

**Profit (or Loss) From Business or Profession**  
**(Sole Proprietorships)**  
**(Compute social security self-employment tax on Schedule C-3 (Form 1040))**

**1967**

**Attach this schedule to your income tax return, Form 1040 — Partnerships, joint ventures, etc., must file on Form 1065**

Name and address as shown on page 1, Form 1040

- A** Principal business activity .....; product .....  
**(See separate instructions)** (For example: retail—hardware; wholesale—tobacco; services—legal; manufacturing—furniture; etc.)
- B** Business name ..... **C** Employer Identification Number .....
- D** Business address if different from above, otherwise enter "same" .....
- E** Indicate method of accounting: (1)  cash; (2)  accrual; (3)  other. (ZIP code)
- F** Was an Employer's Quarterly Federal Tax Return, Form 941, filed for this business for any quarter in 1967?  Yes  No.
- G** Is this business located within the boundaries of the city, town, etc., indicated on Line D?  Yes  No.
- H** Did you own this business at the end of 1967?  Yes  No.
- I** How many months in 1967 did you own this business? .....

<b>1</b> Gross receipts or gross sales \$.....	Less: Returns and allowances \$.....	\$.....
<b>2</b> Inventory at beginning of year (if different from last year's closing inventory attach explanation) .....		
<b>3</b> Merchandise purchased \$....., less cost of any items withdrawn from business for personal use \$.....		
<b>4</b> Cost of labor (do not include salary paid to yourself) .....		
<b>5</b> Material and supplies .....		
<b>6</b> Other costs (explain in Schedule C-1) .....		
<b>7</b> Total of lines 2 through 6 .....		
<b>8</b> Inventory at end of this year .....		
<b>9</b> Cost of goods sold (subtract line 8 from line 7) .....		
<b>10</b> Gross profit (subtract line 9 from line 1) .....		

**OTHER BUSINESS DEDUCTIONS**

<b>11</b> Depreciation (explain in Schedule C-2) .....		
<b>12</b> Taxes on business and business property (explain in Schedule C-1) .....		
<b>13</b> Rent on business property .....		
<b>14</b> Repairs (explain in Schedule C-1) .....		
<b>15</b> Salaries and wages not included on line 4 (exclude any paid to yourself) .....		
<b>16</b> Insurance .....		
<b>17</b> Legal and professional fees .....		
<b>18</b> Commissions .....		
<b>19</b> Amortization (attach statement) .....		
<b>20</b> Retirement plans, etc. (other than your share—see separate instructions) .....		
<b>21</b> Interest on business indebtedness .....		
<b>22</b> Bad debts arising from sales or services .....		
<b>23</b> Losses of business property (attach statement) .....		
<b>24</b> Depletion of mines, oil and gas wells, timber, etc. (attach schedule) .....		
<b>25</b> Other business expenses (explain in Schedule C-1) .....		
<b>26</b> Total of lines 11 through 25 .....		
<b>27</b> Net profit (or loss) (subtract line 26 from line 10). Enter here; in Schedule C-3, line 1; and on Form 1040, page 2, Part II, line 4 .....		

**SCHEDULE C-1. EXPLANATION OF LINES 6, 12, 14, AND 25**

Line No.	Explanation	Amount	Line No.	Explanation	Amount
		\$			\$

**C**

SCHEDULE C-2. EXPLANATION OF DEDUCTION FOR DEPRECIATION CLAIMED ON LINE 11

This schedule is designed for taxpayers using the alternative guidelines and administrative procedures described in Revenue Procedures 62-21 and 65-13 as well as for those taxpayers who wish to continue using practices authorized prior to these revenue procedures.

Table with 8 columns: 1. Group and guideline class, 2. Cost or other basis at beginning of year, 3. Asset additions in year (amount), 4. Asset retirements in year (amount), 5. Depreciation allowed or allowable in prior years, 6. Method of computing depreciation, 7. Class life Rate (%), 8. Depreciation for this year. Includes rows for '1 Total additional first-year depreciation' and '2 Totals'.

SUMMARY OF DEPRECIATION

Summary table with columns: Straight line, Declining balance, Sum of the years-digits, Units of production, Additional first year (section 179), Other (specify), Total. Includes rows for '1 Under Rev. Proc's 62-21 & 65-13' and '2 Other'.

EXPENSE ACCOUNT INFORMATION

Enter information with regard to yourself and your five highest paid employees. In determining the five highest paid employees, expense account allowances must be added to their salaries and wages.

Table with 3 columns: Name, Expense account, Salaries and wages. Includes rows for Owner and numbered employees 1 through 5.

Did you claim a deduction for expenses connected with: (If answer to any question is "YES," check applicable boxes within that question.)

- J A hunting lodge . . . . . [ ]
working ranch or farm . . . . . [ ]
fishing camp . . . . . [ ]
resort property . . . . . [ ]
pleasure boat or yacht . . . . . [ ]
or other similar facility . . . . . [ ]
K Vacations for you or members of your family, or employees or member of their families?
L The leasing, renting, or ownership of a hotel room or suite [ ], apartment [ ], or other dwelling [ ], which was used by you, your customers, employees, or members of their families?
M The attendance of members of your family or your employees' families at conventions or business meetings? [ ] YES [ ] NO

ADDITIONAL INFORMATION

- 1 Was there any substantial change in the manner of determining quantities, costs, or valuations between the opening and closing inventories? [ ] YES [ ] NO. If "Yes," attach explanation.
2 Are you liable for filing Forms 1096 and 1099 or 1087 for the calendar year 1967? (See last paragraph of separate instructions for Schedule C.) [ ] YES [ ] NO. If "Yes," where were they filed?

SCHEDULE C-3  
(Form 1040)

U.S. Treasury Department  
Internal Revenue Service

Computation of Social Security Self-Employment Tax

Attach this schedule to your income tax return, Form 1040  
See instructions on page 2

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- ▶ If you had wages, including tips, of \$6,600 or more which were subject to social security taxes, do not fill in this page.
- ▶ Complete only one Schedule C-3; if you had more than one business, combine profits (or losses) from all of your businesses on this Schedule.
- ▶ Each self-employed person must file a separate schedule.

NAME AND ADDRESS (as shown on page 1 of Form 1040)

NAME OF SELF-EMPLOYED PERSON (as shown on social security card)		Social Security Number	
1	Net profit (or loss) shown in Schedule C (Form 1040), line 27 (Enter combined amount if more than one business)		
2	Add to net profit (or subtract from net loss) losses of business property shown in Schedule C, line 23		
3	Total (or difference)		
4	Net income (or loss) from excluded services or sources included on line 3 Specify excluded services or sources		
5	Net earnings (or loss) from self-employment— (a) From business (line 3 less any amount on line 4) (b) From partnerships, joint ventures, etc. (other than farming) (c) From service as a minister, member of a religious order, or a Christian Science practitioner. Enter only if you have filed or are filing Form 2031 (d) From farming reported on line 2 (or line 3 if option used), separate Schedule F-1 (Form 1040) (e) From service with a foreign government or international organization		
6	Total net earnings (or loss) from self-employment reported on line 5. Enter here and in item F below (If line 6 is under \$400, you are not subject to self-employment tax. Do not fill in rest of page.)		
7	The largest amount of combined wages and self-employment earnings subject to social security tax is	\$ 6,600	00
8	(a) Total "F.I.C.A." wages as indicated on Form W-2 (b) Unreported tips, if any, subject to F.I.C.A. tax from Form 4137, line 9 (c) Total of lines 8(a) and 8(b). Enter here and in item G below		
9	Balance (subtract line 8(c) from line 7)		
10	Self-employment income—line 6 or 9, whichever is smaller. Enter here and in item H, below		
11	Self-employment tax—If line 10 is \$6,600, enter \$422.40; if less, multiply the amount on line 10 by 6.4%. Enter this amount here and on page 1, line 15, Form 1040		

Do not detach

Schedule C-3 (Form 1040)

Important.—The amounts reported on the form below are for your social security account. This account is used in figuring any benefits, based on your earnings, payable to you, your dependents, and your survivors. Fill in each item accurately and completely.

SCHEDULE SE  
(Form 1040)

U.S. Treasury Department  
Internal Revenue Service

U.S. Report of Self-Employment Income

For crediting to your social security account

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Indicate year covered by this return (even though income was received only in part of year):

A Calendar year 1967 ; or other taxable year beginning \_\_\_\_\_, 1967, ending \_\_\_\_\_  
If less than 12 months, was short year due to (a)  Death, or (b)  Change in accounting period, or (c)  Other.

B BUSINESS ACTIVITIES SUBJECT TO SELF-EMPLOYMENT TAX (Grocery store, restaurant, etc.)

C BUSINESS ADDRESS (number and street, city or post office, State, ZIP code)

D SOCIAL SECURITY NUMBER OF PERSON NAMED IN ITEM E BELOW



\_\_\_\_\_

PRINT OR TYPE NAME OF SELF-EMPLOYED PERSON AS SHOWN ON SOCIAL SECURITY CARD

E PRINT OR TYPE HOME ADDRESS (number and street or rural route)

(City or post office, State, and ZIP code)

PLEASE DO NOT WRITE IN THIS SPACE

F ENTER AMOUNT FROM LINE 6 \$

G ENTER AMOUNT FROM LINE 8(c) IF ANY \$

H ENTER AMOUNT FROM LINE 10 \$

SE

In general, every individual deriving self-employment income from a trade or business or from a partnership is subject to the self-employment tax. This tax must be paid regardless of age and even though the individual is receiving social security benefits.

If you have conscientious objections to social security insurance because you adhere to the established teachings of a religious sect of which you are a member, you may file Form 4029, Application for Exemption from Tax on Self-Employment Income and Waiver of Benefits, to obtain exemption from self-employment tax. If you have filed Form 4029, do not file Schedule C-3; however, write "Exempt—Form 4029" to the left of the entry space on line 15, page 1 of Form 1040.

**Ministers, members of religious orders, and Christian Science practitioners.**—Duly ordained, commissioned, or licensed ministers of churches, members of religious orders (who have not taken a vow of poverty), and Christian Science practitioners are not automatically covered by the Social Security Act, but may elect to be covered by filing Form 2031. Copies are available in the office of any District Director of Internal Revenue. The instructions on the form set out the provisions of the law which permit these forms under certain conditions to be filed to cover ministers, and others mentioned above. Do not delay filing your income tax return beyond the due date even though you have not obtained a Form 2031. In such case, complete this Schedule, file it with Form 1040, together with a dated and signed statement indicating that you desire to be covered under the Social Security Act, and then file Form 2031 as promptly as possible.

Ministers and members of religious orders who elect coverage shall in addition to their other items of income include for the purpose of determining net earnings from self-employment (but not for income tax purposes) the rental value of a parsonage or allowance for the rental value of the parsonage, and the value of meals and lodging furnished them for the convenience of their employers.

**U.S. citizens employed by foreign governments or international organizations.**—A U.S. citizen employed in the United States, Puerto Rico, Guam, American Samoa, or the Virgin Islands by a foreign government, an instrumentality wholly owned by a foreign government, or an international organization which is organized under the International Organizations Immunities Act, is subject to the social security self-employment tax. These employees should report their income from such employment on line 5(e), of this Schedule, compute their self-employment tax, and file the Schedule with their Form 1040. In item B of Schedule SE, enter "Employee of foreign government, etc."

**Farm income.**—Report farm income and net earnings from farm self-employment on Schedules F and F-1 (Form 1040).

#### EXCLUSIONS

Income (or loss) from the following sources and deductions attributable thereto are not taken into account in figuring net earnings from self-employment. Use line 4 to exclude any such amounts reported on separate Schedule C (Form 1040) that should not be taken into account in figuring your self-employment income.

**Christian Science practitioners.**—Income from the performance of service as a Christian Science practitioner, unless such Christian Science practitioner elects by filing Form 2031 to be covered by the Social Security Act, as explained above.

**Religious services.**—Income from the performance of service by a duly ordained, commissioned, or licensed minister of a church in the exercise of his ministry or by a member of a religious order in the exercise of duties required by such order, unless such minister or member of a religious order elects by filing Form 2031 to be covered by the Social Security Act, as explained above.

**Employees and public officials.**—Income (fees, salaries, etc.) from the performance of service as: (a) a public official, including a notary public; (b) an employee or employee representative under the railroad retirement system; or (c) an employee (except as indicated above).

*Note.*—Income of an employee over 18 from the sale of newspapers or magazines to an ultimate consumer is subject to self-employment tax if the income consists of retained profits from such sales.

**Real estate rentals.**—Rentals from real estate, except rentals received in the course of a trade or business as a real estate dealer. This includes cash and crop shares received from a tenant or sharefarmer. These amounts should be reported in Schedule B (Form 1040), Part II. However, rental income from a farm is not excluded if the rental arrangement provides for material participation by the landlord and he does participate materially in the production or in the management of the production of one or more farm products on his land. Such income represents farm earnings and should be reported on separate Schedules F and F-1.

Payments for the use or occupancy of rooms or other space where services are also rendered to the occupant, such as rooms in hotels, boarding houses, apartment houses furnishing hotel services, tourist

camp, or homes, or space in parking lots, warehouses, or storage garages do not constitute rentals from real estate and are included in determining net earnings from self-employment on this Schedule.

**Interest and dividends.**—Dividends on shares of stock, and interest on bonds, debentures, notes, certificates, or other evidences of indebtedness, issued with interest coupons or in registered form by a corporation, or by a government or political subdivision thereof, unless received in the course of a trade or business as a dealer in stocks or securities. Report these amounts on page 2, Part II, Form 1040.

**Property gains and losses.**—Gain or loss: (a) from the sale or exchange of a capital asset; (b) to which sections 631 and 1231 are applicable; or (c) from the sale, exchange, involuntary conversion, or other disposition of property if such property is neither (1) stock in trade or other property of a kind which would properly be includible in inventory if on hand at the close of the taxable year, nor (2) property held primarily for sale to customers in the ordinary course of the trade or business. These amounts should be reported on separate Schedule D (Form 1040).

**Net operating losses.**—No deduction for net operating losses of other years shall be allowed in determining the net earnings from self-employment. Such deduction should be entered as a "minus" figure on Form 1040, page 2, Part II, in "Misc. income."

**MORE THAN ONE TRADE OR BUSINESS.**—If an individual is engaged in more than one trade or business, his net earnings from self-employment are the combined net earnings from self-employment of all his trades or businesses. Thus, the loss sustained in one trade or business will operate to reduce the income derived from another trade or business. An individual shall fill in and file only one Schedule C-3, including Schedule SE, for any one year.

**JOINT RETURNS.**—Where husband and wife file a joint income tax return, Schedule C-3 (Form 1040) should show the name of the one with self-employment income. Where husband and wife each have self-employment income, separate Schedules C and C-3 must be attached for each. In such cases the total of amounts shown on line 27 of each separate Schedule C should be entered on page 2, Part II, line 4, Form 1040, and the aggregate self-employment tax (line 11) Schedule C-3 should be entered on page 1, line 15, Form 1040.

**COMMUNITY INCOME.**—For the purpose of computing net earnings from self-employment, if any of the income from a trade or business is community income, all the income from such trade or business is considered the income of the husband unless the wife exercises substantially all the management and control of the trade or business, in which case all of such income is considered the income of the wife. (Also see instructions on partnerships below.)

If separate income tax returns are filed by husband and wife, Schedules C and C-3 should be attached to the return of the one with self-employment income. Community income included on Schedule C must be allocated between the two returns (on page 2, Part II, line 4, Form 1040) on the basis of the community property laws.

**PARTNERSHIPS.**—In computing his combined net earnings from self-employment, a partner should include his entire share of such earnings from a partnership including any guaranteed payments. No part of that share may be allocated to the partner's wife (or husband) even though the income may, under State law, be community income. In the case of a husband and wife partnership, like other partnerships, the distributive share of each should be entered in Schedule B (Form 1040), Part III, for income tax purposes. For self-employment tax purposes the distributive share of each partner should be entered on line 5(b), of this Schedule (except that farm partnership earnings are to be reported on line 1(b), Schedule F-1 (Form 1040)).

*Note.*—If a member of a continuing partnership dies, a portion of the deceased partner's distributive share of the partnership's ordinary income (or loss) for the taxable year of the partnership in which he died must be included in the partner's net earnings from self-employment. In such cases consult any Internal Revenue Service office as to how to report.

#### SCHEDULE SE (Form 1040)

Schedule SE, which is the lower portion of this Schedule, provides the Social Security Administration with the information on self-employment income necessary for computing benefits.

To assure proper credit to your account, be sure to enter your name and social security number on Schedule SE (Form 1040) exactly as they are shown on your social security card. If you do not have a social security number, you must get one. These account numbers are obtainable from any social security district office. Your local post office will give you the address. Do not delay filing your return beyond the due date.

**Regardless of whether joint or separate returns are filed by husband and wife, Schedule SE (Form 1040) must show only the name of the one with the self-employment income. However, if both had self-employment income, a separate Schedule SE must be filed by each.**