

Release Number: 202405011 Release Date: 2/2/2024 UIL Code: 501.03-00 Date:

November 6, 2023

Taxpayer ID number (last 4 digits):

Form:

Tax periods ended:

Person to contact: Name:

ID number: Telephone: Fax:

Last day to file petition with United States

Tax Court:

Tuesday, February 6, 2024

CERTIFIED MAIL - Return Receipt Requested

Dear

Why we are sending you this letter

This is a final determination that you don't qualify for exemption from federal income tax under Internal Revenue Code (IRC) Section 501(a) as an organization described in IRC Section 501(c)(3), effective . Your determination letter dated , is revoked.

Our adverse determination as to your exempt status was made for the following reasons: You ceased operations and conducting exempt activities under Internal Revenue Code (IRC) Section 501(c)(3). This causes you to fail the operational test required under IRC Section 501(c)(3). Thus, because you are no longer operating and/or conducting exempt activities, you do not meet the requirements of IRC Section 501(c)(3) and Treasury Regulations Section 1.501(c)(3)-1. In addition, you did not submit your articles of dissolution nor did you formally dissolve with the State, as specified within IRC Section 6043(b) and Treasury Regulations Section 1.6043-3.

Organizations that are not exempt under IRC Section 501 generally are required to file federal income tax returns and pay tax, where applicable. For further instructions, forms and information please visit **IRS.gov**.

Contributions to your organization are no longer deductible under IRC Section 170.

What you must do if you disagree with this determination

If you want to contest our final determination, you have 90 days from the date this determination letter was mailed to you to file a petition or complaint in one of the three federal courts listed below.

How to file your action for declaratory judgment

If you decide to contest this determination, you can file an action for declaratory judgment under the provisions of Section 7428 of the Code in either:

- The United States Tax Court,
- The United States Court of Federal Claims, or
- The United States District Court for the District of Columbia

You must file a petition or complaint in one of these three courts within 90 days from the date we mailed this determination letter to you. You can download a fillable petition or complaint form and get information about filing at each respective court's website listed below or by contacting the Office of the Clerk of the Court at one of the addresses below. Be sure to include a copy of this letter and any attachments and the applicable filing fee with the petition or complaint.

You can eFile your completed U.S. Tax Court petition by following the instructions and user guides available on the Tax Court website at **ustaxcourt.gov/dawson.html**. You will need to register for a DAWSON account to do so. You may also file your petition at the address below:

United States Tax Court 400 Second Street, NW Washington, DC 20217 ustaxcourt.gov

The websites of the U.S. Court of Federal Claims and the U.S. District Court for the District of Columbia contain instructions about how to file your completed complaint electronically. You may also file your complaint at one of the addresses below:

US Court of Federal Claims 717 Madison Place, NW Washington, DC 20439 usefc.uscourts.gov

US District Court for the District of Columbia 333 Constitution Avenue, NW Washington, DC 20001 dcd.uscourts.gov

Processing of income tax returns and assessments of any taxes due will not be delayed if you file a petition for declaratory judgment under IRC Section 7428.

Information about the IRS Taxpayer Advocate Service

The IRS office whose phone number appears at the top of the notice can best address and access your tax information and help get you answers. However, you may be eligible for free help from the Taxpayer Advocate Service (TAS) if you can't resolve your tax problem with the IRS, or you believe an IRS procedure just isn't working as it should. TAS is an independent organization within the IRS that helps taxpayers and protects taxpayer rights. Contact your local Taxpayer Advocate Office at:

Internal Revenue Service

Or call TAS at 877-777-4778. For more information about TAS and your rights under the Taxpayer Bill of Rights, go to taxpayeradvocate.IRS.gov. Do not send your federal court pleading to the TAS address listed above. Use the applicable federal court address provided earlier in the letter. Contacting TAS does not extend the time to file an action for declaratory judgment.

Where you can find more information

Enclosed are Publication 1, Your Rights as a Taxpayer, and Publication 594, The IRS Collection Process, for more comprehensive information.

Find tax forms or publications by visiting IRS.gov/forms or calling 800-TAX-FORM (800-829-3676). If you have questions, you can call the person shown at the top of this letter.

If you prefer to write, use the address shown at the top of this letter. Include your telephone number, the best time to call, and a copy of this letter.

You may fax your documents to the fax number shown above, using either a fax machine or online fax service. Protect yourself when sending digital data by understanding the fax service's privacy and security policies.

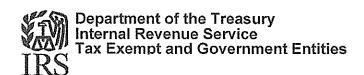
Keep the original letter for your records.

Sincerely,

Lynn A. Brinkley

Director, Exempt Organizations Examinations

Enclosures: Publication 1 Publication 594 Publication 892



Date: 9/19/2023

Taxpayer ID number:

Form:

Tax periods ended:

Person to contact:

Name: ID number: Telephone: Fax: Address:

Manager's contact Information:

Name: ID number: Lelephone: Response due date: October 4, 2023

CERTIFIED MAIL - Return Receipt Requested

:

Dear

Why you're receiving this letter

We enclosed a copy of our audit report, Form 886-A, Explanation of Items, explaining that we propose to revoke your tax exempt status as an organization described in Internal Revenue Code (IRC) Section 501(e)(3).

If you agree

If you haven't already, please sign the enclosed Form 6018, Consent to Proposed Action, and return it to the contact person shown at the top of this letter. We'll issue a final adverse letter determining that you aren't an organization described in IRC Section 501(c)(3) for the periods above.

After we issue the final adverse determination letter, we'll announce that your organization is no longer eligible to receive tax deductible contributions under IRC Section 170.

If you disagree

- 1. Request a meeting or telephone conference with the manager shown at the top of this letter.
- 2. Send any information you want us to consider.
- 3. File a protest with the IRS Appeals Office. If you request a meeting with the manager or send additional information as stated in 1 and 2, above, you'll still be able to file a protest with IRS Appeals Office after the meeting or after we consider the information.

The IRS Appeals Office is independent of the Exempt Organizations division and resolves most disputes informally. If you file a protest, the auditing agent may ask you to sign a consent to extend the period of limitations for assessing tax. This is to allow the IRS Appeals Office enough time to consider your case. For your protest to be valid, it must contain certain specific information, including a statement of the facts, applicable law, and arguments in support of your position. For specific information needed for a valid protest, refer to Publication 892, How to Appeal an IRS Determination on Tax-Exempt Status.

Fast Track Mediation (FTM) referred to in Publication 3498, The Examination Process, generally doesn't apply now that we've issued this letter.

4. Request technical advice from the Office of Associate Chief Counsel (Tax Exempt Government Entities) if you feel the issue hasn't been addressed in published precedent or has been treated inconsistently by the IRS.

If you're considering requesting technical advice, contact the person shown at the top of this letter. If you disagree with the technical advice decision, you will be able to appeal to the IRS Appeals Office, as explained above. A decision made in a technical advice memorandum, however, generally is final and binding on Appeals.

If we don't hear from you

If you don't respond to this proposal within 15 calendar days from the date of this letter, we'll issue a final adverse determination letter.

Contacting the Taxpayer Advocate Office is a taxpayer right

The Taxpayer Advocate Service (TAS) is an independent organization within the IRS that can help protect your taxpayer rights. TAS can offer you help if your tax problem is causing a hardship, or you've tried but haven't been able to resolve your problem with the IRS. If you qualify for TAS assistance, which is always free, TAS will do everything possible to help you. Visit www.taxpayeradvocate.irs.gov or call 877-777-4778.

Additional information

You can get any of the forms and publications mentioned in this letter by visiting our website at www.irs.gov/forms pubs or by calling 800 TAX FORM (800-829-3676).

If you have questions, you can contact the person shown at the top of this letter.

Sincerely,
Russell I. Reriwicks Digitally signed by Russell T Renwicks
For
Lynn A. Brinkley
Director, Exempt Organizations Examinations

Enclosures Form 886-A Form 4621-A Form 6018 Publication 892 Publication 3498

	Department o	of the Treasury - Internal Rev	enue Service	Schedule number or exhibit
Form 886-A (May 2017)	Ex	Explanation of Items		
Name of taxpayer		Tax Identification Number (last 4	digits)	Year/Period ended
ISSUES:		J		
Whether Section 501(c)(3)		ontinues to qualify as a	n exempt organizatio	n under IRC
FACTS:				
		is incorporated under the foundation was granted ing of Section 509(a)(3)	ed exemption under l	
, filed by	n compliance with IRC Sec	examination to ensure t	hat the organization's	
with a re amendments to g	or tax year ending lation Document Request, esponse due date of overning instruments inclu data to reconcile the Forn	Publication 1, Publicat The corre. Iding Articles, Constitut	spondence requested ion and By laws, mad	609 on d a copy of any de to date, meeting
spoke to indicated that org return. gave on the term	d to the initial Form 4564 In and anization has terminated a the phone number for nination process of this ex italions to be submitted fo	and Form 990-EZ tax ye and requested amination. spok	ear ending I that communi e to and	discussed the
of	4564 Information Docume to , ested the following docume	, via secured email.	with a Form 4564 Informati	response due date ion Document
According dated filed e of ass	. Please provide do , for example, bank s	turn ending ocumentation for the tra statements, canceled ch		th final tax return assets to
2 Copy	of Articles of Dissolution a	nd proof of filing with th	ne state of	

	Department of the Treas	ury - Internal Revenue Service	Schedule number or exhibit
Form 886-A (May 2017)	Explanat		
Name of taxpayer	Tax Identific	cation Number (last 4 digits)	Year/Period ended
called and spok to Form 4564 IDR # . and agree		, and inc me to gather and submit the	quired about the response e required documents.
On more time to obtain th set for	called and spoke to e required documentation perta	, aining to Form 4564 IDR#.	stated that needed An agreed extension was
On , contact would handle pro	received an email from , , viding the required documents i	stated that	stated the needed to . indicated that DR # .
On , documents that were . r	called and spoke to requested stated equested F4564-IDR# be sent	Discussed F456 I that would submit the t to email:	4-IDR # and the documents by ,
On , documents:	. emailed a respoi	nse to F4564-IDR # which	included the following
	e Secretary of the State of poration, dated	– Administrative Dissol. (See).	ution or Revocation for a
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Article . Dissolution

Form 886-A (May 2017)	Department of the Treasury - Internal Revenue Service Explanation of Items	Schedule number or exhibit
Name of taxpayer	Tax Identification Number (last 4 digits)	Year/Period ended

	nary of Contribution	ons and copies of checks	s and transfer wires that
discussed and explained that terminate its existence. further copy of the Articles of Dissolution wit). and spoke to must file Articles explained that or th proof of filing w	of Dissolution with the S nce the Articles of Dissol ith the state, such as a "	lution are filed, a complete
On ,	emailed the follo	wing documents:	
1 A copy of Form 990-F7 Short ending . (See	t Form Return of ().	Organization Exempt fro	m Income Tax for tax year
Copy of sanltized (See	and	meeting minutes da).	ted and
explained the difference between ter	mination and revo Dissolution. The o nancial activities s tive on of its existence ar	nate the organization's expocation standard organization's former repsince and understood and Internal Revenues Se	ated that would respond resentative declared that the discussed revocation with d the difference between an
On , ser Secretary of the State office who told administratively dissolved or revoked submitted a copy of the Revocation for a Non-Corporation, d the Secretary of the State office indic the State had administratively dissol	I the non-profit co Secretary of ated cated that	of Dissolution were not to prporation of f the State document – A exp does not need to file Art	nployee with the filed by and the State Administrative Dissolution or ressed that the employee of ticles of Dissolution because).

Form 886-A (May 2017)		Department of the Treasury - Internal Revenue Service Explanation of Items		Schedule number or exhibit
Name of tax	payer	Tax tdentification	Number (last 4 digits)	Year/Period ended
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of Dissolutio	on or Revocation	is declining to file an Ar minate its existence and, is acc for a Non-Profit Corporation, o	cepting State of	the Secretary of the State Administrative as its official Article of
Based or ending		990-EZ Short Γorm Return of 0 tated it to be their final return a		

LAW:

dated

discussion with

Catalog Number 20810W

Internal Revenue Code §501(c)(3) provides that an organization organized and operated exclusively for charitable or educational purposes is exempt from Federal income tax, provided no part of its net earnings inures to the benefit of any private shareholder or individual.

, the organization had not been in operation since

; indicating to file final return for the

Treasury Regulation Section 1.501(c)(3) 1(a) In order to be exempt under §501(c)(3) the organization must be both organized and operated exclusively for one or more of the purposes specified in the section. (Religious, charitable, scientific, testing for public safety, literary or educational).

Treasury Regulation Section 1.501(c)(3)-1(a)(1) states that, in order to be exempt as an organization described in Section 501(c)(3) of the Code, an organization must be both organized and operated exclusively for one or more of the purposes specified in such section. If an organization fails to meet either the organizational test or the operational test, it is not exempt.

Treasury Regulation Section 1.501(c)(3)-1(b)(4) holds that an organization is not organized exclusively for one or more exempt purposes unless its assets are dedicated to an exempt purpose. An organization's assets will be considered dedicated to an exempt purpose, for example, if, upon dissolution, such assets would, by reason of a provision in the organization's articles or operation of law, be distributed for one or more exempt purposes.

Treasury Regulation Section 1.501(c)(3)-1(c)(1) provides that an organization will be regarded as operated exclusively for one or more exempt purposes only if it engages primarily in activities which accomplish one

tax year ending

, and

	Department of the Treasury - Internal Revenue Service	Schedule number or exhibit
Form 886-A (May 2017)	Explanation of Items	
Name of taxpayer	Tax Identification Number (last 4 digits)	Year/Period ended

or more of such exempt purposes specified in Section 501(c)(3) of the Code. An organization will not be so regarded if more than an insubstantial part of its activities is not in furtherance of an exempt purpose.

Treasury Regulation Section 1.501(c)(3)-1(d)(i) states that an organization may be exempt as an organization described in 501(c)(3) if it is organized and operated exclusively for one or more of the following purposes: religious, charitable, scientific, testing for public safety, literary, educational, or prevention of cruelty to children or animals.

Treasury Regulation Section 1.501(c)(3)-1(d)(1)(ii) provides that an organization is not organized or operated exclusively for one or more exempt purposes unless it serves a public rather than a private interest.

Rev. Rul. 58-617, 1958-2 C.B. 260, holds that Rulings and determinations letters granting exemption from Federal income tax to an organization described in section 501 (a) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1954, to which contributions are deductible by donors in computing their taxable income in the manner and to the extent provided by section 170 of the Code, are effective only so long as there are no material changes in the character of the organization, the purposes for which it was organized, or its methods of operation. The District Director of Internal Revenue for the district in which the organization is located must be advised Immediately of any such changes in order that a determination may be made as to the effect the changes may have upon the exempt status of the organization. See generally sections 1 501 (a)-1 and 1 6033-1 of the Income Tax Regulations. Failure to comply with this requirement may result in serious consequences to the organization for the reason that the ruling or determination letter holding the organization exempt may be revoked retroactively to the date of the changes affecting its exempt status, depending upon the circumstances involved, and subject to the limitations on retroactivity of revocation found in section 503 of the Code.

TAXPAYER'S POSITION:

Whether Section 501(c)(3). continues to qualify as an exempt organization under IRC

It is the position of that the organization has terminated its existence through the following actions:

- filed a final return, Form 990-EZ Short Form Return of Organization Exempt from Income 1. Tax for tax year ending
- 2. All the assets of the organization have been distributed to and copies of checks.
- 3. has been administratively dissolved by the State of . They are relying on statements from an employee of the Secretary of State of that it is not necessary to file Articles of Dissolution.

	Department of the Treasury - Internal Revenue Service		r or exhibit
Form 886-A (May 2017)	Explanation of	Items	
Name of taxpayer	Tax Identification Number (I	last 4 digits) Year/Period en	nded

GOVERNMENT'S POSITION:

Whether Section 501(c)(3).

continues to qualify as an exempt organization under IRC

As demonstrated in Rev.Rul. 58-617, an organization's exempt status will remain in effect only so long as there are no material changes in the character of the organization, the purposes for which it was organized, or its methods of operation. During the year under examination, the organization did not conduct any activities exempt under IRC 501(c)(3). In fact, has been inactive and has no plans for future activities. The only activities during the year were wrapping up the organization and distributing the assets. As such, had failed to meet the operational requirements to continue its exemption status under IRC 501(c)(3).

During the course of this examination, you have informed the IRS that you have terminated the organization. In IDR # you were informed of the termination procedures which included: (1) filing a final return; (2) providing documentation of the distribution of the assets; and (3) submitting Articles of Dissolution with the State of . In response you indicated that your Form 990-EZ for the year ended was your final return, and you provided documentation that your final assets were distributed to another organization exempt under IRC 501(c)(3). You did not submit the Articles of Dissolution because your position is that it is not required. Since you have not filed Articles of Dissolution will the State of , your corporate existence has not been terminated. According to the State of , Administrative dissolution does not mean that your corporation has ceased its existence. Thus, has failed to properly terminate its existence.

CONCLUSION:

Based on the information provided, the organization had not conducted any activities since it ceased operations during the year ended . In addition, you did not properly terminate your organization's existence described in Section 501(c)(3) of the Code.

Based on the foregoing reasons, does not qualify for exemption from Federal income tax under Section 501(c)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code and its tax-exempt status should be revoked.

Accordingly, the organization's exempt status is revoked effective