

Tax on Wagering

(Section 4401 of the Internal Revenue Code)

1 Gross amount of wagers accepted during month (not including lay-offs accepted)	\$
2 Gross amount of lay-off wagers accepted during month (See instructions)	
3 Add lines 1 and 2	
4 Tax (2% of line 3)	
5 Lay-off credits. (No credit allowed unless supported by evidence. See instructions)	(—)
6 Net tax due (subtract line 5 from line 4)	\$

For month of _____ 19 _____

Employer identification number _____

For IRS Use Only

T \$ _____
FF _____
FP _____
I _____
T \$ _____

Your name and address in space below

Under the penalties of perjury I declare that I have examined this return (including any accompanying certificates and statements) and to the best of my knowledge and belief it is true, correct, and complete.

Signature _____ Date _____

Title (Owner, etc.) _____

ORIGINAL.—File this return and your payment with your Internal Revenue Service Center. (See Where to File on back.) Include your employer identification or social security number on your check or money order.

For Paperwork Reduction Act Notice, see back of form.

If your business records are not available at the address shown above, enter address where records are maintained.

(Number and street) (City) (State) (ZIP code)

Instructions

(Section references are to the Internal Revenue Code unless otherwise specified.)

Paperwork Reduction Act Notice.—The Paperwork Reduction Act of 1980 says we must tell you why we are collecting this information, how we will use it, and whether you have to give it to us. We ask for the information to carry out the Internal Revenue laws of the United States. We need it to ensure that you are complying with these laws and to allow us to figure and collect the right amount of tax. You are required to give us this information.

Who Must File.—You must file Form 730 and pay the 2% tax on wagers under section 4401(a) if you:

- Are in the business of accepting wagers, or
- Conduct a wagering pool or lottery.

You must also be registered under section 4412. See Form 11-C, Special Tax Return and Application for Registry-Wagering. If you are registered under section 4412 and receive wagers for or on behalf of another person but fail to register that person's name and address, you then become liable for the tax and must file Form 730.

What Is Taxed.—This return covers most wagers and lotteries, including the following:

- Wagers on a sports event or contest placed with a person engaged in the business of accepting wagers.
- Wagers placed in a wagering pool on a sports event or contest, if the pool is conducted for profit.
- Wagers placed in a lottery conducted for profit.

The tax applies only to wagers accepted in the United States or placed by a person who is in the United States, with a person who is a U.S. citizen or resident.

The return covers lotteries including the numbers game, policy, and similar types of wagering. It does not include the following:

- Games in which all persons placing wagers in the game are present when wagers are placed, winners are determined, and prizes or other property is distributed.
- Drawings conducted by an organization exempt from tax under sections 501 and 521, as long as the net proceeds of the drawing do not benefit a private shareholder or individual.

What Is Not Taxed.—The tax is not imposed on the following:

- Parimutuel wagering, including horse racing, dog racing, and jai-alai, where it is licensed under State law.
- Coin-operated devices, such as pinball machines.
- Sweepstakes, wagering pools, or lotteries conducted by an agency of a State, if the wager is placed with the State agency or its authorized agents or employees.

When to File.—You must file a return on Form 730 each month by the last day of the month following the month for which you are reporting taxable wagers. (However, if it becomes necessary, IRS may be granted authority to require a return to be filed and tax to be paid immediately.) IRS will not send you a notice that a return is due. File a return whether or not you have taxable wagers to report. If you have none to report, write "None" on the return.

Where to File.—File Form 730 with the Internal Revenue Service Center for the State where your office or principal place of business is located. If you do not have an office or principal place of business but you are a

(Continued on back of duplicate copy)

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4 Tax (2% of line 3)	
5 Lay-off credits. (No credit allowed unless supported by evidence. See instructions)	(—)
6 Net tax due (subtract line 5 from line 4)	\$

For month of _____ 19 _____

Employer identification number _____

Your name and address in space below

For IRS Use Only

T \$	_____
FF	_____
FP	_____
I	_____
T \$	_____

Important.—File this return with your Internal Revenue Service Center and **NOT** with the Commissioner of Internal Revenue at Washington, D.C. Make your check or money order payable to the Internal Revenue Service. If you have nothing to report, write "None" on this form and return it to your Internal Revenue Service Center. If this is a final return write "FINAL RETURN."

Section 301.6091-1(c) of the IRC regulations defines hand-carried returns that may be filed with your District Director or at a permanent post of duty.

DUPLICATE RETURN.—Keep this copy for your records.

YOUR COPY

Instructions (Continued)

United States resident, file with the service center for the State where you are a resident. If you do not have an office, principal place of business, or residence in the United States, file with the Internal Revenue Service Center, Philadelphia, PA 19255. You may also hand-carry your return to the District Director's office or to any permanent post of duty within your Internal Revenue district.

Completing the Form.—In the appropriate spaces enter the month this form pertains to and your employer identification number. Also, be sure to enter your name and address, and sign and date the return.

Line 1.—Enter the gross amount of wagers accepted during the month. (See line 2 for lay-off wagers.) Include all charges connected with placing the wager. If you can prove that the person placing the wager has paid a separate charge equal to the tax, do not include that amount in the amount of the wager.

Line 2.—Enter the gross amount of any lay-off wagers you accepted from someone else during the month. Keep a copy of the

certificate you give the person making the lay-off wager. See regulations section 44.6419-2 for a sample and suggested format for certificate information.

Line 5.—Enter any credit you claim for a tax you paid or owe on any wager that is laid off with someone else liable for the tax. To claim the credit you must attach a full explanation of the reason for claiming the credit, attach certificates to support the laid off wagers, and a statement about whether a previous claim for refund for any part of this amount has been filed. The statement must show the following: (a) each amount making up the total credit; (b) the monthly return on which you reported the tax; (c) the date of the payment; and (d) the amount chargeable to each month if the tax was paid for more than one month.

Keep a complete record of all credits for at least 3 years from the date the credit was taken. You are not allowed interest on any credit.

Instead of taking the credit you may file a claim for refund on Form 843, Claim. If you do, you will have to supply the same information to support the credit.

Records.—Keep a complete and detailed

record of all taxes paid for at least 3 years from the date the tax is due. Also keep duplicate copies of the returns. These records must be available to IRS at all times.

Penalties and Interest.—Avoid penalties and interest by correctly filing returns and paying the tax when due. The law provides a penalty of from 5% to 25% of the unpaid tax for late filing of the return, and 1/2 of 1% of the unpaid amount each month or fraction of a month for taxes not paid when due, with a total maximum of 25% of the unpaid amount.

Disclosure of Information on Wagering Taxes.—Except for administering or enforcing Internal Revenue taxes, neither the Treasury Department nor any of its employees may disclose documents, records, or information obtained through them which a taxpayer supplies in connection with wagering taxes. Except in administering or enforcing Internal Revenue taxes, certain documents related to wagering taxes and information obtained through them which relates to wagering taxes may not be used against the taxpayer in any criminal proceeding. See section 4424 for more information.