



Department of the Treasury
Internal Revenue Service
Philadelphia, PA 19255-0010

Notice	LT11
Notice date	March 2, 2020
Taxpayer ID number	Nnn-nn-nnnn
Case reference number	nnnn
To contact us	Phone 800-xxx-xxxx

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TAXPAYER NAME
ADDRESS
CITY, STATE ZIP

Notice of Intent to Levy and Notice of Your Right to a Hearing
Intent to seize your property or rights to property
Amount due immediately: \$4,823.12

We haven't received a payment despite sending you several notices about your overdue taxes. The IRS may seize (levy) your property or your rights to property on or after April 1, 2020.

Property includes:

- Wages and other income
- Bank accounts
- Business assets
- Personal assets (including your car and home)
- Alaska Permanent Fund Dividend and state tax refund
- Social Security benefits

Billing Summary

Amount you owed	\$4,309.00
Additional penalty charges	399.96
Additional interest charges	114.16
Amount due immediately	\$4,823.12

Continued on back...



Taxpayer name
Address
City, State Zip

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Payment

- Make your check or money order payable to the United States Treasury.
- Write your Social Security number (nnn-nn-nnnn) on your payment and any correspondence.

• **Amount due immediately**

\$4,823.12

INTERNAL REVENUE SERVICE
PHILADELPHIA, PA 19255-0010
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What you need to do immediately

Pay immediately

- **Send us the amount due of \$4,823.12, or we may seize (levy) your property on or after April 1, 2020.**
- If you can't pay the amount due, pay as much as you can now and make payment arrangements that allow you to pay off the rest over time. Visit www.irs.gov/payments for more information about:
 - Installment and payment agreements—download required forms or save time and money by applying online if you qualify
 - Automatic deductions from your bank account
 - Payroll deductions
 - Credit card paymentsOr, call us at 800-xxx-xxxx to discuss your options.
- If you've already paid your balance in full or think we haven't credited a payment to your account, please send proof of that payment.

Right to request a Collection Due Process hearing

If you wish to appeal this proposed levy action, complete and mail the enclosed Form 12153, Request for a Collection Due Process or Equivalent Hearing, by April 1, 2020. Send the form to us at the address listed at the top of page 1. Be sure to include the reason you are requesting a hearing (see section 8 of, and the instructions to, Form 12153) as well as other information requested by the form. If you don't file Form 12153 by April 1, 2020, you will lose the ability to contest Appeals' decision in the U.S. Tax Court.

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What you need to do immediately -
continued

About Federal Tax Liens

If you don't pay the amount due or call us to make payment arrangements, we can file a Notice of Federal Tax Lien at any time, if we haven't already done so.

Please note that we can file a Notice of Federal Tax Lien even if you request a hearing.

The Notice of Federal Tax Lien publicly notifies your creditors that the IRS has a lien (or claim) against all your property, including property acquired by you after the Notice of Federal Tax Lien is filed. Once the lien's notice to creditors has been filed, it may appear on your credit report and may harm your credit rating. The lien itself arises once you have not paid your bill. It cannot be released until your bill, including interest, penalties, and fees, is paid in full or until we may no longer legally collect your debt. The lien's notice to creditors may be withdrawn under certain circumstances. You can find additional information about tax liens, including helpful videos, at <http://www.irs.gov/Businesses/Small-Businesses-&Self-Employed/Understanding-a-Federal-Tax-Lien> or by typing lien in the IRS.gov search box.

Denial or revocation of United States passport

On December 4, 2015, as part of the Fixing America's Surface Transportation (FAST) Act, Congress enacted section 7345 of the Internal Revenue Code, which requires the Internal Revenue Service to notify the State Department of taxpayers certified as owing a seriously delinquent tax debt. The FAST Act generally prohibits the State Department from issuing or renewing a passport to a taxpayer with a seriously delinquent tax debt.

Seriously delinquent tax debt means an unpaid, legally enforceable federal tax debt of an individual totaling more than \$52,000 that has been assessed and for which a Notice of Federal Tax Lien has been filed and all administrative remedies under IRC Section 6320 have lapsed or been exhausted, or a levy has been issued. If you are individually liable for tax debt (including penalties and interest) totaling more than \$52,000 and you do not pay the amount you owe or make alternate arrangements to pay, we may notify the State Department that your tax debt is seriously delinquent. The State Department generally will not issue or renew a passport to you after we make this notification. If you currently have a valid passport, the State Department may revoke your passport or limit your ability to travel outside the United States. Additional information on passport certification is available at www.irs.gov/passports.

If we don't hear from you

If you don't call us immediately, pay the amount due, or request a hearing by April 1, 2020, we may seize (levy) your property or your rights to property. Property includes:

- Wages and other income
- Bank accounts
- Business assets
- Personal assets (including your car and home)
- Social security benefits

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Your billing details

Tax period ending	Form number	Amount you owed	Additional interest	Additional penalty	Total
12/31/2010	941	\$2,225.00	\$45.21	\$99.99	\$2,370.20
12/31/2011	941	\$485.00	\$22.23	\$99.99	\$607.22
12/31/2012	941	\$652.00	\$31.09	\$99.99	\$783.08
12/31/2013	941	\$947.00	\$15.63	\$99.99	\$1,062.62

Penalties

We are required by law to charge any applicable penalties.

Failure-to-pay

We assess a 1/2% monthly penalty for not paying the tax you owe by the due date. We base the monthly penalty for paying late on the net unpaid tax at the beginning of each penalty month following the payment due date for that tax. This penalty applies even if you filed the return on time. We charge the penalty for each month or part of a month the payment is late; however, the penalty can't be more than 25% in total.

- The due date for payment of the tax shown on a return generally is the return due date, without regard to extensions.
- The due date for paying increases in tax is within 21 days of the date of our notice demanding payment (10 business days if the amount in the notice is \$100,000 or more).

If we issue a Notice of Intent to Levy and you don't pay the balance due within 10 days of the date of the notice, the penalty for paying late increases to 1% per month.

For sole proprietors who filed on time, the penalty decreases to 1/4% per month while an approved installment agreement with the IRS is in effect for the payment of that tax. (Internal Revenue Code Section 6651) For a detailed calculation of your penalty charges, call 866-xxx-xxxx.

Removal or reduction of penalties

We understand that circumstances—such as a serious illness or injury, a family member's death, or loss of financial records due to natural disaster—may make it difficult for you to meet your taxpayer responsibility in a timely manner.

We can generally process your request for penalty removal or reduction quicker if you contact us at the number listed above with the following information:

- Identify which penalty charges you would like us to reconsider (e.g., 2016 late filing penalty).
- For each penalty charge, explain why you believe it should be reconsidered.

If you write us, include a signed statement and supporting documentation for penalty abatement request.

We'll review your request and let you know whether we accept your explanation as reasonable cause to reduce or remove the penalty charge(s).

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Removal of penalties due to erroneous written advice from the IRS

If you were penalized based on written advice from the IRS, we will remove the penalty if you meet the following criteria:

- You wrote us asking for written advice on a specific issue
- You gave us adequate and accurate information
- You received written advice from us
- You reasonably relied on our written advice and were penalized based on that advice

To request removal of penalties based on erroneous written advice from us, submit a completed Claim for Refund and Request for Abatement (Form 843) to the address shown above. For a copy of the form, go to www.irs.gov or call 800-TAX-FORM (800-829-3676).

Interest charges

We are required by law to charge interest when you don't pay your liability on time. Generally, we calculate interest from the due date of your return (regardless of extensions) until you pay the amount you owe in full, including accrued interest and any penalty charges. Interest on some penalties accrues from the date we notify you of the penalty until it is paid in full. Interest on other penalties, such as failure to file a tax return, starts from the due date or extended due date of the return. Interest rates are variable and may change quarterly. (Internal Revenue Code Section 6601).

For a detailed calculation of your interest, call 800-829-3903.

Additional information

- Visit www.irs.gov/lt11
- For tax forms, instructions, and publications, visit www.irs.gov or call 800-TAX-FORM (800-829-3676).
- Visit www.irs.gov, keyword search "Taxpayer Bill of Rights."
- Review the enclosed documents:
 - IRS Collection Process (Publication 594)
 - Collection Appeal Rights (Publication 1660)
 - Request for a Collection Due Process Hearing (Form 12153)
- You can contact us by mail at the address at the top of the first page of this notice. Be sure to include your taxpayer ID number and the tax year and form number you are writing about.
- Keep this notice for your records.

We're required to send a copy of this notice to both you and your spouse. Each copy contains the information you are authorized to receive. Please note: Only pay the amount due once.

If you need assistance, please don't hesitate to contact us