Instructions for Form SS-4 (Rev. November 1985)
Application for Employer Identification Number

General Instructions

Paperwork Reduction Act Notice.—We ask for this information to carry out the Internal Revenue laws of the United States. We need it to ensure that taxpayers are complying with these laws. You are required to give us this information.

Purpose.—Use this form to apply for an employer identification number (EIN). Return both parts of this form to the Internal Revenue Service. You will receive your EIN on the mailing label on this form.

Who Must File.—You must file this form if you have not obtained an EIN before and:
(a) You pay wages to one or more employees;
(b) You are required to have an EIN to use on any return, statement, or other document, even if you are not an employer; or
(c) You are required to withhold taxes on income, other than wages, paid to a nonresident alien (individual, corporation, partnership, etc.). If you are applying for an EIN as a withholding agent, on line 12 check "Other" and write in "New Withholding Agent."

Also, in the space to the far right of line 20, enter the date you will begin paying income to a nonresident alien.

Individuals who file Schedules C or F (Form 1040) must use EINs if they are required to file excise, employment, or alcohol, tobacco, or firearms returns.

Individuals who file Form 1042 to report income paid (such as alimony) to nonresident aliens must also have EINs and should follow the instructions in (c) above.

The following entities must use EINs even if they do not have any employees:
- Trusts (not IRA trusts)
- Estates
- Corporations
- Partnerships
- Nonprofit organizations (churches, clubs, etc.)
- Plan administrators

New Owner.—If you have become the new owner of an existing business, you cannot use the EIN of the former owner. If you already have an EIN, use that number. If you do not have an EIN, apply for one on this form.

Incorporated.—If you have incorporated a sole proprietorship or formed a partnership, you must get a new EIN for the corporation or partnership.

File Only One SS-4.—File only one Form SS-4, regardless of the number of businesses operated or the number of trade names a business operates under.

However, each corporation of an affiliated group must file a separate application.

If you do not have a number by the time a return is due, write "Applied for" and the date you applied in the space shown for the number. If you do not have a number by the time a tax deposit is due, send your payment to the Internal Revenue Service Center where you file your returns. Make it payable to IRS and show on it your name (as shown on Form SS-4), address, kind of tax, period covered, and date you applied for an EIN.

For more information about EINs, see Publication 583, Information for Business Taxpayers.

When To File.—File both parts of this form early enough to allow time for us to process Form SS-4 and to send you an EIN before you need the number for a return or deposit. If possible, file 4 weeks before you will need the number. Make sure you sign and date the application.

Where To File.—If your principal business, office or agency, or legal residence in the case of an individual, is located in:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>State</th>
<th>Service Center Address</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Alabama, Florida</td>
<td>Atlanta, GA 31101</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Georgia, Mississippi</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>South Carolina</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>New Jersey, New York</td>
<td>Hollstville, NY 00501</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>City and New York counties</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>of Nassau, Rockland</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Suffolk, and Westchester</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Connecticut, New York</td>
<td>Andover, MA 05501</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>(all other counties)</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Maine, Massachusetts</td>
<td></td>
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<tr>
<td>Minnesota, New Hampshire</td>
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<tr>
<td>Rhode Island, Vermont</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Illinois, Iowa</td>
<td>Kansas City, MO 64999</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Missouri, Wisconsin</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Delaware, District of Columbia, Maryland, Pennsylvania</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Kentucky, Michigan, Ohio, West Virginia</td>
<td>Cincinatti, OH 45999</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Kansas, Louisiana, New Mexico, Oklahoma, Texas</td>
<td>Austin, TX 73301</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>California (all other counties)</td>
<td>Fresno, CA 93888</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Hawaii</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Arkansas, Indiana, North Carolina, Tennessee, Virginia, Memphis, TN 37501</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

If you have no legal residence, principal place of business, or principal office or agency in any Internal Revenue District, file your return with the Internal Revenue Service Center, Philadelphia, PA 19255.

Specific Instructions

The instructions that follow are for those lines that are not self-explanatory for certain entities. Enter N/A for nonapplicable items.

Lines 1, 2, 4, and 5.

Sole proprietors.—On line 1, enter your first name, middle initial, and last name. On line 2, enter your social security number and, if you have a trade name for business purposes, enter it on line 4.

Partnerships.—On line 1, enter the legal name of the partnership as it appears in the partnership agreement. On line 4, enter the trade name, if any, and if different than the legal name. On line 5, enter the first name, middle initial, and last name of a general partner. A general partner should sign this form.

Corporations.—On line 1, enter the corporate name as set forth in the corporation's charter or other legal document creating it. On line 4, enter the trade name, if any, and if different than the legal name. On line 5, enter the first name, middle initial, and last name of the president. The president should sign this form.

Trusts.—On line 1, enter the name of the trust. On line 4, enter the name of the trustee and on line 5, enter the first name, middle initial, and last name of the administrator. A principal officer should sign this form.

Estates of a decedent, insolvent, etc.—On line 1, enter the name of the estate. On line 4, enter the first name, middle initial, and last name of the administrator or other fiduciary. The administrator or other fiduciary should sign this form.

Plan administrators.—On line 1, enter the name of the plan administrator. Items 2, 4, and 5 are not applicable. A plan administrator that has already been assigned an EIN for other purposes (such as the filing of income or employment tax returns) should use that same number for plan administration purpose and should not apply for another number.

Line 3.—If you have not yet established an accounting year, write "not established" on line 3 and notify your IRS Service Center when you establish an accounting year. (Be sure to include your employer identification number when you write.)

Line 10.—Note the following before you check one of the boxes:

Governmental.—This box is for an organization that is a state, county, school district, municipality, etc., or one that is related to such entities, such as a county hospital or city library.
Nonprofit organization (other than governmental).—This box is for religious, charitable, scientific, literary, educational, humane, or fraternal, etc., organizations. Generally, a nonprofit organization must apply to IRS for an exemption from Federal income tax. Details on how to apply are in Publication 557, Tax-Exempt Status for Your Organization.

Plan administrator.—The term plan administrator means the person or group of persons specified as the administrator by the instrument under which the plan is operated.

Line 13.—For trusts, enter the date the trust was legally created.

For estates, enter the date of death of the decedent whose name appears on line 1.

Line 14.—Describe the principal business engaged in. See the examples that follow.

(a) Governmental.—State the type of governmental organization (whether it is a state, county, school district, municipality, etc.) or its relationship to such entities (for example, a county hospital, city library, etc.).

(b) Nonprofit (other than governmental).—State whether it is organized for religious, charitable, scientific, literary, educational, or humane purposes, and state the principal activity (for example, religious organization—hospital; charitable organization—home for the aged; etc.).

(c) Mining and quarrying.—State the process and the principal product (for example, mining bituminous coal, contract drilling for oil, quarrying dimension stone, etc.).

(d) Contract construction.—State whether it is general contracting or special trade contracting, and show the type of work normally performed (for example, general contractor for residential buildings, electrical subcontractor, etc.).

(e) Trade.—State the type of sale and the principal line of goods sold (for example, wholesale dairy products, manufacturer's representative for mining machinery, retail hardware, etc.).

(f) Manufacturing.—State the type of establishment operated (for example, sawmill, vegetable cannery, etc.). On line 19 state the principal product manufactured and the raw material used.

(g) Other activities.—State the exact type of business operated (for example, advertising agency, farm, labor union, real estate agency, steam laundry, rental of coin-operated vending machines, investment club, etc.).

Line 16.—For classification purposes, employees are divided into three categories:

- Nonagricultural employees
- Agricultural employees
- Household employees.

Enter in the appropriate category the peak number of employees you expect in the next 12 months. If you do not expect to have any, please enter "0" in all three categories.

Line 17.—Check the "yes" box if the business has more than one location.

Line 18.—Please check the N/A (nonapplicable) box if your business activity is not the selling of products or services.