



DEPARTMENT OF THE TREASURY
INTERNAL REVENUE SERVICE
WASHINGTON, D.C. 20224

TAX EXEMPT AND
GOVERNMENT ENTITIES
DIVISION

AUG 10 2012

UIL: 408.03-00

Legend

Taxpayer A:

IRA X:

Amount M:

Bank L:

Credit Union L:

Fund V:

T: EP: RA: T3

Dear

This is in response to your request dated April 6, 2012, in which you request a waiver of the 60-day rollover requirement contained in section 408(d)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code (the "Code").

The following facts and representations have been submitted under penalty of perjury in support of the ruling requested.

Taxpayer A maintained an Individual Retirement (IRA), IRA X with Credit Union L. Taxpayer A asserts that, on March 17, 2011, he received a distribution of Amount M from IRA X. Taxpayer A asserts that his failure to accomplish a rollover of Amount M within the 60-day period prescribed by section 408(d)(3) of the Code was due to the failure of Bank L to open an IRA rollover account as requested by Taxpayer A.

On March 17, 2011, the certificate of deposit associated with IRA X matured. Taxpayer A transferred the maturity amount, Amount M, to Bank L on the same day. Taxpayer A told a representative of Bank L that Amount M was from an IRA and he wanted the Amount M to be deposited into an IRA CD. Taxpayer A

believed that Bank L had opened a rollover IRA to receive the transfer. However, Bank L took information from an unrelated trust account that Taxpayer A had opened three days before and mistakenly deposited Amount M into the trust account.

Taxpayer A did not realize the mistake until March 19, 2012, when he attempted to rollover Amount M into another IRA with Fund V and was informed by Bank L that Amount M was not in an IRA.

On March 19, 2012, Taxpayer A deposited Amount M into a money market account pending his discussions with Bank L seeking help for this problem.

Taxpayer A submitted a letter from Bank L dated March 22, 2012, in which, Bank L admitted that it misunderstood Taxpayer A's intentions and should have opened an IRA account.

Based on the facts and representations, you request a ruling that the Internal Revenue Service waive the 60-day rollover requirement contained in section 408(d)(3) of the Code with respect to the distribution of Amount M.

Section 408(d)(1) of the Code provides that, except as otherwise provided in section 408(d), any amount paid or distributed out of an IRA shall be included in gross income by the payee or distributee, as the case may be, in the manner provided under section 72 of the Code.

Section 408(d)(3) of the Code defines, and provides the rules applicable to IRA rollovers.

Section 408(d)(3)(A) of the Code provides that section 408(d)(1) of the Code does not apply to any amount paid or distributed out of an IRA to the individual for whose benefit the IRA is maintained if

- (i) the entire amount received (including money and any other property) is paid into an IRA for the benefit of such individual not later than the 60th day after the day on which the individual receives the payment or distribution; or

- (ii) the entire amount received (including money and any other property) is paid into an eligible retirement plan (other than an IRA) for the benefit of such individual not later than the 60th day after the date on which the payment or distribution is received, except that the maximum amount which may be paid into such plan may not exceed the portion of the amount received which is includible in gross income (determined without regard to section 408(d)(3)).

Section 408(d)(3)(B) of the Code provides that section 408(d)(3) does not apply to any amount described in section 408(d)(3)(A)(i) received by an individual from an IRA if at any time during the 1-year period ending on the day of such receipt such individual received any other amount described in section 408(d)(3)(A)(i) from an IRA which was not includible in gross income because of the application of section 408(d)(3).

Section 408(d)(3)(D) of the Code provides a similar 60-day rollover period for partial rollovers.

Section 408(d)(3)(E) of the Code provides that the rollover provisions of section 408(d) do not apply to any amount required to be distributed under section 408(a)(6).

Section 408(d)(3)(I) of the Code provides that the Secretary may waive the 60-day requirement under sections 408(d)(3)(A) and 408(d)(3)(D) of the Code where the failure to waive such requirement would be against equity or good conscience, including casualty, disaster, or other events beyond the reasonable control of the individual subject to such requirement.

Rev. Proc. 2003-16, 2003-4 I.R.B. 359 (January 27, 2003) provides that in determining whether to grant a waiver of the 60-day rollover requirement pursuant to section 408(d)(3)(I), the Internal Revenue Service (the "Service") will consider all relevant facts and circumstances, including: (1) errors committed by a financial institution; (2) inability to complete a rollover due to death, disability, hospitalization, incarceration, restrictions imposed by a foreign country or postal error, (3) the use of the amount distributed (for example, in the case of payment by check, whether the check was cashed); and (4) the time elapsed since the distribution occurred.

The information presented and documentation submitted by Taxpayer A is consistent with his assertion that his failure to accomplish a rollover of Amount M within the 60 day period prescribed by section 408(d)(3) of the Code was due to the failure of Bank L to open an IRA rollover account as requested by Taxpayer A.

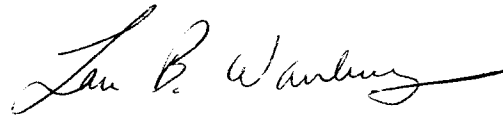
Therefore, pursuant to section 408(d)(3)(I) of the Code, the Service hereby waives the 60-day rollover requirement with respect to the distribution to Taxpayer A of Amount M. Taxpayer A is granted a period of 60 days measured from the date of the issuance of this letter ruling to make a rollover contribution of Amount M to an IRA (or IRAs) described in Code section 408(a). Provided all other requirements of Code section 408(d)(3), except the 60-day requirement, are met with respect to such IRA contribution, the contribution will be considered a rollover contribution within the meaning of Code section 408(d)(3).

No opinion is expressed as to the tax treatment of the transaction described herein under the provisions of any other section of either the Code or regulations, which may be applicable thereto.

This letter is directed only to the taxpayer who requested it. Section 6110(k)(3) of the Code provides that it may not be used or cited as precedent.

If you have any questions, please contact .

Sincerely yours,

A handwritten signature in black ink, appearing to read "Laura B. Warshawsky", with a long, sweeping horizontal line extending to the right.

Laura B. Warshawsky, Manager
Employee Plans Technical Group 3

Enclosures:

Deleted Copy of Ruling Letter
Notice of Intention to Disclose