## **Internal Revenue Service**

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## Department of the Treasury

Washington, DC 20224

Person to Contact:

Telephone Number:

Refer Reply To:

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Date:

August 27, 2002

## **LEGEND**

Company =

State =

Business =

Shareholders =

LLC =

<u>a</u> =

<u>b</u> =

<u>c</u> =

<u>d</u> =

<u>e</u> =

Dear :

This letter responds to a letter dated January 28, 2002, and subsequent correspondence, submitted on behalf of Company requesting a ruling under § 1362(f) of the Internal Revenue Code.

According to the information submitted, Company was incorporated in State on  $\underline{a}$ , and engages in Business. Company filed an election under § 1362(a) to be treated as an S corporation effective as of  $\underline{e}$ . Company currently has five shareholders, Shareholders.

On  $\underline{b}$ , several of Company's then shareholders transferred a total of  $\underline{c}$  shares of Company stock to the LLC, an ineligible shareholder taxable as a partnership. As a consequence, Company's S corporation election terminated on the date of the transfer of Company stock to the LLC.

The termination of Company's S election was not discovered until Company changed accounting firms. To correct the terminating event, four of the Shareholders purchased the stock of Company from the LLC on <u>d</u>.

Company represents that the termination of its S corporation election was inadvertent and unintended. In addition, Company and its shareholders agree to make such adjustments (consistent with the treatment of the corporation as an S corporation) as may be required by the Service.

Section 1362(a) provides that, except as provided in § 1362(g), a small business corporation may elect, in accordance with the provisions of § 1362, to be an S corporation.

Section 1361(a)(1) provides that the term "S corporation" means, with respect to any taxable year, a small business corporation for which an election under § 1362(a) is in effect for such year.

Section 1361(b)(1)(B) provides that the term "small business corporation" means a domestic corporation which is not an ineligible corporation and which does not have as a shareholder a person (other than an estate, a trust described in § 1361(c)(2), or an organization described in § 1361(c)(6)) who is not an individual.

Section 1362(d)(2)(A) provides that an election under § 1362(a) shall be terminated whenever (at any time on or after the first day of the first taxable year for

which the corporation is an S corporation) the corporation ceases to be a small business corporation.

Section 1362(f) provides that if (1) an election under § 1362(a) by any corporation was terminated under § 1362(d)(2) or (3); (2) the Secretary determines that the circumstances resulting in termination were inadvertent; (3) no later than a reasonable period of time after discovery of the circumstances resulting in the termination, steps were taken so that the corporation is a small business corporation; and (4) the corporation, and each person who was a shareholder of the corporation at any time during the period specified pursuant to § 1362(f), agrees to make such adjustments (consistent with the treatment of the corporation as an S corporation) as may be required by the Secretary with respect to such period, then, notwithstanding the circumstances resulting in the termination, the corporation shall be treated as an S corporation during the period specified by the Secretary.

Based solely on the facts submitted and the representations made, we conclude that Company's S corporation election was terminated on <u>b</u>, when shares of Company's stock were first transferred to an ineligible shareholder, the LLC. We further conclude that this termination was inadvertent within the meaning of § 1362(f).

Consequently, under the provisions of § 1362(f), Company will be treated as an S corporation from <u>b</u> to <u>d</u>, and thereafter, provided that Company's S corporation election is valid and is not otherwise terminated under § 1362(d). Accordingly, Company's shareholders during this period must include their pro rata share of the separately and nonseparately computed items of Company under § 1366, make any adjustments to stock basis under § 1367, and take into account any distributions made by Company to the shareholders under § 1368. If Company or any of Company's shareholders fail to treat Company as described above, this ruling will be null and void.

Pursuant to a power of attorney on file with this office, a copy of this letter is being sent to Company's authorized representative.

This ruling is directed only to the taxpayer requesting it. Under § 6110(k)(3), it may not be used or cited as precedent.

Sincerely yours, CHRISTINE ELLISON Chief, Branch 3 Office of the Associate Chief Counsel (Passthroughs and Special Industries)

Enclosures (2):

Copy of this letter Copy for § 6110 purposes

CC: