General Instructions

Purpose of Form
Use Form 5472 to provide information required under sections 6038A and 6038C when reportable transactions occur during the tax year of a reporting corporation with a foreign or domestic related party.

Definitions
Reporting corporation. A reporting corporation is either:
• A 25% foreign-owned U.S. corporation (including a foreign-owned U.S. DE), or
• A foreign corporation engaged in a trade or business within the United States.

25% foreign owned. A corporation is 25% foreign owned if it has at least one direct or indirect 25% foreign shareholder at any time during the tax year.

25% foreign shareholder. Generally, a foreign person (defined later) is a 25% foreign shareholder if the person owns, directly or indirectly, at least 25% of either:
• The total voting power of all classes of stock entitled to vote, or
• The total value of all classes of stock of the corporation.

Direct 25% foreign shareholder. A foreign person is a direct 25% foreign shareholder if it owns directly at least 25% of the stock of the reporting corporation by vote or value.

Ultimate indirect 25% foreign shareholder. An ultimate indirect 25% foreign shareholder is a 25% foreign shareholder whose ownership of stock of the reporting corporation is not attributed (under the principles of section 958(a)(1) and (2)) to any other 25% foreign shareholder. See Rev. Proc. 91-55, 1991-2 C.B. 784.

Related party. A related party is:
• Any direct or indirect 25% foreign shareholder of the reporting corporation,
• Any person who is related (within the meaning of section 267(b) or 707(b)(1)) to the reporting corporation,
• Any person who is related (within the meaning of section 267(b) or 707(b)(1)) to a 25% foreign shareholder of the reporting corporation, or
• Any other person who is related to the reporting corporation within the meaning of section 482 and the related regulations.

“Related party” does not include any corporation filing a consolidated Federal income tax return with the reporting corporation.

The rules in section 318 apply to the definition of related party with the modifications listed under the definition of 25% foreign shareholder, above.

Reportable transaction. A reportable transaction is:
• Any type of transaction listed in Part IV (e.g., sales, rents, etc.) for which monetary consideration (including U.S. and foreign currency) was the sole consideration paid or received during the reporting corporation’s tax year, or
• Any transaction or group of transactions listed in Part IV, if:
  1. Any part of the consideration paid or received was not monetary consideration, or
  2. Less than full consideration was paid or received.

Transactions with a U.S. related party, however, are not required to be specifically identified in Parts IV and VI.

Foreign person. A foreign person is:
• An individual who is not a citizen or resident of the United States,
• An individual who is a citizen or resident of a U.S. possession who is not otherwise a citizen or resident of the United States,
• Any partnership, association, company, or corporation that is not created or organized in the United States,
• Any foreign estate or foreign trust described in section 7701(a)(31), or
• Any foreign government (or agency or instrumentality thereof) to the extent that the foreign government is engaged in the conduct of a commercial activity as defined in section 892.

However, the term “foreign person” does not include any foreign person who consents to the filing of a joint income tax return.

Foreign taxpayer identifying numbers (FTINs). In Part II, lines 1b(3), 2b(3), 3b(3), and 4b(3) were added for FTINs. Foreign-owned U.S. DEs must enter an FTIN, if the foreign owner has one. Filer of Form 5472, other than foreign-owned U.S. DEs, can enter an FTIN on these lines. However, they must also enter a U.S. identifying number or reference ID number on lines 1b(1)-4b(1) or 1b(2)-4b(2), respectively. See the instructions for these lines for more information.
Disregarded entity (DE). A DE is an entity that is disregarded as an entity separate from its owner for U.S. income tax purposes under Regulations sections 301.7701-2 and 301.7701-3. See the instructions for Form 8832.

Foreign-owned U.S. DE. A foreign-owned U.S. DE is a domestic DE that is wholly owned by a foreign person. For tax years beginning on or after January 1, 2017, and ending on or after December 13, 2017, a foreign-owned U.S. DE is treated as an entity separate from its owner and classified as a corporation for the limited purposes of the requirements under section 6038A that apply to 25 percent foreign-owned domestic corporations. See the final regulations at IRS.gov/irb/2017-03_IRB/ar07.html.

Who Must File
Generally, a reporting corporation must file Form 5472 if it had a reportable transaction with a foreign or domestic related party.

Exceptions from filing. A reporting corporation is not required to file Form 5472 if any of the following apply:
1. It had no reportable transactions of the types listed in Parts IV and VI of the form.
2. A U.S. person that controls the foreign related corporation files Form 5471 for the tax year to report information under section 6038. To qualify for this exception, the U.S. person must complete Schedule M (Form 5471) showing all reportable transactions between the reporting corporation and the related party for the tax year. This exception does not apply to foreign-owned U.S. DEs.
3. The related corporation qualifies as a foreign sales corporation for the tax year and files Form 1120-FSC. This exception does not apply to foreign-owned U.S. DEs.
4. It is a foreign corporation that does not have a permanent establishment in the United States under an applicable income tax treaty and timely files Form 8833.
5. It is a foreign corporation all of whose gross income is exempt from taxation under section 883 and it timely and fully complies with the reporting requirements of sections 883 and 887.
6. Both the reporting corporation and the related party are not U.S. persons as defined in section 7701(a)(30) and the transactions will not generate in any tax year:
   • Gross income from sources within the United States or income effectively connected, or treated as effectively connected, with the conduct of a trade or business within the United States, or
   • Any expense, loss, or other deduction that is allocable or apportionable to such income.

Consolidated returns. If a reporting corporation is a member of an affiliated group filing a consolidated income tax return, Regulations section 1.6038A-2 may be satisfied by filing a U.S. consolidated Form 5472. The common parent must attach to Form 5472 a schedule stating which members of the U.S. affiliated group are reporting corporations under section 6038A, and which of those members are joining in the consolidated filing of Form 5472. The schedule must show the name, address, and employer identification number of each member who is including transactions on the consolidated Form 5472.

Note. A member is not required to join in filing a consolidated Form 5472 just because the other members of the group choose to file one or more Forms 5472 on a consolidated basis.

When and Where To File
Attach Form 5472 to the reporting corporation's income tax return by the due date (including extensions) of the return. A separate Form 5472 must be filed for each foreign or domestic related party with which the reporting corporation had a reportable transaction during the tax year.

Foreign-owned U.S. DEs. While a foreign-owned U.S. DE has no income tax return filing requirement, as a result of final regulations under section 6038A, it will now be required to file a pro forma Form 1120 with Form 5472 attached. The only information required to be completed on Form 1120 is the name and address of the foreign-owned U.S. DE and Items B and E on the first page.

“Foreign-owned U.S. DE” should be written across the top of the Form 1120 with Form 5472 attached. Attach Form(s) 5472 to Form 1120 and file these forms by (1) fax (300 DPI or higher) to (855) 887-7737, or (2) mail to: Internal Revenue Service, 201 West Rivercenter Blvd., PIN Unit, Stop 97, Covington, KY 41011.

Electronic Filing of Form 5472
If you file your income tax return electronically, see the instructions for your income tax return for general information about electronic filing.

If you are a foreign-owned U.S. DE, you cannot file Form 5472 electronically. See Foreign-owned U.S. DEs under When and Where To File, for acceptable methods of filing.

Accrued Payments and Receipts
A reporting corporation that uses an accrual method of accounting must use accrued payments and accrued receipts for purposes of computing the total amount to enter on each line of the Form 5472. See Regulations section 1.6038A-2(b)(8).

Penalties
Penalties for failure to file Form 5472. A penalty of $10,000 will be assessed on any reporting corporation that fails to file Form 5472 when due and in the manner prescribed. The penalty also applies for failure to maintain records as required by Regulations section 1.6038A-3.

Note. Filing a substantially incomplete Form 5472 constitutes a failure to file Form 5472.

Each member of a group of corporations filing a consolidated information return is a separate reporting corporation subject to a separate $10,000 penalty and each member is jointly and severally liable.

If the failure continues for more than 90 days after notification by the IRS, an additional penalty of $10,000 will apply. This penalty applies with respect to each related party for which a failure occurs for each 30-day period (or part of a 30-day period) during which the failure continues after the 90-day period ends.

Criminal penalties under sections 7203, 7206, and 7207 may also apply for failure to submit information or for filing false or fraudulent information.

Record Maintenance Requirements
A reporting corporation must keep the permanent books of account or records as required by section 6001. These books must be sufficient to establish the correctness of the reporting corporation’s Federal income tax return, including information or records that might be relevant to determine the correct treatment of transactions with related parties. See Regulations section 1.6038A-3 for more detailed information. Also, see Regulations sections 1.6038A-1(h) and 1.6038A-1(i) for special rules that apply to small corporations and reporting corporations with related party transactions of de minimis value.

Specific Instructions
Part I
Line 1a. Address. Include the suite, room, or other unit number after the street
Foreign address. Enter the information in the following order: city, province or state, and country. Follow the country’s practice for entering the postal code, if any. Do not abbreviate the country name.

Line 1c. Total assets. Domestic reporting corporations enter the total assets from item D, page 1, Form 1120. Foreign reporting corporations enter the amount from line 17, column (d), Schedule L, Form 1120-F.

Lines 1d and 1e. Enter a description of the principal business activity and enter the principal business activity code. See the instructions for Form 1120 or Form 1120-F for a list of principal business activities and their associated codes.

Line 1f. Enter the total value in U.S. dollars of all foreign related party transactions reported in Parts IV and VI of this Form 5472. This is the total of the amounts entered on lines 13 and 26 of Part IV plus the fair market value of the nonmonetary and less-than-full consideration transactions reported in Part VI. Do not complete line 1f if the reportable transaction is with a U.S. related party.

Line 1g. File a separate Form 5472 for each foreign or each U.S. person who is a related party with which the reporting corporation had a reportable transaction. Enter the total number of Forms 5472 (including this one) being filed for the tax year.

Line 1h. Enter the total value in U.S. dollars of all foreign related party transactions reported in Parts IV and VI of all Forms 5472 filed for the tax year. This is the total of the amounts entered on line 1f of all Forms 5472 filed for the tax year (including this one).

Line 1i. Provide the principal country(ies) where business is conducted. Do not include any country(ies) in which business is conducted solely through a subsidiary. Do not enter “worldwide” instead of listing the country(ies). These rules also apply to lines 2c, 3c, 4c, Part II, and line 1f, Part III.

Line 2. For purposes of this line:
- "Foreign person" has the same meaning as provided earlier under Definitions.
- 50% direct or indirect ownership is determined by applying the constructive ownership rules of section 318 with the modifications listed under the definition of 25% foreign shareholder, earlier.

Line 3. Check this box if you are a foreign-owned U.S. DE.

Part II

Note. Only 25% foreign-owned U.S. corporations, including foreign-owned U.S. DEs, complete Part II. For a foreign-owned U.S. DE, report the information for the foreign owner on the lines provided for the 25% foreign shareholder.

The form provides sufficient space to report information for two direct 25% foreign shareholders and two ultimate indirect 25% foreign shareholders. If more space is needed, show the information requested in Part II on an attached sheet.

Report on lines 1a through 1e information about the direct 25% foreign shareholder who owns (by vote or value) the largest percentage of the stock of the U.S. reporting corporation.

Report on lines 2a through 2e information about the direct 25% foreign shareholder who owns (by vote or value) the second-largest percentage of the stock of the U.S. reporting corporation.

Report on lines 3a through 3e information about the ultimate indirect 25% foreign shareholder who owns (by vote or value) the largest percentage of the stock of the U.S. reporting corporation.

Report on lines 4a through 4e information about the ultimate indirect 25% foreign shareholder who owns (by vote or value) the second-largest percentage of the stock of the U.S. reporting corporation.

Requirements. The reference ID number that is entered must be alphanumeric (defined below), and no special characters or spaces are permitted. The length of a given reference ID number is limited to 50 characters.

For these purposes, the term “alphanumeric” means the entry can be alphabetical, numeric, or any combination of the two.

The same reference ID number must be used consistently from tax year to tax year with respect to a given 25% foreign shareholder or related foreign party. If for any reason a reference ID number falls out of use (for example, the 25% foreign shareholder or related foreign party no longer exists due to disposition or liquidation), the reference ID number used for such foreign person cannot be used again for another 25% foreign shareholder or related foreign party for purposes of Form 5472 reporting.

There are some situations that warrant correlation of a new reference ID number with a previous reference ID number when assigning a new reference ID number to a 25% foreign shareholder or related foreign party. For example:
- In the case of a merger or acquisition involving a 25% foreign shareholder or related foreign party, a Form 5472 filer must use a reference ID number which correlates the previous reference ID number with the new reference ID number assigned to the 25% foreign shareholder or related foreign party.
- In the case of an entity classification election that is made on behalf of a 25% foreign shareholder or related foreign party on Form 8832, Regulations section 301.6109-1(b)(2)(v) requires the 25% foreign shareholder or related foreign party to have an EIN for this election. For the first tax year that Form 5472 is filed after an entity classification election is made on behalf of the 25% foreign shareholder or related foreign party on Form 8832, the new EIN must be entered in the applicable entry space in Part II or Part III and the old reference ID number must be entered in the applicable entry space just below. In subsequent years, the Form 5472 filer may continue to enter both the EIN and the reference ID number, but must enter at least the EIN.

You must correlate the reference ID numbers as follows: New reference ID
Part IV

Note. Do not complete Part IV for transactions with a domestic related party.

When completing Part IV or Part VI, the terms “paid” and “received” include accrued payments and accrued receipts.

State all amounts in U.S. dollars and attach a schedule showing the exchange rates used.

If the related party transactions occur between a related party and a partnership that is, in whole or in part, owned by a reporting corporation, the reporting corporation reports only the percentage of the value of the transaction(s) equal to the percentage of its partnership interest. This rule does not apply if the reporting corporation owns a less-than-25% interest in the partnership.

Generally, all reportable transactions between the reporting corporation and a related foreign party must be entered in Part IV.

Reasonable estimates.

When actual amounts are not determinable, enter reasonable estimates (see below) of the total dollar amount of each of the categories of transactions conducted between the reporting corporation and the related person in which monetary consideration (U.S. currency or foreign currency) was the sole consideration paid or received during the tax year of the reporting corporation.

A reasonable estimate is any amount reported on Form 5472 that is at least 75% but not more than 125% of the actual amount required to be reported.

Small amounts. If any actual amount in a transaction or a series of transactions between a foreign related party and the reporting corporation does not exceed a total of $50,000, the amount may be reported as “$50,000 or less.”

Lines 3 and 16. Report on these lines platform contribution transaction payments received and paid by the reporting corporation (without giving effect to any netting of payments due and owed). See Regulations section 1.482-7(b)(1)(ii). The corporation is required to complete both lines only if the corporation provides a platform contribution to other controlled participants and is required to make platform contribution transaction payments to other controlled participants that provide a platform contribution to other controlled cost sharing arrangement participants.

Part V

You must check the box in Part V if you are a foreign-owned DE that had any other transaction as defined by Regulations section 1.482-1(i)(7) not already entered that occurred on or after January 5, 2009, or transactions that occur pursuant to a cost sharing arrangement that was not in effect before January 5, 2009. See Regulations sections 1.482-7(m)(1) and 2(l).
in Part IV. These transactions include amounts paid or received in connection with the formation, dissolution, acquisition and disposition of the entity, including contributions to and distributions from the entity. Describe these on an attached statement.

Part VI

Note. Do not complete Part VI for transactions with a domestic related party.

If the related party is a foreign person, the reporting corporation must attach a schedule describing each reportable transaction, or group of reportable transactions. The description must include sufficient information so that the nature and approximate monetary value of the transaction or group of transactions can be determined. The schedule should include:

1. A description of all property (including monetary consideration), rights, or obligations transferred from the reporting corporation to the foreign related party and from the foreign related party to the reporting corporation;
2. A description of all services performed by the reporting corporation for the foreign related party and by the foreign related party for the reporting corporation; and
3. A reasonable estimate of the fair market value of all properties and services exchanged, if possible, or some other reasonable indicator of value.

If the entire consideration received for any transaction includes both tangible and intangible property and the consideration paid is solely monetary consideration, report the transaction in Part IV instead of Part VI if the intangible property was related and incidental to the transfer of the tangible property (e.g., a right to warranty services).

See the instructions for Part IV for information on reasonable estimates and small amounts.

Part VII

All reporting corporations must complete the additional information in Part VII.

Paperwork Reduction Act Notice. We ask for the information on this form to carry out the Internal Revenue laws of the United States. You are required to give us the information. We need it to ensure that you are complying with these laws and to allow us to figure and collect the right amount of tax.

You are not required to provide the information requested on a form that is subject to the Paperwork Reduction Act unless the form displays a valid OMB control number. Books or records relating to a form or its instructions must be retained as long as their contents may become material in the administration of any Internal Revenue law. Generally, tax returns and return information are confidential, as required by section 6103.

The time needed to complete and file this form will vary depending on individual circumstances. The estimated burden for business taxpayers filing this form is approved under OMB control number 1545-0123. The estimated burden for all other taxpayers who file this form is shown below.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Activity</th>
<th>Estimated Burden</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Recordkeeping</td>
<td>17 hr., 42 min.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Learning about the law or the form</td>
<td>3 hr., 4 min.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Preparing and sending the form to the IRS</td>
<td>3 hr., 30 min</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

If you have comments concerning the accuracy of these time estimates or suggestions for making this form simpler, we would be happy to hear from you. See the instructions for the tax return with which this form is filed.