# Ninety Years of Individual Income and Tax Statistics, 1916-2005 

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since 1916, the Internal Revenue Service (IRS) has been publishing income and tax statistics based on information reported on Federal tax returns filed by U.S. individual taxpayers. These publicly available, annual Statistics of Income (SOI) reports were created shortly after enactment of the modern income tax in 1913. Detailed data for Tax Year (TY) 1916 were reported in the first volume of the annual SOI report, along with a few statistics for 1913-1915.

This article focuses on the regular annual SOI individual income tax return program and the data that have been published over the past 90 years. The article includes a brief history of the Statistics of Income program, as well as a summary of the major tax law changes that have affected individual taxpayers. The article also includes some analysis of the changes, over time, in individual return filings, total income, average tax rate, and the alternative minimum tax. Finally, the article presents historical tabulations, which summarize the individual income tax data that have been reported by SOI over the past 90 years.

## Background and History

During the beginning years of the SOI program, the individual income tax tabulations that were included in reports were relatively uncomplicated and few in number. The data that could be presented were largely limited by data items that were reported on the simple tax forms and the lack of modern data processing equipment and technology. Until the late 1920s, the individual income statistics particularly emphasized the tax, the amount of income producing the tax, and the location in which the returns were filed. A major portion of each report was dedicated to showing the number of returns, income, and tax, classified by the size of income for each State. The number of returns filed in each county, city, and town were available for the first 21 years.

The number of users of SOI data increased as many Federal, State, and private economic research organizations were created. As the needs of these new users increased, along with those of tax admin-

[^0]istrators and the estimators of future tax revenue, many new data items were requested. As a result of meeting these requests, the number of basic tables included in the annual SOI report increased, largely with the introduction of crosstabulations. Added data included items such as detailed sources of income, tax payments, number of exemptions, and standard and itemized deductions, including types of itemized deductions. New classifiers were also added to the reports, including the size of specific income sources and net income.

As technology advanced and computer processing was introduced, more sophisticated tables could be produced. These newer, more complex tables were added to the SOI reports, in order to meet customer needs. The reports were improved to show added detail for the number of returns filed, sources of income, marital status, and for taxable and nontaxable returns. There was more information for types of dependents, types of tax computation, and for several types of tax credits. New classifiers included taxpayers age 65 and older, marginal tax rates, and alternative income concepts. More recently, new classifiers have been added to provide greater detail for taxpayers with higher incomes. In earlier reports, taxpayers with an adjusted gross income (AGI) of $\$ 1$ million or more were all grouped together. The TY 2000 report was expanded by adding several income classes, up to a new top bracket of taxpayers with AGI of $\$ 10$ million or more. Additionally, the reports were expanded to show data on new adjustments available to taxpayers, such as deductions for Health Savings Accounts (HSA), tuition and fees, and interest paid on student loans. Details on recent tax credits were added to the reports, including the child tax credit, adoption credit, and education credits.

In the future, the SOI reports will continue to expand to meet the needs of data users. Among the users of SOI data are the Treasury Department's Office of Tax Analysis, the Joint Committee on Taxation of the U.S. Congress, the Bureau of Economic Analysis and the Bureau of the Census (both in the Department of Commerce), private nonprofit research organizations, universities and businesses, as well as many State and local Government agencies. Many SOI statistics are available on the SOI Web site (www.irs.gov/taxstats/) in order to provide data
on a more timely basis. Some of the material on the Web site has replaced what was previously published in paper reports.

The Statistics of Income Bulletin was introduced as a quarterly publication on June 26, 1981. The first report (Volume 1, Number 1) was produced in accordance with the mandate of Internal Revenue Code section 6108 that requires the preparation and publication of statistics reasonably available with respect to the operation of the internal revenue laws. The first Bulletin presented preliminary statistics for individual tax returns for 1979 and the first detailed statistics on both sole proprietorships and partnerships for 1978. Each of these three subjects was previously released in a separate report as statistical tables with little underlying analysis. However, the introduction of the Bulletin presented a unique opportunity with which timely analytical tax law statistics would be made available to Federal and State governments, academics, and private researchers. More than 25 years later, the Bulletin has grown in content and statue to include far-ranging subjects related to individual income tax returns. Such subjects include individual income tax rates and shares, sole proprietorship and farm proprietorship returns, high-income tax returns, individual foreign-earned income and foreign tax credit, and accumulation and distribution of individual retirement arrangements.

## Changes in the Law

Since 1913, there has been a fairly steady increase in the number of returns filed, an increase in the amount and types of income reported, as well as more individual income taxes being collected by the IRS. In addition to growth in the U.S. population, real growth in the economy, and price inflation, the driving factors behind these increases have included several major changes in the tax law.

In general, the increased demands for additional revenue in order to finance World War I, World War II, and the Korean conflict resulted in rapid and numerous changes in the tax law. There were many important tax law changes shortly after the enactment of the modern income tax in 1913. Some of the notable changes were the elimination of collection of taxes at the source (1916), credit for dependents and deduction for charitable contributions (1917), and adoption of preferential tax rates on long-term capital gains
and introduction of the gross income filing requirements (1921). In 1939, the Internal Revenue Code was created, and all revenue laws in effect at that time were consolidated into a single statute.

The most drastic revisions to the tax laws occurred in the early 1940s when the individual income tax was broadened to cover most of the working population. Prior to that period, exemptions were high enough that most taxpayers did not earn enough to fall into even the lowest tax bracket. Starting in the 1960s, there were several tax law changes affecting individuals that, in addition to revenue objectives, reflected a concern with social objectives. A few examples of tax law changes with social objectives are the earned income credit (EIC), education credits, and deductions for health savings accounts. A brief summary of the major tax law changes affecting individual income tax returns beginning in 1943 is provided in Figure A.

## Number of Returns

The number of individual tax returns filed for 1913 through 2005 is displayed in Figure B. During the first 4 years of the modern income tax, the number of individual tax returns filed ranged from approximately 330 thousand to 440 thousand. As a result of the previously mentioned tax law changes in 1916 and 1917, the number of returns filed rose to nearly 3.5 million in 1917. Over the following 22 years, the number of returns ranged from approximately 4.1 million to 7.7 million.

The introduction of lower income filing requirements for 1940 caused the number of returns to nearly double to 14.7 million. The number of returns filed surpassed 50 million for the first time in 1946 and increased to a little more than 60 million by 1959 . During the 1960s and again in the 1970s, the number increased by an average of approximately 16 million returns to reach almost 94 million in 1980. In 1985, the number of individual filers increased to more than 100 million. Since that time, the steady growth in the number of returns has mirrored the general population growth of the U.S., reaching a new high of more than 134 million returns in 2005.

## Total Income

Statistics of Income reports currently present annual data based on the concept of adjusted gross income

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## Figure A

## Major Tax Law Changes Affecting Individuals, 1943-2005

1943 - Reenactment of income tax withholding on wages and salaries (originally enacted in 1913, but repealed in 1916).
1944 - Adoption of the standard deduction and per capita personal exemption of $\$ 600$.
1948 - Introduction of "income splitting" for married couples.
1954- A complete revision of the Internal Revenue Code, including changes to tax rates, institution of retirement income credit, credit for dividends, credit for partially tax-exempt interest, and major modifications to the definition of adjusted gross income and itemized deductions.
1960 - Liberalization of allowable medical and dental expense deductions for taxpayers' parents.
1963 - Introduction of a deduction for contributions to a self-employed retirement plan.
1964- Institution of statutory adjustments for employee moving expenses and employe
1965-Tax rates were reduced
1966- Introduction of a system of graduated rates for taxes withheld from salaries and wages.
1967 - Deduction of part of the premiums paid for medical care insurance, and application of the exclusion of 1 percent of adjusted gross income for drug expenses and 3 percent of adjusted gross income for all medical and dental expenses to persons age 65 or over formerly exempt from those limitations.
1968 - Imposition of a 10-percent income tax surcharge beginning April 1, 1968, and liberalization of rules governing self-employed retirement plan deductions.
1969-Establishment of a new minimum tax on individuals. Extension of the 10-percent income tax surcharge to cover all of Calendar Year 1969.
Introduction of a new minimum standard deduction or low-income allowance, increase in the deduction allowed for each exemption, liberalization of the tax
1970 - return filing requirements, changes in tax withholding, introduction of a tax on specified "tax preferences," imposition of higher tax rates on capital gains, and limitations on capital loss deductions.
1971 - Introduction of a maximum tax on earned income and an increase in the exemption amount to $\$ 675$.
1972 - Increase in the exemption amount to $\$ 750$, introduction of work incentive (WIN) credit, and Presidential Campaign Fund check-box.
1974-Comprehensive revisions to pension and employee benefit plan rules, and a tax rebate for 1974.
1975 - Increase in standard deduction, establishment of personal exemption credit, earned income credit, and purchase-of-residence credit. Establishment of deduction for contributions to individual retirement accounts.
1976-Change in standard deduction, institution of child care credit, general tax credit, credit for the elderly, and extension of earned income credit through 1977.
1977 - Establishment of the "zero bracket amount" and new jobs credit and implementation of disability pay exclusion.
1978 - Change in treatment of capital gains, institution of residential energy and business energy investment credits, and alteration of treatment of income earned abroad.
Repeal of political contributions deduction, and nonbusiness State and local gasoline tax deduction. Increase in the amount of political contributions credit,
1979 - personal exemption amount, and the zero-bracket amount. Widening of tax brackets and lowering of some tax rates. Introduction of a tax on certain unemployment compensation, expiration of the general tax credit, and introduction of the advance earned income credit and the alternative minimum tax.
1981 - Reduction in marginal tax rates by 23 percent, phased in over three years. Increase in the combined (for 1981 only) interest and dividend exclusion. Introduction of an alternative tax on net capital gains. Provided new deduction for two-earner married couples.
1982 - Scheduled increases in accelerated depreciation deductions were repealed, a 10-percent withholding on dividends and interest paid to individuals was instituted, and the floor for medical expense deductions was raised from 3 percent to 5 percent of AGI.
1983-Portions of social security benefits and railroad retirement benefits made taxable beginning in 1984.
1984-Reduced long-term capital gain holding period from 1 year to 6 months.
Lowered top marginal tax rate to 28 percent, increase in standard deduction to $\$ 5,000$ for married couples, increase of personal exemption to $\$ 2,000$, and deduction, deduction for business meals and entertainment, pension contributions, and miscellaneous expense deduction.
Increased top marginal tax rate to 31 percent and increased the AMT rate to 24 percent. Capped the capital gains rate at 28 percent. Limited the value 1990 - of high-income itemized deductions. Created a temporary phase-out of personal exemptions for high-income taxpayers. Expansion of the earned income tax credit and created a low-income credit for costs of health insurance.
Introduction of new higher tax rates of 36 percent and 39.6 percent. Increased exemption amounts and tax rates under AMT. Expanded the earned income tax credit to single workers with no children earning $\$ 9,000$ or less.
Introduction of a child credit of $\$ 500$ per child per year. Introduction of the HOPE and Lifetime Learning nonrefundable education credits. Reduced capital
1997 - gains tax rates to 20 percent and 10 percent. Extended AGI phase-outs for deductible IRAs, allowed tax-free withdrawals for first-time home purchases, created new Roth and Education IRAs.

Reduction of tax rates and introduction of new 10-percent rate. Doubled the child tax credit to $\$ 1,000$ per child and made a portion of it refundable.
2001 - Lowered the "marriage penalties" by making the standard deduction and 15 -percent tax bracket twice the size as for a single taxpayer. Phased-in both the repeal of the personal exemption phase-out (PEP) and the repeal of the Pease cutback in itemized deductions, over 5 years.
Accelerated provisions from 2001 tax law change. Tax rate reductions scheduled for 2006, begin in 2003. Accelerated increase in standard deduction for
2003 - joint filers to 2003, rather than gradually to 2009. Increased AMT exemptions. Reduction in adjusted net capital gains rates and beginning of taxation of dividends at the adjusted net capital gains rates.
2005 - Increased exemption amounts for AMT.

## Figure B


(AGI), positive sources of income less negative income and statutory adjustments. AGI has been used as the basis for grouping individual tax data since 1944. Prior to 1944, individual tax statistics were based on the concept of net income, positive sources of income less negative amounts and allowable deductions. ${ }^{1}$ The differences in these two concepts make direct comparisons difficult. However, a concept of "total income," positive sources of income less negative amounts (as provided in the tax law for a particular year), can be constructed for the entire 90 -plus-year period of the individual income tax. ${ }^{2}$ Table 1 shows total income, as well as major sources of income, and tax items from 1913-2005.

Taxpayers reported $\$ 3.9$ billion in total income for the first year of the income tax in 1913. In the 92 years since 1913, total income has climbed to more than $\$ 7.5$ trillion for 2005 , the most recent year for which SOI has statistics. For most years, total income reported in current dollars has grown. As expected, total income declined for a few years in a row, 1929-1932, due to the Great Depression that began in the United States with the stock market crash of 1929. However, in the 73 -year period since 1932,
total income has grown in all but 4 years, 1938, 1949, 2001, and 2002. For the 2 most recent years during which total income fell, 2001 and 2002, the decline was mainly due to large declines in net capital gain (less loss).

Table 1A presents total income, major sources of income, and tax items from 1913-2005 in constant dollars. ${ }^{3}$ The constant-dollar total income amounts provided in Table 1A show that, in real terms, total income reported on individual income tax returns has grown throughout the majority of the last 90 -plus years. Total income in real terms fell in only 19 of the last 90 years, including 4 consecutive years during the Great Depression. In Figure C, total income in current dollars is compared with total income in constant dollars from 1915 to 2005. Generally, Figure C shows that total income during that 90 -year period has grown steadily in both real and current dollars. However, when looking at year-to-year changes in total income, constant-dollar total income more clearly depicts the changes in the U.S. economy. For example, the recessions of 1973-1975, 1991, and 2001 are apparent when looking at total income in real terms. ${ }^{4}$

[^1]
## Figure C

Total Income in Current and Constant Dollars, 1915-2005
Trillions of dollars


Figure D
Average Income in Current and Constant Dollars, 1945-2005


Average total income from 1945 to 2005 in current versus constant dollars is shown in Figure D. Average income for this article is calculated by dividing total income by the number of returns for a particular year. For the period 1945 to 2005, the lowest average income, in constant dollars, was $\$ 23,800$ for 1947. One of the main reasons for the decline in average income before 1947 was the increase in the number of returns filed with lower income due to lower income filing requirements introduced for 1940. Prior to that period, only upper income people were taxed. The graph of constant-dollar average income shows that average income generally increased from the late 1940s through the early 1970s. Then, in the period from the mid 1970s to the early 1990s, average income stayed in the low- to mid- $\$ 40,000$ range before climbing again for 7 straight years from 1994 through 2000. Average income for 2000 reached $\$ 56,315$, the highest average income during the 1945 to 2005 period.

## Sources of Income

The main items that make up total income have largely stayed the same throughout the years. Salaries and wages have been the largest component of total income in every year except the first year of SOI statistics, 1916. In 1916, both dividends and business income were larger than salaries and wages. Even with salaries and wages as the largest component of total income in every year since 1917, salaries and wages as a percentage of total income has varied from a low of 26.7 percent of total income in 1917 to a high of 83.2 percent in 1970. For the majority of the years in the 1950s, 1960s, 1970s, and early 1980 s , salaries and wages as a percentage of total income stayed in the low 80 -percent range. While salaries and wages are still by far the largest source of total income, in the last 20 years, there has been a downward trend in their percentage of total income. ${ }^{5}$ At almost $\$ 5.2$ trillion for 2005, salaries and wages made up only 68.4 percent of total income (Figure E). Along with the decline in the share of salaries and wages in total income, there has been an upward trend in the share of business income, capital gains, and other income in total income. The percentage of total income that these sources of income represent is still small in comparison to salaries and wages.

[^2]
## Figure E

Major Sources of Individual Total Income for Tax Years 1917, 1970, and 2005


1970



## Figure $F$

Average Individual Income Tax Rate, 1913-2005


However, from 1995 to 2005, business income has grown from 3.2 percent of total income to 8.9 percent; capital gains has increased from 2.8 percent to 8.9 percent; and other income has increased from 3.8 percent to 9.4 percent.

## Average Tax Rate

The average individual income tax rate is calculated by dividing income tax by the total income for a tax year. For this article, individual income tax before credits is used to calculate the average tax rate. Most of the fluctuations in the average tax rate during the past 90 -plus years can be attributed to tax law changes affecting the definition of income reported on a tax return and to how tax before credits was calculated on that income. For nearly the first 30 years of the modern income tax system, the average tax rate fluctuated between less than 1.0 percent and 7.1 percent. During the Great Depression, the average tax rate dropped to just over 2.1 percent for 1931.

Throughout the early 1940s, several tax laws were passed to increase individual income tax rates. These changes in law resulted in average tax rates reaching double digits for the first time in 1942 and rising to more than 14.2 percent by 1945, as illustrated in Figure F. After World War II, tax rates
average tax rate has ranged between approximately 11.6 percent and 16.1 percent. During the 1950s and early 1960s, there were gradual increases in the average tax rate up to 13.3 percent in 1963. The Revenue Act of 1964, which reduced tax rates and introduced a minimum standard deduction, helped lower the average tax rate to 11.6 percent for 1965. A 10-percent income tax surcharge was created in 1968 in order to help pay for the Vietnam War, which resulted in a rise in the average tax rate to a high of almost 14.5 percent in 1969.

During the 1970s, the U.S. economy experienced a period of high inflation, resulting in higher total and average tax burdens for individuals. This increase in the average tax rate continued until reaching an all-time high of 16.1 percent in 1981. The average tax rates steadily declined after the Economic Recovery Tax Act of 1981 was passed. Then, tax rate increases created under the Omnibus Budget Reconciliation Acts of 1990 and 1993, combined with strong U.S. economic growth, resulted in steady average tax rate increases throughout the 1990s, reaching a high of 15.9 percent in 2000. The reduction of tax rates from the Economic Growth and Tax Relief Reconciliation Act of 2001 (EGTRRA) and the acceleration of those tax rate reductions under the Jobs and Growth Tax Relief Reconciliation Act

## Figure 6


of 2003 (JGTRRA) is clear in Figure F, as the average rates declined to 12.6 percent for 2003. For 2004 and 2005 , these increased slightly to 13.1 percent.

## Alternative Minimum Tax

The alternative minimum tax (AMT), also known as the minimum tax for tax preferences in its early years, was first introduced in 1970 and was created to ensure that high-income Americans were not using combinations of tax preferences to completely eliminate their tax liability. Essentially, the alternative minimum tax is a parallel tax that computes its own income amount and is taxed at a different rate than the regular income tax. The AMT did not grow very much for the first few years, but, as shown in Figure G, increased as a result of the Tax Reform Act of 1976, which expanded the definition of tax preferences, reduced deductions from tax preferences, and raised the tax rate on the tax preferences. Over the next 10 years, the alternative minimum tax grew nearly seven-fold to reach just over $\$ 6.7$ billion before falling to $\$ 1.7$ billion in 1987 as a result of changes in the Tax Reform Act of 1986. More recently, there has been a general upward trend in the growth of the alternative minimum tax. However,
the alternative minimum tax declined for 2001, partially as a result of an increase in the AMT exemption amount. But, since 2001, the AMT has grown from $\$ 6.7$ billion to slightly more than $\$ 17.4$ billion for 2005, an increase of nearly 158 percent in just 4 years.

## Acknowledgments

The authors wish to express their appreciation to David Paris and Cecelia Hilgert, whose prior article, "70th Year of Individual Income and Tax Statistics, 1913-1982," Statistics of Income Bulletin, Winter 1983-1984, Volume 3, Number 3, provided source material and inspiration for this article.

## Data Sources and Limitations

Throughout the 90 -plus years that SOI has been producing individual tax return data, the data have mostly been based on stratified probability samples of unaudited individual income tax returns. A general description of sampling procedures and data limitations applicable to SOI tabulations is contained in the Appendix of this publication. In addition, see the applicable SOI report for more information on data sources and limitations for a specific year.

Table 1. All Individual Income Tax Returns: Sources of Income and Tax Items, Tax Years 1913-2005
(All figures are estimates based on samples—number of returns are in thousands, money amounts are in millions of current dollars)

| Tax year | Number of returns | Total income | Major sources of income |  |  |  |  |  | Income tax before credits | Total tax liability | Alternative minimum tax |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | Salaries and wages | Interest | Dividends | Business net income less loss [1] | Net capital gain less loss | All other income |  |  |  |
|  | (1) | (2) | (3) | (4) | (5) | (6) | (7) | (8) | (9) | (10) | (11) |
| 1913 | 358 | 3,900 | n.a. | n.a. | n.a. | n.a. | n.a. | n.a. | 28 | 28 | N/A |
| 1914 | 358 | 4,000 | n.a. | n.a. | n.a. | n.a. | n.a. | n.a. | 41 | 41 | N/A |
| 1915 | 337 | 4,600 | n.a. | n.a. | n.a. | n.a. | n.a. | n.a. | 68 | 68 | N/A |
| 1916 | 437 | 6,299 | 1,851 | 667 | 2,136 | 2,637 | N/A | -992 | 173 | 173 | N/A |
| 1917 | 3,473 | 13,652 | 3,648 | 936 | 2,849 | 3,640 | N/A | 2,579 | 795 | 795 | N/A |
| 1918 | 4,425 | 15,925 | 8,267 | 1,403 | 2,469 | 4,339 | N/A | -553 | 1,128 | 1,128 | N/A |
| 1919 | 5,333 | 19,859 | 10,756 | 1,500 | 2,454 | 5,709 | N/A | -560 | 1,270 | 1,270 | N/A |
| 1920 | 7,260 | 23,736 | 15,323 | 1,709 | 2,736 | 4,922 | N/A | -954 | 1,075 | 1,075 | N/A |
| 1921 | 6,662 | 19,577 | 13,813 | 1,690 | 2,477 | 3,707 | 462 | -2,572 | 719 | 719 | N/A |
| 1922 | 6,787 | 21,761 | 13,694 | 1,738 | 2,664 | 4,267 | 742 | -1,344 | 861 | 861 | N/A |
| 1923 | 7,698 | 25,313 | 14,193 | 2,183 | 3,120 | 6,399 | 866 | -1,448 | 662 | 662 | N/A |
| 1924 | 7,370 | 26,189 | 13,618 | 2,281 | 3,251 | 6,565 | 1,124 | -650 | 735 | 704 | N/A |
| 1925 | 4,171 | 22,337 | 9,742 | 1,814 | 3,465 | 5,516 | 940 | 860 | 759 | 735 | N/A |
| 1926 | 4,138 | 22,442 | 9,994 | 1,936 | 4,012 | 5,306 | 1,287 | -93 | 757 | 732 | N/A |
| 1927 | 4,102 | 23,854 | 10,218 | 2,026 | 4,255 | 5,043 | 1,585 | 727 | 856 | 830 | N/A |
| 1928 | 4,144 | 27,338 | 10,945 | 2,143 | 4,440 | 5,223 | 1,708 | 2,879 | 1,199 | 1,164 | N/A |
| 1929 | 4,133 | 26,692 | 11,373 | 2,210 | 5,081 | 5,282 | 1,341 | 1,405 | 1,024 | 1,002 | N/A |
| 1930 | 3,852 | 17,047 | 10,206 | 1,940 | 4,632 | 3,101 | 676 | -3,508 | 502 | 477 | N/A |
| 1931 | 3,411 | 12,221 | 8,631 | 1,337 | 3,600 | 2,016 | 990 | -4,353 | 264 | 246 | N/A |
| 1932 | 4,083 | 10,671 | 8,356 | 1,307 | 2,189 | 1,229 | 325 | -2,735 | 330 | 330 | N/A |
| 1933 | 3,892 | 11,473 | 7,565 | 1,106 | 1,711 | 1,746 | 232 | -887 | 374 | 374 | N/A |
| 1934 | 4,198 | 14,957 | 8,681 | 995 | 2,041 | 2,125 | 18 | 1,097 | 511 | 511 | N/A |
| 1935 | 4,670 | 17,193 | 9,972 | 98 | 2,288 | 2,387 | 363 | 2,085 | 657 | 657 | N/A |
| 1936 | 5,486 | 21,773 | 11,718 | 955 | 3,228 | 3,210 | 852 | 1,810 | 1,214 | 1,214 | N/A |
| 1937 | 6,350 | 24,120 | 14,206 | 856 | 3,248 | 3,359 | 158 | 2,293 | 1,142 | 1,142 | N/A |
| 1938 | 6,251 | 21,436 | 13,307 | 823 | 2,212 | 3,120 | -176 | 2,150 | 766 | 766 | N/A |
| 1939 | 7,652 | 25,363 | 16,491 | 832 | 2,544 | 3,674 | 321 | 1,501 | 929 | 929 | N/A |
| 1940 | 14,711 | 40,155 | 27,707 | 1,003 | 2,999 | 5,407 | 332 | 2,707 | 1,496 | 1,496 | N/A |
| 1941 | 25,870 | 63,433 | 47,140 | 1,029 | 3,299 | 8,455 | 430 | 3,080 | 3,908 | 3,908 | N/A |
| 1942 | 36,619 | 85,780 | 65,617 | 982 | 2,833 | 12,833 | 112 | 3,403 | 8,927 | 8,927 | N/A |
| 1943 | 43,722 | 106,555 | 82,755 | 886 | 2,780 | 15,717 | 595 | 3,822 | 14,590 | 14,590 | N/A |
| 1944 | 47,111 | 116,465 | 91,125 | [2] n.a. | [2] 3,924 | 17,250 | 917 | 3,249 | 16,224 | 16,216 | N/A |
| 1945 | 49,932 | 120,009 | 91,700 | [2] n.a. | [2] 3,925 | 19,003 | 2,114 | 3,267 | 17,061 | 17,050 | N/A |
| 1946 | 52,817 | 134,083 | 99,174 | 1,067 | 3,674 | 23,267 | 3,068 | 3,833 | 16,091 | 16,076 | N/A |
| 1947 | 55,099 | 149,736 | 114,804 | 1,125 | 4,295 | 23,295 | 2,154 | 4,063 | 18,092 | 18,076 | N/A |
| 1948 | 52,072 | 163,516 | 125,881 | 1,293 | 4,971 | 24,506 | 2,201 | 4,664 | 15,442 | 15,442 | N/A |
| 1949 | 51,814 | 160,574 | 124,883 | 1,528 | 5,246 | 21,705 | 1,604 | 5,608 | 14,538 | 14,538 | N/A |
| 1950 | 53,060 | 179,148 | 139,073 | 1,595 | 6,157 | 23,429 | 2,927 | 5,967 | 18,375 | 18,375 | N/A |
| 1951 | 55,447 | 202,337 | 160,482 | 1,702 | 6,056 | 24,878 | 2,997 | 6,222 | 24,439 | 24,439 | N/A |
| 1952 | 56,529 | 215,290 | 174,339 | 1,847 | 5,860 | 24,754 | 2,470 | 6,020 | 27,822 | 28,020 | N/A |
| 1953 | 57,838 | 228,708 | 187,734 | 2,043 | 5,828 | 24,951 | 2,075 | 6,077 | 29,450 | 29,657 | N/A |
| 1954 | 56,747 | 229,573 | 185,953 | 2,370 | 7,048 | 25,452 | 3,352 | 5,398 | 26,873 | 26,967 | N/A |
| 1955 | 58,250 | 248,974 | 200,712 | 2,584 | 7,851 | 27,454 | 4,751 | 5,622 | 29,982 | 30,077 | N/A |
| 1956 | 59,197 | 268,268 | 215,618 | 2,872 | 8,606 | 30,137 | 4,553 | 6,482 | 33,134 | 33,265 | N/A |
| 1957 | 59,825 | 280,895 | 228,077 | 3,319 | 9,124 | 29,698 | 3,485 | 7,192 | 34,816 | 34,975 | N/A |
| 1958 | 59,085 | 281,777 | 227,551 | 3,659 | 9,741 | 29,906 | 4,330 | 6,590 | 34,755 | 34,925 | N/A |
| 1959 | 60,271 | 305,772 | 247,370 | 4,395 | 9,356 | 30,994 | 6,275 | 7,382 | 39,092 | 39,347 | N/A |
| 1960 | 61,028 | 316,141 | 257,918 | 5,057 | 9,530 | 30,038 | 5,300 | 8,298 | 39,909 | 40,298 | N/A |

Footnotes at end of table.

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Table 1. All Individual Income Tax Returns: Sources of Income and Tax Items, Tax Years 1913-2005-Continued
(All figures are estimates based on samples-number of returns are in thousands, money amounts are in millions of current dollars)

| Tax year | Number of returns | Total income | Major sources of income |  |  |  |  |  | Income tax before credits | Total tax liability | Alternative minimum tax |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | Salaries and wages | Interest | Dividends | Business net income less loss [1] | Net capital gain less loss | All other income |  |  |  |
|  | (1) | (2) | (3) | (4) | (5) | (6) | (7) | (8) | (9) | (10) | (11) |
| 1961 | 61,499 | 330,617 | 266,902 | 5,683 | 9,890 | 31,578 | 7,621 | 8,943 | 42,714 | 43,066 | N/A |
| 1962 | 62,712 | 349,484 | 283,373 | 7,155 | 10,640 | 33,269 | 5,771 | 9,276 | 45,691 | 45,790 | N/A |
| 1963 | 63,943 | 369,675 | 299,443 | 9,212 | 11,452 | 33,184 | 6,449 | 9,935 | 49,117 | 49,216 | N/A |
| 1964 | 65,376 | 399,539 | 323,266 | 10,125 | 11,917 | 35,358 | 7,939 | 10,934 | 47,896 | 48,185 | N/A |
| 1965 | 67,596 | 432,344 | 347,150 | 11,296 | 12,961 | 38,559 | 10,180 | 12,198 | 50,144 | 50,632 | N/A |
| 1966 | 70,160 | 472,132 | 381,067 | 13,225 | 13,998 | 40,984 | 9,941 | 12,917 | 56,773 | 51,627 | N/A |
| 1967 | 71,651 | 509,151 | 411,646 | 14,899 | 14,202 | 42,280 | 13,682 | 12,442 | 63,655 | 64,525 | N/A |
| 1968 | 73,729 | 559,760 | 451,505 | 16,782 | 15,222 | 45,503 | 17,990 | 12,758 | 77,440 | 78,419 | N/A |
| 1969 | 75,834 | 603,546 | 498,865 | 19,626 | 15,740 | 45,842 | 14,853 | 8,620 | 87,336 | 88,524 | N/A |
| 1970 | 74,280 | 639,358 | 531,884 | 22,021 | 15,807 | 44,242 | 9,007 | 16,397 | 84,156 | 85,767 | 122 |
| 1971 | 74,576 | 682,467 | 564,967 | 24,731 | 15,671 | 45,029 | 13,155 | 18,914 | 85,942 | 87,469 | 169 |
| 1972 | 77,573 | 755,540 | 622,599 | 27,400 | 16,794 | 49,616 | 17,076 | 22,055 | 94,442 | 95,949 | 216 |
| 1973 | 80,693 | 837,813 | 687,179 | 32,174 | 18,734 | 56,489 | 16,672 | 26,565 | 109,394 | 111,175 | 182 |
| 1974 | 83,340 | 918,626 | 758,628 | 39,543 | 20,887 | 55,055 | 13,470 | 31,043 | 125,079 | 127,003 | 143 |
| 1975 | 82,229 | 962,887 | 795,399 | 43,434 | 21,892 | 53,736 | 14,072 | 34,354 | 127,432 | 127,939 | 144 |
| 1976 | 84,670 | 1,070,180 | 880,998 | 48,588 | 24,461 | 59,637 | 18,562 | 37,934 | 144,186 | 145,749 | 1,000 |
| 1977 | 86,635 | 1,177,821 | 969,403 | 54,603 | 27,020 | 63,271 | 20,777 | 42,747 | 162,587 | 164,024 | 1,323 |
| 1978 | 89,772 | 1,324,811 | 1,090,292 | 61,223 | 30,206 | 75,156 | 23,231 | 44,703 | 193,555 | 193,185 | 1,514 |
| 1979 | 92,694 | 1,490,173 | 1,229,251 | 73,875 | 33,483 | 69,013 | 28,448 | 56,103 | 220,099 | 220,100 | 1,175 |
| 1980 | 93,902 | 1,642,346 | 1,349,843 | 102,009 | 38,761 | 64,558 | 29,660 | 57,515 | 256,294 | 256,251 | 1,263 |
| 1981 | 95,396 | 1,804,046 | 1,486,100 | 140,559 | 48,161 | 52,934 | 30,819 | 45,473 | 290,207 | 291,127 | 1,827 |
| 1982 | 95,337 | 1,917,023 | 1,564,995 | 157,021 | 54,045 | 48,815 | 34,404 | 57,743 | 283,932 | 284,708 | 1,069 |
| 1983 | 96,321 | 2,023,983 | 1,644,573 | 153,805 | 48,557 | 59,832 | 49,408 | 67,808 | 279,842 | 282,318 | 2,521 |
| 1984 | 99,439 | 2,229,649 | 1,807,138 | 176,369 | 48,641 | 68,498 | 54,519 | 74,484 | 306,686 | 312,534 | 4,490 |
| 1985 | 101,660 | 2,401,034 | 1,928,201 | 182,109 | 55,046 | 76,246 | 68,278 | 91,154 | 332,165 | 338,765 | 3,792 |
| 1986 | 103,045 | 2,580,689 | 2,031,026 | 167,640 | 61,623 | 84,564 | 132,842 | 102,994 | 367,592 | 381,224 | 6,713 |
| 1987 | 106,996 | 2,803,941 | 2,163,906 | 168,966 | 66,791 | 129,775 | 137,399 | 137,104 | 373,857 | 384,538 | 1,675 |
| 1988 | 109,708 | 3,111,222 | 2,337,984 | 186,982 | 77,330 | 183,403 | 152,841 | 172,682 | 418,889 | 430,733 | 1,028 |
| 1989 | 112,136 | 3,280,931 | 2,449,531 | 220,016 | 81,309 | 195,830 | 145,631 | 188,614 | 438,240 | 451,873 | 831 |
| 1990 | 113,717 | 3,439,402 | 2,599,401 | 227,084 | 80,169 | 208,452 | 113,159 | 211,137 | 453,128 | 468,631 | 830 |
| 1991 | 114,730 | 3,499,250 | 2,674,261 | 209,411 | 77,284 | 205,054 | 102,776 | 230,464 | 454,503 | 471,083 | 1,213 |
| 1992 | 113,605 | 3,664,594 | 2,805,703 | 162,343 | 77,926 | 241,654 | 118,230 | 258,738 | 482,631 | 500,020 | 1,357 |
| 1993 | 114,602 | 3,759,964 | 2,892,120 | 131,141 | 79,729 | 248,573 | 144,172 | 264,229 | 508,894 | 526,819 | 2,053 |
| 1994 | 115,943 | 3,946,621 | 3,026,778 | 126,169 | 82,410 | 280,589 | 142,288 | 288,387 | 541,571 | 561,042 | 2,212 |
| 1995 | 118,218 | 4,230,493 | 3,201,457 | 154,781 | 94,592 | 295,096 | 170,415 | 314,152 | 596,169 | 615,806 | 2,291 |
| 1996 | 120,351 | 4,578,621 | 3,376,872 | 165,673 | 104,255 | 323,684 | 251,817 | 356,320 | 666,724 | 687,332 | 2,813 |
| 1997 | 122,422 | 5,016,905 | 3,613,918 | 171,700 | 120,493 | 355,064 | 356,083 | 399,647 | 739,482 | 762,258 | 4,005 |
| 1998 | 124,771 | 5,467,504 | 3,879,762 | 178,334 | 118,480 | 389,755 | 446,084 | 455,089 | 813,569 | 821,899 | 5,015 |
| 1999 | 127,075 | 5,912,167 | 4,132,473 | 175,675 | 132,466 | 419,486 | 542,758 | 509,309 | 906,812 | 912,464 | 6,478 |
| 2000 | 129,374 | 6,423,986 | 4,456,167 | 199,322 | 146,988 | 426,779 | 630,542 | 564,188 | 1,018,219 | 1,017,471 | 9,601 |
| 2001 | 130,255 | 6,231,177 | 4,565,229 | 198,178 | 119,533 | 441,883 | 326,527 | 579,827 | 933,567 | 925,435 | 6,757 |
| 2002 | 130,076 | 6,110,747 | 4,559,691 | 149,025 | 103,241 | 458,751 | 238,789 | 601,250 | 836,843 | 834,915 | 6,854 |
| 2003 | 130,424 | 6,294,684 | 4,649,900 | 127,160 | 115,141 | 483,712 | 294,354 | 624,417 | 790,006 | 787,584 | 9,470 |
| 2004 | 132,226 | 6,886,852 | 4,921,806 | 125,474 | 146,839 | 563,210 | 473,662 | 655,861 | 884,343 | 874,010 | 13,029 |
| 2005 | 134,373 | 7,531,892 | 5,155,407 | 162,433 | 166,482 | 672,028 | 668,015 | 707,527 | 990,152 | 980,259 | 17,421 |

n.a.-Not available.

N/A-Not applicable.
[1] Business net income less loss is sole proprietorship (Schedule C) plus partnership and S corporation income less loss (Schedule E).
[2] For 1944 and 1945 the total amounts for interest and dividend income were combined in the SOI reports and shown as dividend income.
NOTES: Detail may not add to totals because of rounding. Data from 1913-1981 are taken directly from Paris, David and Cecelia Hilgert, "70th Year of Individual Income and Tax
Statistics, 1913-1982," Statistics of Income Bulletin, Winter 1983-1984, Volume 3, Number 3. Data for 1982-2005 are from Statistics of Income-Individual Income Tax Returns (IRS Publication 1304), various years.

Table 1a. All Individual Income Tax Returns: Sources of Income and Tax Items, Tax Years 1913-2005, in 2005 Constant Dollars [1]
(All figures are estimates based on samples-number of returns are in thousands, money amounts are in millions of constant dollars)

| Tax year | Number of returns | Total income | Major sources of income |  |  |  |  |  | Income tax before credits | Total tax liability |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | Salaries and wages | Interest | Dividends | Business net income less loss [2] | Net capital gain less loss | All other income |  |  |
|  | (1) | (2) | (3) | (4) | (5) | (6) | (7) | (8) | (9) | (10) |
| 1913 | 358 | 76,936 | n.a. | n.a. | n.a. | n.a. | n.a. | n.a. | 552 | 552 |
| 1914 | 358 | 78,120 | n.a. | n.a. | n.a. | n.a. | n.a. | n.a | 801 | 801 |
| 1915 | 337 | 88,949 | n.a. | n.a. | n.a. | n.a. | n.a. | n.a. | 1,315 | 1,315 |
| 1916 | 437 | 112,862 | 33,165 | 11,951 | 38,272 | 47,248 | N/A | -17,774 | 3,100 | 3,100 |
| 1917 | 3,473 | 208,300 | 55,661 | 14,281 | 43,470 | 55,538 | N/A | 39,350 | 12,130 | 12,130 |
| 1918 | 4,425 | 205,970 | 106,924 | 18,146 | 31,933 | 56,120 | N/A | -7,152 | 14,589 | 14,589 |
| 1919 | 5,333 | 224,189 | 121,425 | 16,934 | 27,703 | 64,449 | N/A | -6,322 | 14,337 | 14,337 |
| 1920 | 7,260 | 231,782 | 149,629 | 16,688 | 26,717 | 48,063 | N/A | -9,316 | 10,497 | 10,497 |
| 1921 | 6,662 | 213,597 | 150,708 | 18,439 | 27,026 | 40,446 | 5,041 | -28,062 | 7,845 | 7,845 |
| 1922 | 6,787 | 252,972 | 159,193 | 20,204 | 30,969 | 49,604 | 8,626 | -15,624 | 10,009 | 10,009 |
| 1923 | 7,698 | 289,101 | 162,099 | 24,932 | 35,634 | 73,083 | 9,891 | -16,538 | 7,561 | 7,561 |
| 1924 | 7,370 | 299,106 | 155,532 | 26,051 | 37,130 | 74,979 | 12,837 | -7,424 | 8,394 | 8,040 |
| 1925 | 4,171 | 249,281 | 108,721 | 20,244 | 38,669 | 61,559 | 10,490 | 9,598 | 8,470 | 8,203 |
| 1926 | 4,138 | 247,623 | 110,273 | 21,362 | 44,268 | 58,546 | 14,201 | -1,026 | 8,353 | 8,077 |
| 1927 | 4,102 | 267,741 | 114,688 | 22,740 | 47,759 | 56,603 | 17,790 | 8,160 | 9,608 | 9,316 |
| 1928 | 4,144 | 312,229 | 125,003 | 24,475 | 50,709 | 59,652 | 19,507 | 32,881 | 13,694 | 13,294 |
| 1929 | 4,133 | 304,851 | 129,892 | 25,241 | 58,030 | 60,326 | 15,316 | 16,047 | 11,695 | 11,444 |
| 1930 | 3,852 | 199,358 | 119,355 | 22,688 | 54,169 | 36,265 | 7,906 | -41,025 | 5,871 | 5,578 |
| 1931 | 3,411 | 157,024 | 110,897 | 17,179 | 46,255 | 25,903 | 12,720 | -55,930 | 3,392 | 3,161 |
| 1932 | 4,083 | 152,120 | 119,119 | 18,632 | 31,205 | 17,520 | 4,633 | -38,989 | 4,704 | 4,704 |
| 1933 | 3,892 | 172,360 | 113,650 | 16,616 | 25,704 | 26,230 | 3,485 | -13,325 | 5,619 | 5,619 |
| 1934 | 4,198 | 217,993 | 126,522 | 14,502 | 29,747 | 30,971 | 262 | 15,988 | 7,448 | 7,448 |
| 1935 | 4,670 | 245,094 | 142,156 | 1,397 | 32,617 | 34,028 | 5,175 | 29,723 | 9,366 | 9,366 |
| 1936 | 5,486 | 305,918 | 164,642 | 13,418 | 45,355 | 45,102 | 11,971 | 25,431 | 17,057 | 17,057 |
| 1937 | 6,350 | 327,128 | 192,669 | 11,610 | 44,051 | 45,556 | 2,143 | 31,099 | 15,488 | 15,488 |
| 1938 | 6,251 | 296,911 | 184,316 | 11,399 | 30,639 | 43,215 | -2,438 | 29,780 | 10,610 | 10,610 |
| 1939 | 7,652 | 356,359 | 231,704 | 11,690 | 35,744 | 51,621 | 4,510 | 21,090 | 13,053 | 13,053 |
| 1940 | 14,711 | 560,162 | 386,513 | 13,992 | 41,836 | 75,428 | 4,631 | 37,763 | 20,869 | 20,869 |
| 1941 | 25,870 | 842,753 | 626,289 | 13,671 | 43,830 | 112,331 | 5,713 | 40,920 | 51,921 | 51,921 |
| 1942 | 36,619 | 1,027,781 | 786,196 | 11,766 | 33,944 | 153,760 | 1,342 | 40,773 | 106,960 | 106,960 |
| 1943 | 43,722 | 1,202,901 | 934,223 | 10,002 | 31,383 | 177,429 | 6,717 | 43,147 | 164,707 | 164,707 |
| 1944 | 47,111 | 1,292,364 | 1,011,177 | [3] n.a. | [3] 43,543 | 191,416 | 10,176 | 36,053 | 180,031 | 179,942 |
| 1945 | 49,932 | 1,302,098 | 994,945 | [3] n.a. | [3] 42,586 | 206,183 | 22,937 | 35,447 | 185,112 | 184,993 |
| 1946 | 52,817 | 1,342,893 | 993,266 | 10,686 | 36,797 | 233,028 | 30,727 | 38,389 | 161,158 | 161,007 |
| 1947 | 55,099 | 1,311,365 | 1,005,436 | 9,853 | 37,615 | 204,014 | 18,864 | 35,583 | 158,447 | 158,307 |
| 1948 | 52,072 | 1,325,090 | 1,020,106 | 10,478 | 40,284 | 198,590 | 17,836 | 37,796 | 125,138 | 125,138 |
| 1949 | 51,814 | 1,317,651 | 1,024,775 | 12,539 | 43,048 | 178,109 | 13,162 | 46,019 | 119,297 | 119,297 |
| 1950 | 53,060 | 1,451,768 | 1,127,011 | 12,925 | 49,895 | 189,862 | 23,720 | 48,355 | 148,906 | 148,906 |
| 1951 | 55,447 | 1,519,862 | 1,205,467 | 12,785 | 45,490 | 186,872 | 22,512 | 46,737 | 183,574 | 183,574 |
| 1952 | 56,529 | 1,586,647 | 1,284,846 | 13,612 | 43,187 | 182,432 | 18,203 | 44,366 | 205,043 | 206,502 |
| 1953 | 57,838 | 1,672,909 | 1,373,200 | 14,944 | 42,630 | 182,507 | 15,178 | 44,451 | 215,415 | 216,929 |
| 1954 | 56,747 | 1,666,751 | 1,350,060 | 17,207 | 51,170 | 184,787 | 24,336 | 39,191 | 195,104 | 195,786 |
| 1955 | 58,250 | 1,814,352 | 1,462,651 | 18,830 | 57,213 | 200,066 | 34,622 | 40,969 | 218,488 | 219,181 |
| 1956 | 59,197 | 1,926,204 | 1,548,169 | 20,621 | 61,792 | 216,388 | 32,691 | 46,542 | 237,907 | 238,848 |
| 1957 | 59,825 | 1,952,270 | 1,585,176 | 23,068 | 63,413 | 206,406 | 24,221 | 49,986 | 241,977 | 243,082 |
| 1958 | 59,085 | 1,904,189 | 1,537,741 | 24,727 | 65,828 | 202,098 | 29,261 | 44,534 | 234,867 | 236,016 |
| 1959 | 60,271 | 2,052,140 | 1,660,184 | 29,496 | 62,791 | 208,011 | 42,114 | 49,543 | 262,360 | 264,071 |
| 1960 | 61,028 | 2,085,890 | 1,701,736 | 33,366 | 62,879 | 198,190 | 34,969 | 54,750 | 263,319 | 265,885 |
| 1961 | 61,499 | 2,159,515 | 1,743,343 | 37,120 | 64,599 | 206,260 | 49,779 | 58,414 | 278,998 | 281,297 |
| 1962 | 62,712 | 2,260,074 | 1,832,541 | 46,271 | 68,808 | 215,147 | 37,320 | 59,987 | 295,479 | 296,119 |
| 1963 | 63,943 | 2,359,396 | 1,911,151 | 58,794 | 73,091 | 211,792 | 41,160 | 63,409 | 313,482 | 314,114 |

[^3]
# Ninety Years of Individual Income and Tax Statistics, 1916-2005 

Statistics of Income Bulletin | Winter 2008

Table 1a. All Individual Income Tax Returns: Sources of Income and Tax Items, Tax Years 1913-2005, in 2005 Constant Dollars [1]-Continued
(All figures are estimates based on samples-number of returns are in thousands, money amounts are in millions of constant dollars)

| Tax year | Number of returns | Total income | Major sources of income |  |  |  |  |  | Income tax before credits | Total tax liability |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | Salaries and wages | Interest | Dividends | Business net income less loss [2] | Net capital gain less loss | All other income |  |  |
|  | (1) | (2) | (3) | (4) | (5) | (6) | (7) | (8) | (9) | (10) |
| 1964 | 65,376 | 2,517,096 | 2,036,576 | 63,788 | 75,077 | 222,755 | 50,016 | 68,884 | 301,745 | 303,566 |
| 1965 | 67,596 | 2,680,533 | 2,152,330 | 70,035 | 80,358 | 239,066 | 63,116 | 75,628 | 310,893 | 313,918 |
| 1966 | 70,160 | 2,845,907 | 2,296,987 | 79,717 | 84,377 | 247,042 | 59,922 | 77,861 | 342,215 | 311,196 |
| 1967 | 71,651 | 2,977,161 | 2,407,020 | 87,119 | 83,043 | 247,224 | 80,003 | 72,752 | 372,210 | 377,297 |
| 1968 | 73,729 | 3,141,412 | 2,533,877 | 94,182 | 85,427 | 255,366 | 100,961 | 71,599 | 434,599 | 440,093 |
| 1969 | 75,834 | 3,211,786 | 2,654,723 | 104,440 | 83,761 | 243,949 | 79,041 | 45,872 | 464,761 | 471,083 |
| 1970 | 74,280 | 3,218,212 | 2,677,241 | 110,843 | 79,565 | 222,692 | 45,337 | 82,534 | 423,600 | 431,709 |
| 1971 | 74,576 | 3,291,008 | 2,724,396 | 119,258 | 75,569 | 217,140 | 63,436 | 91,208 | 414,431 | 421,795 |
| 1972 | 77,573 | 3,530,071 | 2,908,937 | 128,020 | 78,466 | 231,818 | 79,783 | 103,046 | 441,257 | 448,298 |
| 1973 | 80,693 | 3,685,245 | 3,022,659 | 141,522 | 82,404 | 248,475 | 73,334 | 116,850 | 481,186 | 489,020 |
| 1974 | 83,340 | 3,639,101 | 3,005,275 | 156,648 | 82,743 | 218,098 | 53,361 | 122,976 | 495,496 | 503,117 |
| 1975 | 82,229 | 3,495,387 | 2,887,387 | 157,670 | 79,470 | 195,068 | 51,083 | 124,709 | 462,592 | 464,433 |
| 1976 | 84,670 | 3,673,219 | 3,023,882 | 166,770 | 83,958 | 204,694 | 63,711 | 130,202 | 494,895 | 500,260 |
| 1977 | 86,635 | 3,795,849 | 3,124,165 | 175,973 | 87,079 | 203,908 | 66,960 | 137,764 | 523,981 | 528,612 |
| 1978 | 89,772 | 3,968,337 | 3,265,859 | 183,387 | 90,479 | 225,122 | 69,586 | 133,903 | 579,774 | 578,666 |
| 1979 | 92,694 | 4,008,689 | 3,306,787 | 198,730 | 90,072 | 185,651 | 76,527 | 150,922 | 592,085 | 592,087 |
| 1980 | 93,902 | 3,892,599 | 3,199,324 | 241,776 | 91,869 | 153,012 | 70,299 | 136,319 | 607,454 | 607,352 |
| 1981 | 95,396 | 3,876,020 | 3,192,908 | 301,993 | 103,475 | 113,729 | 66,215 | 97,699 | 623,514 | 625,491 |
| 1982 | 95,337 | 3,879,737 | 3,167,290 | 317,784 | 109,378 | 98,793 | 69,628 | 116,862 | 574,631 | 576,202 |
| 1983 | 96,321 | 3,968,714 | 3,224,750 | 301,588 | 95,213 | 117,321 | 96,881 | 132,961 | 548,726 | 553,581 |
| 1984 | 99,439 | 4,191,053 | 3,396,863 | 331,519 | 91,430 | 128,755 | 102,479 | 140,007 | 576,475 | 587,468 |
| 1985 | 101,660 | 4,358,011 | 3,499,792 | 330,538 | 99,912 | 138,391 | 123,928 | 165,450 | 602,898 | 614,877 |
| 1986 | 103,045 | 4,598,618 | 3,619,155 | 298,723 | 109,808 | 150,687 | 236,716 | 183,529 | 655,025 | 679,316 |
| 1987 | 106,996 | 4,820,508 | 3,720,166 | 290,485 | 114,826 | 223,108 | 236,215 | 235,708 | 642,731 | 661,094 |
| 1988 | 109,708 | 5,136,278 | 3,859,749 | 308,686 | 127,663 | 302,778 | 252,323 | 285,079 | 691,539 | 711,092 |
| 1989 | 112,136 | 5,167,466 | 3,858,011 | 346,525 | 128,062 | 308,432 | 229,369 | 297,067 | 690,228 | 711,700 |
| 1990 | 113,717 | 5,139,367 | 3,884,185 | 339,323 | 119,793 | 311,482 | 169,089 | 315,494 | 677,092 | 700,257 |
| 1991 | 114,730 | 5,017,647 | 3,834,678 | 300,279 | 110,819 | 294,031 | 147,373 | 330,467 | 651,721 | 675,496 |
| 1992 | 113,605 | 5,101,178 | 3,905,587 | 225,984 | 108,474 | 336,387 | 164,578 | 360,168 | 671,831 | 696,036 |
| 1993 | 114,602 | 5,081,806 | 3,908,865 | 177,245 | 107,758 | 335,961 | 194,857 | 357,121 | 687,799 | 712,026 |
| 1994 | 115,943 | 5,200,911 | 3,988,730 | 166,267 | 108,601 | 369,764 | 187,509 | 380,040 | 713,690 | 739,349 |
| 1995 | 118,218 | 5,421,360 | 4,102,655 | 198,351 | 121,219 | 378,164 | 218,386 | 402,585 | 763,988 | 789,153 |
| 1996 | 120,351 | 5,699,201 | 4,203,334 | 206,220 | 129,771 | 402,903 | 313,447 | 443,526 | 829,899 | 855,551 |
| 1997 | 122,422 | 6,104,683 | 4,397,496 | 208,928 | 146,619 | 432,050 | 433,290 | 486,299 | 899,818 | 927,533 |
| 1998 | 124,771 | 6,550,942 | 4,648,574 | 213,673 | 141,958 | 466,989 | 534,480 | 545,269 | 974,785 | 984,766 |
| 1999 | 127,075 | 6,930,650 | 4,844,370 | 205,938 | 155,286 | 491,750 | 636,258 | 597,047 | 1,063,028 | 1,069,653 |
| 2000 | 129,374 | 7,285,740 | 5,053,946 | 226,060 | 166,706 | 484,030 | 715,127 | 639,872 | 1,154,809 | 1,153,961 |
| 2001 | 130,255 | 6,871,535 | 5,034,383 | 218,544 | 131,817 | 487,294 | 360,083 | 639,414 | 1,029,507 | 1,020,539 |
| 2002 | 130,076 | 6,633,846 | 4,950,015 | 161,782 | 112,079 | 498,022 | 259,230 | 652,719 | 908,479 | 906,386 |
| 2003 | 130,424 | 6,681,260 | 4,935,465 | 134,969 | 122,212 | 513,418 | 312,431 | 662,764 | 838,523 | 835,952 |
| 2004 | 132,226 | 7,120,181 | 5,088,559 | 129,725 | 151,814 | 582,292 | 489,710 | 678,082 | 914,305 | 903,622 |
| 2005 | 134,373 | 7,531,892 | 5,155,407 | 162,433 | 166,482 | 672,028 | 668,015 | 707,527 | 990,152 | 980,259 |

n.a.-Not available.

N/A-Not applicable
[1] Based upon the Consumer Price Index as Published by the U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics
[2] Business net income less loss is sole proprietorship (Schedule C) plus partnership and S corporation income less loss (Schedule E).
[3] For 1944 and 1945 the total amounts for interest and dividend income were combined in the SOI reports and shown as dividend income.
NOTES: Detail may not add to totals because of rounding.


[^0]:    Scott Hollenbeck and Maureen Keenan Kahr are economists with the Individual Research Section. This article was prepared under the direction of Michael Strudler, Chief.

[^1]:    ${ }^{1}$ In general, allowable deductions included, but were not limited to, items such as interest paid, taxes paid, charitable contributions, losses from fires and storms, and bad debts. See appropriate SOI reports for those deductions allowable in a specific year.
    ${ }^{2}$ For each tax year, the total income figure was derived by adding the positive amounts of income less the net loss amounts of income for data shown in the applicable SOI report.
    ${ }^{3}$ U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics, Monthly Labor Review. The Consumer Price Index (CPI-U) for each calendar year represents an annual average of monthly indices $(2005=100)$.
    4 Business Cycle Expansions and Contractions (see http://www.nber.org/cycles/).

[^2]:    ${ }^{5}$ Note that, prior to the Tax Reform Act of 1986, because of a 60 -percent deduction, taxpayers only had to report 40 percent of their long-term capital gains in excess of short-term losses.

[^3]:    Footnotes at end of table

