# Form 1120-POL

Department of the Treasury

Internal Revenue Service

# U.S. Income Tax Return for Certain Political Organizations

To be filed by those organizations having taxable income (line 19). (Under Section 527 of the Internal Revenue Code)

1975

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	calendar year 1975 or other taxable year beginning , 1975 and ending			, 19 .			
No	te: If you are a section 501(c) organization and described in instruction A.3, check here	<b>&gt;</b> [	<u></u> .				
r type	Name of organization	imploy tructio	er identif on O)	cation number (see in-			
ise print or	Number and street						
Please	City or town, State and ZIP code						
Ente	er name of candidate 🕨						
	books are in care of ► Telephone No. ►						
	nowtent Fill in all applicable lines and schedules						
Im	portant—Fill in all applicable lines and schedules.		1 1				
	1 Dividends (attach schedule)		1				
	2 Interest on obligations of the United States and U.S. instrumentalities		2				
Income	3 Other interest		3				
20	4 Gross rents		1 1				
	5 Gross royalties		5				
Gross	6 (a) Net capital gains from line 9, Schedule D						
5	(b) Ordinary gain or (loss) from Part II, Form 4797 (attach Form 4797)						
_	7 Other income (see instruction D.3—attach schedule)		<u>  7  </u>				
	8 Total income (add lines 1 through 7)		1				
	9 Salaries and wages		1 1				
	10 Repairs						
	11 Rents						
	12 Taxes (attach schedule)		1 12				
	13 Interest		14				
ous	14 Depreciation		15				
Ĕ	16 Total deductions (add lines 9 through 15)		16				
eductions	17 Taxable income before specific deduction of \$100 (line 8 less line 16). (Section 501(c) organizate						
ے	show: (a) amount of net investment income (line 8 less line 16)						
	gate amount expended for an exempt function (attach schedule)						
	on line 17, the lesser of (a) or (b))		17				
	18 Less specific deduction of \$100 (not allowed for newsletter funds defined under section 527(g		18				
	19 Taxable income (line 17 less line 18)		19				
	20 Total tax (from line 8 of Schedule A)		20				
	21 Credits:						
	(a) Tax deposited with Form 7004 (attach copy)						
×	(b) Tax deposited with Form 7005 (attach copy)						
<u>"</u>	(c) Credit from regulated investment companies (attach Form 2439)		21 -				
	22 Tax due (line 20 less line 21). See instruction I for depositary method of payment		22				
	03 Overmournes / (line 21 less line 20)		23				
Un	23 Overpayment (line 21 less line 20)	of my i	<u>`                                    </u>	nd belief it is true, correct,			
ind.	complete. Declaration of preparer (other than taxpayer) is based on all information of which the preparer has any knowledge.	,		•			
	Date Signature of officer	Titl	 le				
	_						
	Date Signature of individual or firm preparing the return Pre	parer's	address				

Schedule A	—Tax Co	mputation	Schedule						
1 Taxable incor	ne (line 19,	page 1)					. 1		
2 48% of line	1						. 2		
3 Income tax (li	ine 2 or alter	native tax from I	ine 15, Schedu	le D below, whi	chever is lesser)		. 3		
4 (a) Work ince	entive (WIN)	credit (attach Fo	orm 4874) .						
(b) Foreign to	ax credits (at	tach Form 1118	)						
5 Total of lines	4(a) and (b)						. 5		
6 Line 3 less lin	ne 5						. 6		
		rior year WIN cr					. 7		
8 Total tax (add	l lines 6 and	7). Enter here a	nd on line 20,	page 1		<u> </u>	.   8		
Schedule D	—Capital	Gains and	Losses						
Part I Sho	ort-term Ca	pital Gains and	d Losses—As	sets Held 6 N	Months or Less				
a. Kind of proper (Example, 100 s	rty and descrip hares of "Z" C	tion b. Date (mo., d		Date sold ., day, yr.) d.	Gross sales price	e. Cost or other and expense of		f.	Gain or (loss) (d less e)
1							<del></del>		-
			1						
			ļ						
				i					
			<u></u>						
2 Unused capita	al loss carryo	ver (attach com	iputation) .				. 2		
3 Net short-terr	m capital gai	n or (loss)		<u> </u>			. 3		
Part II Lor	ng-term Car	oital Gains and	Losses—As	sets Held Moi	re Than 6 Mont	hs			
	1231 gain fi	om line 4(a)(1)	, Form 4797	· · · · ·	<del></del> .	· · · · · ·	.   4		
5								. <b></b>	
,									
	<b></b>								
			·						
C No. 1					<u>-</u>				
6 Net long-term	<u> </u>			***************************************	• • • • • •	· · · ·	.   6		<del> </del>
Part III Su	mmary of S	chedule D Gair	ns and Losses	<b>.</b>					
			<i>"</i> " • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •				,		
-		• -	•	-	apital loss (line 6)		8		
	_				apital loss (line 3)		·		
					<u> </u>		.   9	<u> </u>	
Part IV Alt	ernative Ta	x Computation	(See Instruc	tions for Sch	edule D)				
		1\					10		
10 Taxable incom	•				0)	· · · · ·	11		
11 Excess of net	_	•	net snort-term	capital loss (III	1e 8)		12		<del></del>
12 Line 10 less							13		
13 30% of line							14		
14 48% of line		12 14) /-					15		
15 Alternative ta									
Schedule K	Record— See In:	of Form 5 struction I)	i03 Federa	I Tax Depo	osits (List D	eposits in (	Order o	of Da	ite Made—
Serial number   of Form 503	Date of deposit	Amount	Serial number of Form 503	Date of deposit	Amount	Serial number of Form 503	Date depos		Amount

So	chedule L.—Balance Sheets	Beginning o	f Taxable Year	End of	Taxable Year
	Assets	(A) Amount	(B) Total	(C) Amount	(D) Total
1	Cash: (a) Savings and interest-bearing accounts				
	(b) Other				<u> </u>
2	Accounts receivable net				
3	Notes receivable net (attach schedule)				
4	Inventories				
5	Government obligations: (a) U.S. and instrumentalities				
	(b) State, subdivisions thereof, etc				
6	Investments in nongovernment bonds, etc, (attach schedule) .				
7	Investments in corporate stocks (attach schedule)				***************************************
8	Loans:				
	(a) Mortgage loans (number of loans >)				
	(b) Other loans (attach schedule)				
	Other investments (attach schedule)				
10	Depreciable (depletable) assets (attach schedule):				
	(a) Held for investment purposes				
	(b) Less accumulated-depreciation				<b>-</b>
	(c) Held for campaign purposes				
	(d) Less accumulated depreciation				
11	Land: (a) Held for investment purposes				
	(b) Held for campaign purposes				
	Other assets (attach schedule)				
13	Total assets				
	Liabilities				
	Accounts payable				
	Contributions, gifts, grants, etc. payable				
	Mortgages and notes payable (attach schedule)				
	Other liabilities (attach schedule)				
10	Total liabilities				
10	Net Worth (Fund Balances) Principal Fund				
13	·				
		1			
20	Income Fund				
	moonic rana				
21	Total Net Worth (Fund Balances)				
	Total liabilities and Net Worth (line 18 plus line 21)				
S	chedule M.—Analysis of Changes in Net V	North			
1	Total net worth at beginning of year-line 21, colum	n B, Schedule L .		1	
2	Enter amount from line 17, page 1			2	
3	Nontaxable income from contributions			3	
4	Nontaxable income from other sources			4	
5	Other increases not included above (itemize)				
				<u>5</u>	-
	Total (add lines 1 through 5)			6	_
	Campaign expenses			7	
	Expenses attributable to other nontaxable income .			_8_	
9	Other decreases not included above (itemize)				
				9	
10	Table of lines 7, 9 and 0			10	-
	Total of lines 7, 8 and 9				_

### **General Instructions**

(References are to the Internal Revenue Code.)

Note: For information regarding filing requirements for taxable years beginning after 1971 and before 1975, political organizations should see Rev. Rul. 74-21, 1974-1, C.B. 14, Rev. Rul. 74-23, 1974-1, C.B. 17 and section 6012(a)(6).

#### A. Who Must File Form 1120-POL.-

- 1. Effective for taxable years beginning after 1974, a political organization, that is, a party, committee, association, fund (including a separate segregated fund (described in section 527(f)(3)) set up by a section 501(c) organization), or other organization, organized and operated primarily for the purpose of accepting contributions or making expenditures or both to influence the selection, nomination, election or appointment of any individual to any public office or office in a political organization, or the election of Presidential or Vice-Presidential electors, must file Form 1120-POL if such organization has any taxable income (defined in C below).
- 2. A newsletter fund (as described in section 527(g)) must file Form 1120-POL if it has political organization taxable income. Taxable income is the same as described in C below with these modifications:
  - (a) the \$100 specific deduction is not allowed and
  - (b) the exempt function shall be only the preparation and circulation of the newsletter.

For further information, see section 527(g).

- 3. (a) Under section 527(f) certain organizations described in section 501(c) and exempt from tax under section 501(a), must file Form 1120-POL if they:
  - (i) expend any amount during the taxable year directly (or through another organization) for an exempt function (defined in E below) and
  - (ii) have taxable income.
- (b) For purposes of a section 501(c) organization, taxable income shall be an amount equal to the lesser of:
  - (i) the aggregate amount expended during the taxable year for an exempt function (defined in E below)
  - (ii) the net investment income of such organization for the taxable year. Net investment income, for this purpose, means the gross amount of interest, dividends, rents, royalties, plus the excess (if any) of gains from the sale or exchange of assets over the losses from the sale or exchange of assets, over the deductions directly connected with the production of this income.

Both of the above amounts are computed by taking into account the modifications described in C.2. below.

Section 501(c) organizations will not take into account items taken into account for purposes of the tax imposed by section 511.

(c) If a section 501(c) organization sets up a separate segregated fund (section 527(f)(3)), the taxable income of such fund will be determined in accordance with instruction C.

For further information, see section 527(f).

B. Tax Imposed.—The tax imposed consists of a normal tax and surtax computed as provided in section 11 as though the political organization were a corporation and as though the political organization taxable income was the taxable income referred to in section 11. The surtax exemption (section 11(d)) is not allowed.

#### C. Taxable Income.-

Note: Campaign contributions are not includible in income; expenditures for campaign purposes are not deductible.

Taxable income is the excess of:

- 1. gross income for the taxable year (excluding any exempt function income which is defined below) over
- 2. the deductions allowed which are directly connected with the production of gross income (excluding exempt function income) computed with the following modifications-
  - (a) a specific deduction of \$100 is allowed,
  - (b) a net operating loss deduction (section 172) is not allowed, and
  - (c) a deduction under part VIII of subchapter B (relating to special deductions for corporations) is not allowed.
- D. Exempt Function Income.—Exempt function income is any amount received
- 1. contributions of money or other property,
- 2. membership dues, fees, or assessments from members of the political organization or
- 3. proceeds from a political fundraising or entertainment event, or proceeds from the sale of political campaign materials, which are not received in the ordinary course of any trade or business,

to the extent such amount is segregated for use only for the exempt function of the political organization.

Income received in the course of an ordinary trade or business is to be included in line 7, "other income," page 1.

E. Exempt Function.—For purposes of section 527, the term "exempt function" means the function of influencing or attempting to influence the selection, nomination, election, or appointment of any individual to any Federal, State, or local public office or office in a political organization, or the election of Presidential or

Vice-Presidential electors, whether or not such individual or electors are selected, nominated, elected or appointed.

F. Where to File.—(Section 501(c) organizations filing Form 1120-POL must file this form with the Philadelphia Service Center.)

If the political organization's main office is located in

Use this address

New Jersey, New York City and Internal Revenue Service counties of Nassau, Rockland, Center Suffolk, and Westchester 1040 Waverly Avenue Holtsville, New York 11799

New York (all other counties), Connecticut, Maine, Massa-chusetts, New Hampshire, Rhode Island, Vermont

Internal Revenue Service Center 310 Lowell Street Andover, Mass. 01812

Alabama, Florida, Georgia, Mississippi, South Carolina

Internal Revenue Service Center 4800 Buford Highway Chamblee, Georgia 30006 Internal Revenue Service

Arkansas, Kansas, Louisiana, New Mexico, Oklahoma, Texas

Michigan, Ohio

Cincinnati, Ohio 45298 Internal Revenue Service Center 3651 S. Interregional

Alaska, Arizona, Colorado, Idaho, Minnesota, Montana, Nebraska, Nevada, North Dakota, Oregon, South Dakota,

Highway Austin, Texas 78740 Internal Revenue Service 1160 West 1200 South Street

Utah, Washington, Wyoming Illinois, Iowa, Missouri, Wisconsin

Internal Revenue Service Center 2306 E. Bannister Road Kansas City, Missouri 64170

Ogden, Utah 84201

California, Hawaii

Internal Revenue Service Center 5045 East Butler Avenue Fresno, California 93888

Indiana, Kentucky, North Carolina, Tennessee, Virginia, West Virginia

Internal Revenue Service Center 3131 Democrat Road Memphis, Tennessee 38110

Delaware, District of Columbia, Maryland, Pennsylvania

Internal Revenue Service Center 11601 Roosevelt Boulevard Philadelphia, Pa.

1120-POL must be filed on or before the 15th day of the 3rd month after the end of the taxable year. You may request an automatic 3-month

G. When to File.—In general, Form

extension of time to file Form 1120-POL by filing Form 7004. Form 7005 may be used to request an

additional extension but only by organizations that have previously obtained an automatic 3-month extension by filing Form 7004.

- H. Period to be Covered by 1975 Return.—File the 1975 return for calendar year 1975 and fiscal years beginning in 1975 and ending in 1976. If the return is for a fiscal year, fill in the taxable year space on the form.
- I. Depositary Method of Tax Payment.—The balance of the tax due (line 22) must be paid in full when the return is filed or in two installments, 50% by the 15th day of the 3rd month and 50% by the 15th day of the 6th month after the end of the taxable year.

Organizations must deposit all income tax payments, accompanied by Federal Tax Deposit Form 503, with an authorized

commercial bank depositary or Federal Reserve bank. Please enter the serial number of Form 503 on your remittance. Do not remit directly to Internal Revenue.

In Schedule K, list all Form 503 deposits that relate to the taxable year for which this return is filed and which were made before or simultaneously with the filing of this return.

Timeliness of deposits will be determined by the date the deposit was received by the commercial bank depositary or Federal Reserve bank.

Form 503 will be mailed to organizations on a cyclical basis depending on the taxable year of the organization. Organizations needing Forms 503 may obtain them from the Internal Revenue Service Center where they will file their returns. The application should include the organization's name, identification number (if any), address, and the taxable year to which the deposits relate.

- J. Change in Accounting Period.—To change your accounting period, see section 1.442–1 of the regulations and Form 1128, Application for Change in Accounting Period.
- K. Accounting Methods.—Taxable income must be computed using the method of accounting regularly used in keeping the organization's books and records. In all cases, the method adopted must clearly reflect taxable income. (See section 446.)

Unless the law specifically permits, you may not change the method of accounting used to report income in prior years (for income as a whole or for any material item) without first obtaining consent on Form 3115, Application for Change in Accounting Method.

- L. Rounding Off to Whole-dollar Amounts.—The money items may be shown as whole-dollar amounts by eliminating any amount less than 50 cents and increasing any amount from 50 cents through 99 cents to the next higher dollar.
- M. Attachments.—You may use attachments if the lines of the form schedules are not sufficient. Enter your name, address and identifying number (if any) on all attachments.
- N. Signature.—The return must be signed by the president, vice president, treasurer, assistant treasurer, chief accounting officer, or any other officer (such as tax officer) authorized to sign.

A receiver, trustee, or assignee must sign any return he is required to file on behalf of an organization.

O. Identifying Number.—All political organizations (including separate segregated funds described in section 527(f)

(3) and newsletter funds) must use an employer identification number. If you do not have an employer identification number for the political organization, apply for one from your Internal Revenue Service Center on Form SS-4, available from any Internal Revenue or Social Security Administration district office.

#### P. Penalties.—

- 1. A political organization that fails to file its tax return by the prescribed due date including any extensions of time for filing may be subject to a penalty of 5% a month, up to a maximum of 25%, for each month the return is not filed.
- 2. A political organization that fails to pay the tax when due may be subject to a penalty of  $\frac{1}{2}$ % a month or fraction of a month, up to a maximum of 25%, for each month the tax is not paid.

The penalties mentioned above are imposed on the net amount due—see section 6651(a)(1) and (2).

The above penalties will not be imposed if the political organization can show that the failure to file or to pay was due to reasonable cause and not to willful neglect.

The penalties are in addition to the interest charge imposed on unpaid tax at a rate established pursuant to section 6621.

- Q. Estimated Tax, Minimum Tax and Investment Credit.—Estimated tax, minimum tax and investment credit do not apply to political organizations defined in section 527.
- R. Financial Statements.—Section 501 (c) organizations do not have to complete Schedules L and M.

## Instructions for Schedule D

This schedule provides for the reporting of sales or exchanges of capital assets. Every sale or exchange of property must be reported even though no gain or loss is indicated.

For reporting sales or exchanges of property other than capital assets including the sale or exchange of property used in a trade or business and involuntary conversions (section 1231), see Form 4797 and related instructions.

Capital Assets.—Each item of property held by a political organization (whether or not connected with a trade or business) is a capital asset except:

- 1. inventoriable assets or property held primarily for sale to customers;
- 2. depreciable or real property used in a trade or business:
- certain copyrights, literary, musical, or artistic compositions, letters or memorandums, or similar property;

- 4. accounts or notes receivable acquired in the ordinary course of trade or business for services rendered or from the sale of property described in (1) above;
- 5. certain short-term Federal, State, and municipal obligations.

Capital Losses.—Capital losses are allowed only to the extent of capital gains. A net capital loss, however, may be carried back three years and forward five as a short-term capital loss. The capital loss may be carried back only to the extent it does not increase or produce a net operating loss in the taxable year to which it is being carried.

Under the provisions of section 6411, a quick refund of the tax overpayment created by the capital loss carryback may be obtained by filing Form 1139.

Basis.—In determining gain or loss, the basis of property will generally be its cost. However, where the political organization receives appreciated property after May 7, 1974, then the basis of this property will be the same as it would be in the hands of the transferor, increased by the amount of gain recognized to the transferor.

Exchange of "Like Kind" Property.—Although no gain or loss is recognized when property held for productive use in a trade or business or for investment (not including stock in trade or other property held primarily for sale, nor stocks, bonds, notes, choses in action, certificates of trust or beneficial interest, or other securities or evidences of indebtedness or interest) is exchanged solely for property of a "like kind" to be held either for productive use in a trade or business or for investment. you must report the transaction on Schedule D or Form 4797, whichever is applicable. If Schedule D is applicable, identify the property disposed of in column (a). Enter the date of acquisition in column (b) and write the date of exchange in column (c). Write "like kind exchange" in column (d) and enter the adjusted basis in column (e). Enter zero in column (f). (See section 1031.)

Alternative Tax Computation.—If you have a "net section 1201 gain" (excess of net long-term capital gain over net short-term capital loss), compute the tax using the alternative method (Part IV) to determine if the resulting tax is less than the tax computed using the regular method. The alternative tax is the sum of:

- 1. a partial tax computed at the 48% rate on the taxable income decreased by the net section 1201 gain and
  - 2. 30% of the net section 1201 gain.