

plan prior to this amendment, for changes in the Code, regulations, revenue rulings, other statements published by the Internal Revenue Service, including model, sample or other required good faith amendments, but only if their adoption will not cause such plan to be individually designed, and for corrections of prior approved plans. These amendments will be applied to all employers who have adopted the plan.

The practitioner will no longer have the authority to amend the plan on behalf of any adopting employer as of either: (1) the date the Service requires the employer to file Form 5300 as an individually designed plan as a result of an employer amendment to the plan to incorporate a type of plan not allowable in the Volume Submitter program, as described in Rev. Proc. 2005-16, or (2) as of the date the plan is otherwise considered an individually designed plan due to the nature and extent of the amendments. If the employer is required to obtain a determination letter for any reason in order to maintain reliance on the advisory letter, the practitioner's authority to amend the plan on behalf of the adopting employer is conditioned on the plan receiving a favorable determination letter.

The VS practitioner will maintain, or have maintained on its behalf, a record of the employers that have adopted the plan, and the VS practitioner will make rea-

sonable and diligent efforts to ensure that adopting employers have actually received and are aware of all plan amendments and that such employers adopt new documents when necessary. This amendment supersedes other provisions of the plan to the extent those other provisions are inconsistent with this amendment.

Deletions From Cumulative List of Organizations Contributions to Which are Deductible Under Section 170 of the Code

Announcement 2005-38

The names of organizations that no longer qualify as organizations described in section 170(c)(2) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 are listed below.

Generally, the Service will not disallow deductions for contributions made to a listed organization on or before the date of announcement in the Internal Revenue Bulletin that an organization no longer qualifies. However, the Service is not precluded from disallowing a deduction for any contributions made after an organization ceases to qualify under section 170(c)(2) if the organization has not timely

filed a suit for declaratory judgment under section 7428 and if the contributor (1) had knowledge of the revocation of the ruling or determination letter, (2) was aware that such revocation was imminent, or (3) was in part responsible for or was aware of the activities or omissions of the organization that brought about this revocation.

If on the other hand a suit for declaratory judgment has been timely filed, contributions from individuals and organizations described in section 170(c)(2) that are otherwise allowable will continue to be deductible. Protection under section 7428(c) would begin on May 23, 2005, and would end on the date the court first determines that the organization is not described in section 170(c)(2) as more particularly set forth in section 7428(c)(1). For individual contributors, the maximum deduction protected is \$1,000, with a husband and wife treated as one contributor. This benefit is not extended to any individual, in whole or in part, for the acts or omissions of the organization that were the basis for revocation.

Beacon Ministries of North Carolina, Inc.
Creston, NC
Haysville Tiger Baseball Foundation
Haysville, KS
National Center for Debt Elimination, Ltd.
North Huntingdon, PA