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Person To Contact: \_\_\_\_\_, ID No. \_\_\_\_\_

Refer Reply To:  
CC:INTL:B02  
PLR-103726-13

Date:  
April 21, 2014

### Legend

Taxpayer =

Trustee =

FC =

Country A =

Year 1 =

Year 2 =

Tax Firm C =

Tax Firm D =

Dear \_\_\_\_\_:

This is in response to a letter dated January 11, 2013, and supplemental documentation, submitted by Taxpayer's authorized representative, that requested the consent of the Commissioner of the Internal Revenue Service ("Commissioner") for Taxpayer to make a retroactive qualified electing fund ("QEF") election under section 1295(b) of the Internal Revenue Code ("Code") and Treas. Reg. §1.1295-3(f) with respect to Taxpayer's investment in FC.

The ruling contained in this letter is based upon information and representations submitted on behalf of Taxpayer by its authorized representatives, and accompanied by a penalties of perjury statement executed by an appropriate party. While this office has not verified any of the material submitted in support of this request for ruling, such material is subject to verification on examination. The information submitted in the request is substantially as set forth below.

## FACTS

Taxpayer is a domestic charitable trust that owns an interest in FC, a publicly-traded foreign corporation incorporated in Country A that constitutes a passive foreign investment company (PFIC) within the meaning of section 1297 of the Code. Taxpayer initially acquired its interest in FC in Year 1 and has acquired additional shares since Year 1.

Since Year 1, Taxpayer has engaged Tax Firm C for the preparation of its U.S. tax return. Tax Firm C is qualified to provide tax advice on international tax matters, including issues related to PFICs. Tax Firm C advised Taxpayer with regard to U.S. federal income tax matters, including with respect to Taxpayer's ownership of FC. Taxpayer relied on Tax Firm C to provide advice with respect to filing and reporting requirements in general, as well as any elections or statements that would be necessary to elect specific tax treatment. Tax Firm C did not identify FC as a PFIC and, as such, did not advise Taxpayer regarding any potential PFIC reporting requirements or available elections.

In Year 2, another shareholder in FC contacted Taxpayer about the potential PFIC status of FC, which led Taxpayer to consult further with Tax Firm C. After discussing the issue with Tax Firm C, Taxpayer retained Tax Firm D to help Taxpayer come into compliance. Based on the determination that FC had likely been a PFIC since before Year 1, Taxpayer requested Tax Firm D to submit a private letter ruling request on Taxpayer's behalf to make a retroactive QEF election with respect to FC under Treas. Reg. §1.1295-3(f), retroactive to Year 1.

Taxpayer has submitted an affidavit, under penalties of perjury, describing the events that led to the failure to make the QEF election by the election due date, including the role of Tax Firm C. Taxpayer provided information regarding its ownership of FC to Tax Firm C and Tax Firm C had access to all relevant information with respect to FC. Taxpayer represents that, in the relevant years: (1) FC was not identified as a PFIC; and (2) Taxpayer did not receive any advice regarding the availability of a QEF election with respect to FC. Taxpayer has submitted an affidavit from Tax Firm C corroborating the representations made by Taxpayer with respect to the discovery of FC's PFIC status.

Taxpayer represents that, as of the date of this request for ruling, the PFIC status of FC has not been raised by the IRS on audit for any of the taxable years at issue.

#### RULING REQUESTED

Taxpayer requests the consent of the Commissioner to make a retroactive QEF election with respect to FC under Treas. Reg. §1.1295-3(f), retroactive to Year 1.

#### LAW

Section 1295(a) of the Code provides that a PFIC will be treated as a QEF with respect to a taxpayer if (1) an election by the taxpayer under section 1295(b) applies to such PFIC for the taxable year and (2) the PFIC complies with such requirements as the Secretary may prescribe for purposes of determining the ordinary earnings and net capital gains of such company.

Under section 1295(b)(2), a QEF election may be made for any taxable year at any time on or before the due date (determined with regard to extensions) for filing the return for such taxable year. To the extent provided in regulations, such an election may be made after such due date if the taxpayer failed to make an election by the due date because the taxpayer reasonably believed the company was not a PFIC.

Under Treas. Reg. §1.1295-3(f), a shareholder may request the consent of the Commissioner to make a retroactive QEF election for a taxable year if:

1. the shareholder reasonably relied on a qualified tax professional, within the meaning of Treas. Reg. §1.1295-3(f)(2);
2. granting consent will not prejudice the interests of the United States government, as provided in Treas. Reg. §1.1295-3(f)(3);
3. the request is made before a representative of the Internal Revenue Service raises upon audit the PFIC status of the corporation for any taxable year of the shareholder; and
4. the shareholder satisfies the procedural requirements of Treas. Reg. §1.1295-3(f)(4).

The procedural requirements include filing a request for consent to make a retroactive election with, and submitting a user fee to, the Office of the Associate Chief Counsel (International). Treas. Reg. §1.1295-3(f)(4)(i). Additionally, affidavits signed under penalties of perjury must be submitted that describe:

1. the events that led to the failure to make a QEF election by the election due date;
2. the discovery of such failure;
3. the engagement and responsibilities of the qualified tax professional; and

4. the extent to which the shareholder relied on such professional.

Treas. Reg. §§1.1295-3(f)(4)(ii) and (iii).

## CONCLUSION

Based on the information submitted and representations made with Taxpayer's ruling request, we conclude that Taxpayer has satisfied Treas. Reg. §1.1295-3(f). Accordingly, consent is granted to Taxpayer to make a retroactive QEF election with respect to FC for Year 1, provided that Taxpayer complies with the rules under Treas. Reg. §1.1295-3(g) regarding the time and manner for making the retroactive QEF election.

Except as specifically set forth above, no opinion is expressed or implied concerning the U.S. federal tax consequences of the facts described above under any other provision of the Code.

This private letter ruling is directed only to the taxpayer who requested it. Section 6110(k)(3) provides that it may not be used or cited as precedent.

A copy of this letter ruling must be attached to any federal income tax return to which it is relevant. Alternatively, taxpayers filing their returns electronically may satisfy this requirement by attaching a statement to their return that provides the date and control number of the letter ruling.

In accordance with the Power of Attorney on file with this office, a copy of this letter is being sent to Taxpayer's authorized representative.

Sincerely,

Jeffery G. Mitchell  
Branch Chief, Branch 2  
(International)