“Share/Borrow EITC Dependent.”

Unscrupulous tax professionals will “share” one taxpayer’s qualifying child or children with another taxpayer in order to allow both to claim the Earned Income Tax Credit (EITC). For example, if one client has four children, that client only needs the first two children for EITC purposes to get the maximum credit. The preparer will list the first two children on the first taxpayer’s return, and list the other two children on another return. The preparer and the client “selling” the dependents split a fee. The IRS prosecutes the preparers of these fraudulent claims, and the participating taxpayers could be subject to civil and/or criminal penalties as well.

“Put Your Money in a Trust and Never Pay Taxes Again.”

Promoters of abusive trust schemes may charge a fee for “trust” packages. The fee enables taxpayers to have trust documents prepared, to use foreign and/or domestic trustees as offered by promoters or to use foreign bank accounts and corporations. If a trust is legitimate, ownership of the trust assets is completely separate from your control and benefit.

Multiple Trusts, Partnerships or Other Entities Involved.

Multiple levels of entities in an investment does not necessarily mean there is anything wrong — there may be valid business purposes for each of the entities. However, be wary of schemes that use multiple levels of entities with no apparent business purpose other than concealing the true ownership of assets and income.

Is it too good to be true?

Questions To Ask Yourself...

Is this tax promotion asking me to?

• Underreport my income?
• Intentionally omit income?
• Overstate the amount of my deductions?
• Keep two sets of books?
• Make false entries in my books and records?
• Claim personal expenses as business expenses?
• Claim false deductions?
• Hide or transfer assets or income?

If you answered Yes to any of these questions, then you are probably involved with an illegal tax avoidance scheme.

The IRS prosecutes the preparers of fraudulent claims, and the participating taxpayers could be subject to civil and/or criminal penalties as well.

Need Additional Information?

If you have any questions on these or other schemes, please contact the Internal Revenue Service at 1-800-829-1040. To report possible tax avoidance schemes, call 1-800-829-0433.

The IRS web site will provide additional information. Select Tax Scams/Fraud Alert at:

There are a large number of illegal tax avoidance schemes. These schemes are typically promoted with the promise of reducing or eliminating income and other types of taxes.

“Never Pay Any Taxes Again!”

Promoters may suggest that you, as an employer, NOT withhold federal income tax or employment taxes from wages paid to your employees. This scheme is based on an incorrect interpretation of the tax law; the courts have rejected all variations of this scheme.

“I Don’t Pay Taxes - Why Should You?”

Promoters may talk about how they don’t file or pay taxes and then charge people a fee to share their “secret.” The secret they don’t reveal is that many of them actually do file and pay taxes — they just won’t publicly admit it.

“So New, Your Tax Professional Doesn’t Even Know About It.”

Promoters use this phrase to discourage you from seeking professional advice about new tax laws. However, if there is a new law that could reduce your taxes, a legitimate promoter should encourage you to seek a second opinion. You should even ask for a reference just in case your tax professional really does not know about it yet. If the investment cannot stand the scrutiny or the review of an unbiased third party, it is probably one you should avoid.

“I Can Get You a Big Refund... for a Fee!”

Refund scheme promoters may ask to “borrow” your Social Security number or give you a phony Form W-2 so it appears that you qualify for a big refund. They may promise to split the refund with you. The IRS catches most of these false refund claims before they go out. If a refund is issued, it is usually discovered and the participant ends up paying back the refund, along with stiff penalties and interest.

3 things to remember:

1. You are responsible and liable for the content of your tax return.

2. Anyone who promises you a bigger refund without knowing your tax situation could be misleading you.

3. You should never sign a tax return without looking it over to make sure it is honest and correct.