

Election by Small Business Corporation

(As to taxable status under subchapter S of the Internal Revenue Code)

NOTE.—This election under section 1372(a) (with the consent of all your stockholders) to be treated as a "small business corporation" for income tax purposes may be made only if the corporation meets all six of the requirements stated in Instruction A on the reverse.

Name of corporation	Employer identification number	Principal business activity (see instr. E)
Number and street	Election is to be effective for the taxable year beginning (Mo., day, year)	
City or town, State and ZIP code	Number of shares issued and outstanding	
Is the corporation the outgrowth or continuation of any form of predecessor? <input type="checkbox"/> Yes <input type="checkbox"/> No. If "Yes," state name of predecessor, type of organization, and period during which it was in existence.	Date and place of incorporation	

If this election is effective for the first taxable year the corporation is in existence, submit the following information:

Date corporation first had shareholders	Date corporation first had assets	Date corporation began doing business	Annual return will be filed for taxable year ending (Month)
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Name and address (including ZIP code) of each shareholder	Stock		Social Security Number	Internal Revenue Service Center where individual return is filed
	No. of shares	Date(s) acquired (see instr. D)		
1.....				
2.....				
3.....				
4.....				
5.....				
6.....				
7.....				
8.....				
9.....				
10.....				

NOTE.—For this election to be valid, the consent of each stockholder must accompany this form or be shown below. See instruction D. Under penalties of perjury, I declare that this election is duly authorized, and that the statements made are to the best of my knowledge and belief true, correct, and complete statements.

Signature and Title of Officer Date _____, 19.....

Shareholders' statement of consent (May be used in lieu of attachments—see instruction D)

We the undersigned shareholders consent to the election of the above corporation to be treated as a small business corporation under section 1372(a) of the Internal Revenue Code.

Signature of shareholders and date	
1	6
2	7
3	8
4	9
5	10

Purpose

The purpose of this election is to permit the undistributed taxable income of a "small business corporation" to be taxed to the shareholders rather than the corporation. The term "undistributed taxable income" means taxable income (as computed under section 1373(d)

of the Internal Revenue Code) minus the sum of (1) the tax imposed by sections 56 and 1378(a) and (2) the amount of money distributed as dividends out of earnings and profits of the taxable year.

Instructions

A. Corporations eligible to elect.—The election may be made only if the corporation meets all six of the following requirements:

- (1) It is a domestic corporation.
- (2) It has no more than 10 shareholders; however, if stock is held by a husband and wife as joint tenants, tenants by the entirety, or tenants in common, or is community property (or the income from which is community income), it shall be treated as owned by one shareholder.
- (3) It has only individuals or estates as shareholders.
- (4) It has no shareholder who is a nonresident alien.
- (5) It has only one class of stock.
- (6) It is not a member of an affiliated group of corporations (as defined in section 1504 of the Code); however, a corporation shall not be considered a member of an affiliated group during any taxable year by reason of stock owned in another corporation if such other corporation has not begun business before the close of the taxable year and does not have taxable income for the period included in such taxable year.

B. Valid election.—This election shall be valid only if all persons who are shareholders of the corporation on the first day of the corporation's taxable year or on the day of election, whichever is later, consent to such election.

C. Time of making election.—This form must be completed and filed for any taxable year during (a) the first month of such taxable year, or (b) the month preceding such first month.

In the case of a new corporation whose taxable year begins after the first day of a particular month, the term "month" begins with the first day of the taxable year and ends with the day preceding the numerically corresponding day of the succeeding calendar month or, if there is no such corresponding day, with the close of the last day of such succeeding calendar month. For this purpose the first month of a new corporation does not begin until the corporation has shareholders, acquires assets, or begins doing business, whichever is first to occur.

The election shall be effective for the taxable year for which it is made and for all succeeding taxable years unless it is terminated under section 1372(e).

D. Shareholders' statement of consent.—

(1) At the option of shareholders on the date of the election, their signatures may be entered on the consent shown in the lower portion of the election form (2553) filed by the corporation, in place of preparing and attaching the consents described in (2) below. See (2) for instructions regarding who must sign. Spaces on Form 2553 relating to dates the shareholders' stock was acquired need be filled in only for those shareholders using the consent shown on the face.

(2) *In general.*—The consent to the election of the corporation by all shareholders at the date of election (which may be incorporated in one statement) shall be attached to this form unless otherwise shown on the face. In addition to an affirmative statement that

the shareholder consents to the corporate election, the attached statement shall set forth the name and address of the corporation and of the shareholder, the number of shares of stock owned by the shareholder, and the date(s) on which such stock was acquired. The consent must be signed by both the husband and wife if they have a community interest in the stock or the income therefrom, and by each tenant in common, each joint tenant, and each tenant by the entirety. The consent of a minor shall be made by the minor or by his legal guardian, or his natural guardian if no legal guardian has been appointed (even in the case of stock held by a custodian for a minor under a statute patterned after the Uniform Gifts to Minors Act). The consent of an estate shall be made by the executor or administrator thereof. If the election is made before the first day of the corporation's taxable year, the consent of persons who became shareholders after the date of the election and on or before such first day shall be filed with the Internal Revenue Service Center where this election was filed as soon as practicable after such first day but in no event later than the last day prescribed for filing the election, and a copy shall also be filed with Form 1120S.

(3) *New shareholders.*—If a person becomes a shareholder after the first day of the taxable year for which the election is effective, or after the day on which the election is made (if such day is later than the first day of the taxable year), the consent of such shareholder shall be made in a statement filed (with the Internal Revenue Service Center where the election was filed) within the period of 30 days beginning with the day on which such person becomes a new shareholder, and a copy shall also be filed with Form 1120S. If the new shareholder is an estate, the 30-day period shall not begin until the executor or administrator has qualified under local law to perform his duties but in no event shall such period begin later than 30 days following the close of the corporation's taxable year in which the estate became a shareholder. In addition to an affirmative statement that the shareholder consents to the corporate election, the statement of consent shall set forth the name and address of the corporation and of such new shareholder, the number of shares of stock owned by such shareholder, the date on which such shares were acquired, and the name and address of each person from whom such shares were acquired. **Note.**—Failure of a new shareholder to consent to the election within this required period terminates the election, and the corporation must so notify the Internal Revenue Service Center where this form was filed.

(4) *Extension of time.*—If an election would be valid except for the failure of a shareholder to file a timely consent, application for an extension of time to file a shareholder's consent may be made to the Internal Revenue Service Center where this election was filed. See Section 1.1372-3(c), Income Tax Regulations, for the requirements and procedures to be followed in applying for such an extension.

E. Principal business activity.—In reporting the principal business activity give the one business activity that accounts for the largest percentage of "total receipts." "Total receipts" means gross sales and/or gross receipts, plus all other income. State the broad field of business activity as well as the specific

product or service, such as "Mining copper," "Manufacturing cotton broad woven fabric," "Wholesale food," or "Retail apparel."

F. Where to file.—This election is to be filed with the Internal Revenue Service Center where the corporation will file Form 1120S U.S. Small Business Corporation Income Tax Return.

If the corporation's principal business, office or agency is located in

Use this address

New Jersey, New York City and counties of Nassau, Rockland, Suffolk, and Westchester	Internal Revenue Service Center 1040 Waverly Avenue Holtsville, New York 11799
New York (all other counties), Connecticut, Maine, Massachusetts, New Hampshire, Rhode Island, Vermont	Internal Revenue Service Center 310 Lowell Street Andover, Massachusetts 01812
Alabama, Florida, Georgia, Mississippi, South Carolina	Internal Revenue Service Center 4800 Buford Highway Chamblee, Georgia 30006
Michigan, Ohio	Internal Revenue Service Center Cincinnati, Ohio 45298
Arkansas, Kansas, Louisiana, New Mexico, Oklahoma, Texas	Internal Revenue Service Center 3651 S. Interregional Highway Austin, Texas 78740
Alaska, Arizona, Colorado, Idaho, Minnesota, Montana, Nebraska, Nevada, North Dakota, Oregon, South Dakota, Utah, Washington, Wyoming	Internal Revenue Service Center 1160 West 1200 South Street Ogden, Utah 84405
Illinois, Iowa, Missouri, Wisconsin	Internal Revenue Service Center 2306 E. Bannister Road Kansas City, Missouri 64170
California, Hawaii	Internal Revenue Service Center 5045 East Butler Avenue Fresno, California 93730
Indiana, Kentucky, North Carolina, Tennessee, Virginia, West Virginia	Internal Revenue Service Center 3131 Democrat Road Memphis, Tennessee 38110
Delaware, District of Columbia, Maryland, Pennsylvania	Internal Revenue Service Center 11601 Roosevelt Boulevard Philadelphia, Pa. 19155

G. Signature.—This form must be signed either by the president, vice president, treasurer, assistant treasurer, chief accounting officer, or other corporate officer (such as tax officer) who is authorized to sign.

H. Election after termination.—If a corporate election has been terminated under section 1372(e), see section 1372(f) of the Code and Section 1.1372-5, Income Tax Regulations, for the restrictions on eligibility to make a new election.

I. Annual return.—The corporation must file Form 1120S annually and attach thereto a copy of each shareholder's consent which was filed subsequently to this Form 2553.

J. Investment credit property.—Section 47 of the Internal Revenue Code and the regulations thereunder provide that section 38 property (relating to the qualified investment in certain depreciable property which was the basis for a credit against tax) ceases to be section 38 property when a corporation makes a valid election under section 1372 to be an electing small business corporation, and the tax computation provisions of section 47 will apply.

Such corporation and its shareholders may, however, execute the agreement specified in Section 1.47-4(b)(2) of the regulations so that the recapture provisions of Section 1.47-1(a) will not apply to such section 38 property. Refer to section 47 of the Internal Revenue Code and the regulations thereunder.