HIGHLIGHTS OF THIS ISSUE

These synopses are intended only as aids to the reader in identifying the subject matter covered. They may not be relied upon as authoritative interpretations.

INCOME TAX

Federal rates; adjusted federal rates; adjusted federal long-term rate and the long-term exempt rate. For purposes of sections 382, 1274, 1288, and other sections of the Code, tables set forth the rates for September 2001.

The Service invites comments on proposed changes to the substitute forms requirements for the partner copy of Schedule K-1 (Form 1065) and Schedule K-1 (Form 1065-B).

EXEMPT ORGANIZATIONS

A list is provided of organizations now classified as private foundations.

ADMINISTRATIVE

Insurance companies; modified endowment contracts; uniform closing agreement. This revenue procedure provides procedures by which an issuer may remedy an inadvertent non-egregious failure to comply with the modified endowment contract rules under section 7702A of the Code. Rev. Proc. 99–27 superseded.

This notice provides an additional period for comments before the Treasury Department and the IRS finalize regulations section 1.469–7, which was published as a proposed regulation (PS–39–89, 1991–1 C.B. 983). Section 1.469–7 will provide rules relating to the treatment of self-charged items of income and expense for purposes of applying the limitations on passive activity losses and credits.

A payer may rely on a Form W-9, Request for Taxpayer Identification Number and Certification, received from an investment advisor or introducing broker authorized to transmit that form (or an electronic version) as the payee’s agent, provided certain conditions are met.
The IRS Mission

Provide America's taxpayers top quality service by helping them understand and meet their tax responsibilities and by applying the tax law with integrity and fairness to all.

Introduction

The Internal Revenue Bulletin is the authoritative instrument of the Commissioner of Internal Revenue for announcing official rulings and procedures of the Internal Revenue Service and for publishing Treasury Decisions, Executive Orders, Tax Conventions, legislation, court decisions, and other items of general interest. It is published weekly and may be obtained from the Superintendent of Documents on a subscription basis. Bulletin contents are consolidated semiannually into Cumulative Bulletins, which are sold on a single-copy basis.

It is the policy of the Service to publish in the Bulletin all substantive rulings necessary to promote a uniform application of the tax laws, including all rulings that supersede, revoke, modify, or amend any of those previously published in the Bulletin. All published rulings apply retroactively unless otherwise indicated. Procedures relating solely to matters of internal management are not published; however, statements of internal practices and procedures that affect the rights and duties of taxpayers are published.

Revenue rulings represent the conclusions of the Service on the application of the law to the pivotal facts stated in the revenue ruling. In those based on positions taken in rulings to taxpayers or technical advice to Service field offices, identifying details and information of a confidential nature are deleted to prevent unwarranted invasions of privacy and to comply with statutory requirements.

Rulings and procedures reported in the Bulletin do not have the force and effect of Treasury Department Regulations, but they may be used as precedents. Unpublished rulings will not be relied on, used, or cited as precedents by Service personnel in the disposition of other cases. In applying published rulings and procedures, the effect of subsequent legislation, regulations, court decisions, rulings, and procedures must be considered, and Service personnel and others concerned are cautioned against reaching the same conclusions in other cases unless the facts and circumstances are substantially the same.

The Bulletin is divided into four parts as follows:

This part includes rulings and decisions based on provisions of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986.

Part II.—Treaties and Tax Legislation.
This part is divided into two subparts as follows: Subpart A, Tax Conventions and Other Related Items, and Subpart B, Legislation and Related Committee Reports.

Part III.—Administrative, Procedural, and Miscellaneous.
To the extent practicable, pertinent cross references to these subjects are contained in the other Parts and Subparts. Also included in this part are Bank Secrecy Act Administrative Rulings. Bank Secrecy Act Administrative Rulings are issued by the Department of the Treasury's Office of the Assistant Secretary (Enforcement).

Part IV.—Items of General Interest.
This part includes notices of proposed rulemakings, disbarment and suspension lists, and announcements.

The first Bulletin for each month includes a cumulative index for the matters published during the preceding months. These monthly indexes are cumulated on a semiannual basis, and are published in the first Bulletin of the succeeding semiannual period, respectively.

The contents of this publication are not copyrighted and may be reprinted freely. A citation of the Internal Revenue Bulletin as the source would be appropriate.

Section 42.—Low-Income Housing Credit


Section 280G.—Golden Parachute Payments


Section 382.—Limitation on Net Operating Loss Carryforwards and Certain Built-In Losses Following Ownership Change


Section 412.—Minimum Funding Standards


Section 467.—Certain Payments for the Use of Property or Services


Section 468.—Special Rules for Mining and Solid Waste Reclamation and Closing Costs


Section 482.—Allocation of Income and Deductions Among Taxpayers


Section 483.—Interest on Certain Deferred Payments


Section 642.—Rules for Certain Reserves


Section 807.—Rules for Certain Reserves


Section 846.—Discounted Unpaid Losses Defined


Section 1274.—Determination of Issue Price in the Case of Certain Debt Instruments Issued for Property

Federal rates; adjusted federal rates; adjusted federal long-term rate and the long-term exempt rate. For purposes of sections 382, 1274, 1288, and other sections of the Code, tables set forth the rates for September 2001.

Rev. Rul. 2001–43

This revenue ruling provides various prescribed rates for federal income tax purposes for September 2001 (the current month). Table 1 contains the short-term, mid-term, and long-term applicable federal rates (AFR) for the current month for purposes of section 1274(d) of the Internal Revenue Code. Table 2 contains the short-term, mid-term, and long-term adjusted applicable federal rates (adjusted AFR) for the current month for purposes of section 1288(b). Table 3 sets forth the adjusted federal long-term rate and the long-term tax-exempt rate described in section 382(f). Table 4 contains the appropriate percentages for determining the low-income housing credit described in section 42(b)(2) for buildings placed in service during the current month. Finally, Table 5 contains the federal rate for determining the present value of an annuity, an interest for life or for a term of years, or a remainder or a reversionary interest for purposes of section 7520.
### Table 1: Applicable Federal Rates (AFR) for September 2001

**Period for Compounding**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th>Annual</th>
<th>Semiannual</th>
<th>Quarterly</th>
<th>Monthly</th>
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</thead>
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<tr>
<td><strong>Short-Term</strong></td>
<td></td>
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<tr>
<td>AFR</td>
<td>3.82%</td>
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<td>4.86%</td>
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<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
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<tr>
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<td>5.24%</td>
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<tr>
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<td>150% AFR</td>
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<td>175% AFR</td>
<td>8.50%</td>
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<tr>
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<tr>
<td>120% AFR</td>
<td>6.70%</td>
<td>6.59%</td>
<td>6.54%</td>
<td>6.50%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>130% AFR</td>
<td>7.27%</td>
<td>7.14%</td>
<td>7.08%</td>
<td>7.04%</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### Table 2: Adjusted AFR for September 2001

**Period for Compounding**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th>Annual</th>
<th>Semiannual</th>
<th>Quarterly</th>
<th>Monthly</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><strong>Short-term</strong></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>adjusted AFR</td>
<td>2.90%</td>
<td>2.88%</td>
<td>2.87%</td>
<td>2.86%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Mid-term</strong></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>adjusted AFR</td>
<td>3.73%</td>
<td>3.70%</td>
<td>3.68%</td>
<td>3.67%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Long-term</strong></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>adjusted AFR</td>
<td>4.85%</td>
<td>4.79%</td>
<td>4.76%</td>
<td>4.74%</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### Table 3: Rates Under Section 382 for September 2001

Adjusted federal long-term rate for the current month 4.85%

Long-term tax-exempt rate for ownership changes during the current month (the highest of the adjusted federal long-term rates for the current month and the prior two months.) 5.00%

### Table 4: Appropriate Percentages Under Section 42(b)(2) for September 2001

<p>| | |</p>
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th></th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Appropriate percentage for the 70% present value low-income housing credit</td>
<td>8.21%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Appropriate percentage for the 30% present value low-income housing credit</td>
<td>3.52%</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Section 1288.—Treatment of Original Issue Discounts on Tax-Exempt Obligations


Section 7520.—Valuation Tables


Section 7702A.—Modified Endowment Contract Defined

Procedures are provided by which an issuer may remedy an inadvertent non-egregious failure to comply with the modified endowment contract rules under § 7702A. Rev. Proc. 99–27 is superseded. See Rev. Proc. 2001–42, page 212.

Section 7872.—Treatment of Loans With Below-Market Interest Rates


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REV. RUL. 2001–43 TABLE 5
Rate Under Section 7520 for September 2001

Applicable federal rate for determining the present value of an annuity, an interest for life or a term of years, or a remainder or reversionary interest

5.8%
Part III. Administrative, Procedural, and Miscellaneous

Limitations on Passive Activity Losses and Credits—Treatment of Self-Charged Items of Income and Expense

Notice 2001–47

On April 5, 1991, the Treasury Department and the Internal Revenue Service published in the Federal Register a notice of proposed rulemaking (PS–39–89, 1991–1 C.B. 983 [56 Fed. Reg. 14034]) relating to the treatment of self-charged items of income and expense for purposes of applying the limitations on passive activity losses and passive activity credits under § 469 of the Internal Revenue Code. The comment period for those regulations ended in 1991 and several comments were received.

Treasury and the Service intend to finalize regulations under § 1.469–7. Given the length of time since the regulations were proposed and the number of amendments that have been made to the statutory provisions since that time, Treasury and the Service believe that an additional comment period is appropriate. Consideration will be given to all comments previously submitted in response to the notice of proposed rulemaking published in 1991 as well as to any additional written comments on proposed regulations § 1.469–7 that are submitted timely to the Service in response to this notice.

Written (a signed original and eight (8) copies) or electronic comments must be received by November 5, 2001. Send written comments to: Internal Revenue Service, NT 2001–47, CC:PSI:3, P.O. Box 7604, Ben Franklin Station, Washington, DC. Comments may be hand delivered Monday through Friday between the hours of 8 a.m. and 5 p.m. to the courier’s desk at 1111 Constitution Avenue, NW, Washington, DC. Alternatively, taxpayers may submit comments electronically to Notice.Comments@m1.irs counsel.treas.gov. All submissions will be open to public inspection.

The principal author of this notice is Paul B. Myers of the Office of Associate Chief Counsel (Passthroughs and Special Industries). For further information regarding this notice, contact Paul B. Myers or Danielle Grimm at (202) 622-3080 (not a toll-free call).

26 CFR § 301.7121–1: Closing agreements.
(Also Part 1, section 7702A)

Rev. Proc. 2001–42

SECTION 1. PURPOSE

This revenue procedure provides the procedures by which an issuer may remedy an inadvertent non-egregious failure to comply with the modified endowment contract rules under § 7702A of the Internal Revenue Code.

SECTION 2. BACKGROUND

.01 Definition of a modified endowment contract (“MEC”).

(1) Section 7702A(a) provides that a life insurance contract is a MEC if the contract—

(a) is entered into on or after June 21, 1988, and fails to meet the “7-pay test” of § 7702A(b), or

(b) is received in exchange for a contract described in paragraph (a) of this section 2.01(1).

(2) A contract fails to meet the 7-pay test if the accumulated amount paid under the contract at any time during the first 7 contract years exceeds the sum of the net level premiums which would have to be paid on or before such time if the contract were to provide for paid-up “future benefits” (as defined in §§ 7702A(e)(3) and 7702(f)(4)) after the payment of 7 level annual premiums.

(3) Section 72(e)(11) provides that, for purposes of determining amounts includible in gross income, all MECs issued by the same company to the same contract holder during any calendar year are treated as one MEC.

.02 Tax treatment of amounts received under a MEC. Section 72(e)(10) provides that a MEC is subject to the rules of § 72(e)(2)(B), which tax non-annuity distributions on an income-out-first basis, and the rules of § 72(e)(4)(A) (as modified by §§ 72(e)(10)(A)(ii) and 72(e)(10)(B)), which generally deem loans and assignments or pledges of any portion of the value of a MEC to be non-annuity distributions. Moreover, under § 72(v), the portion of any annuity or non-annuity distribution received under a MEC that is includible in gross income is subject to a 10% additional tax unless the distribution is made on or after the date on which the taxpayer attains age 59 1/2, is attributable to the taxpayer’s becoming disabled (within the meaning of § 72(m)(7)), or is part of a series of substantially equal periodic payments (not less frequently than annually) made for the life (or life expectancy) of the taxpayer or the joint lives (or joint life expectancies) of such taxpayer and the taxpayer’s beneficiary.

.03 Need for a correction mechanism.

(1) The Internal Revenue Service (“Service”) became aware of situations in which, as a result of inadvertent non-egregious failures to comply with the MEC rules, life insurance premiums had been collected which exceeded the 7-pay limit provided by § 7702A(b). This could produce significant unforeseen tax consequences for the contract holders. To allow issuers to remedy such situations, Rev. Proc. 99–27, 1999–1 C.B. 1186, set forth the circumstances under which the Service would enter into closing agreements which would provide that contracts identified in the closing agreements would not be treated as MECs. Rev. Proc. 99–27 applied only to requests for relief that were received by the Service on or before May 31, 2001, generally permitted an issuer to make only one request for correction, and excluded certain contracts from the procedure’s correction mechanism.

(2) Some issuers were unable to comply with the May 31, 2001, deadline in Rev. Proc. 99–27 or filed a timely submission for some contracts but desire to file supplemental submissions for additional contracts. Also, issuers desire to correct contracts that were not correctable under Rev. Proc. 99–27. To allow issuers to remedy such situations, the Service under the circumstances described below will enter into closing agreements which will provide that contracts identified in the closing agreements will not be treated as MECs.

SECTION 3. DEFINITIONS

The following definitions and rules apply solely for purposes of this revenue procedure.

.01 Testing period. The 7-year period described in § 7702A(b) or such addi-
tional period as may be required under § 7702A(c)(3) if a contract undergoes a material change.

.02 Amount paid. The amount paid under a contract in any “contract year” (as defined in § 7702A(e)(2)) equals the premiums paid for the contract during the year, reduced by amounts to which § 72(e) applies (determined without regard to § 72(e)(4)(A)) but not including amounts includible in gross income. For this purpose, premiums paid do not include—

(1) any portion of any premium paid during the contract year that is returned (with interest) to the contract holder within 60 days after the end of the contract year in order to comply with the 7-pay test, or

(2) the “cash surrender value” (as defined in § 7702(f)(2)(A)) of another life insurance contract (other than a contract that fails the 7-pay test) exchanged for the contract.

.03 7-pay premium. (1) In general. Except as otherwise provided in section 3.03(2) of this revenue procedure, the 7-pay premium for a contract is the net level premium (computed in accordance with the rules in § 7702A(c)) that would have to be paid for the changed contract if the contract were to provide for paid up future benefits after the payment of 7 level annual premiums, over

(b) a “proportionate share of the cash surrender value” (as defined in section 3.04 of this revenue procedure) under the contract.

.04 Proportionate share of cash surrender value. The proportionate share of the cash surrender value of a contract is the amount obtained by multiplying—

(1) the “cash surrender value” (as defined in § 7702(f)(2)(A)) of the contract, by

(2) a fraction, the numerator of which is the net level premium (computed in accordance with the rules in § 7702A(c)) that would have to be paid for the changed or new contract if such contract were to provide for paid up future benefits after the payment of 7 level annual premiums.

.05 Overage. A contract’s overage is the amount of the excess, if any, of—

(1) the sum of amounts paid under the contract during the testing period for the contract year and all prior contract years, over

(2) the sum of the 7-pay premiums for the contract year and all prior contract years of the testing period.

.06 Overage earnings. The overage earnings for a contract year is the amount obtained by multiplying—

(1) the sum of a contract’s overage for the contract year and its cumulative overage earnings for all prior contract years, by—

(2) the earnings rate set forth in section 3.07 of this revenue procedure.

.07 Earnings rates. (1) Contracts other than variable contracts. Except as otherwise provided in sections 3.07(3) and 3.07(8) of this revenue procedure, the earnings rate applicable to a contract year is the “general account total return” (as defined in section 3.07(2) of this revenue procedure) for the calendar year in which the contract year begins.

(2) General account total return. The general account total return is the calendar year arithmetic average of the monthly interest rates described as Moody’s Corporate Bond Yield Average - Monthly Average Corporates as published by Moody’s Investors Service Inc., or any successor thereto.

(3) Variable contracts described in § 817(d). (a) Pre-2001 contract years. The earnings rate applicable to a contract year that begins before January 1, 2001, is the rate set forth in the following table for the calendar year in which the contract year begins.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Calendar Year</th>
<th>Earnings Rate</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1988</td>
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<tr>
<td>1989</td>
<td>17.4%</td>
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<tr>
<td>1990</td>
<td>1.4%</td>
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<tr>
<td>1991</td>
<td>25.4%</td>
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<tr>
<td>1992</td>
<td>5.9%</td>
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<td>1993</td>
<td>13.9%</td>
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<tr>
<td>1994</td>
<td>-1.0%</td>
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<td>1995</td>
<td>23.0%</td>
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<td>1996</td>
<td>14.3%</td>
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<td>1999</td>
<td>12.8%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2000</td>
<td>-5.5%</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
(8) If the general account total return or the separate account total return for a calendar year cannot be determined because the calendar year in which the contract year begins has not ended, then the earnings rate for the contract year (or portion thereof) is determined using the general account total return and, if applicable, the average separate account total return, for the 3 calendar years immediately preceding the calendar year in which the contract year begins.

.08 Proportionate share of overage earnings allocable to taxable distributions. The proportionate share of overage earnings allocable to taxable distributions under a contract is the amount obtained by multiplying—

(a) the “calendar year percentage return” (as defined in section 3.07(7) of this revenue procedure), plus
(b) 25 percent of the “bond fund total return” (as defined in section 3.07(6) of this revenue procedure), less
(c) 1.1 percentage point.

(5) Equity fund total return. The equity fund total return equals—

(a) the “calendar year percentage return” (as defined in section 3.07(7) of this revenue procedure) represented by the end-of-year values of the Standard and Poor’s (S&P) 500 Total Return Index, with daily dividend reinvestment, as published by The McGraw-Hill Companies, Inc., or any successor thereto, less
(b) 1.5 percentage point.

(6) Bond Fund Total Return. The bond fund total return equals—

(a) the “calendar year percentage return” (as defined in section 3.07(7) of this revenue procedure) represented by the end-of-year values of the Merrill Lynch Corporate Bond Master Bond Index, Total Return, as published by Merrill Lynch & Company, Inc., or any successor thereto, less
(b) 1.0 percentage point.

(7) Calendar year percentage return. The calendar year percentage return for an index described in section 3.07(5) or section 3.07(6) of this revenue procedure is calculated by—

(a) dividing the end-of-year value of the index for the calendar year by the end-of-year value of the index for the immediately preceding calendar year, and
(b) subtracting 1 from the result obtained under paragraph (a) of this section 3.07(7).

(b) Post-2000 contract years. Except as otherwise provided in section 3.07(8), the earnings rate applicable to a contract year that begins after December 31, 2000, is equal to the sum of—

(i) 10 percent of the general account total return (as defined in section 3.07(2) of this revenue procedure), and
(ii) 90 percent of the “separate account total return” (as defined in section 3.07(4) of this revenue procedure) for the calendar year in which the contract year begins.

(4) Separate account total return. Except as otherwise provided in section 3.07(8), the separate account total return equals—

(a) 75 percent of the “equity fund total return” (as defined in section 3.07(5) of this revenue procedure), plus
(b) 25 percent of the “bond fund total return” (as defined in section 3.07(6) of this revenue procedure), less
(c) 1.1 percentage point.

.09 Total income on a contract. The total income on a contract as of any date is an amount equal to the excess, if any, of—

(1) the contract’s cash surrender value (as defined in § 7702(f)(2)(A)) on such date, over
(2) the premiums paid under the contract before such date, reduced by amounts to which § 72(e) applies (determined without regard to § 72(e)(4)(A)) but not including amounts includible in the contract holder’s gross income.

.10 Distribution frequency factor. The distribution frequency factor for a contract is—

(i) .8, if—
(a) the interest rate with respect to any portion of a policy loan that could be made under the contract at any time (including policy loans that could be made after a contractually specified date in the future) is guaranteed not to exceed the sum of:
(i) 1 percentage point, plus
(ii) the rate at which earnings are credited to the portion of the contract’s cash surrender value (as defined in § 7702(f)(2)(A)) that is allocable to such portion of the policy loan; or
(b) the contract holder has an option to make a partial withdrawal of the contract’s cash surrender value that reduces the “death benefit” (as defined in § 7702(f)(3)) under the contract by less than an amount determined by multiplying—
(i) the death benefit under the contract immediately before the withdrawal, by
(ii) the percentage obtained by dividing the withdrawn amount by the contract’s cash surrender value (as defined in § 7702(f)(2)(A)) immediately before the withdrawal; and
(c) .5 for all other contracts.

.11 Applicable percentage. (1) In general. The applicable percentage for a contract is—

(a) 15%, if the death benefit under the contract is less than $50,000,
(b) 28%, if the death benefit under the contract is equal to or exceeds $50,000 but is less than $180,000, and
(c) 36%, if the death benefit under the contract is equal to or exceeds $180,000.

(2) Determination of amount of death benefit. For purposes of determining the applicable percentage, the death benefit under the contract will be the death benefit (as defined in section 7702(f)(3)) as of any date within 120 days of the date of the request for closing agreement, or the last day the contract is in force.

.12 Reported amount. The reported amount for a contract is the amount that—

(a) the issuer reports on a timely filed information return as includible in the contract holder’s gross income, or
(b) the contract holder includes in gross income on a timely filed income tax return.

.13 Aggregation of contracts. All MECs issued by the same issuer to the same contract holder during any calendar year are treated as one MEC.

SECTION 4. SCOPE

.01 Applicability. Except as provided in section 4.02 of this revenue procedure, the issuer of a contract can use this revenue procedure to remedy the failure of the contract to comply with the requirements of § 7702A.

.02 Inapplicability. The Service may exclude a contract from the correction mechanism provided under this revenue procedure if the contract’s status as a MEC resulted from a failure to comply with the requirements of § 7702A that—
(1) are attributable to one or more defective interpretations or positions that the Service determines to be a significant feature of a program to sell investment oriented contracts, or

(2) arises where the controlling statutory provision, as supplemented by any legislative history or guidance published by the Service, is clear on its face and the Service determines that failure to follow the provision results in a significant increase in the investment orientation of a contract.

.03 Example. Pursuant to section 4.02, the Service generally will not apply the correction mechanism under this revenue procedure to a MEC if the contract provides for paid-up future benefits after the payment of less than 7 level annual premiums.

SECTION 5. PROCEDURE

.01 Request for a ruling. An issuer that seeks relief under this revenue procedure must submit a request for a ruling that meets the requirements of Rev. Proc. 2001–1, 2001–1 I.R.B. 1 (or any successor). Additionally, the submission must contain the following information:

(1) a specimen copy of each contract form;
(2) the policy number and original issue date for each contract;
(3) the taxpayer identification number of each contract holder;
(4) the “death benefit” (as defined in section 7702(f)(3)) under each contract for purposes of determining the 7-pay premium for the contract;
(5) the 7-pay premium assumed by the issuer when the contract was issued;
(6) the cash surrender value (within the meaning of § 7702(f)(2)(A)) of each contract at the end of each contract year;
(7) a description of the defect[s] that caused the contract[s] to fail to comply with the 7-pay test, including an explanation of how and why the defect[s] arose;
(8) a description of the administrative procedures the issuer has implemented to ensure that none of its contracts will inadvertently fail the 7-pay test in the future;
(9) a description of any material change[s] in the benefits under (or in the other terms of) any contract together with the date[s] on which the material change[s] occurred;
(10) for any contract with regard to which a contract holder directly or indirectly received (or was deemed to have received) any distribution to which § 72 applies—

(a) the date and amount of each distribution,
(b) the amount of the distribution includible in the contract holder’s gross income,
(c) the amount of gross income reported to the contract holder and to the Service on a timely filed information return as a result of the distribution,
(d) the date on which the contract holder attained [or will attain] age 59 1/2,
(e) whether the distribution is attributable to the contract holder becoming disabled (within the meaning of § 72(m)(7)), and,
(f) whether the distribution is part of a series of substantially equal periodic payments (not less frequently than annually) made for the life (or life expectancy) of the contract holder or the joint lives (or joint life expectancies) of the contract holder and his or her beneficiary;

(11) a template (see, for example, section 5.03(3) of this revenue procedure) setting forth the following information for each contract:

(a) the cumulative amounts paid under the contract within each contract year of the testing period,
(b) the contract’s cumulative 7-pay premium,
(c) the overage, if any, for each contract year,
(d) the earnings rate applicable for each contract year,
(e) the overage earnings for each contract year; and,

.02 Closing agreement. The issuer also must submit a proposed closing agreement, executed by the issuer, in substantially the same form as the model closing agreement in section 6 of this revenue procedure. The amount shown in section 1(A) of the closing agreement is the sum of the amounts required to be paid (determined under section 5.03 of this revenue procedure) for all of the contracts covered by the agreement.

.03 Determination of amount required to be paid with regard to a contract.

(1) General rule. Except as provided in section 5.03(2) of this revenue procedure, the amount required to be paid with regard to a contract is the sum of—

(a) the income tax (determined using the applicable percentage for the contract under section 3.11 of this revenue procedure) and the additional tax under section 72(v) with regard to amounts (other than reported amounts (as defined in section 3.12 of this revenue procedure)) received (or deemed received) under the contract during the period commencing with the date 2 years before the date on which the contract first failed to satisfy the MEC rules and ending on the effective date of the closing agreement;
(b) any interest computed under § 6621(a)(2) as if the amounts determined under section 5.03(1)(a) of this revenue procedure are underpayments by the contract holder[s] for the tax year[s] in which the amounts are received (or deemed received); and
(c) an amount, not less than $0, obtained by multiplying—

(i) the excess, if any, of the contract’s cumulative overage earnings over the proportionate share of overage earnings allocable to taxable distributions under the contract, by
(ii) the applicable percentage for the contract, and by
(iii) the distribution frequency factor for the contract under section 3.10 of this revenue procedure.

(2) Special rule for contracts with de minimis overage earnings. If the overage earnings of a contract at all times during the testing period do not exceed $75, then the amount required to be paid with regard to the contract is determined without regard to paragraphs (a) and (b) of section 5.03(1) of this revenue procedure.

(3) Examples of the determination of the amount required to be paid with regard to a contract.

(a) Example 1. A, an individual, purchases a life insurance contract other than a contract described in section 3.07(3) or 4.02 of this revenue procedure. The death benefit of the contract exceeds $180,000 on every day within 120 days of the date of the request for closing agreement. The net level premium (assuming paid-up future benefits after seven annual premium payments) for the contract is $10,490. The contract provides that, within 60 days after the end of a contract year, the issuer will return (with interest) the amount of any ex-
cess premium that would cause the contract to be a MEC under § 7702A.

The interest rate on all portions of any policy loans will always exceed the rate at which interest is credited to the contract’s associated cash value by more than 1 percentage point. A partial withdrawal of the cash surrender value (within the meaning of § 7702(f)(2)(A)) always reduces the death benefit by an amount not less than the amount determined by multiplying the death benefit immediately before the withdrawal by the percentage obtained by dividing the withdrawn amount by the cash surrender value immediately before the withdrawal.

A pays a premium of $10,000 when the contract is issued on January 1, 1991. At the beginning of each of the next 6 contract years, A pays additional premiums of $10,750, $10,800, $10,700, $11,500, $11,000, and $10,000, respectively. Due to an inadvertent error, the issuer fails to return any of the excess premiums.

The issuer desires to enter into a closing agreement to remedy the failure to comply with § 7702A. Pursuant to section 5.01(10) of this revenue procedure, the issuer prepares the following template with regard to the contract.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Contract Year</th>
<th>Cumulative Amounts Paid</th>
<th>Cumulative 7-Pay Premiums</th>
<th>Overage</th>
<th>Earnings Rate</th>
<th>Overage Earnings</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1 (1991)</td>
<td>10,000</td>
<td>10,490</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>9.2%</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2 (1992)</td>
<td>20,750</td>
<td>20,980</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>8.6%</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3 (1993)</td>
<td>31,550</td>
<td>31,470</td>
<td>80</td>
<td>7.5%</td>
<td>6.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4 (1994)</td>
<td>42,250</td>
<td>41,960</td>
<td>290</td>
<td>8.3%</td>
<td>24.57</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5 (1995)</td>
<td>53,750</td>
<td>52,450</td>
<td>1,300</td>
<td>7.8%</td>
<td>103.78</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>6 (1996)</td>
<td>64,750</td>
<td>62,940</td>
<td>1,810</td>
<td>7.7%</td>
<td>149.71</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>7 (1997)</td>
<td>74,750</td>
<td>73,430</td>
<td>1,320</td>
<td>7.6%</td>
<td>121.91</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Prior to A’s payment of the $10,800 premium at the beginning of contract year 3, the cumulative premiums paid for the contract do not exceed the contract’s cumulative 7-pay premiums. Therefore, there are no overage earnings in contract years 1 and 2.

Upon payment of the $10,800 premium at the beginning of contract year 3, however, the cumulative amount paid for the contract ($31,550) exceeds the contract’s cumulative 7-pay premiums ($31,470) by $80. As the earnings rate for the calendar year in which contract year 3 begins is 7.5%, the contract’s overage earnings for contract year 3 equal $6 ($80 x 7.5%).

For contract year 4, the overage is $290 ($42,250 - $41,960). The cumulative overage earnings for all prior contract years equal $6.00. The earnings rate is 8.3%. The overage earnings for contract year 4 equal $24.57 (($290 + $6) x 8.3%).

For contract year 5, the overage is $1,300 ($53,750 - $52,450). The cumulative overage earnings for all prior contract years equal $30.57 ($6 + $24.57). The earnings rate is 7.8%. The overage earnings for contract year 5 equal $103.78 (($1,300 + $30.57) x 7.8%).

For contract year 6, the overage is $1,810 ($64,750 - $62,940). The cumulative overage earnings for all prior contract years equal $134.35 ($6 + $24.57 + $103.78). The earnings rate is 7.7%. The overage earnings for contract year 6 equal $149.71 ($1,810 + $134.35) x 7.7%).

For contract year 7, the overage is $1,320 ($74,750 - $73,430). The cumulative overage earnings for all prior contract years equal $284.06 ($6 + $24.57 + $103.78 + $149.71). The earnings rate is 7.6%. The overage earnings for contract year 7 equal $121.91 (($1,320 + $284.06) x 7.6%).

The cumulative overage earnings for the contract equal $405.97 ($6 + $24.57 + $103.78 + $149.71 + $121.91). Under sections 3.10 and 3.11 of this revenue procedure, the distribution frequency factor is .5 and the applicable percentage is 36%. Accordingly, the amount required to be paid with regard to the contract under section 5.03 of this revenue procedure is $14,500.

The amount required to be paid with regard to the contract under section 5.03 of this revenue procedure is the sum of:

1. An amount equal to the income tax (determined using a 36% tax rate) and the additional tax under section 72(v) with regard to the $3,000 deemed distribution in contract year 5;
2. Interest computed under section 6621(a)(2) as if the amounts determined under (1) were underpayments for the taxable year in which the distributions are deemed to have occurred; and
3. 36% of $160.99, which is the excess of the contract’s cumulative overage earnings over the proportionate share of the overage earnings allocable to taxable distributions ($405.97 - $83.99), multiplied by the distribution frequency factor (.5).
CLOSING AGREEMENT AS TO FINAL DETERMINATION COVERING SPECIFIC MATTERS

THIS CLOSING AGREEMENT ("Agreement"), made pursuant to section 7121 of the Internal Revenue Code (the "Code") by and between [taxpayer’s name, address, and identifying number] ("Taxpayer").

WHEREAS,

A. Taxpayer is the issuer of one or more modified endowment contracts, as defined in section 7702A of the Code;

B. On __________, Taxpayer pursuant to Rev. Proc. 2001–1, 2001–1 I.R.B. 1, submitted to the Service a request for a ruling that ______ modified endowment contracts (the "Contract[s]")

C. Taxpayer represents that the Contract[s] is [are] not described in section 4.02 of Rev. Proc. 2001–42.

D. Taxpayer represents that the cumulative "overage earnings," within the meaning of section 3.06 of Rev. Proc. 2001–42, for the Contract[s] equal $_____.

E. Taxpayer represents that the total of the amounts determined under section 5.03(1)(a), (b), and (c) of Rev. Proc. 2001–42, after taking the special rule in section 5.03(2) of the revenue procedure into account, with regard to the Contract[s] are $_____, $_____, and $_____, respectively.

F. To ensure that the Contracts are not treated as modified endowment contracts, Taxpayer and the Service have entered into this Agreement.

NOW THEREFORE, IT IS HEREBY FURTHER DETERMINED AND AGREED BETWEEN TAXPAYER AND THE SERVICE AS FOLLOWS:

1. In consideration for the agreement of the Service as set forth in Section 2 below, Taxpayer agrees as follows:

(A) To pay to the Service the sum of ______ dollars and ______ cents ($_____) at the time and in the manner described in Section 3 below;

(B) The amount paid pursuant to Section 1(A) above is not deductible by Taxpayer, nor is such amount refundable, subject to credit or offset, or otherwise recoverable by Taxpayer from the Service;

(C) For purposes of its information reporting and withholding obligations under the Code, no holder’s investment in any Contract may be increased by any portion of—

(i) the sum set forth in Section 1(A) above, or

(ii) the excess of the cumulative overage earnings over the proportionate share of overage earnings included in gross income reported to the Service on a timely filed information return or income tax return with regard to amounts received by any holder under any Contract;

2. In consideration of the agreement of Taxpayer set forth in Section 1 above, the Service and Taxpayer agree as follows:

(A) To treat each Contract as having satisfied the requirements of section 7702A during the period from the date of issuance of the Contract through and including the later of—

(i) date of the execution of this Agreement, and

(ii) the date of the corrective actions described in Section 1(D) above;

(B) To treat the corrective action described in 1(D) above as having no effect on the date the Contract was issued or entered into;

(C) To waive civil penalties for failure of Taxpayer to satisfy the reporting, withholding, and/or deposit requirements for income subject to tax under § 72(e)(10) that was received or deemed received by a contract holder under a Contract in a calendar year ending prior to the date of execution of this Agreement; and

(D) To treat no portion of the sum described in Section 1(A) above as income to the holders of the Contracts.

3. The actions required of Taxpayer in Section 1(D) above shall be taken by Taxpayer within ninety (90) days of the date of execution of this Agreement by the Service. Payment of the amount described in Section 1(A) above shall be made within thirty (30) days of the date of
execution of this Agreement by the Service by check payable to the “United States Treasury,” delivered together with a fully executed copy of this Agreement, to Internal Revenue Service, Philadelphia Service Center, 11601 Roosevelt Boulevard, Philadelphia, Pennsylvania 19154, Attention: Chief, Receipt and Control Branch, DP3190.

4. This Agreement is, and shall be construed as being, for the benefit of Taxpayer. The holder[s] of Contract[s] covered by this Agreement are intended beneficiaries of this Agreement. This Agreement shall not be construed as creating any liability of an issuer to the holders of the Contract[s].

5. Neither the Service nor Taxpayer shall endeavor by litigation or other means to attack the validity of this Agreement.

6. This Agreement may not be cited or relied upon as precedent in the disposition of any other matter.

NOW THIS CLOSING AGREEMENT FURTHER WITNESSETH, that Taxpayer and the Service mutually agree that the matters so determined shall be final and conclusive, except as follows:

1. The matter to which this Agreement relates may be reopened in the event of fraud, malfeasance, or misrepresentation of material facts set forth herein.

2. This Agreement is subject to sections of the Code that expressly provide that effect be given to their provisions notwithstanding any other law or rule of law except § 7122 of the Code.

3. This Agreement is subject to any legislation enacted subsequent to the date of execution hereof if the legislation provides that it is effective with respect to closing agreements.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, the parties have subscribed their names in triplicate.

Taxpayer

Date Signed: _________________ By: __________________________

_______________________________
Title/Office

Commissioner of Internal Revenue

Date Signed: _________________ By: __________________________

_______________________________
Title/Office

SECTION 7. EFFECTIVE DATE

This revenue procedure is effective August 6, 2001, the date this revenue procedure was made available to the public.

SECTION 8. EFFECT ON OTHER DOCUMENTS.

This revenue procedure supersedes Rev. Proc. 99–27.

SECTION 9. PAPERWORK REDUCTION ACT

The collections of information contained in this revenue procedure have been reviewed and approved by the Office of Management and Budget in accordance with the Paperwork Reduction Act (44 U.S.C. 3507) under control number 1545–1752.

The collection of information and reporting burden are in section 5 of this revenue procedure. This information will be used to determine whether an issuer may remedy failures to comply with the requirements of § 7702A. The likely respondents are insurance companies.

The estimated total annual reporting burden is 1000 hours.

The estimated annual burden per respondent varies from 50 hours to 150 hours with an average of 100 hours. The estimated number of respondents is 10.

The estimated annual frequency of the responses is one time.

An agency may not conduct or sponsor, and a person is not required to respond to, a collection of information unless the collection of information displays a valid OMB control number.

Books and records relating to a collection of information must be retained as long as their contents may become material in the administration of any internal revenue law. Generally tax returns and tax return information are confidential, as required by 26 U.S.C. 6103.

DRAFTING INFORMATION

For further information regarding this revenue procedure, contact Donald Drees of Financial Institutions and Products at (202) 622-3970 (not a toll-free call).
Part IV. Items of General Interest

Foundations Status of Certain Organizations

Announcement 2001–85

The following organizations have failed to establish or have been unable to maintain their status as public charities or as operating foundations. Accordingly, grantors and contributors may not, after this date, rely on previous rulings or designations in the Cumulative List of Organizations (Publication 78), or on the presumption arising from the filing of notices under section 508(b) of the Code. This listing does not indicate that the organizations have lost their status as organizations described in section 501(c)(3), eligible to receive deductible contributions.

Former Public Charities. The following organizations (which have been treated as organizations that are not private foundations described in section 509(a) of the Code) are now classified as private foundations:

- 100 Black Men of Valdosta, Inc., Valdosta, GA
- Affordable Housing Concepts, Inc., Clayton, GA
- Alliance for a Responsible Swine Industry, Inc., Bburg, NC
- Alternatives to Violence Project USA, Inc., Albany, GA
- American Saddlebred Special Commissioned, Inc., Madison, GA
- Arc of Union Co., Maynardville, TN
- At-Risk Childrens-Teens Shelter, Inc., Atlanta, GA
- Atlanta Doo-Wopp Association, Inc., Fayetteville, GA
- Atlanta World Basketball Championships Organizing Comm., Inc., Atlanta, GA
- Barbara A. Hayes Breast Cancer Foundation, Inc., Melbourne, FL
- Bartow Blaze Fastpitch Softball, Inc., Bartow, FL
- Bay County Council for Children, Inc., Panama City, FL
- Birth Health, Inc., Atlanta, GA
- Blacks United for Youth-Cobb, Inc., Marietta, GA
- Building Hope, Inc., Atlanta, GA
- Camp Kaleidoscope, Inc., Alpharetta, GA
- Center Court, Inc., Baton Rouge, LA
- Chosen Ministries, Inc., Augusta, GA
- Christian Mental Health Services, Inc., Duluth, GA
- Circle of Love, Inc., College Park, GA
- Citizens Coalition for Responsible Power, Inc., Tampa, FL
- Community Reinvestment Concepts, Inc., Clayton, GA
- Consumer Law Center of the South, Inc., Atlanta, GA
- Cup, Inc., Decatur, GA
- Dale Davis Foundation, Inc., Boca Raton, FL
- Economical Hope Development, Inc., Morrow, GA
- Emmanuel Southside Community Enrichment Center, Inc., Atlanta, GA
- Fishing Hall of Fame, Inc., Daytona Beach, FL
- Freemind Generation, Inc., Atlanta, GA
- Friends of Bowden, Inc., East Point, GA
- Friends of Georgia Cycling, Inc., Sharpsburg, GA
- Friends of Ghana, Inc., Macon, GA
- Friends of Goethe, Inc., Atlanta, GA
- Froghop, Inc., Atlanta, GA
- Fulton Parks Foundation, Inc., Atlanta, GA
- Fundacor Heart Foundation, Inc., Woodstock, GA
- Global Health Service, Charlotte, NC
- Golf Hall of Fame, Inc., Atlanta, GA
- Greater Atlanta Inner City Games, Inc., Atlanta, GA
- Greyt Friends, Inc., Marietta, GA
- Hall of Success, Inc., Atlanta, GA
- Help our Youth USA International, Inc., Ellenwood, GA
- Hot Club of Atlanta, Inc., Decatur, GA
- Jesse Solomon Scholarship Foundation, Inc., Madison, FL
- John Chambers, Inc., Atlanta, GA
- Kennesaw Youth Football Association, Kennesaw, GA
- Lee’s Mill Action Team, Inc., Plymouth, NC
- Lifeline Academy, Inc., College Park, GA
- Little Rock Housing Authority Technical Assistance Organization, Little Rock, AR
- Maarji Institute, Inc., Fayetteville, GA
- Macon County Community Housing Development Corporation, Montezuma, GA
- Mary Lin Capital Campaign, Inc., Atlanta, GA
- Marys Covenant Child Care and Learning Center, Inc., Atlanta, GA
- Mike Elk Foundation, Carrollton, GA
- Ministry Resource Group, Inc., Atlanta, GA
- Montgomery Improvement 40th Anniversary Foundation, Montgomery, AL
- Morven Landmarks, Inc., Columbus, GA
- National Community Development, Inc., Plantation, FL
- Nehemiah Community Development Corporation, Inc., Riverdale, GA
- Oakwood Non Profit Housing Corporation, Mt. Dora, FL
- Outreach Center, Inc., La Grange, GA
- Owens Community Caring & Sharing, Inc., Decatur, GA
- Park Terrace Living Center, Lebanon, TN
- Partnership of Atlanta Congregations, Inc., Atlanta, GA
- Peachtree Christian Foundation, Inc., Atlanta, GA
- Pediatric Life Support International, Inc., Macon, GA
- Philippine Medical Society of Florida, Inc., East Coast Chapter, Neptune Beach, FL
- Portside Foundation, Inc., Dunwoody, GA
- Prime Life Foundation, Inc., Plano, TX
- Rest Haven Nursing Home Auxiliary, Ripley, MS
- Rosslyn Counseling Ministry, Inc., Jonesboro, GA
- Safe Start USA, Inc., Winter Park, FL
- Sanford Festivals, Inc., Sanford, NC
- Skua Productions, Inc., Atlanta, GA
- Smith College Club of Atlanta, Atlanta, GA
- Solid Rock Ranch, Inc., Valdosta, GA
- South Central Community Development Corp., Memphis, TN
- South Georgia Soccer Club, Inc., Douglas, GA
- Southeast Community Development Corporation, Memphis, TN
- Southside Mega Flood Task Force, Inc., Albany, GA
- Suwanee Community Development Corp., Live Oak, FL
- Sword of the Word, Inc., Augusta, GA
- Twenty-First Century Senior Services, Inc., Memphis, TN
The IRS Invites Your Comments on Proposed Changes to Substitute Forms Requirements for the Partner Copy of Schedule K-1 (Form 1065) and Schedule K-1 (Form 1065-B)

Announcement 2001-88

Background

Based on recommendations of the Information Reporting Program Advisory Committee (IRPAC), the Internal Revenue Service (IRS) plans to revise Publication 1167, *Substitute Printed, Computer-Prepared, and Computer-Generated Tax Forms and Schedules*. It will provide revised substitute forms requirements for the copies of Schedule K-1 (Form 1065) and Schedule K-1 (Form 1065–B) furnished to partners, effective for the 2002 Schedule K-1.

The purpose of these revisions is to:

- Make the substitute forms requirements more specific.
- Set uniform visual standards that all taxpayers can recognize as representing a Schedule K-1.

Purpose

The purpose of this announcement is to request comments on proposed changes to the substitute forms requirements for Schedule K-1 (Form 1065) and Schedule K-1 (Form 1065–B).

Revisions to Publication 1167

The instructions in Publication 1167 would be supplemented by the following proposed requirements:

- Copies of substitute Schedules K-1 furnished to partners must be clear and legible.
- The substitute schedule must show the tax year, schedule number (K-1), related form number (1065 or 1065–B), and title exactly as shown on the official IRS schedule. This information must be prominently displayed together in one area of the schedule.
- The line items on the substitute schedule must be in the same order as those on the official IRS schedule. The wording for each line and instruction must be substantially the same as the official schedule.
- The schedule must contain all items required for use by the partner, but is not required to show lines that do not have entries required for the particular partner. If line items are omitted, do not renumber the remaining lines. The remaining lines must have the same letters or numbers as the corresponding lines on the official schedule. Instructions should be provided to make it clear that the number and order of the items relate to the official schedule.
- Either the official IRS version of the Partner’s Instructions for Schedule K-1 or substantially similar instructions must be furnished with the partner’s copy of Schedule K-1. If line items on a substitute schedule have been omitted on a partner’s substitute Schedule K-1 because they do not apply to that partner, the corresponding line instructions may be omitted from that partner’s substitute instructions.
- Logos are permitted on the substitute schedules, along with other information which is helpful to the partners’ understanding of their tax responsibilities. Such information should be segregated in a manner that avoids confusion with the required Schedule K-1 tax items.
The Internal Revenue Service Will Permit Electronic Submission of Forms W-9 by Certain Intermediaries

Announcement 2001-91

Background

In Announcement 98–27 (1998–1 C.B. 865) the Internal Revenue Service (the “Service”) announced that it will allow payers to establish a system to electronically receive Form W-9, “Request for Taxpayer Identification Number and Certification” from payees. The “Instructions for the Requester of Form W-9” were revised to describe a proper electronic system.

The Service will also allow a payer with an electronic system to electronically receive a Form W-9 from an investment advisor or introducing broker authorized to transmit that form as the payee’s agent. To receive a Form W-9 from an investment advisor or introducing broker, a payer’s electronic system must meet the requirements described below. The Service will revise the instructions to Form W-9 to reflect the provisions of this announcement.

Definitions

For purposes of this announcement, the term “payer” means a person required to file an information return for payments described in §§ 3406(b)(2) and (3) of the Internal Revenue Code. The term “payee” means the person required to submit Form W-9 to the payer. The term “investment advisor” means a corporation, partnership or individual registered with the Securities and Exchange Commission (“SEC”) under the Investment Advisers Act of 1940. The term “introducing broker” means a broker-dealer that is regulated by the SEC and the National Association of Securities Dealers, Inc., and that is not a payer.

Reliance

A payer receiving a Form W-9 from an investment advisor or introducing broker authorized to transmit the Form W-9 to the payer may rely on it as if the form had been received directly from the payee, for purposes of filing information returns and determining the payer’s backup withholding obligations under § 3406. The advisor or broker must represent in writing (which may include electronic means) to the payer that the payee authorized the advisor or broker to transmit the Form W-9 to the payer.

The Form W-9 received from the investment advisor or introducing broker may be either the original paper Form W-9 or an electronic version (including a facsimile). An electronic version must be received by the payer through a system that meets the requirements described below. This announcement does not apply to situations in which a broker acts as a payee’s agent with respect to “readily tradable instruments” pursuant to the special rule in § 31.3406(h)–3(d) of the Employment Tax Regulations. Therefore, in the case of readily tradable instruments, the payer may rely on a taxpayer identification number provided by the broker (including by electronic means) unless certification is required and the broker notifies the payer that the number was not certified.

Electronic System Requirements

(1) In general. The electronic system must ensure that the information received by the payer is the information sent by the investment advisor or introducing broker. The system must document all occasions of user access that result in the submission. In addition, the design and operation of the electronic system, including access procedures, must make it reasonably certain that the person accessing the system and submitting the Form W-9 is the investment advisor or introducing broker.

(2) Same information as paper Form W-9. The electronic submission must provide the payer with exactly the same information as the paper Form W-9.

(3) Signature requirements and perjury statement. The electronic submission
must be signed with the payee’s electronic signature, but only in situations where Form W-9 and its instructions require a signature by the payee.

(A) **Electronic signature.** In addition to identifying the payee to whom the Form W-9 relates, the electronic signature must authenticate and verify the submission. For this purpose, the terms “authenticate” and “verify” have the same meanings as they do when applied to a written signature on a paper Form W-9. An electronic signature can be in any form that satisfies the foregoing requirements. The electronic signature must be the final entry in the submission.

(B) **Perjury statement.** The electronic signature on Form W-9 must be under penalties of perjury. The perjury statement must contain the language that appears on the paper Form W-9. The electronic system must inform the payee that, by signing, the payee makes the declaration contained in the perjury statement. The perjury statement must immediately precede the electronic signature.

(4) **Copies of electronic Forms W-9.** Upon request by the Service, the payer must supply a hard copy of the electronic Form W-9 and a statement that, to the best of the payer’s knowledge, the electronic Form W-9 was submitted by the investment advisor or introducing broker acting as the payee’s agent. The hard copy of the electronic Form W-9 must provide exactly the same information as, but need not be a facsimile of, the paper Form W-9.

(5) **Effective date.** This announcement applies to Forms W-9 submitted to payers by payees through investment advisors or introducing brokers on or after September 4, 2001.

For further information regarding this announcement, contact Nathan Rosen of the Office of the Associate Chief Counsel (Procedure & Administration), Administrative Provisions and Judicial Practice Division, at (202) 622-4910 (not a toll-free call).
Definition of Terms

Revenue rulings and revenue procedures (hereinafter referred to as “rulings”) that have an effect on previous rulings use the following defined terms to describe the effect:

Amplified describes a situation where no change is being made in a prior published position, but the prior position is being extended to apply to a variation of the fact situation set forth therein. Thus, if an earlier ruling held that a principle applied to A, and the new ruling holds that the same principle also applies to B, the earlier ruling is amplified. (Compare with modified, below.)

Clarified is used in those instances where the language in a prior ruling is being made clear because the language has caused, or may cause, some confusion. It is not used where a position in a prior ruling is being changed.

Distinguished describes a situation where a ruling mentions a previously published ruling and points out an essential difference between them.

Modified is used where the substance of a previously published position is being changed. Thus, if a prior ruling held that a principle applied to A but not to B, and the new ruling holds that it applies to both A and B, the prior ruling is modified because it corrects a published position. (Compare with amplified and clarified, above).

Obsoleted describes a previously published ruling that is not considered determinative with respect to future transactions. This term is most commonly used in a ruling that lists previously published rulings that are obsoleted because of changes in law or regulations. A ruling may also be obsoleted because the substance has been included in regulations subsequently adopted.

Revoked describes situations where the position in the previously published ruling is not correct and the correct position is being stated in the new ruling.

Superseded describes a situation where the new ruling does nothing more than restate the substance and situation of a previously published ruling (or rulings). Thus, the term is used to republish under the 1986 Code and regulations the same position published under the 1939 Code and regulations. The term is also used when it is desired to republish in a single ruling a series of situations, names, etc., that were previously published over a period of time in separate rulings. If the new ruling does more than restate the substance of a prior ruling, a combination of terms is used. For example, modified and superseded describes a situation where the substance of a previously published ruling is being changed in part and is continued without change in part and it is desired to restate the valid portion of the previously published ruling in a new ruling that is self contained. In this case the previously published ruling is first modified and then, as modified, is superseded.

Supplemented is used in situations in which a list, such as a list of the names of countries, is published in a ruling and that list is expanded by adding further names in subsequent rulings. After the original ruling has been supplemented several times, a new ruling may be published that includes the list in the original ruling and the additions, and supersedes all prior rulings in the series.

Suspended is used in rare situations to show that the previous published rulings will not be applied pending some future action such as the issuance of new or amended regulations, the outcome of cases in litigation, or the outcome of a Service study.

Abbreviations

The following abbreviations in current use and formerly used will appear in material published in the Bulletin.

A—Individual.
Acq.—Acquiescence.
B.—Individual.
BE—Beneficiary.
BK—Bank.
B.T.A.—Board of Tax Appeals.
C—Individual.
CI—City.
COOP—Cooperative.
Ct.D.—Court Decision.
CY—County.
D—Decedent.
DC—Dummy Corporation.
DE—Donee.
Del. Order—Delegation Order.
DISC—Domestic International Sales Corporation.
DR—Donor.
E—Estate.
EE—Employee.
E.O.—Executive Order.
ER—Employer.
EX—Executor.
F—Fiduciary.
FC—Foreign Country.
FISC—Foreign International Sales Company.
FPH—Foreign Personal Holding Company.
F.R.—Federal Register.
FX—Foreign Corporation.
G.C.M.—Chief Counsel’s Memorandum.
GE—Grantee.
GP—General Partner.
GR—Grantor.
IC—Insurance Company.
LE—Lessee.
LP—Limited Partner.
LR—Lessor.
M—Minor.
Nonacq.—Nonacquiescence.
O—Organization.
P—Parent Corporation.
PHC—Personal Holding Company.
PO—Possession of the U.S.
PR—Partner.
PRS—Partnership.
PTE—Prohibited Transaction Exemption.
Pub. L.—Public Law.
REIT—Real Estate Investment Trust.
Rev. Proc.—Revenue Procedure.
Rev. Rul.—Revenue Ruling.
S—Subsidiary.
S.P.R.—Statements of Procedural Rules.
Stat.—Statutes at Large.
T—Target Corporation.
T.C.—Tax Court.
T.D.—Treasury Decision.
TFE—Transferee.
TFR—Transferor.
TP—Taxpayer.
TR—Trust.
TT—Trustee.
X—Corporation.
Y—Corporation.
Z—Corporation.
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- Ann Announcement
- CD Court Decision
- DO Delegation Order
- EO Executive Order
- PL Public Law
- PTE Prohibited Transaction Exemption
- RP Revenue Procedure
- RR Revenue Ruling
- SPR Statement of Procedural Rules
- TC Tax Convention
- TD Treasury Decision
- TDO Treasury Department Order

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