**What Is Form W-4P?** This form is for recipients of income from annuity, pension, and certain other deferred compensation plans to tell payers whether income tax is to be withheld and on what basis. Your options depend on whether the payment is periodic, nonperiodic, or an eligible rollover distribution as explained on page 3.

You also can use this form to choose (a) to have no income tax withheld from the payment (except for eligible rollover distributions or payments to U.S. citizens delivered outside the United States or its possessions) or (b) to have an additional amount of tax withheld.

**What Do I Need To Do?** Complete lines A through F of the worksheet. If you want no tax to be withheld, you can skip the worksheet below and go directly to the form at the bottom of this page.

**Sign This Form:** Form W-4P is not considered valid unless you sign it.

**Other Income?** If you have a large amount of income from other sources not subject to withholding (such as interest, dividends, or taxable social security), you should consider making estimated tax payments using Form 1040-ES, Estimated Tax for Individuals. Call 1-800-829-3676 for copies of Form 1040-ES, and Pub. 505, Tax Withholding and Estimated Tax.

**When Should I File?** File as soon as possible to avoid underwithholding problems.

---

**Additional Amount Withheld**

3

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**Cut here and give the certificate to the payer of your pension or annuity. Keep the top portion for your records.**

---

**Personal Allowances Worksheet**

<p>| | |</p>
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th></th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>
| A | Enter “1” for yourself if no one else can claim you as a dependent. 
   | You are single and have only one pension; or 
   | You are married, have only one pension, and your spouse has no income subject to withholding; or 
   | Your income from a second pension or a job, or your spouse’s pension or wages (or the total of all) is $1,000 or less.   | A |
| B | Enter “1” if: 
   | You are single and have only one pension; or 
   | You are married, have only one pension, and your spouse has no income subject to withholding; or 
   | Your income from a second pension or a job, or your spouse’s pension or wages (or the total of all) is $1,000 or less.   | B |
| C | Enter “1” for your spouse. You may choose to enter 0 if you are married and have either a spouse who has income subject to withholding or you have more than one source of income subject to withholding. (This may help you avoid having too little tax withheld.)   | C |
| D | Enter number of dependents (other than your spouse or yourself) you will claim on your return   | D |
| E | Enter “1” if you will file as a head of household on your tax return   | E |
| F | Add lines A through E and enter total here. 
   | If you plan to itemize or claim other deductions and want to reduce your withholding, use the Deductions and Adjustments Worksheet on page 2. Caution: At the time this form was printed, Congress was considering legislation that would allow you to claim additional withholding allowances. See Pub. 553, Highlights of 1995 Tax Law Changes. 
   | If you have more than one source of income subject to withholding or a spouse with income subject to withholding AND your combined earnings from all sources exceed $30,000 ($50,000 if married filing jointly), use the Multiple Pensions/More Than One Income Worksheet on page 2 if you want to avoid having too little tax withheld. 
   | If neither situation applies, stop here and enter the number from line F above on line 2 of Form W-4P below.   | F |

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**Withholding Certificate for Pension or Annuity Payments**

**Form W-4P**

Department of the Treasury Internal Revenue Service

<p>| | |</p>
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th></th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Type or print your full name</td>
<td>Your social security number</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Home address (number and street or rural route)</td>
<td>Claim or identification number (if any) of your pension or annuity contract</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>City or town, state, and ZIP code</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Complete the following applicable lines:**

1. I elect not to have income tax withheld from my pension or annuity. (Do not complete lines 2 or 3.)

2. I want my withholding from each periodic pension or annuity payment to be figured using the number of allowances and marital status shown. (You may also designate a dollar amount on line 3.)

3. I want the following additional amount withheld from each pension or annuity payment. Note: For periodic payments, you cannot enter an amount here without entering the number (including zero) of allowances on line 2.

---

Your signature   

Date   

1996
Form W-4P (1996)

Deductions and Adjustments Worksheet

NOTE: Complete only if you plan to itemize deductions or claim adjustments to income on your 1996 tax return.

1. Enter an estimate of your 1996 itemized deductions. These include qualifying home mortgage interest, charitable contributions, state and local taxes (but not sales taxes), medical expenses in excess of 7.5% of your income, and miscellaneous deductions in excess of 2% of your income. (For 1996, you may have to reduce your itemized deductions if your income is over $117,950 ($58,975 if married filing separately). Get Pub. 919 for details.)

$6,700 if married filing jointly or qualifying widow(er)
$5,900 if head of household
$4,000 if single
$3,350 if married filing separately

2. Subtract line 2 from line 1. If line 2 is greater than line 1, enter -0-

3. Enter estimate of your 1996 income not subject to withholding (such as dividends or interest income)

4. Add lines 3 and 4 and enter the total

5. Enter an estimate of your 1996 income subject to withholding (such as dividends or interest income)

6. Subtract line 6 from line 5. Enter the result, but not less than zero

7. Divide by $2,500 and enter the result here. Drop any fraction

8. Enter the number from Personal Allowances Worksheet, line F, on page 1

9. Add lines 8 and 9 and enter the total here. If you plan to use the Multiple Pensions/More Than One Income Worksheet, also enter this total on line 1 below. Otherwise stop here and enter this total on Form W-4P, line 2, on page 1

Multiple Pensions/More Than One Income Worksheet

NOTE: Complete only if the instructions under line F on page 1 direct you here. This applies if you (and your spouse if married filing a joint return) have more than one source of income subject to withholding (such as more than one pension, or a pension and a job, or you have a pension and your spouse works).

1. Enter the number from line F on page 1 (or from line 10 above if you used the Deductions and Adjustments Worksheet)

2. Find the number in Table 1 below that applies to the LOWEST paying pension or job and enter it here

3. If line 1 is GREATER THAN OR EQUAL TO line 2, subtract line 2 from line 1. Enter the result here (if zero, enter -0-) and on Form W-4P, line 2, page 1. Do not use the rest of this worksheet

4. If line 1 is LESS THAN line 2, enter -0- on Form W-4P, line 2, page 1, and enter the number from line 2 of this worksheet here

5. Enter the number from line 1 of this worksheet

6. Subtract line 5 from line 4 and enter the result here

7. Find the amount in Table 2 below that applies to the HIGHEST paying pension or job and enter it here

8. Multiply line 7 by 6 and enter the result here

9. Divide line 8 by the number of pay periods in each year. (For example, divide by 12 if you are paid every month.) Enter the result here and on Form W-4P, line 3, page 1. This is the additional amount to be withheld from each payment

Table 1: Multiple Pensions/More Than One Income Worksheet

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Married Filing Jointly</th>
<th>All Others</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>If amounts from LOWEST paying pension or job is—</td>
<td>Enter on line 2 above</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>0 - $3,000</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3,001 - 6,000</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>6,001 - 11,000</td>
<td>2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>11,001 - 16,000</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>16,001 - 21,000</td>
<td>4</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>21,001 - 27,000</td>
<td>5</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>27,001 - 31,000</td>
<td>6</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>31,001 - 34,000</td>
<td>7</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>34,001 - 39,000</td>
<td>8</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Table 2: Multiple Pensions/More Than One Income Worksheet

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Married Filing Jointly</th>
<th>All Others</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>If amounts from HIGHEST paying pension or job is—</td>
<td>Enter on line 7 above</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>0 - $50,000</td>
<td>$380</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>50,001 - 100,000</td>
<td>710</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>100,001 - 130,000</td>
<td>790</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>130,001 - 240,000</td>
<td>920</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>240,001 and over</td>
<td>1,010</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Withholding From Pensions and Annuities

Generally, withholding applies to payments made from pension, profit-sharing, stock bonus, annuity, and certain deferred compensation plans; from individual retirement arrangements (IRAs); and from commercial annuities. The method and rate of withholding depends on the kind of payment you receive. Also, because your tax situation may change from year to year, you may want to refigure your withholding each year.

You can change the amount of tax to be withheld by using lines 2 and 3 of Form W-4P. You can also exempt the payments from withholding by using line 1 of Form W-4P. This exemption from withholding does not apply to eligible rollover distributions (discussed later). Also, the exemption does not apply to certain recipients who have payments delivered outside the United States or its possessions. See Exemption From Withholding—Payments Outside the United States later.

Caution: There are penalties for not paying enough tax during the year, either through withholding or estimated tax payments. New retirees, especially, should see Pub. 505. It explains the estimated tax requirements and penalties in detail. You may be able to avoid quarterly estimated tax payments by having enough tax withheld from your pension or annuity using Form W-4P.

Periodic payments from any plan noted earlier are treated as wages for the purpose of withholding. A periodic payment is one that is includible in your income for tax purposes. You must receive the payment in installments at regular intervals over a period of more than 1 full year from the starting date of the pension or annuity. The intervals can be annual, quarterly, monthly, etc.

Unless you tell your payer otherwise, tax must be withheld on periodic payments as if you’re married and claiming three withholding allowances. This means that tax will be withheld if your pension or annuity is more than $1,173 a month (or $14,075 a year).

There are some kinds of periodic payments for which you cannot use Form W-4P since they are already defined as wages subject to income tax withholding. Retirement pay for service in the U.S. Armed Forces generally falls into this category. Certain nonqualified deferred compensation plans and state and local deferred compensation plans described in section 457 also fall into this category. Your payer should be able to tell you whether Form W-4P will apply. Social security payments are not subject to withholding but may be includible in income.

For periodic payments, your certificate stays in effect until you change or revoke it. Your payer must notify you each year of your right to elect to have no tax withheld or to revoke your election.

Nonperiodic payments will have income tax withheld at a flat 10% rate (but see Eligible rollover distribution below).

Distributions from an IRA that are payable on demand are treated as nonperiodic payments. You can elect to have no income tax withheld from a nonperiodic payment by filing Form W-4P with the payer and checking the box on line 1. Generally, your election to have no tax withheld will apply to any later payment from the same plan. You cannot use line 2 for nonperiodic payments. But you may use line 3 to specify that an additional amount be withheld.

Eligible rollover distribution. You do not have the option of claiming exemption from withholding for eligible rollover distributions from qualified pension or annuity plans (e.g., 401(k) pension plans) or tax-sheltered annuity plans. See Pub. 505 for more details. Tax will be withheld from an eligible rollover distribution at a flat 20% rate, unless you elect to have more withheld by filing a Form W-4P with the plan administrator. However, no tax will be withheld if the entire distribution is transferred by the plan administrator in a direct rollover to an IRA or qualified pension or tax-sheltered annuity plan. Since you are no longer entitled to claim exemption from withholding on eligible rollover distributions from such plans, do not file Form W-4P with your plan administrator unless you choose to have more than 20% withheld.

Exemption From Withholding—Payments Outside the United States

The election to be exempt from income tax withholding does not apply to any periodic payment or nonperiodic distribution made to a U.S. citizen or resident alien that is delivered outside the United States or its possessions.

Other recipients who have these payments delivered outside the United States or its possessions can elect exemption only if an individual certifies to the payer that the individual is not (1) a U.S. citizen or resident alien or (2) an individual to whom section 877 of the Internal Revenue Code applies (concerning expatriation to avoid tax). The certification must be made in a statement to the payer under the penalties of perjury.

A nonresident alien who elects exemption from withholding under section 3405 is subject to withholding under section 1441.

Revoking the Exemption From Withholding

If you want to revoke your previously filed exemption from withholding for periodic payments, file another Form W-4P with the payer. If you want tax withheld at the rate set by law (married with three allowances), write “Revoked” by the checkbox on line 1 of the form. If you want tax withheld at any different rate, complete line 2 on the form.

If you want to revoke your previously filed exemption for nonperiodic payments, write “Revoked” by the checkbox on line 1 and file Form W-4P with the payer.

Statement of Income Tax Withheld From Your Pension or Annuity

By January 31 of next year, you will receive a statement from your payer showing the total amount of your pension or annuity payments and the total income tax withheld during the year.