

Date: March 2, 2021

Taxpayer ID number:

Form:

Tax periods ended:

Person to contact: Name: ID number: Telephone: Fax:

Release Number: 202221020 Release Date: 5/27/2022

UIL: 501.03-00

CERTIFIED MAIL RETURN RECEIPT REQUESTED

Dear

Why we are sending you this letter

This is a final determination that you don't qualify for exemption from federal income tax under Internal Revenue Code (IRC) Section 50l(a.) as an organization described in IRC Section 50l(c)(3), effective January 1, 2016. Your determination letter dated February 26, 2008, is revoked.

Our adverse determination as to your exempt status was made for the following reasons: Organizations described in IRC Section 501(c)(3) and exempt under IRC Section 501(a) must be both organized and operated exclusively for exempt purposes. You failed to satisfy the operational test and your funds inured to the benefit of individuals. You have failed to show that you are operated exclusively for exempt purposes and that no part of your net earnings inure to the benefit of private shareholders or individuals.

Organizations that are not exempt under IRC Section 501 generally are required to file federal income tax returns and pay tax, where applicable. For further instructions, forms and information please visit www.irs.gov.

Because you were a private foundation as of the effective date of the adverse determination, you are considered to be a taxable private foundation until you terminate your private foundation status under IRC Section 507. In addition to your income tax return, you must also continue to file Form 990-PF, Return of Private Foundation or Section 494/(a)(l) Trust Treated as Private Foundation, by the 15th day of the fifth month after the end of your annual accounting period.

Contributions to your organization are no longer deductible under IRC Section 170.

What you must do if you disagree with this determination

If you want to contest our final determination, you have 90 days from the date this determination letter was mailed to you to file a petition or complaint in one of the three federal courts listed below.

How to file your action for declaratory judgment

If you decide to contest this determination, you may file an action for declarnt01y judgment under the provisions of IRC Section 7428 in one of the following three venues: 1) United States Tax Court, 2) the United States Court of Federal Claims or 3) the United States District Court for the District of Columbia.

Please contact the clerk of the appropriate court for rules and the appropriate forms for filing an action for declaratory judgment by referring to the enclosed Publication 892, How to Appeal an IRS Determination on Tax-Exempt Status. You may write to the courts at the following addresses:

United States Tax Court

400 Second Street, NW

Washington, DC 20217

U.S. Court of Federal Claims

717 Madison Place, NW

Washington, DC 20439

U.S. District Court for the District of Columbia

333 Constitution Ave., N.W.

Washington, DC 20001

Processing of income tax returns and assessments of any taxes due will not be delayed if you file a petition for declaratory judgment under IRC Section 7428.

We'll notify the appropriate state officials (as permitted by law) of our determination that you aren't an organization described in IRC Section 501(c)(3).

Information about the IRS Taxpayer Advocate Service

The IRS office whose phone number appears at the top of the notice can best address and access your tax information and help get you answers. However, you may be eligible for free help from the Taxpayer Advocate Service (TAS) if you can't resolve your tax problem with the IRS, or you believe an IRS procedure just isn't working as it should. TAS is an independent organization within the IRS that helps taxpayers and protects taxpayer rights. Contact your local Taxpayer Advocate Office at:

Internal Revenue Service Taxpayer Advocate Office

Or call TAS at 877-777-4778. For more information about TAS and your rights under the Taxpayer Bill of Rights, go to taxpayeradvocate.irs.gov. Do not send your federal court pleading to the TAS address listed above. Use the applicable federal court address provided earlier in the letter. Contacting TAS does not extend the time to file an action for declaratory judgment.

Where you can find more information

Enclosed are Publication 1, Your Rights as a Taxpayer, and Publication 594, The IRS Collection Process, for more comprehensive information.

Find tax forms or publications by visiting www irs gov/forms or calling 800-TAX-FORM (800-829-3676)

If you have questions, you can call the person shown at the top of this letter.

If you prefer to write, use the address shown at the top of this letter. Include your telephone number, the best time to call, and a copy of this letter.

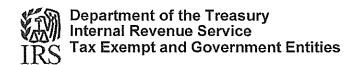
Keep the original letter for your records.

Sincerely,

Sean E. O'Reilly

Director, Exempt Organizations Examinations

Enclosures: Publication 1 Publication 594 Publication 89?



Date: May 29, 2020

Taxpayer ID number:

Form:

Tax periods ended:

Person to contact:

Name: ID number: Telephone: Fax:

Address:

Manager's contact information:

Name: ID number. Telephone Response due date:

CERTIFIED MAIL - Return Receipt Requested

Dear

Why you're receiving this letter

We enclosed a copy of our audit report, Form 886-A, Explanation of Items, explaining that we propose to revoke your tax-exempt status as an organization described in Internal Revenue Code (IRC) Section 501(c)(3).

If you agree

If you haven't already, please sign the enclosed Form 6018, Consent to Proposed Action, and return it to the contact person shown at the top of this letter. We'll issue a final adverse letter determining that you aren't an organization described in IRC Section 501(c)(3) for the periods above.

After we issue the final adverse determination letter, we'll announce that your organization is no longer eligible to receive tax deductible contributions under IRC Section 170.

If you disagree

- 1. Request a meeting or telephone conference with the manager shown at the top of this letter.
- 2. Send any information you want us to consider.
- 3. File a protest with the IRS Appeals Office. If you request a meeting with the manager or send additional information as stated in 1 and 2, above, you'll still be able to file a protest with IRS Appeals Office after the meeting or after we consider the information.

The IRS Appeals Office is independent of the Exempt Organizations division and resolves most disputes informally. If you file a protest, the auditing agent may ask you to sign a consent to extend the period of limitations for assessing tax. This is to allow the IRS Appeals Office enough time to consider your case. For your protest to be valid, it must contain certain specific information, including a statement of the facts, applicable law, and arguments in support of your position. For specific information needed for a valid protest, refer to Publication 892, How to Appeal an IRS Determination on Tax-Exempt Status.

Fast Track Mediation (FTM) referred to in Publication 3498, The Examination Process, generally doesn't apply now that we've issued this letter.

4. Request technical advice from the Office of Associate Chief Counsel (Tax Exempt Government Entities) if you feel the issue hasn't been addressed in published precedent or has been treated inconsistently by the IRS.

If you're considering requesting technical advice, contact the person shown at the top of this letter. If you disagree with the technical advice decision, you will be able to appeal to the IRS Appeals Office, as explained above. A decision made in a technical advice memorandum, however, generally is final and binding on Appeals.

If we don't hear from you

If you don't respond to this proposal within 30 calendar days from the date of this letter, we'll issue a final adverse determination letter.

Contacting the Taxpayer Advocate Office is a taxpayer right

The Taxpayer Advocate Service (TAS) is an independent organization within the IRS that can help protect your taxpayer rights. TAS can offer you help if your tax problem is causing a hardship, or you've tried but haven't been able to resolve your problem with the IRS. If you qualify for TAS assistance, which is always free, TAS will do everything possible to help you. Visit www.taxpayeradvocate.irs.gov or call 877-777-4778.

For additional information

You can get any of the forms and publications mentioned in this letter by visiting our website at www.irs.gov/forms-pubs or by calling 800-TAX-FORM (800-829-3676).

If you have questions, you can contact the person shown at the top of this letter.

Sincerely,

For Sean E. O'Reilly Director, Exempt Organizations Examinations

Enclosures: Forms 4621-A, 886-A Form 6018

Form 886-A (Rev. January 1994)	EXPLANATIONS OF ITEMS	Schedule number or exhibit
Name of taxpayer	Tax Identification Number	Year/Period ended

ISSUE:

- 1. Do funds of the inure and serve the private interests of the members of the governing body, President, CEO, Director and Secretary, CFO, Director in violation of exemption requirements under Section 501(c)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code (Code)?
- 2. Does the fail to meet the operational test under Section 501(c)(3) of the Code?
- 3. If the fails to meet the operational test and uses funds to serve private interests, should the exemption under Section 501(c)(3) of the Code be revoked as of 1/ /20 ?

FACTS:

The was incorporated in the State of on March , 20 . The () received determination letter 1076 dated February ,20 , recognizing it as exempt from federal taxation under section 501(a) as a Charitable organization described in IRC section 501(c)(3) and classifying it as a private non-operating foundation. The organization's address is the same as the two members of its governing body, , (President) and , (Secretary).

The articles of incorporation state the corporation was organized and operated exclusively for charitable purposes within the meaning of Section 501(c)(3), Internal Revenue Code. The property of this corporation is irrevocably dedicated to charitable purposes and no part of the net Income or assets of this corporation shall never inure to the benefit of any director, officer or member thereof or to the benefit of any private person.

Upon the dissolution or winding up of the corporation, its assets remaining after payment, or provision for payment, of all debts and liabilities of this corporation shall be distributed to a nonprofit fund, foundation or corporation which is organized and operated exclusively for charitable purposes and which has established its tax exempt status under Section 50I(c)(3), Internal Revenue Code.

The articles further specifies its purpose is to donate available fund assets to certain academic institutions for their research and development activity uses; advocacy for community benefits, which include, but not limited to the performance of arts; and the remaining money is used to develop and expand our variety of philanthropic missions.

The ArtIcles of Incorporation for this Private Foundation included the following language:

- A. The corporation will distribute its income for each tax year at a time and in a manner as not to become subject to the tax on undistributed income imposed by section 4942 of the Internal Revenue Code, or the corresponding section of any future federal tax code.
- B. The corporation will not engage in any act of self-dealing as defined in section 4941(d) of the Internal Revenue Code, or the corresponding section of any future federal tax code.
- C. The corporation will not retain any excess business holdings as defined in section 4943(c) of the Internal Revenue code, or corresponding section of any future federal tax code.

Form 886-A (Rev. January 1994)	EXPLANATIONS OF ITEMS		
Name of taxpayer	Tax Identification Number	Year/Period ended	

- D. The corporation will not make any investments in a manner as to subject it to tax under section 4944 of the Internal Revenue Code, or the corresponding section of any future federal tax code.
- E. The corporation will not make any taxable expenditure as defined in section 4945(d) of the Internal Revenue Code, or the corresponding section of any future federal tax code.

For the year ending	, 20 the	Form		,	
listed two officers,	, (President) and		, (Secretary) each working	() hours
per week in the .	,			`	·

The secretary stated during an initial interview conducted on / / that during the year under examination, she and her husband were both employed full-time in the industry as They conducted the activities of the organization out of their home in their spare time. At the time of securing exemption, the requested foundation status as a non-operational private foundation. Subsequently, they developed activities which they are directly involved in conducting.

In Part IX-A of Form they listed the following as their four largest direct activities:

- 1. President volunteered with non-profit organizations in their fund-raising and community outreach activities (Area) annually. President, with a group of musicians, volunteered their time, to practice, prepare, and perform for local community outreach activities and fund- raising events. These activities were organized by local non-profit organizations, foundations and church in with expenses listed on form as \$.
- 2. Secretary volunteered her time regularly to a permanently disabled patient, who lives locally and suffering from uncontrollable seizures and mild depression. Secretary drives the patient weekly to grocery shopping, movies, local errands, doctor visits, medical exams and occasionally pays for rent, groceries, meals and entertainment with expenses listed on form as \$, . . .
- 3. Both founders traveled to and regularly to volunteer in clinic and hospital by providing companionship to patients, assisting medical staff with patients, transporting and escorting patients in wheelchairs, and running errands in other areas with expenses listed on form as \$, . .

expense for these activities shown on form

as \$

Form 886-A (Rev. January 1994)	EXPLANATIONS OF ITEMS	Schedule number or exhibit
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The and Books for the tax year ending Form showed the following income: Form Books Contributions from founders Interest on Savings Dividends/Interest on Securities Gross Rents Net Gain or Loss from sale of Assets Other Income-Rebates Total Income

The income primarily comes from contributions from President and Socretary. The other sources of Income for are Investment income from an e-trade account and rental income from rental properties owned/maintained by the One of these was sold during the subsequent year.

Expenses shown on the Form are as follows:

Legal Fees	- <u>.</u> -	-
Accounting Fees	\$, \$.	•
_	, ډ	٠
Taxes	, \$	•
Depreciation	\$,	
Auto Expense	\$	
Bank Charge	\$,	
Filing Fee	\$	
Meals Expense	\$ \$	
Membership Dues	\$	
Office Expense	\$ \$ \$ \$	
Postage	\$	
Office Supplies	\$	
Telephone	\$	
Utilities	\$	
Rental Expenses	\$,	
Contributions Paid	\$,	
Program Fee	<u>\$</u> ,	
TOTAL	<u>\$</u>	÷

Secretary indicated in a phone conversation with the examiner that she was unaware of the rules regulating private foundations. She stated that she was doing what she thought was acceptable per an accountant they had hired to assist them in establishing and operating their He has since been prosecuted by the Attorney General of . They have since replaced accountants and have continued to operate even after being revoked by the State of subsequent to an examination

The Secretary asserted in the initial interview, conducted, / / , that the expenses reported on the Form includes expenses related to their corporate place of business, (their home), on basis that several of the direct activities they listed in Part IX-A, Summary of Direct Activities are charitable activities conducted at their home, therefore all expenses relating to the upkeep of the premises are operational expenses and should be deductible.

Form 886-A (Rev. January 1994)	EXPLANATIONS OF ITEMS	Schedule number or exhibit
Name of taxpayer	Tax Identification Number	Year/Period ended
n kitchen, family, living	ne Secretary on / / she stated, "Our house setup- we hold and dining room, approx. sq. ft. The house is about sq. rselves), tables, sofa and chairs." No allocation of household expe	, ft. We have a
he responded "No we equipment, purchase of	regarding President's activities in the was vague. In //, in the vitten contracts exists between the pays certain expenses for the such as meals, traver, books and phone and internet services in order to be suities and fundraising possible." The documents preside the such as meals, travers and fundraising possible.	with whom el, rental of lp make these
When asked for specifi	cs as to costs related to this activity, the / / response	to IDR4 included
provided provided responsible for s is not consistent schedule. Then track of travel to project. for prace	red his time and money for for and as well. For each example of each small groups, and individual practices. Practice and the letter of the le	ocation seep is deos of
from a	601(c)(3) organization established by a group of alumni of and who live in the . It consists eur and professional in the area that share the passi together in their leisure time.	of a larger on of
under exam. Documer	ntation provided on / / regarding this activity does not supprided by the related to his participation in this or us	
response to IDR4 the Pl , and , and	volunteered in anniversary events, met , volunteered at a clinic and visited the orphanage nen he went to the orphanage, who he met with and what was disc	to , several volunteers in ." No records were

		Cohadula number 151
Form 886-A (Rev. January 1994)	EXPLANATIONS OF ITEMS	Schedule number or exhibit
Name of taxpayer	Tax Identification Number	Year/Period ended
from uncontrollable seiz	her time regularly to a permanently disabled patient, who lives loca cures and mild depression. Secretary drives the patient weekly to go octor visits, medical exams and occasionally pays for rent, grocerie	rocery shopping,
alone, cook, drive, or w groceries, taking her to providing sources of er	that assist with her activities of daily living. and mild depression. She receives social security as income ar york, assists by cooking for her, purchasing the doctor and medical exams, taking her to an epilensy suppo- ntertainment such as trips to the movies." / / , the also pro the mother of (Secretary's sister) basically confirming all the	nd cannot be left and delivering her rt group, and ovided a letter dated
IDR4 was "We cannot d person because v driven for this activity."	etermine the specific amounts, receipts and expenses related to as we don't track expenses by charitable project or activity. We estimather log of meals, (provided //) also showed they purchased amphony, in addition to several meals.	
3 Both the President and providing companionshi wheelchairs, and running	d Secretary traveled to and regularly to volunteer in one postients, assisting medical staff with patients, transporting and g errands in other areas.	
(4) times a year, usually	nitial interview that she and the President travel to and on their vacations. During these trips she confirmed that when the em. // in response to IDR1, the provided an itinerary of trips	on average four by both go; their provided by the
	/ / to / / to take donated goods, to volunteer, monitor progr On way back travel dolay coming from , alrilne reroute in , due to weather delay. Came back thru	
11	- \$.	
generally travel to that do not require profe transporting and escorti	nily and friends of its Board of directors work in the clinics and hosp and once every three months. provides a essional training in medical fields such as donating financial resource	itals. Its members variety of services
	f what days volunteered in the hospital or clinic, what projects moning when cash was donated or what charity projects discussed. No asken out of.	

					Schedule number or exhibit
Form 886-A (Rev. January 1994)	EX	PLANATION	IS OF ITEMS		
Name of taxpayer		Tax Identification	Number		Year/Period ended
B. Trip by Secretary / school in . In / /	/ to / / to / response to IDR2 v		architect, about this trip		scuss design of ne following:
from scratch. project, an elemen school in a rural ar	ntary and middle sch	rchitect to d ool in a rura believes this	iscuss the ol I area. Attac s project adh	eres to their "purp	of charity an for a
The plan they attached, entitled "		rchitect's pla	ns but is writte		ness plan id It was
propared in February 20 Expenses included:	J .				
<i>f f f</i>	to	, one-way, o	lepart / /		\$.
1 1	to	, one-way, r	eturn / /		\$.
1 1	from / to /	n / -/			\$. \$. <u>\$</u> .
tickets were on the Activities, (/ /) and listed that on / / th shopping, working on p / / driving to the Po of the purpose of the tra	I for the period / / e Secretary went to th roblem at one of the co ost Office to check the	to / / ti e Post Office ondo, & Mon	nere is no me to check the itoring the cla	mail, driving to take y class taught at th	uring these days it is e grocery eir home; on 3/30 &
C. Trip by President / The expenses shown in were purchased thru at	the books for this trip				
/ / / /	avoi agonoy.	to , and	to rd. T	Trip \$ \$	
No records were provid discussed, or on what d			e orphanage,	who he met with a	nd what was
D. Trip by President / discuss charity projects		volunteer, do	nate goods a	and cash, monitor p	rogress,
The expenses shown in	n the books for this trip to round		ollowing:	\$	
Although we received d governing body have vo contemporaneous reco	olunteered at a hospita	al and a clinic	when in	since , there	e are no

Form 886-A (Rev. January 1994)	EX	(PLANATIONS OF	ITEMS		Schedule number or exhibit
Name of taxpayer	J	Tax Identification Number			Year/Period ended
progress of what project he foreign country or ne				ade or how o	ash was taken to
E. Trlp Both to , sta Vhen asked about thes	rtlng ln , g e trips the //		en returning to vas as follows:		
. They gener also help the do errands They a	or ally assist with incor ctors with data entry Iso do networking w as donations of toys	y, troubleshooting rith local commun	ting, directing computer ar ity members.	g and escor nd running c	office
The expenses for this tr	to , round trip to one way to one way from / to for / /	p for both for / ay for both depart ay for both depart / / to / /			\$, .
he expenses for this transfer the food expenses we		he books or record	s of the organi	ization for	. The remainder
As to their foreign activing activing the said they work at the said that the foreign onesure our funds are requently for site visits,	ties, the Secretary sta t to return to where the e volunteer desk. In n donations are monit benefiting communition to monitor the use of	tey came from and the // responso tored by "a. Family es and general publicur donation."	give back to the to IDR1 the and friends to lic. b. We also	nose commu provided monitor the	nities. In the hospi a table which
The also provided din response to IDR1, /	ocuments in support of the provided:		is:		
) Letter dated // in	from Dr. at indicating, they ha	ave been volunteer	to s in the hospita		rsity of
2) Letter dated / / volunteered in the clinic		at Cli	nic in	, in	dicating they have
3) Letter dated / /	from f	or donations from	thru		
Then in response to IDF of the they responde a local charity event in volunteer who has done at all. The te	ed, was i , in ted to various charity ounders have never p	ntroduced to is an accounta organizations. paid! for a	w nt who practic is not re nything.	hen es in elated to the do	volunteered for is also a founders of content to various

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Form 886-A (Rev. January 1994)	EX	Schedule number or exhibit	
Name of taxpayer		Tax Identification Number	Year/Period ended

The list provided in response to IDR1, // shows the cash donation made in and to have occurred as follows:

Date	1	4moun	<u>t</u> <u>Name</u>	Purpose of Donation		
11			,	General fund to people in poverty		
11				General fund to people in poverty		
11				General fund to people in poverty		
1.7				General fund to people in poverty		
1.7				General fund to people in poverty		
1.7		,		To bring ed to benefit underprivilege children		
				in orphanago		
11		,		Funds to repair temple which will		
				benefit the public.		
	TOTAL S	\$.		·		

Since these are cash donations, the entries into the books are shown as Journal Entries and are posted to an , Donated Gifts as of / / . The entries as can be seen in copies of GL received from Account during exam on / / for donation to are shown in the books as as \$, . . The supporting documents received // during the exam are in foreign language and are not translated. The dates are handwritten on the documents and agree with what is shown in the table, but do not correlate with the dates of any trips taken by the President or . There was no evidence in the books or statements provided showing what account the cash was taken out of for these cash donations.

The in response to IDR1 provided a list of purchases which included office supplies and donated gifts which included titles Date Description Amount. On this list and accompanied by receipts were purchases of video games at . These are donated gifts per the organization's records.

owns and manages rental properties, acquired during economic downturn in and kept the monthly rent at % below the market price for low-income families, the elderly and the disabled to afford decent, safe, and sanitary housing.

These rentals are not low-income housing but are investment which provides rental income for the

b. They have provided their corporate place of business, for free, to a financial struggling art teacher, to teach class every in their community. When asked about this activity the Secretary told me that she allows Teacher to teach classes in her home once a week for hours for the community at no cost to the an teacher.

I asked her where in her home she said in mostly in the kitchen, family, living and dining room. During the examination // at the representative's office in response to IDR1 questions about this activity their written response included "With respect to relationship with the teacher who teaches at place of business, members of Board of Directors met the teacher at a local school function and discussed offering classes at corporate place of business. does not receive any payment from the teacher or her students for their use of place of business."

000 4			Schedule number or exhibit
Form 886-A (Rev. January 1994)	EX	PLANATIONS OF ITEMS	
Name of taxpayer		Tax Identification Number	Year/Period ended
. The Secretary' and what the Presiden classroom at their hom	s email to her asked t and she have provic e on a regular basis, e didn't teach their ki r house in and	and an email response from the her if she could provide a few statements ded her. Could you confirm that they provevery , hrs. to teach to dids or receive any payments from them. It and you didn't receive any payment	on their relationship rided her a people in the Her reply was "Yes, I
the Class and the provided photos of the Cleaner After holding	practices happe kitchen, family roon olass or	r / / fax that their home is sq. ft en in approximately sq. ft of their ho n, dining/living room and a bedroom. She at our home, we need cleaning well, so cleaners do not come every week	me. The Secretary also stated, "I louse you of the area. I
quarterly service. With place presentable. Ga has a strict CC&R and and back landscaping, able to spend time to k life. We keep the yard unnecessary liability for	rdner- we have used we have monthly HC and all external facineep up with our yard tidy, so people don't rus and the	have ants 'Infestation problem at our propose we would need a weekly house cleaning the same gardener since . We lived DA dues \$. Per CC&R, residents needing items, such as fences, trees, lightings, maintenances as we have too many thing trip over outgrown plants, or vegetation. In the asks if they can deduct part of the later, fence repair as business expense.	service to keep the d in a community that d to upkeep the front etcWe are not gs going on in our Trying to avoid
Property Insurance General Liability Insura Pest Contro Gardner- House Cleaning- Utilities Gas & Elec. Water- Garbage- Telecommunications Some of these expens Other Expenses and listogether with other exp Telephone, shown in the Telecommunications is	es show up on the re sted in as Schedule of enses to be listed "P hat Schedule of Othe s lumped into PROGE	Annually Quarterly Paid Monthly Bi-Monthly (6 times) Monthly , . Bi-Monthly Quarterly . Monthly Monthly eturn in two places, for example, Utilities a port Other Expenses as \$ with the remainer Expenses as \$ with the remainder Expenses as \$, while the remainder RAM FEE along with other expenses. Not	\$, re shown as part of inder lumped enses. Same with of
c. They have volunteerd	ed their time at ary has volunteered ti	Food bank on / , / , / me at as foster parent for	

Form 886-A					chedule number or exhibit
(Rev. January 1994)	EX	PLANATIONS	OF ITEMS		
Name of taxpayer		Tax Identification Nur	nber	Y	'ear/Period ended
In response to IDR4, / list with the titles <u>Date</u> list doesn't include the a	Purpose Driver D	istance (miles)	Time Spent	(hr.). This list wa	
/ / Drive to grocery sho		, take		Secretary	(hr.)
This activity done weel w/mother.	kly. The Property is o	owned by Secr	etary, is	s her sister, lives	in home
				Secretary Secretary Secretary Secretary Secretary	
The Secretary states to dogs. She took training under exam for () and she volunteered to Additionally, the Date Description Purp Examples of Entries are	g to foster animal in days, then it was ret do work at the ovided on // in re pose Attendees Amo	and only ourned. Subse	one Foster pur quently, she was stuffing envolutions 1 Lists of Me	uppy was in their in was trained in and relopes etc. reals which had the	nome during year other capacity of following titles:
	D D D D D D D D D D D D D D D D D D D	riscuss charity priscuss charity priscus	roject roject roject , Discussin roject Tickets roject roject vies	Both Secretary Both Both Both & fam Both & Potential D Both Both Both Both Potential	onor ily
Total of Meals was \$, family, included "discuss charity projec , related to rece	, included a potent	ial donor. As fose of "discuss	•	of them had th audit" or re	elated, related t
IDR1 requested minute one set of minutes kep stating which charity p	ot are at beginning of	the year, for th	e annual boa	ard of director me	eting. No notes

CCs and are part of expenses shown on the Form

records these meals are paid for usually with

Form 886-A (Rev. January 1994)	EX	PLANATIONS OF ITEMS	Schedule number o	or exhibit
Name of taxpayer		Tax Identification Number	Year/Period ende	led
1) Fuel, which showed / / Gas / / Gas / / No indication of what c	Date Description Am	a list of Auto related expense ount, example d on credit card statements als	o received on // ab	ole to
-	ing, which showed Da	te Description Amount, examp We know that was trip taking		edical
	he dates between /	sings which consisted of a pringer of a pringer of bridge cr		vehicle:
	ased a new car in return.	•	, and which they are currently	
/ / \$.	to rotarr and in the be	DMV Renewal		
// \$.		DMV Renewal		
// \$.	B Serv	rice		
// \$, .	A Sen	vice		
// \$.	Cert.	Гire		
// \$.	A Serv	vice		
// \$,.	4 Tire, A	Align.		
// \$.	B Serv	vice		

Even though the organization has shown a vehicle on their depreciation statement and they purchased it with funds of the organization, they have not provided any proof it is recorded in the name of the but two autos can be shown to belong to the President.

records, received // in response to IDR1 included statements from bank account and from numerous credit cards. There was always two cards from each company in the name of the used primarily by the Secretary and one used by the President. These credit cards were used by the Secretary and President for personal type expenses, including golf course, grocery store, purchasing travel for relatives, Legal Fees, on-line shopping, etc. The balance sheet also showed an equity account "Director Distribution" with a balance of \$, which many of the credit card accounts had transactions split with.

In response to IDR2, // regarding an account 'Director Distribution', the representative responded. " decided that some expenses were not related to the business as they are trivial to their foundation's overall mission. The expenses were categorized as director distribution, and this is "account receivable" for the corporation."

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Subsequently, Secretary called my office on / / and explained that they used the organization's credit cards for their personal expenses in order to help get bigger cash-back rebates. She then directs personal expenses to be put into a "Director Distribution" account and treated as an accounts receivable that they eventually pay back. In IDR3 I asked if this statement was accurate to please explain the process for keeping track of what is personal usage and how and when the amounts are paid back.

representative's response to IDR3," The Founders' process of keeping track of personal and business usage is to separate receipts and write a personal check to pay credit card charges (for personal expenses if applicable) every month. You can see these payments made by the Founders' personal accounts under GL account

- a The Founders hired to correct and keep accurate accounting of the ìn The Founders have designated a great many expenses as "Director Distribution" even if such expenses were related to a charity project.
- b. The Founders pay the amount under "account receivable". However, currently there is an account payable of \$ because the Founders have personally contributed \$ " was reported as from , but only "\$, to revenue.
 - i. In , the Founders personally contributed \$. into and it was reported by the Foundation as "\$ " in revenue.
 - , the Founders personally contributed \$ into and was reported by the Foundation as "\$ " in revenue
 - , the Founders personally contributed \$ into and \$ was reported."

In review of the response provided by the representative, the account shown on the books as GL account is a personal checking account, which is shown to have made payments to some of the various Credit Card accounts totaling \$, . . throughout the year. This account carried on the GL is the only evidence received from the PF, no copies of the statements for this account was given.

The payments made on all Credit Card accounts together out of the Checking totaled and after this amount was paid during the year the balance remaining in the Director Distribution account to which the moved personal expenditures was \$, . . This account was not shown on the balance sheet as a receivable but rather as an equity account. It was not shown at all on the Form

As for an accounts receivable, the year under examination there was no accounts receivable and the Director Distributions has been shown as an Equity Account.(See GL Documents Received / /) The has not provided any documentation to support any notes receivable or proof of amounts due from prior years.

The Secretary indicated that the basis for doing this with the Credit Card accounts was in order to get the cash-back rebates which would enable the to have more funds in which to utilize for exempt purposes. The total number of Rebates reported as other income in either the books or the return were from the Credit Cards for \$, none reported from the Credit Cards for which the used for part of the year.

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There was also a Check # which was written to Secretary for \$, . . Checking Account, with a memo notation of :Adv. from "on the check. The check was shown in the books as a \$, deduction from the total amount contributed from the President and a \$. deduction from the total amount contributed from the Secretary. The amounts reflected on the return is after this deduction. When asked about this check, / / in response to IDR4, the stated. , the Founders, on behalf of , donated personal cash \$, to a foreign charitable organization. Receipts written in are provided on google drive. Thus, wrote a check # to reimburse herself for the donation. These organizations are: and . The Founders advanced these funds to the charitable organizations, then were reimbursed from the for the charitable * The check was written to on / / . The list of donations by donations provided in response to IDR1 on // discussed above indicates that cash payments made to some of these entities were made \$, . on // and \$. // and\$. on // . And the total donations on the list is \$, . . (See list above).

LAW:

Section 501(c)(3) of the Code provides, in part, exemption from federal income tax to organizations that are organized and operated exclusively for religious, charitable, scientific, literary, or educational purposes, as long as no part of the organization's net earnings inures to the benefit of any private shareholder or individual.

Federal Tax Regulations (Regulations) Section 1.501(c)(3)-1(a)(1) provides that in order to be exempt as an organization described in section 501(c)(3) of the Code, the organization must be both organized and operated exclusively for one or more of the purposes specified in that section. If an organization fails to meet either the organizational or operational test, it is not exempt.

Regulations Section 1.501(c)(3)-1(c)(1) states an organization will be regarded as operated exclusively for one or more exempt purposes only if it engages primarily in activities which accomplish one or more exempt purposes specified in Section 501(c)(3) of the Code. The Regulations further clarifies that an organization will not be regarded as operated exclusively for exempt purposes if more than an insubstantial part of its activities is not in furtherance of exempt purposes.

Regulations Section 1.501(c)(3)-1(c)(2) further specifies that an organization is not operated exclusively for one or more exempt purposes if its net earnings inure in whole or in part to the benefit of private shareholders or individuals.

Regulations Section 1.501(c)(3)-1(d)(1)(ii) provides that in order to meet the operational test, an organization must serve a public purpose rather than private interests. Thus, the organization must establish that it is not operated for the benefit of private interests such as designated individuals, the creator or his family, or the persons who directly or indirectly control the organization.

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Regulations Section 1.501(a)-1(c) defines private shareholder or individual within this section 501 as persons having a personal and/or private interest in the activities of the organization. section 501(c)(3) of the Code.

While the provision speaks of "net earnings," it is not interpreted in a strict accounting sense to mean the remainder after expenses are subtracted from gross earnings. Any unjust enrichment, whether out of gross or net earnings, may constitute inurement. See People of God Community v. Commissioner, 75 T.C. 127 (1980).

In Better Business Bureau of Washington D.C., Inc. v United States, 326 U.S. 279, 283 (1945), the Supreme Court held that the presence of a single non-exempt purpose, if substantial in nature, will destroy the exemption regardless of the number or importance of truly exempt purposes.

In Wendy L. Parker Rehabilitation Foundation, Inc. v. C.I.R., T.C. Memo. 1986-348, the Tax Court upheld the Service's position that a foundation formed to aid coma victims, including a family member of the founders, was not entitled to recognition of exemption. The Court found that the family coma victim was a substantial beneficiary of the foundation's funds. It also noted that such distributions relieved the family of the economic burden of providing medical and rehabilitation care for their family member and, therefore, constituted inurement to the benefit of private individuals.

In Spokane Motorcycle Club v. U.S., 222 F. Supp F. Supp. 151 (E.D. Wash. 1963) it was found that since the profits of the club inured to the benefit of private individuals, the club members, the taxpayer was denied exempt status. The Counsel for plaintiff argued that the amount involved in this case was de minimis; however, the court found that the organization was not operated exclusively for recreation, pleasure, charitable and other nonprofit purposes and that part of the earning of the organization did inure to the benefit of private individuals.

The court found that if any part of the net earnings inure to the benefit of the private individuals, the organization's tax-exempt status will be revoked.

Government's Position:

A private foundation must not be organized or operated for the benefit of private individuals. No part of the net earnings of an organization organized per IRC 501(c)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code may inure to the benefit of any private shareholder or individual. A private shareholder or individual is a person having a personal and private interest in the activities of the organization.

A private foundation is prohibited from allowing more than an insubstantial amount of private benefits, including non-monetary benefits, to individuals or organizations. The intent is to ensure that a tax exempt organization serves a public interest, not a private interest.

Based on Form information, during the year under examination, ending . the stated that they conducted direct activities which served public interest out of their corporate place of business. their home, such as fostering cats and dogs, when evidence showed the Secretary received training for the activity, picked up a dog, had it for days then returned it.

They also indicated the President hosted practices for an he plays in, yet the documentation failed to support this. No contemporaneous records of when practices were held at their home, documents provided

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suggested a long time had occurred since the group had last seen each other and that perhaps he travels to other places to practice and or perform or that these are the activities of another (c)(3) organization.

It is clear that the President enjoys playing the in this , but this is not a charitable Without documentation to support when the home was used for activity carried on by the practices by the members of the orchestra and without contemporaneous records of use of the auto for travel to and from performances and practices outside of the home, his use of their home to practice and the cost of any materials or equipment is personal and should not be the expense of the but rather an activity inuring to the benefit of the President.

The ised these activities which consisted of an class being taught in their home hrs. per week to pay for the personal residence expenses such as:

- Personal gardener
- House cleaner
- Utilities
- Insurance on their home
- Telephone

No allocation was done and not all the activities are charitable., therefore expenses believes belong to the are actually personal expenses of the individuals.

They also provided assistance to the sister of the Secretary, who is disabled by driving her to the doctor, taking her grocery shopping weekly, making purchases for her, etc. Providing assistance to a relative is inurement and is not an exempt activity per IRC501(c)(3). The use of the s assets is for personal purposes.

The cept logs of auto expenses by the individuals which consisted of a list of fuel purchases, list of auto repairs, list of toll crossings, list of toll and parking expenses, but failed to identify how these items purposes. The auto expenses are in relation to the individual's personal autos and no documentation has been offered to show how these are related to the purposes and not for the benefit of the individuals, they purchased an automobile in , but no proof of any auto being owned by the was found. It was noted that the President was owner of several of the vehicles for which repairs were made. No calculation was done for personal use; therefore, auto expense is personal.

Documentation establishes that the organization incurred the following unreported expenses (omitted from Form) that benefited of the Secretary, President, and their family members:

- Season tickets to for
- Attorney fees not related to
- Trips- to perform in reunion events in
- Large check written to Secretary
- Using credit cards for personal purchases

The President and Secretary were aware the funds were used for personal expenses, as the checks and the credit cards purchases were signed by and

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As for the rental properties the maintains, although the expenses may not be charged directly to the tenant, they are paid out of the rental income. There is no evidence that the rental properties are charitable activity but rather an investment to the

With regards to the identified travel, expenses were in question. The Secretary and President took trips back to and on their vacations. They went back to the place they came from where they had family. But because the did not keep records that identify during the year under examination, when they volunteer, on what days, what projects they are monitoring, how and when they are making the cash and non-cash donations, it is not clear what accounts the cash came out of. Also, the non-cash donations that they provided receipts for include video games. It is unknown how the underprivileged utilize the video games. It is unclear how much of the expense of the travel is related to purpose and how much is personal.

In addition, the Secretary received a check for \$, . It was memo notated "Adv from foundation". The reason given for the check and the way it was memo notated along with how it was recorded in the books do not agree, it appears to be personal benefit to the Secretary.

The President and Secretary, disqualified persons ("DP"), used credit cards for personal expenses; use of credit is a self-dealing transaction. They claimed to have put these transactions into an accounts receivable called "Director Distribution". We also have concerns with how the Director Distribution was (not reported) on Form return and how it was reported in the accounting records. Jid not report Accounts Receivable from Disqualified Persons on line in the year under exam or in prior years. We are unable to verify whether the amounts owed to the were repaid and how they were characterized. This amount serves a private benefit.

For the year ending , , the form listed \$, in total expenses and disbursements. It is the government's position that \$, of the governing body members and .

The is not operated exclusively for charitable purposes if its activities are carried on in a manner that can be classified as contrary to public benefit. As a result, the does not satisfy the operational test under Section 501(c)(3) of the Code.

With funds inuring to the private benefit of individuals and the failure to meet the operational test under Section 501(c)(3) of the Code, the exemption should be revoked.

TAXPAYER'S POSITION:

The believes that husbands performing in is charitable activity of

The believes that fostering one dog for days and allowing an art teacher to teach class for hrs. per week in their home allows the o pay for most of the expenses of their personal residence.

With regards to using the Credit Cards for personal usage, " decided that some expenses were not related to the business as they are trivial to their foundation's overall mission. The expenses were categorized as director distribution, and this is "account receivable" for the corporation."

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They also stated:

The Founders' process of keeping track of personal and business usage is to separate recelpts and write a personal check to pay credit card charges (for personal expenses if applicable) every month. You can see these payments made by the Founders' personal accounts under GL account.

- a. The Founders hired in to correct and keep accurate accounting of the . The Founders have designated a great many expenses as "Director Distribution" even if such expenses were related to a charity project.
- b The Founders pay the amount under "account receivable". However, currently there is an account payable of \$, because the Founders have personally contributed \$, into from to , but only "\$, " was reported as revenue.
 - i. In , the Founders personally contributed \$, into and it was reported by the as "\$ " in revenue.
 - ii. In , the Founders personally contributed \$, into and was reported by the as "\$ " in revenue.
 - iii. In , the Founders personally contributed \$, into and \$, was reported.

They do not believe they should be revoked.

Conclusion:

exempt status with the State of was revoked for years - because the State determined the organization was not operating exclusively in a charitable manner.

The did not keep contemporaneous records that includes substantiation for the projects they support, travel, and donations given.

The President and Secretary have not established that they repaid the for personal usage of the credit cards. The Checking Account was used to repay % of the credit card debt. At the end of the year, the books still identified an unpaid balance of \$, in the "Director Distribution" account, which was not classified as a receivable on the balance sheet.

Personal use of the assets inured to the benefit of , President, CEO, Director and , Secretary, CFO, Director in violation of exemption requirements under Section 501(c)(3) of the Code and are further characterized as self-dealing transactions per Code section 4941.

failed to satisfy the operational test under Section 501(c)(3) of the Code.

Because failed to satisfy the operational test and the organizations funds inured to the benefit of individuals, exemption under Section 501(c)(3) of the Code should be revoked as of // .