564 |
| 16 | \$60,000-\$120,000 | 4 | 2,651 | 5,222,146 |
| 17 | \$120,000-\$250,000 | 1-3 | 1,210 | 2,423,918 |
| 18 | \$120,000-\$250,000 | 4 | 1,211 | 2,520,320 |
| 19 | \$250,000-\$500,000 | All | 2,460 | 1,368,698 |
| 20 | \$500,000-\$1,000,000 | All | 2,562 | 435,344 |
| 21 | \$1,000,000-\$2,000,000 | All | 2,515 | 141,596 |
| 22 | \$2,000,000-\$5,000,000 | All | 3,430 | 59,284 |
| 23 | \$5,000,000-\$10,000,000 | All | 2,731 | 14,307 |
| 24 | \$10,000,000-\$20,000,000 | All | 3,053 | 5,391 |
| 25 | \$20,000,000 or more | All | 2,920 | 2,920 |

## Sales of Capital Assets Panel Data, Tax Years 1999-2003

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Table 1a. Short-Term and Long-Term Capital Gains and Losses, by Asset Type, SOI Individual Panel, Tax Year 1999
[All figures are estimates based on samples-money amounts are in thousands of dollars]

| Asset type | All transactions |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Number of transactions | Sales price | Basis | Net gains or loss |
|  | (1) | (2) | (3) | (4) |
| Total | 179,036,504 | 3,692,260,458 | 3,345,549,329 | 525,135,483 |
| Corporate stock | 102,768,793 | 2,038,969,949 | 1,815,854,215 | 224,438,833 |
| U.S. Government obligations | 1,661,647 | 136,905,104 | 136,676,681 | 17,443 |
| State and local government obligations | 2,980,945 | 114,293,571 | 114,475,074 | -175,052 |
| Other bonds, notes, and debentures | 852,341 | 31,126,824 | 30,885,344 | 251,093 |
| Put and call options | 6,203,471 | 41,561,030 | 40,538,987 | 1,189,119 |
| Futures contracts | 332,496 | 6,991,249 | 8,728,099 | -1,695,952 |
| Mutual funds, except tax-exempt bond funds | 26,728,492 | 495,326,399 | 480,076,650 | 15,316,879 |
| Tax-exempt bond mutual funds | 4,885,932 | 64,156,065 | 65,391,107 | -1,248,039 |
| Partnership, S corporation, and estate or trust interests | 1,523,705 | 50,808,957 | 33,700,723 | 17,832,301 |
| Livestock | 825,981 | 2,903,702 | 1,097,194 | 1,398,095 |
| Timber | 98,622 | 2,454,789 | 649,700 | 1,713,105 |
| Involuntary conversions | 74,990 | 301,438 | 11,373 | 58,568 |
| Residential rental property | 1,619,598 | 112,506,150 | 79,640,017 | 24,820,154 |
| Depreciable business personal property | 1,314,253 | 8,853,932 | 5,699,227 | 1,213,814 |
| Depreciable business real property | 713,197 | 49,269,177 | 34,304,699 | 13,862,743 |
| Farmland | 118,533 | 11,035,200 | 5,179,127 | 2,887,856 |
| Other land | 1,070,696 | 40,584,545 | 26,023,533 | 12,973,849 |
| Residences | 296,953 | 37,285,813 | 31,428,680 | 3,542,186 |
| Other assets | 2,864,540 | 392,248,875 | 384,503,626 | 7,461,794 |
| Unidentifiable | 632,747 | 54,677,688 | 50,685,274 | 5,006,526 |
| Passthrough gains or losses | 4,520,381 | N/A | N/A | 132,546,389 |
| Capital gain distributions | 16,948,193 | N/A | N/A | 61,723,778 |

[^95]
# Sales of Capital Assets Panel Data, Tax Years 1999-2003 

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Table 1b. Short-Term and Long-Term Capital Gains and Losses, by Asset Type, SOI Individual Panel, Tax Year 2000
[All figures are estimates based on samples - money amounts are in thousands of dollars]

| Asset type | All transactions |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Number of transactions | Sales price | Basis | Net gains less losses |
|  | (1) | (2) | (3) | (4) |
| Total | 229,620,553 | 5,088,224,593 | 4,709,938,089 | 574,082,057 |
| Corporate stock | 151,268,257 | 3,259,750,463 | 3,015,536,827 | 236,282,420 |
| U.S. Government obligations | 1,188,054 | 127,506,933 | 127,368,312 | 215,967 |
| State and local government obligations | 2,756,320 | 111,636,782 | 112,243,800 | -773,134 |
| Other bonds, notes, and debentures | 763,745 | 25,103,210 | 25,437,252 | -328,354 |
| Put and call options | 7,529,383 | 65,171,724 | 62,367,390 | 2,788,491 |
| Futures contracts | 418,080 | 9,945,852 | 7,678,423 | 2,265,710 |
| Mutual funds, except tax-exempt bond funds | 29,261,549 | 364,599,916 | 355,092,655 | 9,431,260 |
| Tax-exempt bond mutual funds | 2,980,274 | 53,457,967 | 55,184,074 | -1,732,553 |
| Partnership, S corporation, and estate or trust interests | 1,230,789 | 227,892,099 | 211,464,136 | 16,977,257 |
| Livestock | 787,326 | 4,306,092 | 1,153,696 | 2,444,655 |
| Timber | 131,616 | 3,473,755 | 923,826 | 2,551,604 |
| Involuntary conversions | 126,205 | 103,823 | -99,703 | -96,270 |
| Residential rental property | 1,551,589 | 117,294,249 | 85,734,165 | 23,737,018 |
| Depreciable business personal property | 1,335,287 | 12,902,933 | 8,709,845 | 1,947,281 |
| Depreciable business real property | 732,230 | 52,624,769 | 33,111,133 | 15,475,859 |
| Farmland | 122,424 | 9,457,697 | 6,124,273 | 3,002,006 |
| Other land | 915,513 | 37,319,661 | 19,457,977 | 16,400,048 |
| Residences | 293,250 | 44,547,963 | 36,263,172 | 4,928,275 |
| Other assets | 3,637,166 | 253,468,965 | 239,651,678 | 12,551,800 |
| Unidentifiable | 698,366 | 307,659,742 | 306,535,159 | 873,266 |
| Passthrough gains or losses | 4,627,516 | N/A | N/A | 142,587,031 |
| Capital gain distributions | 17,265,615 | N/A | N/A | 82,552,418 |

[^96]
## Sales of Capital Assets Panel Data, Tax Years 1999-2003

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Table 1c. Short-Term and Long-Term Capital Gains and Losses, by Asset Type, by SOI Individual Panel, Tax Year 2001
[All figures are estimates based on samples-money amounts are in thousands of dollars]

| Asset type | All transactions |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Number of transactions | Sales price | Basis | Net gains less losses |
|  | (1) | (2) | (3) | (4) |
| Total | 185,159,297 | 2,834,718,909 | 2,715,813,938 | 196,542,379 |
| Corporate stock | 118,283,317 | 1,441,548,555 | 1,408,747,661 | 31,308,482 |
| U.S. Government obligations | 1,684,344 | 136,341,374 | 135,272,816 | 1,062,074 |
| State and local government obligations | 2,859,184 | 122,407,275 | 121,494,824 | 847,057 |
| Other bonds, notes, and debentures | 1,143,236 | 29,851,191 | 30,273,356 | -490,286 |
| Put and call options | 4,358,018 | 31,393,021 | 30,161,400 | 1,293,690 |
| Futures contracts | 218,961 | 5,488,700 | 3,733,640 | 1,775,484 |
| Mutual funds, except tax-exempt bond funds | 26,786,661 | 273,571,352 | 302,045,963 | -28,437,011 |
| Tax-exempt bond mutual funds | 2,304,731 | 49,379,995 | 49,764,090 | -401,075 |
| Partnership, S corporation, and estate or trust interests | 1,131,180 | 83,188,812 | 72,408,217 | 11,334,921 |
| Livestock | 809,687 | 3,805,253 | 1,199,967 | 2,078,931 |
| Timber | 94,569 | 2,401,434 | 897,649 | 1,503,370 |
| Involuntary conversions | 157,714 | 203,479 | -79,691 | -105,920 |
| Residential rental property | 1,401,593 | 111,468,994 | 76,360,302 | 28,973,685 |
| Depreciable business personal property | 1,167,012 | 9,544,869 | 6,717,575 | 828,845 |
| Depreciable business real property | 737,351 | 57,360,539 | 36,547,806 | 18,334,060 |
| Farmland | 114,925 | 5,991,600 | 3,710,957 | 2,153,081 |
| Other land | 825,985 | 34,630,317 | 19,444,685 | 13,957,124 |
| Residences | 385,104 | 76,009,728 | 60,812,737 | 7,502,531 |
| Other assets | 3,728,118 | 254,886,658 | 253,739,680 | 980,724 |
| Unidentifiable | 561,456 | 105,245,761 | 102,560,306 | 4,208,218 |
| Passthrough gains or losses | 4,427,620 | N/A | N/A | 84,883,407 |
| Capital gain distributions | 11,978,530 | N/A | N/A | 12,950,990 |

[^97]Table 1d. Short-Term and Long-Term Capital Gains and Losses, by Asset Type, SOI Individual Panel, Tax Year 2002
[All figures are estimates based on samples-money amounts are in thousands of dollars]

| Asset type | All transactions |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Number of transactions | Sales price | Basis | Net gains less losses |
|  | (1) | (2) | (3) | (4) |
| Total | 182,763,750 | 2,867,517,618 | 2,783,223,597 | 131,871,818 |
| Corporate stock | 118,356,341 | 1,384,292,338 | 1,390,905,176 | -7,490,158 |
| U.S. Government obligations | 1,531,498 | 148,038,359 | 147,272,943 | 574,747 |
| State and local government obligations | 3,384,153 | 142,332,857 | 141,455,523 | 815,971 |
| Other bonds, notes, and debentures | 1,064,952 | 61,451,600 | 62,592,457 | -1,161,716 |
| Put and call options | 3,578,314 | 16,784,229 | 16,376,689 | 713,867 |
| Futures contracts | 227,910 | 8,964,583 | 5,809,461 | 3,208,610 |
| Mutual funds, except tax-exempt bond funds | 28,716,335 | 266,932,379 | 307,326,154 | -40,476,841 |
| Tax-exempt bond mutual funds | 2,532,645 | 43,525,761 | 43,368,224 | 121,507 |
| Partnership, S corporation, and estate or trust interests | 1,287,993 | 55,357,121 | 41,567,558 | 14,203,376 |
| Livestock | 685,089 | 3,472,020 | 1,729,859 | 1,267,261 |
| Timber | 97,873 | 2,306,229 | 791,248 | 1,514,765 |
| Involuntary conversions | 197,240 | 270,377 | 188,288 | 695 |
| Residential rental property | 1,522,646 | 147,884,030 | 105,867,471 | 34,730,944 |
| Depreciable business personal property | 1,410,595 | 11,088,570 | 8,660,048 | 719,166 |
| Depreciable business real property | 694,150 | 62,397,933 | 38,724,926 | 19,190,829 |
| Farmland | 127,457 | 7,256,151 | 4,116,613 | 3,360,808 |
| Other land | 903,624 | 42,935,507 | 27,341,354 | 14,895,529 |
| Residences | 348,454 | 69,805,000 | 51,697,335 | 7,690,077 |
| Other assets | 3,571,000 | 343,508,610 | 339,323,584 | 4,152,636 |
| Unidentifiable | 704,052 | 48,369,501 | 48,108,685 | -315,400 |
| Passthrough gains or losses | 4,482,154 | N/A | N/A | 69,222,442 |
| Capital gain distributions | 7,339,276 | N/A | N/A | 4,932,704 |

N/A—Passthrough gains or losses and capital gain distributions are not reported with a sales price or basis.

## Sales of Capital Assets Panel Data, Tax Years 1999-2003

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Table 1e. Short-Term and Long-Term Capital Gains and Losses, by Asset Type, SOI Individual Panel, Tax Year 2003
[All figures are estimates based on samples-money amounts are in thousands of dollars]

| Asset type | All transactions |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Number of transactions | Sales price | Basis | Net gains less losses |
|  | (1) | (2) | (3) | (4) |
| Total | 173,413,092 | 3,081,431,990 | 2,855,551,806 | 303,754,273 |
| Corporate stock | 111,245,622 | 1,472,159,091 | 1,393,612,662 | 79,139,211 |
| U.S. Government obligations | 2,122,064 | 157,761,873 | 157,364,388 | 393,911 |
| State and local government obligations | 4,189,345 | 169,620,167 | 168,070,347 | 1,525,899 |
| Other bonds, notes, and debentures | 1,550,030 | 114,336,816 | 113,437,440 | 873,024 |
| Put and call options | 3,581,915 | 22,457,233 | 21,409,716 | 1,271,486 |
| Futures contracts | 348,318 | 4,875,926 | 4,120,752 | 790,594 |
| Mutual funds, except tax-exempt bond funds | 23,926,496 | 259,045,534 | 277,093,229 | -18,121,719 |
| Tax-exempt bond mutual funds | 2,878,613 | 57,293,284 | 57,275,660 | 10,533 |
| Partnership, S corporation, and estate or trust interests | 1,702,544 | 51,596,778 | 37,334,785 | 14,227,701 |
| Livestock | 747,985 | 3,670,414 | 1,245,494 | 1,699,107 |
| Timber | 95,681 | 1,550,553 | 596,587 | 953,066 |
| Involuntary conversions | 227,348 | 328,894 | -65,579 | 92,686 |
| Residential rental property | 1,561,443 | 165,085,418 | 116,874,189 | 33,968,633 |
| Depreciable business personal property | 1,647,172 | 12,807,802 | 8,242,902 | 1,788,633 |
| Depreciable business real property | 610,295 | 56,777,272 | 32,679,018 | 22,399,511 |
| Farmland | 109,868 | 5,366,353 | 3,411,503 | 1,768,139 |
| Other land | 891,929 | 58,534,878 | 31,090,768 | 24,087,603 |
| Residences | 423,454 | 102,007,602 | 77,304,166 | 13,568,292 |
| Other assets | 2,814,027 | 202,964,519 | 195,281,713 | 5,382,656 |
| Unidentifiable | 891,188 | 163,191,584 | 159,172,066 | 4,076,272 |
| Passthrough gains or losses | 4,798,213 | N/A | N/A | 109,181,430 |
| Capital gain distributions | 7,049,540 | N/A | N/A | 4,677,605 |

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# Sales of Capital Assets Panel Data, Tax Years 1999-2003 

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Table 2a. Capital Gains and Losses, by Adjusted Gross Income Group, SOI Individual Panel, Tax Year 1999

| Adjusted gross income | All transactions |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Number of returns | Sales price | Basis | Net gain or loss |
|  | (1) | (2) | (3) | (4) |
| Total | 27,858,908 | 3,692,260,460 | 3,345,549,327 | 525,135,482 |
| Under \$5,000 [1] | 2,160,172 | 89,204,857 | 85,992,214 | 3,584,304 |
| \$5,000 under \$10,000 | 1,325,767 | 23,075,422 | 22,095,028 | 1,910,578 |
| \$10,000 under \$15,000 | 1,191,209 | 40,713,202 | 39,957,846 | 1,876,549 |
| \$15,000 under \$20,000 | 1,298,694 | 24,582,536 | 23,644,033 | 2,714,908 |
| \$20,000 under \$25,000 | 1,181,964 | 29,422,290 | 28,424,890 | 2,422,171 |
| \$25,000 under \$30,000 | 1,091,699 | 20,812,907 | 19,253,522 | 2,595,291 |
| \$30,000 under \$40,000 | 2,379,872 | 106,919,853 | 101,339,840 | 7,439,243 |
| \$40,000 under \$50,000 | 2,187,606 | 107,966,410 | 103,652,504 | 6,568,703 |
| \$50,000 under \$75,000 | 5,075,534 | 179,749,672 | 168,421,415 | 20,384,663 |
| \$75,000 under \$100,000 | 3,476,454 | 195,360,474 | 180,251,342 | 23,408,632 |
| \$100,000 under \$200,000 | 4,418,243 | 600,303,958 | 554,270,856 | 63,262,519 |
| \$200,000 under \$500,000 | 1,551,689 | 519,608,724 | 462,635,793 | 75,493,907 |
| \$500,000 under \$1,000,000 | 323,577 | 504,038,470 | 471,334,875 | 47,595,595 |
| \$1,000,000 under \$1,500,000 | 83,587 | 172,866,535 | 153,044,428 | 28,349,003 |
| \$1,500,000 under \$2,000,000 | 35,436 | 268,366,416 | 254,543,186 | 19,864,336 |
| \$2,000,000 under \$5,000,000 | 55,266 | 333,812,444 | 294,096,761 | 60,649,518 |
| \$5,000,000 under \$10,000,000 | 13,663 | 179,832,470 | 154,715,802 | 39,919,829 |
| \$10,000,000 or more | 8,476 | 295,623,820 | 227,874,992 | 117,095,733 |

[1] Includes adjusted gross deficit.

Table 2b. Capital Gains and Losses, by Adjusted Gross Income Group, SOI Individual Panel, Tax Year 2000
[All figures are estimates based on samples-money amounts are in thousands of dollars]

| Adjusted gross income | All transactions |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Number of returns | Sales price | Basis | Net gain or loss |
|  | (1) | (2) | (3) | (4) |
| Total | 29,542,416 | 5,088,224,593 | 4,709,938,092 | 574,082,059 |
| Under \$5,000 [1] | 1,841,129 | 227,779,667 | 221,424,000 | 850,341 |
| \$5,000 under \$10,000 | 1,347,767 | 56,684,417 | 56,717,684 | 992,449 |
| \$10,000 under \$15,000 | 1,316,813 | 53,512,891 | 54,137,122 | 1,059,248 |
| \$15,000 under \$20,000 | 1,279,684 | 43,352,586 | 43,430,504 | 1,730,258 |
| \$20,000 under \$25,000 | 1,225,689 | 91,238,634 | 89,940,656 | 2,910,950 |
| \$25,000 under \$30,000 | 1,165,901 | 34,155,859 | 33,855,949 | 1,922,799 |
| \$30,000 under \$40,000 | 2,453,516 | 84,199,557 | 80,064,631 | 5,744,018 |
| \$40,000 under \$50,000 | 2,418,513 | 112,795,689 | 110,450,497 | 6,028,234 |
| \$50,000 under \$75,000 | 5,232,741 | 581,375,919 | 573,961,498 | 16,883,445 |
| \$75,000 under \$100,000 | 3,829,896 | 253,752,658 | 243,444,668 | 19,552,935 |
| \$100,000 under \$200,000 | 5,024,754 | 689,951,074 | 655,386,436 | 57,382,491 |
| \$200,000 under \$500,000 | 1,824,650 | 722,667,737 | 667,928,569 | 79,171,925 |
| \$500,000 under \$1,000,000 | 352,197 | 342,136,690 | 311,064,630 | 48,586,295 |
| \$1,000,000 under \$1,500,000 | 93,899 | 250,751,343 | 224,323,760 | 31,357,673 |
| \$1,500,000 under \$2,000,000 | 39,114 | 507,075,019 | 492,681,028 | 20,006,227 |
| \$2,000,000 under \$5,000,000 | 71,061 | 400,558,204 | 333,384,974 | 90,841,925 |
| \$5,000,000 under \$10,000,000 | 15,287 | 287,108,302 | 251,720,456 | 45,580,063 |
| \$10,000,000 or more | 9,806 | 349,128,347 | 266,021,030 | 143,480,783 |

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## Sales of Capital Assets Panel Data, Tax Years 1999-2003

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Table 2c. Capital Gains and Losses, by Adjusted Gross Income Group, SOI Individual Panel, Tax Year 2001
[All figures are estimates based on samples-money amounts are in thousands of dollars]

| Adjusted gross income | All transactions |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Number of returns | Sales price | Basis | Net gain or loss |
|  | (1) | (2) | (3) | (4) |
| Total | 25,812,464 | 2,834,718,905 | 2,715,813,937 | 196,542,380 |
| Under \$5,000 [1] | 1,779,331 | 298,877,581 | 306,643,727 | -9,332,893 |
| \$5,000 under \$10,000 | 1,068,250 | 42,945,002 | 46,360,457 | -2,800,378 |
| \$10,000 under \$15,000 | 1,074,197 | 48,353,160 | 51,252,326 | -2,845,828 |
| \$15,000 under \$20,000 | 1,166,390 | 33,861,174 | 35,501,902 | -1,414,843 |
| \$20,000 under \$25,000 | 1,050,239 | 30,740,985 | 32,528,527 | -1,460,974 |
| \$25,000 under \$30,000 | 1,081,803 | 43,766,779 | 44,150,537 | 319,687 |
| \$30,000 under \$40,000 | 2,161,550 | 79,617,486 | 81,381,711 | -2,393,313 |
| \$40,000 under \$50,000 | 2,050,021 | 69,938,868 | 69,668,724 | -501,309 |
| \$50,000 under \$75,000 | 4,543,353 | 239,465,040 | 242,820,173 | -2,590,264 |
| \$75,000 under \$100,000 | 3,210,593 | 167,153,875 | 164,242,111 | 4,073,387 |
| \$100,000 under \$200,000 | 4,552,751 | 546,538,631 | 529,578,649 | 16,986,968 |
| \$200,000 under \$500,000 | 1,579,785 | 375,796,488 | 361,783,175 | 21,370,954 |
| \$500,000 under \$1,000,000 | 310,468 | 184,281,010 | 166,927,767 | 25,124,901 |
| \$1,000,000 under \$1,500,000 | 77,199 | 110,700,977 | 100,407,742 | 11,982,843 |
| \$1,500,000 under \$2,000,000 | 41,382 | 92,842,261 | 85,142,614 | 11,502,567 |
| \$2,000,000 under \$5,000,000 | 47,898 | 174,890,544 | 152,676,291 | 33,353,000 |
| \$5,000,000 under \$10,000,000 | 11,096 | 84,402,670 | 73,959,306 | 20,640,592 |
| \$10,000,000 or more | 6,158 | 210,546,374 | 170,788,198 | 74,527,283 |

[1] Includes adjusted gross deficit.

Table 2d. Capital Gains and Losses, by Adjusted Gross Income Group, SOI Individual Panel, Tax Year 2002
[All figures are estimates based on samples-money amounts are in thousands of dollars]

| Adjusted gross income | All transactions |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Number of returns | Sales price | Basis | Net gain or loss |
|  | (1) | (2) | (3) | (4) |
| Total | 23,482,026 | 2,867,517,621 | 2,783,223,597 | 131,871,820 |
| Under \$5,000 [1] | 1,659,000 | 377,961,088 | 385,192,172 | -9,180,503 |
| \$5,000 under \$10,000 | 935,836 | 39,627,734 | 43,034,967 | -3,175,941 |
| \$10,000 under \$15,000 | 1,064,931 | 60,158,896 | 63,293,900 | -3,908,135 |
| \$15,000 under \$20,000 | 1,113,438 | 45,360,075 | 49,623,525 | -4,048,246 |
| \$20,000 under \$25,000 | 961,029 | 37,097,780 | 38,948,910 | -1,351,414 |
| \$25,000 under \$30,000 | 970,098 | 33,953,586 | 35,236,961 | -2,455,033 |
| \$30,000 under \$40,000 | 1,925,619 | 64,514,837 | 69,027,923 | -5,184,507 |
| \$40,000 under \$50,000 | 1,806,610 | 86,620,107 | 90,645,933 | -3,819,178 |
| \$50,000 under \$75,000 | 4,104,286 | 220,410,843 | 223,203,926 | -3,899,206 |
| \$75,000 under \$100,000 | 2,956,277 | 161,200,289 | 161,754,376 | -2,005,899 |
| \$100,000 under \$200,000 | 4,108,441 | 444,257,349 | 434,278,159 | 10,480,028 |
| \$200,000 under \$500,000 | 1,443,025 | 515,784,712 | 497,540,482 | 23,766,128 |
| \$500,000 under \$1,000,000 | 275,579 | 194,008,381 | 177,699,008 | 18,559,667 |
| \$1,000,000 under \$1,500,000 | 73,983 | 93,840,853 | 85,560,675 | 10,211,532 |
| \$1,500,000 under \$2,000,000 | 25,606 | 51,114,950 | 49,104,137 | 3,626,552 |
| \$2,000,000 under \$5,000,000 | 40,765 | 144,084,336 | 130,459,077 | 21,968,369 |
| \$5,000,000 under \$10,000,000 | 11,940 | 76,160,411 | 65,431,130 | 15,769,473 |
| \$10,000,000 or more | 5,561 | 221,361,394 | 183,188,336 | 66,518,133 |

[1] Includes adjusted gross deficit.

Table 2e. Capital Gains and Losses, by Adjusted Gross Income Group, SOI Individual Panel, Tax Year 2003
[All figures are estimates based on samples-money amounts are in thousands of dollars]

| Adjusted gross income | All transactions |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Number of returns | Sales price | Basis | Net gain or loss |
|  | (1) | (2) | (3) | (4) |
| Total | 21,651,534 | 3,081,431,987 | 2,855,551,805 | 303,754,272 |
| Under \$5,000 [1] | 1,503,741 | 250,492,435 | 251,003,945 | 1,960,640 |
| \$5,000 under \$10,000 | 856,074 | 43,800,948 | 44,542,383 | -1,516,937 |
| \$10,000 under \$15,000 | 954,271 | 62,397,208 | 60,307,695 | -246,613 |
| \$15,000 under \$20,000 | 1,043,472 | 30,885,307 | 31,309,951 | -925,297 |
| \$20,000 under \$25,000 | 887,089 | 137,421,588 | 135,856,813 | 147,195 |
| \$25,000 under \$30,000 | 823,550 | 33,828,138 | 32,958,862 | 132,454 |
| \$30,000 under \$40,000 | 1,680,672 | 108,345,797 | 102,884,722 | 3,675,172 |
| \$40,000 under \$50,000 | 1,750,747 | 94,514,966 | 90,795,667 | 1,350,893 |
| \$50,000 under \$75,000 | 3,540,633 | 211,800,252 | 206,575,632 | 3,416,949 |
| \$75,000 under \$100,000 | 2,765,043 | 175,026,557 | 166,626,425 | 7,133,988 |
| \$100,000 under \$200,000 | 3,933,976 | 432,199,831 | 399,825,245 | 30,480,137 |
| \$200,000 under \$500,000 | 1,427,732 | 444,111,998 | 405,588,677 | 48,441,235 |
| \$500,000 under \$1,000,000 | 305,266 | 211,913,870 | 187,139,820 | 33,720,334 |
| \$1,000,000 under \$1,500,000 | 83,360 | 175,555,929 | 151,912,333 | 29,434,538 |
| \$1,500,000 under \$2,000,000 | 34,445 | 67,774,013 | 59,454,758 | 15,905,405 |
| \$2,000,000 under \$5,000,000 | 44,553 | 229,385,251 | 208,046,940 | 35,225,109 |
| \$5,000,000 under \$10,000,000 | 11,082 | 84,634,916 | 75,333,761 | 20,412,770 |
| \$10,000,000 or more | 5,827 | 287,342,983 | 245,388,176 | 75,006,300 |

[1] Includes adjusted gross deficit.

## Sales of Capital Assets Panel Data, Tax Years 1999-2003

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Table 3a. Short-Term and Long-Term Capital Asset Transactions: All Asset Types, by Length of Time Held, SOI Individual Panel, Tax Year 1999
[All figures are estimates based on samples-money amounts are in thousands of dollars]

| Type of transaction, length of time held | All asset types |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Gain transactions [1] |  |  |  | Loss transactions |  |  |  |
|  | Number of transactions | Sales price | Basis | Gain | Number of transactions | Sales price | Basis | Loss |
| (2) (3) $\mathrm{l}^{\text {a }}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Short-term transactions |  | 1,629,577,463 | 1,500,094,730 | 151,384,735 | 37,527,247 | 967,825,949 | 1,072,494,816 | -112,572,19! |
| Under 1 month | 21,906,948 | 505,446,026 | 467,239,296 | 38,070,249 | 12,023,320 | 226,664,520 | 247,999,216 | -21,372,25 |
| 1 month under 2 months | 5,719,128 | 102,787,609 | 87,728,162 | 15,173,090 | 3,714,635 | 41,456,385 | 51,998,141 | -10,487,79 |
| 2 months under 3 months | 3,513,013 | 51,850,020 | 43,488,544 | 8,355,138 | 2,479,363 | 25,396,163 | 31,413,291 | $-6,016,82 \ell$ |
| 3 months under 4 months | 2,746,662 | 35,220,535 | 28,299,441 | 6,926,654 | 2,284,244 | 22,920,015 | 28,864,914 | -5,945,64¢ |
| 4 months under 5 months | 2,297,810 | 28,143,257 | 22,492,759 | 5,655,199 | 1,958,003 | 20,074,415 | 27,273,674 | -7,162,42 ${ }^{-1}$ |
| 5 months under 6 months | 1,894,808 | 21,114,627 | 16,672,911 | 4,428,932 | 1,685,069 | 17,007,078 | 21,868,583 | -4,869,71¢ |
| 6 months under 7 months | 1,879,869 | 28,059,306 | 23,107,892 | 4,949,195 | 1,537,833 | 15,034,374 | 18,491,163 | -3,458,57 |
| 7 months under 8 months | 1,702,413 | 28,502,662 | 23,872,897 | 4,589,877 | 1,442,807 | 17,004,672 | 20,961,053 | -3,958,45 |
| 8 months under 9 months | 1,409,492 | 18,443,227 | 14,721,904 | 3,719,478 | 1,288,366 | 10,048,776 | 13,066,837 | -3,015,066 |
| 9 months under 10 months | 1,289,889 | 15,255,265 | 12,233,111 | 3,083,332 | 1,148,776 | 11,145,670 | 13,849,719 | -2,704,25! |
| 10 months under 11 months | 1,235,907 | 12,851,906 | 9,919,787 | 2,930,056 | 1,152,997 | 10,307,096 | 13,097,959 | -2,795,49! |
| 11 months under 12 months | 1,180,179 | 16,729,027 | 14,027,544 | 2,716,522 | 1,025,803 | 10,062,785 | 12,941,684 | -2,876,23: |
| 1 year or more [2] | 482,854 | 19,704,636 | 18,251,353 | 1,486,466 | 411,659 | 60,861,281 | 63,095,832 | -2,236,23: |
| Holding period not determinable | 9,019,646 | 745,469,360 | 718,039,129 | 49,300,547 | 5,374,372 | 479,842,719 | 507,572,750 | -35,673,22 |
| Long-term transactions <br> Total | 63,670,827 | 877,350,118 | 493,062,665 | 557,307,623 | 21,559,818 | 217,506,932 | 279,897,116 | -70,984,681 |
| Under 18 months [3] | 6,417,221 | 84,419,936 | 58,451,149 | 25,914,863 | 4,976,970 | 45,824,812 | 57,671,576 | -12,351,94¢ |
| 18 months under 2 years | 3,697,462 | 59,723,191 | 40,252,039 | 19,169,464 | 2,894,863 | 23,593,423 | 31,440,808 | -7,847,60¢ |
| 2 years under 3 years | 5,355,010 | 80,266,130 | 49,955,276 | 29,590,698 | 3,056,182 | 25,334,902 | 34,513,281 | -9,187,29! |
| 3 years under 4 years | 3,485,701 | 57,330,373 | 32,460,642 | 23,744,318 | 1,545,443 | 14,752,326 | 18,889,120 | -4,160,52! |
| 4 years under 5 years | 2,430,487 | 47,709,734 | 29,032,297 | 18,115,942 | 927,442 | 9,922,707 | 12,724,187 | -2,803,42( |
| 5 years under 10 years | 5,879,245 | 123,364,112 | 72,218,381 | 47,128,418 | 2,333,829 | 26,963,368 | 33,400,418 | -6,457,85 |
| 10 years under 15 years | 1,900,903 | 59,947,494 | 29,618,198 | 29,027,549 | 473,819 | 6,142,672 | 8,689,621 | -2,548,16 |
| 15 years under 20 years | 1,007,142 | 34,887,073 | 12,838,414 | 18,688,312 | 137,431 | 2,533,339 | 3,918,837 | -1,385,74¢ |
| 20 years or more | 1,173,384 | 63,464,111 | 20,168,402 | 36,755,158 | 90,141 | 2,056,591 | 2,992,725 |  |
| Holding period not determinable | 32,324,272 | 266,237,964 | 148,067,867 | 309,172,901 | 5,123,698 | 60,382,792 | 75,656,543 | $-23,268,46$ i |

[1] Transactions with no gains or loss are included with gain transactions.
[2] Dates showed holding period to be 1 year or more and transactions not reclassified during editing
[3] Includes some transactions with holding periods under 1 year and transactions not reclassified during editing.

# Sales of Capital Assets Panel Data, Tax Years 1999-2003 

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Table 3b. Short-Term and Long-Term Capital Asset Transactions: All Asset Types, by Length of Time Held, SOI Individual Panel, Tax Year 2000
[All figures are estimates based on samples-money amounts are in thousands of dollars]

| Type of transaction, length of time held | All asset types |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Gain transactions [1] |  |  |  | Loss transactions |  |  |  |
|  | Number of transactions | Sales price | Basis | Gain | Number of transactions | Sales price | Basis | Loss |
|        <br> 1$)$ $(2)$ $(3)$ $(4)$ $(5)$ $(6)$ $(7)$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Short-term transactions |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Under 1 month | 31,370,437 | 676,708,224 | 630,154,953 | 47,050,029 | 19,423,094 | 324,579,466 | 363,861,314 | -39,389,630 |
| 1 month under 2 months | 7,352,207 | 107,612,686 | 89,007,498 | 18,683,738 | 7,008,365 | 69,962,765 | 92,783,187 | -22,846,596 |
| 2 months under 3 months | 4,093,111 | 66,021,206 | 52,578,128 | 13,469,412 | 4,765,023 | 40,970,554 | 59,264,168 | -18,302,285 |
| 3 months under 4 months | 3,504,995 | 46,943,430 | 37,189,526 | 9,750,499 | 3,882,058 | 33,445,641 | 46,586,057 | -13,145,142 |
| 4 months under 5 months | 2,530,039 | 32,733,045 | 25,496,970 | 7,164,695 | 3,340,487 | 23,569,981 | 34,118,588 | -10,617,324 |
| 5 months under 6 months | 2,162,544 | 35,905,317 | 29,478,427 | 6,643,989 | 2,909,891 | 20,228,340 | 30,487,093 | -10,417,272 |
| 6 months under 7 months | 2,269,747 | 29,637,129 | 23,462,649 | 6,187,072 | 2,740,790 | 30,370,623 | 39,807,589 | -9,483,543 |
| 7 months under 8 months | 1,918,321 | 22,025,608 | 16,665,536 | 5,355,879 | 2,669,534 | 20,568,218 | 30,168,818 | -9,612,104 |
| 8 months under 9 months | 1,632,360 | 19,975,897 | 14,740,930 | 5,213,553 | 2,438,453 | 17,638,287 | 27,958,104 | -10,323,715 |
| 9 months under 10 months | 1,598,427 | 18,973,601 | 13,242,120 | 5,738,851 | 2,488,667 | 17,785,681 | 29,525,888 | -11,750,313 |
| 10 months under 11 months | 1,432,590 | 16,805,056 | 12,138,628 | 4,698,641 | 1,998,464 | 15,303,080 | 24,418,333 | -9,119,428 |
| 11 months under 12 months | 1,349,293 | 124,821,523 | 120,194,747 | 4,668,990 | 1,842,378 | 27,755,508 | 35,459,717 | -7,708,377 |
| 1 year or more [2] | 595,998 | 30,627,524 | 27,610,665 | 3,028,559 | 676,135 | 112,791,782 | 117,002,049 | -4,124,008 |
| Holding period not determinable | 8,040,834 | 850,649,603 | 807,995,449 | 64,815,642 | 6,810,515 | 909,568,935 | 958,469,941 | -81,655,136 |
| Long-term transactions Total | 68,923,730 | 1,076,524,102 | 563,802,165 | 727,353,134 | 27,852,075 | 267,721,782 | 356,268,851 | -97,245,752 |
| Under 18 months [3] | 7,930,157 | 122,280,550 | 74,478,403 | 47,720,590 | 6,776,656 | 53,937,980 | 78,157,807 | -25,039,539 |
| 18 months under 2 years | 4,484,188 | 71,332,200 | 40,105,966 | 31,105,544 | 4,067,098 | 31,561,332 | 43,259,697 | -11,728,903 |
| 2 years under 3 years | 6,059,734 | 98,391,675 | 57,496,468 | 38,909,069 | 4,405,593 | 36,936,125 | 48,328,965 | -11,332,012 |
| 3 years under 4 years | 3,632,996 | 64,694,325 | 32,750,511 | 31,387,028 | 1,975,167 | 17,305,495 | 23,309,188 | -6,004,999 |
| 4 years under 5 years | 2,791,138 | 55,881,539 | 28,126,479 | 25,601,912 | 1,133,359 | 10,428,555 | 13,430,575 | -2,981,991 |
| 5 years under 10 years | 5,454,144 | 130,763,786 | 71,095,019 | 56,105,439 | 2,007,014 | 23,073,284 | 29,775,086 | -6,698,457 |
| 10 years under 15 years | 2,109,410 | 85,010,362 | 43,052,573 | 37,039,076 | 539,449 | 7,315,589 | 9,978,926 | -2,666,624 |
| 15 years under 20 years | 1,119,796 | 40,627,995 | 14,761,689 | 23,509,849 | 195,383 | 2,725,714 | 3,891,023 | -1,165,316 |
| 20 years or more | 1,478,967 | 59,490,458 | 15,881,222 | 40,633,506 | 146,711 | 1,468,799 | 1,920,331 | -451,712 |
| Holding period not determinable | 33,863,200 | 348,051,212 | 186,053,835 | 395,341,121 | 6,605,645 | 82,968,909 | 104,217,253 | -29,176,199 |

[1] Transactions with no gains or loss are included with gain transactions.
[2] Dates showed holding period to be 1 year or more and transactions not reclassified during editing.
[3] Includes some transactions with holding periods under 1 year and transactions not reclassified during editing

Table 3c. Short-Term and Long-Term Capital Asset Transactions: All Asset Types, by Length of Time Held, SOI Individual Panel, Tax Year 2001
[All figures are estimates based on samples-money amounts are in thousands of dollars]

| Type of transaction, length of time held | All asset types |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Gain transactions [1] |  |  |  | Loss transactions |  |  |  |
|  | Number of transactions | Sales price | Basis | Gain | Number of transactions | Sales price | Basis | Loss |
| Short-term transactions | (1) | (2) | (3) | (4) | (5) | (6) | (7) | (8) |
|  | 43,152,387 | 915,852,620 | 850,019,654 | 81,084,594 | 51,328,949 | 767,592,726 | 907,320,496 | -159,536,9 |
| Under 1 month | 18,476,739 | 297,155,060 | 278,485,164 | 18,698,062 | 12,919,772 | 189,560,049 | 206,738,203 | -17,245,4 |
| 1 month under 2 months | 4,590,631 | 61,849,210 | 55,765,965 |  | 4,745,921 | 35,930,055 | 45,308,614 | -9,384,1 |
| 2 months under 3 months | 2,612,542 | 32,265,255 | 27,592,738 | 4,641,782 | 3,554,186 | 23,226,663 | 30,024,799 | -6,804,4 |
| 3 months under 4 months | 2,165,541 | 37,504,237 | 34,375,819 | 3,101,070 | 3,636,544 | 23,185,806 | 30,710,066 | -7,518,8 |
| 4 months under 5 months | 1,792,506 | 18,721,388 | 16,463,994 | 2,310,638 | 3,121,174 | 17,358,446 | 25,059,254 | -7,678,5 |
| 5 months under 6 months | 1,465,354 | 15,531,270 | 13,636,504 | 1,898,698 | 2,865,170 | 15,057,849 | 22,258,179 | -7,197,9 |
| 6 months under 7 months | 1,312,307 | 20,204,933 | 18,188,334 | 1,766,812 | 2,649,606 | 15,011,117 | 22,119,736 | -7,111,2 |
| 7 months under 8 months | 1,222,592 | 14,213,627 | 12,499,641 | 1,742,518 | 2,309,438 | 15,052,713 | 21,802,376 | -6,756,0 |
| 8 months under 9 months | 1,158,427 | 12,695,279 | 10,962,277 | 1,745,277 | 2,180,810 | 11,577,931 | 17,991,782 | -6,415,2 |
| 9 months under 10 months | 1,023,152 | 11,925,272 | 10,307,141 | 1,611,283 | 2,087,452 | 10,667,177 | 17,413,618 | -6,746,9 |
| 10 months under 11 months | 1,046,955 | 16,735,677 | 15,018,626 | 1,715,287 | 2,186,858 | 12,093,794 | 20,475,927 | -8,377,6 |
| 11 months under 12 months | 922,117 | 14,397,976 | 12,640,892 | 1,768,656 | 2,206,576 | 16,116,414 | 25,858,187 | -9,744,9 |
| 1 year or more [2] | 582,172 | 18,657,621 | 17,203,689 | 1,450,293 | 845,858 | 42,850,921 | 47,461,764 | -4,582,8 |
| Holding period not determinable | 4,781,352 | 343,995,815 | 326,878,870 | 32,536,665 | 6,019,584 | 339,903,791 | 374,097,991 | -53,972,5 |
| Long-term transactions Total | 54,225,957 | 865,002,522 | 536,383,275 | 435,403,208 | 36,452,014 | 286,271,041 | 422,090,347 | -160,408,5 |
| Under 18 months [3] | 5,836,186 | 89,878,643 | 71,032,617 | 19,140,114 | 9,973,547 | 51,423,383 | 88,368,559 | -37,734,7 |
| 18 months under 2 years | 3,760,218 | 57,434,475 | 44,486,884 | 12,728,710 | 5,805,780 | 28,887,122 | 50,894,422 | -22,017,6 |
| 2 years under 3 years | 5,241,272 | 85,232,472 | 63,353,298 | 19,809,048 | 5,315,109 | 42,768,047 | 59,926,656 | -17,206,8 |
| 3 years under 4 years | 3,030,914 | 55,964,120 | 40,329,740 | 14,814,168 | 2,380,165 | 19,052,950 | 25,740,426 | -6,753,9 |
| 4 years under 5 years | 2,369,374 | 44,457,819 | 30,776,132 | 12,915,946 | 1,210,026 | 11,086,989 | 14,614,260 | $-3,575,3$ |
| 5 years under 10 years | 5,898,646 | 125,513,230 | 76,171,356 | 43,044,704 | 2,219,340 | 21,663,619 | 28,088,947 | -6,468,1 |
| 10 years under 15 years | 1,748,578 | 62,545,192 | 36,235,719 | 22,877,160 | 427,595 | 5,114,164 | 6,737,204 | -1,629,4 |
| 15 years under 20 years | 873,114 | 37,842,687 | 11,187,078 | 24,134,172 | 162,569 | 1,326,393 | 2,212,197 | -885,8 |
| 20 years or more | 1,257,832 | 52,662,592 | 15,689,781 | 34,373,053 | 166,692 | 2,884,040 | 4,934,638 | -2,054,9 |
| Holding period not determinable | 24,209,823 | 253,471,292 | 147,120,670 | 231,566,133 | 8,791,191 | 102,064,334 | 140,573,038 | -62,081,4 |

[1] Transactions with no gains or loss are included with gain transactions.
[2] Dates showed holding period to be 1 year or more and transactions not reclassified during editing
[3] Includes some transactions with holding periods under 1 year and transactions not reclassified during editing.

## Sales of Capital Assets Panel Data, Tax Years 1999-2003

Statistics of Income Bulletin | Summer 2009

Table 3d. Short-Term and Long-Term Capital Asset Transactions: All Asset Types, by Length of Time Held, SOI Individual Panel, Tax Year 2002

| Type of transaction, length of time held | All asset types |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Gain transactions [1] |  |  |  | Loss transactions |  |  |  |
|  | Number of transactions | Sales price | Basis | Gain | Number of transactions | Sales price | Basis | Loss |
| Short-term transactions | (1) | (2) | (3) | (4) | (5) | (6) | (7) | (8) |
|  | 39,698,802 | 842,979,025 | 795,912,701 | 57,080,927 | 48,672,140 | 864,198,223 | 947,509,087 | -95,531,779 |
| Under 1 month | 16,241,454 | 341,714,178 | 329,724,229 | 12,019,998 | 12,263,659 | 204,436,158 | 216,212,602 | -11,800,847 |
| 1 month under 2 months | 4,196,086 | 60,970,200 | 56,623,371 | 4,351,457 | 4,747,547 | 38,849,752 | 44,500,415 | -5,652,606 |
| 2 months under 3 months | 2,363,845 | 25,965,809 | 23,672,435 | 2,327,252 | 3,342,525 | 22,943,931 | 27,327,837 | -4,385,788 |
| 3 months under 4 months | 2,085,203 | 33,216,695 | 31,068,325 | 2,148,034 | 3,297,837 | 18,152,349 | 23,308,683 | -5,209,083 |
| 4 months under 5 months | 1,764,060 | 19,797,407 | 17,982,746 | 1,833,718 | 2,824,017 | 15,442,236 | 19,943,611 | -4,506,676 |
| 5 months under 6 months | 1,460,059 | 15,411,235 | 13,734,529 | 1,643,915 | 2,640,662 | 16,609,060 | 20,906,750 | -4,295,242 |
| 6 months under 7 months | 1,225,688 | 14,619,155 | 13,303,974 | 1,339,876 | 2,624,317 | 14,669,681 | 19,383,871 | -4,715,509 |
| 7 months under 8 months | 1,103,115 | 10,898,460 | 9,804,266 | 1,195,245 | 2,332,236 | 13,462,051 | 18,126,911 | -4,665,350 |
| 8 months under 9 months | 1,176,777 | 11,928,761 | 10,255,619 | 1,670,251 | 2,051,724 | 9,295,149 | 12,813,457 | -3,545,299 |
| 9 months under 10 months | 954,580 | 9,628,886 | 8,550,101 | 1,069,855 | 2,051,205 | 10,700,837 | 14,049,835 | -3,349,419 |
| 10 months under 11 months | 820,176 | 9,260,387 | 8,249,993 | 1,002,519 | 1,983,483 | 10,245,557 | 13,749,304 | -3,504,564 |
| 11 months under 12 months | 826,798 | 12,253,173 | 11,176,848 | 1,008,644 | 1,597,224 | 8,576,065 | 11,863,497 | -3,287,502 |
| 1 year or more [2] | 430,285 | 6,817,290 | 5,854,258 | 981,352 | 689,985 | 13,992,249 | 16,608,704 | -2,517,303 |
| Holding period not determinable | 5,050,676 | 270,497,389 | 255,912,007 | 24,488,811 | 6,225,719 | 466,823,148 | 488,713,610 | -34,096,591 |
| Long-term transactions Total | 46,678,522 | 842,212,042 | 538,526,947 | 374,902,166 | 47,714,297 | 318,128,330 | 501,274,861 | -204,579,497 |
| Under 18 months [3] | 4,455,193 | 68,577,345 | 56,158,006 | 13,165,025 | 9,197,628 | 48,399,747 | 72,598,636 | -24,383,502 |
| 18 months under 2 years | 2,803,565 | 53,074,127 | 42,066,832 | 10,260,873 | 6,752,665 | 29,413,240 | 52,678,742 | -23,282,945 |
| 2 years under 3 years | 4,597,112 | 86,435,693 | 69,032,949 | 15,825,555 | 9,235,236 | 40,098,376 | 77,995,720 | -37,908,515 |
| 3 years under 4 years | 2,830,120 | 51,403,893 | 39,192,418 | 10,558,335 | 4,281,603 | 24,008,950 | 39,336,325 | -15,334,211 |
| 4 years under 5 years | 2,166,033 | 44,320,415 | 30,998,975 | 12,009,166 | 2,353,607 | 15,507,401 | 24,292,457 | -8,785,893 |
| 5 years under 10 years | 6,045,747 | 139,941,554 | 91,840,066 | 43,359,216 | 3,483,142 | 27,543,751 | 37,937,567 | -10,419,111 |
| 10 years under 15 years | 1,999,451 | 61,540,140 | 34,872,206 | 23,231,985 | 542,936 | 7,560,852 | 9,836,009 | -2,280,266 |
| 15 years under 20 years | 969,920 | 42,863,931 | 14,427,381 | 22,184,365 | 209,811 | 1,930,956 | 3,391,491 | -1,460,534 |
| 20 years or more | 1,390,508 | 67,544,039 | 18,908,194 | 43,406,243 | 280,549 | 1,794,370 | 3,098,866 | -1,363,351 |
| Holding period not determinable | 19,420,873 | 226,510,905 | 141,029,920 | 180,901,403 | 11,377,120 | 121,870,687 | 180,109,048 | -79,361,169 |

[1] Transactions with no gains or loss are included with gain transactions.
[2] Dates showed holding period to be 1 year or more and transactions not reclassified during editing.
[3] Includes some transactions with holding periods under 1 year and transactions not reclassified during editing.

## Sales of Capital Assets Panel Data, Tax Years 1999-2003

Statistics of Income Bulletin | Summer 2009

Table 3e. Short-Term and Long-Term Capital Asset Transactions: All Asset Types, by Length of Time Held, SOI Individual Panel, Tax Year 2003
[All figures are estimates based on samples-money amounts are in thousands of dollars]

| Type of transaction, length of time held | All asset types |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Gain transactions [1] |  |  |  | Loss transactions |  |  |  |
|  | Number of transactions | Sales price | Basis | Gain | Number of transactions | Sales price | Basis | Loss |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Short-term transactions |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Under 1 month | 17,597,373 | 374,393,459 | 358,657,381 | 15,858,712 | 10,122,724 | 228,151,271 | 236,537,295 | -8,346,72! |
| 1 month under 2 months | 5,042,972 | 59,682,900 | 54,346,715 | 5,364,863 | 3,149,892 | 31,475,295 | 35,612,615 | -4,142,691 |
| 2 months under 3 months | 3,587,349 | 40,463,658 | 36,821,356 | 3,608,283 | 2,097,672 | 16,566,564 | 18,814,941 | -2,247,18: |
| 3 months under 4 months | 3,275,035 | 34,059,708 | 30,485,789 | 3,376,773 | 1,719,570 | 13,853,680 | 15,751,790 | -1,891,64، |
| 4 months under 5 months | 2,700,040 | 25,150,826 | 22,392,495 | 2,760,649 | 1,386,650 | 12,885,736 | 14,309,464 | -1,423,601 |
| 5 months under 6 months | 2,537,303 | 24,364,554 | 22,073,086 | 2,289,436 | 1,280,987 | 9,738,691 | 10,827,770 | -1,093,08 |
| 6 months under 7 months | 2,446,000 | 23,960,536 | 21,674,650 | 2,283,874 | 1,175,699 | 14,902,458 | 16,178,063 | -1,277,35 |
| 7 months under 8 months | 1,910,642 | 21,739,924 | 18,372,366 | 2,484,789 | 1,025,333 | 7,541,260 | 8,677,867 | -1,133,06i |
| 8 months under 9 months | 1,837,261 | 12,130,791 | 10,380,846 | 1,756,057 | 1,182,734 | 11,299,399 | 12,457,570 | -1,158,37 |
| 9 months under 10 months | 1,643,529 | 15,384,797 | 13,600,587 | 1,817,613 | 997,193 | 5,186,318 | 6,305,659 | -1,119,68! |
| 10 months under 11 months | 1,579,709 | 18,151,057 | 15,540,793 | 2,575,514 | 1,216,223 | 5,604,982 | 6,836,077 | -1,231,26! |
| 11 months under 12 months | 1,438,310 | 14,066,704 | 12,562,744 | 1,545,978 | 1,275,190 | 6,850,159 | 8,245,095 | -1,394,93 |
| 1 year or more [2] | 570,973 | 11,409,178 | 10,073,238 | 1,347,741 | 493,280 | 20,520,944 | 21,735,025 | -1,188,741 |
| Holding period not determinable | 6,360,769 | 475,863,488 | 461,429,916 | 32,428,509 | 4,426,893 | 319,413,248 | 328,294,365 | -14,280,42 |
| Long-term transactions Total | 48,257,663 | 947,659,232 | 629,385,366 | 402,976,826 | 41,078,136 | 278,961,173 | 397,170,885 | -136,792,57، |
| Under 18 months [3] | 6,633,293 | 101,175,155 | 82,524,687 | 17,904,872 | 7,094,865 | 37,980,081 | 47,301,725 | -9,490,44! |
| 18 months under 2 years | 3,741,630 | 58,474,488 | 47,760,397 | 10,437,723 | 5,039,141 | 25,695,618 | 33,463,426 | -7,773,64 |
| 2 years under 3 years | 4,454,012 | 93,209,002 | 74,474,838 | 15,314,236 | 7,027,645 | 36,689,032 | 55,059,597 | -18,479,14ı |
| 3 years under 4 years | 3,185,949 | 65,824,992 | 49,594,422 | 15,854,868 | 4,872,930 | 22,404,782 | 41,836,421 | -19,441,82: |
| 4 years under 5 years | 2,018,460 | 44,430,880 | 30,711,434 | 10,923,211 | 2,473,695 | 15,198,548 | 22,284,747 | -7,120,92 |
| 5 years under 10 years | 6,057,110 | 172,809,214 | 113,071,536 | 49,778,841 | 3,476,711 | 24,993,951 | 34,979,955 | -10,025,93: |
| 10 years under 15 years | 2,084,451 | 78,652,642 | 43,939,262 | 30,558,375 | 608,872 | 7,026,976 | 10,492,809 | -3,576,88: |
| 15 years under 20 years | 848,967 | 40,588,233 | 15,929,370 | 21,425,723 | 227,959 | 2,120,601 | 3,045,656 | -926,59 |
| 20 years or more | 1,129,434 | 63,613,243 | 18,447,892 | 37,806,661 | 157,057 | 1,587,282 | 2,337,490 | -810,24: |
| Holding period not determinable | 18,104,357 | 228,881,383 | 152,931,528 | 192,972,316 | 10,099,261 | 105,264,302 | 146,369,059 | -59,146,93! |

[1] Transactions with no gains or loss are included with gain transactions.
[2] Dates showed holding period to be 1 year or more and transactions not reclassified during editing.
[3] Includes some transactions with holding periods under 1 year and transactions not reclassified during editing

Table 4a. Distribution of Number of Returns and Amount for Returns with Net Gains or Losses Realized, SOI Individual Panel, Tax Years 1999-
2003

| Adjusted gross income | Number of returns with no net gains or losses all years | Returns with net gains or losses for 1 year |  | Returns with net gains or losses for 2 years |  | Returns with net gains or losses for 3 years |  | Returns with net gains or losses for 4 years |  | Returns with net gains or losses for 5 years |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Number | Amount | Number | Amount | Number | Amount | Number | Amount | Number | Amount |
|  | (1) | (2) | (3) | (4) | (5) | (6) | (7) | (8) | (9) | (10) | (11) |
| Total | 381,617,614 | 53,666,982 | 70,785,420 | 33,038,050 | 73,530,503 | 29,238,608 | 114,588,432 | 28,594,898 | 174,945,726 | 60,735,719 | 1,502,108,244 |
| Under \$5,000 [1] | 27,092,081 | 2,307,185 | 2,037,071 | 2,146,688 | 3,886,633 | 2,275,692 | 3,223,242 | 1,644,163 | 2,812,828 | 2,760,694 | 21,401,697 |
| \$5,000 under \$10,000 | 53,641,043 | 3,666,930 | 1,764,809 | 1,888,835 | 1,448,163 | 1,524,985 | 1,410,874 | 1,368,582 | 1,145,075 | 2,184,138 | 2,923,989 |
| \$10,000 under \$15,000 | 57,610,229 | 4,217,261 | 2,778,244 | 2,414,436 | 2,159,316 | 1,852,426 | 2,289,281 | 1,489,280 | 1,286,158 | 2,667,581 | 4,836,397 |
| \$15,000 under \$20,000 | 48,666,954 | 4,410,528 | 2,653,172 | 2,127,960 | 1,745,935 | 1,477,407 | 1,433,576 | 1,521,880 | 1,988,748 | 2,690,590 | 6,364,851 |
| \$20,000 under \$25,000 | 39,941,184 | 4,401,893 | 4,515,799 | 2,235,550 | 2,206,653 | 1,793,616 | 1,752,943 | 1,411,889 | 2,430,534 | 2,698,279 | 7,456,319 |
| \$25,000 under \$30,000 | 31,225,005 | 4,427,316 | 3,901,602 | 2,191,015 | 2,511,977 | 1,901,794 | 2,755,309 | 1,547,902 | 3,037,737 | 2,684,563 | 9,923,732 |
| \$30,000 under \$40,000 | 44,823,451 | 6,964,000 | 6,761,694 | 4,123,598 | 5,883,319 | 3,238,084 | 5,353,384 | 3,152,257 | 8,375,420 | 5,304,509 | 16,703,123 |
| \$40,000 under \$50,000 | 29,873,392 | 6,202,569 | 7,789,520 | 3,770,490 | 5,192,028 | 3,042,694 | 5,758,069 | 3,086,764 | 10,131,482 | 5,063,175 | 20,089,842 |
| \$50,000 under \$75,000 | 34,390,328 | 10,371,457 | 12,788,712 | 6,511,987 | 11,234,275 | 5,768,893 | 13,051,971 | 5,706,710 | 20,036,148 | 11,358,154 | 59,303,131 |
| \$75,000 under \$100,000 | 9,593,599 | 3,895,691 | 8,698,525 | 2,790,267 | 5,463,598 | 3,048,276 | 10,535,491 | 3,165,671 | 16,797,472 | 7,071,431 | 61,756,980 |
| \$100,000 under \$200,000 | 4,389,506 | 2,424,241 | 9,132,600 | 2,451,113 | 11,498,860 | 2,656,962 | 19,675,496 | 3,466,995 | 27,290,309 | 10,164,799 | 158,587,148 |
| \$200,000 under \$500,000 | 336,843 | 348,476 | 2,684,088 | 315,265 | 6,104,552 | 577,625 | 27,083,943 | 861,473 | 32,051,947 | 4,494,544 | 230,643,417 |
| \$500,000 under \$1,000,000 | 30,779 | 22,784 | 1,002,512 | 40,922 | 3,326,208 | 60,559 | 3,688,543 | 120,135 | 19,626,727 | 986,345 | 171,268,775 |
| \$1,000,000 under \$1,500,000 | 2,345 | 3,222 | 621,015 | 13,243 | 6,858,946 | 7,797 | 2,367,492 | 23,945 | 5,095,632 | 255,622 | 88,284,489 |
| \$1,500,000 under \$2,000,000 | 474 | 1,609 | 107,844 | 13,228 | 1,656,640 | 2,786 | 1,158,789 | 16,183 | 3,735,607 | 108,119 | 58,584,655 |
| \$2,000,000 under \$5,000,000 | 345 | 723 | 313,417 | 3,025 | 775,687 | 7,839 | 1,774,763 | 9,026 | 6,186,098 | 182,773 | 204,746,104 |
| \$5,000,000 under \$10,000,000 | 37 | 1,037 | 2,497,704 | 365 | 151,342 | 877 | 951,451 | 1,392 | 3,109,740 | 40,525 | 123,751,178 |
| \$10,000,000 or more | 20 | 61 | 737,092 | 64 | 1,426,373 | 296 | 10,323,814 | 651 | 9,808,066 | 19,880 | 255,482,417 |

## Sales of Capital Assets Panel Data, Tax Years 1999-2003

Statistics of Income Bulletin | Summer 2009

Table 4b. Distribution of Number of Returns and Amount for Returns with Net Gains Realized, SOI Individual Panel, Tax Years 1999-2003


| Adjusted gross income | Number of returns with no net gains realized all years | Returns with net gains realized for 1 year |  | Returns with net gains realized for 2 years |  | Returns with net gains realized for 3 years |  | Returns with net gains realized for 4 years |  | Returns with net gains or realized for 5 years |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Number | Amount | Number | Amount | Number | Amount | Number | Amount | Number | Amount |
|  | (1) | (2) | (3) | (4) | (5) | (6) | (7) | (8) | (9) | (10) | (11) |
| Total | 412,560,970 | 65,232,932 | 183,423,223 | 46,400,570 | 385,149,595 | 32,470,954 | 412,477,547 | 17,782,566 | 399,449,225 | 12,443,879 | 586,953,766 |
| Under \$5,000 [1] | 28,701,335 | 2,983,380 | 3,640,170 | 3,085,649 | 6,905,170 | 2,072,390 | 7,828,730 | 833,965 | 8,598,664 | 549,784 | 8,806,303 |
| \$5,000 under \$10,000 | 55,394,515 | 3,910,817 | 1,798,701 | 2,395,195 | 2,684,281 | 1,561,776 | 2,615,347 | 609,125 | 1,789,640 | 403,086 | 1,523,364 |
| \$10,000 under \$15,000 | 59,519,042 | 4,595,600 | 2,964,324 | 2,785,058 | 3,641,970 | 1,756,141 | 3,517,115 | 950,521 | 2,176,892 | 644,853 | 2,639,900 |
| \$15,000 under \$20,000 | 50,646,823 | 4,760,824 | 2,903,547 | 2,410,891 | 3,652,440 | 1,607,844 | 3,039,774 | 805,367 | 2,642,683 | 663,569 | 3,476,659 |
| \$20,000 under \$25,000 | 41,997,590 | 4,677,797 | 5,064,668 | 2,572,071 | 4,085,737 | 1,688,232 | 4,745,842 | 962,526 | 3,208,655 | 584,194 | 3,065,016 |
| \$25,000 under \$30,000 | 33,368,348 | 4,640,404 | 5,613,434 | 2,617,834 | 5,211,390 | 1,930,567 | 5,775,978 | 877,762 | 3,799,604 | 542,680 | 3,608,038 |
| \$30,000 under \$40,000 | 48,768,568 | 7,731,360 | 7,836,539 | 4,802,139 | 11,037,328 | 3,427,819 | 10,742,487 | 1,729,464 | 8,672,204 | 1,146,550 | 8,255,573 |
| \$40,000 under \$50,000 | 33,142,988 | 7,250,796 | 11,485,620 | 4,619,313 | 11,467,452 | 3,077,324 | 10,059,848 | 1,766,159 | 9,912,863 | 1,182,503 | 9,078,455 |
| \$50,000 under \$75,000 | 40,572,401 | 12,422,644 | 19,498,845 | 9,207,163 | 28,313,039 | 6,274,542 | 29,753,606 | 3,317,791 | 21,271,884 | 2,312,988 | 23,560,767 |
| \$75,000 under \$100,000 | 12,386,299 | 5,663,923 | 15,425,198 | 4,578,193 | 24,825,166 | 3,405,461 | 22,657,212 | 2,072,214 | 22,460,011 | 1,458,846 | 20,741,738 |
| \$100,000 under \$200,000 | 6,952,549 | 4,957,964 | 25,670,285 | 5,227,856 | 39,878,304 | 4,012,153 | 55,401,748 | 2,633,324 | 48,497,949 | 1,769,769 | 60,396,715 |
| \$200,000 under \$500,000 | 934,316 | 1,306,327 | 23,181,004 | 1,590,213 | 57,192,719 | 1,311,287 | 67,377,297 | 915,089 | 63,703,152 | 876,994 | 88,324,435 |
| \$500,000 under \$1,000,000 | 126,763 | 232,439 | 20,230,029 | 322,808 | 51,042,909 | 207,756 | 31,356,016 | 191,816 | 42,871,755 | 179,942 | 53,629,688 |
| \$1,000,000 under \$1,500,000 | 27,251 | 43,448 | 6,049,148 | 80,435 | 27,284,667 | 65,412 | 25,458,448 | 46,292 | 20,117,886 | 43,336 | 24,376,627 |
| \$1,500,000 under \$2,000,000 | 9,085 | 22,947 | 4,143,211 | 40,143 | 11,265,925 | 23,374 | 12,847,637 | 22,518 | 14,420,551 | 24,331 | 22,588,083 |
| \$2,000,000 under \$5,000,000 | 10,333 | 25,371 | 9,736,373 | 53,634 | 36,220,772 | 35,666 | 46,883,250 | 35,910 | 41,665,786 | 42,814 | 79,314,889 |
| \$5,000,000 under \$ $10,000,000$ | 1,802 | 5,073 | 6,469,779 | 8,060 | 22,714,380 | 9,738 | 26,279,320 | 8,876 | 28,870,991 | 10,684 | 46,131,407 |
| \$10,000,000 or more | 963 | 1,818 | 11,712,350 | 3,915 | 37,725,945 | 3,471 | 46,137,893 | 3,847 | 54,768,053 | 6,956 | 127,436,110 |

Table 4c. Distribution of Number of Returns and Amount for Returns with Losses Realized, SOI Individual Panel, Tax Years 1999-2003 [All figures are estimates based on samples -money amounts are in thousands of dollars]

| Adjusted gross income | Number of returns with no net gains realized all years | Returns with net losses realized for 1 year |  | Returns with net losses realized for 2 years |  | Returns with net losses realized for 3 years |  | Returns with net losses realized for 4 years |  | Returns with net losses realized for 5 years |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Number | Amount | Number | Amount | Number | Amount | Number | Amount | Number | Amount |
|  | (1) | (2) | (3) | (4) | (5) | (6) | (7) | (8) | (9) | (10) | (11) |
| Total | 475,354,817 | 45,930,003 | 389,312,576 | 28,647,119 | 313,543,230 | 20,252,123 | 287,558,079 | 10,799,159 | 61,774,508 | 5,908,650 | -15,591,248 |
| Under \$5,000 [1] | 32,863,402 | 1,956,987 | 7,691,119 | 1,315,311 | 4,018,077 | 1,085,501 | 2,217,491 | 519,497 | 579,764 | 485,807 | -1,264,362 |
| \$5,000 under \$ 10,000 | 59,114,743 | 2,186,403 | 1,239,189 | 1,450,564 | 787,331 | 899,258 | 167,055 | 326,919 | -278,945 | 296,626 | -778,784 |
| \$10,000 under \$15,000 | 64,481,912 | 2,670,527 | 1,986,349 | 1,507,624 | 913,229 | 844,544 | 507,627 | 514,488 | -497,646 | 232,119 | -552,090 |
| \$15,000 under \$20,000 | 54,908,804 | 2,854,894 | 2,252,440 | 1,499,887 | 1,011,817 | 881,609 | 871,075 | 556,434 | -342,585 | 193,691 | -515,144 |
| \$20,000 under \$25,000 | 46,492,117 | 2,909,799 | 3,090,721 | 1,429,634 | 2,219,567 | 908,142 | 754,632 | 472,009 | -202,546 | 270,710 | -685,054 |
| \$25,000 under \$30,000 | 37,852,670 | 2,780,084 | 3,361,289 | 1,666,674 | 3,076,783 | 907,661 | 1,636,505 | 452,014 | 538,118 | 318,492 | -843,701 |
| \$30,000 under \$40,000 | 55,823,851 | 5,346,957 | 6,546,490 | 3,093,319 | 5,866,031 | 1,762,997 | 2,253,676 | 929,151 | -680,822 | 649,626 | -1,763,170 |
| \$40,000 under \$50,000 | 40,210,122 | 4,936,709 | 7,858,232 | 2,801,166 | 5,840,718 | 1,596,800 | 5,084,934 | 964,858 | -283,232 | 529,429 | -1,376,483 |
| \$50,000 under \$75,000 | 52,123,310 | 9,400,304 | 22,328,792 | 5,500,277 | 18,732,563 | 4,010,229 | 10,893,875 | 1,975,570 | 1,234,883 | 1,097,839 | -2,923,752 |
| \$75,000 under \$100,000 | 17,517,328 | 4,722,723 | 21,831,829 | 3,023,380 | 13,655,511 | 2,491,017 | 15,172,376 | 1,273,854 | 3,252,674 | 536,633 | -1,411,917 |
| \$100,000 under \$200,000 | 11,346,879 | 4,551,392 | 46,378,571 | 3,868,080 | 39,157,139 | 3,125,833 | 25,220,357 | 1,815,159 | 9,160,546 | 846,272 | -2,269,966 |
| \$200,000 under \$500,000 | 2,130,914 | 1,275,166 | 64,238,626 | 1,158,729 | 47,770,418 | 1,258,654 | 47,453,968 | 757,846 | 11,000,372 | 352,917 | -941,215 |
| \$500,000 under \$1,000,000 | 307,156 | 213,633 | 44,467,204 | 198,000 | 26,134,852 | 314,151 | 53,834,827 | 164,734 | 10,040,645 | 63,850 | -170,397 |
| \$1,000,000 under \$1,500,000 | 69,362 | 46,397 | 19,057,956 | 65,353 | 24,873,682 | 70,036 | 19,537,763 | 37,754 | 4,179,999 | 17,272 | -48,152 |
| \$1,500,000 under \$2,000,000 | 42,205 | 23,700 | 15,371,154 | 21,421 | 11,619,054 | 37,445 | 10,630,888 | 10,352 | 2,130,311 | 7,276 | -20,113 |
| \$2,000,000 under \$5,000,000 | 49,579 | 41,601 | 42,789,798 | 35,124 | 43,975,492 | 46,468 | 34,293,902 | 23,138 | 9,019,931 | 7,820 | -20,695 |
| \$5,000,000 under \$10,000,000 | 13,028 | 8,806 | 28,351,125 | 9,303 | 24,987,127 | 7,941 | 22,313,811 | 3,741 | 3,681,123 | 1,412 | -3,843 |
| \$10,000,000 or more | 7,436 | 3,921 | 50,471,692 | 3,275 | 38,903,839 | 3,836 | 34,713,318 | 1,642 | 9,241,918 | 859 | -2,410 |

## Sales of Capital Assets Panel Data, Tax Years 1999-2003

Statistics of Income Bulletin | Summer 2009

Table 5a. Short-Term and Long-Term Capital Gains and Losses, by Asset Type, Cross-Section, Tax Year 1999
[All figures are estimates based on samples-money amounts are in thousands of dollars]

| Asset type | All transactions |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Number of transactions | Sales price | Basis | Net gain or loss |
|  | (1) | (2) | (3) | (4) |
| Total | 179,036,504 | 3,692,260,458 | 3,345,549,329 | 525,135,483 |
| Corporate stock | 102,768,793 | 2,038,969,949 | 1,815,854,215 | 224,438,833 |
| U.S. Government obligations | 1,661,647 | 136,905,104 | 136,676,681 | 17,443 |
| State and local government obligations | 2,980,945 | 114,293,571 | 114,475,074 | -175,052 |
| Other bonds, notes, and debentures | 852,341 | 31,126,824 | 30,885,344 | 251,093 |
| Put and call options | 6,203,471 | 41,561,030 | 40,538,987 | 1,189,119 |
| Futures contracts | 332,496 | 6,991,249 | 8,728,099 | -1,695,952 |
| Mutual funds, except tax-exempt bond funds | 26,728,492 | 495,326,399 | 480,076,650 | 15,316,879 |
| Tax-exempt bond mutual funds | 4,885,932 | 64,156,065 | 65,391,107 | -1,248,039 |
| Partnership, S corporation, and estate or trust interests | 1,523,705 | 50,808,957 | 33,700,723 | 17,832,301 |
| Livestock | 825,981 | 2,903,702 | 1,097,194 | 1,398,095 |
| Timber | 98,622 | 2,454,789 | 649,700 | 1,713,105 |
| Involuntary conversions | 74,990 | 301,438 | 11,373 | 58,568 |
| Residential rental property | 1,619,598 | 112,506,150 | 79,640,017 | 24,820,154 |
| Depreciable business personal property | 1,314,253 | 8,853,932 | 5,699,227 | 1,213,814 |
| Depreciable business real property | 713,197 | 49,269,177 | 34,304,699 | 13,862,743 |
| Farmland | 118,533 | 11,035,200 | 5,179,127 | 2,887,856 |
| Other land | 1,070,696 | 40,584,545 | 26,023,533 | 12,973,849 |
| Residences | 296,953 | 37,285,813 | 31,428,680 | 3,542,186 |
| Other assets | 2,864,540 | 392,248,875 | 384,503,626 | 7,461,794 |
| Unidentifiable | 632,747 | 54,677,688 | 50,685,274 | 5,006,526 |
| Passthrough gains or losses | 4,520,381 | N/A | N/A | 132,546,389 |
| Capital gain distributions | 16,948,193 | N/A | N/A | 61,723,778 |

N/A—Passthrough gain or losses and capital gain distributions are not reported with a sales price or basis.

# Sales of Capital Assets Panel Data, Tax Years 1999-2003 

Statistics of Income Bulletin | Summer 2009

Table 5b. Short-Term and Long-Term Capital Gains and Losses, by Asset Type, Cross-Section, Tax Year 2000
[All figures are estimates based on samples-money amounts are in thousands of dollars]

| Asset type | All transactions |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Number of transactions | Sales price | Basis | Net gain or loss |
|  | (1) | (2) | (3) | (4) |
| Total | 236,874,553 | 5,231,772,567 | 4,847,795,479 | 582,445,853 |
| Corporate stock | 155,530,257 | 3,296,603,089 | 3,049,647,705 | 239,021,813 |
| U.S. Government obligations | 1,464,053 | 129,631,605 | 129,524,054 | 184,897 |
| State and local government obligations | 2,876,321 | 113,418,570 | 114,018,445 | -765,990 |
| Other bonds, notes, and debentures | 789,745 | 25,503,174 | 25,790,440 | -281,578 |
| Put and call options | 7,563,383 | 65,498,076 | 62,657,672 | 2,824,561 |
| Futures contracts | 424,080 | 9,978,072 | 7,743,129 | 2,233,224 |
| Mutual funds, except tax-exempt bond funds | 30,235,548 | 370,800,174 | 360,935,930 | 9,788,242 |
| Tax-exempt bond mutual funds | 3,064,274 | 55,517,909 | 57,274,747 | -1,763,283 |
| Partnership, S corporation, and estate or trust interests | 1,272,789 | 228,274,641 | 212,037,270 | 16,786,665 |
| Livestock | 835,326 | 4,477,178 | 1,241,920 | 2,481,511 |
| Timber | 139,616 | 3,867,121 | 964,012 | 2,904,784 |
| Involuntary conversions | 146,205 | 103,823 | -104,041 | -100,608 |
| Residential rental property | 1,609,588 | 121,090,403 | 89,216,479 | 23,915,984 |
| Depreciable business personal property | 1,391,287 | 13,413,775 | 8,932,031 | 2,110,295 |
| Depreciable business real property | 774,230 | 59,712,721 | 39,619,143 | 15,906,070 |
| Farmland | 126,424 | 9,537,941 | 6,189,049 | 3,017,474 |
| Other land | 957,513 | 40,845,505 | 22,032,453 | 17,351,415 |
| Residences | 319,250 | 49,211,301 | 40,615,868 | 5,046,505 |
| Other assets | 3,785,165 | 326,269,639 | 312,574,310 | 12,480,104 |
| Unidentifiable | 704,366 | 308,017,852 | 306,884,864 | 881,670 |
| Passthrough gains or losses | 4,741,515 | N/A | N/A | 144,202,612 |
| Capital gain distributions | 18,123,615 | N/A | N/A | 84,219,484 |

N/A—Passthrough gains or losses and capital gain distributions are not reported with a sales price or basis.

## Sales of Capital Assets Panel Data, Tax Years 1999-2003

Statistics of Income Bulletin | Summer 2009

Table 5c. Short-Term and Long-Term Capital Gains and Losses, by Asset Type, Cross-Section, Tax Year 2001
[All figures are estimates based on samples-money amounts are in thousands of dollars]

| Asset type | All transactions |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Number of transactions | Sales price | Basis | Net gain or loss |
|  | (1) | (2) | (3) | (4) |
| Total | 197,379,297 | 3,016,425,527 | 2,896,539,270 | 205,947,701 |
| Corporate stock | 126,775,316 | 1,544,798,671 | 1,509,233,759 | 34,078,164 |
| U.S. Government obligations | 1,828,344 | 169,895,071 | 168,026,685 | 1,551,902 |
| State and local government obligations | 3,047,184 | 125,645,493 | 124,663,821 | 916,277 |
| Other bonds, notes, and debentures | 1,189,235 | 30,383,107 | 30,802,076 | -487,090 |
| Put and call options | 4,426,018 | 39,902,661 | 38,758,107 | 1,206,621 |
| Futures contracts | 230,961 | 5,502,890 | 3,817,330 | 1,705,984 |
| Mutual funds, except tax-exempt bond funds | 28,392,661 | 283,764,350 | 313,435,821 | -29,630,647 |
| Tax-exempt bond mutual funds | 2,518,731 | 50,646,538 | 50,732,142 | -349,163 |
| Partnership, S corporation, and estate or trust interests | 1,163,180 | 83,957,288 | 73,600,497 | 10,911,117 |
| Livestock | 827,687 | 3,903,511 | 1,219,549 | 2,144,994 |
| Timber | 96,569 | 2,402,174 | 897,648 | 1,504,110 |
| Involuntary conversions | 171,714 | 203,479 | -79,691 | -105,920 |
| Residential rental property | 1,471,594 | 119,041,492 | 84,218,352 | 28,667,879 |
| Depreciable business personal property | 1,211,013 | 10,044,078 | 6,985,469 | 1,018,427 |
| Depreciable business real property | 773,351 | 59,111,786 | 40,479,500 | 18,686,477 |
| Farmland | 122,925 | 6,109,100 | 3,834,950 | 2,146,587 |
| Other land | 851,984 | 35,775,068 | 20,340,271 | 14,206,287 |
| Residences | 399,103 | 79,642,028 | 63,588,751 | 7,715,888 |
| Other assets | 3,962,118 | 257,853,924 | 256,718,346 | 957,310 |
| Unidentifiable | 595,456 | 107,842,816 | 105,265,886 | 4,100,138 |
| Passthrough gains or losses | 4,599,620 | N/A | N/A | 90,585,641 |
| Capital gain distributions | 12,724,530 | N/A | N/A | 14,416,716 |

N/A—Passthrough gains or losses and capital gain distributions are not reported with a sales price or basis.

# Sales of Capital Assets Panel Data, Tax Years 1999-2003 

Statistics of Income Bulletin | Summer 2009

Table 5d. Short-Term and Long-Term Capital Gains and Losses, by Asset Type, Cross-Section, Tax Year 2002

| Asset type | All transactions |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Number of transactions | Sales price | Basis | Net gain or loss |
|  | (1) | (2) | (3) | (4) |
| Total | 193,597,750 | 2,990,876,736 | 2,908,395,593 | 127,071,094 |
| Corporate stock | 124,306,341 | 1,447,095,542 | 1,460,100,055 | -13,928,182 |
| U.S. Government obligations | 1,663,497 | 150,132,961 | 149,351,693 | 590,599 |
| State and local government obligations | 3,594,153 | 146,698,985 | 145,869,727 | 767,241 |
| Other bonds, notes, and debentures | 1,146,952 | 62,402,286 | 63,543,567 | -1,162,139 |
| Put and call options | 3,884,315 | 17,539,120 | 17,286,049 | 528,137 |
| Futures contracts | 249,911 | 9,010,387 | 5,824,958 | 3,238,918 |
| Mutual funds, except tax-exempt bond funds | 31,108,335 | 282,008,662 | 324,977,480 | -43,044,441 |
| Tax-exempt bond mutual funds | 2,626,645 | 44,421,399 | 44,265,464 | 119,905 |
| Partnership, S corporation, and estate or trust interests | 1,353,993 | 56,745,261 | 42,856,646 | 14,302,558 |
| Livestock | 719,089 | 3,509,518 | 1,741,988 | 1,286,228 |
| Timber | 109,873 | 2,600,535 | 814,512 | 1,785,806 |
| Involuntary conversions | 223,239 | 349,867 | 185,080 | 65,621 |
| Residential rental property | 1,676,647 | 162,404,122 | 115,550,775 | 34,516,051 |
| Depreciable business personal property | 1,496,595 | 11,487,204 | 8,939,526 | 772,141 |
| Depreciable business real property | 742,149 | 66,768,703 | 42,601,976 | 19,655,648 |
| Farmland | 139,456 | 7,690,987 | 4,490,263 | 3,421,982 |
| Other land | 953,623 | 45,245,580 | 28,772,669 | 15,774,287 |
| Residences | 386,454 | 76,660,848 | 57,363,299 | 8,878,573 |
| Other assets | 3,823,000 | 349,043,425 | 345,132,810 | 3,560,692 |
| Unidentifiable | 726,051 | 48,516,881 | 48,727,058 | -785,837 |
| Passthrough gains or losses | 4,770,154 | N/A | N/A | 71,350,611 |
| Capital gain distributions | 7,897,276 | N/A | N/A | 5,376,692 |

N/A-Passthrough gains or losses and capital gain distributions are not reported with a sales price or basis.

## Sales of Capital Assets Panel Data, Tax Years 1999-2003

Statistics of Income Bulletin | Summer 2009

Table 5e. Short-Term and Long-Term Capital Gains and Losses, by Asset Type, Cross-Section, Tax Year 2003
[All figures are estimates based on samples-money amounts are in thousands of dollars]

| Asset type | All transactions |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Number of transactions | Sales price | Basis | Net gain or loss |
|  | (1) | (2) | (3) | (4) |
| Total | 186,689,092 | 3,206,959,002 | 2,975,950,410 | 310,491,092 |
| Corporate stock | 119,233,623 | 1,518,730,831 | 1,438,856,940 | 79,901,422 |
| U.S. Government obligations | 2,416,064 | 161,865,429 | 161,407,686 | 431,111 |
| State and local government obligations | 4,655,345 | 179,894,247 | 178,253,168 | 1,560,015 |
| Other bonds, notes, and debentures | 1,784,029 | 116,234,014 | 115,226,204 | 962,594 |
| Put and call options | 3,679,916 | 22,961,577 | 21,754,506 | 1,431,041 |
| Futures contracts | 364,319 | 4,983,237 | 4,215,742 | 802,915 |
| Mutual funds, except tax-exempt bond funds | 26,192,496 | 272,789,674 | 292,278,479 | -19,557,307 |
| Tax-exempt bond mutual funds | 3,178,613 | 61,430,191 | 61,361,246 | 61,853 |
| Partnership, S corporation, and estate or trust interests | 1,772,544 | 54,063,144 | 39,529,762 | 14,499,089 |
| Livestock | 783,985 | 3,738,580 | 1,337,384 | 1,663,153 |
| Timber | 103,681 | 1,653,225 | 616,537 | 1,035,789 |
| Involuntary conversions | 247,348 | 331,844 | -64,868 | 91,924 |
| Residential rental property | 1,693,443 | 179,329,730 | 128,945,687 | 35,426,243 |
| Depreciable business personal property | 1,755,172 | 13,599,126 | 9,017,684 | 1,761,241 |
| Depreciable business real property | 658,295 | 60,469,766 | 34,879,270 | 23,913,007 |
| Farmland | 117,868 | 5,791,886 | 3,754,707 | 1,850,467 |
| Other land | 957,930 | 61,324,098 | 33,015,854 | 24,973,536 |
| Residences | 447,454 | 107,323,582 | 82,217,290 | 13,641,545 |
| Other assets | 3,060,027 | 217,224,155 | 210,163,899 | 4,824,792 |
| Unidentifiable | 905,188 | 163,220,668 | 159,183,230 | 4,095,517 |
| Passthrough gains or losses | 5,080,213 | N/A | N/A | 112,172,300 |
| Capital gain distributions | 7,601,540 | N/A | N/A | 4,948,849 |

N/A—Passthrough gains or losses and capital gain distributions are not reported with a sales price or basis.

# SOI Sampling Methodology and Data Limitations 

This article discusses typical sampling procedures used in most Statistics of Income (SOI) programs. Aspects covered briefly include sampling criteria, selection techniques, methods of estimation, and sampling variability. Some of the nonsampling error limitations of the data are also described, as well as the tabular conventions employed.

Additional information on sample design and data limitations for specific SOI studies can be found in the separate SOI reports. More technical information is available, on request, by writing to the Director, Statistics of Income Division RAS:S, Internal Revenue Service, P.O. Box 2608, Washington, DC 20013-2608.

## Sample Criteria and Selection of Returns

Statistics compiled for the SOI studies are generally based on stratified probability samples of income tax returns or other forms filed with the Internal Revenue Service (IRS). The statistics do not reflect any changes made by the taxpayer through an amended return or by the IRS as a result of an audit. As returns are filed and processed for tax purposes, they are assigned to sampling classes (strata) based on such criteria as: industry, presence or absence of a tax form or schedule, and various income factors or other measures of economic size (such as total assets, total receipts, size of gift, and size of estate). The samples are selected from each stratum over the appropriate filing periods. Thus, sample selection can continue for a given study for several calendar years- 3 for corporations because of the incidence of fiscal (noncalendar) year reporting and extensions of filing time. Because sampling must take place before the population size is known precisely, the rates of sample selection within each stratum are fixed. This means, in practice, that both the population and the sample size can differ from those planned. However, these factors do not compromise the validity of the estimates.

The probability of a return's selection depends on its sample class or stratum and may range from a fraction of 1 percent to 100 percent. Considerations in determining the selection probability for each stratum include the number of returns in the stratum, the diversity of returns in the stratum, and interest in the stratum as a separate subject of study. All this is subject to constraints based on the estimated pro-
cessing costs or the target size of the total sample for the program.

For most SOI studies, returns are designated by computer from the IRS Master Files based on the taxpayer identification number (TIN), which is either the Social Security number (SSN) or the Employer Identification Number (EIN). A fixed and essentially random number is associated with each possible TIN. If that random number falls into a range of numbers specified for a return's sample stratum, then it is selected and processed for the study. Otherwise, it is counted (for estimation purposes), but not selected. In some cases, the TIN is used directly by matching specified digits of it against a predetermined list for the sample stratum. A match is required for designation.

Under either method of selection, the TINs designated from one year's sample are, for the most part, selected for the next year's, so that a very high proportion of the returns selected in the current year's sample are from taxpayers whose previous years' returns were included in earlier samples. This longitudinal character of the sample design improves the estimates of change from one year to the next.

## Method of Estimation

As noted above, the probability with which a return is selected for inclusion in a sample depends on the sampling rate prescribed for the stratum in which it is classified. "Weights" are computed by dividing the count of returns filed for a given stratum by the number of population sample returns for that same stratum. These weights are usually adjusted for unavailable returns, outliers, or trimming weights. Weights are used to adjust for the various sampling rates used, relative to the population - the lower the rate, the larger the weight. For some studies, it is possible to improve the estimates by subdividing the original sampling classes into "poststrata," based on additional criteria or refinements of those used in the original stratification. Weights are then computed for these poststrata using additional population counts. The data on each sample return in a stratum are then multiplied by that weight. To produce

Sample retums are designated by computer from the IRS Master fles based on the taxpayer identification

## SOI Sampling Methodology and Data Limitations

## In transcibing and tabulating data from tax retums, cheds are imposed to improve the quality of the statistics.

the tabulated estimates, the weighted data are summed to produce the published statistical totals.

## Sampling Variability

The particular sample used in a study is only one of a large number of possible random samples that could have been selected using the same sample design. Estimates derived from the different samples usually vary. The standard error of the estimate is a measure of the variation among the estimates from all possible samples and is used to measure the precision with which an estimate from a particular sample approximates the average result of the possible samples. The sample estimate and an estimate of its standard error permit the construction of interval estimates with prescribed confidence that this interval includes the actual population value.

In SOI reports, the standard error is not directly presented. Instead, the ratio of the standard error to the estimate itself is presented in percentage form. This ratio is called the coefficient of variation (CV). The user of SOI data may multiply an estimate by its CV to recreate the standard error and to construct confidence intervals.

For example, if a sample estimate of 150,000 returns is known to have a coefficient of variation of 2 percent, then the following arithmetic procedure would be followed to construct a 68 -percent confidence interval estimate:

| 150,000 | (sample estimate) |
| ---: | :--- |
| $\times 0.02$ | (coefficient of variation) |
| $=3,000$ | (standard error of estimate) |

then:

$$
\begin{aligned}
& 150,000 \text { (sample estimate) } \\
&+ \text { or }-3,000 \text { (standard error) } \\
&=\{147,000,153,000\} \text { (68-percent confidence } \\
& \text { interval) } .
\end{aligned}
$$

Based on these data, the interval estimate is from 147 to 153 thousand returns. This means that the average estimate of the number of returns lies within an interval computed in this way. Such an estimate would be correct for approximately two-thirds of all possible
samples similarly selected. To obtain this interval estimate with 95 -percent confidence, the standard error should be multiplied by 2 before adding to and subtracting from the sample estimate. (In this particular case, the resulting interval would be from 144 to 156 thousand returns.)

Further details concerning sample design, sample selection, estimation method, and sampling variability for a particular SOI study may be obtained, on request, by writing to the Director, Statistics of Income Division, at the address given above.

## Nonsampling Error Controls and Limitations

Although the previous discussion focuses on sampling methods and the limitations of the data caused by sampling error, there are other sources of error that may be significant in evaluating the usefulness of SOI data. These include taxpayer reporting errors and inconsistencies, processing errors, and the effects of any early cutoff of sampling. Additional information on nonsampling error as it applies to individual and corporation income tax returns is presented in the separate SOI reports on these returns.

In transcribing and tabulating the information from returns or forms selected for the sample, steps are taken to improve the quality of the resultant estimates. Tax return data may be disaggregated or recombined during the statistical abstracting and "editing" process that takes place in IRS submission processing centers. This is done to improve data consistency from return to return and to achieve definitions of the data items more in keeping with the needs of major users. In some cases, not all of the data are available from the tax return as originally filed. Sometimes, the missing data can be obtained by the Statistics of Income Division in Washington, DC, through field followup. More often, though, they are obtained through manual or computerized imputation. For this purpose, other information in the return or in accompanying schedules may be sufficient to serve as the basis for making an estimate. Prior-year data for the same taxpayer can be used for this same purpose, or comparable data from business reference books may be substituted.

Data abstracted or "edited" from returns for statistical use are subjected to a number of validation checks, including systematic verifications of a sampling of the work of each tax examiner involved in the SOI process. Data reported on sampled returns

## SOI Sampling Methodology and Data Limitations

and previously transcribed as part of processing for the IRS Master Files are subject to validation as part of the administrative process before SOI processing begins. However, during the administrative process, it is only practical to transcribe corrections to errors that have a direct bearing on the tax reported or the refund claimed. Therefore, during the SOI process, checks must also be made to correct any errors or inconsistencies left in the administrative data before the data can be accepted for the statistics.

The Statistics of Income program includes many more tax return items than are transcribed and perfected for IRS tax administration needs, especially for items reported in tax return schedules in support of the various summary totals reported on the return. Therefore, checks must also be designed to validate these additional data items and to assure that they are consistent with other data entries.

Most of the data validation checks made during the SOI process take the form of computerized tests of each record. In addition to verifying that internal consistency and proper balance and relationships among the tax return items and statistical classifications are maintained, this process is intended to check on consistency with tax law provisions, acceptable reporting practices, and generally accepted accounting principles. Most testing occurs during the data abstracting and editing operation, while the tax return source document is still on hand, although some testing for certain programs occurs later on. Records failing the tests are subjected to further review and correction.

Finally, before publication, the statistics are reviewed for accuracy and reasonableness in light of the tax law provisions, taxpayer reporting variations and other limitations, tolerances and statistical techniques allowed or employed in data processing and estimating, economic conditions, and comparability with other statistical series. However, these controls do not completely eliminate the possibility of error. When discovered, errors in Bulletin tables are corrected, through a published errata.

## Table Conventions

Published estimates subject to excessive sampling variability are identified for most of the statistics by means of an asterisk ${ }^{*}$ ) presented alongside the estimate or in place of an estimate. Presence of an asterisk means that the sampling rate was less than 100 percent of the population and that there were fewer than 10 sample observations available for estimation purposes. This method produces a rough indication of excessive sampling variability. However, the results will differ somewhat from more precise indicators of excessive sampling variability based on the standard statistical formula. For some of the statistics based on samples, asterisking was not possible because of resource and other constraints. Users should keep this limitation in mind when using these data.

A zero, in place of a frequency or an amount, in any given table cell presenting data based on an SOI sample, indicates either that (1) there were no returns in the population with the particular characteristic, or (2) because of its rarity, instances of the characteristic were not present among the sampled returns. However, for statistics based on returns selected for the sample at the 100 -percent rate, a zero indicates a presumption of no returns with the particular characteristic in the population.

In addition to sampling variability, Statistics of Income is required to prevent disclosure of information about specific taxpayers or businesses in its tables. Therefore, a weighted frequency (and the associated amount, where applicable) of less than 3 is either combined with data in an adjacent cell(s) so as to meet the criteria, or deleted altogether. Similar steps are taken to prevent indirect disclosure through subtraction. However, any combined or deleted data are included in the appropriate totals. Most data on tax-exempt, nonprofit organizations are excluded from disclosure review because the Internal Revenue Code and regulations permit public access to most of the information reported by these organizations.

## Public Release of SOI Information



## SOI Projects and Contacts

## General Statistical Information: (202) 874-0410 Fax: (202)874-0964 e-mail: sis@irs.gov

| Projects* | Primary Analysts | Frequency and Program Content |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Americans Living Abroad: <br> 2006 Program | This periodic study is conducted every 5 years. It covers <br> Scott Hollenbeck <br> Maureen Keenan Kahr income, foreign taxes paid, and foreign tax credit shown <br> on individual income tax returns. Data are classified by size of <br> adjusted gross income and country. |  |

Controlled Foreign Corporations:
2006 Program

Jason Wenrich

This semiannual study provides data on activities of foreign corporations that are controlled by U.S. corporations. Data are classified by industry group and country.

| Controlled Foreign Partnerships: | This study provides data on activities of foreign <br> 2008 Program |
| :--- | :--- |
| partnerships that are controlled by U.S. corporations or <br> partnerships. Frequency of this study has not been determined. |  |


| Corporation Foreign Tax Credit: | This annual study provides data on foreign income, taxes |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 2006 Program | Scott Luttrell | paid, and foreign tax credit reported on corporation foreign |
| income tax returns. Data are classified by industry group and |  |  |
| 2007 Program | Lissa Costa | country. |


| Corporation Income Tax Returns: <br> 2007 Program <br> 2008 Program | Bill Rush Heather Parisi Bill Rush | Basic data are produced annually and cover complete income statement, balance sheet, tax, tax credits, and details from supporting schedules. Data are classified chiefly by industry group or asset size. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Entity Classification Election: | John Comisky | This annual study provides data from all Entity Classification Elections, including the type of election and whether the entity is foreign or domestic. |
| Estate Tax: <br> 2004-2006 Program <br> 2007-2009 Program | Brian Raub Joseph Newcomb | This annual study provides information on a gross estate and its composition, deductions, and tax; and information on the age, sex, and marital status of decedents. Basic estate tax return data by year in which returns are filed are produced each year. Also included are data on nonresident aliens who had more than $\$ 60,000$ of assets in the United States. Other statistics are available on a year-of-death basis (approximately every 3 years). The most recent study is based on decedents who died in 2004 with returns filed in 2004-2006. The most recent data available are for returns filed in 2007. |
| Excise Taxes: | Ruth Schwartz | Basic data are collected and processed by three Department of the Treasury agencies: the Internal Revenue Service, the Alcohol and Tobacco Tax and Trade Bureau (formerly the Bureau of Alcohol, Tobacco, Firearms, and Explosives), and the Customs Service. Data by type of tax are shown by fiscal year for 19982005 and quarterly for more recent years. |

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| Projects* | Primary Analysts | Frequency and Program Content |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Farm Sole Proprietorships: <br> 2007 Program <br> 2008 Program <br> 2009 Program | Kevin Pierce <br> Mary Jezek | This study provides farm income and expenses classified <br> by industry and gross farm income reported by individuals on <br> Schedule F, Profit or Loss from Farming. |
| Foreign-Controlled Domestic <br> Corporations: <br> 2006 Program | James Hobbs | This annual study covers domestic corporations with 50-" <br> percent-or-more stock ownership by a single foreign"person." It <br> covers balance sheet, income statement, and tax-related data, <br> which are classified by industry group, country, and size and <br> age of the corporations. Data are compared to those for other <br> domestic corporations. |
| Foreign Recipients of U.S. Income: Scott Luttrell | This annual study provides data by country on income paid <br> to nonresident aliens and the amount of tax withheld for the U.S. <br> Government. |  |
| 2006 Program |  |  |

Foreign Trusts:
2006 Program

Dan Holik

This periodic study, conducted every 4 years, provides data on foreign trusts that have U.S. "persons" as grantors, transferors, or beneficiaries. Data include country where the trust was created, value of transfer to the trust, and year the trust was created. The most recent study is for Tax Year 2002.

## Gift Tax:

$\begin{array}{ll}2007 \text { Program } & \text { Darien Jacobson } \\ 2008 \text { Program } & \text { Melissa Belvedere } \\ 2009 \text { Program } & \end{array}$

Individual Income Tax
Return Public-Use File:

Mike Weber

This annual study provides data for type and amount of gift, information on donee, and tax computation items. Information about the donor and gift splitting is also available. Most recent data are for Filing Year 2007.

| Return Public-Use File. | Mike Weber | return statistics program, with identifiable taxpayer information omitted to make the file available for public dissemination on a reimbursable basis. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Individual Income Tax Returns: <br> 2007 Program <br> 2008 Program <br> 2009 Program | Maureen Keenan Kahr Scott Hollenbeck | Basic data are produced annually and cover income, deductions, tax, and credits reported on individual income tax returns and associated schedules. Data are classified by size of adjusted gross income, marital status, or type of tax computation. |
| Individual Income Tax Returns Special Tabulations: | Mike Parisi | Special tabulations of selected individual income, deduction, and tax data are produced on a reimbursable basis. |
| Interest-Charge Domestic International Sales Corporations (IC-DISCs): <br> 2006 Program <br> 2008 Program | Dan Holik | These corporations replaced the Domestic International Sales Corporations, or DISCs, as of 1985. Balance sheet, income statement, and export-related data are tabulated every 4 years. The most recent study is for Tax Year 2004. |

## General Statistical Information: (202) 874-0410 Fax: (202)874-0964 e-mail: sis@irs.gov

| Projects* | Primary Analysts | Frequency and Program Content |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| International Boycott Reports: <br> 2006 Program <br> 2007 Program | Lissa Costa | This study provides data on business operations of U.S. "persons" in boycotting countries, as well as the requests and agreements to participate in, or cooperate with, international boycotts not sanctioned by the U.S. Government. |
| Migration Flow and County Income Data: | Emily Gross Kevin Pierce | Migration flow data (based on year-to-year changes in individual income tax return addresses) and county or State income data are available annually on a reimbursable basis. The most recent data are for 2006-2007. |
| Noncash Charitable Contributions: | Janette Wilson | This study of individual income tax returns provides detailed asset donations, descriptions of the donees, donor cost, fair market value, and deduction claimed on Form 8283, Noncash Charitable Contributions. |
| Occupation Studies: | Terry Nuriddin | This periodic study classifies individual income tax returns by occupation and contains a dictionary of occupational titles that can be used to enhance the economic data of other individual income tax return studies. |
| Partnership Returns of Income: | Tim Wheeler Nina Shumofsky | Basic data, produced annually, cover income statement, balance sheet, and details from supporting schedules. Data are classified chiefly by industry group. |
| Partnership Withholding Study: 2006 Program | Scott Luttrell | This annual study provides data on U.S. partnership payments to foreign partners. Data are classified by country and recipient type. |


| Personal Wealth Study: <br> 2004 Program <br> 2007 Program | Brian Raub <br> Joseph Newcomb | This periodic study provides estimates of personal wealth of <br> top wealth holders that are generated from estate tax return data <br> using the "estate multiplier"technique, in conjunction with both <br> filing-year and year-of-death estate databases. The most recent <br> data, for 2004, are based on returns filed from 2004 to 2006. |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| S Corporations: <br> 2007 Program <br> 2008 Program | Eurry Kim | Annual study data are collected for the income statement <br> and balance sheet, and from supporting schedules. Data are <br> classified by industry group or asset size. |
| Sales of Capital Assets: | Janette Wilson | This periodic study provides detailed data on the sales <br> of capital assets reported in the capital gains schedule of the <br> individual income tax return, and on sales of residences and <br> personal or depreciable business property. |
| Sole Proprietorships: <br> 2007 Program <br> 2008 Program <br> 2009 Program | Basic data, produced annually, cover business receipts, |  |

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| Projects* | Primary Analysts | Frequency and Program Content |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Split-Interest Trust Information: |  | This annual study provides information on charitable |
| 2007 Program | Lisa Schreiber | remainder trusts, charitable lead trusts, and pooled income <br> funds. Data include balance sheet, income, deductions, and |
| 2008 Program |  | detail from accumulation and distribution schedules. The most |
|  |  | recent data are for Filing Year 2007. |


| Tax-Exempt Bond Issues: |  | This annual study provides information on private activity |
| :--- | :---: | :---: |
| 2006 Program | Emily Shammas | and Governmental bond issues by type of property finance, size |
| 2007 Program |  | of face amount, and State. The most recent data are for Tax Year |
| 2008 Program | 2007 public purpose bonds and private activity bonds. |  |

## Tax-Exempt Organizations

 (Except Private Foundations):2005 Program Paul Arnsberger
2006 Program

This annual study provides balance sheet and income statement data for organizations classified as tax-exempt under subsections 501(c)(3)-(9) of the Internal Revenue Code. The most recent data are for Tax Year 2006 returns filed in Calendar Years 2007-2008.

## Tax-Exempt Organizations,

## (Private Foundations):

| 2005 Program | Cynthia Belmonte |
| :--- | :--- |
| 2006 Program |  |
| 2007 Program |  |

This annual study provides balance sheet and income statement data for domestic private foundations and charitable trusts filing a Form 990-PF. The most recent data are for Tax Year 2006 returns filed in Calendar Years 2007-2008.

## Tax-Exempt Organizations,

## Unrelated Business Income:

| 2005 Program | Melissa Ludlum |
| :--- | :--- |
| 2006 Program | Jael Jackson |
| 2007 Program |  |

Transactions of Foreign-
Controlled Corporations:
Mark Lowe

This annual study provides tabulations of unrelated business income and deductions for organizations classified as tax-exempt under the Internal Revenue Code. The most recent data are for Tax Year 2005 returns filed in Calendar Years 20062007.

Statistics on CD-ROM show number of individual income tax returns, exemptions, and several income items by State and 5-digit ZIP Code. Data are available for 2002 and 2004-2006 on a reimbursable basis. Data for Tax Years 1998 and 2001 are also available, free of charge, on the IRS Web site: http://www.irs. gov/taxstats/article/0,,id=96947,00.html.

[^100]
## SOI Products and Services

Statistics of Income (SOI) data are available in electronic formats and in print. For further information on any of the following products and services, or for answers to questions on the availability of SOI data, other statistical services, or release dates for data, contact SOI's Statistical Information Services (SIS):

Statistical Information Services (sis@irs.gov) Statistics of Income Division Internal Revenue Service<br>P.O. Box 2608 • Washington, DC 20013-2608 (202) 874-0410 • Fax: (202) 874-0964

As its name implies, SIS is best able to answer questions about data. It does not supply tax forms or information about the status of an individual's tax refund or audit examination. Media requests should be directed to the IRS Media Relations Branch, Communications Division, on (202) 622-4000.

## Free Products on the Internet

SOI's Internet site offers a combination of files presenting SOI tables, articles about SOI data, and information about SOI products and services, as well as non-SOI products, including Compliance Research projections and nonprofit Master File microdata records. At present, more than 9,300 files reside there.

## Web site: www.irs.gov/taxstats

There is also a direct link to our Web site from FedStats, the gateway to official statistics from the Federal Government: www.fedstats.gov.

## Tax Stats

On the Tax Stats Home Page, you will find the following list of topics that will lead to a wide range of tables, articles, and data that describe and measure elements of the U.S. tax system. There is also a link to check out What's New.

## Business Tax Statistics

Corporations • International • Partnerships
Nonfarm Sole Proprietorships
S Corporations • All Topics

Charitable and Exempt Organization Statistics<br>Charities • Exempt Organization Master File<br>Private Foundations • Trusts<br>Tax-Exempt Bonds • All Topics<br>\section*{Individual Tax Statistics}<br>Estate and Gift Tax • Individual Income<br>Tax • International Personal<br>Wealth • All Topics<br>Products, Publications, and Papers<br>SOI Bulletins • IRS Data Books<br>Conference Papers • SOI Paper Series<br>All Topics<br>IRS Operations, Budget, and Compliance<br>Issuing Refunds $\cdot$ Collecting Revenue<br>Enforcing Laws • Assisting Taxpayers<br>Historical Data Tables • All Topics<br>\section*{Statistics by Form}<br>706•709•990 • 990-PF • 990-T<br>$1040 \cdot 1041 \cdot 1065 \cdot 1118 \cdot 1120$<br>5471 • 5472 • 8038 • All Forms

## Statistics of Income (SOI)

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Dissemination Policy
SOI Services • SOI Studies
All Topics

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Questions On Tax Statistics?

## Products for Sale From SOI

Many of SOI's data files are available for sale on CDROM or via e-mail through Statistical Information Services. Prepayment is required for orders of $\mathbf{\$ 1 0 0}$ or more, with checks made payable to the IRS Accounting Section. Credit and debit card payments are also accepted. Contact SIS for information on specific products, prices, sources, media, and ordering instructions.

The following files are currently available on a reimbursable basis and include data from returns for corporations, individuals, exempt organizations, and private foundations and charitable trusts. Most of these files are tabulations of aggregated data, but some are files of microdata records.

## SOI Products and Services

## Corporation Income Tax Returns

## Corporation Source Book

CD-ROMs containing data from the Corporation Source Book are available for Tax Years 1996-2003 at a cost of $\$ 250$ per year. Data from the 2004 through 2006 Corporation Source Books are available at no charge from the Tax Stats Web site. Data tables from the 2000 through 2006 Source Books are also available at no charge from the Tax Stats Web site at: www.irs.gov/taxstats/bustaxstats/article/0,,id=149687,00.html.

## Individual Income Tax Returns

## Individual Public-Use Microdata Files

These files include individual income tax returns for Tax Years 1960, 1962, 1964, and 1966-2005. All of the files have been edited to protect the confidentiality of individual taxpayers. Public-use files of individual income tax returns for 1960, 1962, 1964, and 1966-1991 are available for sale by writing to the Center for Electronic Records at the National Archives and Records Administration, 8601 Adelphi Road, College Park, MD 20740-6001, or by calling toll-free (866) 272-6272. Files for 1992 through 2005 are available on CD-ROM from the SOI Division. Price for the SOI microdata files is $\$ 4,000$ per year.

## County-to-County Migration Data

One table, based on the year-to-year changes in the addresses shown on the population of returns from the IRS Individual Master File system. This table presents data on migration patterns by county for the entire United States, including inflows and outflows. The data include the number of returns (which approximates the number of households); the number of personal exemptions (which approximates the population); and total "adjusted gross income." Available for Filing Years 1984-2007. Price is \$200 per year for the entire United States or \$10 per State per year. All years for the entire United States are also available for $\$ 500$.

## State-to-State Migration Data

One table, based on the year-to-year changes in the addresses shown on the population of returns from the IRS Individual Master File system. This table presents data on migration patterns by State for the entire United States, including inflows and outflows. The data include the number of returns (which approximates the number of households); the number of personal exemptions (which approximates the population); and total "adjusted gross
income." Available for Filing Years 1989-2007. Price is $\$ 50$ per year for the entire United States or $\$ 10$ per State per year.

## County Income Data

One table, based on the population of returns from the IRS Individual Master File system. This table presents data for adjusted gross income (total and for selected sources), number of returns (which approximates the number of households), and number of personal exemptions (which approximates the population). The data are presented by county (including State totals) and are available for Tax Years 1989-2006 for the entire United States. Price is $\$ 50$ per year for the entire United States or $\$ 10$ per State per year.

## ZIP Code Area Data

Statistics are available for Tax Years 2002 and 2004-2006 on CD-ROM showing the number of individual income tax returns; the total number of exemptions and number of dependent exemptions (which approximates population); adjusted gross income; salaries and wages; taxable interest; total tax; contributions; number of returns with Schedules C and F; and number of returns with Schedule A, by State and 5-digit ZIP Code. In addition to these items, data for Tax Year 2004-2006 also show the amount of taxable dividends; net capital gain/loss; IRA payment adjustment; self-employed pension adjustment; taxes paid deduction; alternative minimum tax; income tax before credits; earned income credit; and number of returns prepared by paid preparers. Price is $\$ 500$ for the entire United States; \$25 for a single State. Data for Tax Years 1998 and 2001 are available free on SOI's Internet site. Go to www.irs.gov, select the Tax Stats option; Individual Tax Statistics; Individual Income Tax; Zip Code Data (SOI) under Data by Geographic Areas.

## Tax-Exempt Organizations

## Compendium of Studies of Tax-Exempt Organizations, 1989-1998

This is a compilation of articles on SOI studies of charitable and other nonprofit organizations described in Internal Revenue Code sections 501(c)(3)-(c)(9), private foundations, charitable remainder trusts, and nonprofit organizations' unrelated business income. All of these articles were published previously in various issues of the Statistics of Income Bulletin. In addition, the Compendium includes papers on statistical sampling of tax-exempt organization returns, and other topics relating to tax-ex-
empt organizations and philanthropy that were authored by IRS staff and others who use SOI study data for research. Available at no charge on CD-ROM.

## Microdata Records for Tax Year 2006

Microdata records of all Forms 990 and 990-EZ sampled for the annual SOI study of tax-exempt organizations.
The samples include 16,736 Internal Revenue Code section 501(c)(3) organizations and 7,180 section 501(c) (4)-(9) organizations. All returns for organizations with assets of $\$ 50,000,000$ or more are included in the sample. Microdata records contain information on balance sheets and income statements, as well as weights (to estimate the population), for each organization. Available for download from SOI's Tax Stats Web site at www.irs.gov/taxstats/charitable stats/article/0,id=97176,00.html, or may be purchased on CD-ROM for $\$ 20$.

## Microdata Records for Tax Years 1992-2005

Microdata records of all Forms 990 and 990-EZ sampled for the annual SOI study of tax-exempt organizations. Microdata records contain information on balance sheets and income statements, as well as weights (to estimate the population), for each organization. Available for download from SOI's Tax Stats Web site at www.irs.gov/taxstats/charitable stats/article/0, id= $=97176,00 . \mathrm{html}$, or may be purchased on CD-ROM for $\$ 20$.

## Private Foundations (and Charitable Trusts)

## Microdata Records for Tax Year 2006

Microdata records of all Forms 990-PF sampled for the annual SOI study covering private foundations and Internal Revenue Code section 4947 (a)(1) charitable trusts. The file contains both operating and nonoperating foundations and trusts. The sample includes 12,523 returns. (All returns filed by foundations with assets of $\$ 10$ million or more, as well as the population of returns filed by nonexempt charitable trusts, are included in the sample.) Microdata records contain information on revenue, expenses, assets, and distributions, as well as weights, for each foundation or trust. Available for download from SOI's Tax Stats Web site at www.irs.gov/taxstats/charitablestats/ article/0,,id=96996,00.hmtl, or may be purchased for $\$ 20$.

## Microdata Records for Tax Years 1992-2005

Microdata records of all Forms 990-PF sampled for the annual SOI study covering private foundations and Internal Revenue Code section 4947 (a)(1) charitable trusts. Mi-
crodata records contain information on revenue, expenses, assets, and distributions, as well as weights, for each foundation or trust. Available for download from SOI's Tax Stats Web site at www.irs.gov/taxstats/charitablestats/ article/0,,id=96996,00.html, or may be purchased for $\$ 20$.

## Publications

Statistics of Income-2006, Corporation Source Book
Publication 1053, Price: \$175, plus $\$ 10$ for shipping and handling

This document presents detailed income statement, balance sheet, tax, and selected items, by sector, major and minor industrial groups, and size of total assets for all returns and separately for returns with net income. Separate statistics on S corporations are included by sector. Industry detail is based on the North American Industry Classification System (NAICS). The report, which underlies the Statistics of Income-Corporation Income Tax Returns publication, is part of an annual series and can be purchased in its entirety or by page. Corporation Source Book industry pages and notes for 1963 through the present are available at a cost of $\$ 30$, plus $\$ 1$ per page copying charge (free for orders under 5 pages). The complete, printed version of the Source Book for selected prior years, 1984-2006, is also for sale at $\$ 175$ per year, plus $\$ 10$ for shipping and handling.

## Compendium of Federal Estate Tax and Personal Wealth Studies

Publication 1773, Price: \$26,
plus $\$ 10$ for shipping and handling
Part I of this report focuses on data from estate tax returns, describing decedents, their beneficiaries, and the composition of their estates. It contains a methodological discussion of the strategy used in weighting sample data for the estate studies and presents statistics on selected components of decedents' estates, 1916-1990. Information on charitable giving is also included.

Part II presents a series of articles describing the estatemultiplier technique and its applications for personal wealth estimates, estimates of personal wealth for selected years 1962-1989, and a discussion of the relationship among realized income, wealth, and well-being.

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Statistics of Income-2006, Corporation Income Tax Returns
Publication 16, Stock No. 048-004-02515-9
Single copy price: $\$ 44$ International: $\$ 61.60$

This report presents comprehensive data on corporation income tax returns with accounting periods that ended July 2006 through June 2007. Data are classified by industry, size of total assets, and size of business receipts

In addition, the 2006 report is available on SOI's Tax Stats Web site.

IRS Data Book, 2008
Annually, Publication 55B, Stock No. 048-004-02501-9 Price: $\$ 13.50$ International: $\$ 18.90$

This volume pertains to Fiscal Year (FY) 2008-October 1, 2007, through September 30, 2008. The report provides information on returns filed and taxes collected, enforcement, taxpayer assistance, the IRS budget and workforce, and other selected activities. The FY 2009 issue of the Data Book will be available in late March 2010.

## Statistics of Income Bulletin

Quarterly, Publication 1136, Stock No. 748-005-00099-4 Subscription price: $\$ 67$ International: $\$ 93.80$
Single copy price: $\$ 44$ International: $\$ 61.60$
This series provides the earliest published financial statistics from individual and corporation income tax returns. The Bulletin also includes annual data on nonfarm sole proprietorships and partnerships, as well as periodic or special studies of particular interest to tax analysts, administrators, and economists. Historical tables, published in the spring issue, include data from SOI, as well as tax collections and refunds by type of tax.


[^0]:    ${ }^{1}$ Dent, Jonathan; Jeff Curry; and Justin Bryan, "Sole Proprietorship Returns, 2006," Statistics of Income Bulletin, Fall 2008, Volume 28, Number 2, pp. 70-128. Profits in the real estate and rental and leasing sector increased from $\$ 27.9$ billion in 2004 to $\$ 33.3$ billion in 2005.
    2 For 2007, the 23,122,698 nonfarm sole proprietorship returns accounted for an estimated 25,822,467 nonfarm businesses. For purposes of the statistics, if a proprietor owned more than one business, the statistics for each business were combined with those of the proprietor's dominant business and included in the industrial group for that business activity. When this occurred, the sum of net incomes (for businesses reporting a positive net income) reduced by the sum of net deficits (for businesses reporting a deficit) yielded the profits for a specific industrial group.
    ${ }^{3}$ Statistics for business receipts, total in Table 2 represent total receipts of the business, mainly gross receipts from sales and operations. Business receipts also include miscellaneous business receipts, such as incidental sales of scrap, shown separately in the statistics as other business income. However, business receipts exclude incidental investment income received through the business. Examples of such incidental investment income are interest, dividends, income or loss from rents or royalties, and capital or ordinary gain or loss from the sale of investment and business property. Sole proprietors report incidental investment income, in combination with nonbusiness-related investment income, as part of total income on individual income tax returns.

[^1]:    ${ }^{4}$ Based on the overall implicit price deflator for Gross Domestic Product (GDP). See U.S. Department of Commerce, Bureau of Economic Analysis, Survey of Current Business. Indices used for this article were:

    | Year | Indices |  | $\underline{\text { Year }}$ | Indices |  | $\underline{Y e a r}$ | Indices |  |
    | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
    | 1988 | 75.7 | 1993 | 88. |  | Year | $\underline{\text { Indices }}$ |  |  |
    | 1989 | 78.6 | 1994 | 90.3 | 96.5 | 2003 | 106.0 |  |  |
    | 1990 | 81.6 | 1995 | 92.1 | 1999 | 97.9 | 2004 | 109.1 |  |
    | 1991 | 84.4 | 1996 | 93.9 | 2000 | 100.0 | 2005 | 112.7 |  |
    | 1992 | 86.4 | 1997 | 95.4 | 2001 | 102.4 | 2006 | 116.6 |  |
    |  |  |  | 2002 | 103.9 | 2007 | 119.8 |  |  |

[^2]:    ${ }^{5}$ Sole proprietors report personal, i.e., nonbusiness, income and expense items apart from business income or loss, which is reported on the attached Schedule C, Profit or Loss From Business (or, to a lesser extent, on Schedule C-EZ, Net Profit From Business). Salaries paid to owners are neither deducted as wages paid on Schedule C, nor included as wages received on Form 1040. Similarly, sole proprietors deduct charitable contributions made through the business as personal expenses on Schedule A, Itemized Deductions. However, the owner of a sole proprietorship may choose to deduct any foreign taxes paid as a business expense, unless the owner elects to claim these taxes as a credit against U.S. income tax.
    ${ }^{6}$ Business deductions include home office business deductions. After 1990, home office expenses were calculated separately on Form 8829, Expenses for Business Use of Your Home, and the deductible portion brought forward to Schedule C. In some cases, these expenses were limited. Prior to 1990, these expenses were not limited and were included with other expenses, such as depreciation deductions, utilities, and other expenses on Schedule C.

[^3]:    7 The increase in the depreciation deduction for 1993 may be attributed, in part, to a provision of the Omnibus Budget Reconciliation Act of 1993 (OBRA93). The cost of certain tangible property (as described in Internal Revenue Code section 179) may be treated as a current expense rather than a capital expenditure subject to depreciation deductions. The provision of OBRA93 (related to these expenses) increased the maximum amount of investment certain small businesses could immediately deduct on property placed in service after 1992, from $\$ 10,000$ to $\$ 17,500$. Following the enactment of this provision, the 179 deduction for all individuals (not just sole proprietors) filing Form 4562, Depreciation and Amortization, increased 32.4 percent to $\$ 13.5$ billion for 1993.

[^4]:    ${ }^{8}$ Under the Jobs and Growth Tax Relief Reconciliation Act of 2003 the maximum amount of section 179 deduction (the amount of depreciable property that can be expensed for the cost of certain qualifying property) increased from $\$ 24,000$ for 2002 to $\$ 100,000$ for 2003 , $\$ 102,000$ for 2004 , $\$ 105,000$ for 2005 , $\$ 108,000$ for 2006 , and $\$ 125,000$ for 2007. For all individual tax returns that filed Form 4562, Depreciation and Amortization, the section 179 property deducted as an expense increased by 6.1 percent to $\$ 47.5$ billion for 2007. The Jobs Creation and Worker Assistance Act of 2002 introduced 30-percent bonus depreciation, and the Jobs and Growth Tax Relief Reconciliation Act of 2003 increased the bonus percentage to 50 percent, for property placed in service by January 1 , 2005. While bonus depreciation was available to sole proprietors, it was generally not as advantageous as immediate expensing and therefore likely had less effect on their depreciation deductions.
    9 The amount deducted as section 179 property on returns with Schedule C dropped slightly (by 1.3 percent) to $\$ 21.2$ billion, from 2006 to 2007 . This number does not reflect depreciation solely deducted on Schedule C as it could also include depreciation taken on Schedule E, Supplemental Income and Loss, Schedule F, Profit or Loss from Farming, and Form 4835, Farm Rental Income and Expenses.

[^5]:    10 Based on NAICS, the full name of the administrative and support services sector is administrative and support and waste management and remediation services sector.
    The waste management and remediation services portion makes up a small percentage of the overall numbers reported under this classification, which are detailed in Table
    10 Based on NAICS, the full name of the administrative and support services sector is administrative and support and waste management and remediation services sector.
    The waste management and remediation services portion makes up a small percentage of the overall numbers reported under this classification, which are detailed in Table 1. ${ }^{11}$ Net income minus deficit (loss) before Federal income tax yields profits. Proprietors compute their tax on total taxable income, which includes their business profits, plus any other income.

[^6]:    ${ }^{12}$ The difference between the number of returns in the population and the total number of returns in Tables 1 and 2 is mainly due to returns in which Schedule C income was moved to other income or wages to avoid double counting of taxpayers for Gross Domestic Product calculations. In addition, data from amended returns and tentative returns are not reflected in these statistics.

[^7]:    Footnotes at end of table.

[^8]:    Footnotes at end of table

[^9]:    Footnotes at end of table

[^10]:    Footnotes at end of table.

[^11]:    Footnotes at end of table.

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[^18]:    Footnotes at end of table.

[^19]:    * Estimate should be used with caution because of the small number of sample returns on which it is based

[^20]:    ${ }^{1}$ For further details on Tax Year 2006 individual income and tax statistics, see Statistics of Income-2006, Individual Income Tax Returns (IRS Publication 1304).
    2 See Wilson, Janette and Michael Strudler, "Individual Noncash Charitable Contributions, 2003," Statistics of Income Bulletin, Spring 2006 , Volume 25, Number 4.
    ${ }^{3}$ See Wilson, Janette and Michael Strudler, "Individual Noncash Charitable Contributions, 2004," Statistics of Income Bulletin, Spring 2007 , Volume 25, Number 4.
    ${ }^{4}$ Beginning July 25,2006 , a façade easement donation can be claimed as a deduction only if the contributed interest includes restrictions on preserving the exterior of the building. If a donation of this type is claimed, beginning August 17, 2006, a qualified appraisal and an exterior photograph must be included with the tax return.
    ${ }^{5}$ The deduction amounts reported in this article include the amount carried to Schedule A for reporting itemized deductions.

[^21]:    ${ }^{6}$ See Wilson, Janette, "Individual Noncash Charitable Contributions, 2005," Statistics of Income Bulletin, Spring 2008, Volume 25, Number 4.

[^22]:    ${ }^{7}$ For further details on the description of the sample, see Statistics of Income-2006, Individual Income Tax Returns (IRS Publication 1304).

[^23]:    Footnotes at end of table 1 j .

[^24]:    Footnotes at end of table 1 j .

[^25]:    Footnotes at end of table 1 j .

[^26]:    Footnotes at end of table 1 j .

[^27]:    Footnotes at end of table 2 k .

[^28]:    Footnotes at end of table 2 k .

[^29]:    Footnotes at end of table 2 k .

[^30]:    Footnotes at end of table.

[^31]:    ${ }^{1}$ For the purpose of this article, taxable corporations are corporations that file the following types of returns: Form 1120, Form 1120-A, Form 1120F, Form 1120L, and Form $1120-\mathrm{PC}$. Form 1120-REIT and Form 1120-RIC, while not filed by taxable corporations, are included in the statistics.
    ${ }^{2}$ Data for 2005 used in this article are from Statistics of Income-2005, Corporation Income Tax Returns. Data for 2006 are from Statistics of Income-2006, Corporation Income Tax Returns.

[^32]:    ${ }^{3}$ See Table 1, Statistics of Income-2006, Corporation Income Tax Returns, p. 203.

[^33]:    ${ }^{4}$ See Table 2, Statistics of Income-2006, Corporation Income Tax Returns, p. 211
    ${ }^{5}$ Ibid.
    ${ }^{6}$ See Table 7, Statistics of Income-2006, Corporation Income Tax Returns, p. 242.

[^34]:    Footnotes at end of table.

[^35]:    7 Returns for nonfinance industries were classified by size of gross receipts from sales and operations. Returns of industries within the finance and insurance and management holding companies sectors were classified by size of total receipts (the sum of business receipts and investment income).
    ${ }^{8}$ See Table 4, Statistics of Income-2006, Corporation Income Tax Returns, p. 219.
    9 See Table 5, Statistics of Income-2006, Corporation Income Tax Returns, p. 239.

[^36]:    ${ }^{11}$ For further detail, see Internal Revenue Service, Internal Revenue Code, Subchapter S, Section 1374. Also see Gill, Amy, S Corporation Returns, 1992, Statistics of Income Bulletin, Spring 1995, Volume 14, Number 4.

[^37]:    [1] Includes returns not allocable by NAICS sector, which are not shown separately.

[^38]:    ${ }^{1}$ For additional 2006 statistics covering foreign-controlled domestic corporations (FCDCs), see Tables 24 and 25 of Statistics of Income-2006, Corporation Income Tax Returns, IRS Publication 16, March 2009. Statistics for tax years prior to 2006 are available in earlier editions of Publication 16 . Additionally, for 2005 statistics covering FCDCs, see Hobbs, James R., "Foreign-Controlled Domestic Corporations, 2005," Statistics of Income Bulletin, Summer 2008, Volume 28, Number 1. In addition, FCDC data are included on the IRS Internet site at www.irs.gov, under Tax Stats/International/Foreign-Controlled Domestic Corporations.
    2 Total corporate data referenced throughout this article come from: (1) Statistics of Income Bulletin, Publication 1136, Spring 2009, Volume 28, Number 4; (2) Statistics of Income-Corporation Income Tax Returns, Publication 16, selected years; (3) Source Book of Statistics of Income-Corporation Income Tax Returns, Publication 1053, selected years; and (4) unpublished Statistics of Income tabulations.
    ${ }^{3}$ Sections 7701(a)(4) and (5) of the Internal Revenue Code define a domestic corporation as one created or organized in the United States or under the laws of the United States or any State. A foreign corporation is "one which is not domestic."
    ${ }^{4}$ In addition to the foreign-controlled domestic corporations study discussed in this article, the Statistics of Income program conducts a separate study covering branches of foreign corporations operating in the United States. For the most recent statistics from that study, see Tables 10 and 11 that cover branch operations of foreign corpora-
    tions with income "effectively connected" with a U.S. trade or business, in Statistics of Income-2006, Corporation Income Tax Returns, IRS Publication 16 , March 2009. foreign corporations operating in the United States. For the most recent statistics from that study, see Tables 10 and 11 that cover branch operations of foreign corpora-
    tions with income "effectively connected" with a U.S. trade or business, in Statistics of Income-2006, Corporation Income Tax Returns, IRS Publication 16 , March 2009. Statistics for tax years prior to 2006 are available in earlier editions of Publication 16 and on the IRS Internet site at www.irs.gov, under Tax Stats/International/Foreign Corporations with U.S. Business Operations.

[^39]:    ${ }^{5}$ This study excludes returns of domestic corporations with stock owned by a single foreign person of 49 percent or less. However, the tax forms filed by domestic corporations do indicate the presence of 25 -percent to 49 -percent foreign owners, and the Statistics of Income program does separately compile data on these domestic corporations. For 2006, there were only 4,097 returns that indicated a level of foreign ownership between 25 percent and 49 percent. These companies reported $\$ 237.0$ billion of assets, $\$ 98.5$ billion of receipts, $\$ 8.8$ billion of taxable income, and $\$ 2.6$ billion of total income tax after credits. All of these amounts were small in comparison to data for the corporations with at least 50 -percent foreign ownership.
    ${ }^{6}$ Returns of certain domestic companies that are effectively controlled by foreign persons, i.e., those public companies in which "control" may be exercised with as little as 10 percent to 20 percent of the stock holdings, are excluded from both the 50 -percent-or-more and the 25 -percent to 49 -percent tabulations. Tax return forms filed by domestic corporations do not include information about foreign persons with less than 25 -percent stock holdings.
    ${ }^{7}$ As a result of the Statistics of Income (SOI) sampling process, data shown in this article for "all corporations" exclude certain out-of-scope returns, such as returns for homeowners' associations (Form 1120-H) and certain political organizations (Form 1120-POL). For a more complete listing of the returns excluded from the SOI corporation sample, see the Description of the Sample and Limitations of the Data section of Statistics of Income-2006, Corporation Income Tax Returns. On the other hand, in addition to legally defined corporations, the Internal Revenue Code recognizes many types of businesses as corporations, including joint stock companies and unincorporated associations (e.g., certain partnerships, savings and loan associations, and mutual savings banks). These organizations possess characteristics typical of the corporate form, such as continuity of life, limited liability of owners, and transferability of shares of capital ownership. They filed Forms 1120 and were included in the SOI corporation sample.

[^40]:    ${ }^{8}$ For additional information on foreign investment in the United States, see Survey of Current Business reports, produced by the U.S. Department of Commerce, Bureau of Economic Analysis (BEA). BEA periodically produces several articles related to this subject. Electronic versions of the articles can be obtained from the Internet at www. bea.gov/international/index.htm. The data in these reports may not be directly comparable to the information shown in this article because of definitional differences, such as those relating to time periods covered, levels of foreign ownership, and levels of company consolidation.
    9 The percentage changes in the assets between 1997 and 2006 of domestic corporations controlled by foreign persons, as well as those of all corporations, may overstate the actual "change in investment." Assets are generally reported at book value on tax returns (i.e., the value at the time of acquisition). The book value of newly acquired assets is generally greater than the book value of similar assets they replaced. New corporations may tend to have a greater percentage of new assets with greater book values. To the extent that new corporations may have comprised a different portion of FCDCs than they did for other companies, the comparability of the two percentages may be limited.
    10 Statistics classified by industry do have certain limitations. For example, FCDCs accounted for 23.5 percent and 21.8 percent of the receipts of all companies classified as manufacturers and wholesalers, respectively. However, these percentages may overstate the FCDC portion of wholesaling and understate the FCDC portion of manufacturing. This is because certain U.S. companies (not foreign-controlled) and their subsidiaries may have been involved in both manufacturing and wholesaling of the same product(s) and reported tax information for these activities on a single (consolidated) income tax return, which was statistically classified under the industry of its principal business activity, that being manufacturing, rather than trade. Conversely, many FCDCs acted as wholesalers in the United States for products manufactured overseas by their parent, or other related, companies. These foreign-controlled domestic companies were classified in the wholesale trade industrial sector. (See the Data Sources and Limitations section for additional information about industrial classification limitations.)

[^41]:    11 Dates of incorporation are reported on Form 1120, page 1, question C. Forms 1120L, 1120-PC, 1120-REIT, and 1120-RIC also contain this question in different locations on those forms.

[^42]:    12 For the most recent detailed information on transactions between "foreign-owned domestic corporations" and their related foreign persons, see Lowe, Mark R.,
    "Transactions Between Large Foreign-Owned Domestic Corporations and Related Foreign Persons, 2004," Statistics of Income Bulletin, Fall 2008 , Volume 28 , Number 2. The data contained in that article are not completely comparable to the data contained in this article, since they cover different time periods and are for U.S. corporations that were owned, 25 percent or more, by a foreign person. By contrast, the foreign ownership level used for the FCDC statistics shown in this article was 50 percent or more. Additionally, returns included in the "foreign-owned" study showed total receipts of \$500 million or more and reported transactions with related foreign persons on Form 5472, Information Return of a 25-Percent Foreign-Owned U.S. Corporation or a Foreign Corporation Engaged in a U.S. Trade or Business. Neither of these conditions was a requirement for inclusion in the FCDC study.

[^43]:    ${ }^{13}$ In general, the computation of net income (less deficit) can be shown as follows:
    Begin With: Total Receipts (Includes Business Receipts)
    Less: Total Deductions (Includes Cost of Goods Sold)
    Equals: Total Receipts Less Total Deductions
    Plus: Constructive Taxable Income from Related Foreign Corporations (Includes Includable Income from Controlled Foreign Corporations and Foreign Dividend Gross-Up)
    Less: Nontaxable Interest on State and Local Government Obligations (Included in Total Receipts, above)
    Equals: Net Income (Less Deficit)

[^44]:    ${ }^{14}$ The 33,633 companies reporting a deficit may include a small number of "break-even" companies, i.e., those whose receipts and deductions were equal.
    ${ }^{15}$ When a company carried back a deficit to a previous tax year, it could file either Form 1120X, Amended U.S. Corporation Income Tax Return, or Form 1139, Corporation Application for Tentative Refund.
    ${ }^{16}$ There were certain exceptions to the relationship of positive net income minus statutory special deductions equaling taxable income. First, in some cases, the statutory special deductions for dividends received and for dividends paid on certain preferred stock of public utilities exceeded net income. Second, the tax bases of S corporations and life insurance companies were not defined as net income less statutory special deductions. Rather, these types of corporations computed taxable income using special provisions of the Internal Revenue Code. Also, regulated investment companies and real estate investment trusts generally passed their net incomes on to be taxed at the shareholder level; but any taxable amounts not distributed were included in income subject to tax.

[^45]:    17 Data for domestic corporations that filed Forms 1120-REIT (real estate investment trusts), 1120-RIC (regulated investment companies), and 1120S (S corporations) are excluded from the comparisons between large FCDCs and other large domestic corporations shown in Figures F through H, and Table 4. However, returns filed on these forms are included in the data of other figures and tables contained in this article, as appropriate. While corporations filing these income tax returns report their incomes, they generally have little or no tax liabilities. Through separate special provisions of the Internal Revenue Code applicable to each of these types of corporations, the incomes of these corporations are generally taxed at the shareholder level. The Explanation of Selected Terms section discusses in greater detail the nature of real estate investment trusts (REITs), regulated investment companies (RICs), and S corporations.

[^46]:    18 Net profits (i.e., net income (less deficit)) is one of the key factors that affect the amount of retained earnings of corporations. Columns $12-14$ of Table 4 show corporate total, appropriated, and unappropriated retained earnings, respectively. The amounts of retained earnings were reported in the end-of-year balance sheets of the corporations' books of account. They represent earnings and profits of the corporations retained from normal and discontinued operations of previous years, as well as "extraordinary" gains and losses, and prior period adjustments. The amounts are also after reductions for dividends and distributions made to stockholders. (For a more extensive discussion of retained earnings, see Statistics of Income-2006, Corporation Income Tax Returns.) Appropriated retained earnings were earnings set aside for specific purposes, such as reserves for plant expansion or bond retirements, and not available for distribution to stockholders. For 2006, the largest FCDCs reported \$11.5 billion of total retained earnings, while other large domestic corporations reported $\$ 4.2$ trillion of retained earnings. Retained earnings is a component of net worth and thus affects the ratio of net income (less deficit) to net worth, which is shown in column 56 of Table 4.
    19 In using total income tax after credits as a percentage of total receipts, it should also be noted that a small portion of total income tax after credits (for example, the tax recapture of prior-year investment credits) does not relate to the current-year total receipts reported by corporations. However, this is not considered to be a major limitation in using the percentage because the regular income tax and the alternative minimum tax represented over 99 percent of the total income tax for both FCDCs and ODCs.
    20 One focus of this article is U.S. total income tax after credits. The reader might choose to focus instead on total worldwide taxes, which may be approximated by adding the foreign tax credits claimed by corporations to the U.S. tax liabilities (i.e., total income tax after credits) of these corporations. There are limitations in using this procedure, and the foreign tax credit only approximates the foreign tax liabilities of the corporations. Table 4 shows amounts of foreign tax credits in addition to U.S. total income tax after credits. For the most recent statistics covering corporate foreign tax credits in depth, see Luttrell, Scott, "Corporate Foreign Tax Credit, 2004," in the Summer 2008 issue of the Statistics of Income Bulletin (Volume 28, Number 1). In addition, foreign tax credit data are included on the IRS Internet site at wwwirs.gov, under Tax Stats/International/Corporate Foreign Tax Credits.

[^47]:    1] Includes returns classified in the "finance and insurance" and "real estate and rental and leasing" industrial sectors of the North American Industry Classification System.
    NOTES: "Large" corporations are those with total assets of $\$ 250,000,000$ or more, and/or with business receipts of $\$ 50,000,000$ or more. (Total receipts are used in lieu of business receipts for the finance and insurance, and management of companies sectors.) Data exclude Forms 1120-REIT (real estate investment trusts), 1120-RIC (regulated investment companies), and 1120 (S corporations). Data also exclude returns in which the foreign ownership level is between 25 percent and 49 percent.

[^48]:    ${ }^{21}$ While this article has been able to compare several key ratios related to the profits and taxes reported by foreign-controlled domestic corporations and other domestic corporations on the same bases of size and industry, additional research is needed to explain the differences in those ratios. For additional information on this subject, see "Tax Administration: Comparison of the Reported Tax Liabilities of Foreign- and U.S.-Controlled Corporations, 1998-2005," U.S. Government Accountability Office, GAO-08-957, July 2008. Also, see Grubert, Harry, "Another Look at the Low Taxable Income of Foreign-Controlled Companies in the United States," U.S. Department of the Treasury, Office of Tax Analysis, Paper 74, 1997; and Mataloni, Raymond J., Jr., "An Examination of the Low Rates of Return of Foreign-Owned U.S. Companies," U.S. Department of Commerce, Bureau of Economic Analysis, Survey of Current Business, March 2000.

[^49]:    22 For the most recent statistics covering CFCs, see Mahony, Lee and Miller, Randy, "Controlled Foreign Corporations, 2004," Statistics of Income Bulletin, Summer 2008, Volume 28, Number 1. In addition, CFC data are included on the IRS Internet site at www.irs.gov, under Tax Stats/International/Controlled Foreign Corporations.

[^50]:    23 Shown in Appendix A of this article are Tax Year 2006 data for all REITs, RICs, and S corporations, regardless of size, filed by foreign-controlled domestic corporations (FCDCs) and by other domestic corporations (ODCs).

[^51]:    24 The counts of 41 Forms 1120L and 40 Forms 1120-PC do not include returns of life insurance companies and property/casualty insurance companies, respectively, that were filed as part of consolidated returns under IRC section 1504(c). Under this section, a nonlife insurance parent company could include a domestic life insurance subsidiary in a consolidated return. For 2006, there were 125 section 1504(c) returns of foreign-controlled domestic corporations. Of this number, 58 returns had a property/ casualty insurance company as the largest subsidiary, another 58 returns had a noninsurance company as the largest subsidiary, and 9 returns had a life insurance company as the largest subsidiary.

[^52]:    ${ }^{25}$ On Form 1120, Page 3, Schedule K, the actual questions were: "(7) At any time during the tax year, did one foreign person own, directly or indirectly, at least 25 percent of: (a) the total voting power of all classes of stock of the corporation entitled to vote, or (b) the total value of all classes of stock of the corporation?" and "(7a) If 'Yes,' enter percentage owned." There was an additional question used for the country distribution of these statistics, which was: "(7b) If 'Yes,' enter owner's country."
    ${ }_{26}$ The FCDC statistics include data from returns in which the first question (see footnote 25) was answered "Yes," and the second question covering percentage owned was not answered. There were 2,316 returns for Tax Year 2006 that were included in the FCDC data, although the exact foreign ownership percentage was not specified. These returns reported $\$ 24.2$ billion of assets and $\$ 40.4$ billion of receipts.

[^53]:    Footnotes at end of table.

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[^61]:    Melissa Costa is an economist with the Special Studies Returns Analysis Section. This article was prepared under the direction of Chris Carson, Chief

[^62]:    ${ }^{1}$ Adjustments to constant 2005 dollars are based on the consumer price index.
    ${ }^{2}$ For more information, see Redmiles, Melissa, "The One-Time Received Dividend Deduction," Statistics of Income Bulletin, Spring 2008, Volume 27, Number 4.

[^63]:    ${ }^{3}$ See explanation of terms for the definition of each basket.

[^64]:    Footnotes at end of table

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[^88]:    Janette Wilson and Pearson Liddell are economists with the Individual Research Section. This article was prepared under the direction of Michael Strudler, Chief.

[^89]:    ${ }^{1}$ See Wilson, Janette, "Sales of Capital Assets Reported on Individual Income Tax Returns, 1999," Statistics of Income Bulletin, Summer 2003 , Volume 23 , Number 1.
    2 See Bryant, Victoria, "Attrition in the Individual Income Tax Return Panel, Tax Years 1999-2005," American Statistical Association, August 2007.

[^90]:    ${ }^{3}$ The real estate category is a combination of several asset types and includes residential rental property, farmland, other land, business real property, and residences.

[^91]:    [1] Includes adjusted gross deficit

[^92]:    [1] Includes adjusted gross deficit

[^93]:    ${ }^{4}$ To calculate AGI return, AGI amounts were indexed to make a constant amount. All constant AGIs were summed and then averaged.

[^94]:    ${ }^{5}$ See Testa, V. and J. Scali (2005), "Description of the Sample," Statistics of Income-2005, Individual Income Tax Returns, Internal Revenue Service, Washington, DC.

[^95]:    N/A-Passthrough gains or losses and capital gain distributions are not reported with a sales price or basis

[^96]:    N/A—Passthrough gains or losses and capital gain distributions are not reported with a sales price or basis

[^97]:    N/A—Passthrough gains or losses and capital gain distributions are not reported with a sales price or basis

[^98]:    N/A-Passthrough gains or losses and capital gain distributions are not reported with a sales price or basis

[^99]:    [1] Includes adjusted gross deficit.

[^100]:    ${ }^{\text {* Many of the data release dates are published in each issue of the SOI Bulletin (see "Public Release of SOI Information"). For more }}$ information about data availability for a particular project, call or fax the numbers shown at the top of the page.

