A. SYSTEM DESCRIPTION

1. Enter the full name and acronym for the system, project, application and/or database. e-Trak Whistleblower, etrak-wb

2. Is this a new system? No

2a. If no, is there a PIA for this system? Yes

   If yes, enter the full name, acronym, PIA ID Number and milestone of the most recent PIA. e-Trak Whistleblower, etrak-wb PIA 817, operational

   Next, enter the date of the most recent PIA. 4/29/2014

   Indicate which of the following changes occurred to require this update (check all that apply).

   - No  Addition of PII
   - No  Conversions
   - No  Anonymous to Non-Anonymous
   - No  Significant System Management Changes
   - No  Significant Merging with Another System
   - No  New Access by IRS employees or Members of the Public
   - No  Addition of Commercial Data / Sources
   - No  New Interagency Use
   - No  Internal Flow or Collection

   Were there other system changes not listed above? No

3. Check the current ELC (Enterprise Life Cycle) Milestones (select all that apply)

   - No  Vision & Strategy/Milestone 0
   - No  Project Initiation/Milestone 1
   - No  Domain Architecture/Milestone 2
   - No  Preliminary Design/Milestone 3
   - No  Detailed Design/Milestone 4A
   - No  System Development/Milestone 4B
   - No  System Deployment/Milestone 5
   - Yes  Operations & Maintenance (i.e., system is currently operational)

4. Is this a Federal Information Security Management Act (FISMA) reportable system? Yes

A.1 General Business Purpose
5. What is the general business purpose of this system? Provide a clear, concise description of the system, application or database, the reason for the system, and the benefits to the IRS to use the information, and how the information will be used.

The IRS Whistleblower Office was created by Section 406 of the Tax Relief and Health Care Act of 2006. Section 406 addresses “whistleblowers” who provide information on significant non-compliance with tax laws and the awards allowed to them under 26 USC 7623. In the past, within the Service, this program was referred to as the “informants program.” The amendment also establishes award percentage ranges for cases in which more than $2 million in tax, penalties and interest are in dispute, and requires that award determinations in those cases be made by the Whistleblower Office. The Whistleblower Records system includes information collected and maintained by, or at the direction of, the IRS Whistleblower Office, to determine claimants’ eligibility for awards under 26 USC 7623. This system collects limited information on the investigation of the alleged tax violations made by the claimants. Tax cases setup for investigation, litigation or prosecution based on the information received, will be handled in the appropriate Business Division following the Internal Revenue Code (IRC) procedures mandated by law.

B. PII DETAIL

6. Does the system use, collect, receive, display, store, maintain, or disseminate IR Code 6103 taxpayer information; or any type of Sensitive but Unclassified (SBU) or Personally Identifiable Information (PII)? Yes

6a. If yes, does the system use, collect, receive, display, store, maintain, or disseminate Social Security Numbers (SSN s) or tax identification numbers (i.e. last 4 digits, etc.)? Yes

If yes, check who the SSN (or tax identification number) is collected on.

Yes On Primary Yes On Spouse No On Dependent

If yes, check all types SSN s (or tax identification numbers) that apply to this system:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Selected</th>
<th>PII Element</th>
<th>On Primary</th>
<th>On Spouse</th>
<th>On Dependent</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Yes</td>
<td>Social Security Number (SSN)</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Yes</td>
<td>Employer Identification Number (EIN)</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Yes</td>
<td>Individual Taxpayer Identification Number (ITIN)</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>No</td>
<td>Taxpayer Identification Number for Pending U.S. Adoptions (ATIN)</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>No</td>
<td>Practitioner Tax Identification Number (PTIN)</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Describe the planned mitigation strategy and forecasted implementation date to mitigate or eliminate the use of SSN s (or tax identification numbers).

The Office of Management and Budget memorandum M-07-16 requires that federal agencies develop a mitigation or elimination strategy for systems that use SSNs, which the Service continues to develop strategies to meet. An exception to that requirement is when the SSN is uniquely needed to identify a user’s record. The e-Trak Whistleblower system requires the use of SSN’s because no other identifier can be used to uniquely identify a taxpayer at this time. SSNs are permissible from Internal Revenue Code (IRC) 6109, which requires individual taxpayers to include their SSNs on their income tax returns.

6b. Does this system contain other (non-SSN) PII that it uses, collects, receives, displays, stores, maintains, or disseminates? (i.e. Names, addresses, etc.) Yes

If yes, specify the information.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Selected</th>
<th>PII Element</th>
<th>On Primary</th>
<th>On Spouse</th>
<th>On Dependent</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Yes</td>
<td>Name</td>
<td>Yes</td>
<td>Yes</td>
<td>No</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Yes</td>
<td>Mailing address</td>
<td>No</td>
<td>No</td>
<td>No</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Yes</td>
<td>Phone Numbers</td>
<td>No</td>
<td>No</td>
<td>No</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Yes</td>
<td>E-mail Address</td>
<td>No</td>
<td>No</td>
<td>No</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Column Header</td>
<td>Yes</td>
<td>No</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
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<tr>
<td>---------------</td>
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<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Date of Birth</td>
<td>No</td>
<td>No</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Place of Birth</td>
<td>No</td>
<td>No</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>SEID</td>
<td>No</td>
<td>No</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Mother's Maiden Name</td>
<td>No</td>
<td>No</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Protection Personal Identification Numbers (IP PIN)</td>
<td>No</td>
<td>No</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Internet Protocol Address (IP Address)</td>
<td>No</td>
<td>No</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Criminal History</td>
<td>No</td>
<td>No</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Medical Information</td>
<td>No</td>
<td>No</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Certificate or License Numbers</td>
<td>No</td>
<td>No</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Vehicle Identifiers</td>
<td>No</td>
<td>No</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Passport Number</td>
<td>No</td>
<td>No</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Alien (A-) Number</td>
<td>No</td>
<td>No</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Financial Account Numbers</td>
<td>No</td>
<td>No</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Photographic Identifiers</td>
<td>No</td>
<td>No</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Biometric Identifiers</td>
<td>No</td>
<td>No</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Employment (HR) Information</td>
<td>No</td>
<td>No</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Tax Account Information</td>
<td>No</td>
<td>No</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

6c. Does this system contain SBU information that is not PII, it uses, collects, receives, displays, stores, maintains, or disseminates? **No**

6d. Are there other types of SBU/PII used in the system? **No**

6e. Cite the authority for collecting SBU/PII (including SSN if relevant)

Yes  PII for federal tax administration is generally Internal Revenue Code Sections 6001, 6011, 6012e(a)
Yes  SSN for tax returns and return information is Internal Revenue Code Section 6109
No   SSN for personnel administration (IRS Employees) is 5 USC & Executive Order 9397
No   PII for personnel administration is 5 USC
No   PII about individuals for Bank Secrecy Act compliance 31 USC
No   Information by CI for certain money laundering cases may be 18 USC

6f. Has the authority been verified with the system owner? **Yes**

### B.1 BUSINESS NEEDS AND ACCURACY

7. Explain the detailed business needs and uses for the SBU/PII, and how the SBU/PII is limited only to that which is relevant and necessary to meet the mission requirements of the system. If SSNs (or tax identification numbers) are used, explicitly explain why use of SSNs meets this criteria. Be specific.

We collect the SSN/EIN/TIN to ensure we are awarding the correct taxpayer and issuing form1099 for award recipients. Addresses, phone numbers and emails are used to send forms for signatures and to communicate with taxpayers for additional information.

8. How is the SBU/PII verified for accuracy, timeliness, and completeness? Explain how steps are taken to ensure that all information maintained by the system that is used by IRS to make any adverse determination about an individual's rights, benefits, and/or privileges is maintained with such accuracy, relevance, timeliness, and completeness as is reasonably necessary to assure fairness to the individual in the determination
The data is collected directly from the individual for whom it relates. The information is manually verified with the individual prior to settlement of the award claim and an opportunity to correct the information is provided at that time. The system does not interact with nor receives information from any other IRS system.

C. PRIVACY ACT AND SYSTEM OF RECORDS

9. Are 10 or more records containing SBU/PII maintained, stored, and/or transmitted by or through this system? Yes

9a. If yes, are records in the system retrieved by any personal identifier (e.g., name, SSN, Photograph, IP Address) for an individual? Yes

If yes, is there a System of Records Notice(s) or SORNs that addresses the PII records in this system? Yes

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>SORNS Number</th>
<th>SORNS Name</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>42.005</td>
<td>Whistleblower Office Records</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>34.037</td>
<td>IRS Audit Trail &amp; Security Records</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

If yes, does the System of Records Notice(s) (SORN) published in the Federal Register adequately describe the records as required by the Privacy Act? Yes

D. RESPONSIBLE PARTIES

10. Identify the individuals for the following system roles. ## Official Use Only

E. INCOMING PII INTERFACES

11. Does the system receive SBU/PII from other system or agencies? No

12. Does this system disseminate SBU/PII? No

G. PRIVACY SENSITIVE TECHNOLOGY

13. Does this system use social media channels? No

14. Does this system use privacy-sensitive technologies such as mobile, cloud, global position system (GPS), biometrics, RFID, etc.? No

15. Does the system use cloud computing? No

16. Does this system/application interact with the public? No
H. INDIVIDUAL NOTICE AND CONSENT

17. Was/is notice provided to the individual prior to collection of information?  Yes

17a. If yes, how is notice provided? Was the individual notified about the authority to collect the information, whether such is mandatory or voluntary, the purpose for which the information will be used, with whom the information may be shared, and the effects, if any, if they decide not to provide any of the requested information?

Privacy Act statement on Form 211, Application for Award for Original Information, which provides the information collected. Privacy Act statement is as follows: We ask for the information on this form to carry out the internal revenue laws of the United States. Our authority to ask for this information is 26 USC 6109 and 7623. We collect this information for use in determining the correct amount of any award payable to you under 26 USC 7623. We may disclose this information as authorized by 26 USC 6103, including to the subject taxpayer(s) as needed in a tax compliance investigation and to the Department of Justice for civil and criminal litigation. You are not required to apply for an award. However, if you apply for an award you must provide as much of the requested information as possible. Failure to provide information may delay or prevent processing your request for an award; providing false information may subject you to penalties.

18. Do individuals have the opportunity to decline from providing information and/or from consenting to particular uses of the information?  Yes

18a. If yes, describe the mechanism by which individuals indicate their consent choice(s):

By submitting a completed Form 211, Application for Award for Original Information, they consent to provide the information. The Privacy Act statement incorporates a statement: "...You are not required to apply for an award. However, if you apply for an award you must provide as much of the requested information as possible." The information only needs to be provided if they are applying for an award.

19. How does the system or business process ensure due process regarding information access, correction and redress?

All the process and procedures are dictated by the Internal Revenue Manual guidelines. IRS policy allows individuals whose data is in the system the opportunity to clarify or dispute negative determinations through the appeals process.

I. INFORMATION PROTECTION

20. Identify the owner and operator of the system (could be IRS owned and Operated; IRS owned, contractor operated; contractor owned and operated)  IRS Owned and Operated

21. The following people have access to the system with the specified rights:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>IRS Employees?</th>
<th>Yes/No</th>
<th>Access Level(Read Only/Read Write/ Administrator)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Users</td>
<td>Yes</td>
<td>Read and Write</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Managers</td>
<td>Yes</td>
<td>Read-Only</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Sys. Administrators</td>
<td>Yes</td>
<td>Read and Write</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Developers</td>
<td>Yes</td>
<td>Read And Write</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Contractor Employees?  No
21a. How is access to SBU/PII determined and by whom? Permission for access to the data is determined by the Whistleblower Application System Administrator in the Whistleblower Office with the concurrence of the Director of the Whistleblower Office or his delegate. Access is removed when the IRS employee no longer has need to access the system. Data access is granted on a need-to-know basis. A potential user must submit a request for access via IRS OL5081 to their local management for approval consideration. Users are not permitted access without a signed OL5081 form from an authorized management official. Specific permissions (Read, Write, Modify, Delete, and/or Print) are defined on the OL5081 form and set (activated) by the System Administrator prior to the user being allowed access. User privileges and user roles determine the types of data that each user has access to. Management monitors system access and removes permissions when individuals no longer require access.

21b. If computer matching occurs, can the business owner certify that it meets requirements of IRM 11.3.39 Disclosure of Official Information, Computer Matching & Privacy Protection Act?

Not Applicable

I.1 RECORDS RETENTION SCHEDULE

22. Are these records covered under the General Records Schedule (GRS), or have a National Archives and Records Administration (NARA) archivist approved a Record Control Schedule (RCS) for the retention and destruction of official agency records stored in this system? Yes

22a. If yes, how long are the records required to be held under the corresponding RCS and how are they disposed of? In your response, please include the complete IRM number 1.15.XX and specific item number and title.

Whistleblower System data is approved for destruction 6 years, 3 months after the fiscal year in which it was created in accordance with National Archives-approved Job No. N1-58-09-52. These disposition instructions are published in IRS Document 12990 under Records Control Schedule (RCS) 8, item 37. These instructions are in concert with records requirements for Informant Claims in Section 6501(c)(2).

I.2 SA&A OR ECM-R

23. Has the system been through SA&A (Security Assessment and Authorization) or ECM-R (Enterprise Continuous Monitoring Reauthorization)? Yes

23a. If yes, what date was it completed? 1/13/2017

23.1 Describe in detail the system's audit trail. All account access to the system is granted through the OL5081 authorization process thus ensuring that authorization is granted from appropriate designated officials and that identifiers are securely distributed to the individuals requesting access. E-trak regularly runs audits to determine accounts that no longer need access to PII or our inactive. Per IRM 10.8.1.5.1.3, after 120 days of inactivity, the user's account will be disabled, but not removed from the system. After 365 days of inactivity, the account will be automatically deleted. Disabled or deleted accounts require that the user go through the OL5081 process to regain access to the system. In addition, the SSP is reviewed annually during continuous monitoring initiatives, and updated at least every three years or whenever there are significant changes to the system.
J. PRIVACY TESTING

24. Does the system require a System Test Plan? Yes

24b. If yes, is the test plan in process or completed: Completed

24.3 If completed/ or in process, describe what testing and validation activities have been conducted or are in progress to verify and validate that the applicable Privacy Requirements (listed in header) have been met?
Continuous Monitoring (eCM)(now called Annual Security Control Assessment (ASCA)) occurs annually to ensure that controls remain in place to properly safeguard PII.

24b.1. If completed, where are the test results stored (or documentation that validation has occurred confirming that requirements have been met)? Stored at DocIT

24b.2. If completed, were all the Privacy Requirements successfully tested? Yes

24.2 If completed, are there any residual system privacy, civil liberties, and/or security risks identified that need to be resolved? No

K. SBU Data Use

25. Does this system use, or plan to use SBU Data in Testing? No

L. NUMBER AND CATEGORY OF PII RECORDS

26. Identify the number of individual records in the system for each category:

26a. IRS Employees: Not Applicable
26b. Contractors: Not Applicable
26c. Members of the Public: Under 100,000
26d. Other: No

M. CIVIL LIBERTIES

27. Does the system maintain any information describing how any individual exercises their rights guaranteed by the First Amendment? No

28. Is the system information used to conduct data-mining as defined in the Implementing the 9/11 Commission Recommendations Act of 2007, Public Law 110-53, Section 804? No

29. Will this system have the capability to identify, locate, and monitor individuals or groups of people? No

N. ACCOUNTING OF DISCLOSURES

30. Does the system include or require disclosure of tax or employee information to anyone other than IRS employees in the performance of their duties, or to the person to whom the information pertains or to a 3rd party pursuant to a Power of Attorney, tax or Privacy Act consent? No
End of Report