Child Tax Credit
For use in preparing 2013 Returns

Future Developments
For the latest information about developments related to Publication 972, such as legislation enacted after it was published, go to www.irs.gov/pub972.

Reminder
Photographs of missing children. The Internal Revenue Service is a proud partner with the National Center for Missing and Exploited Children. Photographs of missing children selected by the Center may appear in this publication on pages that would otherwise be blank. You can help bring these children home by looking at the photographs and calling 1-800-THE-LOST (1-800-843-5678) if you recognize a child.

Introduction
The purpose of this publication is:

1. To figure the child tax credit you claim on Form 1040, line 51; Form 1040A, line 33; or Form 1040NR, line 48; and
2. To figure the amount of earned income you enter on line 4a of Schedule 8812 (Form 1040A or 1040), Child Tax Credit.

This publication is intended primarily for individuals sent here by the instructions to Forms 1040, 1040A, or 1040NR, or Schedule 8812. Even if you were not sent here by the instructions to one of the forms or the schedule, you can still choose to use this publication to figure your credit. However, most individuals can use a simpler worksheet in their tax form instructions.

If you were sent here from your Form 1040, Form 1040A, or Form 1040NR instructions. Complete the Child Tax Credit Worksheet, later in this publication.

If you were sent here from your Schedule 8812 instructions. Complete the 1040 and 1040NR Filers — Earned Income Worksheet, later in this publication.

If you have not read your Form 1040, Form 1040A, or Form 1040NR instructions. Read the explanation of who must use this publication next. If you find that you are not required to use this publication to figure your child tax credit, you can use the simpler worksheet in the Form 1040, Form 1040A, or Form 1040NR instructions to figure your credit.

Who must use this publication. If you answer “Yes” to either of the following questions, you must use this publication to figure your child tax credit.

1. Are you excluding income from Puerto Rico or filing any of the following forms?
2. Are you claiming any of the following credits?
   a. Mortgage interest credit, Form 8917.
   b. Adoption credit, Form 8839.
   c. Residential energy efficient property credit, Form 5695, Part I.
   d. District of Columbia first-time homebuyer credit, Form 8859.

Comments and suggestions. We welcome your comments about this publication and your suggestions for future editions. You can write to us at the following address:

Internal Revenue Service
Tax Forms and Publications Division
1111 Constitution Ave. NW, IR-6526
Washington, DC 20224

We respond to many letters by telephone. Therefore, it would be helpful if you would include your daytime phone number, including the area code, in your correspondence.

You can send your comments from www.irs.gov/formspubs/. Click on “More Information” and then on “Comment on Tax Forms and Publications.”

Although we cannot respond individually to each comment received, we do appreciate your feedback and will consider your comments as we revise our tax products.

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Internal Revenue Service
1201 N. Mitsubishi Motorway
Bloomington, IL 61705-6613

Tax questions. If you have a tax question, check the information available on IRS.gov or call 1-800-829-1040. We cannot answer tax questions sent to either of the above addresses.

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Qualifying Child

A qualifying child for purposes of the child tax credit is a child who:

1. Is your son, daughter, stepchild, foster child, brother, sister, stepbrother, stepsister, or a descendant of any of them (for example, your grandchild, niece, or nephew),
2. Was under age 17 at the end of 2013,
3. Did not provide over half of his or her own support for 2013,
4. Lived with you for more than half of 2013 (see Exceptions to time lived with you, later),
5. Is claimed as a dependent on your return,
6. Does not file a joint return for the year (or files it only as a claim for refund), and
7. Was a U.S. citizen, a U.S. national, or a U.S. resident alien. For more information, see Publication 519, U.S. Tax Guide for Aliens. If the child was adopted, see Adopted child, later.

For each qualifying child, you must either check the box on Form 1040 or Form 1040A, line 6c, column (4); or Form 1040NR, line 7c, column (4).

Example. Your 10-year-old nephew lives in Mexico and qualifies as your dependent. Because he is not a U.S. citizen, U.S. national, or U.S. resident alien, he is not a qualifying child for the child tax credit.

Filers who have certain child dependents with an IRS Individual Taxpayer Identification Number (ITIN). If you are claiming a child tax credit or additional child tax credit for a child identified on your tax return with an ITIN, you must complete Part I of Schedule 8812 (Form 1040A or 1040).

Although a child may be your dependent, you may only claim a child tax credit or additional child tax credit for a dependent who is a citizen, national, or resident of the United States. To be treated as a resident of the United States, a child generally will need to meet the requirements of the substantial presence test. For more information about the substantial presence test, see Publication 519, U.S. Tax Guide for Aliens.

Adopted child. An adopted child is always treated as your own child. An adopted child includes a child lawfully placed with you for legal adoption.

If you are a U.S. citizen or U.S. national and your adopted child lived with you all year as a member of your household in 2013, that child meets condition (7) above to be a qualifying child for the child tax credit.

Exceptions to time lived with you. A child is considered to have lived with you for more than half of 2013 if the child was born or died in 2013 and your home was this child’s home for more than half the time he or she was alive. Temporary absences by you or the child for special circumstances, such as school, vacation, business,
medical care, military service, or detention in a juvenile facility, count as the time the child lived with you.

There are also exceptions for kidnapped children and children of divorced or separated parents. For details, see the instructions for line 6c in either the Form 1040 or Form 1040A instructions.

**Qualifying child of more than one person.** A special rule applies if your qualifying child is the qualifying child of more than one person. For details, see the instructions for line 6c in either the Form 1040 or Form 1040A instructions.

### Limits on the Credit

You must reduce your child tax credit if either (1) or (2) applies.

1. The amount on Form 1040, line 46; Form 1040A, line 28; or Form 1040NR, line 44, is less than the credit. If this amount is zero, you cannot take this credit because there is no tax to reduce. But you may be able to take the additional child tax credit. See **Additional Child Tax Credit**, later.

2. Your modified adjusted gross income (AGI) is more than the amount shown below for your filing status.
   - a. Married filing jointly – $110,000.
   - b. Single, head of household, or qualifying widow(er) – $75,000.
   - c. Married filing separately – $55,000.

**Modified AGI.** For purposes of the child tax credit, your modified AGI is your AGI plus the following amounts that may apply to you.

- Any amount excluded from income because of the exclusion of income from Puerto Rico. On the dotted line next to Form 1040, line 38, enter the amount excluded and identify it as “EPRI.” Also attach a copy of any Form(s) 499R-2/W-2PR to your return.
- Any amount on line 45 or line 50 of Form 2555, Foreign Earned Income.
- Any amount on line 18 of Form 2555-EZ, Foreign Earned Income Exclusion.
- Any amount on line 15 of Form 4563, Exclusion of Income for Bona Fide Residents of American Samoa.

If you do not have any of the above, your modified AGI is the same as your AGI.

**AGI.** Your AGI is the amount on Form 1040, line 38; Form 1040A, line 22; or Form 1040NR, line 37.

### Claiming the Credit

To claim the child tax credit, you must file Form 1040, Form 1040A, or Form 1040NR. You cannot claim the child tax credit on Form 1040EZ or Form 1040NR-EZ. You must provide the name and identification number (usually a social security number) on your tax return for each qualifying child.

### Earned Income

You will need to figure your earned income using one of the worksheets that appear later in this publication if you are completing the **Line 11 Worksheet**, later, or Schedule 8812. Form 1040 or Form 1040NR filers, use the **1040 and 1040NR Filers — Earned Income Worksheet**, later, to figure your earned income. Form 1040A filers, use the **1040A Filers — Earned Income Worksheet**, later.

For this purpose, earned income includes only:

- Taxable earned income, and
- Nontaxable combat pay.

### Additional Child Tax Credit

This credit is for certain individuals who get less than the full amount of the child tax credit. The additional child tax credit may give you a refund even if you do not owe any tax.

**How to claim the additional child tax credit.** To claim the additional child tax credit, follow the steps below.

1. Make sure you figured the amount, if any, of your child tax credit.
2. If you answered “Yes” on line 9 or line 10 of the Child Tax Credit Worksheet in the Form 1040, Form 1040A, or Form 1040NR instructions (or on line 13 of the Child Tax Credit Worksheet in this publication), use Parts II through IV of Schedule 8812 to see if you can take the additional child tax credit.
3. If you have an additional child tax credit on line 13 of Schedule 8812, carry it to Form 1040, line 65; Form 1040A, line 39; or Form 1040NR, line 63.
## Child Tax Credit Worksheet

### Before you begin: ✓ Figure the amount of any credits you are claiming on Form 5695, Part II; Form 8910; Form 8936; or Schedule R.

- **CAUTION**
  - To be a qualifying child for the child tax credit, the child must be under age 17 at the end of 2013 and meet the other requirements listed earlier, under Qualifying Child.
  - If you do not have a qualifying child, you cannot claim the child tax credit.

### Part 1

<p>| | | |</p>
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
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</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1. Number of qualifying children: $ \times $,000. Enter the result.</td>
<td>1</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2. Enter the amount from Form 1040, line 38; Form 1040A, line 22; or Form 1040NR, line 37.</td>
<td>2</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
| 3. **1040 Filers.** Enter the total of any—  
  • Exclusion of income from Puerto Rico, and  
  • Amounts from Form 2555, lines 45 and 50; Form 2555-EZ, line 18; and Form 4563, line 15. | 3 |
| 4. Add lines 2 and 3. Enter the total. | 4 |
| 5. Enter the amount shown below for your filing status.  
  • Married filing jointly - $110,000  
  • Single, head of household, or qualifying widow(er) - $75,000  
  • Married filing separately - $55,000 | 5 |
| 6. Is the amount on line 4 more than the amount on line 5?  
  ✓ No. Leave line 6 blank. Enter -0- on line 7.  
  ✗ Yes. Subtract line 5 from line 4.  
  If the result is not a multiple of $1,000, increase it to the next multiple of $1,000.  
  For example, increase $425 to $1,000, increase $1,025 to $2,000, etc. | 6 |
| 7. Multiply the amount on line 6 by 5% (.05). Enter the result. | 7 |
| 8. Is the amount on line 1 more than the amount on line 7?  
  ✓ No. STOP  
  ✗ Yes. Subtract line 7 from line 1. Enter the result.  
  *Go to Part 2 on the next page.* | 8 |
### Child Tax Credit Worksheet—Continued

- **Part 2**

9. Enter the amount from Form 1040, line 46; Form 1040A, line 28; or Form 1040NR, line 44.

|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|

10. Add the following amounts from:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Form 1040 or Form 1040A or Form 1040NR</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Form 5695, line 30</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Form 8910, line 15</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Form 8936, line 23</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Schedule R, line 22</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Enter the total.

11. Are you claiming any of the following credits?

- Mortgage interest credit, Form 8396.
- Adoption credit, Form 8839.
- Residential energy efficient property credit, Form 5695, Part I.
- District of Columbia first-time homebuyer credit, Form 8859.

- **No.** Enter the amount from line 10.
- **Yes.** Complete the Line 11 Worksheet, later, to figure the amount to enter here.

12. Subtract line 11 from line 9. Enter the result.

13. Is the amount on line 8 of this worksheet more than the amount on line 12?

- **No.** Enter the amount from line 8.
- **Yes.** Enter the amount from line 12. This is your child tax credit.

You may be able to take the **additional child tax credit** on Form 1040, line 65; Form 1040A, line 39; or Form 1040NR, line 63, only if you answered “Yes” on line 13.

- First, complete your Form 1040 through line 64a (also complete line 69), Form 1040A through line 38a, or Form 1040NR through line 62 (also complete line 65).
- Then, use Parts II through IV of Schedule 8812 to figure any additional child tax credit.
**Line 11 Worksheet**

*Before you begin:* √ Complete the Earned Income Worksheet, later, that applies to you.

Use this worksheet only if you answered “Yes” on line 11 of the Child Tax Credit Worksheet earlier.

<p>| | |</p>
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
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</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1. Enter the amount from line 8 of the Child Tax Credit Worksheet.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2. Enter your earned income from the Earned Income Worksheet that applies to you.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3. Is the amount on line 2 more than $3,000?</td>
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<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Yes. Subtract $3,000 from the amount on line 2.</td>
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<tr>
<td>4. Multiply the amount on line 3 by 15% (.15) and enter the result.</td>
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<tr>
<td>5. Is the amount on line 1 of the Child Tax Credit Worksheet $3,000 or more?</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Yes. If line 4 above is equal to or more than line 1 above, leave lines 6 through 9 blank, enter -0- on line 10, and go to line 11. Otherwise, see 1040 filers, 1040A filers, and 1040NR filers at the end of this worksheet and then go to line 6.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>6. If your employer withheld or you paid Additional Medicare Tax or Tier 1 RRTA taxes, use the Additional Medicare Tax and RRTA Tax Worksheet to figure the amount to enter; otherwise enter the total of the following amounts from Form(s) W-2:</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Social security tax withheld from box 4, and</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Medicare tax withheld from box 6.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>7. 1040 filers. Enter the total of any—</td>
<td></td>
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<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Amounts from Form 1040, lines 27 and 57, and</td>
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<td></td>
<td>Any taxes that you identified using code “UT” and entered on line 60.</td>
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<tr>
<td>8. Add lines 6 and 7. Enter the total.</td>
<td></td>
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<tr>
<td>9. 1040 filers. Enter the total of the amounts from Form 1040, lines 64a and 69.</td>
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<td></td>
<td>1040A filers. Enter the total of any—</td>
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<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Amount from Form 1040A, line 38a, and</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Excess social security and Tier 1 RRTA taxes withheld that you entered to the left of Form 1040A, line 41.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>1040NR filers. Enter the amount from Form 1040NR, line 65.</td>
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</tbody>
</table>
Line 11 Worksheet—Continued

10. Subtract line 9 from line 8. If the result is zero or less, enter -0-.

11. Enter the larger of line 4 or line 10.

12. Is the amount on line 11 of this worksheet more than the amount on line 1?
   □ No. Subtract line 11 from line 1. Enter the result.
   □ Yes. Enter -0-.

Next, figure the amount of any of the following credits that you are claiming.
- Mortgage interest credit, Form 8396.
- Adoption credit, Form 8839.
- Residential energy efficient property credit, Form 5695, Part I.
- District of Columbia first-time homebuyer credit, Form 8859.

Then, go to line 13.

13. Enter the total of the amounts from—
   - Form 8396, line 9, and
   - Form 8839, line 16, and
   - Form 5695, line 15, and
   - Form 8859, line 3.

14. Enter the amount from line 10 of the Child Tax Credit Worksheet.

15. Add lines 13 and 14. Enter the total.

   Enter this amount on line 11 of the Child Tax Credit Worksheet.

1040 filers. Complete lines 57, 64a, and 69 of your return if they apply to you.
1040A filers. Complete line 38a of your return if it applies to you. If you, or your spouse if filing jointly, had more than one employer for 2013 and total wages of over $113,700, figure any excess social security and Tier I railroad retirement (RRTA) taxes withheld. See the instructions for Form 1040A, line 41.
1040NR filers. Complete lines 55 and 65 of your return if they apply to you.
1040 and 1040NR Filers — Earned Income Worksheet

(for line 2 of the Line 11 Worksheet or line 4a of Schedule 8812, Child Tax Credit)

Keep for Your Records

**Before you begin:**

- Use this worksheet only if you were sent here from the Line 11 Worksheet earlier in this publication or line 4a of Schedule 8812, Child Tax Credit.
- Disregard community property laws when figuring the amounts to enter on this worksheet.
- If married filing jointly, include your spouse’s amounts with yours when completing this worksheet.

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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1.</td>
<td>a.</td>
<td>Enter the amount from Form 1040, line 7, or Form 1040NR, line 8</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>1a.</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
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<tr>
<td></td>
<td>b.</td>
<td>Enter the amount of any nontaxable combat pay received. Also enter this amount on Schedule 8812, line 4b.</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>1b.</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
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<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>This amount should be shown in Form(s) W-2, box 12, with code Q.</td>
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<td></td>
<td><strong>Next</strong>, if you are filing Schedule C, C-EZ, F, or SE, or you received a Schedule K-1 (Form 1065 or Form 1065-B), go to line 2a. Otherwise, skip lines 2a through 2e and go to line 3.</td>
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<tr>
<td>2.</td>
<td>a.</td>
<td>Enter any statutory employee income reported on line 1 of Schedule C or C-EZ</td>
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<td></td>
<td>2a.</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
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<tr>
<td></td>
<td>b.</td>
<td>Enter any net profit (or loss) from Schedule C, line 31; Schedule C-EZ, line 3; Schedule K-1 (Form 1065), box 14, code A (other than farming); and Schedule K-1 (Form 1065-B), box 9, code J1.* Reduce any Schedule K-1 amounts as described in the instructions for completing Schedule SE in the Partner’s Instructions for Schedule K-1. <strong>Do not</strong> include on this line any statutory employee income or any other amounts exempt from self-employment tax. Options and commodities dealers must add any gain or subtract any loss (in the normal course of dealing in or trading section 1256 contracts) from section 1256 contracts or related property</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>2b.</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
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<tr>
<td></td>
<td>c.</td>
<td>Enter any net farm profit (or loss) from Schedule F, line 34, and from farm partnerships, Schedule K-1 (Form 1065), box 14, code A.* Reduce any Schedule K-1 amounts as described in the instructions for completing Schedule SE in the Partner’s Instructions for Schedule K-1. <strong>Do not</strong> include on this line any amounts exempt from self-employment tax.</td>
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<td></td>
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<td></td>
<td>2c.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>d.</td>
<td>If you used the farm optional method to figure net earnings from self-employment, enter the amount from Schedule SE, Section B, line 15. Otherwise, skip this line and enter on line 2e the amount from line 2c</td>
<td></td>
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<td>2d.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>e.</td>
<td>If line 2c is a profit, enter the <strong>smaller</strong> of line 2c or line 2d. If line 2c is a (loss), enter the (loss) from line 2c</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>2e.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

3. Combine lines 1a, 1b, 2a, 2b, and 2e. If zero or less, **Stop**. Do not complete the rest of this worksheet. Instead, enter "0" on line 2 of the Line 11 Worksheet or line 4a of Schedule 8812, whichever applies.

4. Enter any amount included on line 1a that is:
   - A scholarship or fellowship grant not reported on Form W-2
   - For work done while an inmate in a penal institution (enter “PRI” and this amount on the dotted line next to line 7 of Form 1040 or line 8 of Form 1040NR)
   - A pension or annuity from a nonqualified deferred compensation plan or a nongovernmental section 457 plan (enter “DFC” and this amount on the dotted line next to line 7 of Form 1040 or line 8 of Form 1040NR). This amount may be shown in box 11 of your Form W-2. If you received such an amount but box 11 is blank, contact your employer for the amount received as a pension or annuity.
   - Enter any amount included on line 3 that is also included on Form 2555, line 43, or Form 2555-EZ, line 18. **Do not** include any amount that is also included on line 4a, 4b, or 4c above

5. Enter any amount included on line 5 that is also included on Form 2555, line 43, or Form 2555-EZ, line 18. **Do not** include any amount that is also included on line 4a, 4b, or 4c above

6. Enter the amount from Form 1040, line 27, or Form 1040NR, line 27

7. Add lines 4a through 4c, 5c, and 6

8. Subtract line 7 from line 3

*If you have any Schedule K-1 amounts and you are not required to file Schedule SE, complete the appropriate line(s) of Schedule SE, Section A. Put your name and social security number on Schedule SE and attach it to your return.*

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If you were sent here from the Line 11 Worksheet, enter this amount on line 2 of that worksheet.

If you were sent here from Schedule 8812, enter this amount on line 4a of that form.
1040A Filers — Earned Income Worksheet
(for line 2 of the Line 11 Worksheet)

**Before you begin:**

- Use this worksheet only if you were sent here from the Line 11 Worksheet earlier in this publication.
- Disregard community property laws when figuring the amounts to enter on this worksheet.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Step</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>
| 1.   | a. Enter the amount from Form 1040A, line 7 .......................... 1a.  
      b. Enter the amount of any nontaxable combat pay received. Also enter this amount on Schedule 8812, line 4b. This amount should be shown in Form(s) W-2, box 12, with code Q. .......................... 1b.  
      c. Add lines 1a and 1b. .................................................. 1c.  |
| 2.   | Enter any amount included on line 1a that is:  
      a. A scholarship or fellowship grant not reported on Form W-2 .......................... 2a.  
      b. For work done while an inmate in a penal institution (enter “PRI” and this amount next to line 7 of Form 1040A) .......................... 2b.  
      c. A pension or annuity from a nonqualified deferred compensation plan or a nongovernmental section 457 plan (enter “DFC” and this amount next to line 7 of Form 1040A). This amount may be shown in box 11 of your Form W-2. If you received such an amount but box 11 is blank, contact your employer for the amount received as a pension or annuity .......................... 2c.  |
| 3.   | Add lines 2a through 2c .................................................. 3.  |
| 4.   | Subtract line 3 from line 1c. Enter the result here and on line 2 of the Line 11 Worksheet .......................... 4.  |

Additional Medicare Tax and RRTA Tax Worksheet
(for line 6 of the Line 11 Worksheet)

**Additional Medicare Tax and RRTA Tax Worksheet**

If your employer withheld or you paid Additional Medicare Tax or Tier 1 RRTA taxes, use this worksheet to figure the amount to enter on line 6 of the Line 11 Worksheet.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Step</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1.</td>
<td>Enter the social security tax withheld (Form(s) W-2, box 4) .......................... 1.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2.</td>
<td>Enter the Medicare tax withheld (Form(s) W-2, box 6). Box 6 includes any Additional Medicare Tax .......................... 2.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3.</td>
<td>Enter the Additional Medicare Tax, if any, on wages (Form 8959, line 7) .......................... 3.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4.</td>
<td>Add lines 1, 2, and 3 .................................................. 4.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5.</td>
<td>Enter the Additional Medicare Tax withheld (Form 8959, line 22) .......................... 5.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>6.</td>
<td>Subtract line 5 from line 4 .................................................. 6.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Additional Medicare Tax on Self-Employment Income.**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Step</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>7.</td>
<td>Enter one-half of the Additional Medicare Tax, if any, on self-employment income (one-half of Form 8959, line 13) .......................... 7.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Tier 1 RRTA taxes as an employee of a railroad** (enter amounts on lines 8, 9, 10, and 11) or **employee representative** (enter amounts on lines 12, 13, 14, and 15). Do not include amounts in Form W-2, box 14, that are identified as Additional Medicare Tax or Tier 2 tax. Do not include amounts shown on Form CT-2 on line 3 for Additional Medicare Tax or line 4 for Tier 2 tax.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Step</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>8.</td>
<td>Enter the Tier 1 tax (Form(s) W-2, box 14) .......................... 8.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>9.</td>
<td>Enter the Medicare tax (Form(s) W-2, box 14) .......................... 9.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>10.</td>
<td>Enter the Additional Medicare Tax, if any, on RRTA compensation as an employee (Form 8959, line 17). Do not use the same amount from Form 8959, line 17, for both this line and line 14 .......................... 10.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>11.</td>
<td>Add lines 8, 9, and 10 .................................................. 11.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>12.</td>
<td>Enter one-half of Tier 1 tax (one-half of Form(s) CT-2, line 1, for all 4 quarters of 2013) .......................... 12.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>13.</td>
<td>Enter one-half of Tier 1 Medicare tax (one-half of Form(s) CT-2, line 2, for all 4 quarters of 2013) .......................... 13.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>14.</td>
<td>Enter one-half of the Additional Medicare Tax, if any, on RRTA compensation as an employee representative (one-half of Form 8959, line 17). Do not use the same amount from Form 8959, line 17, for both this line and line 10 .......................... 14.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>15.</td>
<td>Add lines 12, 13, and 14 .................................................. 15.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Line 6 amount**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Step</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>16.</td>
<td>Add lines 6, 7, 11, and 15. Enter here and on line 6 of the Line 11 Worksheet. .......................... 16.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Paperwork Reduction Act Notice. We ask for the information on the worksheets in this publication to carry out the Internal Revenue laws of the United States. You are required to give us the information if requested. We need it to ensure that you are complying with these laws and to allow us to figure and collect the right amount of tax.

You are not required to provide the information requested on a form (or worksheet in this publication) that is subject to the Paperwork Reduction Act unless the form (or publication) displays a valid OMB control number. Books or records relating to a form, its instructions, or this publication must be retained as long as their contents may become material in the administration of any Internal Revenue law. Generally, tax returns and return information are confidential, as required by section 6103. The average time and expenses required to complete these worksheets will vary depending on individual circumstances. For the estimated averages, see the instructions for your income tax return. If you have suggestions for making these worksheets simpler, we would be happy to hear from you. See Comments and suggestions, earlier.

How To Get Tax Help

Whether it's help with a tax issue, preparing your tax return or a need for a free publication or form, get the help you need the way you want it: online, use a smart phone, call or walk in to an IRS office or volunteer site near you.

Free help with your tax return. You can get free help preparing your return nationwide from IRS-certified volunteers. The Volunteer Income Tax Assistance (VITA) program helps low-to-moderate income, elderly, people with disabilities, and limited English proficient taxpayers. The Tax Counseling for the Elderly (TCE) program helps taxpayers age 60 and older with their tax returns. Most VITA and TCE sites offer free electronic filing and all volunteers will let you know about credits and deductions you may be entitled to claim. In addition, some VITA and TCE sites provide taxpayers the opportunity to prepare their own return with help from an IRS-certified volunteer. To find the nearest VITA or TCE site, you can use the VITA Locator Tool on IRS.gov, download the IRS2Go app, or call 1-800-906-9887.

As part of the TCE program, AARP offers the Tax-Aide counseling program. To find the nearest AARP Tax-Aide site, visit AARP's website at www.aarp.org/money/taxaide or call 1-888-227-7669. For more information on these programs, go to IRS.gov and enter “VITA” in the search box.

Internet. IRS.gov and IRS2Go are ready when you are —24 hours a day, 7 days a week.

- Download the free IRS2Go app from the iTunes app store or from Google Play. Use it to check your refund status, order transcripts of your tax returns or tax account, watch the IRS YouTube channel, get IRS news as soon as it's released to the public, subscribe to filing season updates or daily tax tips, and follow the IRS Twitter news feed, @IRSnws, to get the latest federal tax news, including information about tax law changes and important IRS programs.
- Check the status of your 2013 refund with the Where's My Refund? application on IRS.gov or download the IRS2Go app and select the Refund Status option. The IRS issues more than 9 out of 10 refunds in less than 21 days. Using these applications, you can start checking on the status of your return within 24 hours after we receive your e-filed return or 4 weeks after you mail a paper return. You will also be given a personalized refund date as soon as the IRS processes your tax return and approves your refund. The IRS updates Where's My Refund? every 24 hours, usually overnight, so you only need to check once a day.
- Use the Interactive Tax Assistant (ITA) to research your tax questions. No need to wait on the phone or stand in line. The ITA is available 24 hours a day, 7 days a week, and provides you with a variety of tax information related to general filing topics, deductions, credits, and income. When you reach the response screen, you can print the entire interview and the final response for your records. New subject areas are added on a regular basis. Answers not provided through ITA may be found in Tax Trails, one of the Tax Topics on IRS.gov which contain general individual and business tax information or by searching the IRS Tax Map, which includes an international subject index. You can use the IRS Tax Map, to search publications and instructions by topic or keyword. The IRS Tax Map integrates forms and publications into one research tool and provides single-point access to tax law information by subject. When the user searches the IRS Tax Map, they will be provided with links to related content in existing IRS publications, forms and instructions, questions and answers, and Tax Topics.
- Coming this filing season, you can immediately view and print for free all 5 types of individual federal tax transcripts (tax returns, tax account, record of account, wage and income statement, and certification of non-filing) using Get Transcript. You can also ask the IRS to mail a return or an account transcript to you. Only the mail option is available by choosing the Tax Records option on the IRS2Go app by selecting Mail Transcript on IRS.gov or by calling 1-800-908-9946. Tax return and tax account transcripts are generally available for the current year and the past three years.
- Determine if you are eligible for the EITC and estimate the amount of the credit with the Earned Income Tax Credit (EITC) Assistant.
- Visit Understanding Your IRS Notice or Letter to get answers to questions about a notice or letter you received from the IRS.
- If you received the First Time Homebuyer Credit, you can use the First Time Homebuyer Credit Account...
Look-up tool for information on your repayments and account balance.

- Check the status of your amended return using Where's My Amended Return? Go to IRS.gov and enter Where's My Amended Return? in the search box. You can generally expect your amended return to be processed up to 12 weeks from the date we receive it. It can take up to 3 weeks from the date you mailed it to show up in our system.

- Make a payment using one of several safe and convenient electronic payment options available on IRS.gov. Select the Payment tab on the front page of IRS.gov for more information.

- Determine if you are eligible and apply for an online payment agreement, if you owe more tax than you can pay today.

- Figure your income tax withholding with the IRS Withholding Calculator on IRS.gov. Use it if you've had too much or too little withheld, your personal situation has changed, you're starting a new job or you just want to see if you're having the right amount withheld.

- Determine if you might be subject to the Alternative Minimum Tax by using the Alternative Minimum Tax Assistant on IRS.gov.

- Request an Electronic Filing PIN by going to IRS.gov and entering Electronic Filing PIN in the search box.

- Download forms, instructions and publications, including accessible versions for people with disabilities.

- Locate the nearest Taxpayer Assistance Center (TAC) using the Office Locator tool on IRS.gov, or choose the Contact Us option on the IRS2Go app and search Local Offices. An employee can answer questions about your tax account or help you set up a payment plan. Before you visit, check the Office Locator on IRS.gov, or Local Offices under Contact Us on IRS2Go to confirm the address, phone number, days and hours of operation, and the services provided. If you have a special need, such as a disability, you can request an appointment. Call the local number listed in the Office Locator, or look in the phone book under United States Government, Internal Revenue Service.

- Apply for an Employer Identification Number (EIN). Go to IRS.gov and enter Apply for an EIN in the search box.

- Read the Internal Revenue Code, regulations, or other official guidance.

- Read Internal Revenue Bulletins.

- Sign up to receive local and national tax news and more by email. Just click on “subscriptions” above the search box on IRS.gov and choose from a variety of options.

Phone. You can call the IRS, or you can carry it in your pocket with the IRS2Go app on your smart phone or tablet. Download the free IRS2Go app from the iTunes app store or from Google Play.

- Call to locate the nearest volunteer help site, 1-800-906-9887 or you can use the VITA Locator Tool on IRS.gov, or download the IRS2Go app. Low-to-moderate income, elderly, people with disabilities, and limited English proficient taxpayers can get free help with their tax return from the nationwide Volunteer Income Tax Assistance (VITA) program. The Tax Counseling for the Elderly (TCE) program helps taxpayers age 60 and older with their tax returns. Most VITA and TCE sites offer free electronic filing. Some VITA and TCE sites provide IRS-certified volunteers who can help prepare your tax return. Through the TCE program, AARP offers the Tax-Aide counseling program; call 1-888-227-7669 to find the nearest Tax-Aide location.

- Call the automated Where's My Refund? information hotline to check the status of your 2013 refund 24 hours a day, 7 days a week at 1-800-829-1954. If you e-file, you can start checking on the status of your return within 24 hours after the IRS receives your tax return or 4 weeks after you’ve mailed a paper return. The IRS issues more than 9 out of 10 refunds in less than 21 days. Where's My Refund? will give you a personalized refund date as soon as the IRS processes your tax return and approves your refund. Before you call this automated hotline, have your 2013 tax return handy so you can enter your social security number, your filing status, and the exact whole dollar amount of your refund. The IRS updates Where's My Refund? every 24 hours, usually overnight, so you only need to check once a day. Note, the above information is for our automated hotline. Our live phone and walk-in assistants can research the status of your refund only if it's been 21 days or more since you filed electronically or more than 6 weeks since you mailed your paper return.

- Call the Amended Return Hotline, 1-866-464-2050, to check the status of your amended return. You can generally expect your amended return to be processed up to 12 weeks from the date we receive it. It can take up to 3 weeks from the date you mailed it to show up in our system.

- Call 1-800-TAX-FORM (1-800-829-3676) to order current-year forms, instructions, publications, and prior-year forms and instructions (limited to 5 years). You should receive your order within 10 business days.

- Call TeleTax, 1-800-829-4477, to listen to pre-recorded messages covering general and business tax information. If, between January and April 15, you still have questions about the Form 1040, 1040A, or 1040EZ (like filing requirements, dependents, credits, Schedule D, pensions and IRAs or self-employment taxes), call 1-800-829-1040.

- Call using TTY/TDD equipment, 1-800-829-4059 to ask tax questions or order forms and publications. The TTY/TDD telephone number is for people who are
deaf, hard of hearing, or have a speech disability. These individuals can also contact the IRS through relay services such as the Federal Relay Service.

**Walk-in.** You can find a selection of forms, publications and services — in-person.

- **Products.** You can walk in to some post offices, libraries, and IRS offices to pick up certain forms, instructions, and publications. Some IRS offices, libraries, and city and county government offices have a collection of products available to photocopy from reproducible proofs.

- **Services.** You can walk in to your local TAC for face-to-face tax help. An employee can answer questions about your tax account or help you set up a payment plan. Before visiting, use the Office Locator tool on IRS.gov, or choose the Contact Us option on the IRS2Go app and search Local Offices for days and hours of operation, and services provided.

**Mail.** You can send your order for forms, instructions, and publications to the address below. You should receive a response within 10 business days after your request is received.

Internal Revenue Service  
1201 N. Mitsubishi Motorway  
Bloomington, IL 61705-6613

The Taxpayer Advocate Service Is Here to Help You. **The Taxpayer Advocate Service (TAS)** is your voice at the IRS. Our job is to ensure that every taxpayer is treated fairly and that you know and understand your rights.

What can TAS do for you? We can offer you free help with IRS problems that you can't resolve on your own. We know this process can be confusing, but the worst thing you can do is nothing at all! TAS can help if you can't resolve your tax problem and:

- Your problem is causing financial difficulties for you, your family, or your business.

- You face (or your business is facing) an immediate threat of adverse action.

- You've tried repeatedly to contact the IRS but no one has responded, or the IRS hasn't responded by the date promised.

If you qualify for our help, you'll be assigned to one advocate who'll be with you at every turn and will do everything possible to resolve your problem. Here's why we can help:

- TAS is an independent organization within the IRS.

- Our advocates know how to work with the IRS.

- Our services are free and tailored to meet your needs.

- We have offices in every state, the District of Columbia, and Puerto Rico.

How can you reach us? If you think TAS can help you, call your local advocate, whose number is in your local directory and at Taxpayer Advocate, or call us toll-free at 1-877-777-4778.

How else does TAS help taxpayers?

TAS also works to resolve large-scale, systemic problems that affect many taxpayers. If you know of one of these broad issues, please report it to us through our Systemic Advocacy Management System.

**Low Income Taxpayer Clinics**

Low Income Taxpayer Clinics (LITCs) serve individuals whose income is below a certain level and need to resolve tax problems such as audits, appeals and tax collection disputes. Some clinics can provide information about taxpayer rights and responsibilities in different languages for individuals who speak English as a second language. Visit Taxpayer Advocate or see IRS Publication 4134, Low Income Taxpayer Clinic List.

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**Index**

To help us develop a more useful index, please let us know if you have ideas for index entries. See “Comments and Suggestions” in the “Introduction” for the ways you can reach us.

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