

**WITHHOLDING TAX STATEMENT**  
1955 Federal Taxes Withheld From Wages

**Copy A—For District Director**

Type or print EMPLOYER'S identification number, name, and address above.

SOCIAL SECURITY INFORMATION		INCOME TAX INFORMATION	
\$ Total F.I.C.A. Wages* paid in 1955	\$ F.I.C.A. employee tax withheld, if any	\$ Total Wages* paid in 1955	\$ Federal Income Tax withheld, if any
[_____  L_____		EMPLOYER: See instructions on other side.	

Type or print EMPLOYEE'S social security account no., name, and address above.

\*Before payroll deductions.

09-10-70928-1

**FORM W-2**—U.S. Treasury Department, Internal Revenue Service

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\*Before payroll deductions.

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**FORM W-2**—U.S. Treasury Department, Internal Revenue Service

**TO EMPLOYER:**

1. Prepare this form for each employee (a) from whom income tax has been withheld during the year or (b) whose wages, for purposes of income tax withholding, exceeded the amount of one withholding exemption for any payroll period (even though no income tax was withheld).
2. Fill in—
  - (a) your identification number, name, and address;
  - (b) total wages paid (before payroll deductions) subject to the Federal Insurance Contributions Act. If not subject to F.I.C.A., enter "None" or "O". No F.I.C.A. wage entry need be made if (1) F.I.C.A. wages exactly equal the total wages for income tax withholding purposes, or (2) F.I.C.A. wages are \$4,200 and the total wages for income tax withholding purposes exceed \$4,200;
  - (c) total amount of F.I.C.A. employee tax deducted and withheld, if any (but if there was an adjustment in 1955 to correct the tax for a prior year enter the amount withheld in

1955 increased by the adjustment for an over-collection or decreased by the adjustment for an under-collection). If F.I.C.A. wages were paid but no employee tax was deducted, enter "None" or "O";

- (d) total wages, for purposes of income tax withholding, paid before any payroll deductions;
  - (e) the amount of income tax deducted and withheld, if any; and
  - (f) the employee's social security account number, name, and address.
3. Give copies B and C to the employee (a) on or before January 31 following the calendar year if the employee is in your employ at the close of such year, or (b) within 30 days after the last payment of wages, if his employment is terminated before the close of such year.
  4. Forward copy A to the District Director of Internal Revenue in accordance with the instructions printed on Form 941, Employer's Quarterly Federal Tax Return.

U. S. GOVERNMENT PRINTING OFFICE e9-16-70928-1

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**Copy B—For Employee's Tax Return**

Type or print EMPLOYER'S identification number, name, and address above.

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		EMPLOYEE: See instructions on other side.	

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**FORM W-2**—U. S. Treasury Department, Internal Revenue Service

**WITHHOLDING TAX STATEMENT**  
1955 Federal Taxes Withheld From Wages

**Copy B—For Employee's Tax Return**

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\*Before payroll deductions.

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**FORM W-2**—U. S. Treasury Department, Internal Revenue Service

**NOTICE TO EMPLOYEE:**

1. **Social Security Wages.**—If your wages were subject to Social Security taxes, but are not shown, your Social Security wages are the same as wages shown under "INCOME TAX INFORMATION," but not more than \$4,200.
2. **Income Tax Wages.**—This statement is important. It must be filed with your U. S. Income Tax Return for 1955. If your account number, name, or address is stated incorrectly, notify your employer.
3. **Credit For F.I.C.A. Tax.**—If more than \$84 of F.I.C.A. (Social Security) employee tax was withheld during 1955 because you received wages from more than one employer, the excess should be claimed as a credit against income tax. See instructions with your income tax return.

U. S. GOVERNMENT PRINTING OFFICE 69-16-70928-1

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U. S. GOVERNMENT PRINTING OFFICE 69-16-70928-1

# WITHHOLDING TAX STATEMENT

1955 Federal Taxes Withheld From Wages

*Copy C—For Employee's Records*

Type or print EMPLOYER'S identification number, name, and address above.

SOCIAL SECURITY INFORMATION		INCOME TAX INFORMATION	
\$ Total F.I.C.A. Wages* paid in 1955	\$ F.I.C.A. employee tax withheld, if any	\$ Total Wages* paid in 1955	\$ Federal Income Tax withheld, if any
<b>NOTICE:</b> If your wages were subject to Social Security taxes, but are not shown, your Social Security wages are the same as wages shown under "INCOME TAX INFORMATION," but not more than \$4,200. Keep this copy as part of your tax records.			

Type or print EMPLOYEE'S social security account no., name, and address above.

\*Before payroll deductions.

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**FORM W-2**—U. S. Treasury Department, Internal Revenue Service

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**FORM W-2**—U. S. Treasury Department, Internal Revenue Service

## INSTRUCTIONS FOR FILING U. S. INCOME TAX RETURN

**Who Must File.**—If your income in 1955 was \$600 or more (\$1,200 if 65 years of age or over), you must file an income tax return either on Form 1040 or Form 1040A. Copies of these forms may be obtained from the District Director of Internal Revenue, your employer, bank, or post office.

A single person with income of less than \$600 (\$1,200 if 65 years of age or over) should file a return to get a refund if tax was withheld. A married person with income less than her (his) own personal exemption(s) should always file a joint return with husband or wife to get the smaller tax or larger refund for the couple.

**Filing on Form 1040.**—All taxpayers may use Form 1040. Taxpayers who have (1) wages not subject to withholding, taxable dividends and interest, in an amount of more than \$100, (2) income from any other source, such as rents, annuities, etc., (3) income of \$5,000 or more, or (4) the status of head of a household, widow or widower, and wish to claim the benefits granted such individuals, must use Form 1040. Also, it will generally be to your advantage to file Form 1040 if your deductions amount to more than 10 percent of your income, or if you wish to deduct from your wages, travel, transportation, reimbursed expenses, or business expenses of an outside salesman, or

to claim credits against tax with respect to dividends or retirement income.

**Filing on Form 1040A.**—Form 1040A may be used by an individual if the total income was less than \$5,000 and (1) consisted entirely of wages which were subject to withholding and which were reported on Withholding Tax Statements (Forms W-2) or (2) consisted of such wages and not more than \$100 total of other wages, taxable dividends and interest.

If you file Form 1040A the Internal Revenue Service will compute the tax from the table provided by law which allows about 10 percent of your total income for charitable contributions, interest, taxes, casualty losses, medical expenses, and miscellaneous items. If tax is overpaid, a refund check will be sent. If tax is underpaid, a bill will be sent.

**Joint Returns of Married Couples.**—To assure any benefit of the split-income provisions, a married couple should file a joint income tax return. All married couples who are eligible to file a joint return may use Form 1040. Only married couples whose combined incomes meet the requirements may use Form 1040A.

U. S. GOVERNMENT PRINTING OFFICE 69-16-70928-1

## INSTRUCTIONS FOR FILING U. S. INCOME TAX RETURN

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to claim credits against tax with respect to dividends or retirement income.

**Filing on Form 1040A.**—Form 1040A may be used by an individual if the total income was less than \$5,000 and (1) consisted entirely of wages which were subject to withholding and which were reported on Withholding Tax Statements (Forms W-2) or (2) consisted of such wages and not more than \$100 total of other wages, taxable dividends and interest.

If you file Form 1040A the Internal Revenue Service will compute the tax from the table provided by law which allows about 10 percent of your total income for charitable contributions, interest, taxes, casualty losses, medical expenses, and miscellaneous items. If tax is overpaid, a refund check will be sent. If tax is underpaid, a bill will be sent.

**Joint Returns of Married Couples.**—To assure any benefit of the split-income provisions, a married couple should file a joint income tax return. All married couples who are eligible to file a joint return may use Form 1040. Only married couples whose combined incomes meet the requirements may use Form 1040A.

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If you file Form 1040A the Internal Revenue Service will compute the tax from the table provided by law which allows about 10 percent of your total income for charitable contributions, interest, taxes, casualty losses, medical expenses, and miscellaneous items. If tax is overpaid, a refund check will be sent. If tax is underpaid, a bill will be sent.

**Joint Returns of Married Couples.**—To assure any benefit of the split-income provisions, a married couple should file a joint income tax return. All married couples who are eligible to file a joint return may use Form 1040. Only married couples whose combined incomes meet the requirements may use Form 1040A.

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1955 Federal Taxes Withheld From Wages

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EMPLOYER: This copy is provided for your convenience in keeping your withholding records.

Type or print EMPLOYEE'S social security account no., name, and address above.

\*Before payroll deductions.

60-16-70928-1 GPO

**FORM W-2**—U. S. Treasury Department, Internal Revenue Service

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